



Electronic Emission Notices

Federal Communications Commission (FCC) Statement

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with instructions contained in this manual, may cause harmful interference to radio and television communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation.

If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- REORIENT OR RELOCATE THE RECEIVING ANTENNA
- INCREASE THE SEPARATION BETWEEN THE EQUIPMENT AND THE RECEIVER
- CONNECT THE EQUIPMENT INTO AN OUTLET ON A CIRCUIT DIFFERENT FROM THAT OF THE RECEIVER
- CONSULT THE DEALER OR AN EXPERIENCED AUDIO/TELEVISION TECHNICIAN

NOTE: Connecting this device to peripheral devices that do not comply with Class B requirements, or using an unshielded peripheral data cable, could also result in harmful interference to radio or television reception.

The user is cautioned that any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate this equipment.

To ensure that the use of this product does not contribute to interference, it is necessary to use shielded I/O cables.

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HARDWARE CONFIGURATION

Key Features :

Chipset

- ATI® RS480/RX480+SB400 Chipset.

Processor

- Support for AMD™ K8 Processor in a Socket939 package.
- Support Hypertransport interface bus.

VRM (Voltage Regulator Modules) on Board

- Flexible motherboard design with on board VRM, easy to upgrade with future AMD™ K8 processors.
- 0.800V to 1.55V in 25mV steps.

System Memory

- A total of four 184pin DDR SDRAM sockets.
- DIMM sizes from 64 Mbytes to 4Gbyte.
- Support Dual Channel 128-bit Wide Memory Interface.
- Support 266/333/400 DDR SDRAM memory type.

System BIOS

- PnP, APM, ATAPI and Windows® 2000/XP.
- Full support of ACPI & DMI.
- Auto detects and supports LBA harddisks with capacities over 160GB.
- Easy to upgrade BIOS by end-user.

Plug and Play

- Supports Plug and Play specification 1.1.
- Plug and play for Windows® 2000, as well as Windows® XP.
- Fully steerable PCI interrupts.

TV Out (Only for RS480)

- Integrated TV encoder.
- 10-bit DAC with 4-tap filter.
- PAL/NTSC TV Out with Composite and S-Video Outputs(Via a header).
- ATI's exclusive "Composite Dot Crawl" freeze option for PAL and NTSC to improve the picture quality.
- TV-Out power management support.

On-board I/O

- On board two PCI fast IDE ports supporting up to 4 ATA, ATA2 , Ultra ATA33/66/100/133 IDE HDDs, CD-ROMs, ZIP drives and LS-120 drives as boot drive.
- One ECP/EPP parallel port.
- One 16550 Compatible UART serial ports.(Via a header)
- One floppy port supports two FDD of 360KB, 720KB, 1.2MB , 1.44MB and 2.88MB capacity.
- Eight USB ports (four ports via two headers).
- PS/2 keyboard connector.
- PS/2 mouse is supported.
- One front panel sound connector.
- Infrared (IrDA) is supported via a header.

Expanded USB Support

- Includes 2 OHCI host controllers,increasing the number of external ports to eight.
- Includes 1 EHCI USB2.0 Host Controller that supports all eight ports(Bandwidth shared between eight ports).
- This motherboard support USB 2.0 feature only on Windows ® 2000(with SP4 or above)/XP(with SP1 or above) OS.

On-board VGA (Only for RS480)

- Integrated ATI PCIE X300 graphic core.
- Supports display (CRT or TV out).
- Integrated DAC and CRT controllers.
- Full screen/Full speed video playback.
- Up to 2048x1536,non-interlaced screen resolution for CRT.

On-board Realtek RTL8100C/RTL8110S PCI LAN (optional)

- Provides 32-bit performance,PCI bus master capability.
- Full compliance with IEEE 802.3u 100 Base-T specifications and IEEE 802.3X Full Duplex Flow Control.
- Supports 10 Mb/s, 100 Mb/s and 1000 Mb/s(only for RTL8110S) operation.
- Supports Wake-On-LAN function and remote wake-up.
- Supports ACPI,PCI Power management and PCI VPD.

PCI Express Graphics Interface

- One 16-lane(X16 port) PCI Express port intended for Graphics Attach, Fully compliant to the PCI Express Base Specification revision 1.0a.
 - A base PCI Express frequency of 2.5GB/s only.
 - PCI Express supports and Enhanced Addressing Mechanism.
 - ADD2 card utilizes PCI Express Graphics x16 connector.
-

PCI ExpressX1 Ports

- Full PCI Express 1.0a compliant.
- Two virtual channel support for full isochronous data transfers.
- Supports for full 2.5GB/s bandwidth in each direction per X1 lane.

Power Management

- Supports SMM, APM and ACPI.
- Break switch for instant suspend/resume on system operations.
- Energy star “Green PC” compliant.
- Hardware monitoring circuit is supported, provide voltage, fan speed, etc. monitoring (optional).
- External Modem Ring-in Wake-up support.
- Supports suspend-to-RAM(STR)(optional).

Note: Make sure that the current of your 5VSB power supply is over than 1.5A.

On-board AC97 Sound (optional)

- Integrated AC97 controller with standard AC97 Codec.
- Direct Sound and Sound Blaster compatible.
- Full-Duplex 16-bit record and play back.
- PnP and APM 1.2 support.
- Windows® 2000/XP drivers ready.
- Line-in, Line-out, Mic-in.
- Supports ALC650/ALC655 AC97 codes for six sound channel output (optional).

On-board IEEE1394(optional)

- Compliant with 1394 open HCI specifications v1.0 and v1.1.
- Integrated 400Mbit 2 port PHY.

On board Serial ATA host Controller(optional)

- Independent DMA operation on four ports.
- Data transfer rates of 150Mb/s.
- RAID feature support .

Expansion Slots

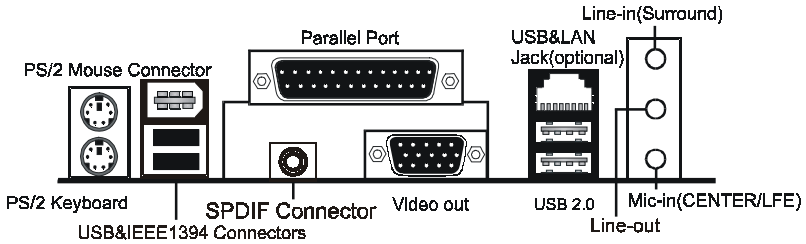
- 1 PCI Express X16 slot.
- 1 PCI Express X1 slots.
- 5 PCI bus master slots - ver. 2.2 compliant.



Static electricity can harm delicate components of the motherboard. To prevent damage caused by static electricity, discharge the static electricity from your body before you touch any of the computers electronic components.

Rear Panel

The back panel provides the following connectors:



Mouse Connector

The mainboard provides a standard PS/2[®] mouse mini DIN connector for attaching a PS/2[®] mouse. You can plug a PS/2[®] mouse directly into this connector.

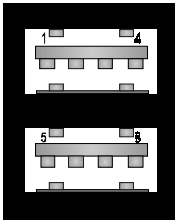
Keyboard Connector

The mainboard provides a standard PS/2[®] keyboard mini DIN connector for attaching a PS/2[®] keyboard. You can plug a PS/2[®] keyboard directly into this connector.

USB 2.0 Connector

The mainboard provides an OHCI (Open Host Controller Interface) Universal Serial Bus root for attaching USB devices such as keyboard, mouse or other USB-compatible devices. You can plug the USB device directly into the connector.

USB 2.0 Connector



USB 2.0 Connector Description

PIN	SIGNAL	DESCRIPTION
1	VCC	+5V/5VSB (optional)
2	-Data 0	Negative Data Channel 0
3	+Data0	Positive Data Channel 0
4	GND	Ground
5	VCC	+5V/5VSB (optional)
6	-Data 1	Negative Data Channel 1
7	+Data 1	Positive Data Channel 1
8	GND	Ground

VIA VT6307 IEEE 1394 Connector (Optional)

The mainboard provides a IEEE 1394 Connector and allows you to connect a IEEE 1394 device directly to the connector.

Video Out Connector (Optional)

The mainboard provides a Video out port to connect a 15-pin analog video monitor.

SPDIF Connector(Optional)

The mainboard provides a S-Bracket (SPDIF) Connector that allows you to connect a S-Bracket (coaxial) for a Digital Interface (SPDIF).

LAN Jack (Optional)

The mainboard provides one standard RJ-45 jack for connection to Local Area Network(LAN).You can connect a network cable to the LAN jack.

Parallel Port Connector:LPT1

The mainboard provides a 25-pin female centronic connector as LPT. A parallel port is a standard printer port that supports Enhanced Parallel Port (EPP) and Extended Capabilities Parallel Port (ECP) mode.

Audio Port Connector

Line_Out is a connector for Speakers or Headphones. **Line In** is used for external CD player, Tape player, or other audio devices. **Mic In** is a connector for microphones.

The ALC650/655 embeds an internal analog switch (by driver software) to select LINE input or Surround output, and select MIC input or CENTER/LFE output.

Audio Configuration

After installing the audio driver, you can select 4/6 channel surround audio output in software utility and then connect surround speakers to appropriate audio ports.

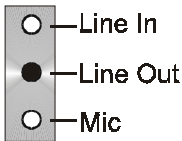
There are two ways to obtain 4/6 channel surround audio output:

1. 4/6 surround audio output of back panel only. All surround speaker connect to audio connector.
2. S-Bracket (optional cable). You have installed S-Bracket into the computer, and then connect two front speakers to back panel's "Line-out" port, and the rest of speakers to S-Bracket. Detail connection is refer to Page 15.

Speaker Configuration

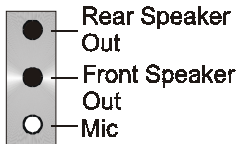
Method 1: 4/6 Surround audio output of back panel only.

After installing the audio drivers, you can attach the speakers for 2-/4-/6-channel audio output. Always connect the speakers to the LINE OUT connectors. Different connector configurations for 2-/4-/6-channel operations are listed below:



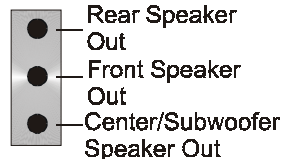
2-Channel

In 2-channel configuration, Line Out, Line In and MIC functions all exist.




4-Channel

When set to 4-channel configuration, Line In is replaced by Rear Speaker Out. Line in function does not exist.



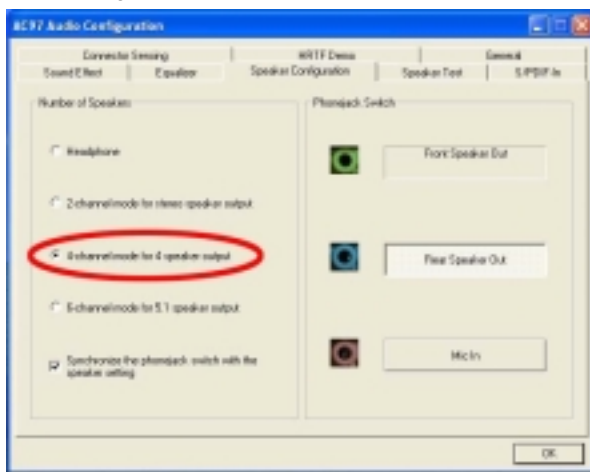
6-Channel

When set to 6-channel configuration, Line In is replaced by Rear Speaker Out. Mic is replaced by Center/Subwoofer Speaker Out. Line in and Mic do not exist function.

In utility, double click “AC97 Audio configuration” icon  from the window tray on the right bottom.

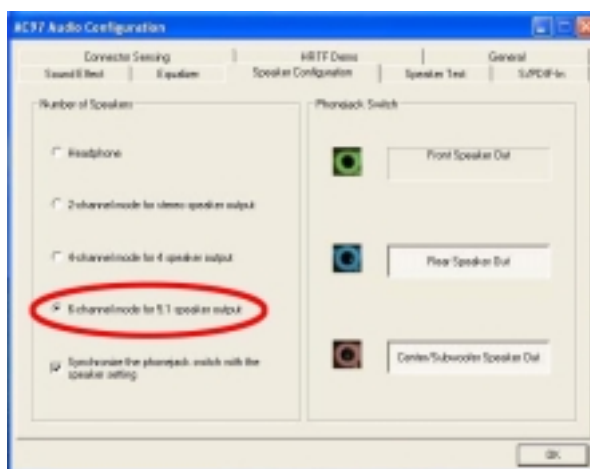
Then the “AC97 Audio Configuration” will appear. Click on the **Speaker Configuration** tab to select the audio mode.

A. When you choose 4-channel mode for 4 speaker output, the selected item is showed as below (Figure1).



(Figure1)

B. When you choose 6-channel mode for 5.1 speaker output, the selected item is showed as below (Figure2).



(Figure2)

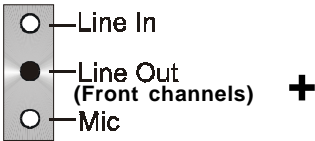
Method 2: Using S-BRACKET connectors:

S-Bracket (The S-Bracket is shown in page 15) is an optional accessory. To use the S-Bracket, you should select correct setting in the software utility. For information about the setting, refer to selecting 4- or 6- Channel Setting later in the section.

Connector configurations for 4- and 6- channel using S-Bracket are described below:

4-Channel Analog Audio Output

Back Panel

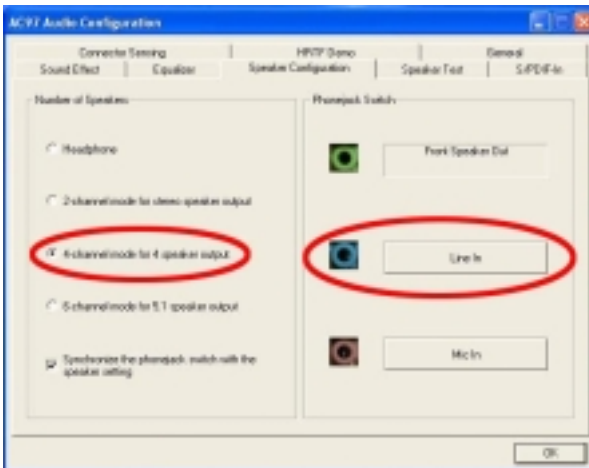


S-Bracket



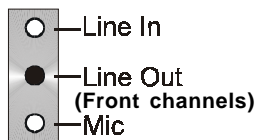
Description:

Connect two speakers to back panel's Line Out connector and two speakers to one Line Out connector of S-Bracket, or four speaker to connector of S-Bracket. If you want to use **Line In** function, please click the **Rear Speaker Out** button (showed as below)



6-Channel Analog Audio Output

Back Panel



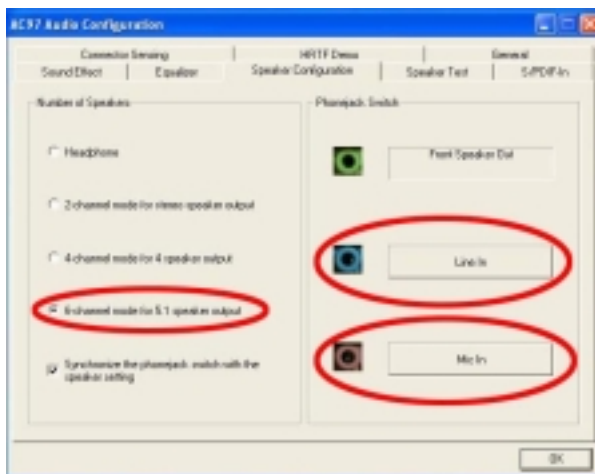
+

S-Bracket



Description:

Connect two speakers to back panel's **Line Out** connector and four speakers to both **Line Out** connectors of S-Bracket, or six speaker to the connector of S-Bracket if you want to use **Line In** and **MIC** function at the same time, please click the **Rear Speaker Out** and **Center/Subwoofer Speaker Out** buttons. (showed as below)



Connectors

The mainboard provides connectors to connect to FDD, IDE HDD, USB Ports and CPU/System FAN etc.

Floppy Disk Drive Connector:CN3

The mainboard provides a standard floppy disk drive connector that supports 360K, 720K, 1.2M, 1.44M and 2.88M floppy disk types.

Hard Disk Connectors:CN1&CN2

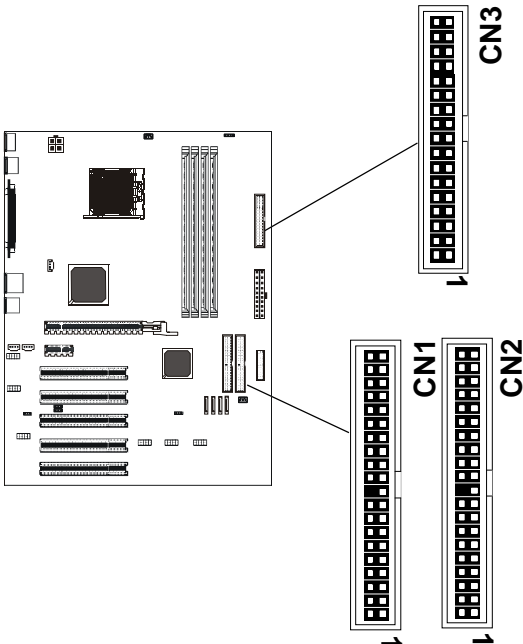
The mainboard has a 32-bit Enhanced PCI IDE and Ultra DMA 33/66/100/133 controller that provides PIO mode 0~4, Bus Master, and Ultra DMA 33/66/100/133 function. You can connect up to four hard disk drives, CD-ROM, 120MB Floppy (reserved for future BIOS) and other devices.

CN1 (Primary IDE Connector)

The first hard drive should always be connected to CN1. CN1 can connect a Master and a Slave drive. You must configure second hard drive to Slave mode by setting the jumper accordingly.

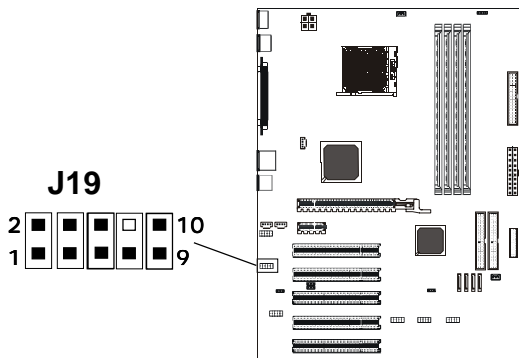
CN2 (Secondary IDE Connector)

CN2 can also connect a Master and a Slave drive.



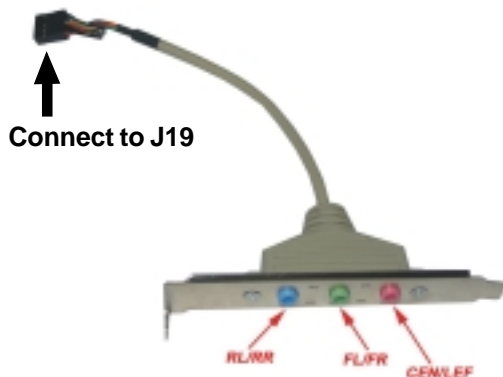
Back Panel Bracket-Six Channel Audio Output Connector: J19 (Optional)

The motherboard provides six channel output(FL/FR,RL/RR,CEN/LEF) connector,that allows you to use the 6 channel audio output features at the same time.



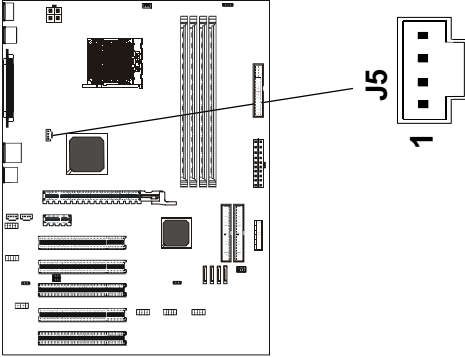
PIN	SIGNAL	DESCRIPTION
1	SOUT-L	Audio left surrounding output
2	SOUT-R	Audio right surrounding output
3	GND	Ground
4	GND	Ground
5	CET-OUT	Audio center output
6	LFE-OUT	Audio bass output
7	GND	Ground
8	NC	Key
9	SPK L	Front left output
10	SPK R	Front right output

Back Panel Cable (optional)



TV Out Connector

The mainboard provides TV Out connectors.



J5 : TV Out

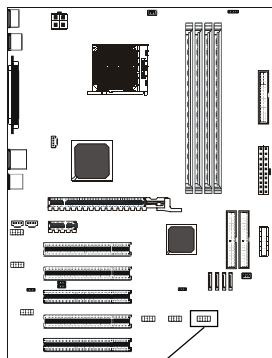
PIN	Assignment
1	C
2	GND
3	COMP/B
4	Y

TV Out cable



IEEE 1394 Connectors: J23 (optional)

The mainboard provides two 1394 pin headers that allow you to connect IEEE 1394 ports.

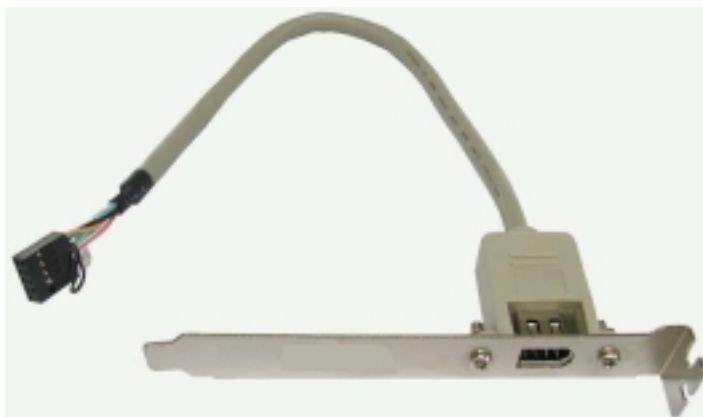


J23



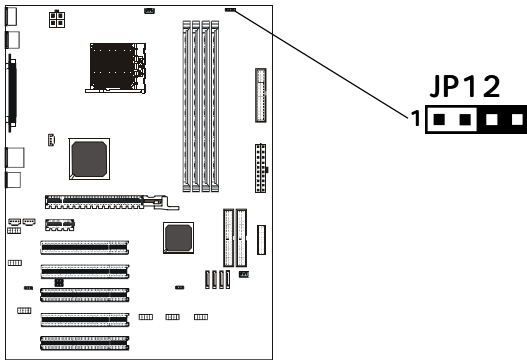
PIN	SIGNAL
1	TPA+
2	TPA-
3	Ground
4	Ground
5	TPB+
6	TPB-
7	Cable power
8	Cable power
9	Key (no pin)
10	Ground

IEEE 1394 Cable (optional)



Chassis Alarm Lead:JP12(optional)

This lead is for a chassis designed with intrusion detection feature.this requires an external detection mechanism such as a chassis intrusion sensor or microswitch.When you remove any chassis component,the sensor triggers and sends a high-level signal to this lead to record a chassis intrusion event.



JP12 Pin Definition

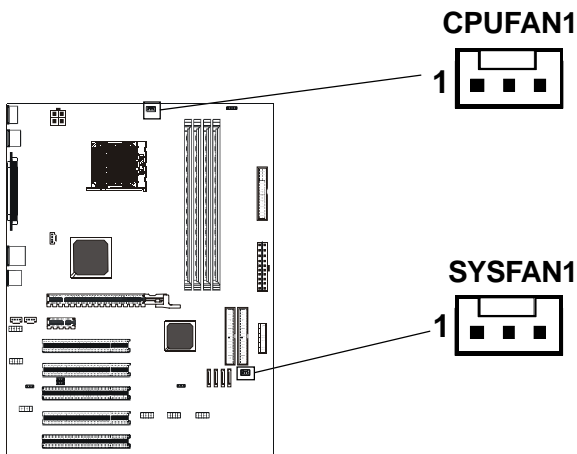
PIN	Assignment
1	+5VSB
2	KEY
3	Chassis Signal
4	GND

Note:

If you want to use “Chassis Alarm” Connector, you must remove 3-4 jumper.

Fan Power Connectors:CPUFAN1/SYSFAN1

The CPUFAN1 (processor fan), SYSFAN1 (system fan) support system cooling fan with +12V.It supports three-pin head connector. When connecting the wire to the connectors, always take note that the red wire is the positive and should be connected to the +12V, the black wire is Ground and should be connected to GND. If the mainboard has a System Hardware Monitor chipset on-board, you must use a specially designed fan with speed sensor to take advantage of the CPU fan control.

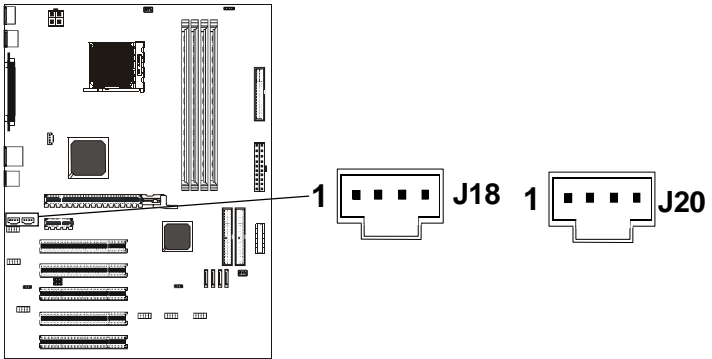


CD-IN Connector:J18

The connector is for CD-ROM Drive.

AUX-IN Connector:J20

The connector is for Audio Device.



CDS1 : J18

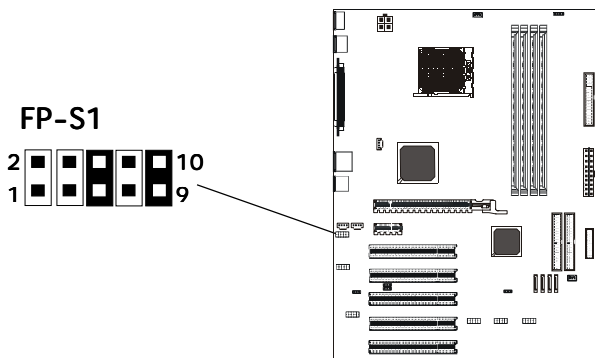
PIN	Assignment
1	CD-L
2	GND
3	GND
4	CD-R

AUX1 : J20

PIN	Assignment
1	AUX-L
2	GND
3	GND
4	AUX-R

Front Panel Audio Header: FP-S1

This mainboard supports front panel microphone and speaker out ports. If your computer case has these ports, connect them to FP-S1.



FP-S1

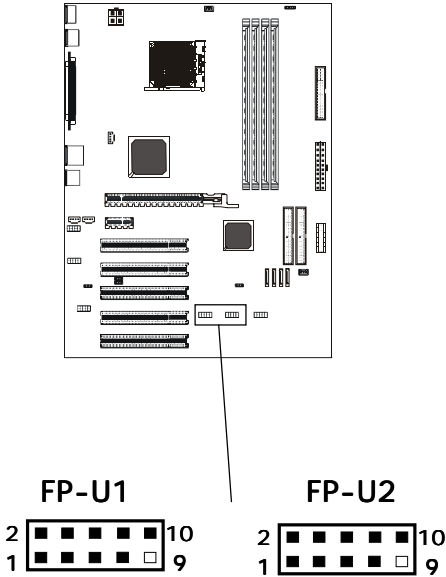
PIN	Assignment
1	MIC
2	GND
3	REF
4	POWER
5	Front Audio(R)
6	Rear Audio(R)
7	Reserved
8	Key(No pin)
9	Front Audio(L)
10	Rear Audio(L)

Note:

If you want to use "Front Audio" connector, you must remove 5-6, 9-10 jumper. In order to utilize the front audio header, your chassis must have front audio connector. Also please make sure the pin assignment on the cable is the same as the pin assignment on the MB header. To find out if the chassis you are buying support front audio connector, please contract your dealer.

USB Connector: FP-U1/FP-U2

This mainboard has USB ports. Some computer cases have a special module that mounts USB ports at the front of the case. If you have this kind of case, use auxiliary USB connector FP_U1/FP_U2 to connect the front mounted ports to the mainboard.

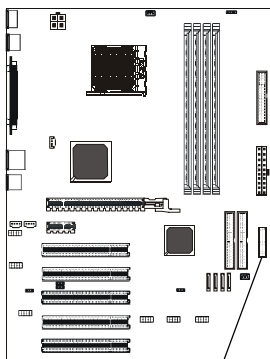


USB Connector

PIN	Assignment
1	VCC
2	VCC
3	USBP0-
4	USBP1-
5	USBP0+
6	USBP1+
7	GND
8	GND
9	KEY
10	OC#

Front Panel Header: FP1

The mainboard provides one front panel connector for electrical connection to the front panel switches and LEDs.

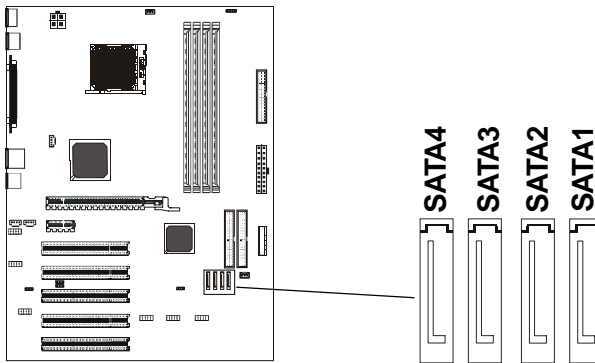


FP1

24	GND	23	VCC
22	KEYLOCK	21	GND
20	KEY	19	NC
18	KEY	17	SPEAKER
16	IRRX	15	IRTX
14	GND	13	VCC
12	KEY	11	NC
10	KEY	9	NC
8	GND	7	RESET
6	PWR_SW	5	GND
4	PW_LED-	3	HDD_LED-
2	PW_LED+	1	HDD_LED+

Serial ATA Hard Disk Connectors: SATA1/SATA2/SATA3/SATA4 (optional)

The mainboard has four SATA connectors. The mainboard provides optional dual high-speed Serial ATA interface ports, SATA1,2,3,4. Each supports 1st generation serial ATA data rates of 150 MB/s. Both connectors are fully compliant with Serial ATA 1.0 specifications. Each Serial ATA connector can connect to 1 hard disk device. Please refer to Serial ATA Raid manual for detail software installation procedure.



PIN	SIGNAL
1	GND
2	TXP
3	TXN
4	GND
5	RXN
6	RXP
7	GND

Serial ATA Cable

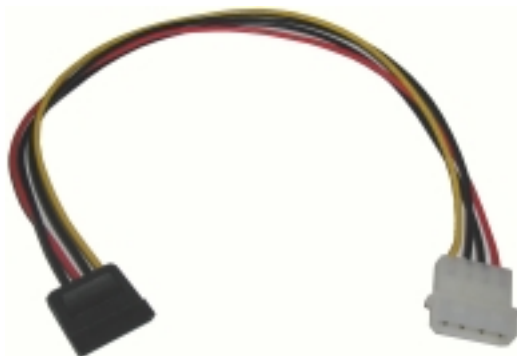


Connect one end of the SATA cable to the mainboard, and connect another end to the SATA Hard Disk.



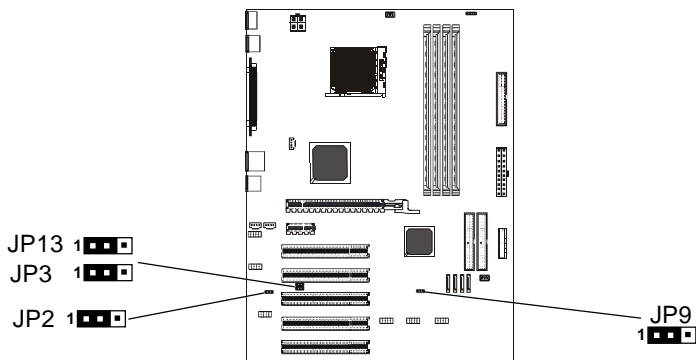
Please do not fold the serial ATA cable in a 90-degree angle, which will cause the loss of data during the transmission.

Serial ATA Hard Disk Devices Power Cable(optional)



Jumper Setting

This chapter explains how to configure the motherboard's hardware. Before using your computer, make sure all jumpers and DRAM modules are set correctly. Refer to this chapter whenever in doubt.



Clear CMOS Jumper: JP9

If you want to clear the system configuration, use the JP9(Clear CMOS Jumper) to clear data.

JP9	Selection
1 1-2*	Normal*
1 2-3	CMOS Clear

JP2-On Board AC97 Sound Select

JP2	Function
1 1-2*	AC97 Sound Enable*
1 2-3	AC97 Sound Disable

JP13-On Board LAN Select(optional)

JP13	Function
1 1-2*	LAN Enable*
1 2-3	LAN Disable

JP3-On board IEEE1394 Select (optional)

JP3	Selection
1 1-2*	IEEE1394 Enable*
1 2-3	IEEE1394 Disable



Close

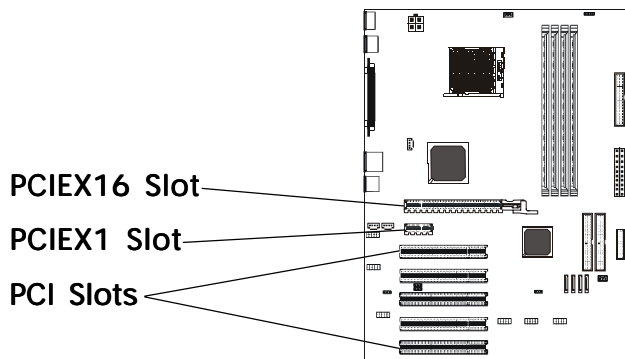


Open

* = Default setting.

Slots

The motherboard provides one PCIeX16 slot, one PCIeX1 slot and five 32-bit PCI bus slots.



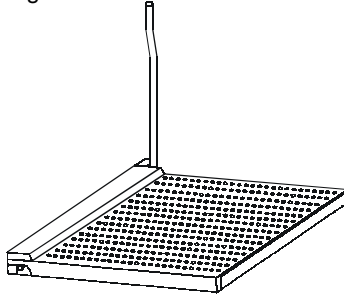
PCI (Peripheral Component Interconnect) Slots

The PCI slots allow you to insert the expansion cards to meet your needs. When adding or removing expansion cards, make sure that you unplug the power supply first. Meanwhile, read the documentation for the expansion card to make any necessary hardware or software settings for the expansion card, such as jumpers, switches or BIOS configuration.

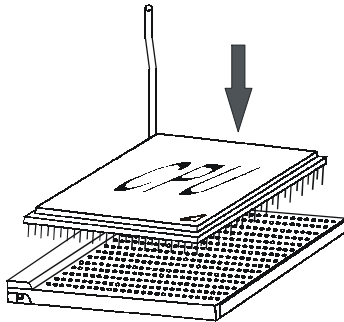
CPU Installation

Please refer to the following steps to install the CPU.

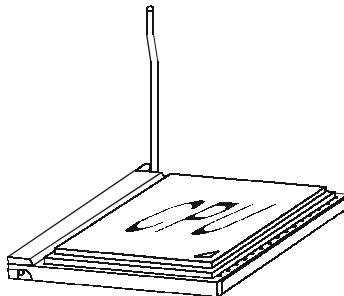
1. Please turn off the power and unplug the power cord before installing the CPU. Pull the lever sideways away from the socket. Make sure to raise the lever up to a 90 degree angle.



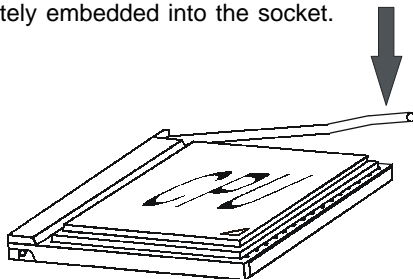
2. Look for the gold arrow. The gold arrow should point towards the lever pivot. The CPU can only fit in the correct orientation.



2. If the CPU is correctly installed, the pins should be completely embedded into the socket and can not be seen. Please note that any violation of the correct installation procedures may cause permanent damages to your mainboard.



4. Press the CPU down firmly into the socket and close the lever. As the CPU is likely to move while the lever is being closed, always close the lever with your fingers pressing tightly on top of the CPU to make sure the CPU is properly and completely embedded into the socket.



5. When you are installing the CPU, make sure the CPU has a heat sink and a cooling fan attached on the top to prevent overheating. If you do not have the heat sink and cooling fan, contact your dealer to purchase and install them before turning on the computer. please follow below steps to install the CPU cooler.

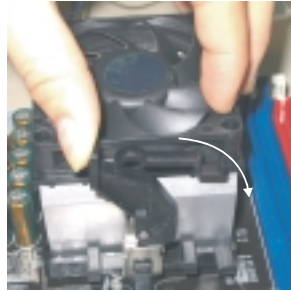
Step1. Position the cooling set onto the retention mechanism. Hook one end of the clip to hook first, and then press down the other end of the clip to fasten the cooling set on the top of the retention mechanism.



Step2. Locate the Fix lever, Safety Hook and the Fixed Bolt. Lift up the intensive fixed lever.



Step3. Fasten down the lever.



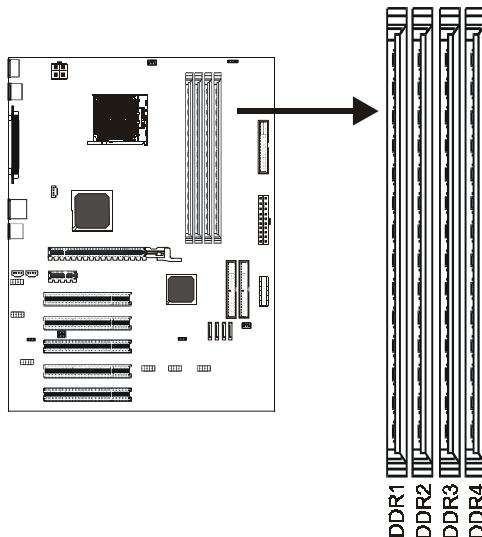
Step4. Make sure the safety hook completely clasps the fixed bolt of the retention mechanism.



Memory Configurations

1.DDR DIMM Sockets Location

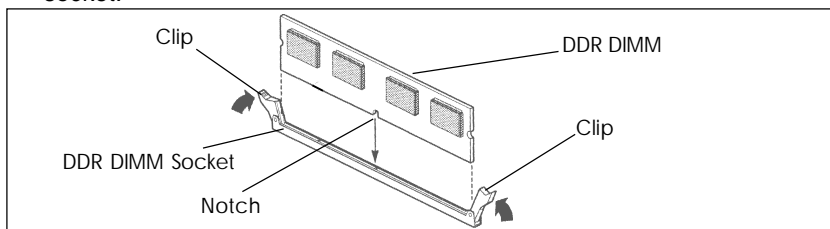
Please refer to the following figure for the location of the DDR DIMM Sockets.



2. Install DDR DIMMs

Please follow the following steps to install DDR DIMMs.

- Locate the DDR DIMM sockets.
- Holding the DDR DIMM by the edges, remove it from its antistatic package.
- Make sure the clips at either end of the socket are pushed away from the socket.



- Position the DDR DIMM above the socket. Align the two small notches in the bottom edge of the DDR DIMM with the keys in the socket.
- Insert the bottom edge of the DDR DIMM into the socket.
- When the DDR DIMM is seated, push down on the top edge of the DDR DIMM until the retaining clips at the ends of the socket snap into place. Make sure the clips are firmly in place.

Note: Please unplug the power supply before installing and removing any device, otherwise you'll cause the system damage.

3. Memory Configurations

Please refer to the following recommended memory configurations.

Mode/(DIMM Type)	Case	Sockets - DDR1	DDR2	DDR3	DDR4
Single-channel/ (DDR400/DDR333/DDR266)	1	Populated	----	----	----
	2 ①	----	----	Populated	----
Dual-channel/ (DDR400/DDR333/DDR266)	1	Populated	Populated	----	----
	2 ②	----	----	Populated	Populated
	3	Populated	Populated	Populated	Populated

- When using only one DDR DIMM, Insert the DDR DIMM into DDR1 or DDR3 socket.
- You can install identical DIMMs in DDR1 and DDR2 and identical DIMMs in DDR3 and DDR4.

Note:

- In dual channel mode, always install an identical (the same type and size) DDR DIMM pair in sockets.
- It is not recommended to use the three DIMMs configuration.
- Memory channel speed is determined by slowest DIMM populated in system.

BIOS Setup

This chapter discusses Award's Setup Program built into the ROM BIOS. The Setup Program allows users to modify the basic system configuration. This special information is then stored in battery-backed RAM, which retains the setup information when the power is turned off.

Starting Setup

The Award BIOS is immediately activated when you turn on the computer. The BIOS reads the system information contained in the CMOS and begins the process of checking out the system and configuring it. When it finishes, the BIOS will seek an operating system on one of the disks and then launch and turn control over to the operating system.

While the BIOS is in control, the Setup Program can be activated :

1. By pressing immediately after switching the system on, or
2. By pressing the key when the following message appears briefly at the bottom of the screen during the POST (Power On Self Test)

Press DEL to enter SETUP

If the message disappears before you can respond and you still wish to enter Setup, restart the system to try again by turning it OFF then ON or pressing the "RESET" button on the system case. You may also restart by simultaneously pressing the <Ctrl>, <Alt>, and <Delete> keys. If you do not press the keys at the correct time and the system does not reset, an error message will be displayed and you will again be asked to ...

PRESS F1 TO CONTINUE, DEL TO ENTER SETUP

Getting Help

Press F1 to pop up a small help window that describes the appropriate keys to use and the possible selections for the highlighted item. To exit the Help Window press <Esc> or the F1 key again.

In Case of Problems

If, after making and saving system changes with the Setup Program, you discover that your computer does not reset, use the Award BIOS defaults to override the CMOS settings.

Main Menu

Once you enter the Award BIOS CMOS Setup Utility, the Main Menu will appear on the screen. The Main Menu allows you to select from various setup functions and two exit choices. Use the arrow keys to select among the items and press <Enter> to accept and enter the sub-menu.

Phoenix - Award Workstation BIOS CMOS Setup Utility

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ Standard CMOS Features ▶ Advanced BIOS Features ▶ Advanced Chipset Features ▶ Integrated Peripherals ▶ Power Management Setup ▶ PnP/PCI Configurations ▶ PC Health Status 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Load Fail-Safe Defaults Load Optimized Defaults Set Supervisor Password Set User Password Save & Exit Setup Exit Without Saving
Esc : Quit F10 : Save & Exit Setup	↑↓→← : Select Item
Time, Date, Hard Disk Type	

(Note : The figures of BIOS Setup Menu included here only show a typical case, and may not be exactly the same as the one on your unit.)

Note that a brief description of each highlighted item will appear at the bottom of the screen.

Standard CMOS Features This setup page includes all the items of Award™ special standard features.

Advanced BIOS Features This setup page includes all the items of Award™ special enhanced features.

Advanced Chipset Features This setup page includes all the items of chipset special features.

Integrated Peripherals This section page includes all the items of IDE hard drive and Programmed Input / Output features.

Power Management Setup This entry only appears if your system supports Power Management "Green PC" standards.

PNP/PCI Configurations This entry appears if your system supports PNP/PCI.

PC Health Status Display CPU and Case Fan Speed etc.

Load Fail-Safe Defaults The BIOS defaults have been set by the manufacturer and represent settings which provide the minimum requirements for your system to operate.

Load Optimized Defaults The chipset defaults are settings which provide for maximum system performance. While Award has designed the custom BIOS to maximize performance, the manufacturer has the right to change these defaults to meet its needs.

Set Supervisor/ User Password Changes, sets, or disables password. It allows you to limit access to the system and the Setup Program.

Save & Exit Setup Saves value changes to CMOS and exits setup.

Exit Without Saving Abandons all CMOS value changes and exits setup.

Standard CMOS Features

The items in Standard CMOS Setup Menu are divided into 10 categories. Each category includes one or more setup items. Use the arrow keys to highlight the item and then use the <PgUp> or <PgDn> key to select the desired value in each item.

Phoenix - Award Workstation BIOS CMOS Setup Utility
Standard CMOS Features

Date (mm :dd :yy)	Thu. Jan 01 2004	Item Help
Time (hh :mm:ss)	11 : 1 : 35	
▶ IDE Primary Master	[Press Enter 4303 MB]	Menu Level ▶
▶ IDE Primary Slave	[None]	Change the day, month, year and century
▶ IDE Secondary Master	[None]	
▶ IDE Secondary Slave	[None]	
Drive A	[1.44M, 3.5 in.]	
Drive B	[None]	
Video	[EGA/VGA]	
Halt on	[All, but keyboard]	
Base Memory	640K	
Extended Memory	30720K	
Total Memory	31744K	

↑↓→←Move Enter: Select +/-PU/PD : Value F10 : Save ESC : Exit F1 :General Help
F5 : Previous Values F6 : Fail-Safe Defaults F7 : Optimized Defaults

(Note : The figures of BIOS Setup Menu included here only show a typical case, and may not be exactly the same as the one on your unit.)

Date	The date format is <day-of-the-week>. <month> <day> <year>.
Time	The time format is <hour> <Minute> <second> displayed in 24-hour military-time clock. For example, 1 p. m. is displayed as 13:00:00.
Primary Master/Primary Slave/Secondary Master/Secondary	These categories identify the types of the two channels that have been installed in the computer. If the controller of the HDD interface is SCSI, the selection shall be "None".
Drive A Type / Drive B Type	This category identifies the types of floppy disk drive A or drive B that has been installed in the computer.
Video	The default setting is EGA/VGA.
Halt on	You can select which type of error will cause the system to halt.

Advanced BIOS Features

This section allows you to configure your system for basic operation. You have the opportunity to select the system's default speed, boot-up sequence, keyboard operation, shadowing and security.

Advanced Chipset Features

The Chipset Features Setup option is used to change the values of the chipset registers. These registers control most of the system options in the computer.

This section allows you to configure the system based on the specific features of the installed chipset. This chipset manages bus speeds and access to system memory resources, such as DRAM and the external cache. It must be stated that these items should not be altered. The default settings have been chosen because they provide the best operating conditions for your system.

Integrated Peripherals

The Integrated Peripherals Setup allows the user to configure the onboard IDE controller, floppy disk controller, the printer port and the serial ports.

Power Management Setup

The Power Management Setup Menu allows you to configure your system to most save energy while operating in a manner consistent with your own style of computer use.

PNP/PCI Configurations

This section describes how to configure the PCI bus system. This section covers some very technical items and it is recommended that only experienced users should make any changes to the default settings.

PC Health Status

The PC Health Status display CPU and Case Fan Speed.

Set Supervisor/User Password

You can set either supervisor or user password, or both of them. The difference between them are:

- Supervisor Password :** You can enter the Setup Program and change the options of the setup menus.
- User Password :** You can enter the Setup Program but can not change the options of the setup menus.

When you select this function, the following message will appear at the center of the screen to assist you in creating a password.

ENTER PASSWORD:

Type the password, up to eight characters in length, and press<Enter>. The new password will clear the previously entered password from the CMOS memory. You will be asked to confirm the password. Type the password again and press <Enter>. You may also press <Esc> to abort the selection and operate without a password.

To disable a password, just press <Enter> when you are prompted to enter the password. A message will be displayed to confirm that the password is disabled.

PASSWORD DISABLED.

Once the password is disabled, the system will reset and you can enter the Setup Program freely.

When a password is enabled, you will be prompted to enter it every time you try to enter setup. This prevents an unauthorized person from changing any setting of your system configuration.

In addition, when a password is enabled, you can require the BIOS to request a password every time your system is rebooted. This would further prevent unauthorized use of your computer.

The password requirement is defined by the Security Option of the BIOS Features Setup Menu. If the Security Option is set to "System", the password will be required both at resetting and at entering setup. If the option is set to "Setup", the prompt only appears when you try to enter setup.

Flash Update Procedure

A program AWDFLASH.EXE is included in the utility diskette or CD (X:\Utility\AWDFLASH.EXE). The user is recommended to follow the procedure below to update the flash BIOS.

(X: your CD driver letter).

1. Create a DOS-bootable floppy diskette. Copy the new BIOS file (just obtained or downloaded) and the utility program AWDFLASH.EXE to the diskette.
2. Allow the PC system to boot from the DOS diskette.
3. At the DOS prompt, key in

AWDFLASH
and hit <ENTER>

4. Enter the file name of the new BIOS.
5. The question: "Do you want to save BIOS (Y/N)?" is displayed.

Key in "N" if there is no need to save the existing BIOS content.
Key in "Y" if a backup copy of the existing BIOS is needed.
(A file name has to be assigned to the existing BIOS binary file.)

6. The message : "Press "Y" to program or "N" to exit" is displayed.

Key in "Y"

7. Wait until the flash-update is completed.
8. Power down the PC system.
9. Restart the PC.

Warning:

DO not turn off or RESET the computer during the flash process.

If you are unsure how to upgrade the BIOS, it is best to take your computer to an Authorized Service Center and have a trained technician do the work for you.

SATA RAID User Manual

Creating and deleting RAID sets is a function found in the BIOS. During bootup, the following message will appear, pausing for a few moments to allow the user to choose what to do:

Press Ctrl+S or F4 to enter RAID utility

An easy-to-use screen will appear with the following choices:

Create RAID Set Delete RAID Set Rebuild RAID Set Resolve Conflicts

Below this will be listed the drives currently installed on the system.

The top right half of the screen displays directions and comments for the user. The bottom right half lists the command keys:

Arrows up and down are Select Keys

ESC takes the user to the previous menu

Enter selects the user's choice

Ctrl-E exits the utility

Creating RAID Sets

Because SATA RAID supports two drives, creating RAID Sets is a simple procedure.

1. Select "Create RAID Set."
2. Choose either a "Striped" or "Mirrored" RAID Set.
3. Select if you want the utility to Auto Configure the RAID Set or if you want to manually configure the RAID Set. For Striped Sets, you can change the chunk size. For Mirrored Sets, you assign which is the Source and Target drives, as well as if you want Disk Copy.

What is Disk Copy? If the disk assigned as the source disk already has been partitioned and has data stored on it, and then a second disk is added for redundancy, the data on the source drive can be copied to the destination drive, so the disks are identical, and all subsequent data will be written to both drives as a Mirrored set. If, however, the source disk does not have data already stored on it, there is no need for Disk Copy.

4. The utility will ask "Are You Sure?" before completing the configuration.

Deleting RAID Sets

1. To remove one or more RAID sets, select "Delete RAID Set."
2. Select desired set and press Y when asked "Are You Sure?"

Resolving Conflict

When a RAID set is created, the metadata written to the disk includes drive connection information (Primary Channel, Secondary Channel). If, after a disk failure, the replacement disk was previously part of a RAID set (or used in another system), it may have conflicting metadata, specifically in reference to the drive connection information. If so, this will prohibit the RAID set from being either created or rebuilt. In order for the RAID set to function properly, this old metadata must be first overwritten with the new metadata.

To resolve this, select "Resolve Conflict" and the correct metadata, including the correct drive connection information, will be written to the replacement disk.

DRIVER AND RAID SOFTWARE INSTALLATION

Microsoft Windows Driver Installation

1. After Windows has finished booting up, the system will automatically find the newly installed adapter and prompt the **Found New Hardware Wizard** window. Click **Cancel** to skip it.



2. Insert the bundled driver CD DISC into your CD-ROM drive, select **"ATI Chipset\ATI_Raid Driver"** installation bar on the dialogue Window to begin the driver and software installation. (Please follow the instruction to finish the installation).

Install Windows NT 4.0, 2000, XP

1. Insert the bundled driver CD DISC into CD-ROM (G:). Copy all files from directory (G:\ATI chipset\ATI_Raid) to a floppy disk.
 2. Install OS from CD-ROM.
 3. Press **"F6"** when display **"Press F6 if you need to install a third party SCSI or RAID driver..."**
 4. Insert floppy disk.
 5. Choose the OS device driver wanted for loading.
 6. Install OS.
 7. Install driver after OS is installed.
-

APPENDIX

Note to User:

The bundled driver CD attached an Auto-Run feature for all the drivers that the motherboard need. Please select the drivers that you want to install and click the button on the installation panel.