



IEI Technology Corp.



**MODEL:  
WAFER-945GSE2**

**3.5" SBC with 1.6 GHz Intel® Atom™ N270, VGA/LVDS,  
Dual PCIe GbE, CF Type II, USB, SATA,  
On-board 1 GB Memory and PC/104**

## User Manual

Rev. 2.00 – 28 October, 2011



# Revision

Date	Version	Changes
28 October, 2011	2.00	Updated for R20 version
20 September, 2011	1.03	Updated section 1.5 Data Flow
25 June, 2009	1.02	New photographs added
11 March, 2009	1.01	Model name update
17 February, 2009	1.00	Initial release

# Copyright

## COPYRIGHT NOTICE

The information in this document is subject to change without prior notice in order to improve reliability, design and function and does not represent a commitment on the part of the manufacturer.

In no event will the manufacturer be liable for direct, indirect, special, incidental, or consequential damages arising out of the use or inability to use the product or documentation, even if advised of the possibility of such damages.

This document contains proprietary information protected by copyright. All rights are reserved. No part of this manual may be reproduced by any mechanical, electronic, or other means in any form without prior written permission of the manufacturer.

## TRADEMARKS

All registered trademarks and product names mentioned herein are used for identification purposes only and may be trademarks and/or registered trademarks of their respective owners.

# Table of Contents

<b>1 INTRODUCTION.....</b>	<b>1</b>
1.1 INTRODUCTION.....	2
1.2 MODEL VARIATIONS .....	2
1.3 CONNECTORS .....	3
1.4 DIMENSIONS.....	5
<i>1.4.1 Board Dimensions.....</i>	5
<i>1.4.2 External Interface Panel Dimensions .....</i>	6
1.5 DATA FLOW .....	7
1.6 TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS .....	8
<b>2 PACKING LIST .....</b>	<b>10</b>
2.1 ANTI-STATIC PRECAUTIONS .....	11
2.2 UNPACKING PRECAUTIONS.....	11
2.3 PACKING LIST.....	12
2.4 OPTIONAL ITEMS .....	13
<b>3 CONNECTORS .....</b>	<b>14</b>
3.1 PERIPHERAL INTERFACE CONNECTORS.....	15
<i>3.1.1 WAFER-945GSE2 Layout.....</i>	15
<i>3.1.2 Peripheral Interface Connectors .....</i>	16
<i>3.1.3 External Interface Panel Connectors.....</i>	17
3.2 INTERNAL PERIPHERAL CONNECTORS .....	17
<i>3.2.1 ATX Power Connector .....</i>	17
<i>3.2.2 ATX Power Supply Enable Connector .....</i>	18
<i>3.2.3 Audio Connector (10-pin) .....</i>	19
<i>3.2.4 Backlight Inverter Connector .....</i>	20
<i>3.2.5 Battery Connector.....</i>	21
<i>3.2.6 CompactFlash® Socket.....</i>	22
<i>3.2.7 Digital Input/Output (DIO) Connector.....</i>	23
<i>3.2.8 Fan Connector (+12V, 3-pin) .....</i>	24
<i>3.2.9 Keyboard/Mouse Connector .....</i>	25

## WAFER-945GSE2 3.5" Motherboard

3.2.10 LED Connector .....	26
3.2.11 LVDS LCD Connector.....	27
3.2.12 PC/104 Connector .....	28
3.2.13 PC/104 Power Input Connector.....	29
3.2.14 Power Button Connector.....	30
3.2.15 Reset Button Connector .....	31
3.2.16 SATA Drive Connectors .....	31
3.2.17 Serial Port Connector, RS-232/422/485 .....	32
3.2.18 SPI Flash Connector.....	33
3.2.19 USB Connectors (Internal) .....	34
3.3 EXTERNAL PERIPHERAL INTERFACE CONNECTOR PANEL .....	35
3.3.1 Ethernet Connectors .....	36
3.3.2 Serial Port Connectors (COM1).....	37
3.3.3 USB Connectors.....	37
3.3.4 VGA Connector.....	38
<b>4 INSTALLATION .....</b>	<b>39</b>
4.1 ANTI-STATIC PRECAUTIONS .....	40
4.2 INSTALLATION CONSIDERATIONS.....	40
4.3 CF CARD INSTALLATION .....	41
4.4 JUMPER SETTINGS .....	43
4.4.1 AT/ATX Power Select Jumper.....	43
4.4.2 CF Card Setup .....	44
4.4.3 Clear CMOS Jumper.....	45
4.4.4 COM 2 Function Select Jumper.....	46
4.4.5 LVDS Voltage Selection.....	47
4.5 CHASSIS INSTALLATION.....	48
4.5.1 Airflow.....	48
4.5.2 Motherboard Installation.....	49
4.6 INTERNAL PERIPHERAL DEVICE CONNECTIONS .....	49
4.6.1 SATA Drive Connection .....	49
4.6.2 Dual RS-232 Cable Connection (w/o bracket) (Optional) .....	51
4.6.3 Keyboard/Mouse Y-cable Connector .....	52
4.6.4 Audio Kit Installation.....	54
4.6.5 PC/104 Module Installation.....	54

<i>4.6.6 USB Cable (Dual Port without Bracket) (Optional)</i> .....	55
4.7 EXTERNAL PERIPHERAL INTERFACE CONNECTION .....	56
<i>4.7.1 LAN Connection</i> .....	57
<i>4.7.2 Serial Device Connection</i> .....	57
<i>4.7.3 USB Connection (Dual Connector)</i> .....	58
<i>4.7.4 VGA Monitor Connection</i> .....	59
<b>5 BIOS .....</b>	<b>61</b>
5.1 INTRODUCTION.....	62
<i>5.1.1 Starting Setup</i> .....	62
<i>5.1.2 Using Setup</i> .....	62
<i>5.1.3 Getting Help</i> .....	63
<i>5.1.4 Unable to Reboot after Configuration Changes</i> .....	63
<i>5.1.5 BIOS Menu Bar</i> .....	63
5.2 MAIN.....	64
5.3 ADVANCED .....	65
<i>5.3.1 CPU Configuration</i> .....	66
<i>5.3.2 IDE Configuration</i> .....	67
<i>5.3.2.1 IDE Master, IDE Slave</i> .....	68
<i>5.3.3 Super IO Configuration</i> .....	73
<i>5.3.4 Hardware Health Configuration</i> .....	74
<i>5.3.5 Power Configuration</i> .....	78
<i>5.3.5.1 ACPI configuration</i> .....	79
<i>5.3.5.2 APM Configuration</i> .....	80
<i>5.3.6 Remote Access Configuration</i> .....	82
<i>5.3.7 USB Configuration</i> .....	85
<i>5.3.8 iEI Feature</i> .....	86
5.4 PCI/PNP.....	87
5.5 BOOT.....	90
<i>5.5.1 Boot Settings Configuration</i> .....	90
<i>5.5.2 Boot Device Priority</i> .....	92
5.6 SECURITY .....	93
5.7 CHIPSET .....	94
<i>5.7.1 North Bridge Chipset Configuration</i> .....	94
<i>5.7.2 South Bridge Chipset Configuration</i> .....	98

5.8 EXIT .....	99
<b>6 SOFTWARE DRIVERS .....</b>	<b>101</b>
6.1 AVAILABLE SOFTWARE DRIVERS .....	102
6.2 STARTING THE DRIVER PROGRAM .....	102
6.3 CHIPSET DRIVER INSTALLATION.....	104
6.4 VGA DRIVER INSTALLATION.....	108
6.5 LAN DRIVER INSTALLATION.....	113
6.6 AUDIO DRIVER INSTALLATION .....	115
<b>A BIOS OPTIONS .....</b>	<b>118</b>
<b>B ONE KEY RECOVERY .....</b>	<b>121</b>
B.1 ONE KEY RECOVERY INTRODUCTION .....	122
<i>B.1.1 System Requirement.....</i>	<i>123</i>
<i>B.1.2 Supported Operating System .....</i>	<i>124</i>
B.2 SETUP PROCEDURE FOR WINDOWS .....	125
<i>B.2.1 Hardware and BIOS Setup .....</i>	<i>125</i>
<i>B.2.2 Create Partitions .....</i>	<i>126</i>
<i>B.2.3 Install Operating System, Drivers and Applications .....</i>	<i>129</i>
<i>B.2.4 Build-up Recovery Partition.....</i>	<i>130</i>
<i>B.2.5 Create Factory Default Image.....</i>	<i>132</i>
B.3 SETUP PROCEDURE FOR LINUX .....	137
B.4 RECOVERY TOOL FUNCTIONS .....	140
<i>B.4.1 Factory Restore .....</i>	<i>142</i>
<i>B.4.2 Backup System .....</i>	<i>143</i>
<i>B.4.3 Restore Your Last Backup .....</i>	<i>144</i>
<i>B.4.4 Manual.....</i>	<i>145</i>
B.5 OTHER INFORMATION .....	146
<i>B.5.1 Using AHCI Mode or ALi M5283 / VIA VT6421A Controller.....</i>	<i>146</i>
<i>B.5.2 System Memory Requirement .....</i>	<i>148</i>
<b>C TERMINOLOGY .....</b>	<b>149</b>
<b>D DIGITAL I/O INTERFACE.....</b>	<b>153</b>
D.1 INTRODUCTION.....	154
D.2 DIO CONNECTOR PINOUTS .....	154

D.3 ASSEMBLY LANGUAGE SAMPLES.....	154
<i>D.3.1 Enable the DIO Input Function .....</i>	154
<i>D.3.2 Enable the DIO Output Function.....</i>	155
<b>E WATCHDOG TIMER.....</b>	<b>156</b>
<b>F HAZARDOUS MATERIALS DISCLOSURE.....</b>	<b>159</b>
F.1 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS DISCLOSURE TABLE FOR IPB PRODUCTS CERTIFIED AS RoHS COMPLIANT UNDER 2002/95/EC WITHOUT MERCURY .....	160

# List of Figures

Figure 1-1: WAFER-945GSE2 .....	2
Figure 1-2: Connectors .....	3
Figure 1-3: WAFER-945GSE2 Dimensions (mm).....	6
Figure 1-4: External Interface Panel Dimensions (mm).....	6
Figure 1-5: Data Flow Diagram.....	7
Figure 3-1: Connectors and Jumpers (Front Side) .....	15
Figure 3-2: Connectors and Jumpers (Solder Side) .....	15
Figure 3-3: ATX Power Connector Location .....	17
Figure 3-4: ATX Power Supply Enable Connector Location .....	18
Figure 3-5: Audio Connector Pinouts (10-pin).....	19
Figure 3-6: Panel Backlight Connector Location .....	20
Figure 3-7: Battery Connector Location.....	21
Figure 3-8: CF Card Socket Location .....	22
Figure 3-9: Digital I/O Connector Location .....	23
Figure 3-10: +12V Fan Connector Location .....	24
Figure 3-11: Keyboard/Mouse Connector Location .....	25
Figure 3-12: LED Connector Location .....	26
Figure 3-13: LVDS LCD Connector Pinout Locations.....	27
Figure 3-14: PC/104 Connector .....	28
Figure 3-15: PC/104 Power Input Connector Pinouts .....	30
Figure 3-16: Power Button Connector Location.....	30
Figure 3-17: Reset Button Connector Location.....	31
Figure 3-18: SATA Drive Connector Locations .....	32
Figure 3-19: RS-232/422/485 Serial Port Connector Location.....	33
Figure 3-20: SPI Flash Connector .....	34
Figure 3-21: USB Connector Pinout Locations .....	35
Figure 3-22: External Peripheral Interface Connector .....	35
Figure 3-23: RJ-45 Ethernet Connector.....	36
Figure 3-24: COM1 Pinout Locations.....	37
Figure 3-25: VGA Connector .....	38

Figure 4-1: CF Card Installation .....	42
Figure 4-2: AT/ATX Power Select Jumper Location.....	44
Figure 4-3: CF Card Setup Jumper Location.....	45
Figure 4-4: Clear BIOS Jumper Location .....	46
Figure 4-5: COM 2 Function Select Jumper Location.....	47
Figure 4-6: LVDS Voltage Selection Jumper Pinout Locations .....	48
Figure 4-7: SATA Drive Cable Connection.....	50
Figure 4-8: SATA Power Cable Connection.....	51
Figure 4-9: Dual RS-232 Cable Installation .....	52
Figure 4-10: Keyboard/mouse Y-cable Connection .....	53
Figure 4-11: Audio Kit Cable Connection .....	54
Figure 4-12: WAFER-945GSE2 PC/104 module installation .....	55
Figure 4-13: Dual USB Cable Connection .....	56
Figure 4-14: LAN Connection .....	57
Figure 4-15: Serial Device Connector.....	58
Figure 4-16: USB Connector.....	59
Figure 4-17: VGA Connector .....	60
Figure 6-1: Start Up Screen .....	103
Figure 6-2: Drivers .....	103
Figure 6-3: Chipset Driver Screen.....	104
Figure 6-4: Chipset Driver Welcome Screen.....	105
Figure 6-5: Chipset Driver License Agreement .....	106
Figure 6-6: Chipset Driver Read Me File .....	106
Figure 6-7: Chipset Driver Setup Operations .....	107
Figure 6-8: Chipset Driver Installation Finish Screen.....	108
Figure 6-9: VGA Driver Read Me File .....	109
Figure 6-10: VGA Driver Setup Files Extracted .....	109
Figure 6-11: VGA Driver Welcome Screen .....	110
Figure 6-12: VGA Driver License Agreement.....	111
Figure 6-13: VGA Driver Read Me File .....	111
Figure 6-14: VGA Driver Setup Operations .....	112
Figure 6-15: VGA Driver Installation Finish Screen .....	113
Figure 6-16: LAN Driver Welcome Screen .....	114
Figure 6-17: LAN Driver Installation .....	114
Figure 6-18: LAN Driver Installation Complete.....	115

Figure 6-19: Audio Driver Installation File Extraction.....	116
Figure 6-20: Audio Driver Installation Welcome Screen.....	116
Figure 6-21: Audio Driver Installation.....	116
Figure 6-22: Audio Driver Installation Complete .....	117
Figure B-1: IEI One Key Recovery Tool Menu .....	122
Figure B-2: Launching the Recovery Tool .....	126
Figure B-3: Recovery Tool Setup Menu .....	127
Figure B-4: Command Mode.....	127
Figure B-5: Partition Creation Commands.....	128
Figure B-6: Launching the Recovery Tool .....	130
Figure B-7: System Configuration for Windows .....	130
Figure B-8: Build-up Recovery Partition .....	131
Figure B-9: Press any key to continue .....	131
Figure B-10: Press F3 to Boot into Recovery Mode.....	132
Figure B-11: Recovery Tool Menu .....	132
Figure B-12: About Symantec Ghost Window.....	133
Figure B-13: Symantec Ghost Path .....	133
Figure B-14: Select a Local Source Drive .....	134
Figure B-15: Select a Source Partition from Basic Drive .....	134
Figure B-16: File Name to Copy Image to .....	135
Figure B-17: Compress Image.....	135
Figure B-18: Image Creation Confirmation .....	136
Figure B-19: Image Creation Process.....	136
Figure B-20: Image Creation Complete .....	136
Figure B-21: Press Any Key to Continue .....	137
Figure B-22: Partitions for Linux.....	138
Figure B-23: System Configuration for Linux.....	139
Figure B-24: Access menu.lst in Linux (Text Mode).....	139
Figure B-25: Recovery Tool Menu .....	140
Figure B-26: Recovery Tool Main Menu .....	141
Figure B-27: Restore Factory Default.....	142
Figure B-28: Recovery Complete Window .....	142
Figure B-29: Backup System .....	143
Figure B-30: System Backup Complete Window .....	143
Figure B-31: Restore Backup .....	144

Figure B-32: Restore System Backup Complete Window .....	144
Figure B-33: Symantec Ghost Window .....	145

# List of Tables

---

Table 1-1: WAFER-945GSE2 Model Variations .....	2
Table 1-2: WAFER-945GSE2 Specifications .....	9
Table 2-1: Packing List.....	13
Table 2-2: Optional Items.....	13
Table 3-1: Peripheral Interface Connectors .....	16
Table 3-2: Rear Panel Connectors .....	17
Table 3-3: ATX Power Connector Pinouts .....	18
Table 3-4: ATX Power Supply Enable Connector Pinouts .....	19
Table 3-5: Audio Connector Pinouts (10-pin) .....	19
Table 3-6: Panel Backlight Connector Pinouts.....	20
Table 3-7: Battery Connector Pinouts .....	21
Table 3-8: CF Card Socket Pinouts.....	23
Table 3-9: Digital I/O Connector Pinouts.....	24
Table 3-10: +12V Fan Connector Pinouts.....	25
Table 3-11: Keyboard/Mouse Connector Pinouts .....	26
Table 3-12: LED Connector Pinouts .....	26
Table 3-13: LVDS LCD Port Connector Pinouts .....	28
Table 3-14: PC/104 Connector Pinouts (1 of 2).....	29
Table 3-15: PC/104 Connector Pinouts (2 of 2).....	29
Table 3-16: PC/104 Power Input Connector Pinouts.....	30
Table 3-17: Power Button Connector Pinouts .....	31
Table 3-18: Reset Button Connector Pinouts .....	31
Table 3-19: SATA Drive Connector Pinouts.....	32
Table 3-20: RS-232/422/485 Serial Port Connector Pinouts .....	33
Table 3-21: SPI Flash Connector.....	34
Table 3-22: USB Port Connector Pinouts.....	35
Table 3-23: LAN Pinouts .....	36
Table 3-24: RJ-45 Ethernet Connector LEDs .....	36
Table 3-25: RS-232 Serial Port (COM 1) Pinouts .....	37
Table 3-26: USB Port Pinouts.....	38

Table 3-27: VGA Connector Pinouts.....	38
Table 4-1: Jumpers .....	43
Table 4-2: AT/ATX Power Select Jumper Settings .....	44
Table 4-3: CF Card Setup Jumper Settings .....	45
Table 4-4: Clear BIOS Jumper Settings.....	46
Table 4-5: COM 2 Function Select Jumper Settings .....	46
Table 4-6: LVDS Voltage Selection Jumper Settings.....	47
Table 5-1: BIOS Navigation Keys .....	63

# BIOS Menus

---

BIOS Menu 1: Main .....	64
BIOS Menu 2: Advanced .....	65
BIOS Menu 3: CPU Configuration .....	66
BIOS Menu 4: IDE Configuration .....	67
BIOS Menu 5: IDE Master and IDE Slave Configuration .....	69
BIOS Menu 6: Super IO Configuration.....	73
BIOS Menu 7: Hardware Health Configuration .....	75
BIOS Menu 8: Power Configuration.....	78
BIOS Menu 9: ACPI Configuration .....	79
BIOS Menu 10: Advanced Power Management Configuration .....	80
BIOS Menu 11: Remote Access Configuration.....	83
BIOS Menu 12: USB Configuration .....	85
BIOS Menu 13: IEI Feature .....	87
BIOS Menu 14: PCI/PnP Configuration.....	88
BIOS Menu 15: Boot .....	90
BIOS Menu 16: Boot Settings Configuration .....	90
BIOS Menu 17: Boot Device Priority Settings .....	92
BIOS Menu 18: Security .....	93
BIOS Menu 19: Chipset .....	94
BIOS Menu 20: North Bridge Chipset Configuration .....	95
BIOS Menu 21: South Bridge Chipset Configuration.....	98
BIOS Menu 22: Exit.....	99

Chapter

1

# Introduction

---

## 1.1 Introduction



**Figure 1-1: WAFER-945GSE2**

The WAFER-945GSE2 3.5" motherboards are embedded 45 nm Intel® Atom™ processor platforms. The Intel® Atom™ processor N270 embedded on the WAFER-945GSE2 has a 1.60 GHz clock speed, a 533 MHz FSB and a 512 KB L2 cache. The WAFER-945GSE2 also includes onboard 1.0 GB DDR2 SDRAM. The board comes with an LVDS connector and supports both 18-bit and 36-bit single channel LVDS screens. The WAFER-945GSE2 also comes with two PCI Express (PCIe) Gigabit Ethernet (GbE) connectors, a CompactFlash® socket on the solder side, and a PC/104 slot for expansion and increased connectivity.

## 1.2 Model Variations

The model variations of the WAFER-945GSE2 Series are listed below.

Model No.	CPU	Operating Temperature
WAFER-945GSE2-N270-R20	Intel® Atom™ N270 1.6 GHz	0°C ~ 60°C
WAFER-945GSE2-N270W-R20	Intel® Atom™ N270 1.6 GHz	-20°C ~ 70°C

**Table 1-1: WAFER-945GSE2 Model Variations**

## 1.3 Connectors

The connectors on the WAFER-945GSE2 are shown in the figure below.

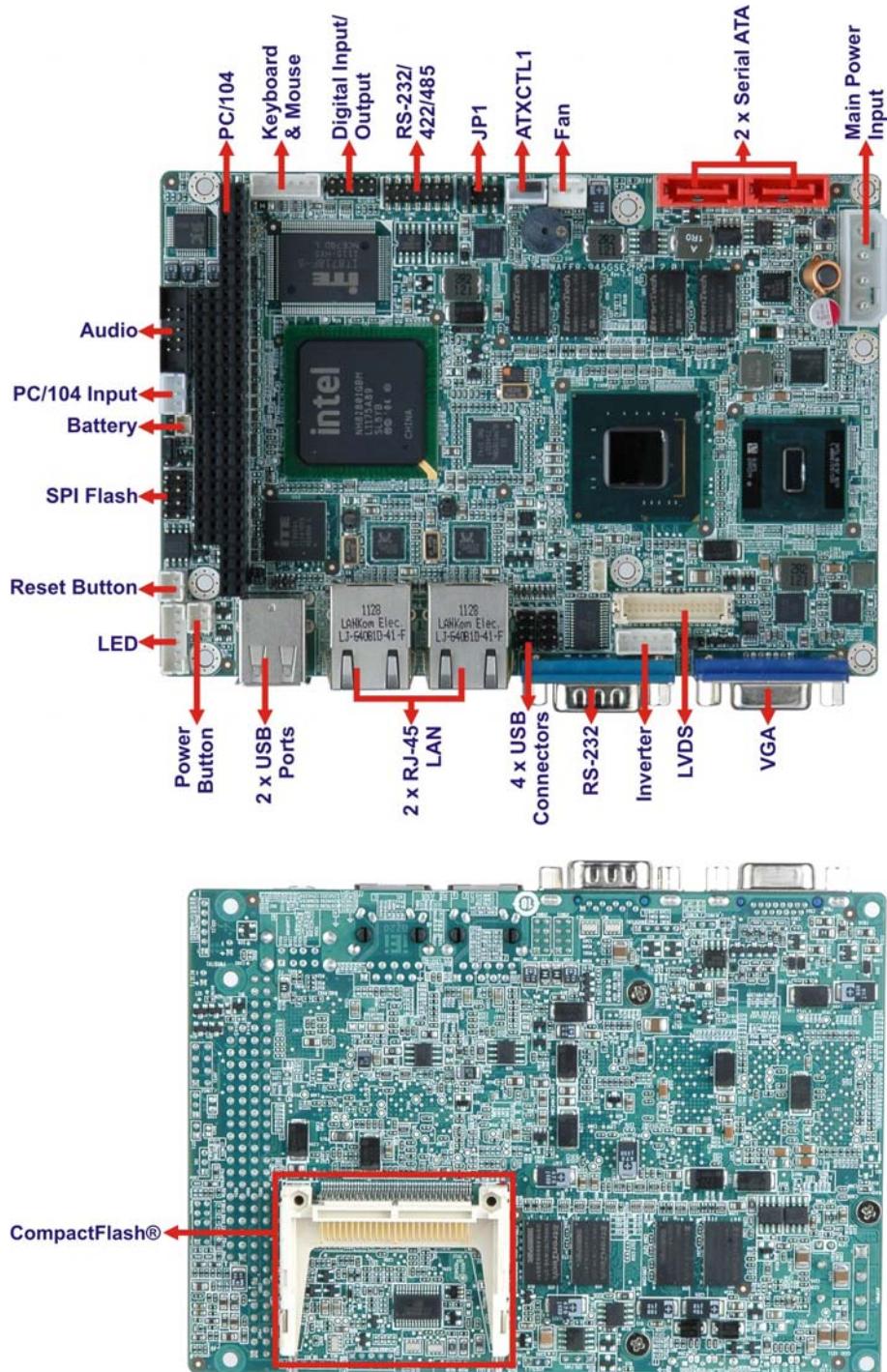


Figure 1-2: Connectors

The WAFER-945GSE2 has the following connectors on-board:

- 1 x ATX power connector
- 1 x ATX enable connector
- 1 x Audio connector
- 1 x Backlight inverter connector
- 1 x Battery connector
- 1 x CompactFlash® socket
- 1 x Digital input/output (DIO) connector
- 1 x Fan connector
- 1 x Keyboard and mouse connector
- 1 x LED connector
- 1 x LVDS connector
- 1 x PC/104 ISA connector
- 1 x Power button connector
- 1 x Reset button connector
- 1 x RS-232/422/485 serial port connector
- 2 x Serial ATA (SATA) connectors
- 1 x SPI flash connector
- 2 x USB 2.0 connectors (supports four USB 2.0 devices)

The WAFER-945GSE2 has the following external peripheral interface connectors on the board rear panel.

- 2 x Ethernet connectors
- 1 x RS-232 serial port connector
- 2 x USB connectors
- 1 x VGA connector

The WAFER-945GSE2 has the following on-board jumpers:

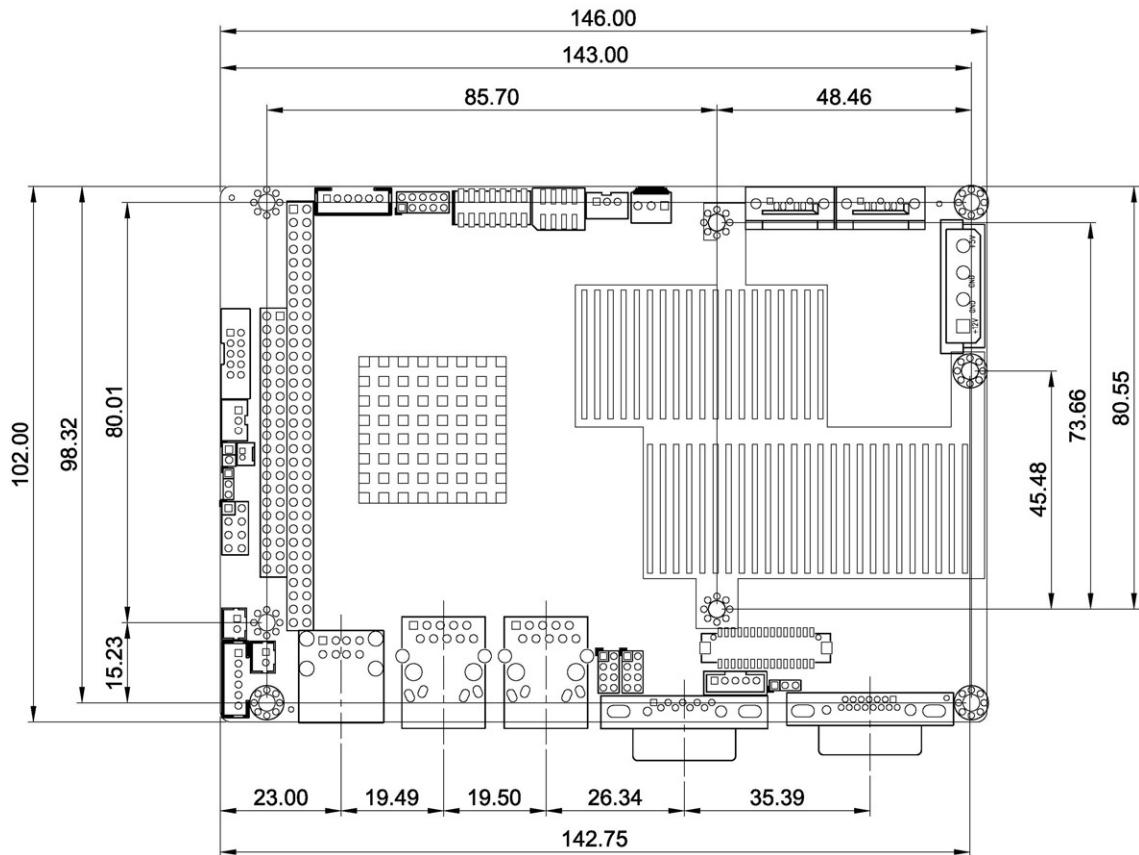
- AT/ATX power mode setting
- CF card setting
- Clear CMOS setup
- COM2 port mode setting
- LVDS1 voltage selection

## WAFER-945GSE2 3.5" Motherboard

## 1.4 Dimensions

### 1.4.1 Board Dimensions

The dimensions of the board are shown below:



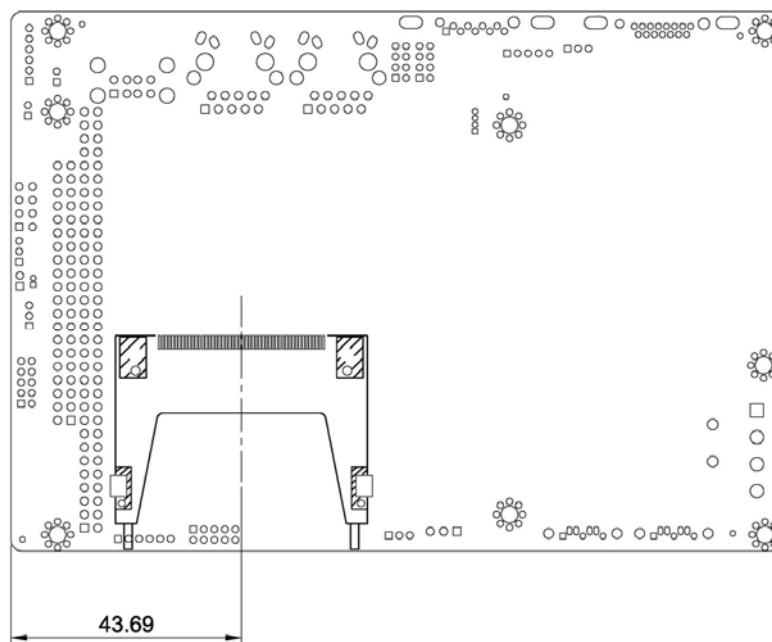


Figure 1-3: WAFER-945GSE2 Dimensions (mm)

#### 1.4.2 External Interface Panel Dimensions

External peripheral interface connector panel dimensions are shown in **Figure 1-4**.

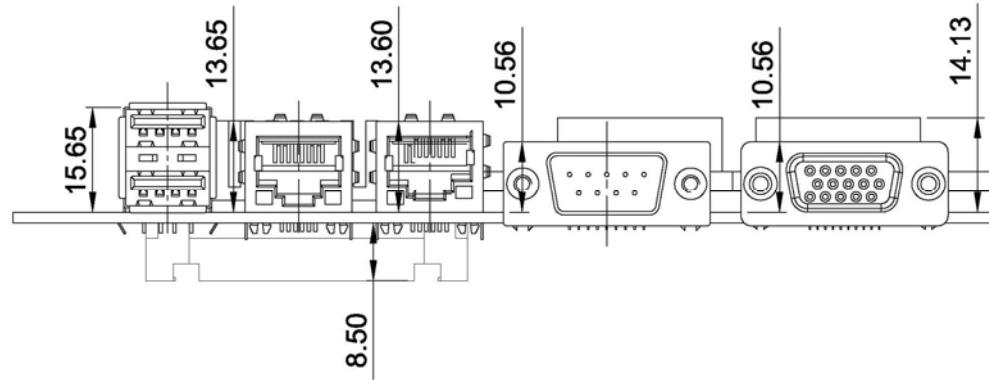


Figure 1-4: External Interface Panel Dimensions (mm)

## 1.5 Data Flow

Figure 1-5 shows the data flow between the system chipset, the CPU and other components installed on the motherboard.

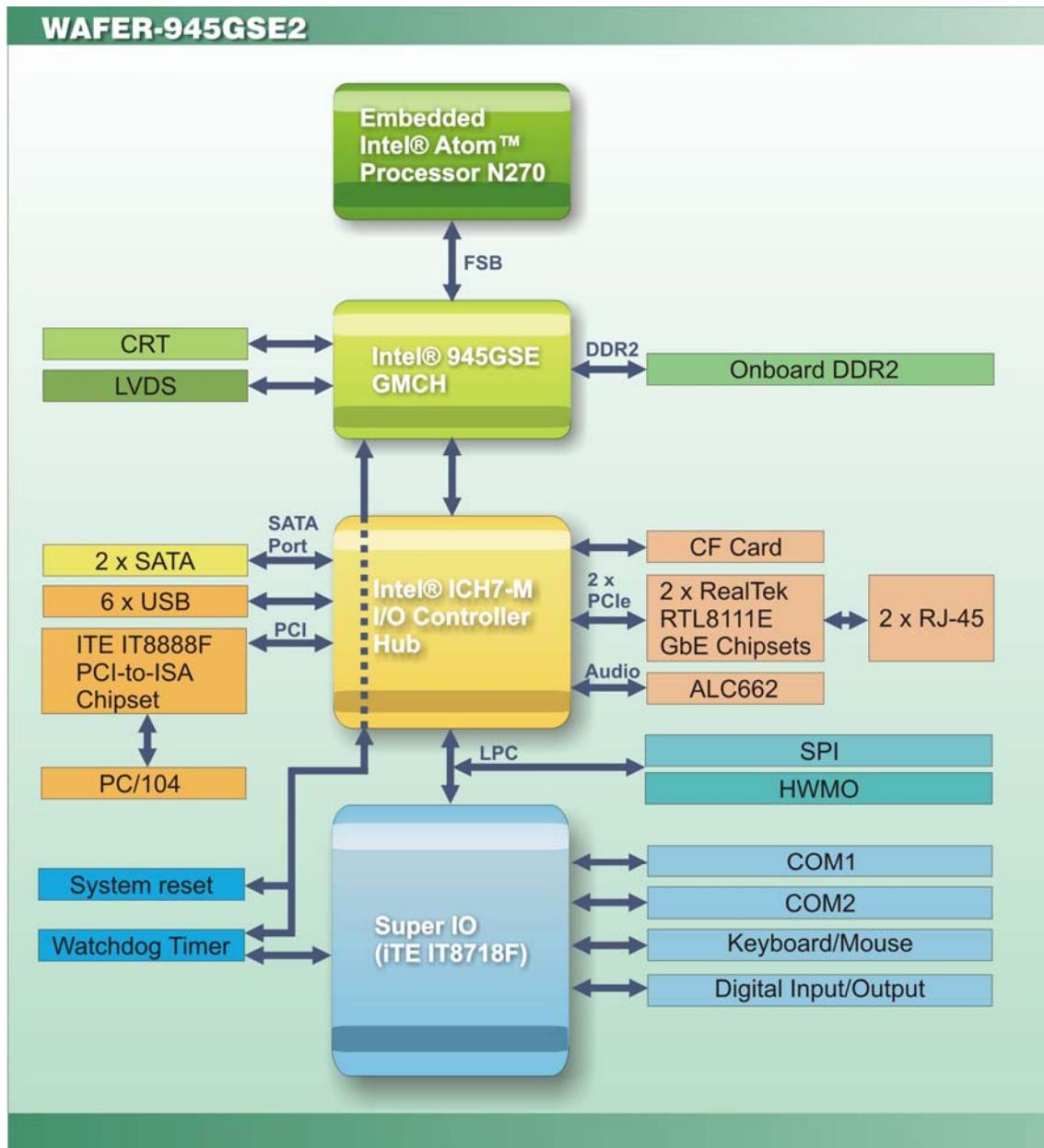


Figure 1-5: Data Flow Diagram

## 1.6 Technical Specifications

The WAFER-945GSE2 technical specifications are listed below.

Specification/Model	WAFER-945GSE2
<b>Form Factor</b>	3.5"
<b>System CPU</b>	45 nm 1.6 GHz Intel® Atom™ N270
<b>Front Side Bus (FSB)</b>	533 MHz
<b>System Chipset</b>	Northbridge: Intel® 945GSE Southbridge: Intel® ICH7-M
<b>Memory</b>	On-board 533 MHz 1.0 GB DDR2 SDRAM
<b>CompactFlash®</b>	One CompactFlash® Type II socket
<b>Super I/O</b>	ITE IT8718
<b>Display</b>	Intel® Generation 3.5 integrated GFX core (133 MHz) 18-bit dual channel LVDS integrated in Intel® 945GSE Dual-display supported (VGA and LVDS)
<b>BIOS</b>	AMI BIOS label
<b>Audio</b>	Realtek ALC662 HD Audio codec
<b>LAN</b>	Two Realtek RTL8111E GbE controllers with ASF2.0 support
<b>COM</b>	One RS-232 serial port One RS-232/422/485 serial port connector
<b>USB 2.0</b>	Six USB 2.0 devices supported: Four by on-board pin-headers Two by external connectors
<b>SATA</b>	Two 3.0 Gb/s SATA drives supported
<b>Keyboard/mouse</b>	One internal pin-header connector
<b>Expansion</b>	One PC/104 ISA slot (ISA DMA Mode not supported)
<b>Digital I/O</b>	One 8-bit digital input/output connector; 4-bit input/4-bit output through the ITE IT8718 super I/O

## WAFER-945GSE2 3.5" Motherboard

Specification/Model	WAFER-945GSE2
Watchdog Timer	Software programmable supports 1~255 sec. system reset
Power Supply	5 V only 12 V for LCD/system fan AT and ATX support
Power Consumption	5V @ 3.1 A (1.6 GHz Intel® Atom™ N270 with on-board 1.0 GB DDR2 SDRAM)
Temperature	0°C ~ 60°C (WAFER-945GSE2-N270-R20) -20°C ~ 70°C (WAFER-945GSE2-N270W-R20)
Humidity (operating)	5% ~ 95% (non-condensing)
Dimensions (LxW)	146 mm x 102 mm
Weight (GW/NW)	700 g/230 g

Table 1-2: WAFER-945GSE2 Specifications

Chapter

2

# Packing List

---

## 2.1 Anti-static Precautions



### WARNING!

Static electricity can destroy certain electronics. Make sure to follow the ESD precautions to prevent damage to the product, and injury to the user.

Make sure to adhere to the following guidelines:

- **Wear an anti-static wristband:** Wearing an anti-static wristband can prevent electrostatic discharge.
- **Self-grounding:** Touch a grounded conductor every few minutes to discharge any excess static buildup.
- **Use an anti-static pad:** When configuring any circuit board, place it on an anti-static mat.
- **Only handle the edges of the PCB:** Don't touch the surface of the motherboard. Hold the motherboard by the edges when handling.

## 2.2 Unpacking Precautions

When the WAFER-945GSE2 is unpacked, please do the following:

- Follow the antistatic guidelines above.
- Make sure the packing box is facing upwards when opening.
- Make sure all the packing list items are present.

## 2.3 Packing List



### NOTE:

If any of the components listed in the checklist below are missing, do not proceed with the installation. Contact the IEI reseller or vendor the WAFER-945GSE2 was purchased from or contact an IEI sales representative directly by sending an email to [sales@iei.com.tw](mailto:sales@iei.com.tw).

The WAFER-945GSE2 is shipped with the following components:

Quantity	Item and Part Number	Image
1	WAFER-945GSE2 motherboard	
2	SATA cable (P/N: 32000-062800-RS)	
1	KB/MS Cable (P/N: 32000-023800-RS)	
1	Audio cable (P/N: 32000-072100-RS)	
1	Mini jumper pack (2.0mm) (P/N: 33100-000033-RS)	
2	Plastic intermediate pole for PC/104 (15mm)	

## WAFER-945GSE2 3.5" Motherboard

Quantity	Item and Part Number	Image
2	Plastic intermediate pole for PC/104 (20mm)	Two cylindrical plastic components, each with a central hole and a flared base, designed to fit onto a PC/104 board.
1	One Key Recovery CD (P/N: IEI-7B000-000478-RS)	A standard CD-ROM disc with a gold-colored hub and a printed label that includes the iEi logo and product information.
1	Utility CD	A standard CD-ROM disc with a gold-colored hub and a printed label that includes the iEi logo and product information.
1	Quick Installation Guide	A booklet titled "QUICK INSTALLATION GUIDE" (QIG) with "MANUAL OF PRACTICALLY" at the top, featuring the iEi logo and some text at the bottom.

Table 2-1: Packing List

## 2.4 Optional Items

The following are optional components which may be separately purchased:

Item and Part Number	Image
Dual USB cable (wo bracket) (P/N: 32000-070301-RS)	A flat, flexible cable with two standard USB-A connectors at the ends, used for connecting multiple USB devices.
RS-232/422/485 cable (P/N: 32200-026500-RS)	A cable with two DB-9 connectors, used for serial communication protocols.
ATX power cable (P/N: 32100-052100-RS)	A standard ATX power connector with four pins, used for power supply connections.
SATA power cable (P/N: 32100-088600-RS)	A cable with a SATA power connector, used for power supply connections to SATA drives.

Table 2-2: Optional Items

Chapter

3

# Connectors

---

### 3.1 Peripheral Interface Connectors

This chapter details all the jumpers and connectors.

#### 3.1.1 WAFER-945GSE2 Layout

The figures below show all the connectors and jumpers.

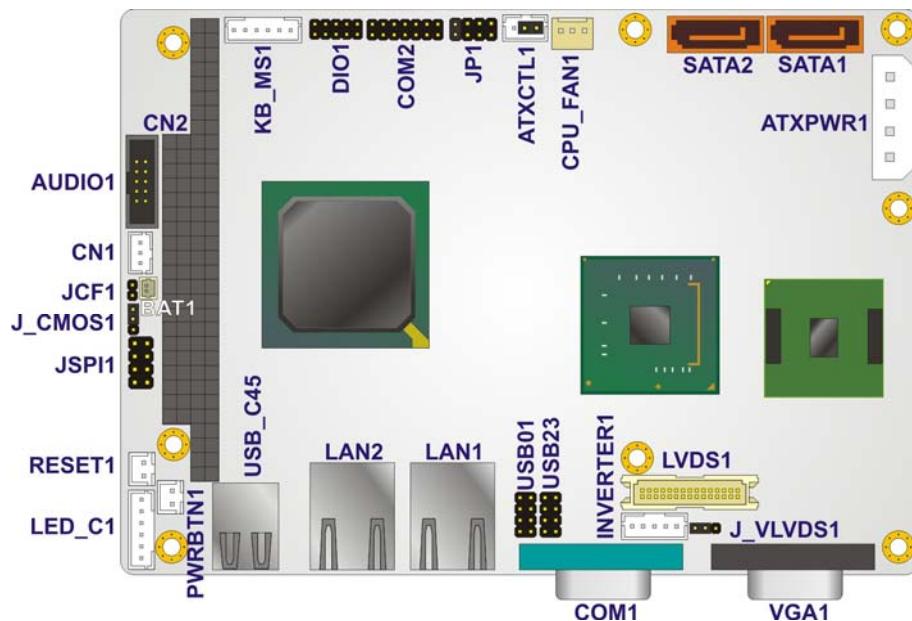


Figure 3-1: Connectors and Jumpers (Front Side)

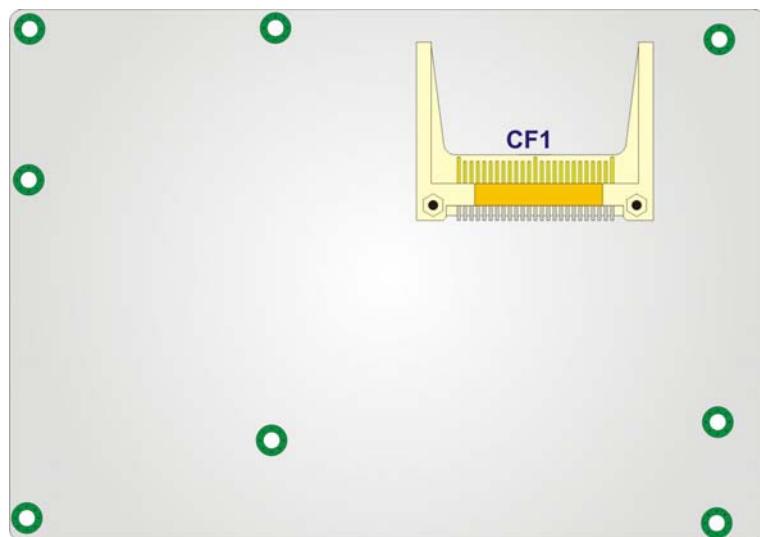


Figure 3-2: Connectors and Jumpers (Solder Side)

### 3.1.2 Peripheral Interface Connectors

The table below lists all the connectors on the board.

Connector	Type	Label
ATX enable connector	3-pin wafer	ATXCTL1
ATX power connector	4-pin ATX	ATXPWR1
Audio connector	10-pin header	AUDIO1
Backlight inverter connector	5-pin wafer	INVERTER1
Battery connector	2-pin wafer	BAT1
CompactFlash® socket	50-pin CF socket	CF1
Digital input/output (DIO) connector	10-pin header	DIO1
Fan connector	3-pin wafer	CPU_FAN1
Keyboard and mouse connector	6-pin wafer	KB_MS1
LED connector	6-pin header	LED_C1
LVDS connector	30-pin crimp	LVDS1
PC/104 connector	104-pin ISA bus	CN2
PC/104 power input connector	3-pin	CN1
Power button connector	2-pin wafer	PWRBTN1
Reset button connector	2-pin header	RESET1
RS-232/422/485 serial port connector	14-pin header	COM2
Serial ATA (SATA) drive connectors	7-pin SATA	SATA1, SATA2
SPI flash connector	8-pin header	JSP1
USB 2.0 connectors	8-pin header	USB01, USB23

Table 3-1: Peripheral Interface Connectors

### 3.1.3 External Interface Panel Connectors

The table below lists the connectors on the external I/O panel.

Connector	Type	Label
Ethernet connector	RJ-45	LAN1
Ethernet connector	RJ-45	LAN2
RS-232 serial port connector	Male DB-9	COM1
Dual USB port	USB port	USB_C45
VGA port connector	15-pin female	VGA1

Table 3-2: Rear Panel Connectors

## 3.2 Internal Peripheral Connectors

The section describes all of the connectors on the WAFER-945GSE2.

### 3.2.1 ATX Power Connector

**CN Label:** ATXPWR1

**CN Type:** 4-pin ATX power connector

**CN Location:** See Figure 3-3

**CN Pinouts:** See Table 3-3

The ATX power connector connects to an ATX power supply.

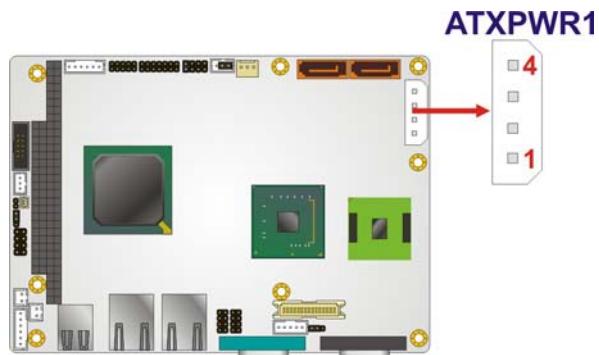


Figure 3-3: ATX Power Connector Location

Pin	Description
1	+12V
2	GND
3	GND
4	+5V

Table 3-3: ATX Power Connector Pinouts

### 3.2.2 ATX Power Supply Enable Connector

**CN Label:** ATXCTL1

**CN Type:** 3-pin wafer

**CN Location:** See Figure 3-4

**CN Pinouts:** See Table 3-4

The ATX power supply enable connector enables the WAFER-945GSE2 to be connected to an ATX power supply. In default mode, the WAFER-945GSE2 can only use an AT power supply. To enable an ATX power supply, the AT Power Select jumper must also be configured. Please refer to Chapter 4 for more details.

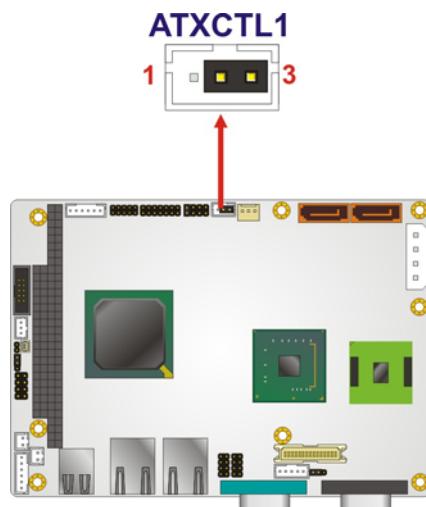


Figure 3-4: ATX Power Supply Enable Connector Location

Pin	Description
1	+5V Standby

## WAFER-945GSE2 3.5" Motherboard

Pin	Description
2	GND
3	PS-ON

Table 3-4: ATX Power Supply Enable Connector Pinouts

### 3.2.3 Audio Connector (10-pin)

**CN Label:** AUDIO1

**CN Type:** 10-pin header

**CN Location:** See Figure 3-5

**CN Pinouts:** See Table 3-5

The 10-pin audio connector is connected to external audio devices including speakers and microphones for the input and output of audio signals to and from the system.

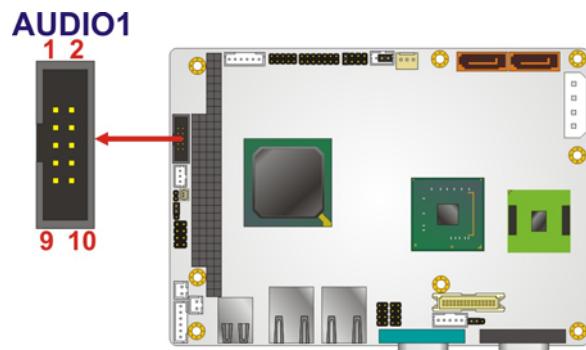


Figure 3-5: Audio Connector Pinouts (10-pin)

Pin	Description	Pin	Description
1	Line out R	2	Line in R
3	GND	4	GND
5	Line out L	6	Line in L
7	GND	8	GND
9	MIC in	10	Mic in

Table 3-5: Audio Connector Pinouts (10-pin)

### 3.2.4 Backlight Inverter Connector

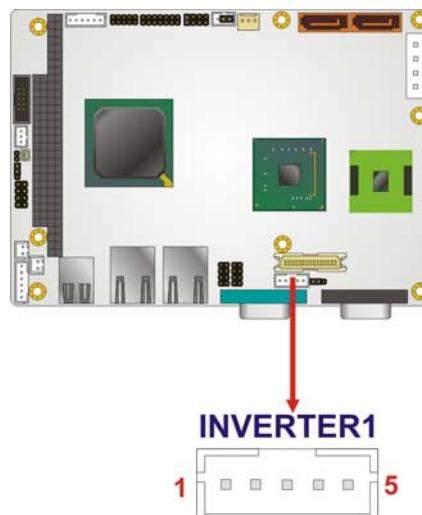
**CN Label:** INVERTER1

**CN Type:** 5-pin wafer

**CN Location:** See **Figure 3-6**

**CN Pinouts:** See **Table 3-6**

The backlight inverter connectors provide the backlights on the LCD display connected to the WAFER-945GSE2 with +12V of power.



**Figure 3-6: Panel Backlight Connector Location**

Pin	Description
1	LCD Backlight Control
2	GND
3	+12V
4	GND
5	BACKLIGHT Enable

**Table 3-6: Panel Backlight Connector Pinouts**

### 3.2.5 Battery Connector



#### CAUTION:

Risk of explosion if battery is replaced by and incorrect type. Only certified engineers should replace the on-board battery.

Dispose of used batteries according to instructions and local regulations.

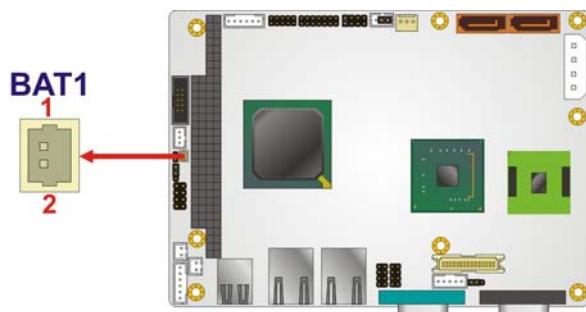
**CN Label:** BAT1

**CN Type:** 2-pin wafer

**CN Location:** See **Figure 3-7**

**CN Pinouts:** See **Table 3-7**

This is connected to the system battery. The battery provides power to the system clock to retain the time when power is turned off.



**Figure 3-7: Battery Connector Location**

Pin	Description
1	GND
2	Battery+

**Table 3-7: Battery Connector Pinouts**

### 3.2.6 CompactFlash® Socket

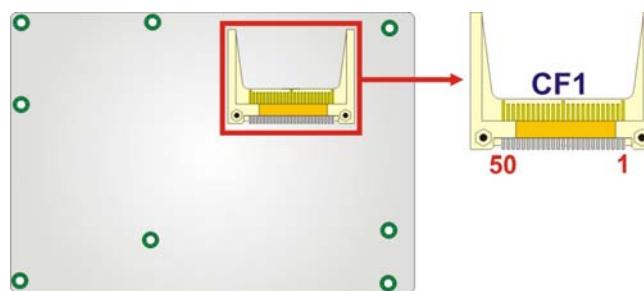
**CN Label:** CF1

**CN Type:** 50-pin header

**CN Location:** See **Figure 3-8**

**CN Pinouts:** See **Table 3-8**

A CF Type I or Type II memory card can be inserted to the CF socket on the WAFER-945GSE2.



**Figure 3-8: CF Card Socket Location**

Pin	Description	Pin	Description
1	GND	26	CD1#
2	D3	27	D11
3	D4	28	D12
4	D5	29	D13
5	D6	30	D14
6	D7	31	D15
7	CE#	32	CE2#
8	A10	33	VS1#
9	OE#	34	IOR#
10	A9	35	IOW#
11	A8	36	WE#
12	A7	37	IRQ
13	VCC	38	VCC
14	A6	39	CSEL#
15	A5	40	VS2#

## WAFER-945GSE2 3.5" Motherboard

Pin	Description	Pin	Description
16	A4	41	RESET#
17	A3	42	WAIT#
18	A2	43	INPACK#
19	A1	44	REG#
20	A0	45	BVD2
21	D0	46	BVD1
22	D1	47	D8
23	D2	48	D9
24	IOCS16#	49	D10
25	CD2#	50	GND2

Table 3-8: CF Card Socket Pinouts

**3.2.7 Digital Input/Output (DIO) Connector****CN Label:** DIO1**CN Type:** 10-pin header**CN Location:** See Figure 3-9**CN Pinouts:** See Table 3-9

The digital input/output connector is managed through a Super I/O chip. The DIO connector pins are user programmable.

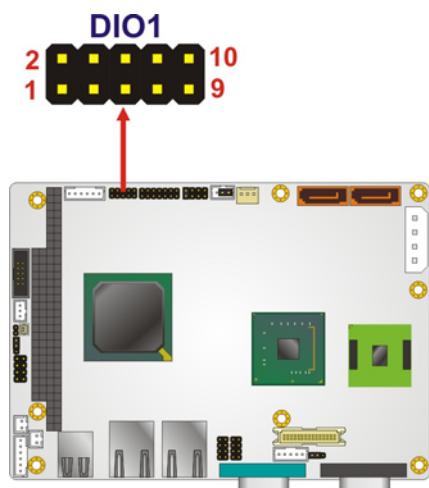


Figure 3-9: Digital I/O Connector Location

Pin	Description	Pin	Description
1	GND	2	VCC
3	Output 3	4	Output 2
5	Output 1	6	Output 0
7	Input 3	8	Input 2
9	Input 1	10	Input 0

Table 3-9: Digital I/O Connector Pinouts

### 3.2.8 Fan Connector (+12V, 3-pin)

**CN Label:** CPU\_FAN1

**CN Type:** 3-pin wafer

**CN Location:** See Figure 3-10

**CN Pinouts:** See Table 3-10

The cooling fan connector provides a 12V, 500mA current to the cooling fan. The connector has a "rotation" pin to get rotation signals from fans and notify the system so the system BIOS can recognize the fan speed. Please note that only specified fans can issue the rotation signals.

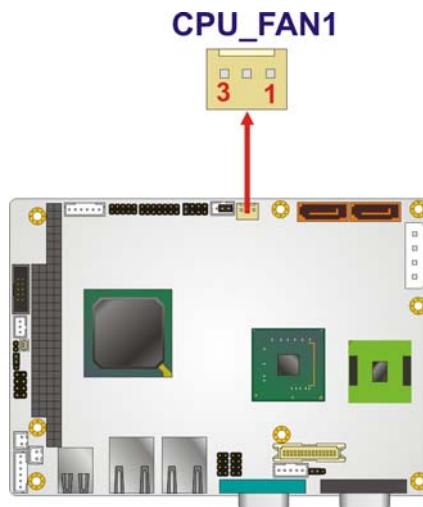


Figure 3-10: +12V Fan Connector Location

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	GND

## WAFER-945GSE2 3.5" Motherboard

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
2	+12V
3	Fan Speed Detect

Table 3-10: +12V Fan Connector Pinouts

### 3.2.9 Keyboard/Mouse Connector

**CN Label:** KB\_MS1

**CN Type:** 6-pin wafer

**CN Location:** See Figure 3-11

**CN Pinouts:** See Table 3-11

The keyboard and mouse connector can be connected to a standard PS/2 cable or PS/2 Y-cable to add keyboard and mouse functionality to the system.

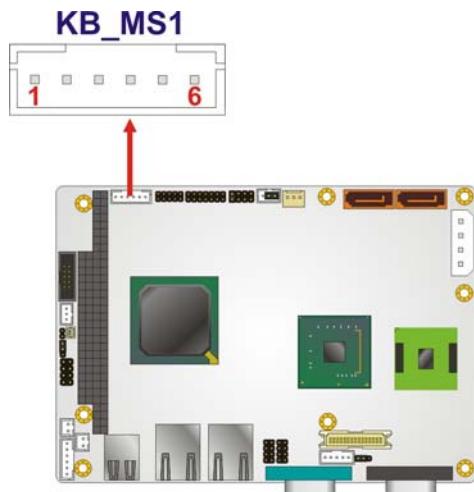


Figure 3-11: Keyboard/Mouse Connector Location

Pin	Description
1	+5 V KB DATA
2	MS DATA
3	MS CLK
4	KB DATA
5	KB CLK

Pin	Description
6	GROUND

Table 3-11: Keyboard/Mouse Connector Pinouts

### 3.2.10 LED Connector

**CN Label:** LED\_C1

**CN Type:** 6-pin wafer

**CN Location:** See Figure 3-12

**CN Pinouts:** See Table 3-12

The LED connector connects to an HDD indicator LED and a power LED on the system chassis to inform the user about HDD activity and the power on/off status of the system.

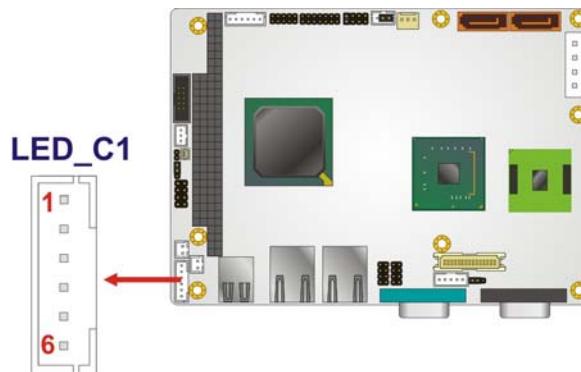


Figure 3-12: LED Connector Location

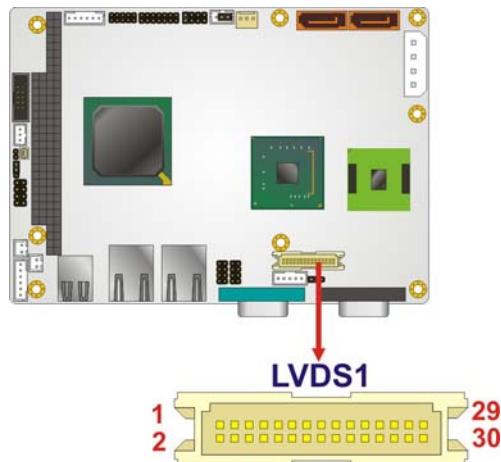
Pin	Description
1	+5V
2	GND
3	Power LED+
4	Power LED-
5	HDD LED+
6	HDD LED-

Table 3-12: LED Connector Pinouts

### 3.2.11 LVDS LCD Connector

- CN Label:** LVDS1
- CN Type:** 30-pin crimp
- CN Location:** See **Figure 3-13**
- CN Pinouts:** See **Table 3-13**

The 30-pin LVDS LCD connector can be connected to single channel or dual channel, 18-bit or 36-bit LVDS panel.



**Figure 3-13: LVDS LCD Connector Pinout Locations**

Pin	Description	Pin	Description
1	GND1	2	GND2
3	A_Y0	4	A_Y0#
5	A_Y1	6	A_Y1#
7	A_Y2	8	A_Y2#
9	A_CK	10	A_CK#
11	NC	12	NC
13	GND3	14	GND4
15	B_Y0	16	B_Y0#
17	B_Y1	18	B_Y1#
19	B_Y2	20	B_Y2#

Pin	Description	Pin	Description
21	B_CK	22	B_CK#
23	NC	24	NC
25	GND5	26	GND6
27	VCC_LCD	28	VCC_LCD
29	VCC_LCD	30	VCC_LCD

**Table 3-13: LVDS LCD Port Connector Pinouts**

### 3.2.12 PC/104 Connector

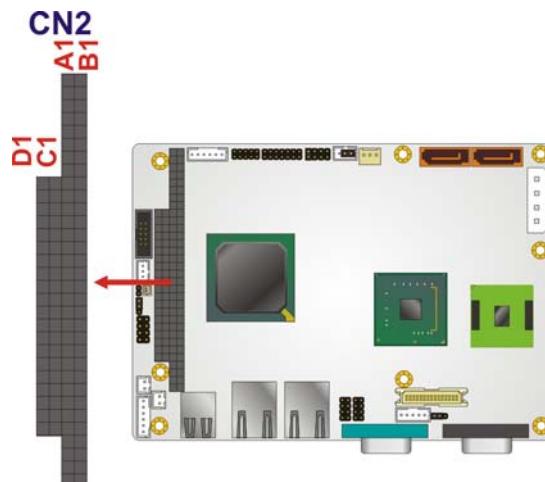
**CN Label:** CN2

**CN Type:** 104-pin PC/104 slot

**CN Location:** See **Figure 3-14**

**CN Pinouts:** See **Table 3-14** and **Table 3-15**

The PC/104 connector is for attaching a PC/104 expansion card.



**Figure 3-14: PC/104 Connector**

Pin	Description	Pin	Description	Pin	Description	Pin	Description
A1	-IOCHK	A17	SA14	B1	GND	B17	-DACK1
A2	SD7	A18	SA13	B2	RSTDRV	B18	DRQ1
A3	SD6	A19	SA12	B3	VCC	B19	-REFRESH
A4	SD5	A20	SA11	B4	IRQ9	B20	BCLK
A5	SD4	A21	SA10	B5	NC	B21	IRQ7

## WAFER-945GSE2 3.5" Motherboard

Pin	Description	Pin	Description	Pin	Description	Pin	Description
A6	SD3	A22	SA9	B6	DRQ2	B22	IRQ6
A7	SD2	A23	SA8	B7	NC	B23	IRQ5
A8	SD1	A24	SA7	B8	-NOWS	B24	IRQ4
A9	SD0	A25	SA6	B9	+12V	B25	IRQ3
A10	IOCHRDY	A26	SA5	B10	GND	B26	-DACK2
A11	AEN	A27	SA4	B11	-SMEMW	B27	TC
A12	SA19	A28	SA3	B12	-SMEMR	B28	BALE
A13	SA18	A29	SA2	B13	-IOW	B29	VCC
A14	SA17	A30	SA1	B14	-IOR	B30	ISAOSC
A15	SA16	A31	SA0	B15	-DACK3	B31	GND
A16	SA15	A32	GND	B16	DRQ3	B32	GND

Table 3-14: PC/104 Connector Pinouts (1 of 2)

Pin	Description	Pin	Description	Pin	Description	Pin	Description
C1	GND	C11	-MEMW	D1	GND	D11	-DACK5
C2	-SBHE	C12	SD8	D2	-MEMCS16	D12	DRQ5
C3	SA23	C13	SD9	D3	-IOCS16	D13	-DACK6
C4	SA22	C14	SD10	D4	IRQ10	D14	DRQ6
C5	SA21	C15	SD11	D5	IRQ11	D15	-DACK7
C6	SA20	C16	SD12	D6	IRQ12	D16	DRQ7
C7	SA19	C17	SD13	D7	IRQ15	D17	VCC
C8	SA18	C18	SD14	D8	IRQ14	D18	-MASTER
C9	SA17	C19	SD15	D9	-DACK0	D19	GND
C10	-MEMR	C20	NC	D10	DRQ0	D20	GND

Table 3-15: PC/104 Connector Pinouts (2 of 2)

### 3.2.13 PC/104 Power Input Connector

**CN Label:** CN1

**CN Type:** 3-pin wafer

**CN Location:** See Figure 3-15

**CN Pinouts:** See Table 3-16

The PC/104 power input connector provides power to the PC/104 expansion module installed on the PC/104 slot.

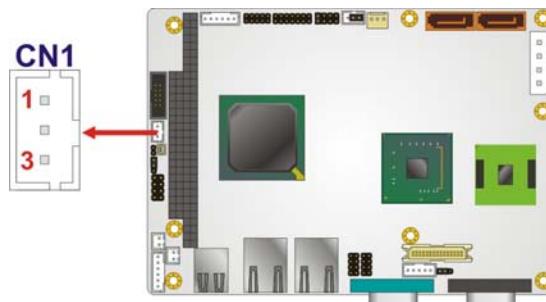


Figure 3-15: PC/104 Power Input Connector Pinouts

Pin	Description
1	-5V
2	GND
3	-12V

Table 3-16: PC/104 Power Input Connector Pinouts

### 3.2.14 Power Button Connector

**CN Label:** PWRBTN1

**CN Type:** 2-pin wafer

**CN Location:** See Figure 3-16

**CN Pinouts:** See Table 3-17

The power button connector is connected to a power switch on the system chassis to enable users to turn the system on and off.

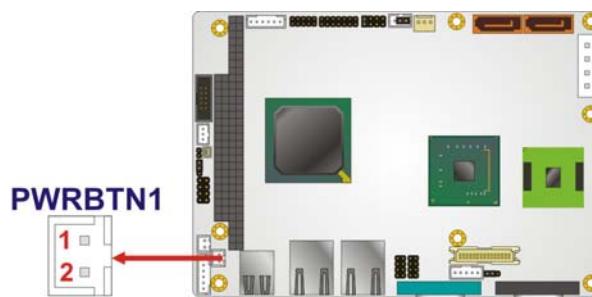


Figure 3-16: Power Button Connector Location

Pin	Description
1	Power Switch
2	GND

**Table 3-17: Power Button Connector Pinouts**

### 3.2.15 Reset Button Connector

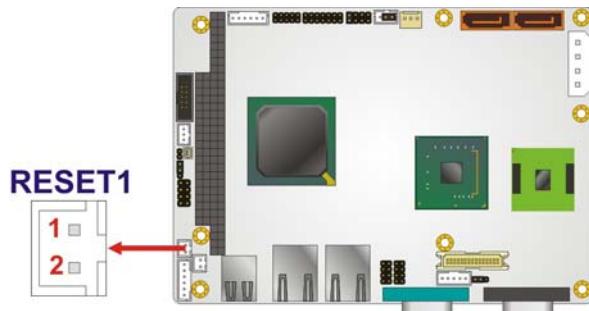
**CN Label:** RESET1

**CN Type:** 2-pin wafer

**CN Location:** See **Figure 3-17**

**CN Pinouts:** See **Table 3-18**

The reset button connector is connected to a reset switch on the system chassis to enable users to reboot the system when the system is turned on.

**Figure 3-17: Reset Button Connector Location**

Pin	Description
1	Reset Switch
2	GND

**Table 3-18: Reset Button Connector Pinouts**

### 3.2.16 SATA Drive Connectors

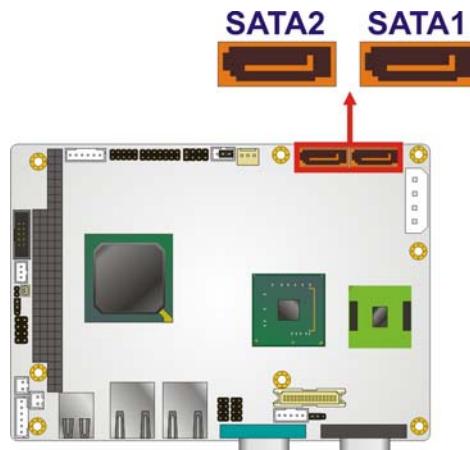
**CN Label:** SATA1, SATA2

**CN Type:** 7-pin SATA drive connector

**CN Location:** See Figure 3-18

**CN Pinouts:** See Table 3-19

The SATA drive connectors can be connected to SATA drives and support up to 3Gb/s data transfer rate.



**Figure 3-18: SATA Drive Connector Locations**

Pin	Description
1	GND
2	TX+
3	TX-
4	GND
5	RX-
6	RX+
7	GND

**Table 3-19: SATA Drive Connector Pinouts**

### 3.2.17 Serial Port Connector, RS-232/422/485

**CN Label:** COM2

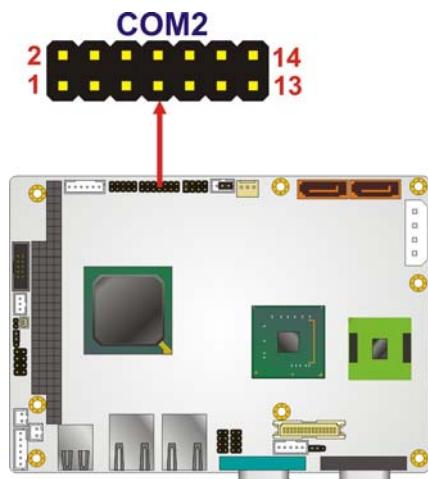
**CN Type:** 14-pin header

**CN Location:** See Figure 3-19

**CN Pinouts:** See Table 3-20

## WAFER-945GSE2 3.5" Motherboard

The 14-pin serial port connector connects to the COM2 serial communications channels. COM2 is a multi function channel. In default mode COM2 is an RS-232 serial communication channel but, with the COM2 function select jumper, can be configured as either an RS-422 or RS-485 serial communications channel.



**Figure 3-19: RS-232/422/485 Serial Port Connector Location**

Pin	Description	Pin	Description
1	DATA CARRIER DETECT (DCD)	2	DATA SET READY (DSR)
3	RECEIVE DATA (RXD)	4	REQUEST TO SEND (RTS)
5	TRANSMIT DATA (TXD)	6	CLEAR TO SEND (CTS)
7	DATA TERMINAL READY (DTR)	8	RING INDICATOR (RI)
9	GND	10	N/C
11	TXD485+	12	TXD485#
13	RXD485+	14	RXD485#

**Table 3-20: RS-232/422/485 Serial Port Connector Pinouts**

### 3.2.18 SPI Flash Connector

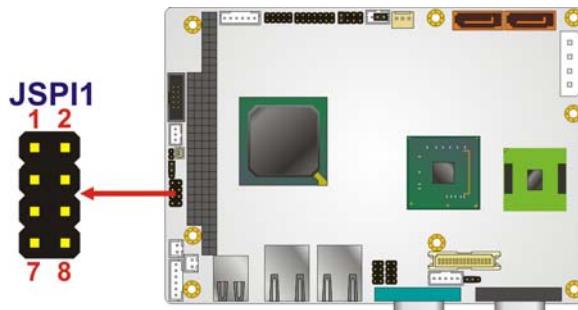
**CN Label:** JSPI1

**CN Type:** 8-pin header

**CN Location:** See **Figure 3-20**

**CN Pinouts:** See **Table 3-21**

The 8-pin SPI Flash connector is used to flash the BIOS.



**Figure 3-20: SPI Flash Connector**

Pin	Description	Pin	Description
1	VCC	2	GND
3	CS#	4	CLOCK
5	SO	6	SI
7	NC	8	NC

**Table 3-21: SPI Flash Connector**

### 3.2.19 USB Connectors (Internal)

**CN Label:** USB01 and USB23

**CN Type:** 8-pin header

**CN Location:** See **Figure 3-21**

**CN Pinouts:** See **Table 3-22**

The 2x4 USB pin connectors each provide connectivity to two USB 1.1 or two USB 2.0 ports. Each USB connector can support two USB devices. Additional external USB ports are found on the rear panel. The USB ports are used for I/O bus expansion.



Figure 3-21: USB Connector Pinout Locations

Pin	Description	Pin	Description
1	VCC	2	GND
3	DATA-	4	DATA+
5	DATA+	6	DATA-
7	GND	8	VCC

Table 3-22: USB Port Connector Pinouts

### 3.3 External Peripheral Interface Connector Panel

The figure below shows the external peripheral interface connector (EPIC) panel. The EPIC panel consists of the following:

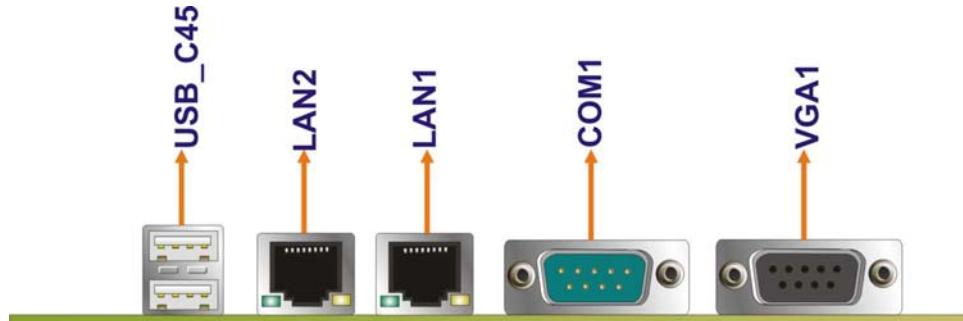


Figure 3-22: External Peripheral Interface Connector

### 3.3.1 Ethernet Connectors

**CN Label:** LAN1 and LAN2

**CN Type:** RJ-45 connector

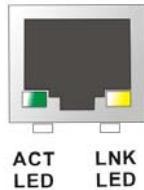
**CN Location:** See **Figure 3-22**

**CN Pinouts:** See **Table 3-23**

The WAFER-945GSE2 is equipped with two built-in RJ-45 Ethernet controllers. The controllers can connect to the LAN through two RJ-45 LAN connectors. There are two LEDs on the connector indicating the status of LAN. The pin assignments are listed in the following table:

Pin	Description	Pin	Description
1	MDIA3-	2	MDIA3+
3	MDIA2-	4	MDIA1-
5	MDIA1+	6	MDIA2+
7	MDIA0-	8	MDIA0+

**Table 3-23: LAN Pinouts**



**Figure 3-23: RJ-45 Ethernet Connector**

The RJ-45 Ethernet connector has two status LEDs, one green and one yellow. The green LED indicates activity on the port and the yellow LED indicates the port is linked. See **Table 3-24**.

Status	Description	Status	Description
Green	Activity	Yellow	Linked

**Table 3-24: RJ-45 Ethernet Connector LEDs**

### 3.3.2 Serial Port Connectors (COM1)

**CN Label:** COM1

**CN Type:** DB-9 connector

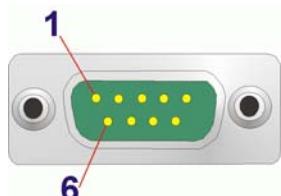
**CN Location:** See **Figure 3-22**

**CN Pinouts:** See **Table 3-25** and **Figure 3-24**

The serial port connects to a RS-232 serial communications device.

Pin	Description	Pin	Description
1	DCD	6	DSR
2	RX	7	RTS
3	TX	8	CTS
4	DTR	9	RI
5	GND		

**Table 3-25: RS-232 Serial Port (COM 1) Pinouts**



**Figure 3-24: COM1 Pinout Locations**

### 3.3.3 USB Connectors

**CN Label:** USB\_C45

**CN Type:** Dual USB port

**CN Location:** See **Figure 3-22**

**CN Pinouts:** See **Table 3-26**

The WAFER-945GSE2 has two external USB 2.0 ports. The ports connect to both USB 2.0 and USB 1.1 devices.

Pin	Description	Pin	Description
1	VCC	5	VCC
2	DATA-	6	DATA-
3	DATA+	7	DATA+
4	GND	8	GND

**Table 3-26: USB Port Pinouts**

### 3.3.4 VGA Connector

**CN Label:** VGA1

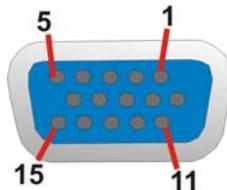
**CN Type:** 15-pin Female

**CN Location:** See **Figure 3-22**

**CN Pinouts:** See **Figure 3-25** and **Table 3-27**

The WAFER-945GSE2 has a single 15-pin female connector for connectivity to standard display devices.

PIN	DESCRIPTION	PIN	DESCRIPTION
1	RED	2	GREEN
3	BLUE	4	NC
5	GND	6	CRT_PLUG-
7	GND	8	GND
9	VCC	10	GND
11	NC	12	DDC DAT
13	H SYNC	14	V SYNC
15	DDCCLK		

**Table 3-27: VGA Connector Pinouts****Figure 3-25: VGA Connector**

Chapter

4

# Installation

---

## 4.1 Anti-static Precautions



### WARNING:

Failure to take ESD precautions during the installation of the WAFER-945GSE2 may result in permanent damage to the WAFER-945GSE2 and severe injury to the user.

Electrostatic discharge (ESD) can cause serious damage to electronic components, including the WAFER-945GSE2. Dry climates are especially susceptible to ESD. It is therefore critical that whenever the WAFER-945GSE2 or any other electrical component is handled, the following anti-static precautions are strictly adhered to.

- **Wear an anti-static wristband:** - Wearing a simple anti-static wristband can help to prevent ESD from damaging the board.
- **Self-grounding:** - Before handling the board touch any grounded conducting material. During the time the board is handled, frequently touch any conducting materials that are connected to the ground.
- **Use an anti-static pad:** When configuring the WAFER-945GSE2, place it on an anti-static pad. This reduces the possibility of ESD damaging the WAFER-945GSE2.
- **Only handle the edges of the PCB:** - When handling the PCB, hold the PCB by the edges.

## 4.2 Installation Considerations



### NOTE:

The following installation notices and installation considerations should be read and understood before installation. All installation notices must be strictly adhered to. Failing to adhere to these precautions may lead to severe damage and injury to the person performing the installation.

**WARNING:**

The installation instructions described in this manual should be carefully followed in order to prevent damage to the components and injury to the user.

Before and during the installation please **DO** the following:

- Read the user manual:
  - The user manual provides a complete description of the WAFER-945GSE2 installation instructions and configuration options.
- Wear an electrostatic discharge cuff (ESD):
  - Electronic components are easily damaged by ESD. Wearing an ESD cuff removes ESD from the body and helps prevent ESD damage.
- Place the WAFER-945GSE2 on an antistatic pad:
  - When installing or configuring the motherboard, place it on an antistatic pad. This helps to prevent potential ESD damage.
- Turn all power to the WAFER-945GSE2 off:
  - When working with the WAFER-945GSE2, make sure that it is disconnected from all power supplies and that no electricity is being fed into the system.

Before and during the installation of the WAFER-945GSE2 **DO NOT**:

- Remove any of the stickers on the PCB board. These stickers are required for warranty validation.
- Use the product before verifying all the cables and power connectors are properly connected.
- Allow screws to come in contact with the PCB circuit, connector pins, or its components.

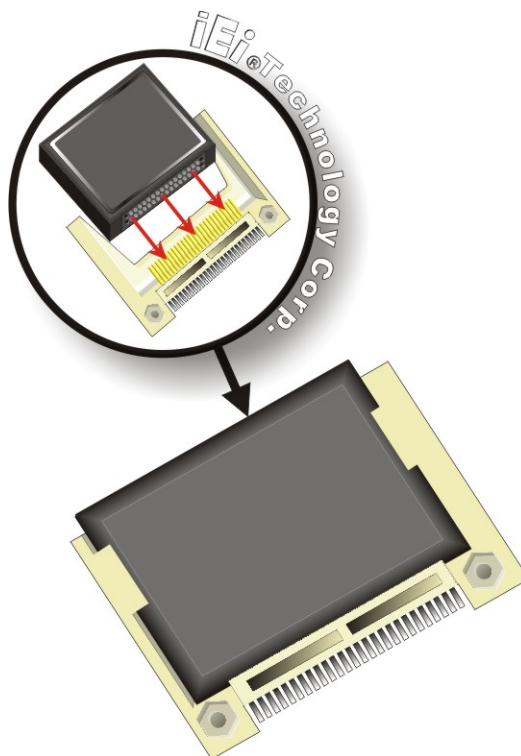
### 4.3 CF Card Installation

To install the CF card (Type 1 or Type 2) onto the WAFER-945GSE2, please follow the steps below:

**Step 1:** Locate the CF card socket. Place the WAFER-945GSE2 on an anti-static pad with the solder side facing up. Locate the CF card.

**Step 2:** Align the CF card. Make sure the CF card is properly aligned with the CF socket.

**Step 3:** Insert the CF card. Gently insert the CF card into the socket making sure the socket pins are properly inserted into the socket. See **Figure 4-1**.



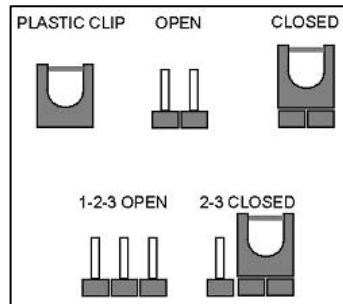
**Figure 4-1: CF Card Installation**

## 4.4 Jumper Settings



### NOTE:

A jumper is a metal bridge used to close an electrical circuit. It consists of two or three metal pins and a small metal clip (often protected by a plastic cover) that slides over the pins to connect them. To CLOSE/SHORT a jumper means connecting the pins of the jumper with the plastic clip and to OPEN a jumper means removing the plastic clip from a jumper.



The hardware jumpers must be set before installation. Jumpers are shown in **Table 4-1**.

Description	Label	Type
AT/ATX Power Mode Setting	ATXCTL1	3-pin header
CF Card Setting	JCF1	2-pin header
Clear CMOS Setup	J_CMOS1	3-pin header
COM2 Mode Setting	JP1	8-pin header
LVDS1 Voltage Select	J_VLVDS1	3-pin header

**Table 4-1: Jumpers**

### 4.4.1 AT/ATX Power Select Jumper



### NOTE:

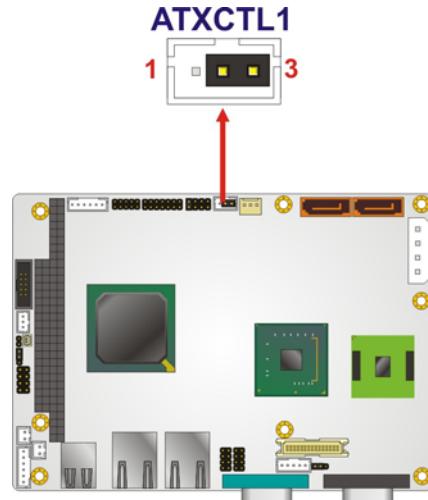
The AT/ATX Power Select Jumper is the same as the ATX Enable connector.

- Jumper Label:** ATXCTL1  
**Jumper Type:** 3-pin header  
**Jumper Settings:** See **Table 4-2**  
**Jumper Location:** See **Figure 4-2**

The AT/ATX Power Select jumper specifies the systems power mode as AT or ATX.

Setting	Description
Short 2-3	Use AT power (Default)
OFF	Use ATX power

**Table 4-2: AT/ATX Power Select Jumper Settings**



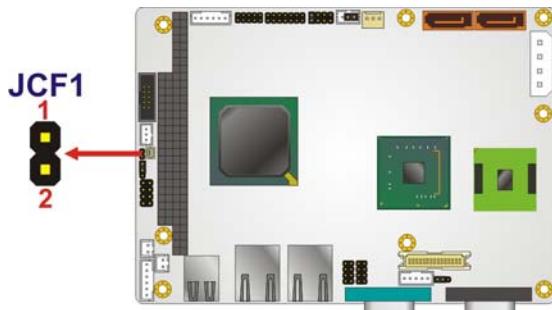
**Figure 4-2: AT/ATX Power Select Jumper Location**

#### 4.4.2 CF Card Setup

- Jumper Label:** JCF1  
**Jumper Type:** 2-pin header  
**Jumper Settings:** See **Table 4-3**  
**Jumper Location:** See **Figure 4-3**

The CF Card Setup jumper sets the CF Type I card or CF Type II cards as either the slave device or the master device.

Setting	Description
OFF	Slave (Default)
Short 1-2	Master

**Table 4-3: CF Card Setup Jumper Settings****Figure 4-3: CF Card Setup Jumper Location**

#### 4.4.3 Clear CMOS Jumper

**Jumper Label:** J\_CMOS1

**Jumper Type:** 3-pin header

**Jumper Settings:** See **Table 4-4**

**Jumper Location:** See **Figure 4-4**

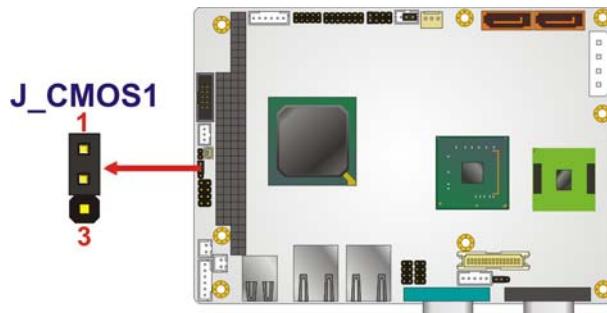
If the WAFER-945GSE2 fails to boot due to improper BIOS settings, the clear CMOS jumper clears the CMOS data and resets the system BIOS information. To do this, use the jumper cap to close pins 2 and 3 for a few seconds then reinstall the jumper clip back to pins 1 and 2.

If the “CMOS Settings Wrong” message is displayed during the boot up process, the fault may be corrected by pressing the F1 to enter the CMOS Setup menu. Do one of the following:

- Enter the correct CMOS setting
- Load Optimal Defaults
- Load Failsafe Defaults.

After having done one of the above, save the changes and exit the CMOS Setup menu.

Setting	Description
Short 1-2	Keep CMOS Setup (Default)
Short 2-3	Clear CMOS Setup

**Table 4-4: Clear BIOS Jumper Settings****Figure 4-4: Clear BIOS Jumper Location**

#### 4.4.4 COM 2 Function Select Jumper

**Jumper Label:** JP1

**Jumper Type:** 8-pin header

**Jumper Settings:** See **Table 4-5**

**Jumper Location:** See **Figure 4-5**

The COM 2 Function Select jumper sets the communication protocol used by the second serial communications port (COM 2) as RS-232, RS-422 or RS-485.

Setting	Description
Short 1-2	RS-232 (Default)
Short 3-4	RS-422
Short 5-6	RS-485
Short 5-6 Short 7-8	RS-485 with RTS control

**Table 4-5: COM 2 Function Select Jumper Settings**

## WAFER-945GSE2 3.5" Motherboard

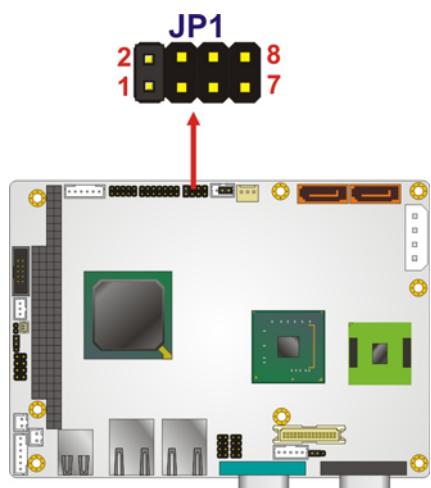


Figure 4-5: COM 2 Function Select Jumper Location

#### 4.4.5 LVDS Voltage Selection



##### WARNING:

Permanent damage to the screen and WAFER-945GSE2 may occur if the wrong voltage is selected with this jumper. Please refer to the user guide that came with the monitor to select the correct voltage.

**Jumper Label:** J\_VLVDS1

**Jumper Type:** 3-pin header

**Jumper Settings:** See Table 4-6

**Jumper Location:** See Figure 4-6

The LVDS Voltage Selection jumpers allow the LVDS screen voltages to be set.

Setting	Description
Short 1-2	+3.3V LVDS (Default)
Short 2-3	+5V LVDS

Table 4-6: LVDS Voltage Selection Jumper Settings

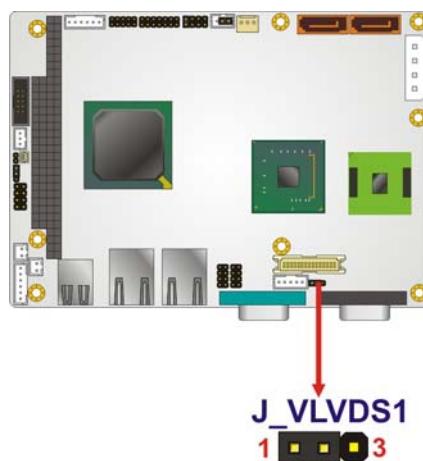


Figure 4-6: LVDS Voltage Selection Jumper Pinout Locations

## 4.5 Chassis Installation

### 4.5.1 Airflow



#### WARNING:

Airflow is critical to the cooling of the CPU and other onboard components. The chassis in which the WAFER-945GSE2 must have air vents to allow cool air to move into the system and hot air to move out.

The WAFER-945GSE2 must be installed in a chassis with ventilation holes on the sides allowing airflow to travel through the heat sink surface. In a system with an individual power supply unit, the cooling fan of a power supply can also help generate airflow through the board surface.

**NOTE:**

IEI has a wide range of backplanes available. Please contact your WAFER-945GSE2 vendor, reseller or an IEI sales representative at [sales@iei.com.tw](mailto:sales@iei.com.tw) or visit the IEI website (<http://www.ieeworld.com.tw>) to find out more about the available chassis.

#### 4.5.2 Motherboard Installation

To install the WAFER-945GSE2 motherboard into the chassis please refer to the reference material that came with the chassis.

### 4.6 Internal Peripheral Device Connections

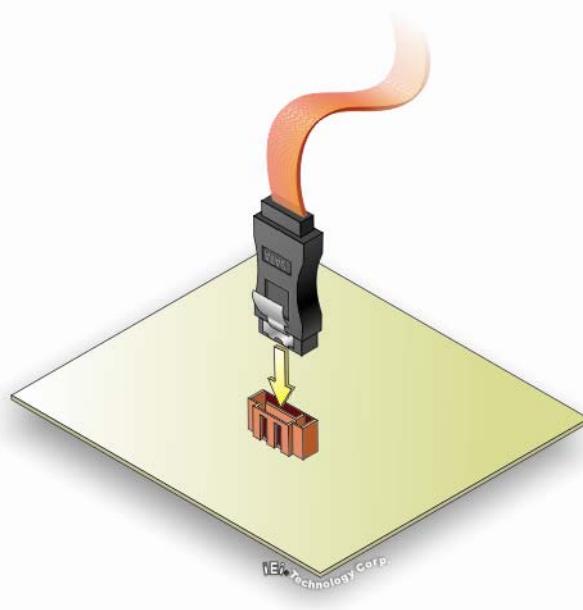
This section outlines the installation of peripheral devices to the onboard connectors.

#### 4.6.1 SATA Drive Connection

The WAFER-945GSE2 is shipped with two SATA drive cables . To connect the SATA drives to the connectors, please follow the steps below.

**Step 1: Locate the connectors.** The locations of the SATA drive connectors are shown in [Chapter 3](#).

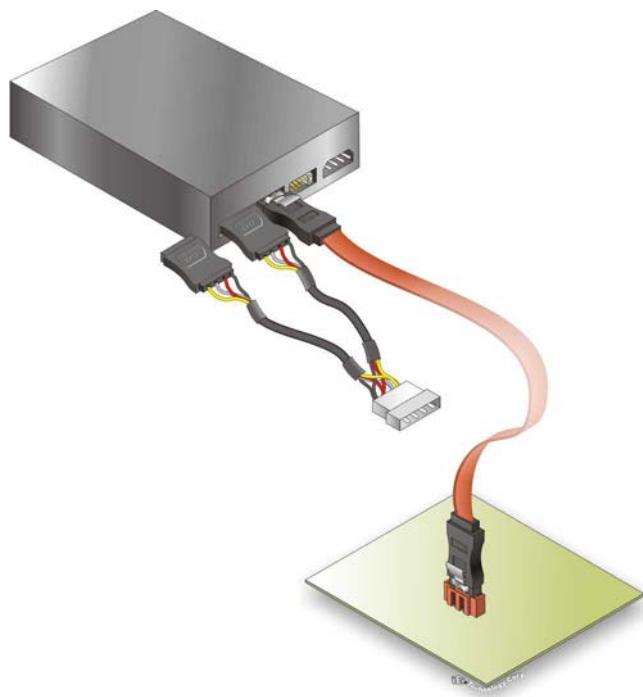
**Step 2: Insert the cable connector.** Insert the cable connector into the on-board SATA drive connector until it clips into place. See [Figure 4-7](#).



**Figure 4-7: SATA Drive Cable Connection**

**Step 3: Connect the cable to the SATA disk.** Connect the connector on the other end of the cable to the connector at the back of the SATA drive. See **Figure 4-8**.

**Step 4: Connect the SATA power cable (optional).** Connect the SATA power connector to the back of the SATA drive. See **Figure 4-8**.



**Figure 4-8: SATA Power Cable Connection**

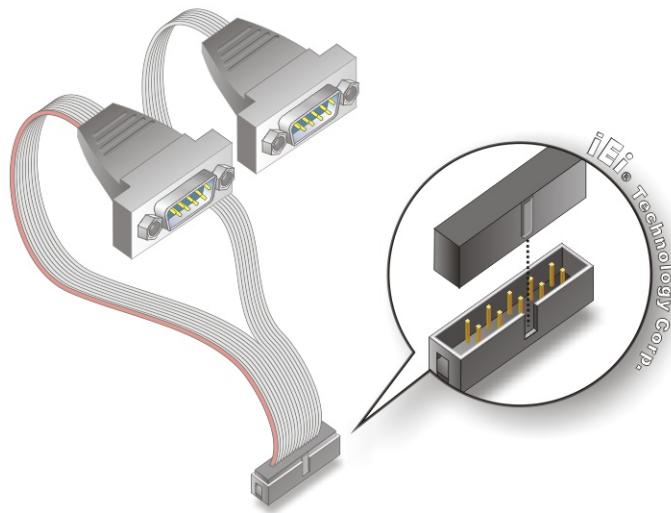
The SATA power cable can be bought from IEI. See Optional Items in Section 2.4.

#### **4.6.2 Dual RS-232 Cable Connection (w/o bracket) (Optional)**

The dual RS-232 cable consists of two connectors attached to two independent cables. Each cable is then attached to a D-sub 9-pin male connector. To install the dual RS-232 cable, please follow the steps below.

**Step 1: Locate the connectors.** The locations of the RS-232 connectors are shown in **Chapter 3**.

**Step 2: Insert the cable connectors.** Insert one connector into each serial port box headers. See **Figure 4-9**. A key on the front of the cable connectors ensures the connector can only be installed in one direction.



**Figure 4-9: Dual RS-232 Cable Installation**

**Step 3: Secure the connectors.** Both single RS-232 connectors have two retention screws that must be secured to a chassis or bracket.

**Step 4: Connect the serial device.** Once the single RS-232 connectors are connected to a chassis or bracket, a serial communications device can be connected to the system.

#### 4.6.3 Keyboard/Mouse Y-cable Connector

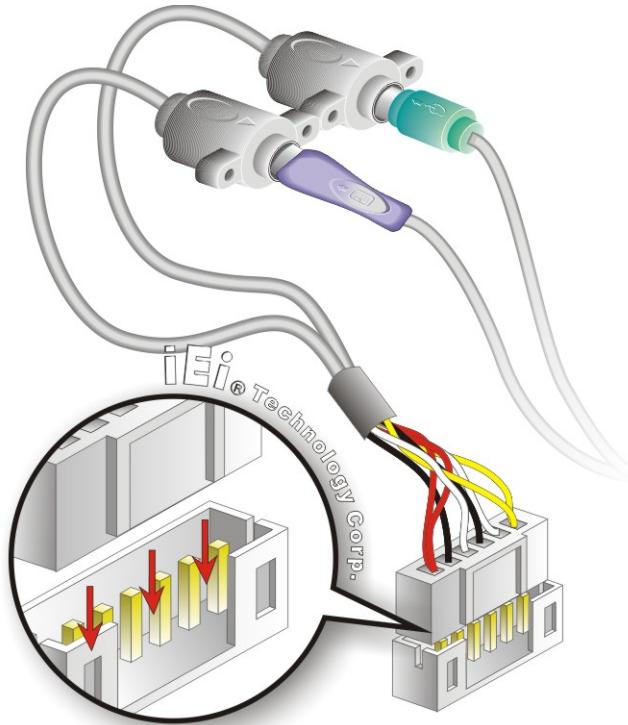
The WAFER-945GSE2 is shipped with a keyboard/mouse Y-cable connector. The keyboard/mouse Y-cable connector connects to a keyboard/mouse connector on the WAFER-945GSE2 and branches into two cables that are each connected to a PS/2 connector, one for a mouse and one for a keyboard. To connect the keyboard/mouse Y-cable connector, please follow the steps below.

**Step 1: Locate the connector.** The location of the keyboard/mouse Y-cable connector is shown in **Chapter 3**.

**Step 2: Align the connectors.** Correctly align pin 1 on the cable connector with pin 1 on the WAFER-945GSE2 keyboard/mouse connector. See **Figure 4-10**.

**Step 3: Insert the cable connectors** Once the cable connector is properly aligned with

the keyboard/mouse connector on the WAFER-945GSE2, connect the cable connector to the on-board connectors. See **Figure 4-10**.



**Figure 4-10: Keyboard/mouse Y-cable Connection**

**Step 4: Attach PS/2 connectors to the chassis.** The keyboard/mouse Y-cable connector is connected to two PS/2 connectors. To secure the PS/2 connectors to the chassis please refer to the installation instructions that came with the chassis.

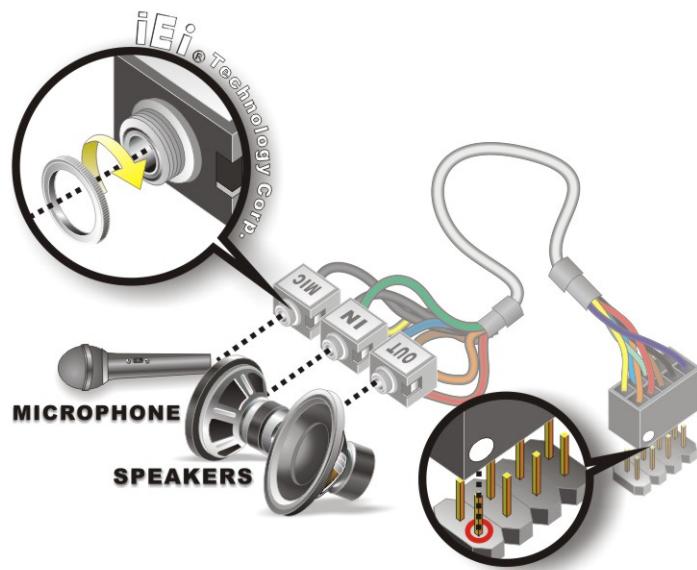
**Step 5: Connect the keyboard and mouse.** Once the PS/2 connectors are connected to the chassis, a keyboard and mouse can each be connected to one of the PS/2 connectors. The keyboard PS/2 connector and mouse PS/2 connector are both marked. Please make sure the keyboard and mouse are connected to the correct PS/2 connector.

#### 4.6.4 Audio Kit Installation

The Audio Kit that came with the WAFER-945GSE2 connects to the 10-pin audio connector on the WAFER-945GSE2. The audio kit consists of three audio jacks. One audio jack, Mic In, connects to a microphone. The remaining two audio jacks, Line-In and Line-Out, connect to two speakers. To install the audio kit, please refer to the steps below:

**Step 1: Locate the audio connector.** The location of the 10-pin audio connector is shown in [Chapter 3](#).

**Step 2: Align pin 1.** Align pin 1 on the on-board connector with pin 1 on the audio kit connector. Pin 1 on the audio kit connector is indicated with a white dot. See [Figure 4-11](#).



**Figure 4-11: Audio Kit Cable Connection**

**Step 3: Connect the audio devices.** Connect one speaker to the line-in audio jack, one speaker to the line-out audio jack and a microphone to the mic-in audio jack.

#### 4.6.5 PC/104 Module Installation

The WAFER-945GSE2 has a standard PC/104 connector. To install a PC/104 module, please refer to and follow the installation instructions and diagram below:

## WAFER-945GSE2 3.5" Motherboard

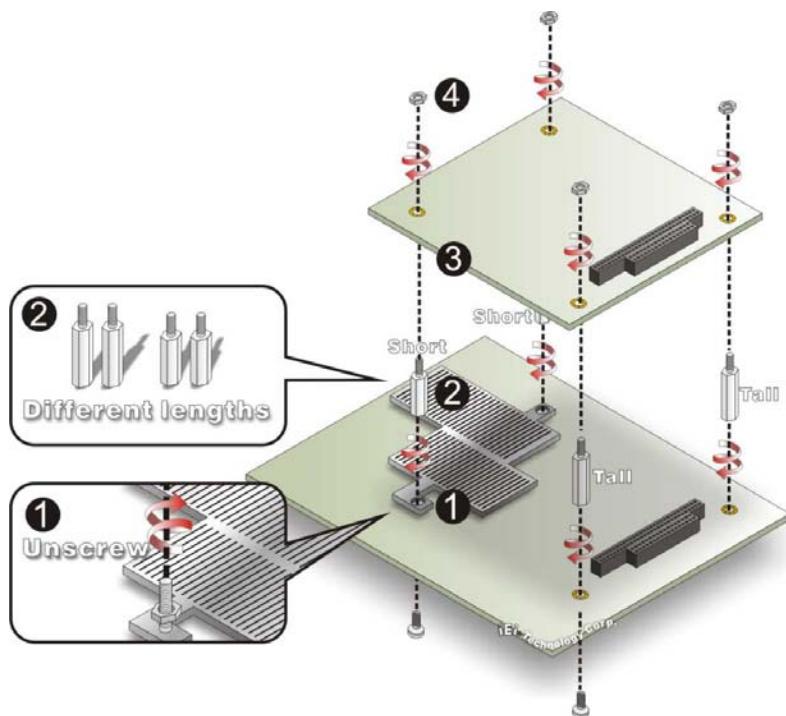


Figure 4-12: WAFER-945GSE2 PC/104 module installation

**Step 4: Remove retention nuts.** Remove the two nuts securing the heatsink and two nuts securing the WAFER-945GSE2 to the chassis.

**Step 5: Attach intermediate poles.** Insert the two short plastic intermediate poles into the bolts securing the heatsink. Insert the two tall plastic intermediate poles.

**Step 6: Align the PC/104 connector.** Align the PC/104 module connector with the corresponding connector on the WAFER-945GSE2 (connector CN2). Gently push the module down to ensure the connectors are properly connected.

**Step 7: Replace the retention nuts.** Screw the four retention nuts onto the intermediate poles to secure the PC/104 module.

#### 4.6.6 USB Cable (Dual Port without Bracket) (Optional)

The WAFER-945GSE2 is shipped with a dual port USB 2.0 cable. To connect the USB cable connector, please follow the steps below.

**Step 1:** **Locate the connectors.** The locations of the USB connectors are shown in **Chapter 3.**

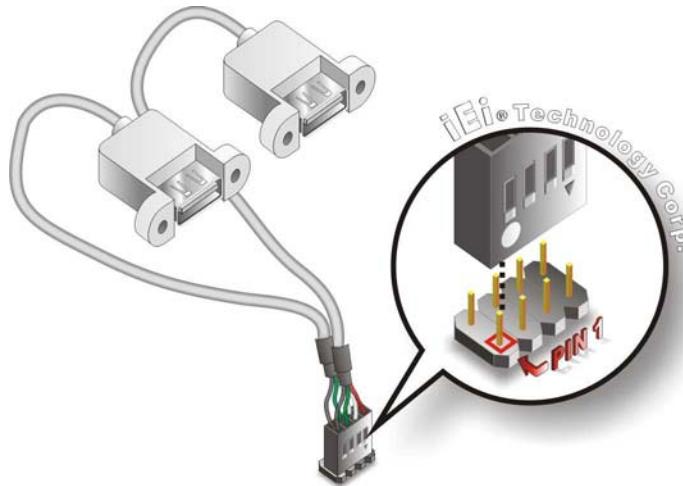


**WARNING:**

If the USB pins are not properly aligned, the USB device can burn out.

**Step 2:** **Align the connectors.** The cable has two connectors. Correctly align pin 1 on each cable connector with pin 1 on the WAFER-945GSE2 USB connector.

**Step 3:** **Insert the cable connectors.** Once the cable connectors are properly aligned with the USB connectors on the WAFER-945GSE2, connect the cable connectors to the on-board connectors. See **Figure 4-13.**



**Figure 4-13: Dual USB Cable Connection**

**Step 4:** **Attach the USB connectors to the chassis.** The USB 2.0 connectors each of two retention screw holes. To secure the connectors to the chassis please refer to the installation instructions that came with the chassis.

## 4.7 External Peripheral Interface Connection

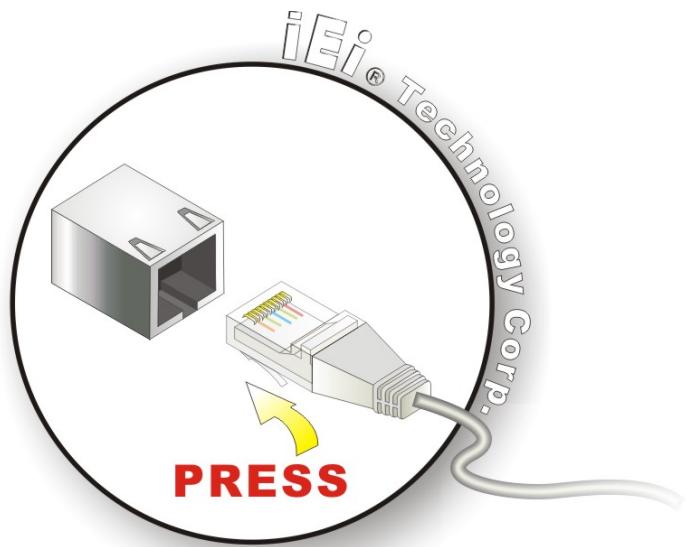
This section describes connecting devices to the external connectors on the WAFER-945GSE2.

#### 4.7.1 LAN Connection

There are two external RJ-45 LAN connectors. The RJ-45 connectors enable connection to an external network. To connect a LAN cable with an RJ-45 connector, please follow the instructions below.

**Step 1: Locate the RJ-45 connectors.** The locations of the RJ-45 connectors are shown in [Chapter 3](#).

**Step 2: Align the connectors.** Align the RJ-45 connector on the LAN cable with one of the RJ-45 connectors on the WAFER-945GSE2. See [Figure 4-14](#).



**Figure 4-14: LAN Connection**

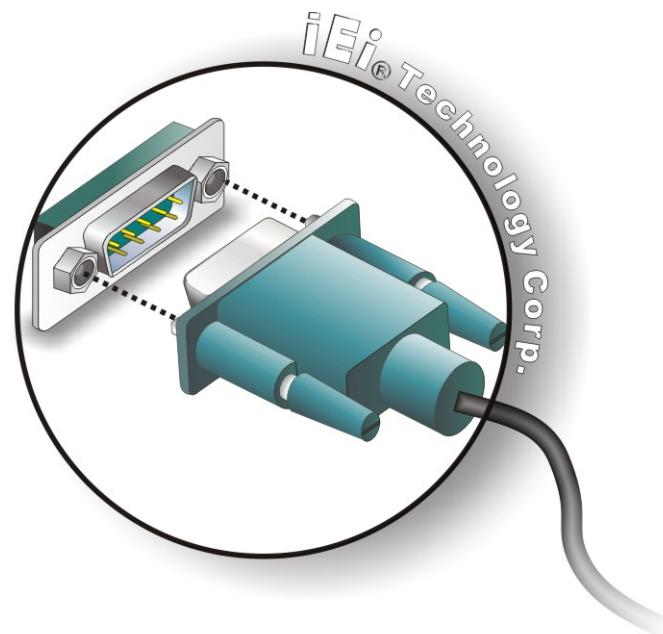
**Step 3: Insert the LAN cable RJ-45 connector.** Once aligned, gently insert the LAN cable RJ-45 connector into the on-board RJ-45 connector.

#### 4.7.2 Serial Device Connection

The WAFER-945GSE2 has a single female DB-9 connector on the external peripheral interface panel for a serial device. Follow the steps below to connect a serial device to the WAFER-945GSE2.

**Step 1:** Locate the DB-9 connector. The location of the DB-9 connector is shown in Chapter 3.

**Step 2:** Insert the serial connector. Insert the DB-9 connector of a serial device into the DB-9 connector on the external peripheral interface. See **Figure 4-15**.



**Figure 4-15: Serial Device Connector**

**Step 3:** Secure the connector. Secure the serial device connector to the external interface by tightening the two retention screws on either side of the connector.

#### 4.7.3 USB Connection (Dual Connector)

The external USB receptacle connectors provide easier and quicker access to external USB devices. Follow the steps below to connect USB devices to the WAFER-945GSE2.

**Step 1:** Locate the USB receptacle connectors. The location of the USB receptacle connectors are shown in **Chapter 3**.

**Step 2:** Insert a USB plug. Insert the USB plug of a device into the USB receptacle on the external peripheral interface. See **Figure 4-16**.

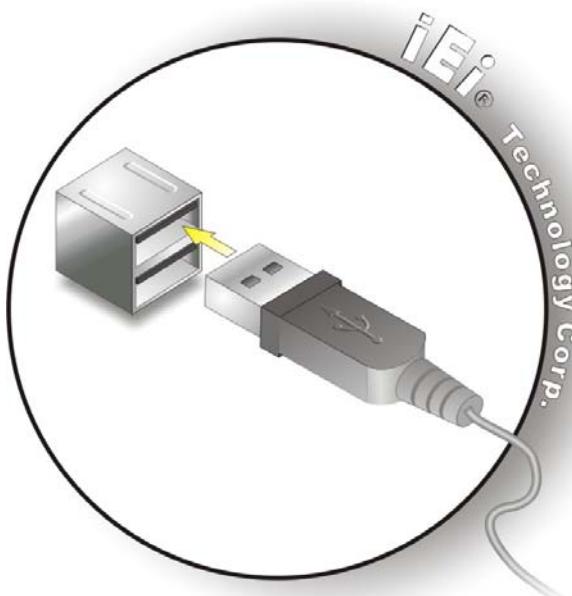


Figure 4-16: USB Connector

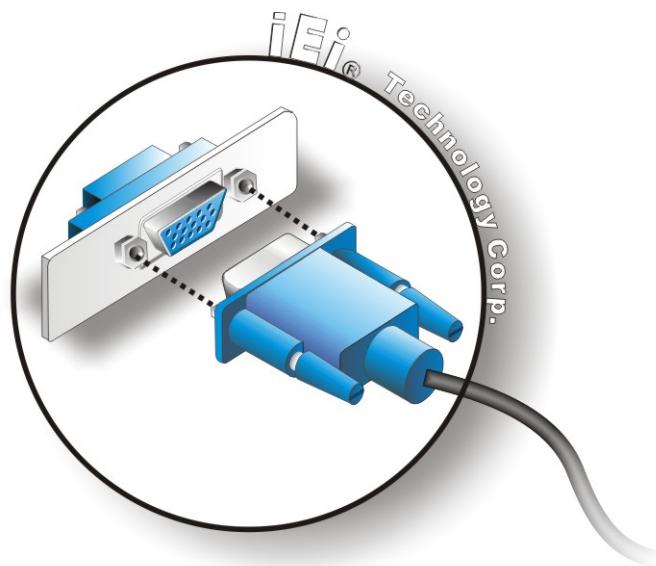
#### 4.7.4 VGA Monitor Connection

The WAFER-945GSE2 has a single female DB-15 connector on the external peripheral interface panel. The DB-15 connector is connected to a CRT or VGA monitor. To connect a monitor to the WAFER-945GSE2, please follow the instructions below.

**Step 1: Locate the female DB-15 connector.** The location of the female DB-15 connector is shown in [Chapter 3](#).

**Step 2: Align the VGA connector.** Align the male DB-15 connector on the VGA screen cable with the female DB-15 connector on the external peripheral interface.

**Step 3: Insert the VGA connector** Once the connectors are properly aligned with the insert the male connector from the VGA screen into the female connector on the WAFER-945GSE2. See [Figure 4-17](#).



**Figure 4-17: VGA Connector**

**Step 4: Secure the connector.** Secure the DB-15 VGA connector from the VGA monitor to the external interface by tightening the two retention screws on either side of the connector.

Chapter

5

# BIOS

---

## 5.1 Introduction

The BIOS is programmed onto the BIOS chip. The BIOS setup program allows changes to certain system settings. This chapter outlines the options that can be changed.

### 5.1.1 Starting Setup

The AMI BIOS is activated when the computer is turned on. The setup program can be activated in one of two ways.

1. Press the **DELETE** key as soon as the system is turned on or
2. Press the **DELETE** key when the “**Press DEL to enter SETUP**” message appears on the screen.

If the message disappears before the **DELETE** key is pressed, restart the computer and try again.

### 5.1.2 Using Setup

Use the arrow keys to highlight items, press **ENTER** to select, use the **PageUp** and **PageDown** keys to change entries, press **F1** for help and press **Esc** to quit. Navigation keys are shown in **Table 5-1**.

Key	Function
Up arrow	Move to previous item
Down arrow	Move to next item
Left arrow	Move to the item on the left hand side
Right arrow	Move to the item on the right hand side
Esc key	Main Menu – Quit and not save changes into CMOS Status Page Setup Menu and Option Page Setup Menu -- Exit current page and return to Main Menu
Page Up key	Increase the numeric value or make changes
Page Dn key	Decrease the numeric value or make changes
F1 key	General help, only for Status Page Setup Menu and Option Page Setup Menu

Key	Function
F2/F3 key	Change color from total 3 colors. F2 to select color forward
F10	Save all the CMOS changes, only for Main Menu

**Table 5-1: BIOS Navigation Keys**

### 5.1.3 Getting Help

When **F1** is pressed a small help window describing the appropriate keys to use and the possible selections for the highlighted item appears. To exit the Help Window press **Esc** or the **F1** key again.

### 5.1.4 Unable to Reboot after Configuration Changes

If the computer cannot boot after changes to the system configuration is made, CMOS defaults. Use the jumper described in Chapter 4.

### 5.1.5 BIOS Menu Bar

The **menu bar** on top of the BIOS screen has the following main items:

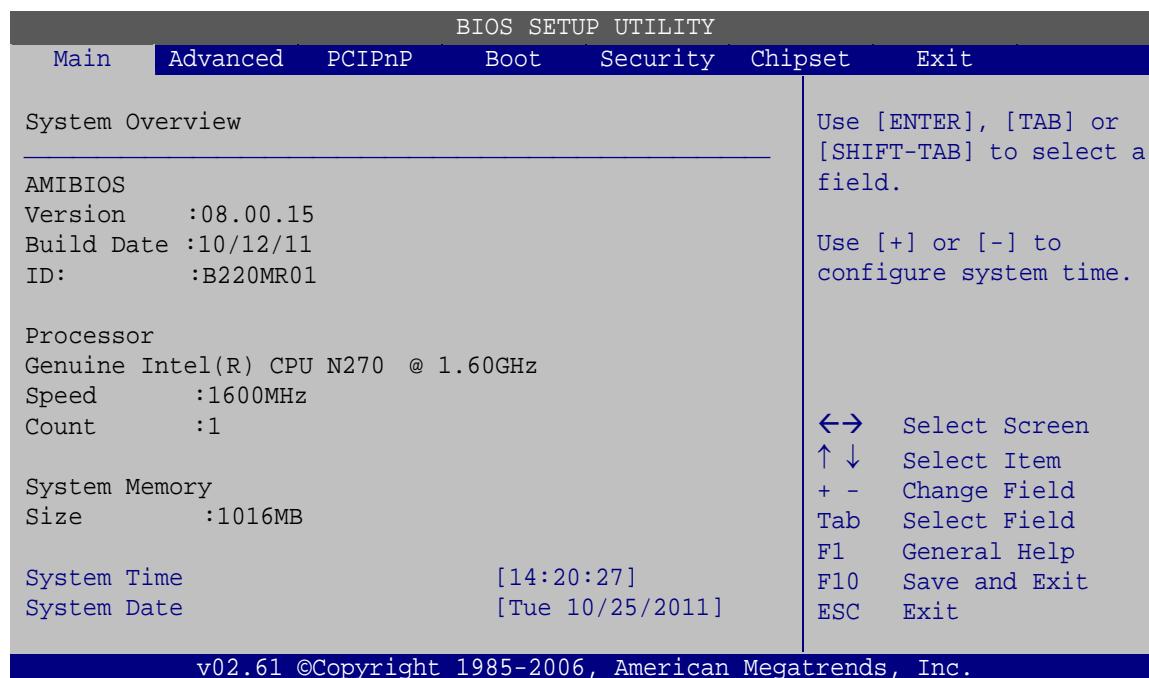
- Main – Changes the basic system configuration.
- Advanced – Changes the advanced system settings.
- PCI/PnP – Changes the advanced PCI/PnP settings
- Boot – Changes the system boot configuration.
- Security – Sets User and Supervisor Passwords.
- Chipset – Changes the chipset settings.
- Exit – Selects exit options and loads default settings

The following sections completely describe the configuration options found in the menu items at the top of the BIOS screen and listed above.

## 5.2 Main

The **Main** BIOS menu (**BIOS Menu 1**) appears when the **BIOS Setup** program is entered.

The **Main** menu gives an overview of the basic system information.



### BIOS Menu 1: Main

#### → System Overview

The **System Overview** lists a brief summary of different system components. The fields in **System Overview** cannot be changed. The items shown in the system overview include:

- **AMI BIOS:** Displays auto-detected BIOS information
  - Version: Current BIOS version
  - Build Date: Date the current BIOS version was made
  - ID: Installed BIOS ID
- **Processor:** Displays auto-detected CPU specifications
  - Type: Names the currently installed processor
  - Speed: Lists the processor speed
  - Count: The number of CPUs on the motherboard
- **System Memory:** Displays the auto-detected system memory.
  - Size: Lists memory size

## WAFER-945GSE2 3.5" Motherboard

The System Overview field also has two user configurable fields:

→ **System Time [xx:xx:xx]**

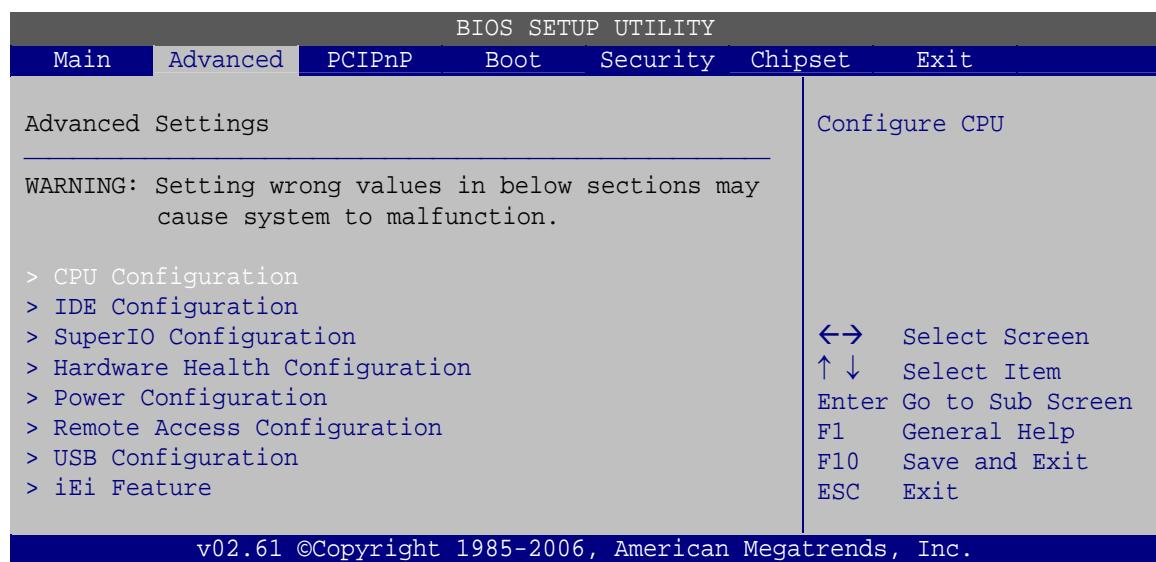
Use the **System Time** option to set the system time. Manually enter the hours, minutes and seconds.

→ **System Date [xx/xx/xx]**

Use the **System Date** option to set the system date. Manually enter the day, month and year.

## 5.3 Advanced

Use the **Advanced** menu (**BIOS Menu 2**) to configure the CPU and peripheral devices through the following sub-menus:



**BIOS Menu 2: Advanced**

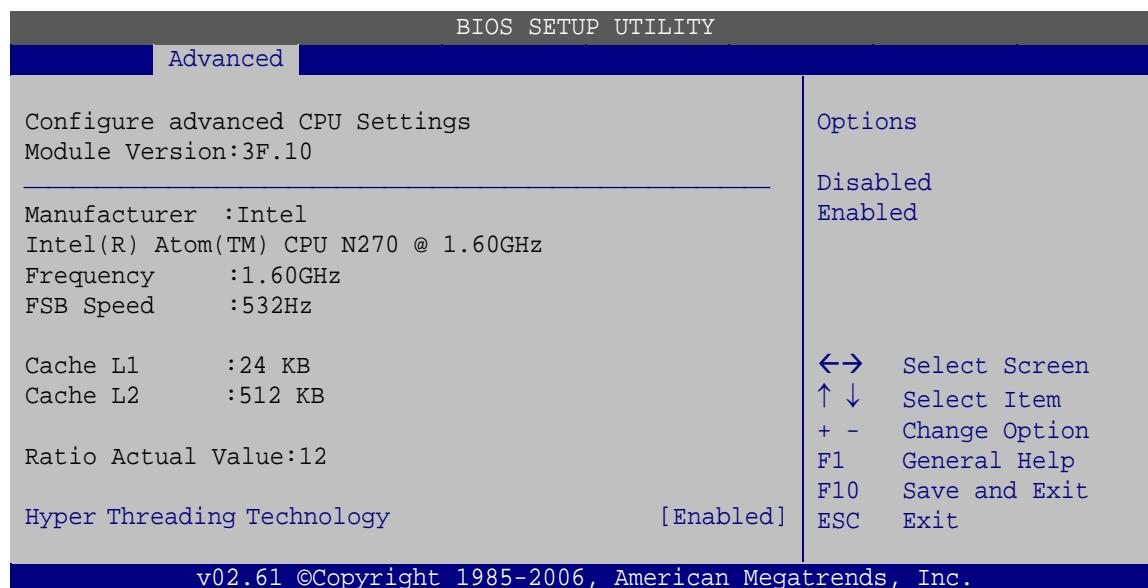


### **WARNING:**

Setting the wrong values in the sections below may cause the system to malfunction. Make sure that the settings made are compatible with the hardware.

### 5.3.1 CPU Configuration

Use the **CPU Configuration** menu (**BIOS Menu 3**) to view detailed CPU specifications and configure the CPU.



#### BIOS Menu 3: CPU Configuration

The CPU Configuration menu (**BIOS Menu 3**) lists the following CPU details:

- **Manufacturer:** Lists the name of the CPU manufacturer
- **Brand String:** Lists the brand name of the CPU being used
- **Frequency:** Lists the CPU processing speed
- **FSB Speed:** Lists the FSB speed
- **Cache L1:** Lists the CPU L1 cache size
- **Cache L2:** Lists the CPU L2 cache size
- **Ratio Actual Value:** Lists the ratio of the frequency to the clock speed

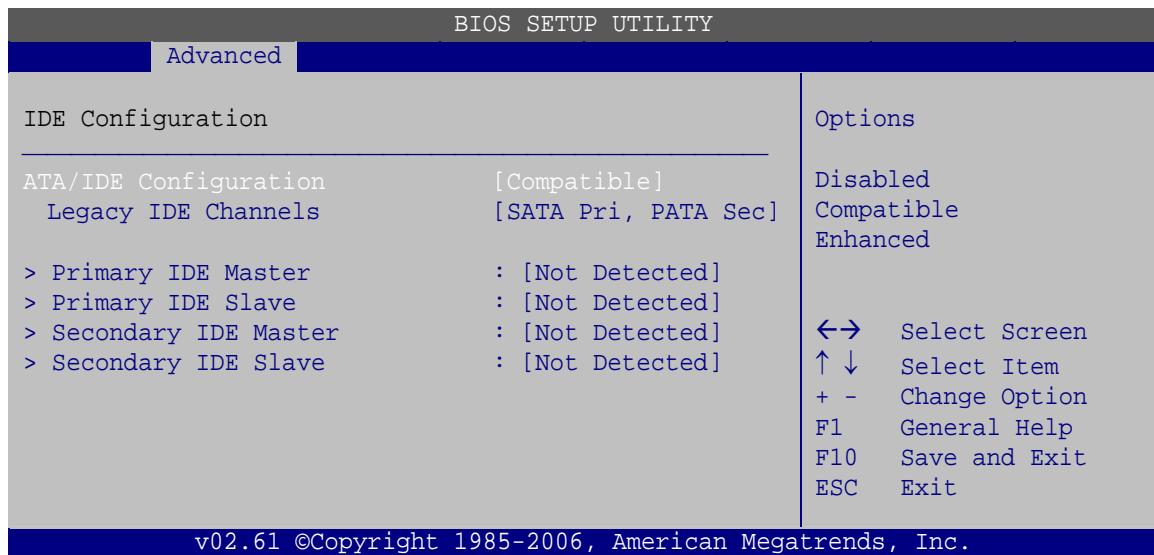
#### → Hyper-Threading Technology [Enabled]

Use the **Hyper Threading Technology** BIOS option to enable or disable the Intel Hyper-Threading Technology.

- **Disabled** Disables the Intel Hyper-Threading Technology.
- **Enabled DEFAULT** Enables the Intel Hyper-Threading Technology.

### 5.3.2 IDE Configuration

Use the **IDE Configuration** menu (**BIOS Menu 4**) to change and/or set the configuration of the IDE devices installed in the system.



#### BIOS Menu 4: IDE Configuration

##### → ATA/IDE Configuration [Compatible]

Use the **ATA/IDE Configuration** option to configure the ATA/IDE controller.

- |                                    |   |
|------------------------------------|---|
| → <b>Disabled</b>                  | Disables the on-board ATA/IDE controller.   |
| → <b>Compatible</b> <b>DEFAULT</b> | Configures the on-board ATA/IDE controller to be in compatible mode. In this mode, a SATA channel will replace one of the IDE channels. This mode supports up to 4 storage devices.                                 |
| → <b>Enhanced</b>                  | Configures the on-board ATA/IDE controller to be in Enhanced mode. In this mode, IDE channels and SATA channels are separated. This mode supports up to 6 storage devices. Some legacy OS do not support this mode. |

→ Legacy IDE Channels [SATA Pri, PATA Sec]

- |                      |   |
|----------------------|---|
| → SATA Only          | Only the SATA drives are enabled.   |
| → SATA Pri, PATA Sec | <b>DEFAULT</b> The SATA drives are enabled on the Primary IDE channel. The IDE drives are enabled on the Secondary IDE channel. |
| → PATA Only          | The IDE drives are enabled on the primary and secondary IDE channels. SATA drives are disabled.                                 |

→ IDE Master and IDE Slave

When entering setup, BIOS auto detects the presence of IDE devices. BIOS displays the status of the auto detected IDE devices. The following IDE devices are detected and are shown in the **IDE Configuration** menu:

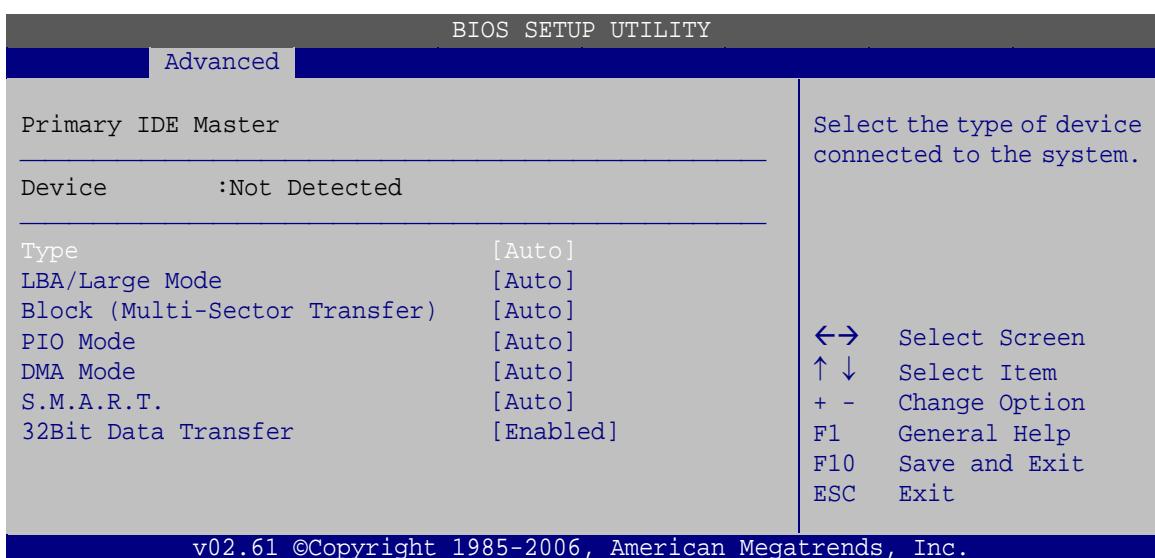
- Primary IDE Master
- Primary IDE Slave
- Secondary IDE Master
- Secondary IDE Slave

The **IDE Configuration** menu (**BIOS Menu 4**) allows changes to the configurations for the IDE devices installed in the system. If an IDE device is detected, and one of the above listed four BIOS configuration options is selected, the IDE configuration options shown in **Section 5.3.2.1** appear.

### 5.3.2.1 IDE Master, IDE Slave

Use the **IDE Master** and **IDE Slave** configuration menu to view both primary and secondary IDE device details and configure the IDE devices connected to the system.

## WAFER-945GSE2 3.5" Motherboard

**BIOS Menu 5: IDE Master and IDE Slave Configuration**

→ **Auto-Detected Drive Parameters**

The “grayed-out” items in the left frame are IDE disk drive parameters automatically detected from the firmware of the selected IDE disk drive. The drive parameters are listed as follows:

- **Device:** Lists the device type (e.g. hard disk, CD-ROM etc.)
- **Type:** Indicates the type of devices a user can manually select
- **Vendor:** Lists the device manufacturer
- **Size:** List the storage capacity of the device.
- **LBA Mode:** Indicates whether the LBA (Logical Block Addressing) is a method of addressing data on a disk drive is supported or not.
- **Block Mode:** Block mode boosts IDE drive performance by increasing the amount of data transferred. Only 512 bytes of data can be transferred per interrupt if block mode is not used. Block mode allows transfers of up to 64 KB per interrupt.
- **PIO Mode:** Indicates the PIO mode of the installed device.
- **Async DMA:** Indicates the highest Asynchronous DMA Mode that is supported.
- **Ultra DMA:** Indicates the highest Synchronous DMA Mode that is supported.
- **S.M.A.R.T.:** Indicates whether or not the Self-Monitoring Analysis and Reporting Technology protocol is supported.

- **32Bit Data Transfer:** Enables 32-bit data transfer.

→ **Type [Auto]**

Use the **Type** BIOS option select the type of device the AMIBIOS attempts to boot from after the Power-On Self-Test (POST) is complete.

- **Not Installed** BIOS is prevented from searching for an IDE disk drive on the specified channel.
- **Auto** **DEFAULT** The BIOS auto detects the IDE disk drive type attached to the specified channel. This setting should be used if an IDE hard disk drive is attached to the specified channel.
- **CD/DVD** The CD/DVD option specifies that an IDE CD-ROM drive is attached to the specified IDE channel. The BIOS does not attempt to search for other types of IDE disk drives on the specified channel.
- **ARMD** This option specifies an ATAPI Removable Media Device. These include, but are not limited to:
  - ZIP
  - LS-120

→ **LBA/Large Mode [Auto]**

Use the **LBA/Large Mode** option to disable or enable BIOS to auto detects LBA (Logical Block Addressing). LBA is a method of addressing data on a disk drive. In LBA mode, the maximum drive capacity is 137 GB.

- **Disabled** BIOS is prevented from using the LBA mode control on the specified channel.
- **Auto** **DEFAULT** BIOS auto detects the LBA mode control on the specified channel.

## WAFER-945GSE2 3.5" Motherboard

### → Block (Multi Sector Transfer) [Auto]

Use the **Block (Multi Sector Transfer)** to disable or enable BIOS to auto detect if the device supports multi-sector transfers.

→ **Disabled** BIOS is prevented from using Multi-Sector Transfer on the specified channel. The data to and from the device occurs one sector at a time.

→ **Auto** **DEFAULT** BIOS auto detects Multi-Sector Transfer support on the drive on the specified channel. If supported the data transfer to and from the device occurs multiple sectors at a time.

### → PIO Mode [Auto]

Use the **PIO Mode** option to select the IDE PIO (Programmable I/O) mode program timing cycles between the IDE drive and the programmable IDE controller. As the PIO mode increases, the cycle time decreases.

→ **Auto** **DEFAULT** BIOS auto detects the PIO mode. Use this value if the IDE disk drive support cannot be determined.

→ **0** PIO mode 0 selected with a maximum transfer rate of 3.3MBps

→ **1** PIO mode 1 selected with a maximum transfer rate of 5.2MBps

→ **2** PIO mode 2 selected with a maximum transfer rate of 8.3MBps

→ **3** PIO mode 3 selected with a maximum transfer rate of 11.1MBps

→ **4** PIO mode 4 selected with a maximum transfer rate of 16.6MBps  
(This setting generally works with all hard disk drives manufactured after 1999. For other disk drives, such as IDE CD-ROM drives, check the specifications of the drive.)

### → DMA Mode [Auto]

Use the **DMA Mode** BIOS selection to adjust the DMA mode options.

→ **Auto** **DEFAULT** BIOS auto detects the DMA mode. Use this value if the IDE disk drive support cannot be determined.

- ➔ **SWDMA0** Single Word DMA mode 0 selected with a maximum data transfer rate of 2.1MBps
- ➔ **SWDMA1** Single Word DMA mode 1 selected with a maximum data transfer rate of 4.2MBps
- ➔ **SWDMA2** Single Word DMA mode 2 selected with a maximum data transfer rate of 8.3MBps
- ➔ **MWDMA0** Multi Word DMA mode 0 selected with a maximum data transfer rate of 4.2MBps
- ➔ **MWDMA1** Multi Word DMA mode 1 selected with a maximum data transfer rate of 13.3MBps
- ➔ **MWDMA2** Multi Word DMA mode 2 selected with a maximum data transfer rate of 16.6MBps
- ➔ **UDMA1** Ultra DMA mode 0 selected with a maximum data transfer rate of 16.6MBps
- ➔ **UDMA1** Ultra DMA mode 1 selected with a maximum data transfer rate of 25MBps
- ➔ **UDMA2** Ultra DMA mode 2 selected with a maximum data transfer rate of 33.3MBps
- ➔ **UDMA3** Ultra DMA mode 3 selected with a maximum data transfer rate of 44MBps (To use this mode, it is required that an 80-conductor ATA cable is used.)
- ➔ **UDMA4** Ultra DMA mode 4 selected with a maximum data transfer rate of 66.6MBps (To use this mode, it is required that an 80-conductor ATA cable is used.)
- ➔ **UDMA5** Ultra DMA mode 5 selected with a maximum data transfer rate of 99.9MBps (To use this mode, it is required that an 80-conductor ATA cable is used.)

## WAFER-945GSE2 3.5" Motherboard

→ **S.M.A.R.T [Auto]**

Use the **S.M.A.R.T** option to auto-detect, disable or enable Self-Monitoring Analysis and Reporting Technology (SMART) on the drive on the specified channel. **S.M.A.R.T** predicts impending drive failures. The **S.M.A.R.T** BIOS option enables or disables this function.

- **Auto**      **DEFAULT**      BIOS auto detects HDD SMART support.
- **Disabled**      Prevents BIOS from using the HDD SMART feature.
- **Enabled**      Allows BIOS to use the HDD SMART feature

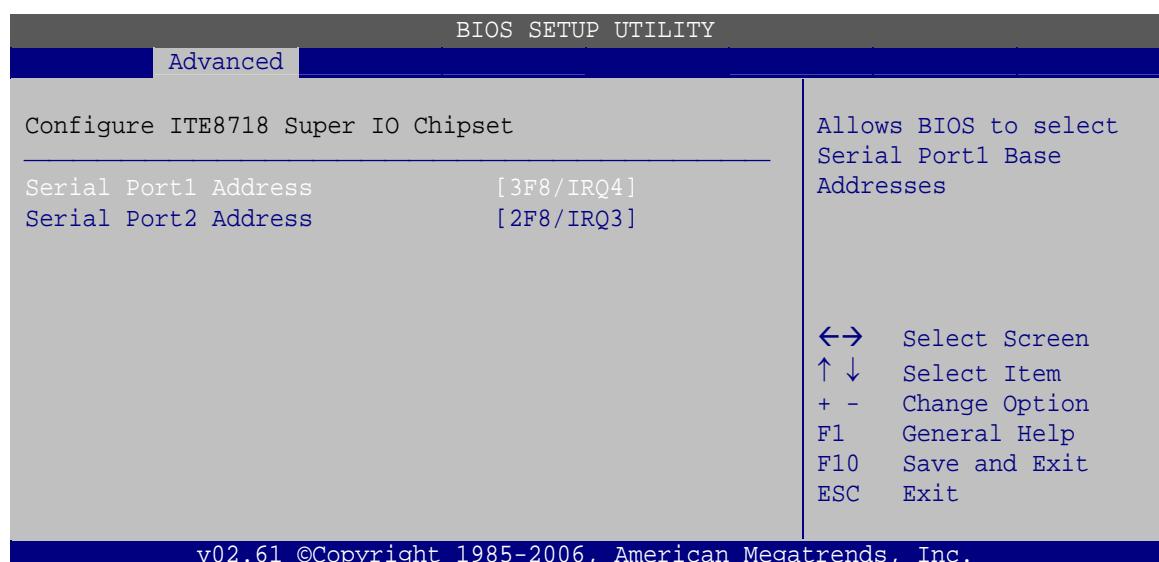
→ **32Bit Data Transfer [Enabled]**

Use the **32Bit Data Transfer** BIOS option to enables or disable 32-bit data transfers.

- **Disabled**      Prevents the BIOS from using 32-bit data transfers.
- **Enabled**      **DEFAULT**      Allows BIOS to use 32-bit data transfers on supported hard disk drives.

**5.3.3 Super IO Configuration**

Use the **Super IO Configuration** menu (**BIOS Menu 6**) to set or change the configurations for the serial ports.



BIOS Menu 6: Super IO Configuration

→ **Serial Port1 Address [3F8/IRQ4]**

Use the **Serial Port1 Address** option to select the Serial Port 1 base address.

- **Disabled** No base address is assigned to Serial Port 1
- **3F8/IRQ4** **DEFAULT** Serial Port 1 I/O port address is 3F8 and the interrupt address is IRQ4
- **3E8/IRQ4** Serial Port 1 I/O port address is 3E8 and the interrupt address is IRQ4
- **2E8/IRQ3** Serial Port 1 I/O port address is 2E8 and the interrupt address is IRQ3

→ **Serial Port2 Address [2F8/IRQ3]**

Use the **Serial Port2 Address** option to select the Serial Port 2 base address.

- **Disabled** No base address is assigned to Serial Port 2
- **2F8/IRQ3** **DEFAULT** Serial Port 2 I/O port address is 3F8 and the interrupt address is IRQ3
- **3E8/IRQ4** Serial Port 2 I/O port address is 3E8 and the interrupt address is IRQ4
- **2E8/IRQ3** Serial Port 2 I/O port address is 2E8 and the interrupt address is IRQ3

### 5.3.4 Hardware Health Configuration

The **Hardware Health Configuration** menu (**BIOS Menu 7**) shows the operating temperature, fan speed and system voltages.

## WAFER-945GSE2 3.5" Motherboard

BIOS SETUP UTILITY

Advanced

Hardware Health Configuration		Fan configuration mode setting
CPU FAN Mode Setting [Full On mode]		← → Select Screen ↑ ↓ Select Item + - Change Option F1 General Help F10 Save and Exit ESC Exit
CPU Temperature : 43°C/109°F		
System Temperature : 33°C/91°F		
CPU Fan Speed : N/A		
CPU Core : 1.136 V		
+1.05V : 1.040 V		
+3.30V : 3.296 V		
+5.00V : 4.972 V		
+12.0V : 12.288 V		
+1.5V : 1.477 V		
+1.8V : 1.792 V		
5VSB : 5.053 V		
VBAT : 3.184 V		

v02.61 ©Copyright 1985-2006, American Megatrends, Inc.

**BIOS Menu 7: Hardware Health Configuration****→ CPU FAN Mode Setting [Full On mode]**

Use the **CPU FAN Mode Setting** option to configure the second fan.

- |                            |  |
|----------------------------|--|
| <b>→ Full On mode</b>      | <b>DEFAULT</b> Fan is on all the time  |
| <b>→ Automatic mode</b>    | Fan is off when the temperature is low enough. Parameters must be set by the user. |
| <b>→ PWM Manually mode</b> | Pulse width modulation set manually  |

When the **CPU FAN Mode Setting** option is in the **Automatic mode**, the following parameters can be set.

- CPU Temperature Limit of Off
- CPU Temperature Limit of On
- CPU Fan Start PWM
- Slope PWM

When the **CPU FAN Mode Setting** option is in the **PWM Manually mode**, the following parameters can be set.

- CPU Fan PWM Control

→ **CPU Temperature Limit of Off [000]**

---



**WARNING:**

Setting this value too high may cause the fan to stop when the CPU is at a high temperature and therefore cause the system to be damaged.

The **CPU Temperature Limit of Off** option can only be set if the **CPU FAN Mode Setting** option is set to **Automatic mode**. Use the **CPU Temperature Limit of Off** option to select the CPU temperature at which the cooling fan should automatically turn off. To select a value, select the **CPU Temperature Limit of Off** option and enter a decimal number between 000 and 127. The temperature range is specified below.

- Minimum Value: 0°C
- Maximum Value: 127°C

→ **CPU Temperature Limit of On [020]**

---



**WARNING:**

Setting this value too high may cause the fan to start only when the CPU is at a high temperature and therefore cause the system to be damaged.

The **CPU Temperature Limit of On** option can only be set if the **CPU FAN Mode Setting** option is set to **Automatic mode**. Use the **CPU Temperature Limit of On** option to select the CPU temperature at which the cooling fan should automatically turn on. When the fan starts, it rotates using the starting pulse width modulation (PWM) specified in the **CPU Fan Start PWM** option below. To select a value, select the **CPU Temperature Limit of On**

## WAFER-945GSE2 3.5" Motherboard

option and enter a decimal number between 000 and 127. The temperature range is specified below.

- Minimum Value: 0°C
- Maximum Value: 127°C

### → CPU Fan Start PWM [070]

The **CPU Fan Start PWM** option can only be set if the **CPU FAN Mode Setting** option is set to **Automatic mode**. Use the **CPU Fan Start PWM** option to select the PWM mode the fan starts to rotate with after the temperature specified in the **CPU Temperature Limit of On** is exceeded. The Super I/O chipset supports 128 PWM modes. To select a value, select the **CPU Fan Start PWM** option and enter a decimal number between 000 and 127. The temperature range is specified below.

- PWM Minimum Mode: 0
- PWM Maximum Mode: 127

### → Slope PWM [0.5 PWM]

The **Slope PWM** option can only be set if the **CPU FAN Mode Setting** option is set to **Automatic mode**. Use the **Slope PWM** option to select the linear rate at which the PWM mode increases with respect to an increase in temperature. A list of available options is shown below:

- 0.125 PWM
- 0.25 PWM
- 0.5 PWM
- 1 PWM
- 2 PWM
- 4 PWM
- 8 PWM
- 15 PWM

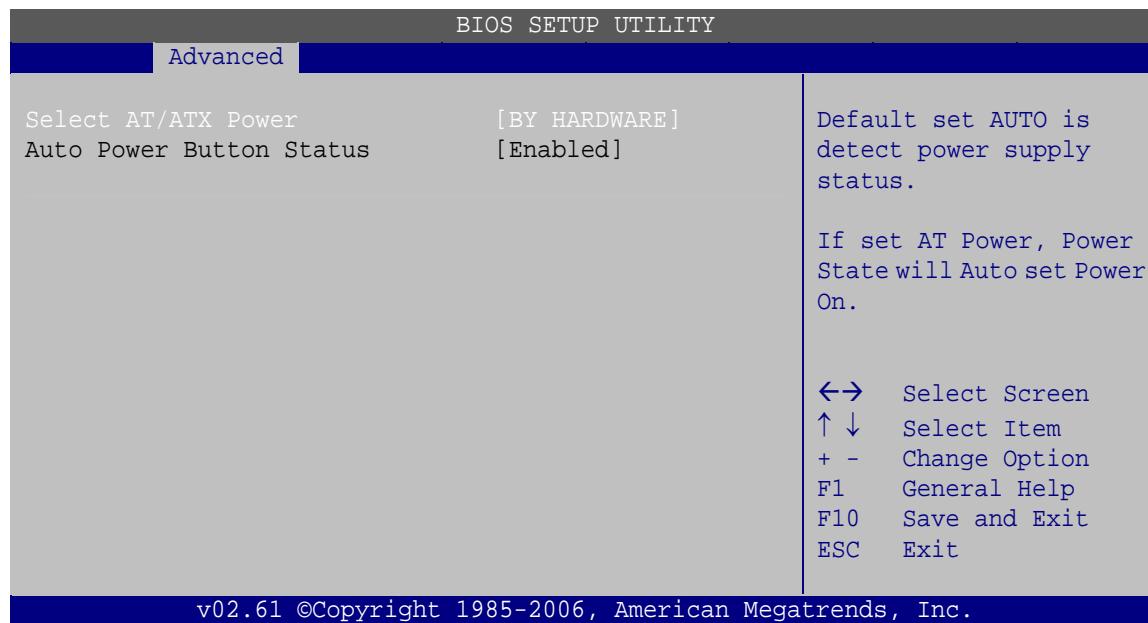
The following system parameters and values are shown. The system parameters that are monitored are:

- **System Temperatures:** The following system temperatures are monitored

- CPU Temperature
- System Temperature
- **Fan Speed:** The CPU cooling fan speed is monitored.
  - CPU Fan Speed
- **Voltages:** The following system voltages are monitored
  - CPU Core
  - +1.05V
  - +3.30V
  - +5.00V
  - +12.0 V
  - +1.5V
  - +1.8V
  - 5VSB
  - VBAT

### 5.3.5 Power Configuration

The **Power Configuration** menu (**BIOS Menu 8**) configures the Advanced Configuration and Power Interface (ACPI) and Power Management (APM) options.



**BIOS Menu 8: Power Configuration**

### → Select AT/ATX Power [By HARDWARE]

Sets the behavior of the power.

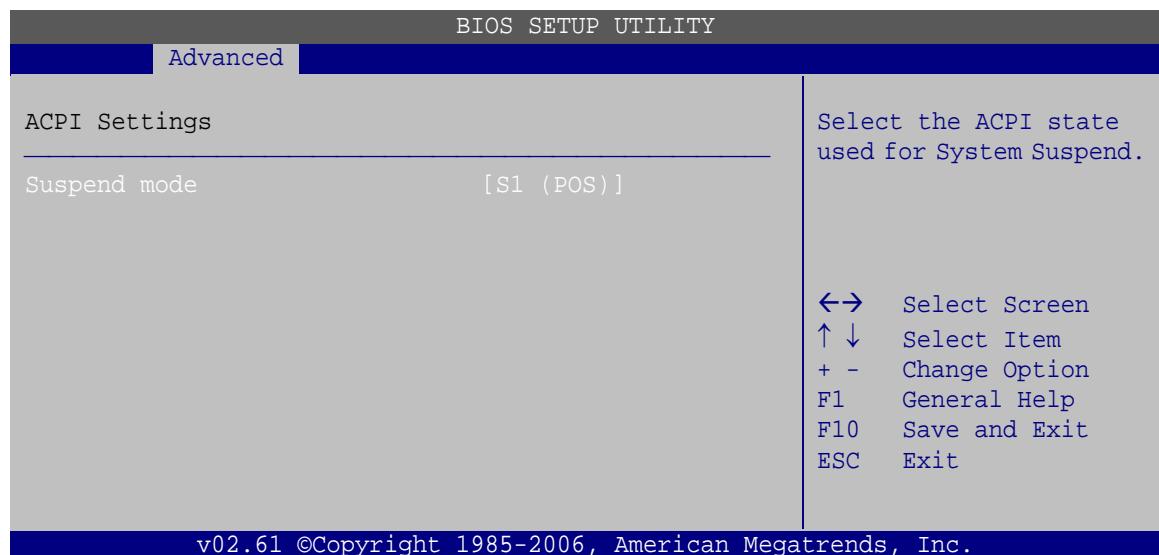
- AT Power
- ATX Power
- BY HARDWARE    **DEFAULT**

When the **Select AT/ATX Power** option is set to **ATX Power**, the following sub-menus appear.

- ACPI Configuration
- APM Configuration

#### 5.3.5.1 ACPI configuration

The **ACPI Configuration** menu (**BIOS Menu 9**) configures the Advanced Configuration and Power Interface (ACPI).



#### BIOS Menu 9: ACPI Configuration

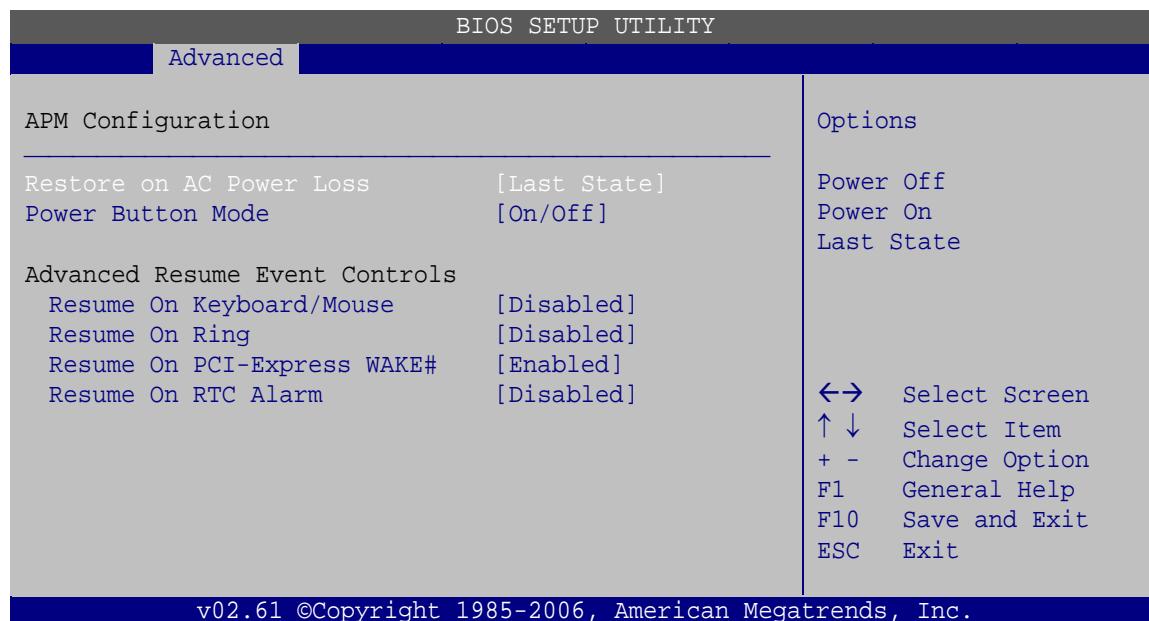
### → Suspend mode [S1 (POS)]

Use the **Suspend mode** BIOS option to specify the sleep state the system enters when it is not being used.

- ➔ **S1 (POS) DEFAULT** System appears off. The CPU is stopped; RAM is refreshed; the system is running in a low power mode.
- ➔ **S3 (STR)** System appears off. The CPU has no power; RAM is in slow refresh; the power supply is in a reduced power mode.

### 5.3.5.2 APM Configuration

The **APM Configuration** menu (**BIOS Menu 10**) allows the advanced power management options to be configured.



#### BIOS Menu 10: Advanced Power Management Configuration

##### ➔ **Restore on AC Power Loss [Last State]**

Use the **Restore on AC Power Loss** BIOS option to specify what state the system returns to if there is a sudden loss of power to the system.

- ➔ **Power Off** The system remains turned off
- ➔ **Power On** The system turns on
- ➔ **Last State DEFAULT** The system returns to its previous state. If it was on, it turns itself on. If it was off, it remains off.

## WAFER-945GSE2 3.5" Motherboard

## → Power Button Mode [On/Off]

Use the **Power Button Mode** BIOS to specify how the power button functions.

- **On/Off**    **DEFAULT**    When the power button is pressed the system is either turned on or off
- **Suspend**              When the power button is pressed the system goes into suspend mode

## → Resume on Keyboard/Mouse [Disabled]

Use the **Resume on Keyboard/Mouse** BIOS option to enable activity on either the keyboard or mouse to rouse the system from a suspend or standby state. That is, the system is roused when the mouse is moved or a button on the keyboard is pressed.

- **Disabled**    **DEFAULT**    Wake event not generated by activity on the keyboard or mouse
- **Enabled**              Wake event generated by activity on the keyboard or mouse

## → Resume on Ring [Disabled]

Use the **Resume on Ring** BIOS option to enable activity on the RI (ring in) modem line to rouse the system from a suspend or standby state. That is, the system will be roused by an incoming call on a modem.

- **Disabled**    **DEFAULT**    Wake event not generated by an incoming call
- **Enabled**              Wake event generated by an incoming call

## → Resume on PCI-Express WAKE# [Enabled]

Use the **Resume PCI-Express WAKE#** BIOS option to enable activity on the PCI-Express WAKE# signal to rouse the system from a suspend or standby state.

- **Disabled**              Wake event not generated by PCI-Express WAKE# signal activity

→ **Enabled**    **DEFAULT**    Wake event generated by PCI-Express WAKE# signal activity

→ **Resume On RTC Alarm [Disabled]**

Use the **Resume On RTC Alarm** option to specify the time the system should be roused from a suspended state.

→ **Disabled**    **DEFAULT**    The real time clock (RTC) cannot generate a wake event

→ **Enabled**                      If selected, the following appears with values that can be selected:

RTC Alarm Date (Days)

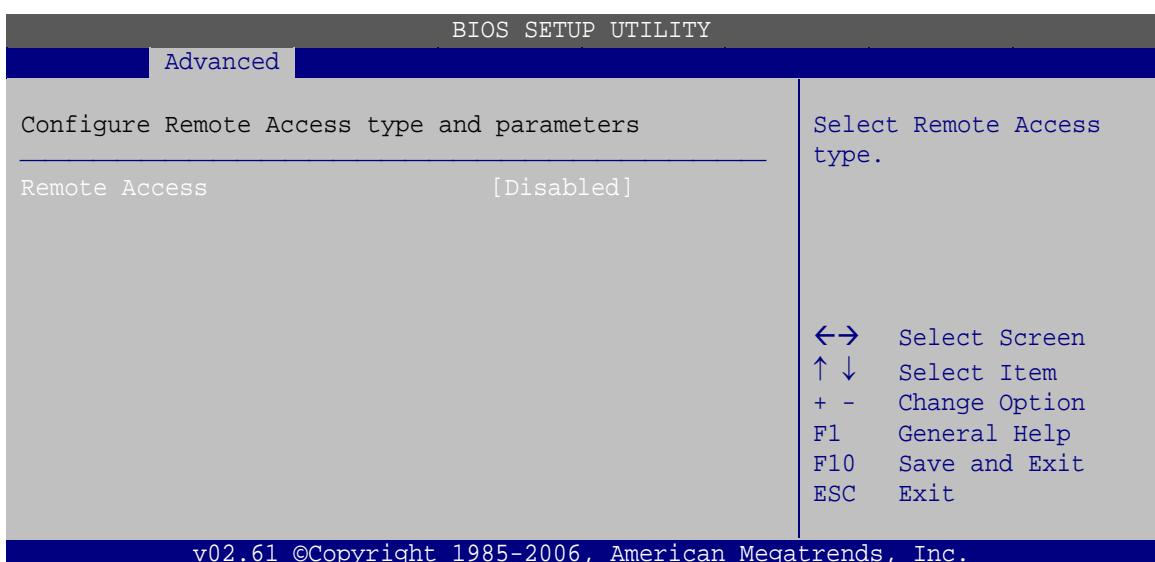
System Time

After setting the alarm, the computer turns itself on from a suspend state when the alarm goes off.

### 5.3.6 Remote Access Configuration

Use the **Remote Access Configuration** menu (**BIOS Menu 11**) to configure remote access parameters. The **Remote Access Configuration** is an AMIBIOS feature and allows a remote host running a terminal program to display and configure the BIOS settings.

## WAFER-945GSE2 3.5" Motherboard



## BIOS Menu 11: Remote Access Configuration

→ **Remote Access [Disabled]**

Use the **Remote Access** option to enable or disable access to the remote functionalities of the system.

- **Disabled**      **DEFAULT**      Remote access is disabled.
- **Enabled**      Remote access configuration options shown below appear:

Serial port number

Serial Port Mode

Redirection after BIOS POST

Terminal Type

These configuration options are discussed below.

→ **Serial port number [COM1]**

Use the **Serial port number** option to select the serial port used for remote access.

- **COM1**      **DEFAULT**      System is remotely accessed through COM1
- **COM2**      System is remotely accessed through COM2

**NOTE:** Make sure the selected COM port is enabled through the Super I/O configuration menu.

→ **Base Address, IRQ [3F8h,4]**

The **Base Address, IRQ** option cannot be configured and only shows the interrupt address of the serial port listed above.

→ **Serial Port Mode [115200 8,n,1]**

Use the **Serial Port Mode** option to select baud rate through which the console redirection is made. The following configuration options are available

- 115200 8,n,1 **DEFAULT**
  - 57600 8,n,1
  - 38400 8,n,1
  - 19200 8,n,1
  - 09600 8,n,1
- 



**NOTE:**

Identical baud rate setting must be set on the host (a management computer running a terminal software) and the slave

---

→ **Redirection After BIOS POST [Always]**

Use the **Redirection After BIOS POST** option to specify when console redirection should occur.

- |                                |  |
|--------------------------------|--|
| → <b>Disabled</b>              | The console is not redirected after POST                               |
| → <b>Boot Loader</b>           | Redirection is active during POST and during Boot Loader               |
| → <b>Always</b> <b>DEFAULT</b> | Redirection is always active (Some OSes may not work if set to Always) |

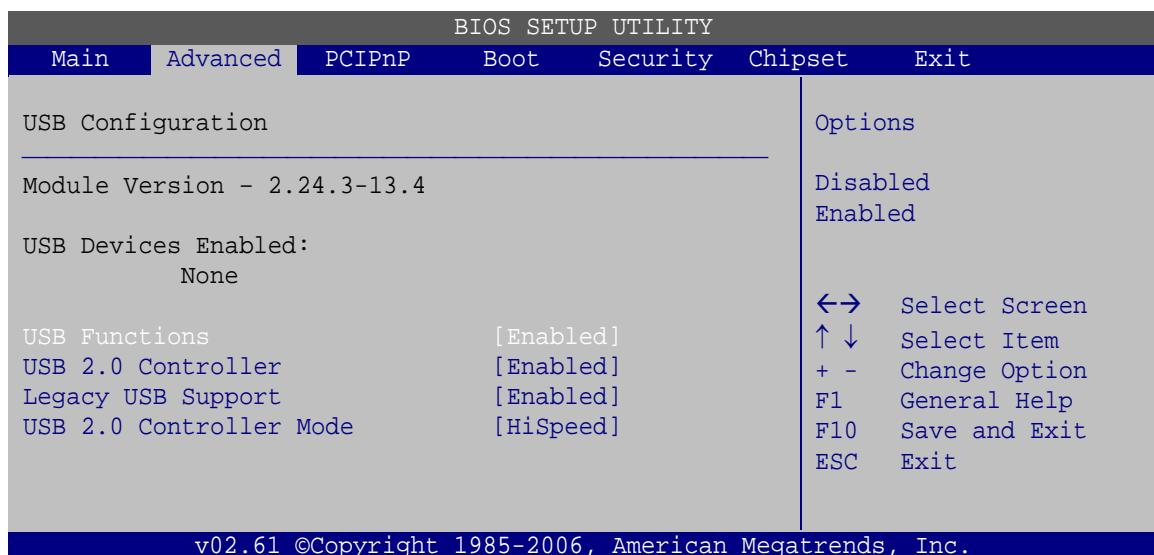
### → Terminal Type [ANSI]

Use the **Terminal Type** BIOS option to specify the remote terminal type.

- **ANSI**      **DEFAULT**      The target terminal type is ANSI
- **VT100**      The target terminal type is VT100
- **VT-UTF8**      The target terminal type is VT-UTF8

### 5.3.7 USB Configuration

Use the **USB Configuration** menu (**BIOS Menu 12**) to read USB configuration information and configure the USB settings.



**BIOS Menu 12: USB Configuration**

### → USB Functions [Enabled]

Use the **USB Functions** option to enable or disable the USB controllers.

- **Disabled**      USB controllers are enabled
- **Enabled**      **DEFAULT**      USB controllers are disabled

### → USB 2.0 Controller [Enabled]

The **USB 2.0 Controller** BIOS option enables or disables the USB 2.0 controller.

- ➔ **Disabled** USB function disabled
- ➔ **Enabled** **DEFAULT** USB function enabled

#### ➔ **Legacy USB Support [Enabled]**

Use the **Legacy USB Support** BIOS option to enable USB mouse and USB keyboard support.

Normally if this option is not enabled, any attached USB mouse or USB keyboard does not become available until a USB compatible operating system is fully booted with all USB drivers loaded. When this option is enabled, any attached USB mouse or USB keyboard can control the system even when there is no USB driver loaded onto the system.

- ➔ **Disabled** Legacy USB support disabled
- ➔ **Enabled** **DEFAULT** Legacy USB support enabled
- ➔ **Auto** Legacy USB support disabled if no USB devices are connected

#### ➔ **USB 2.0 Controller Mode [HiSpeed]**

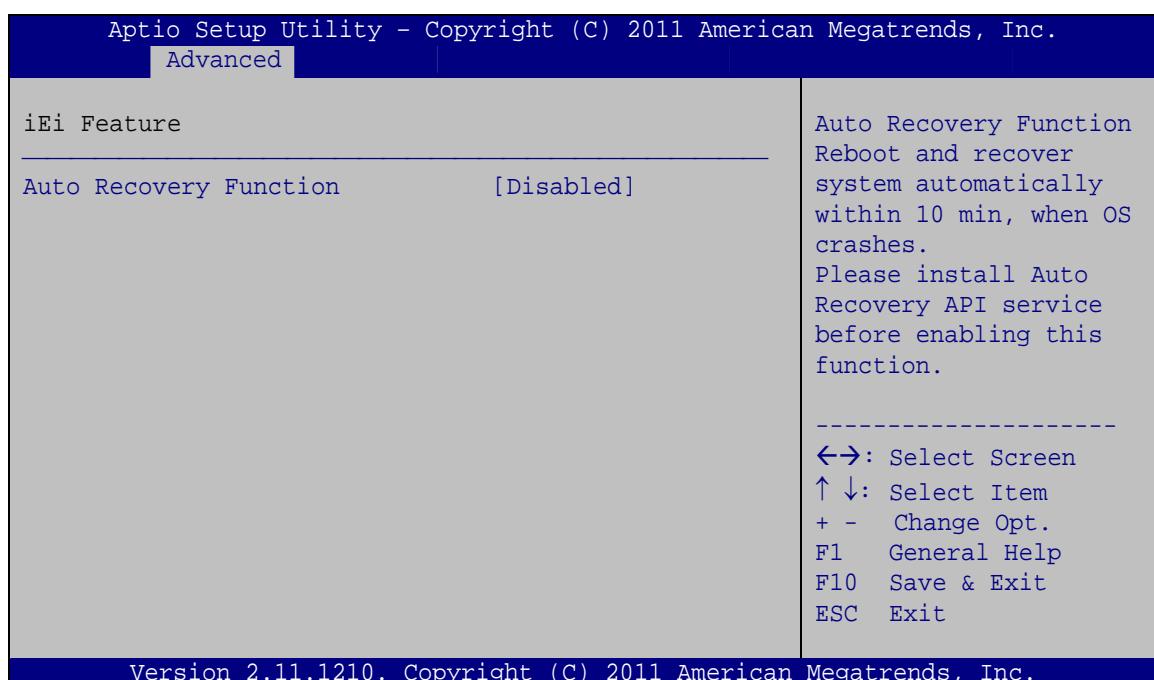
The **USB2.0 Controller Mode** BIOS option sets the speed of the USB2.0 controller.

- ➔ **FullSpeed** The controller is capable of operating at full speed 12 Mb/s
- ➔ **HiSpeed** **DEFAULT** The controller is capable of operating at high speed 480 Mb/s

### 5.3.8 iEI Feature

Use the **iEI Feature** menu (**BIOS Menu 13**) to configure One Key Recovery function.

## WAFER-945GSE2 3.5" Motherboard



## BIOS Menu 13: IEI Feature

## → Auto Recovery Function [Disabled]

Use the **Auto Recovery Function** BIOS option to enable or disable the auto recovery function of the IEI One Key Recovery.

- **Disabled**    **DEFAULT**    Auto recovery function disabled
- **Enabled**                      Auto recovery function enabled

## 5.4 PCI/PnP

Use the **PCI/PnP** menu (**BIOS Menu 14**) to configure advanced PCI and PnP settings.

**WARNING:**

Setting wrong values for the BIOS selections in the PCIPnP BIOS menu may cause the system to malfunction.

**BIOS SETUP UTILITY**

Main	Advanced	PCIPnP	Boot	Security	Chipset	Exit
------	----------	--------	------	----------	---------	------

---

Advanced PCI/PnP Settings		<b>Available:</b> Specified IRQ is available to be used by PCI/PnP devices <b>Reserved:</b> Specified IRQ is reserved for use by legacy ISA devices	
<b>WARNING:</b> Setting wrong values in below sections may cause system to malfunction.			
IRQ3	[Reserved]		
IRQ4	[Reserved]		
IRQ5	[Available]		
IRQ7	[Available]		
IRQ9	[Available]		
IRQ10	[Available]		
IRQ11	[Available]		
IRQ14	[Available]		
IRQ15	[Available]		
		<b>↔</b> Select Screen <b>↑ ↓</b> Select Item <b>+ -</b> Change Option <b>F1</b> General Help <b>F10</b> Save and Exit <b>ESC</b> Exit	
DMA Channel 0	[Available]		
DMA Channel 1	[Available]		
DMA Channel 3	[Available]		
DMA Channel 5	[Available]		
DMA Channel 6	[Available]		
DMA Channel 7	[Available]		
		<b>Reserve Memory Size</b> [Disabled]	

---

v02.61 ©Copyright 1985-2006, American Megatrends, Inc.

#### **BIOS Menu 14: PCI/PnP Configuration**

**→ IRQ# [Available]**

Use the **IRQ#** address to specify what IRQs can be assigned to a particular peripheral device.

**→ Available DEFAULT** The specified IRQ is available to be used by PCI/PnP devices

**→ Reserved** The specified IRQ is reserved for use by Legacy ISA devices

Available IRQ addresses are:

- IRQ3
- IRQ4
- IRQ5
- IRQ7

## WAFER-945GSE2 3.5" Motherboard

- IRQ9
- IRQ10
- IRQ 11
- IRQ 14
- IRQ 15

**→ DMA Channel# [Available]**

Use the **DMA Channel#** option to assign a specific DMA channel to a particular PCI/PnP device.

- |                    |                |  |
|--------------------|----------------|--|
| <b>→ Available</b> | <b>DEFAULT</b> | The specified DMA is available to be used by PCI/PnP devices |
| <b>→ Reserved</b>  |                | The specified DMA is reserved for use by Legacy ISA devices  |

Available DMA Channels are:

- DM Channel 0
- DM Channel 1
- DM Channel 3
- DM Channel 5
- DM Channel 6
- DM Channel 7

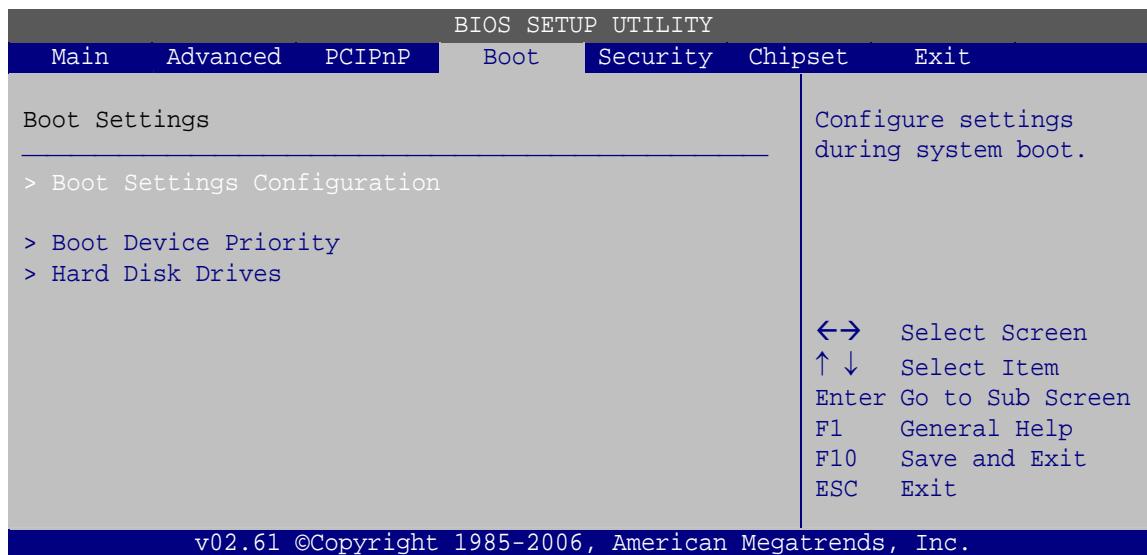
**→ Reserved Memory Size [Disabled]**

Use the **Reserved Memory Size** BIOS option to specify the amount of memory that should be reserved for legacy ISA devices.

- |                   |                |   |
|-------------------|----------------|---|
| <b>→ Disabled</b> | <b>DEFAULT</b> | No memory block reserved for legacy ISA devices |
| <b>→ 16K</b>      |                | 16KB reserved for legacy ISA devices            |
| <b>→ 32K</b>      |                | 32KB reserved for legacy ISA devices            |
| <b>→ 64K</b>      |                | 54KB reserved for legacy ISA devices            |

## 5.5 Boot

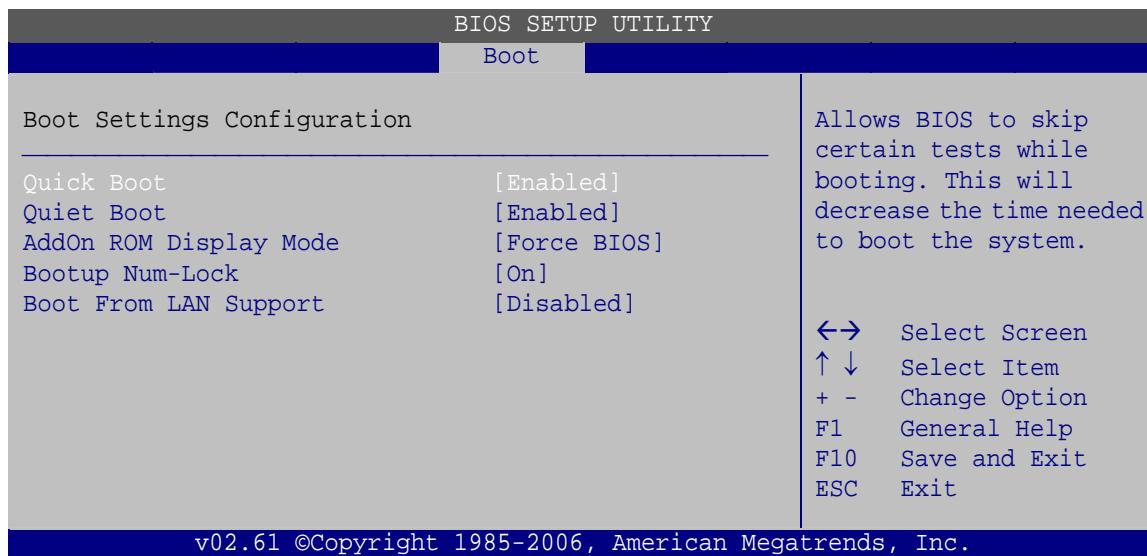
Use the **Boot menu (BIOS Menu 15)** to configure system boot options.



**BIOS Menu 15: Boot**

### 5.5.1 Boot Settings Configuration

Use the **Boot Settings Configuration** menu (BIOS Menu 16) to configure advanced system boot options.



**BIOS Menu 16: Boot Settings Configuration**

## WAFER-945GSE2 3.5" Motherboard

## → Quick Boot [Enabled]

Use the **Quick Boot** BIOS option to make the computer speed up the boot process.

- **Disabled** No POST procedures are skipped
- **Enabled** **DEFAULT** Some POST procedures are skipped to decrease the system boot time

## → Quiet Boot [Enabled]

Use the **Quiet Boot** BIOS option to select the screen display when the system boots.

- **Disabled** Normal POST messages displayed
- **Enabled** **DEFAULT** OEM Logo displayed instead of POST messages

## → AddOn ROM Display Mode [Force BIOS]

The **AddOn ROM Display Mode** option allows add-on ROM (read-only memory) messages to be displayed.

- **Force BIOS** **DEFAULT** Allows the computer system to force a third party BIOS to display during system boot.
- **Keep Current** Allows the computer system to display the information during system boot.

## → Bootup Num-Lock [On]

The **Bootup Num-Lock** BIOS option allows the Number Lock setting to be modified during boot up.

- **Off** Does not enable the keyboard Number Lock automatically. To use the 10-keys on the keyboard, press the Number Lock key located on the upper left-hand corner of the 10-key pad. The Number Lock LED on the keyboard lights up when the Number Lock is engaged.
- **On** **DEFAULT** Allows the Number Lock on the keyboard to be enabled

automatically when the computer system boots up. This allows the immediate use of the 10-key numeric keypad located on the right side of the keyboard. To confirm this, the Number Lock LED light on the keyboard is lit.

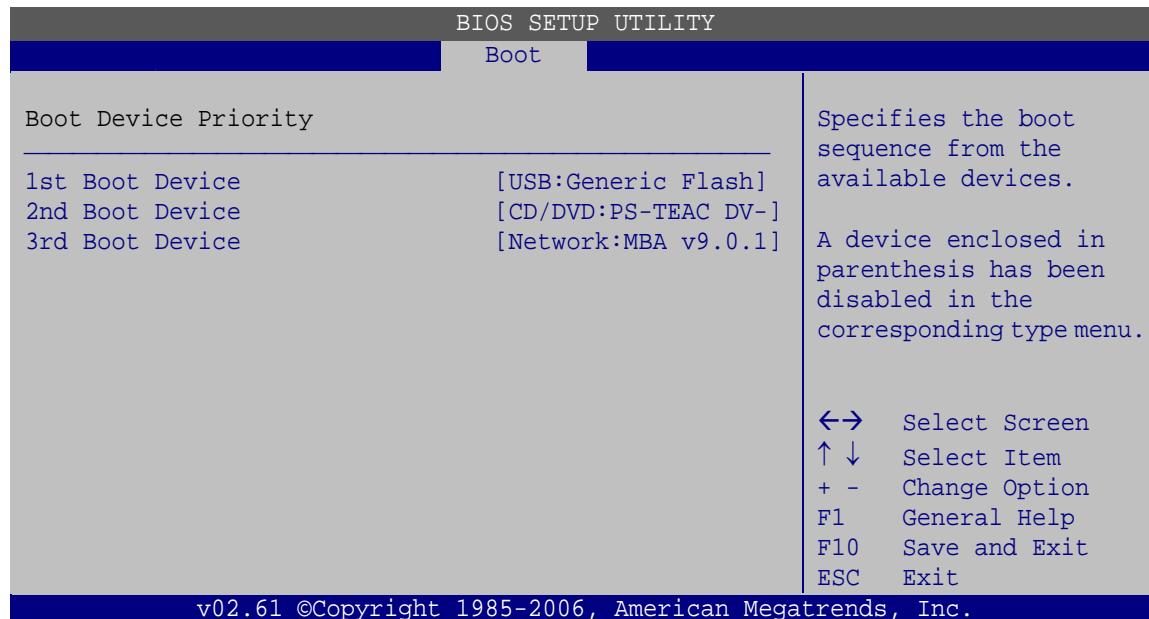
#### → Boot From LAN Support [Disabled]

The **Boot From LAN Support** option enables the system to be booted from a remote system.

- **Disabled**      **DEFAULT**      Cannot be booted from a remote system through the LAN.
- **Enabled**      Can be booted from a remote system through the LAN.

### 5.5.2 Boot Device Priority

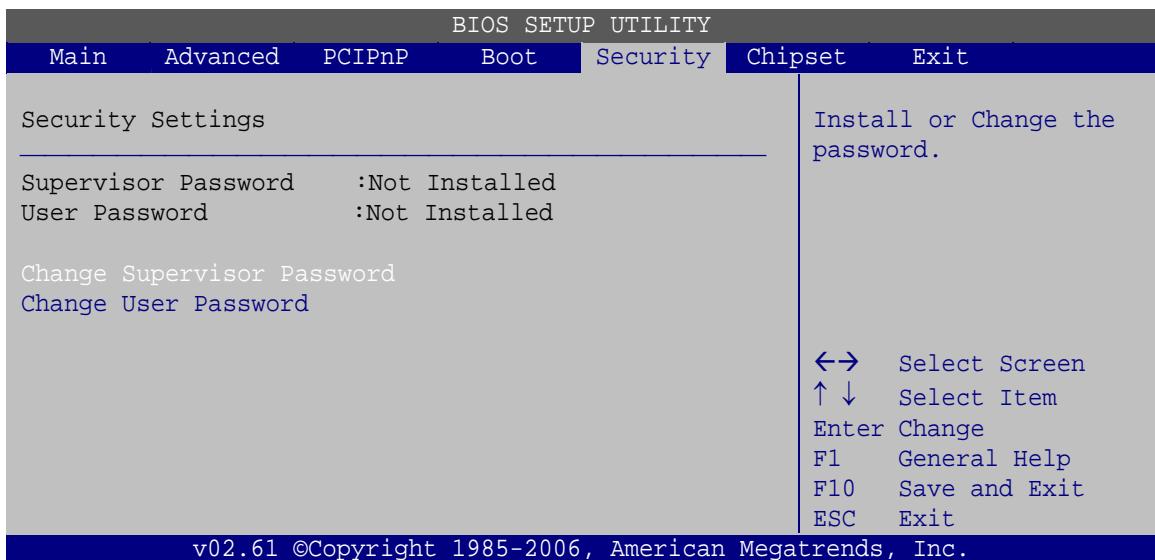
Use the **Boot Device Priority** menu (**BIOS Menu 17**) to specify the boot sequence from the available devices. The drive sequence also depends on the boot sequence in the individual device section.



**BIOS Menu 17: Boot Device Priority Settings**

## 5.6 Security

Use the **Security** menu (**BIOS Menu 18**) to set system and user passwords.



**BIOS Menu 18: Security**

### → **Change Supervisor Password**

Use the **Change Supervisor Password** to set or change a supervisor password. The default for this option is **Not Installed**. If a supervisor password must be installed, select this field and enter the password. After the password has been added, **Install** appears next to **Change Supervisor Password**.

### → **Change User Password**

Use the **Change User Password** to set or change a user password. The default for this option is **Not Installed**. If a user password must be installed, select this field and enter the password. After the password has been added, **Install** appears next to **Change User Password**.

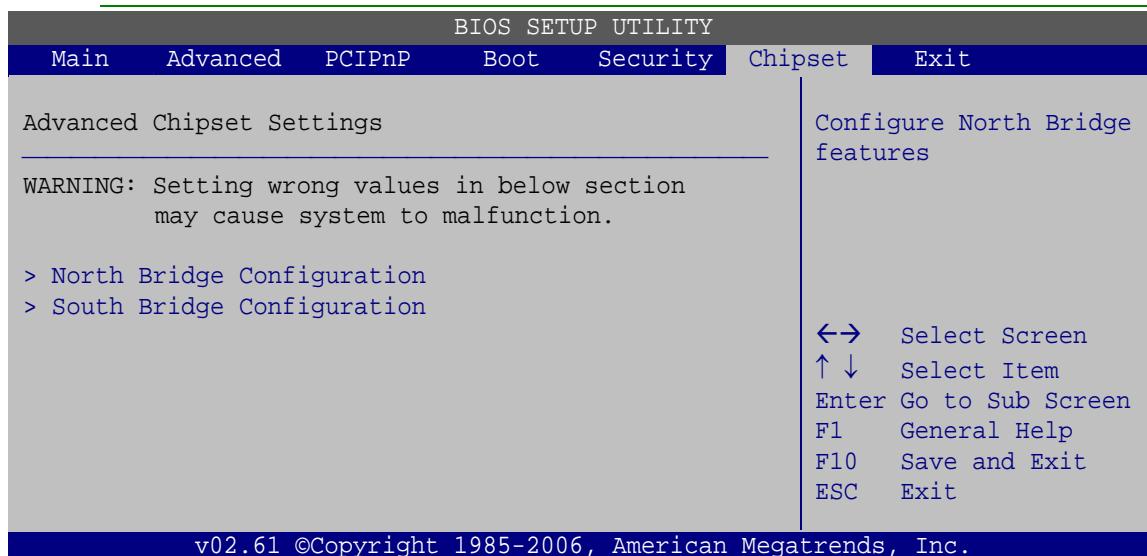
## 5.7 Chipset

Use the **Chipset** menu (**BIOS Menu 19**) to access the NorthBridge and SouthBridge configuration menus.



### WARNING!

Setting the wrong values for the Chipset BIOS selections in the Chipset BIOS menu may cause the system to malfunction.

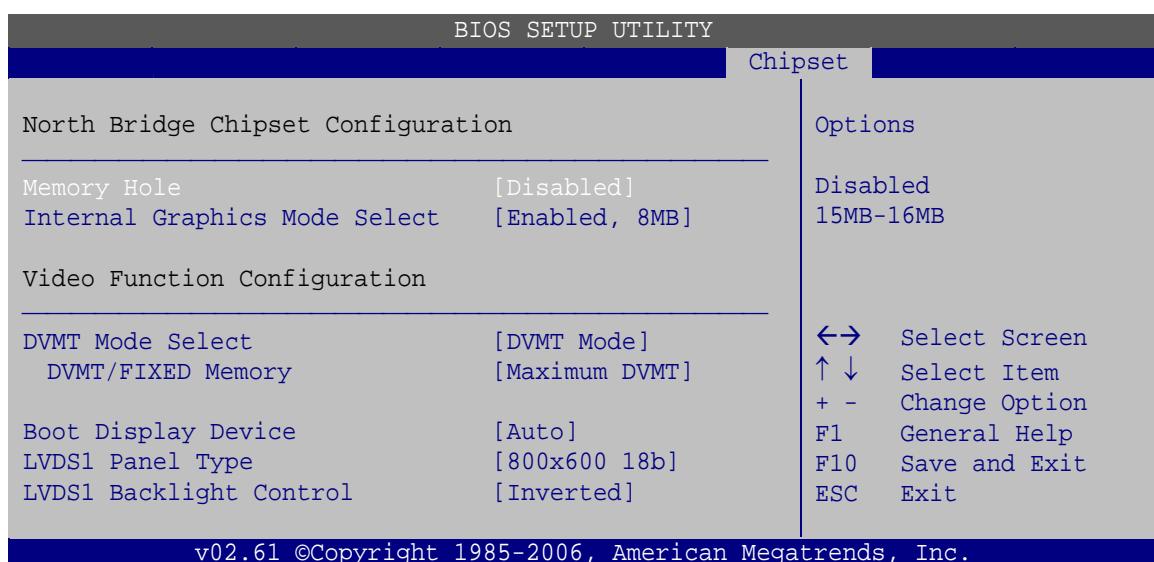


**BIOS Menu 19: Chipset**

### 5.7.1 North Bridge Chipset Configuration

Use the **North Bridge Chipset Configuration** menu (**BIOS Menu 20**) to configure the Northbridge chipset settings.

## WAFER-945GSE2 3.5" Motherboard

**BIOS Menu 20: North Bridge Chipset Configuration****→ Memory Hole [Disabled]**

The **Memory Hole** reserves the memory space between 15MB and 16MB for ISA expansion cards that require a specified area of memory to work properly. If an older ISA expansion card is used, please refer to the documentation that came with the card to see if it is necessary to reserve the space.

- Disabled**      **DEFAULT**      Memory is not reserved for ISA expansion cards
- 15MB-16MB**      Memory is reserved for ISA expansion cards

**→ Internal Graphics Mode Select [Enabled, 8MB]**

The **Internal Graphic Mode Select** option determines the amount of system memory that can be used by the internal graphics device.

- Disabled**
- Enabled, 1MB**      1MB of memory used by internal graphics device
- Enabled, 8MB**      **DEFAULT**      8MB of memory used by internal graphics device

→ DVMT Mode Select [DVMT Mode]

Use the **DVMT Mode Select** option to select the Intel Dynamic Video Memory Technology (DVMT) operating mode.

→ **Fixed Mode**

A fixed portion of graphics memory is reserved as graphics memory.

→ **DVMT Mode**    **DEFAULT**

Graphics memory is dynamically allocated according to the system and graphics needs.

→ **Combo Mode**

A fixed portion of graphics memory is reserved as graphics memory. If more memory is needed, graphics memory is dynamically allocated according to the system and graphics needs.

→ DVMT/FIXED Memory [Maximum DVMT]

Use the **DVMT/FIXED Memory** option to specify the maximum amount of memory that can be allocated as graphics memory. This option can only be configured for if **DVMT Mode** or **Fixed Mode** is selected in the **DVMT Mode Select** option. If **Combo Mode** is selected, the maximum amount of graphics memory is 128MB. Configuration options are listed below.

- 64MB
- 128MB
- Maximum DVMT    **DEFAULT**

→ Boot Display Device [Auto]

The **Boot Display Device** BIOS option selects the display device the system uses when it boots. The available options are listed below:

- Auto    **DEFAULT**
- CRT
- LFP

## WAFER-945GSE2 3.5" Motherboard

## → LVDS1 Panel Type [800x600 18b]

Use the **LVDS1 Panel Type** to determine the LCD panel resolution. Configuration options are listed below:

- 640x480 18b
- 800x480 18b
- 800x600 18b   **DEFAULT**
- 1024x768 18b
- 1280x1024 36b
- 1400x1050 36b
- 1440x900 36b
- 1600x1200 36b
- 1280x800 18b

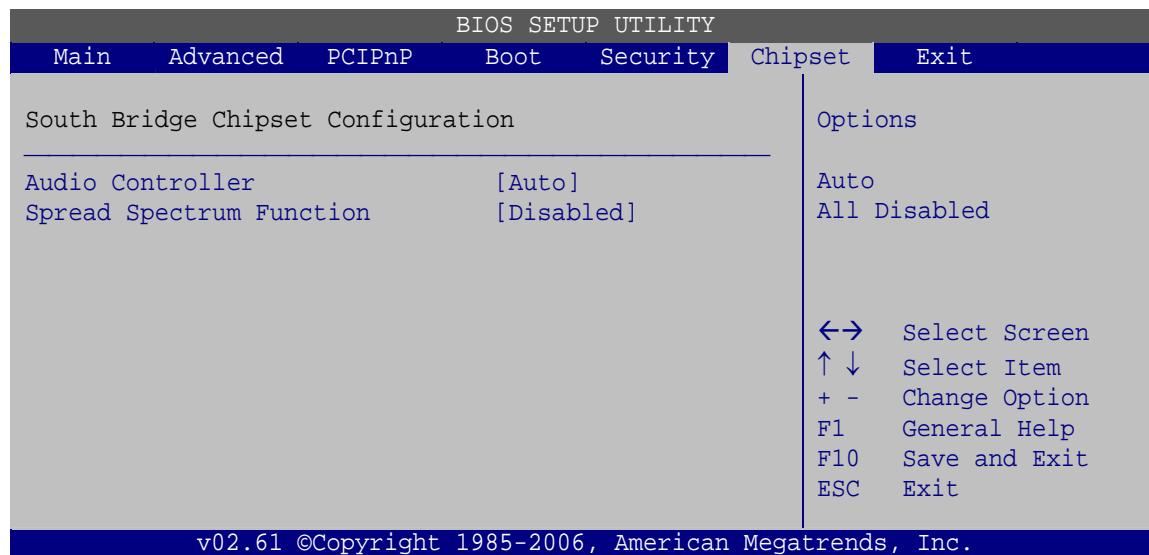
## → LVDS1 Backlight Control [Inverted]

Use the **LVDS1 Backlight Control** option to select the LVDS1 backlight control mode.

- Inverted   **DEFAULT**
- Normal

### 5.7.2 South Bridge Chipset Configuration

The **South Bridge Chipset Configuration** menu (**BIOS Menu 21**) allows the southbridge chipset to be configured.



#### BIOS Menu 21: South Bridge Chipset Configuration

##### → **Audio Controller [Auto]**

The **Audio Controller** option enables or disables the audio controller.

→ **Auto**      **DEFAULT**      The on-board audio controller is detected and automatically enabled.

→ **All Disabled**      The on-board audio controller is disabled.

##### → **Spread Spectrum Function [Disabled]**

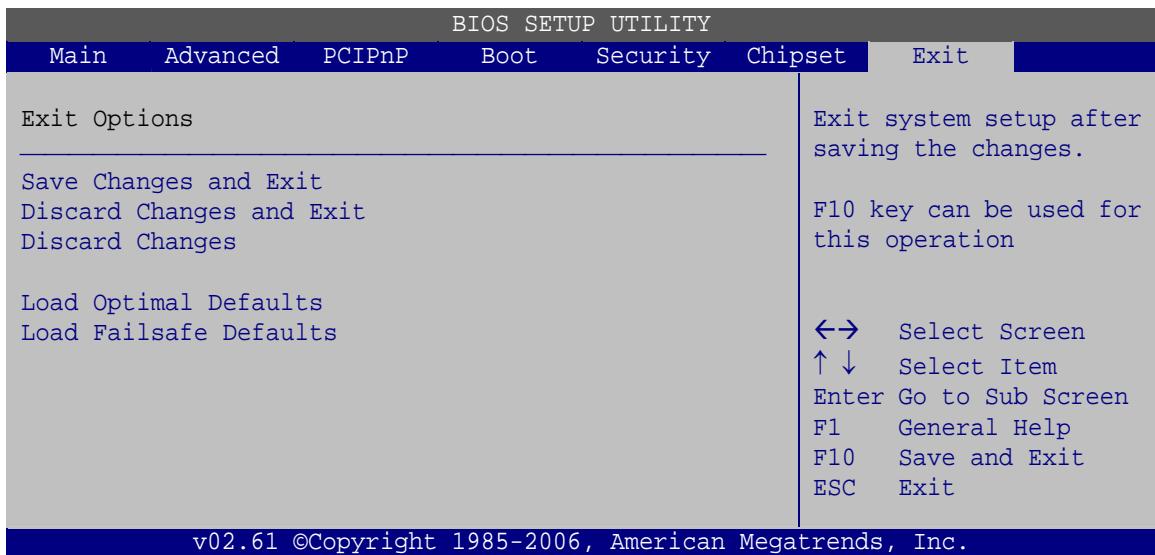
Use the **Spread Spectrum Function** option to reduce the EMI. Excess EMI is generated when the system clock generator pulses have extreme values. Spreading the pulse spectrum modulates changes in the extreme values from spikes to flat curves, thus reducing the EMI. This benefit may in some cases be outweighed by problems with timing-critical devices, such as a clock-sensitive SCSI device.

→ **Disabled**      **DEFAULT**      EMI not reduced

→ **Enabled**      EMI reduced

## 5.8 Exit

Use the **Exit** menu (**BIOS Menu 22**) to load default BIOS values, optimal failsafe values and to save configuration changes.



### BIOS Menu 22: Exit

#### → Save Changes and Exit

Use the **Save Changes and Exit** option to save the changes made to the BIOS options and to exit the BIOS configuration setup program.

#### → Discard Changes and Exit

Use the **Discard Changes and Exit** option to exit the BIOS configuration setup program without saving the changes made to the system.

#### → Discard Changes

Use the **Discard Changes** option to discard the changes and remain in the BIOS configuration setup program.

#### → Load Optimal Defaults

Use the **Load Optimal Defaults** option to load the optimal default values for each of the parameters on the Setup menus. **F9 key can be used for this operation.**

→ **Load Failsafe Defaults**

Use the **Load Failsafe Defaults** option to load failsafe default values for each of the parameters on the Setup menus. **F8 key can be used for this operation.**

Chapter

6

# Software Drivers

---

## 6.1 Available Software Drivers



### NOTE:

The content of the CD may vary throughout the life cycle of the product and is subject to change without prior notice. Visit the IEI website or contact technical support for the latest updates.

The following drivers can be installed on the system:

- Chipset
- VGA
- LAN
- Audio

Installation instructions are given below.

## 6.2 Starting the Driver Program

To access the driver installation programs, please do the following.

**Step 1:** Insert the CD that came with the system into a CD drive connected to the system.



### NOTE:

If the installation program doesn't start automatically:

Click "Start->My Computer->CD Drive->autorun.exe"

**Step 2:** The driver main menu appears (**Figure 6-1**).



Figure 6-1: Start Up Screen

**Step 3:** Click WAFER-945GSE2.

**Step 4:** The list of drivers in **Figure 6-2** appears.

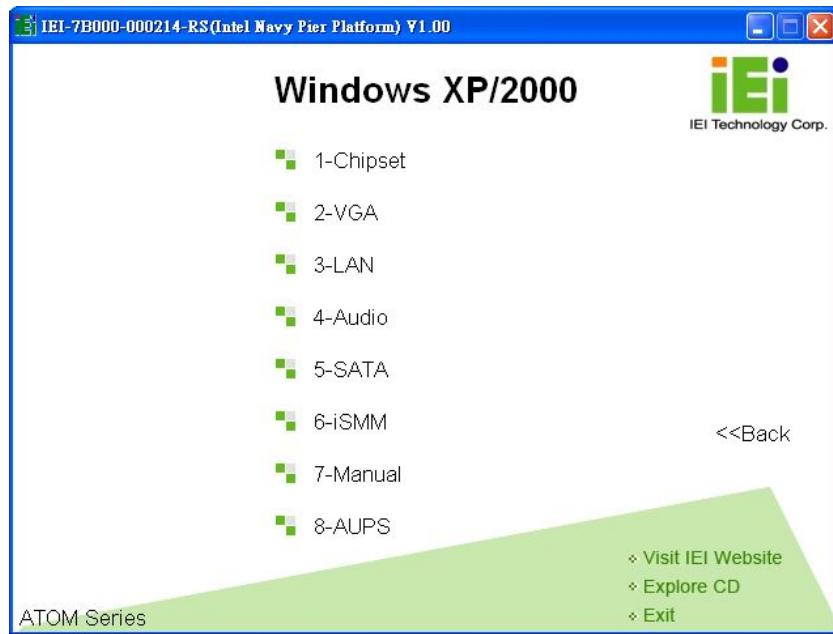


Figure 6-2: Drivers

## 6.3 Chipset Driver Installation

To install the chipset driver, please do the following.

**Step 1:** Access the driver list shown in **Figure 6-2**. (See **Section 6.2**)

**Step 2:** Click “**1-Chipset**”.

**Step 3:** The setup files are extracted as shown in **Figure 6-3**.



**Figure 6-3: Chipset Driver Screen**

**Step 4:** When the setup files are completely extracted, the **Welcome Screen** in **Figure 6-4** appears.



Figure 6-4: Chipset Driver Welcome Screen

**Step 5:** Click **Next** to continue.

**Step 6:** The license agreement in **Figure 6-5** appears.

**Step 7:** Read the **License Agreement**.

**Step 8:** Click the **Yes** icon to continue.



Figure 6-5: Chipset Driver License Agreement

**Step 9:** The Read Me file in **Figure 6-6** appears.

**Step 10:** Click **Next** to continue.



Figure 6-6: Chipset Driver Read Me File

**Step 11:** Setup Operations are performed as shown in **Figure 6-7**.



**Figure 6-7: Chipset Driver Setup Operations**

**Step 12:** Once the **Setup Operations** are complete, click **Next** to continue.

**Step 13:** The **Finish** screen appears.

**Step 14:** Select “Yes, I want to restart the computer now” and click **Finish**. See **Figure 6-8**.



Figure 6-8: Chipset Driver Installation Finish Screen

## 6.4 VGA Driver Installation

To install the VGA driver, please do the following.

**Step 1:** Access the driver list shown in **Figure 6-2**. (See **Section 6.2**)

**Step 2:** Click “**2-VGA**”

**Step 3:** The VGA Read Me file in **Figure 6-9** appears.

**Step 4:** Click **Next** to continue.

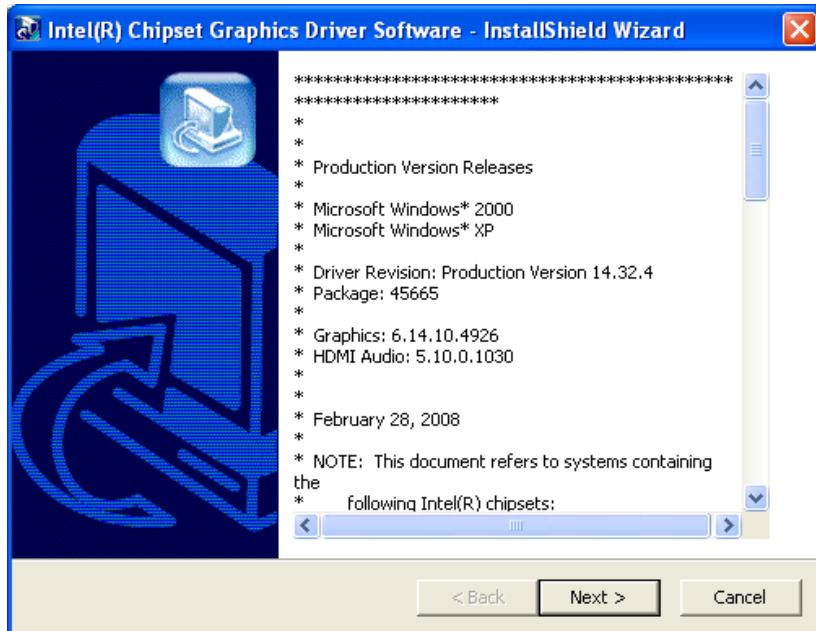


Figure 6-9: VGA Driver Read Me File

**Step 5:** The installation files are extracted. See **Figure 6-10**.

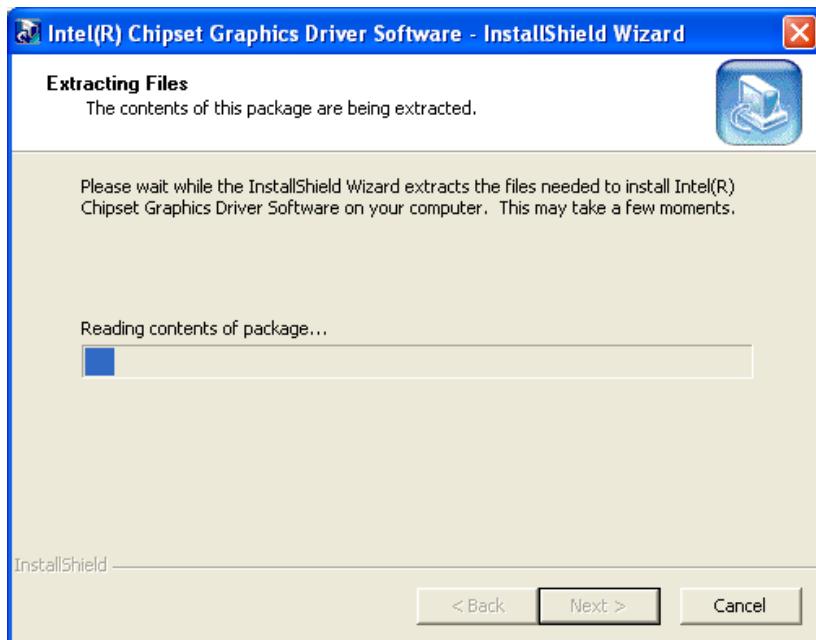


Figure 6-10: VGA Driver Setup Files Extracted

**Step 6:** The **Welcome Screen** in **Figure 6-11** appears.



**Figure 6-11:** VGA Driver Welcome Screen

**Step 7:** Click **Next** to continue.

**Step 8:** The license agreement in **Figure 6-12** appears.

**Step 9:** Read the **License Agreement**.

**Step 10:** Click the **Yes** icon to continue.

## WAFER-945GSE2 3.5" Motherboard

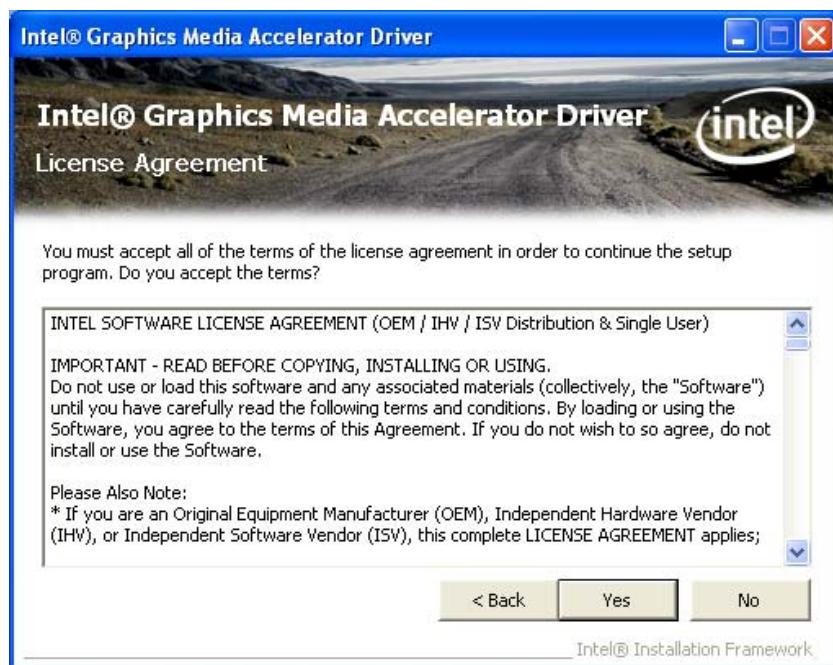


Figure 6-12: VGA Driver License Agreement

**Step 11:** The Read Me file in **Figure 6-13** appears.

**Step 12:** Click **Next** to continue.

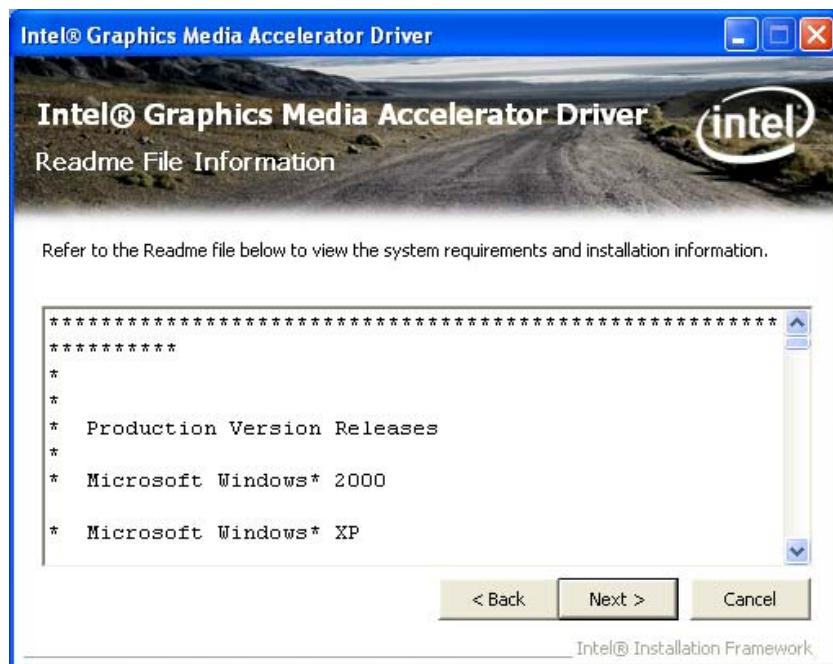
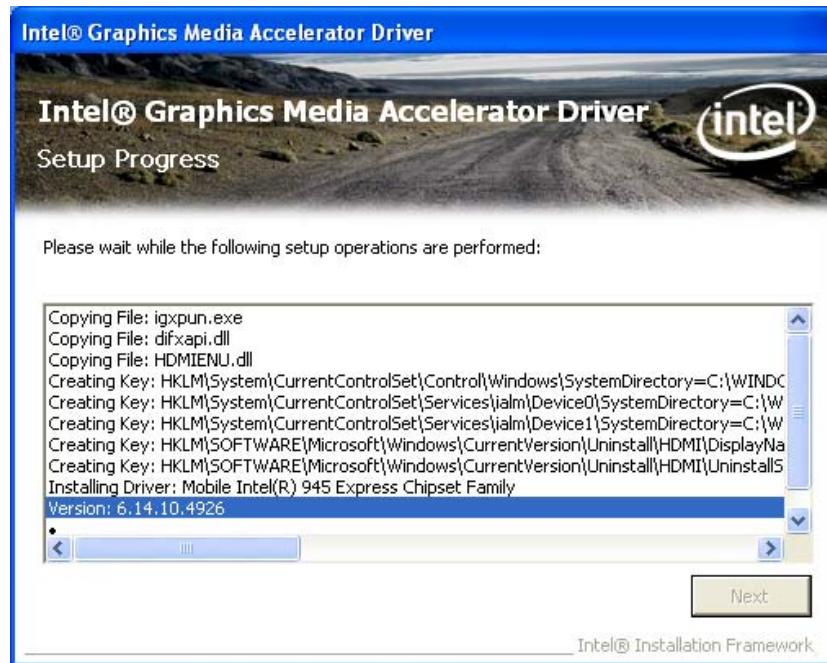


Figure 6-13: VGA Driver Read Me File

**Step 13:** Setup Operations are performed as shown in **Figure 6-14**.



**Figure 6-14:** VGA Driver Setup Operations

**Step 14:** Once the **Setup Operations** are complete, click the **Next** icon to continue.

**Step 15:** The **Finish** screen appears.

**Step 16:** Select “**Yes, I want to restart the computer now**” and click the **Finish** icon.

See **Figure 6-15**.

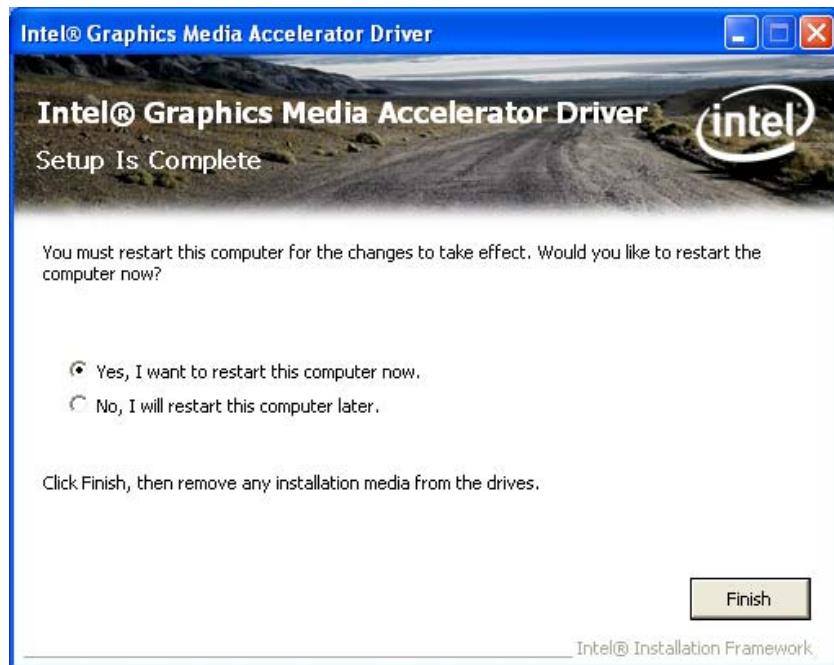


Figure 6-15: VGA Driver Installation Finish Screen

## 6.5 LAN Driver Installation

To install the LAN driver, please do the following.

**Step 1:** Access the driver list shown in **Figure 6-2**. (See **Section 6.2**)

**Step 2:** Click "3-LAN".

**Step 3:** The **Welcome** screen in **Figure 6-16** appears.

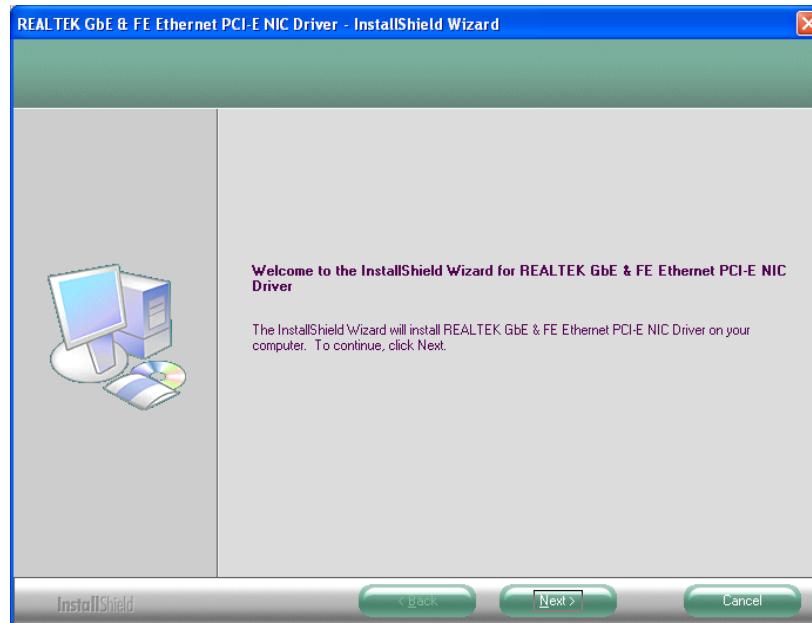


Figure 6-16: LAN Driver Welcome Screen

**Step 4:** Click **Next** to continue.

**Step 5:** The Ready to Install screen in **Figure 6-17** appears.

**Step 6:** Click **Install** to proceed with the installation.

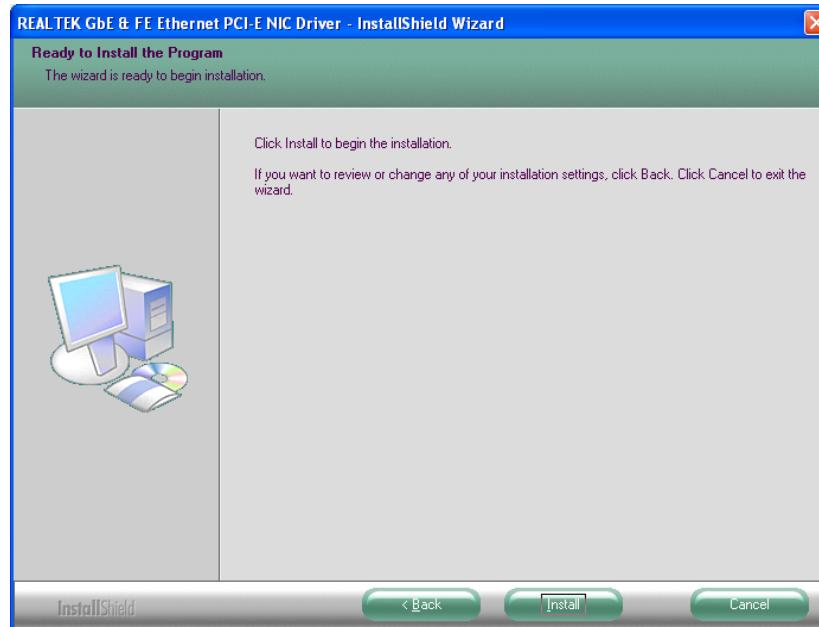
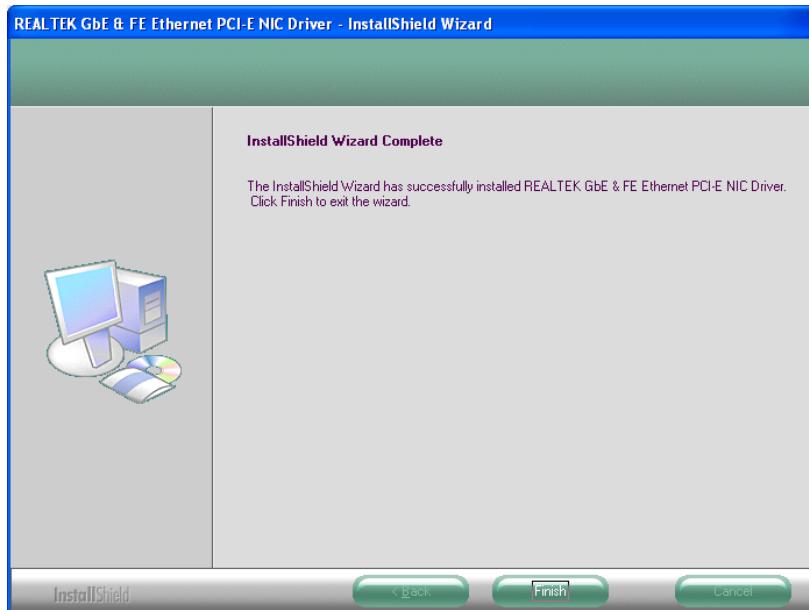


Figure 6-17: LAN Driver Installation

**Step 7:** The program begins to install.

**Step 8:** When the driver installation is complete, the screen in **Figure 6-18** appears.

**Step 9:** Click **Finish** to exit.



**Figure 6-18: LAN Driver Installation Complete**

## 6.6 Audio Driver Installation

To install the Audio driver, please do the following.

**Step 1:** Access the driver list shown in **Figure 6-2**. (See **Section 6.2**)

**Step 2:** Click "4-Audio".

**Step 3:** The installation files are extracted as shown in **Figure 6-19**.



Figure 6-19: Audio Driver Installation File Extraction

**Step 4:** The Audio Driver Installation screen in **Figure 6-20** appears.

**Step 5:** Click **Yes** to install the audio driver.



Figure 6-20: Audio Driver Installation Welcome Screen

**Step 6:** The driver installation begins. See **Figure 6-21**.



Figure 6-21: Audio Driver Installation

**Step 7:** When the driver is installed, the driver installation finish screen in **Figure 6-22**

appears.

**Step 8:** Select "Yes, I wish to restart my computer now" and click **Finish**.



**Figure 6-22: Audio Driver Installation Complete**

**Step 9:** The system reboots.

Appendix

A

# BIOS Options

---

## WAFER-945GSE2 3.5" Motherboard

Below is a list of BIOS configuration options in the BIOS chapter.

<b>System Overview .....</b>	<b>64</b>
<b>System Time [xx:xx:xx] .....</b>	<b>65</b>
<b>System Date [xx/xx/xx] .....</b>	<b>65</b>
<b>Hyper-Threading Technology [Enabled] .....</b>	<b>66</b>
<b>ATA/IDE Configuration [Compatible].....</b>	<b>67</b>
<b>Legacy IDE Channels [SATA Pri, PATA Sec].....</b>	<b>68</b>
<b>IDE Master and IDE Slave.....</b>	<b>68</b>
<b>Auto-Detected Drive Parameters.....</b>	<b>69</b>
<b>Type [Auto] .....</b>	<b>70</b>
<b>LBA/Large Mode [Auto].....</b>	<b>70</b>
<b>Block (Multi Sector Transfer) [Auto] .....</b>	<b>71</b>
<b>PIO Mode [Auto].....</b>	<b>71</b>
<b>DMA Mode [Auto].....</b>	<b>71</b>
<b>S.M.A.R.T [Auto].....</b>	<b>73</b>
<b>32Bit Data Transfer [Enabled].....</b>	<b>73</b>
<b>Serial Port1 Address [3F8/IRQ4] .....</b>	<b>74</b>
<b>Serial Port2 Address [2F8/IRQ3] .....</b>	<b>74</b>
<b>CPU FAN Mode Setting [Full On mode].....</b>	<b>75</b>
<b>CPU Temperature Limit of Off [000].....</b>	<b>76</b>
<b>CPU Temperature Limit of On [020] .....</b>	<b>76</b>
<b>CPU Fan Start PWM [070].....</b>	<b>77</b>
<b>Slope PWM [0.5 PWM] .....</b>	<b>77</b>
<b>Select AT/ATX Power [By HARDWARE] .....</b>	<b>79</b>
<b>Suspend mode [S1 (POS)] .....</b>	<b>79</b>
<b>Restore on AC Power Loss [Last State] .....</b>	<b>80</b>
<b>Power Button Mode [On/Off].....</b>	<b>81</b>
<b>Resume on Keyboard/Mouse [Disabled] .....</b>	<b>81</b>
<b>Resume on Ring [Disabled] .....</b>	<b>81</b>
<b>Resume on PCI-Express WAKE# [Enabled].....</b>	<b>81</b>
<b>Resume On RTC Alarm [Disabled].....</b>	<b>82</b>
<b>Remote Access [Disabled].....</b>	<b>83</b>
<b>Serial port number [COM1] .....</b>	<b>83</b>
<b>Base Address, IRQ [3F8h,4].....</b>	<b>84</b>

Serial Port Mode [115200 8,n,1].....	84
Redirection After BIOS POST [Always] .....	84
Terminal Type [ANSI].....	85
USB Functions [Enabled].....	85
USB 2.0 Controller [Enabled].....	85
Legacy USB Support [Enabled].....	86
USB 2.0 Controller Mode [HiSpeed].....	86
Auto Recovery Function [Disabled].....	87
IRQ# [Available].....	88
DMA Channel# [Available] .....	89
Reserved Memory Size [Disabled] .....	89
Quick Boot [Enabled] .....	91
Quiet Boot [Enabled] .....	91
AddOn ROM Display Mode [Force BIOS] .....	91
Bootup Num-Lock [On] .....	91
Boot From LAN Support [Disabled] .....	92
Change Supervisor Password .....	93
Change User Password.....	93
Memory Hole [Disabled] .....	95
Internal Graphics Mode Select [Enabled, 8MB] .....	95
DVMT Mode Select [DVMT Mode].....	96
DVMT/FIXED Memory [Maximum DVMT] .....	96
Boot Display Device [Auto].....	96
LVDS1 Panel Type [800x600 18b].....	97
LVDS1 Backlight Control [Inverted].....	97
Audio Controller [Auto] .....	98
Spread Spectrum Function [Disabled] .....	98
Save Changes and Exit .....	99
Discard Changes and Exit.....	99
Discard Changes.....	99
Load Optimal Defaults .....	99
Load Failsafe Defaults.....	100

Appendix

B

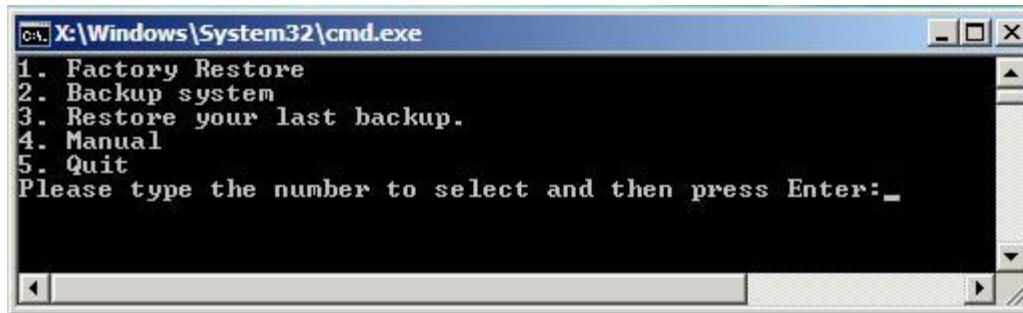
# One Key Recovery

---

## B.1 One Key Recovery Introduction

The IEI one key recovery is an easy-to-use front end for the Norton Ghost system backup and recovery tool. The one key recovery provides quick and easy shortcuts for creating a backup and reverting to that backup or for reverting to the factory default settings.

The IEI One Key Recovery tool menu is shown below.



**Figure B-1: IEI One Key Recovery Tool Menu**

Prior to using the IEI One Key Recovery tool (as shown in **Figure B-1**) to backup or restore Windows system, five setup procedures are required.

1. Hardware and BIOS setup (see **Section B.2.1**)
2. Create partitions (see **Section B.2.2**)
3. Install operating system, drivers and system applications (see **Section B.2.3**)
4. Build-up recovery partition (see **Section B.2.4**)
5. Create factory default image (see **Section B.2.5**)

After completing the five initial setup procedures as described above, users can access the recovery tool by pressing <F3> while booting up the system. The detailed information of each function is described in **Section B.4**.



### NOTE:

The initial setup procedures for Linux system are described in **Section B.3**.

### B.1.1 System Requirement



#### NOTE:

The recovery CD can only be used with IEI products. The software will fail to run and a warning message will appear when used on non-IEI hardware.



To create the system backup, the main storage device must be split into two partitions (three partitions for Linux). The first partition will be for the operating system, while the second partition will be invisible to the operating system and contain the backup made by the one key recovery software.

The partition created for recovery images must be big enough to contain both the factory default image and the user backup image. The size must be calculated before creating the partitions. Please take the following table as a reference when calculating the size of the partition.

	OS	OS Image after Ghost	Compression Ratio
Windows® 7	7 GB	5 GB	70%
Windows® XPE	776 MB	560 MB	70%
Windows® CE 6.0	36 MB	28 MB	77%

**NOTE:**

Specialized tools are required to change the partition size if the operating system is already installed.

### B.1.2 Supported Operating System

The recovery CD is compatible with both Microsoft Windows and Linux operating system (OS). The supported OS versions are listed below.

- Microsoft Windows
  - Windows XP (Service Pack 2 or 3 required)
  - Windows Vista
  - Windows 7
  - Windows CE 5.0
  - Windows CE 6.0
  - Windows XP Embedded
- Linux
  - Fedora Core 12 (Constantine)
  - Fedora Core 11 (Leonidas)
  - Fedora Core 10 (Cambridge)
  - Fedora Core 8 (Werewolf)
  - Fedora Core 7 (Moonshine)
  - RedHat RHEL-5.4
  - RedHat 9 (Ghirke)
  - Ubuntu 8.10 (Intrepid)
  - Ubuntu 7.10 (Gutsy)
  - Ubuntu 6.10 (Edgy)
  - Debian 5.0 (Lenny)
  - Debian 4.0 (Etch)
  - SuSe 11.2
  - SuSe 10.3

**NOTE:**

Installing unsupported OS versions may cause the recovery tool to fail.

## B.2 Setup Procedure for Windows

Prior to using the recovery tool to backup or restore Windows system, a few setup procedures are required.

**Step 1:** Hardware and BIOS setup (see [Section B.2.1](#))

**Step 2:** Create partitions (see [Section B.2.2](#))

**Step 3:** Install operating system, drivers and system applications (see [Section B.2.3](#))

**Step 4:** Build-up recovery partition (see [Section B.2.4](#))

**Step 5:** Create factory default image (see [Section B.2.5](#))

The detailed descriptions are described in the following sections.

**NOTE:**

The setup procedures described below are for Microsoft Windows operating system users. For Linux system, most setup procedures are the same with Microsoft Windows except for several steps described in [Section B.3](#).

### B.2.1 Hardware and BIOS Setup

**Step 1:** Make sure the system is powered off and unplugged.

**Step 2:** Install a hard drive or SSD in the system. An unformatted and unpartitioned disk is recommended.

**Step 3:** Connect an optical disk drive to the system and insert the recovery CD.

**Step 4:** Turn on the system.

**Step 5:** Press the <DELETE> key as soon as the system is turned on to enter the BIOS.

**Step 6:** Select the connected optical disk drive as the 1<sup>st</sup> boot device. (**Boot → Boot Device Priority → 1<sup>st</sup> Boot Device**).

**Step 7:** Save changes and restart the computer. Continue to the next section for instructions on partitioning the internal storage.

### B.2.2 Create Partitions

To create the system backup, the main storage device must be split into two partitions (three partitions for Linux). The first partition will be for the operating system, while the second partition will be invisible to the operating system and contain the backup made by the one key recovery software.

**Step 1:** Put the recovery CD in the optical drive of the system.

**Step 2:** **Boot the system from recovery CD.** When prompted, press any key to boot from the recovery CD. It will take a while to launch the recovery tool. Please be patient!

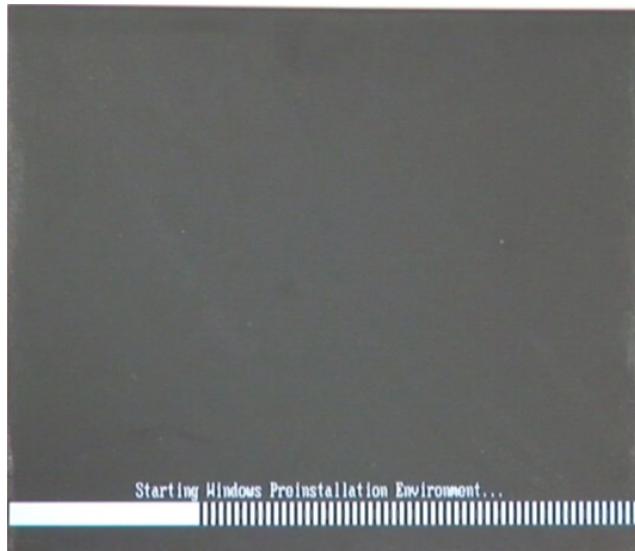


Figure B-2: Launching the Recovery Tool

**Step 3:** The recovery tool setup menu is shown as below.

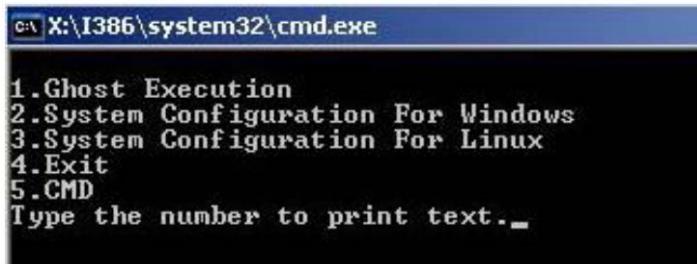


Figure B-3: Recovery Tool Setup Menu

**Step 4:** Press <5> then <Enter>.

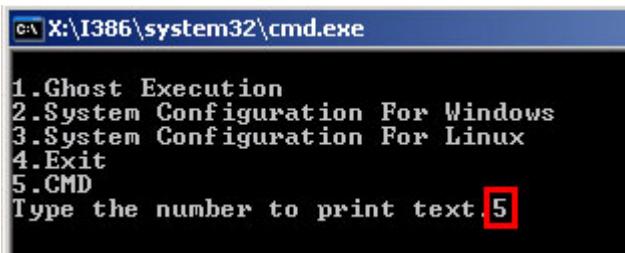


Figure B-4: Command Mode

**Step 5:** The command prompt window appears. Type the following commands (marked in red) to create two partitions. One is for the OS installation; the other is for saving recovery files and images which will be an invisible partition.

(Press <Enter> after entering each line below)

```
system32>diskpart
DISKPART>list vol
DISKPART>sel disk 0
DISKPART>create part pri size= __
DISKPART>assign letter=N
DISKPART>create part pri size= __
DISKPART>assign letter=F
DISKPART>exit
system32>format N: /fs:ntfs /q /y
```

```
system32>format F: /fs:ntfs /q /v:Recovery /y
```

```
system32>exit
```

The screenshot shows a Windows PE command prompt window titled 'CMD.EXE' running on an 'X:\I386\SYSTEM32' drive. The window displays the following sequence of commands and their descriptions:

- X:\I386\SYSTEM32>diskpart** → Starts the Microsoft disk partitioning tool.
- Microsoft DiskPart version 5.2.3790.1830**  
Copyright (C) 1999-2001 Microsoft Corporation.  
On computer: MININT-JVC
- DISKPART> list vol** → Show partition information

Volume #	Ltr	Label	Fs	Type	Size	Status	Info
Volume 0	X	CD_ROM	CDFS	DUD-ROM	405 MB	Healthy	
Volume 1	D		FAT32	Removable	3854 MB	Healthy	

- DISKPART> sel disk 0** → Select a disk
- Disk 0 is now the selected disk.**
- DISKPART> create part pri size=2000** → Create partition 1 and assign a size.  
This partition is for OS installation.
- DiskPart succeeded in creating the specified partition.**
- DISKPART> assign letter=N** → Assign partition 1 a code name (N).
- DiskPart successfully assigned the drive letter or mount point.**
- DISKPART> create part pri size=1800** → Create partition 2 and assign a size.  
This partition is for recovery images.
- DiskPart succeeded in creating the specified partition.**
- DISKPART> assign letter=F** → Assign partition 2 a code name (F).
- DiskPart successfully assigned the drive letter or mount point.**
- DISKPART> exit** → Exit diskpart
- X:\I386\SYSTEM32>format n: /fs:ntfs /q /y** → Format partition 1 (N) as NTFS format.  
The type of the file system is RHW.  
The new file system is NTFS.  
QuickFormatting 2000M  
Creating file system structures.  
Format complete.  
2048254 KB total disk space.  
2035620 KB are available.
- X:\I386\SYSTEM32>format f: /fs:ntfs /q /v:Recovery /y** → Format partition 2 (F) as NTFS format and name it as "Recovery".
- X:\I386\SYSTEM32>exit** → Exit Windows PE

Figure B-5: Partition Creation Commands

**NOTE:**

Use the following commands to check if the partitions were created successfully.

```
X:\I386\SYSTEM32>diskpart
Microsoft DiskPart version 5.2.3790.1830
Copyright <C> 1999-2001 Microsoft Corporation.
On computer: MININT-JVC

DISKPART> sel disk 0
Disk 0 is now the selected disk.

DISKPART> list part
  Partition ###  Type          Size      Offset
  Partition 1   Primary       2000 MB    32 KB
  Partition 2   Primary       1804 MB  2000 MB

DISKPART> exit
```

**Step 6:** Press any key to exit the recovery tool and automatically reboot the system.

Please continue to the following procedure: Build-up Recovery Partition.

### B.2.3 Install Operating System, Drivers and Applications

Install the operating system onto the unlabelled partition. The partition labeled as "Recovery" is for use by the system recovery tool and should not be used for installing the operating system or any applications.

**NOTE:**

The operating system installation program may offer to reformat the chosen partition. DO NOT format the partition again. The partition has already been formatted and is ready for installing the new operating system.

To install the operating system, insert the operating system installation CD into the optical drive. Restart the computer and follow the installation instructions.

### B.2.4 Build-up Recovery Partition

**Step 1:** Put the recover CD in the optical drive.

**Step 2:** Start the system.

**Step 3:** **Boot the system from recovery CD.** When prompted, press any key to boot from the recovery CD. It will take a while to launch the recovery tool. Please be patient!

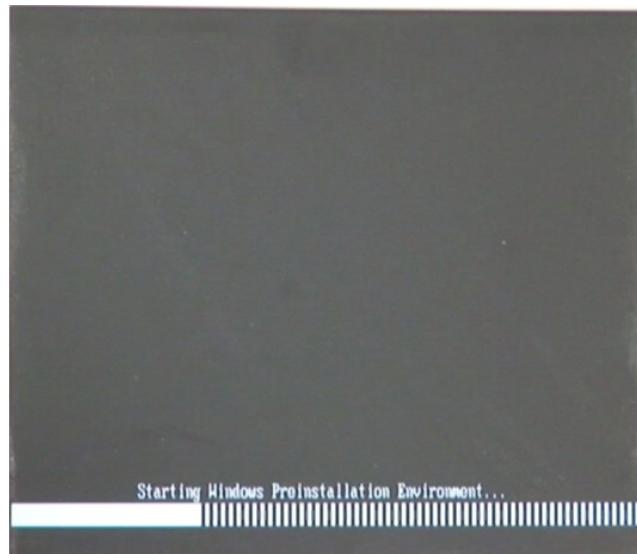


Figure B-6: Launching the Recovery Tool

**Step 4:** When the recovery tool setup menu appears, press <2> then <Enter>.

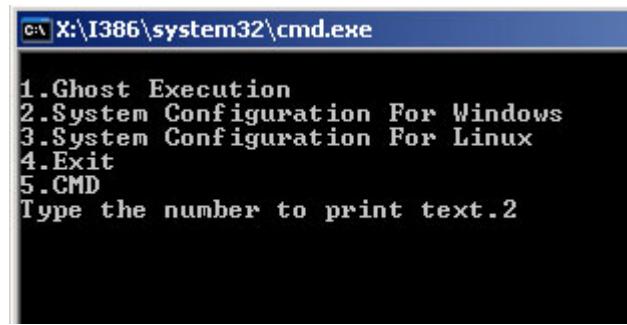
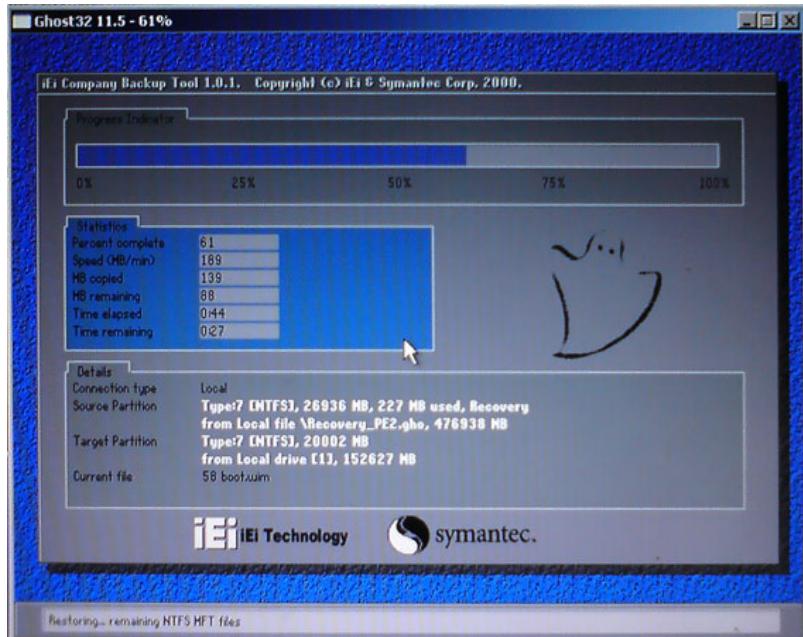


Figure B-7: System Configuration for Windows

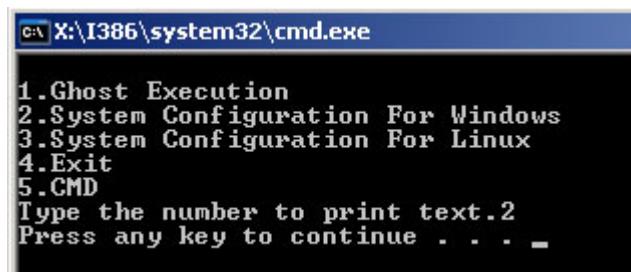
**Step 5:** The Symantec Ghost window appears and starts configuring the system to build-up a recovery partition. In this process, the partition which is created for

recovery files in **Section B.2.2** is hidden and the recovery tool is saved in this partition.



**Figure B-8: Build-up Recovery Partition**

**Step 6:** After completing the system configuration, press any key in the following window to reboot the system.



**Figure B-9: Press any key to continue**

**Step 7:** Eject the recovery CD.

### B.2.5 Create Factory Default Image

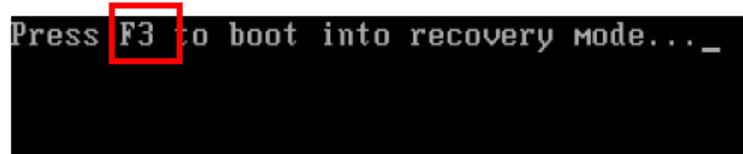


#### NOTE:

Before creating the factory default image, please configure the system to a factory default environment, including driver and application installations.

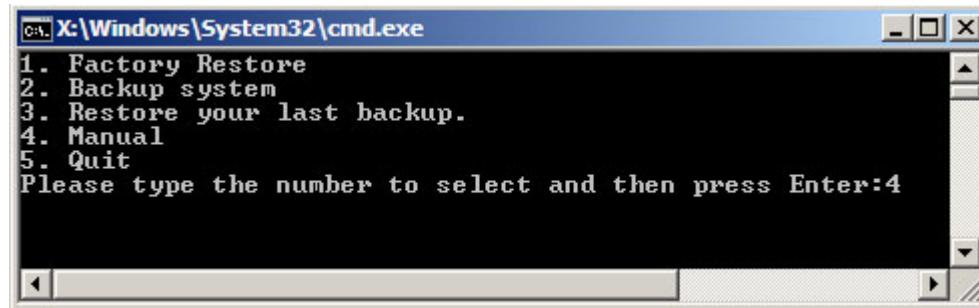
To create a factory default image, please follow the steps below.

**Step 1:** Turn on the system. When the following screen displays (**Figure B-10**), press the <F3> key to access the recovery tool. The message will display for 10 seconds, please press F3 before the system boots into the operating system.



**Figure B-10: Press F3 to Boot into Recovery Mode**

**Step 2:** The recovery tool menu appears. Type <4> and press <Enter>. (**Figure B-11**)



**Figure B-11: Recovery Tool Menu**

**Step 3:** The About Symantec Ghost window appears. Click **OK** button to continue.

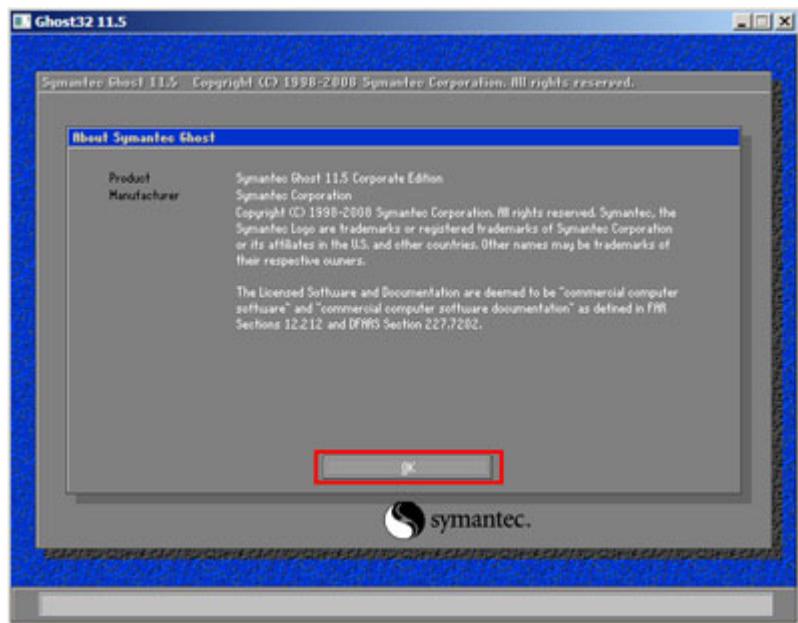


Figure B-12: About Symantec Ghost Window

**Step 4:** Use mouse to navigate to the option shown below (**Figure B-13**).

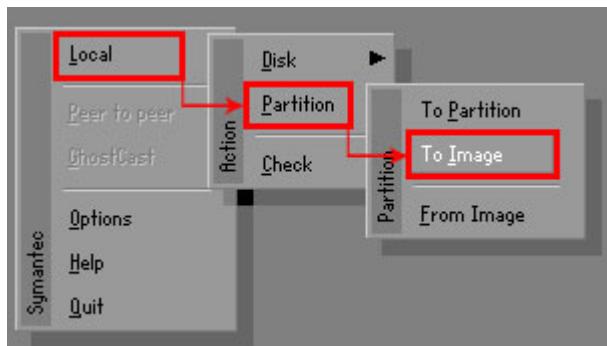


Figure B-13: Symantec Ghost Path

**Step 5:** Select the local source drive (Drive 1) as shown in **Figure B-14**. Then click OK.

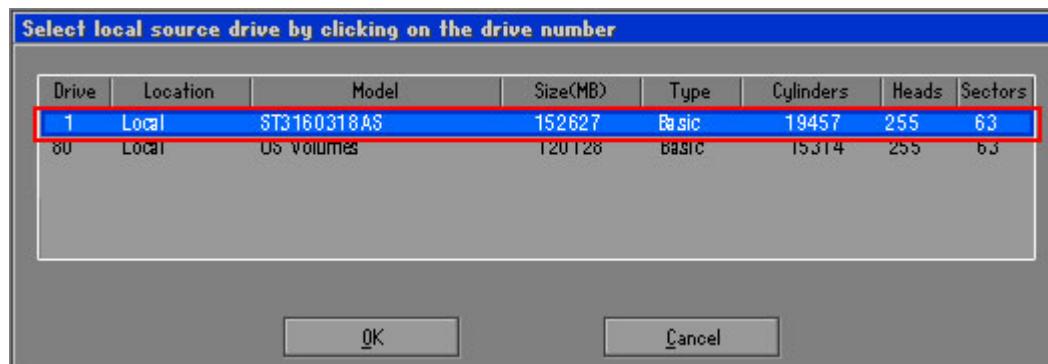


Figure B-14: Select a Local Source Drive

**Step 6:** Select a source partition (Part 1) from basic drive as shown in **Figure B-15**.

Then click OK.

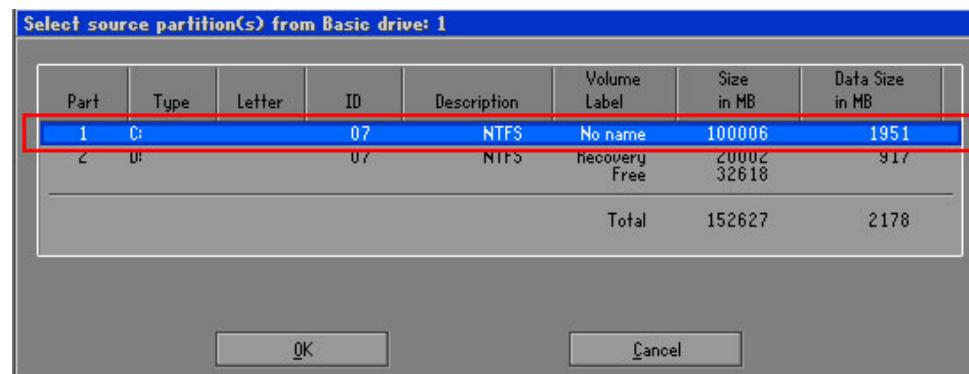


Figure B-15: Select a Source Partition from Basic Drive

**Step 7:** Select 1.2: [Recovery] NTFS drive and enter a file name called **iei**

(**Figure B-16**). Click **Save**. The factory default image will then be saved in the selected recovery drive and named **IEI.GHO**.



### WARNING:

The file name of the factory default image must be **iei.GHO**.

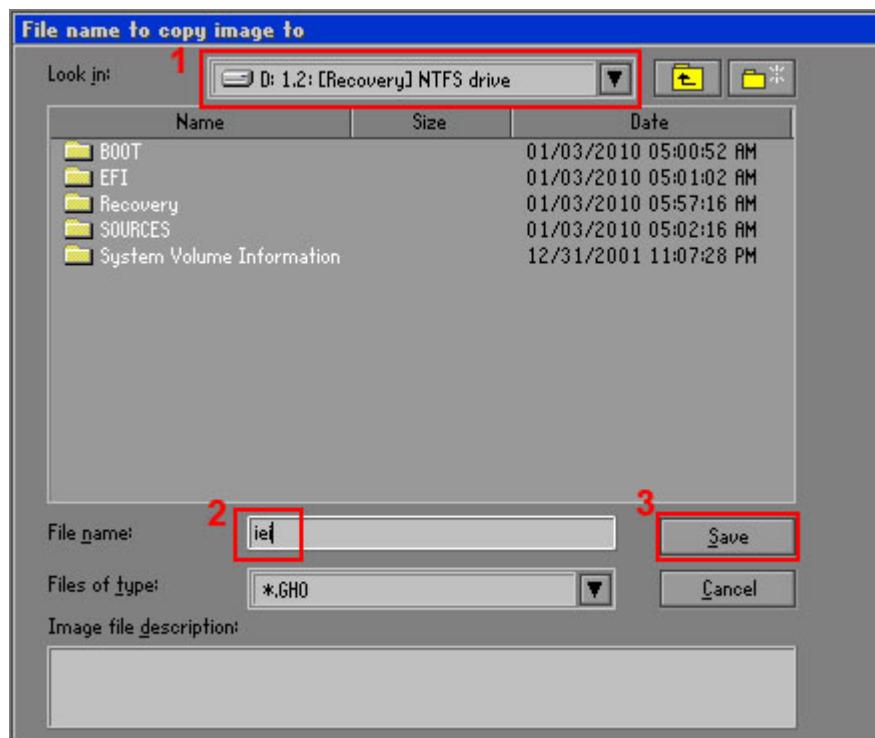


Figure B-16: File Name to Copy Image to

**Step 8:** When the Compress Image screen in **Figure B-17** prompts, click **High** to make the image file smaller.

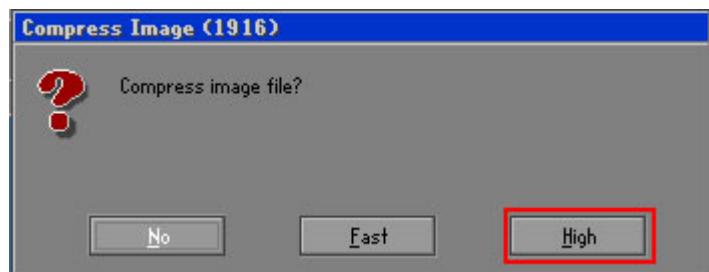


Figure B-17: Compress Image

**Step 9:** The Proceed with partition image creation window appears, click **Yes** to continue.

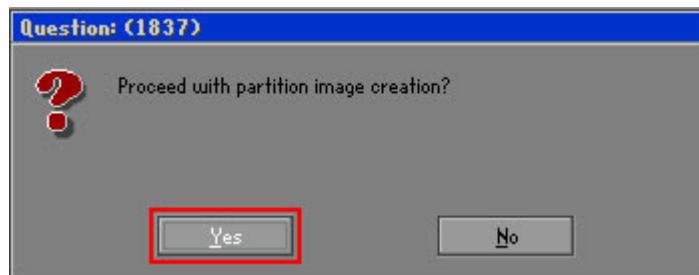


Figure B-18: Image Creation Confirmation

**Step 10:** The Symantec Ghost starts to create the factory default image (**Figure B-19**).

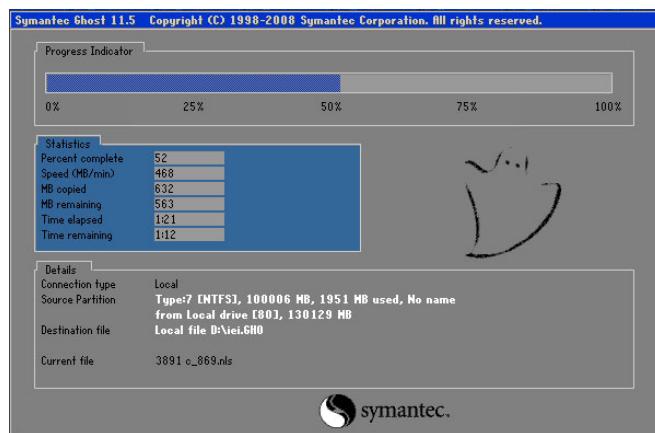


Figure B-19: Image Creation Process

**Step 11:** When the image creation completes, a screen prompts as shown in **Figure B-20**.

Click **Continue** and close the Ghost window to exit the program.

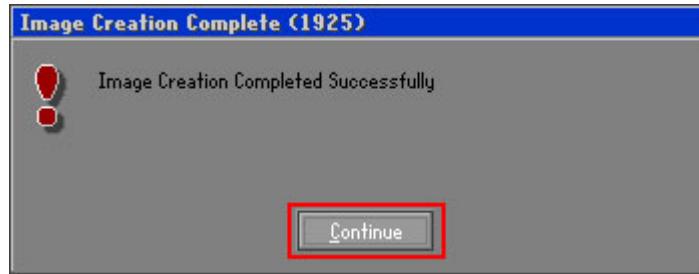
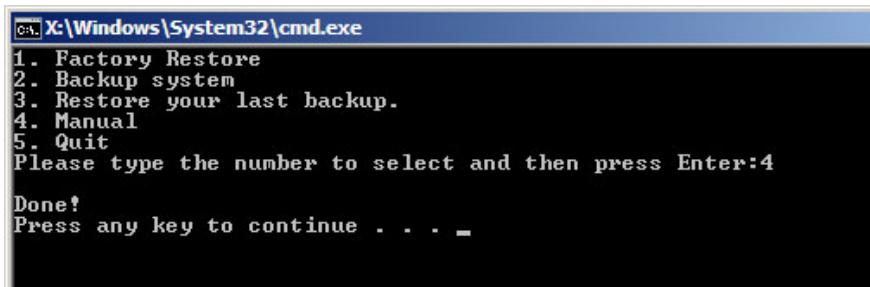


Figure B-20: Image Creation Complete

**Step 12:** The recovery tool main menu window is shown as below. Press any key to reboot the system.



The screenshot shows a command-line interface (cmd.exe) window with the following text:  
C:\> X:\Windows\System32\cmd.exe  
1. Factory Restore  
2. Backup system  
3. Restore your last backup.  
4. Manual  
5. Quit  
Please type the number to select and then press Enter:4  
Done!  
Press any key to continue . . . -

Figure B-21: Press Any Key to Continue

### B.3 Setup Procedure for Linux

The initial setup procedures for a Linux system are mostly the same with the procedure for Microsoft Windows. Please follow the steps below to setup the recovery tool for Linux OS.

**Step 1: Hardware and BIOS setup.** Refer to **Section B.2.1**.

**Step 2: Install Linux operating system.** Make sure to install GRUB (v0.97 or earlier) MBR type and Ext3 partition type. Leave enough space on the hard drive to create the recover partition later.



#### NOTE:

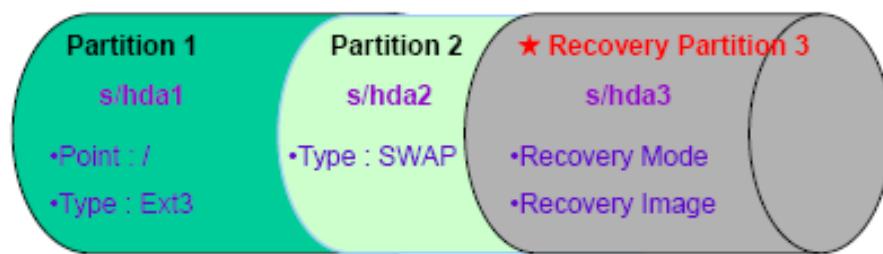
If the Linux OS is not installed with GRUB (v0.97 or earlier) and Ext3, the Symantec Ghost may not function properly.

While installing Linux OS, please create two partitions:

- Partition 1: /
- Partition 2: SWAP

**NOTE:**

Please reserve enough space for partition 3 for saving recovery images.



**Figure B-22: Partitions for Linux**

**Step 3: Create a recovery partition.** Insert the recovery CD into the optical disk drive.

Follow **Step 1 ~ Step 3** described in **Section B.2.2**. Then type the following commands (marked in red) to create a partition for recovery images.

```
system32>diskpart  
DISKPART>list vol  
DISKPART>sel disk 0  
DISKPART>create part pri size= __  
DISKPART>assign letter=N  
DISKPART>exit  
system32>format N: /fs:ntfs /q /v:Recovery /y  
system32>exit
```

**Step 4: Build-up recovery partition.** Press any key to boot from the recovery CD. It will take a while to launch the recovery tool. Please be patient. When the recovery tool setup menu appears, type <3> and press <Enter> (**Figure B-23**). The Symantec Ghost window appears and starts configuring the system to build-up a recovery partition. After completing the system configuration, press any key to reboot the system. Eject the recovery CD.

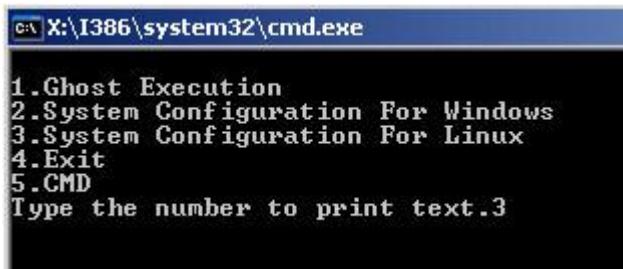
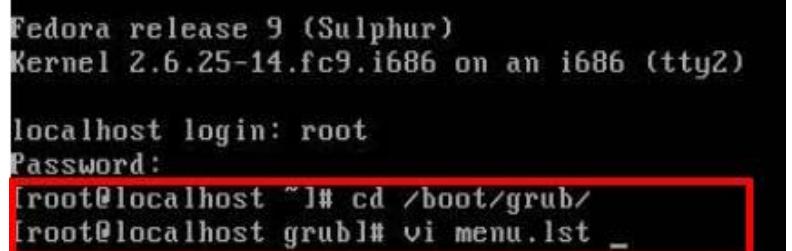


Figure B-23: System Configuration for Linux

**Step 5:** Access the recovery tool main menu by modifying the “menu.lst”. To first access the recovery tool main menu, the menu.lst must be modified. In Linux system, enter Administrator (root). When prompt appears, type:

**cd /boot/grub**

**vi menu.lst**



```
Fedora release 9 (Sulphur)
Kernel 2.6.25-14.fc9.i686 on an i686 (tty2)

localhost login: root
Password:
[root@localhost ~]# cd /boot/grub/
[root@localhost grub]# vi menu.lst _
```

Figure B-24: Access menu.lst in Linux (Text Mode)

**Step 6:** Modify the menu.lst as shown below.

```
#boot=/dev/sda
default=0
timeout=10 ← Modify timeout=10
splashimage=(hd0,0)/grub/splash.xpm.gz
hiddenmenu
title Fedora (2.6.25-14.fc9.i686)
root (hd0,0)
kernel /vmlinuz-2.6.25-14.fc9.i686 ro root=UUID=10f1acd
ac38b5c78910 rhgb quiet
initrd /initrd-2.6.25-14.fc9.i686.img

title Recovery Partition
root (hd0,2) ← Type command
makeactive
chainloader +1
```

- Type command:  
title Recovery Partition  
root (hd0,2)  
makeactive  
chainloader +1

**Step 7:** The recovery tool menu appears. (Figure B-25)

```
1. Factory Restore
2. Backup system
3. Restore your last backup.
4. Manual
5. Quit
Please type the number to select and then press Enter:
```

Figure B-25: Recovery Tool Menu

**Step 8:** Create a factory default image. Follow **Step 2 ~ Step 12** described in **Section B.2.5** to create a factory default image.

## B.4 Recovery Tool Functions

After completing the initial setup procedures as described above, users can access the recovery tool by pressing <F3> while booting up the system. The main menu of the recovery tool is shown below.

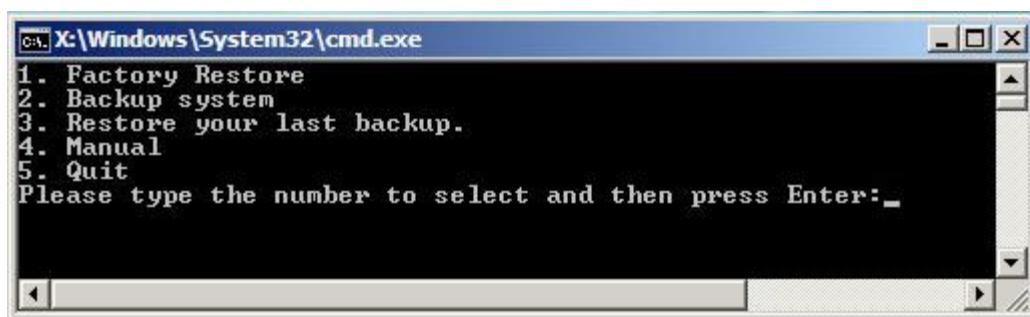


Figure B-26: Recovery Tool Main Menu

The recovery tool has several functions including:

1. **Factory Restore:** Restore the factory default image (iei.GHO) created in Section B.2.5.
2. **Backup system:** Create a system backup image (iei\_user.GHO) which will be saved in the hidden partition.
3. **Restore your last backup:** Restore the last system backup image
4. **Manual:** Enter the Symantec Ghost window to configure manually.
5. **Quit:** Exit the recovery tool and restart the system.



#### **WARNING:**

Please do not turn off the system power during the process of system recovery or backup.



#### **WARNING:**

All data in the system will be deleted during the system recovery.  
Please backup the system files before restoring the system (either Factory Restore or Restore Backup).

### B.4.1 Factory Restore

To restore the factory default image, please follow the steps below.

**Step 1:** Type <1> and press <Enter> in the main menu.

**Step 2:** The Symantec Ghost window appears and starts to restore the factory default. A factory default image called **iei.GHO** is created in the hidden Recovery partition.

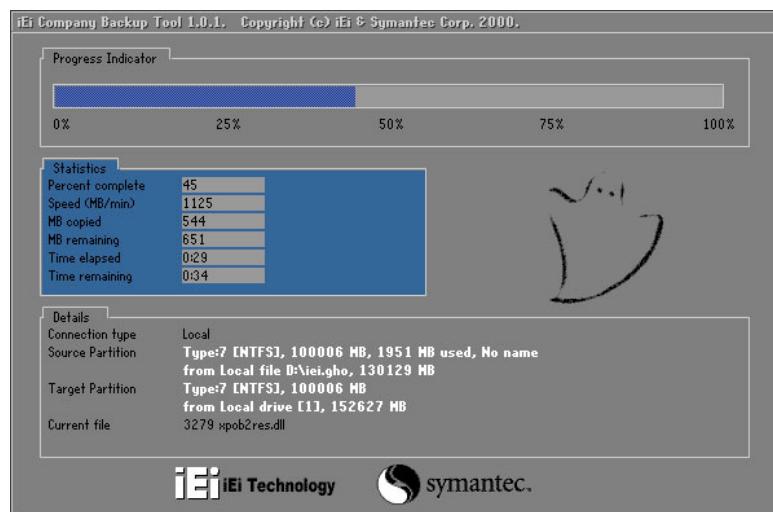


Figure B-27: Restore Factory Default

**Step 3:** The screen is shown as in **Figure B-28** when completed. Press any key to reboot the system.

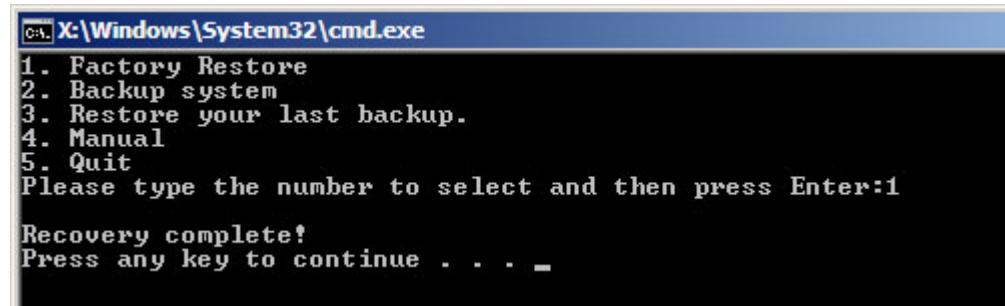


Figure B-28: Recovery Complete Window

### B.4.2 Backup System

To backup the system, please follow the steps below.

**Step 1:** Type <2> and press <Enter> in the main menu.

**Step 2:** The Symantec Ghost window appears and starts to backup the system. A backup image called **iei\_user.GHO** is created in the hidden Recovery partition.

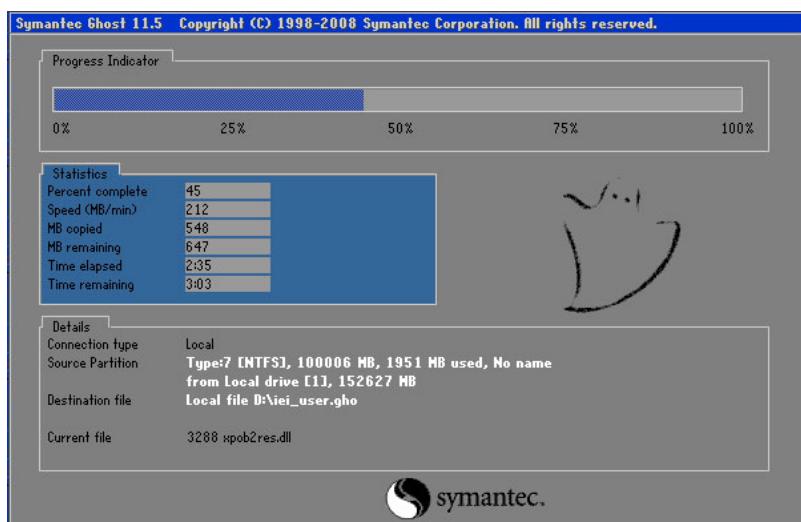


Figure B-29: Backup System

**Step 3:** The screen is shown as in **Figure B-30** when system backup is completed.

Press any key to reboot the system.

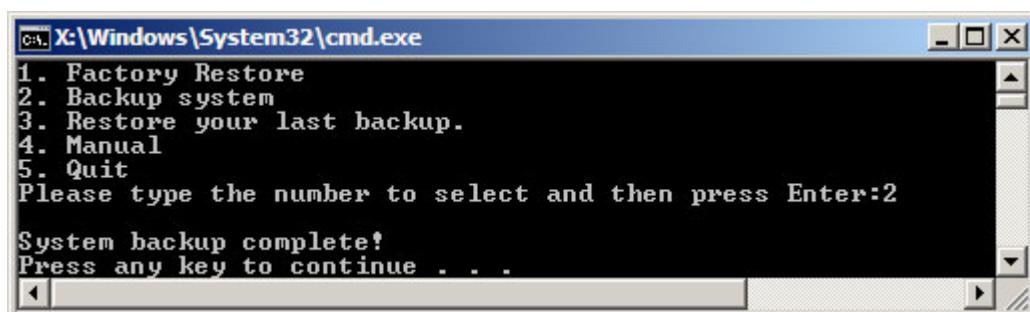


Figure B-30: System Backup Complete Window

### B.4.3 Restore Your Last Backup

To restore the last system backup, please follow the steps below.

**Step 1:** Type <3> and press <Enter> in the main menu.

**Step 2:** The Symantec Ghost window appears and starts to restore the last backup image (iei\_user.GHO).

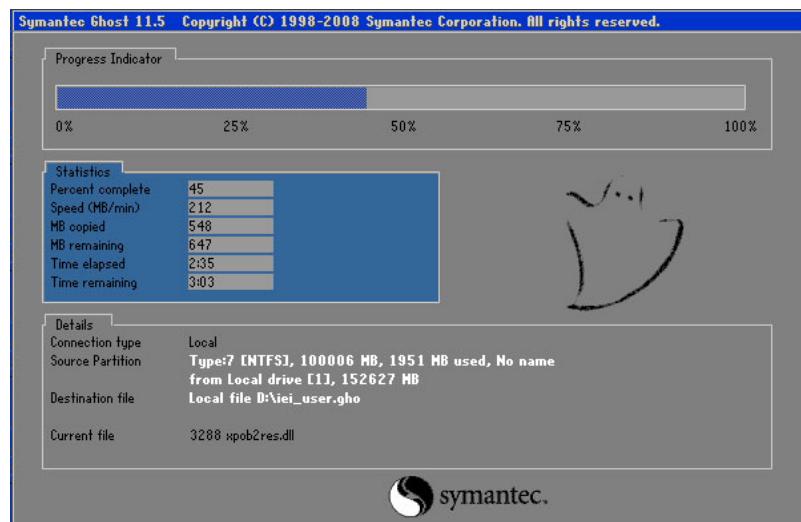


Figure B-31: Restore Backup

**Step 3:** The screen is shown as in **Figure B-32** when backup recovery is completed.

Press any key to reboot the system.

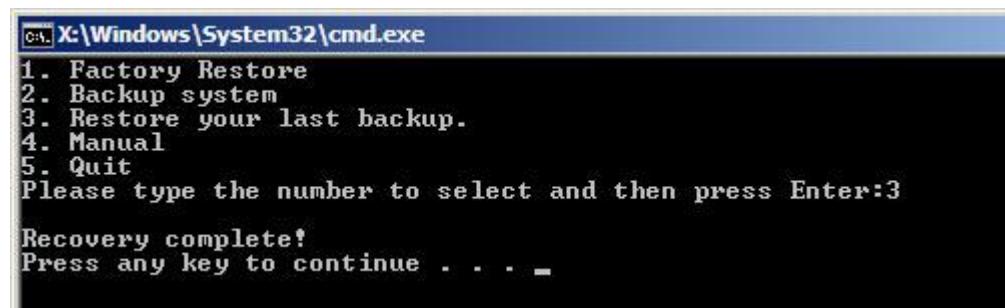


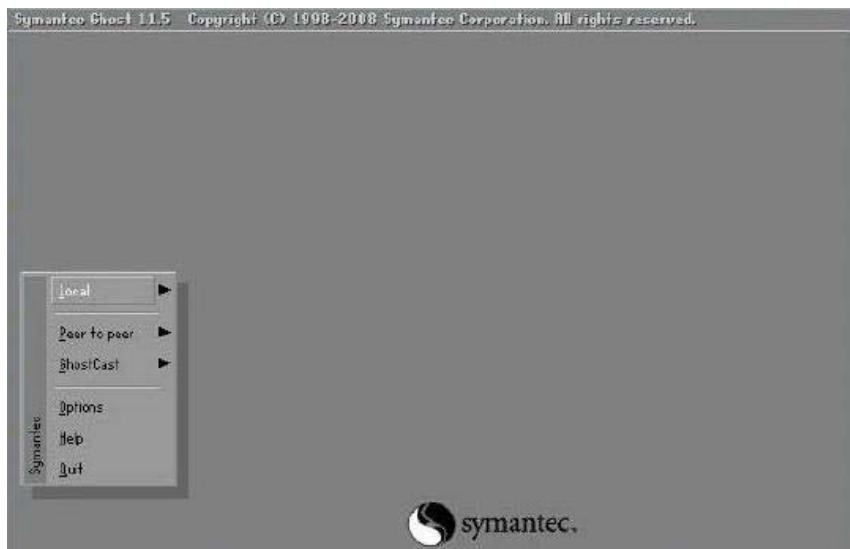
Figure B-32: Restore System Backup Complete Window

#### B.4.4 Manual

To restore the last system backup, please follow the steps below.

**Step 1:** Type <4> and press <Enter> in the main menu.

**Step 2:** The Symantec Ghost window appears. Use the Ghost program to backup or recover the system manually.



**Figure B-33: Symantec Ghost Window**

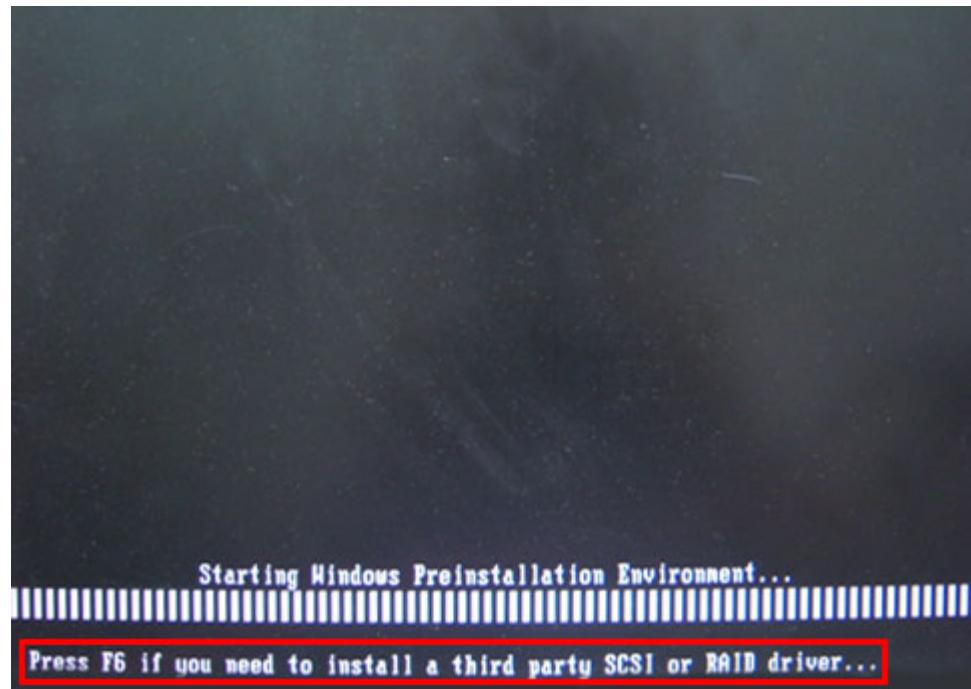
**Step 3:** When backup or recovery is completed, press any key to reboot the system.

## B.5 Other Information

### B.5.1 Using AHCI Mode or ALi M5283 / VIA VT6421A Controller

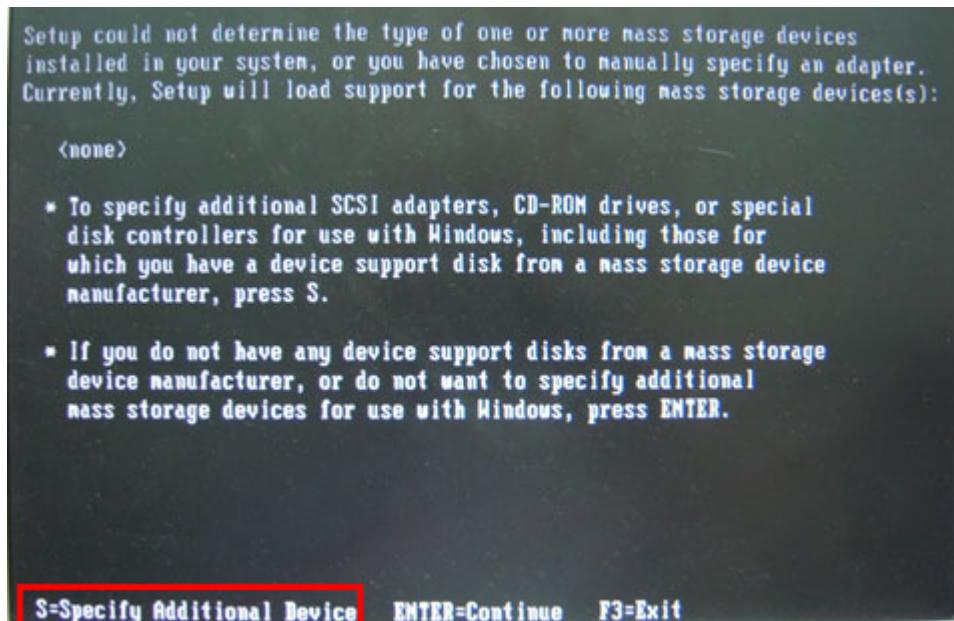
When the system uses AHCI mode or some specific SATA controllers such as ALi M5283 or VIA VT6421A, the SATA RAID/AHCI driver must be installed before using one key recovery. Please follow the steps below to install the SATA RAID/AHCI driver.

- Step 1:** Copy the SATA RAID/AHCI driver to a floppy disk and insert the floppy disk into a USB floppy disk drive. The SATA RAID/AHCI driver must be especially designed for the on-board SATA controller.
- Step 2:** Connect the USB floppy disk drive to the system.
- Step 3:** Insert the One Key Recovery CD into the system and boot the system from the CD.
- Step 4:** When launching the recovery tool, press <F6>.

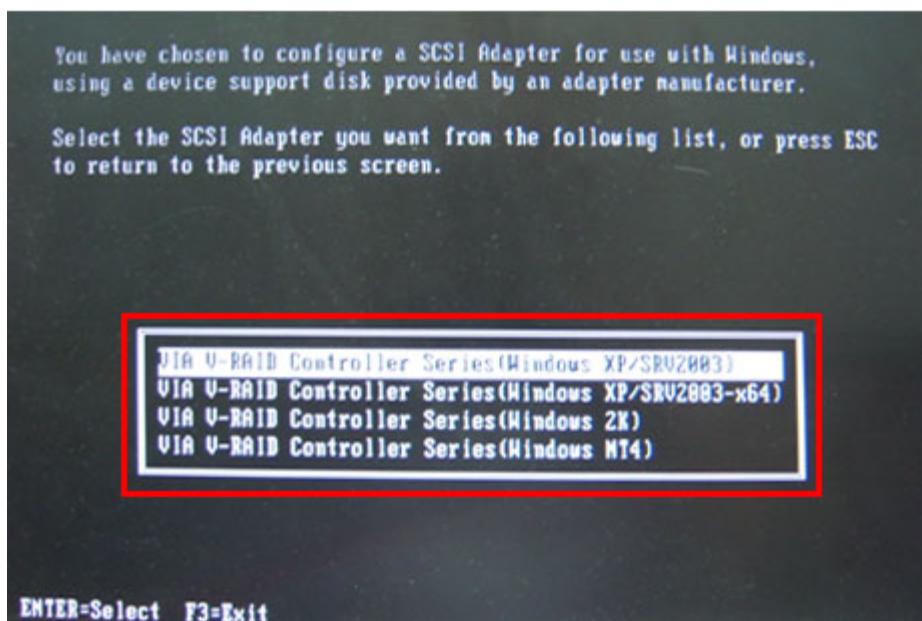


## WAFER-945GSE2 3.5" Motherboard

**Step 5:** When the following window appears, press <S> to select "Specify Additional Device".



**Step 6:** In the following window, select a SATA controller mode used in the system. Then press <Enter>. The user can now start using the SATA HDD.



**Step 7:** After pressing <Enter>, the system will get into the recovery tool setup menu.

Continue to follow the setup procedure from **Step 4** in **Section B.2.2 Create Partitions** to finish the whole setup process.

## B.5.2 System Memory Requirement

To be able to access the recovery tool by pressing <F3> while booting up the system, please make sure to have enough system memory. The minimum memory requirement is listed below.

- **Using Award BIOS:** 128 MB system memory
- **Using AMI BIOS:** 512 MB system memory.

## Appendix

C

# Terminology

---

<b>AC '97</b>	Audio Codec 97 (AC'97) refers to a codec standard developed by Intel® in 1997.
<b>ACPI</b>	Advanced Configuration and Power Interface (ACPI) is an OS-directed configuration, power management, and thermal management interface.
<b>AHCI</b>	Advanced Host Controller Interface (AHCI) is a SATA Host controller register-level interface.
<b>ATA</b>	The Advanced Technology Attachment (ATA) interface connects storage devices including hard disks and CD-ROM drives to a computer.
<b>ARMD</b>	An ATAPI Removable Media Device (ARMD) is any ATAPI device that supports removable media, besides CD and DVD drives.
<b>ASKIR</b>	Amplitude Shift Keyed Infrared (ASKIR) is a form of modulation that represents a digital signal by varying the amplitude ("volume") of the signal. A low amplitude signal represents a binary 0, while a high amplitude signal represents a binary 1.
<b>BIOS</b>	The Basic Input/Output System (BIOS) is firmware that is first run when the computer is turned on and can be configured by the end user
<b>CODEC</b>	The Compressor-Decompressor (CODEC) encodes and decodes digital audio data on the system.
<b>CMOS</b>	Complimentary metal-oxide-conductor is an integrated circuit used in chips like static RAM and microprocessors.
<b>COM</b>	COM refers to serial ports. Serial ports offer serial communication to expansion devices. The serial port on a personal computer is usually a male DB-9 connector.
<b>DAC</b>	The Digital-to-Analog Converter (DAC) converts digital signals to analog signals.
<b>DDR</b>	Double Data Rate refers to a data bus transferring data on both the rising and falling edges of the clock signal.
<b>DMA</b>	Direct Memory Access (DMA) enables some peripheral devices to bypass the system processor and communicate directly with the system memory.

## WAFER-945GSE2 3.5" Motherboard

<b>DIMM</b>	Dual Inline Memory Modules are a type of RAM that offer a 64-bit data bus and have separate electrical contacts on each side of the module.
<b>DIO</b>	The digital inputs and digital outputs are general control signals that control the on/off circuit of external devices or TTL devices. Data can be read or written to the selected address to enable the DIO functions.
<b>EHCI</b>	The Enhanced Host Controller Interface (EHCI) specification is a register-level interface description for USB 2.0 Host Controllers.
<b>EIDE</b>	Enhanced IDE (EIDE) is a newer IDE interface standard that has data transfer rates between 4.0 MBps and 16.6 MBps.
<b>EIST</b>	Enhanced Intel® SpeedStep Technology (EIST) allows users to modify the power consumption levels and processor performance through application software. The application software changes the bus-to-core frequency ratio and the processor core voltage.
<b>FSB</b>	The Front Side Bus (FSB) is the bi-directional communication channel between the processor and the Northbridge chipset.
<b>GbE</b>	Gigabit Ethernet (GbE) is an Ethernet version that transfers data at 1.0 Gbps and complies with the IEEE 802.3-2005 standard.
<b>GPIO</b>	General purpose input
<b>HDD</b>	Hard disk drive (HDD) is a type of magnetic, non-volatile computer storage device that stores digitally encoded data.
<b>ICH</b>	The Input/Output Control Hub (ICH) is an Intel® Southbridge chipset.
<b>IrDA</b>	Infrared Data Association (IrDA) specify infrared data transmission protocols used to enable electronic devices to wirelessly communicate with each other.
<b>L1 Cache</b>	The Level 1 Cache (L1 Cache) is a small memory cache built into the system processor.
<b>L2 Cache</b>	The Level 2 Cache (L2 Cache) is an external processor memory cache.
<b>LCD</b>	Liquid crystal display (LCD) is a flat, low-power display device that consists of two polarizing plates with a liquid crystal panel in between.

<b>LVDS</b>	Low-voltage differential signaling (LVDS) is a dual-wire, high-speed differential electrical signaling system commonly used to connect LCD displays to a computer.
<b>POST</b>	The Power-on Self Test (POST) is the pre-boot actions the system performs when the system is turned-on.
<b>RAM</b>	Random Access Memory (RAM) is volatile memory that loses data when power is lost. RAM has very fast data transfer rates compared to other storage like hard drives.
<b>SATA</b>	Serial ATA (SATA) is a serial communications bus designed for data transfers between storage devices and the computer chipsets. The SATA bus has transfer speeds up to 1.5 Gbps and the SATA II bus has data transfer speeds of up to 3.0 Gbps.
<b>S.M.A.R.T</b>	Self Monitoring Analysis and Reporting Technology (S.M.A.R.T) refers to automatic status checking technology implemented on hard disk drives.
<b>UART</b>	Universal Asynchronous Receiver-transmitter (UART) is responsible for asynchronous communications on the system and manages the system's serial communication (COM) ports.
<b>UHCI</b>	The Universal Host Controller Interface (UHCI) specification is a register-level interface description for USB 1.1 Host Controllers.
<b>USB</b>	The Universal Serial Bus (USB) is an external bus standard for interfacing devices. USB 1.1 supports 12Mbps data transfer rates and USB 2.0 supports 480Mbps data transfer rates.
<b>VGA</b>	The Video Graphics Array (VGA) is a graphics display system developed by IBM.

Appendix

D

# Digital I/O Interface

---

## D.1 Introduction

The DIO connector on the WAFER-945GSE2 is interfaced to GPIO ports on the Super I/O chipset. The DIO has both 4-bit digital inputs and 4-bit digital outputs. The digital inputs and digital outputs are generally control signals that control the on/off circuit of external devices or TTL devices. Data can be read or written to the selected address to enable the DIO functions.



### NOTE:

For further information, please refer to the datasheet for the Super I/O chipset.

## D.2 DIO Connector Pinouts

Pin	Description	Super I/O Pin	Super I/O Pin Description
1	Ground	N/A	N/A
2	VCC	N/A	N/A
3	Output 3	GP23	General Purpose I/O Port 2 Bit 3
4	Output 2	GP22	General Purpose I/O Port 2 Bit 2
5	Output 1	GP21	General Purpose I/O Port 2 Bit 1
6	Output 0	GP20	General Purpose I/O Port 2 Bit 0
7	Input 3	GP33	General Purpose I/O 33
8	Input 2	GP32	General Purpose I/O 32
9	Input 1	GP31	General Purpose I/O 31
10	Input 0	GP30	General Purpose I/O 30

## D.3 Assembly Language Samples

### D.3.1 Enable the DIO Input Function

The BIOS interrupt call INT 15H controls the digital I/O. An assembly program to enable digital I/O input functions is listed below.

**MOV AX, 6F08H** Sets the digital port as input

## WAFER-945GSE2 3.5" Motherboard

**INT**      **15H**      Initiates the INT 15H BIOS call

### D.3.2 Enable the DIO Output Function

The BIOS interrupt call INT 15H controls the digital I/O. An assembly program to enable digital I/O output functions is listed below.

**MOV**      **AX, 6F09H**      Sets the digital port as output

**MOV**      **BL, 09H**

**INT**      **15H**      Initiates the INT 15H BIOS call

Appendix

E

# Watchdog Timer

---

**NOTE:**

The following discussion applies to DOS environment. Contact IEI support or visit the IEI website for specific drivers for other operating systems.

The Watchdog Timer is provided to ensure that standalone systems can always recover from catastrophic conditions that cause the CPU to crash. This condition may have occurred by external EMIs or a software bug. When the CPU stops working correctly, Watchdog Timer either performs a hardware reset (cold boot) or a Non-Maskable Interrupt (NMI) to bring the system back to a known state.

A BIOS function call (INT 15H) is used to control the Watchdog Timer.

INT 15H:

<b>AH – 6FH Sub-function:</b>	
AL – 2:	Sets the Watchdog Timer's period.
BL:	Time-out value (Its unit-second is dependent on the item "Watchdog Timer unit select" in CMOS setup).

**Table E-1: AH-6FH Sub-function**

Call sub-function 2 to set the time-out period of Watchdog Timer first. If the time-out value is not zero, the Watchdog Timer starts counting down. When the timer value reaches zero, the system resets. To ensure that this reset condition does not occur, calling sub-function 2 must periodically refresh the Watchdog Timer. However, the watchdog timer is disabled if the time-out value is set to zero.

A tolerance of at least 10% must be maintained to avoid unknown routines within the operating system (DOS), such as disk I/O that can be very time-consuming.

**NOTE:**

When exiting a program it is necessary to disable the Watchdog Timer, otherwise the system resets.

---

**EXAMPLE PROGRAM:**

---

```
; INITIAL TIMER PERIOD COUNTER

;

W_LOOP:
;

    MOV      AX, 6F02H      ;setting the time-out value
    MOV      BL, 30          ;time-out value is 48 seconds
    INT      15H

;

; ADD THE APPLICATION PROGRAM HERE
;

    CMP      EXIT_AP, 1      ;is the application over?
    JNE      W_LOOP          ;No, restart the application

    MOV      AX, 6F02H      ;disable Watchdog Timer
    MOV      BL, 0           ;
    INT      15H

;

; EXIT ;
```

Appendix

F

# Hazardous Materials Disclosure

---

## F.1 Hazardous Materials Disclosure Table for IPB Products Certified as RoHS Compliant Under 2002/95/EC Without Mercury

The details provided in this appendix are to ensure that the product is compliant with the Peoples Republic of China (China) RoHS standards. The table below acknowledges the presences of small quantities of certain materials in the product, and is applicable to China RoHS only.

A label will be placed on each product to indicate the estimated "Environmentally Friendly Use Period" (EFUP). This is an estimate of the number of years that these substances would "not leak out or undergo abrupt change." This product may contain replaceable sub-assemblies/components which have a shorter EFUP such as batteries and lamps. These components will be separately marked.

Please refer to the table on the next page.

## WAFER-945GSE2 3.5" Motherboard

Part Name	Toxic or Hazardous Substances and Elements					
	Lead (Pb)	Mercury (Hg)	Cadmium (Cd)	Hexavalent Chromium (Cr(VI))	Polybrominated Biphenyls (PBB)	Polybrominated Diphenyl Ethers (PBDE)
Housing	X	O	O	O	O	X
Display	X	O	O	O	O	X
Printed Circuit Board	X	O	O	O	O	X
Metal Fasteners	X	O	O	O	O	O
Cable Assembly	X	O	O	O	O	X
Fan Assembly	X	O	O	O	O	X
Power Supply Assemblies	X	O	O	O	O	X
Battery	O	O	O	O	O	O

O: This toxic or hazardous substance is contained in all of the homogeneous materials for the part is below the limit requirement in SJ/T11363-2006

X: This toxic or hazardous substance is contained in at least one of the homogeneous materials for this part is above the limit requirement in SJ/T11363-2006

此附件旨在确保本产品符合中国 RoHS 标准。以下表格标示此产品中某有毒物质的含量符合中国 RoHS 标准规定的限量要求。

本产品上会附有“环境友好使用期限”的标签，此期限是估算这些物质“不会有泄漏或突变”的年限。本产品可能包含有较短的环境友好使用期限的可替换元件，像是电池或灯管，这些元件将会单独标示出来。

部件名称	有毒有害物质或元素					
	铅 (Pb)	汞 (Hg)	镉 (Cd)	六价铬 (Cr(VI))	多溴联苯 (PBB)	多溴二苯 醚 (PBDE)
壳体	X	O	O	O	O	X
显示	X	O	O	O	O	X
印刷电路板	X	O	O	O	O	X
金属螺帽	X	O	O	O	O	O
电缆组装	X	O	O	O	O	X
风扇组装	X	O	O	O	O	X
电力供应组装	X	O	O	O	O	X
电池	O	O	O	O	O	O

O: 表示该有毒有害物质在该部件所有物质材料中的含量均在 SJ/T11363-2006 标准规定的限量要求以下。  
X: 表示该有毒有害物质至少在该部件的某一均质材料中的含量超出 SJ/T11363-2006 标准规定的限量要求。