### CONTENTS

1.	Specific	ation	2			
2.	Chipset	on this Mother Board	4			
3.	Parts O	Parts Of The Mother Board 6				
4.	MotherBoard Layout Quick View7					
5.	Installat	ion	8			
	5-1	Jumper Setting I	8			
	5-2	Jumper Setting II	9			
	5-3	Install System Memory Modules	11			
	5-4	Install the Central Processing Unit (CPU)	12			
	5-5	External Conncetion	13			
	5-6	Power On Procedure	21			
Attache	d:	BIOS Setup Tips	22			

#### I tem Checklist

Please check that your package is complete. If you discover damaged or missing items, please contact your retailer.

Motherboard x 1

- 40-pin IDE Connector Flat Cable x 1
- 34-pin Floppy Disk Drive Flat Cable x 1
- User' s Manual x 1
- 🖾 CD x 1
- LDCM Diskette x 1 (Option)
- USB Connector Cable with bracket x 1 (Option)
- IrDA Module x 1 (Option)

Option : Components will be include upon customer ordering instructions per Proforma Invoice & additional external procurement cost will be included.

# 1. Specifications

#### Microprocessor

Support Intel P54C/P55C, AMD K5/K6/K6-2, Cyrix M1/M2 and other Pentium compatible CPUs. The Front Side Bus Supports 66/75/83/ 95/100/112 MHz host bus clock, selectable by jumpers. ZIF Socket 7 for CPU Insert.

#### Cache and System Memory

512KB pipeline burst synchronous SRAM Three 168 pin dual in line memory module (DIMM) sockets Support up to 768 MB of synchronous DRAM (SDRAM)

#### Chipset (SiS 530/5595 PCI AGP/VGA chip set)

SiS 530 PCI/AGP VGA controller Integrated AGP VGA for hardware 2D/3D video/graphics accelerators Integrated PCI bus mastering controller Integrated second level cache controller SiS 5595 PCI system I/O controller Multifunction PCI-to-ISA bridge Universal Serial Bus (USB) and DMA controllers Two fast IDE interfaces that support up to four IDE drives or devices Power management logic Real-time clock

#### Video/Graphics Subsystems

Integrated high performance & high quality AGP 2D/3D accelerator Programmable 2MB, 4MB, and 8MB shared frame buffer Optional 4MB, and 8MB local frame buffer (manufacturing option) 24 bit true color RAMDAC up to 230MHz pixel clock, supports 1024\*768 8/16/ 32 bpp @85Hz NI DVD hardware accelerator

#### Audio Subsystems

ESS solo1 PCI 3D single chip audio controller Mic-in, Line-out, Line-out, MIDI/Game port

#### I/O features

x FDD Port support up to 2.88MB
x Parallel Port (LPT) support ECP/EPP
x High Speed Serial (16C550 UART) Ports
x IDE Ports support Ultra DMA/33
x Universal Serial Bus (USB) Ports
x PS/2 Keyboard Port
x PS/2 Mouse Port
x IrDA Port
x VGA Port

#### **Expansion** slots

2 x 16-bit ISA Slots 3 x 32-bit PCI Slots

#### **Other features**

Award BIOS Plug and Play compatible Advanced Power Management (APM) 1.2 support Advanced Configuration and Power Interface (ACPI) 1.0 support

*Form factor* Micro ATX, 240mmX220mm

### 2. Chipset on this Mother Board

The Motherbaoard use the Chipset of SiS530 & SIS5595 where SIS 530 is fuinction for Host, PCI, 3D A.G.P. Video/Graphics & Memory Controller and the SiS5595 is function for PCI SYSTEM I/O.

The SiS530/5595 chipset, provides a high performance/cost index Desktop/Mobile solution for the Intel Pentium P54C/P55C, AMD K5/K6/K6-II, Cyrix M1/M2 and other compatible Pentium CPU with 3D A.G.P. VGA system.

The Host, PCI, 3D A.G.P. Video/Graphics & Memory Controller, SiS530 integrates the Host-to-PCI bridge, the PCI interface, the L2 cache controller, the DRAM controller, the high performance hardware 2D/3D VGA controller, and the PCI IDE controller.

The Host interface supports Synchronous/Asynchronous Host/DRAM clocking configuration to eminently improve the system performance and DRAM compatibility issues.

The L2 cache controller can support up to 512 KB P.B. SRAM, and the DRAM controller can support SDRAM memory up to 768 MBytes.

The built-in fast PCI IDE controller supports the ATA PIO/DMA, and the Ultra DMA33 function that support the data transfer rate up to 33 MB/s. It provides the separate data path for two IDE channels that can eminently improve the performance under the multi-tasking environment.

The A.G.P. internal interface is supported for integrated H/W 3D VGA controller. The integrated VGA controller is a high performance and targeted at 3D graphics application. In addition, the integrated 3D Video/Graphics controller adopts the 64bits 100MHz host bus interface high technology to improve the performance eminently. To cost-effective the PC system, the share system memory architecture will be adopted and it can flexibly using the 2MB, 4MB and 8MB frame buffer size from programming the system BIOS. To enhance the system performance, SiS530 also supports the local frame buffer solution and memory sizes can support up to 8MB with SDRAM. As for DVD solution, the integrated 3D VGA controller also support DVD H/W accelerator to improve the DVD playback performance.

The SiS5595 PCI system I/O integrates the PCI-to-ISA bridge with the DDMA, PC/PCI DMA and Serial IRQ capability, the ACPI/Legacy PMU, the Data Acquisition Interface, the Universal Serial Bus host/hub interface, and the ISA bus interface which contains the ISA bus controller, the DMA controllers, the interrupt controllers, the Timers and the Real Time Clock (RTC). It also integrates the Keyboard Controller and PS/2 mouse interface that can support keyboard power on function for users to power on system by entering the hot key or password from keyboard.

The built-in USB controller, which is fully compliant to OHCI (Open Host Controller Interface), provides two USB ports capable of running full/low speed USB devices.

The Data Acquisition Interface offers the ability of monitoring and reporting the environmental condition of the PC. It could monitor 5 positive analog voltage inputs, 2 Fan speed inputs, and one temperature input.

In addition, SiS5595 also supports ACPI function to meet Advanced Configuration and Power Interface (ACPI) 1.0 specification for Windows 98 environment, it can support power-management timer, Power button, Real-time clock alarm wake up, more sleeping state, ACPI LED for sleeping and working state, LAN wake up, Modem Ring In wake up, and OnNow initiative function.

# 3. Parts Of The Mother Board





### 4. MotherBoard Layout Quick View



#### **Special Connector description**

- J1: L2 Cache Linear Mode or Toggle Mode Selection
- J2: CD-IN Connector (L, G, G, R)
- J3: CD-IN Connector (G, L, G, R)
- J4: Wake On LAN Connector
- JP1: Select the CPU VIO 3.3V Power Source
- JP2: CPU Frequency Ratio Setting
- JP3: CPU VID Voltage Setting
- JP4: CPU Front Side Bus setting
- JP5: CPU VIO Voltage setting (When JP1 set to DISABLE)
- JP7: CMOS Clear

## 5-1 Jumper Setting I



- 2-3 Normal ( Default )
- 1 2

1. CMOS Clear, which is a safety hook if you forget the password. Clear the CMOS memory by momentarily shorting pins 1-2, for a few seconds. Then restore it to the initial 2-3 jumper setting

2. If you found that the system Date and Time doesn't work and the machine always appear the CMOS data error message, please check this jumper to correct this problem.





JP4

CPU FSB SDRAM FS0 SD FS2 FS1 Clock Clock 66 MHZ ON ON ON ON 89 MHZ OFF ON ON ON 66 MHZ 66 MHZ OFF OFF ON ON **75 MHZ** 75 MHZ ON ON ON OFF 83 MHZ 66 MHZ OFF ON ON OFF 83 MHZ 83 MHZ ON ON OFF ON **95 MHZ** 63 MHZ OFF OFF ON OFF 95 MHZ 95 MHZ ON ON OFF OFF 100 MHZ 66 MHZ OFF OFF ON 100 MHZ 100 MHZ ON ON OFF ON OFF 112 MHZ 75 MHZ OFF OFF ON OFF 112 MHZ 112 MHZ

JP3					
				$oldsymbol{0}$	
	VID4	VID3	VID2	VID1	VID0

BF2 BF0 BF1

CPU Freq. Ratio	BF0	BF1	BF2
x 1.5 or x 3.5	OFF	OFF	X
x 2.0	ON	OFF	X
x 2.5	ON	ON	X
x 3.0	OFF	ON	Х
x 4.0	ON	OFF	ON
x 4.5	ON	ON	ON
x 5.0	OFF	ON	ON
x 5.5	OFF	OFF	ON

CPU Vcore	VID4	VID3	VID2	VID1	VID0
1.8V	ON	ON	OFF	ON	OFF
2.0V	ON	ON	ON	ON	OFF
2.2V	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF
2.5V	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	ON
2.8V	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF
2.9V	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	ON
3.1V	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	ON
3.2V	OFF	ON	ON	OFF	OFF
3.3V	OFF	ON	ON	OFF	ON
3.5V	OFF	ON	ON	ON	ON

# 5-3 Install System Memory Modules

This motherboard support 3 slots for 168-pin 3.3V Non-buffered DIMM modules, providing support for up to 256 MB of main memory using DIMM modules from 8MB to 128MB. For 66MHz host bus CPUs, please use 10ns or faster DIMM modules. For 100MHz host bus CPUs, please use 8ns or faster DIMM modules. The following is the example to install the system SDRAM memory module combination: if you have two DIMM Modules, you has better install them into DIMM Slot 1 & Slot 2 with the Max possible memory size up to 256MB (128 + 128) if the 128MB DIMM module is available.

Note: It is highly recommended to use the PC-100 Spec. DIMM module

Numbers of the Memory Module	DIMM1	DIMM2	DIMM3	Memory Size	Max. Size
1	1st			8~256MB	256 MB
2	1st	2nd		8~256 MB	512 MB
3	1st	2nd	3rd	8~256 MB	768 MB



The DIMM types supported SDRAM (Synchronous DRAM). The following is the summary: **Single side:** 

1Mx64 (8MB), 2Mx64 (16MB), 4Mx64 (32MB), 8Mx64 (64MB), 16Mx64 (128MB)

#### Double side:

1Mx64x2 (16MB), 2Mx64x2 (32MB), 4Mx64x2 (64MB), 8Mx64x2 (128MB).

#### Total Memory Size:

There is no jumper setting required for the memory size or type. It is automatically detected by the system BIOS, and the total memory size is to add them together.

Please Install the DIMM Module from DIMM Slot 1

### 5-4 Install the Central Processing Unit (CPU)

Step	1: Se	t the CPU	Fregency	Front Side	Bus (	Clock	(JP4)
							· /

SD	FS2	FS1	FS0	CPU FSB Clock	SDRAM Clock
ON	ON	ON	ON	66 MHZ	89 MHZ
OFF	ON	ON	ON	66 MHZ	66 MHZ
OFF	ON	ON	OFF	75 MHZ	75 MHZ
ON	ON	ON	OFF	83 MHZ	66 MHZ
OFF	ON	OFF	ON	83 MHZ	83 MHZ
ON	ON	OFF	ON	95 MHZ	63 MHZ
OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	95 MHZ	95 MHZ
ON	ON	OFF	OFF	100 MHZ	66 MHZ
OFF	OFF	ON	ON	100 MHZ	100 MHZ
ON	OFF	ON	OFF	112 MHZ	75 MHZ
OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	112 MHZ	112 MHZ

- 1. The SDRAM Clock will depending on the DIMM Module the User used. The PC-100 spec. SDRAM basicly can support 100MHZ or above Clock
- 2. The possible Front Side Bus setting are from 66 to 133 MHz.
- 3. If you want to overclock the CPU, please make sure the other peripher als can work fine with one another. That mean you need to well test the whole system with your own configuration, otherwise, please set the default and safe setting with 66MHZ or 100MHZ front side bus.
- Please make sure you are using the correct DIMM module with the related CPU type. For the 100MHZ or faster front side bus, you need to use the PC100 type DIMM module.

•		· · ·	,
CPU Freq. Ratio	BFO	BF1	BF2
x 1.5 or x 3.5	OFF	OFF	X
x 2.0	ON	OFF	X
x 2.5	ON	ON	×
x 3.0	OFF	ON	X
x 4.0	ON	OFF	ON
x 4.5	ON	ON	ON
x 5.0	OFF	ON	ON
x 5.5	OFF	OFF	ON

#### Step 2: Set the CPU Freqency Ratio And the Vcore (J2, J3)

- Normally, The CPU itself will mention about the Frequency and the Clock Ratio and also the Voltage of the Vcore, Please refer to the below two samples for the AMD K6-2 266 and the M II 300.
- [X] means the setting will be ignore. If End-User want to use the CPU with the Freq. Ratio 4 ~ 5.5 times, the BF2 need to well select for the related CPU requirement.





CPU Vcore	VID4	VID3	VID2	VID1	VID0
1.8V	ON	ON	OFF	ON	OFF
2.0V	ON	ON	ON	ON	OFF
2.2V	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF
2.5V	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	ON
2.8V	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF
2.9V	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	ON
3.1V	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	ON
3.2V	OFF	ON	ON	OFF	OFF
3.3V	OFF	ON	ON	OFF	ON
3.5V	OFF	ON	ON	ON	ON

## 5-5 External Conncetion

1.Unplug your power supply when adding or removing expansion cards or other system components. Failure to do so may cause severe damage to both your motherboard and expansion cards.

2.Ribbon cables should always be connected with the red stripe on the Pin 1 side of the connector. The Four Corners of the connectors are labeled on the motherboard. Pin 1 is the side closest to the power connector on hard drives and floppy drives. IDE ribbon cable must be less than 18in. (46cm), with the second drive connector no more than 6in. (15cm) from the first connector.

3. The motherboard requires a power supply and a "power good" signal. Make the ATX power supply can take at least 10mAmp load on the 5V Standby lead (5VSB) to meet the standard ATX specification.

4. To prevent electrical spikes, make sure that the power supply is not connected to an outlet when making or removing connections. Power supplies contain power remains, which can damage electrical components.

#### 5. Expansion Card Installation Procedure

**!** Read the documentation for your expansion card and make any necessary hardware or software settings for your expansion card, such as jumpers.

! Remove your computer system's cover and the bracket plate on the slot you intend to use. Keep the bracket for possible future use.

! Carefully align the card's connectors and press firmly.

Secure the card on the slot with the screw you removed above.

! Replace the computer system's cover.

**!** Set up the BIOS if necessary (such as IRQ xx Used By ISA: Yes in PNP AND PCI SETUP)

# 5-5-1 Power Cable

Plug the connector from the power directly into the 20-pin male ATX PW connector on the motherboard as shown in the following figure. The plug from the power supply will only insert in one orientation because of the different hole sizes. Find the proper orientation and push down firmly making sure that the pins are aligned and the power supply is off before connecting or disconnecting the power cable.



Make sure that your ATX power supply can supply at least 10 mAmp on the 5volt standby lead (5VSTB). You may experience difficulty in powering on your system if your power supply cannot support the load. For Wake on LAN support, your ATX power supply must supply at least 1 Amp.

You should plug in/out the Power Cable to/from the Mother Board more carefully, all the Pins should be conect at the same time.

## 5-5-2 KB, Mouse, USB, COM and LPT

Mouse

Printer Port

MIDI/GAME Port



#### PS/2 Keyboard Connector

The onboard PS/2 keyboard connector is a 6-pin Mini-Din connector marked KB2. The view angle of drawing shown here is from back panel of the housing.

Pin	Description	Pin	Description
1	Keyboard Data	2	N.C.
3	Ground	4	+5VDC
5	Keyboard Clock	6	N.C.

#### PS/2 Mouse Connector

The onboard PS/2 mouse connector is a 6-pin Mini-Din connector marked PS2. The view angle of drawing shown here is from back panel of the housing.

Pin	Description	Pin	Description
1	Mouse Data	2	N.C.
3	Ground	4	+5VDC
5	Mouse CLK	6	N.C

#### USB (Universal Serial Bus Connector)

You can attach USB devices to the USB connector. The Mother board contains two USB connectors, which are marked as USB. USB is a new serial bus design that is capable of cascading low-/medium-speed peripherals (less than 12Mbps) such as keyboard, mouse, joystick, scanner, printer and modem/ISDN. With USB, complex cable connections at the back panel of your PC can be eliminated.

Pin	Description	Pin	Description		
1	+5 VDC		5	+5VDC	
2	DATA -		6	DATA-	
3	DATA +		7	DATA+	
4	Ground		8	Ground	

#### Serial Devices (COM1/COM2)

The onboard serial connectors are 9-pin D-type connector on the back Panel of mainboard. The serial port 1 connector is marked as COM1 and the serial port 2 connector is marked as COM2.

#### Printer Port ( LPT )

The onboard printer connector is a 25-pin D-type connector marked PRINTER. The view angle of drawing shown here is from back panel of the housing.

### Line In

For the External Audio signal Input

#### Mic In

Connect to Microphone

### Line Out ( Speaker Out )

Connect to Speaker

#### VGA Port

Connect to Monitor

#### MIDI / GAME Port

Connect to MIDI device or Game Pad or joystic

## 5-5-3 Front Panel Connection



### 1). IDE Activity LED ( Pin 9,10)

This connector connects to the IDE (hard disk) activity indicator light on the system abinet.

#### 2). System Power LED ( Pin 15,16,17)

This 3-pin connector lights the system power LED when the motherboard has power.

#### 3). ACPI LED (Pin 7,8)

ACPI LED can use to control the blinking of a LED at the freqency of 1 HZ to indicate the system is at power saving mode

#### 4). ATX Power Switch ( Pin 5,6 )

The system power is controlled by a push-switch, connected to this lead. Pushing the button once will turn on the power and pushing again will turn off the power. The system power LED shows that status of the system's power. If the power to the ATX power supply is interrupted while the motherboard is on, standby power will remember that the motherboard should be on and boot the computer when power is reapplied to the ATX power supply.

### 5). Reset Switch ( Pin 1,2 )

This 2-pin connector connects to the case-mounted reset switch for rebooting your computer without having to turn off your power switch. This is a preferred method of rebooting in order to prolong the life of the system's power supply.



### A. CPU & System Cooling FAN Connector:

This connectors support a CPU cooling fan of 500 mA (6WATT, +12V) or less. Orient the fan so that the heat sink fins allow airflow to go across the onboard heat sink(s). Depending on the fan manufacturer, the wiring and plug may be different. The red wire should be positive (+12V), while the black should be ground. Connect the fan's plug to the board taking into consideration the polarity of the connector.

#### B. IrDA Compliant Infrared Module Connector

This connector support the optional wireless transmitting and receiving infrared module. This module mounts to a small opening on system cases that support this feature. You must also configure UART 2. Use Infrared in Chipset Features Setup to select whether UART 2 is directed for use with COM2 or IrDA. When IrDA is selected in BIOS, COM2 will be disabled. Use the five pins as shown and connect a ribbon cable from the module to the motherboard to the pin definitions.

Pin 1 Vcc Pin 2 NC Pin 3 IR\_RX Pin 4 GND Pin 5 IR TX

### C. Wake-On-LAN (WOL)

Attach the 3-pin connector from the LAN card which supports the Wake-On-LAN (WOL) function to the WOL connector on the motherboard. This WOL function lets users wake up the connected computer through the LAN card. Please install according to the following pin assignment:

### D. CD IN Connector

Provied 2 CD Audio Input Connectors that depending on the Cable user have which connect from CDROM to This Connector

### 5-6 Power On Procedure

1.After all connections are made, close the system case cover.

2.Be sure that all switches are off (in some systems, marked with 0)

3. Make sure your power supply voltage is correctly set to 110V or 230V.

4.Connect the power supply cord into the power supply located on the back of your system case according to your system user's manual.

5.Connect the power cord into a power outlet that is equipped with a surge protector.

6. You may then turn on your devices in the following order:

Your monitor

External SCSI devices (starting with the last device on the chain)

Your system power. For ATX power supplies, you need to switch on the power supply as well as press the ATX power switch on the front of the case.

7.The power LED on the front panel of the system case will light. For ATX power supplies, the system LED will light when the ATX power switch is pressed. The monitor LED may light up after the system power up. if it complies with "green" standards or if it has a power standby feature. The system will then run power-on tests. While the tests are running, additional messages will appear on the screen. If you do not see anything within 30 seconds from the time you turn on the power, the system may have failed a power-on test. Recheck your jumper settings and connections or call your retailer for assistance. 8.During power-on, hold down <Delete> to enter BIOS setup menu if you want

to run the BIOS Setup Utility.

Powering Off your computer: You must first exit or shut down your operating system before switching off the power switch. For ATX power supplies, you can press the ATX power switch after exiting or shutting down your operating system. If you use Windows 95/98, click the Start button, click Shut Down, and then click Shut down the computer. The system will give three quick beeps after about 30 seconds and then power off after Windows shuts down.

The message "You can now safely turn off your computer" will not appear when shutting down with ATX power supplies.