Preface

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Version 3.2b

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Federal Communications Commission (FCC)

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and the receiver.
- Connect the equipment onto an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

Shielded interconnect cables and a shielded AC power cable must be employed with this equipment to ensure compliance with the pertinent RF emission limits governing this device. Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the system's manufacturer could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

Declaration of Conformity

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC rules. Operation is subject to the following conditions:

- This device may not cause harmful interference, and
- This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Canadian Department of Communications

This class B digital apparatus meets all requirements of the Canadian Interference-causing Equipment Regulations.

Cet appareil numérique de la classe B respecte toutes les exigences du Réglement sur le matériel brouilieur du Canada.

About the Manual

The manual consists of the following:

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Introducing the Mainboard

Introduction

Thank you for choosing the P4IBMGL2/P4IGVM2 mainboard. This mainboard has a Socket-478 support for Intel Pentium4 processors with front-side bus (FSB) speeds up to 400/533MHz.

This mainboard integrates the Intel 845GL/GV chipset that contains Intel 82845 Memory Controller Hub and Intel 82801 I/O Controller Hub. It supports built-in USB 2.0 providing higher bandwidth.

It implements Universal Serial Bus Specification Revision 2.0 and is compliant with UHCI 1.1 and EHCI 0.95. This mainboard supports AC 97 audio codec and provides Ultra DMA 33/66/100 function. This mainboard has two 32-bit PCI, one DVO (Digital Video Output, not the AGP slot) and one CNR (Communications and Networking Riser) slot. There is a full set of I/O ports including two PS/2 ports for mouse and keyboard, one serial port, one VGA port, one parallel port, one MIDI/game port and maximum six USB ports (USB 2.0): two back-panel USB ports and you can make four extra USB ports by connecting the extended USB module to the mainboard.

Notice to user:

This manual is provided to accommodate the P4IBMGL2 and P4IGVM2 mainboards. To identify the type of mainboard you have, please refer below:

- **P4IBMGL2** mainboard incorporates the Intel 845GL chipset (this chipset does not support the Hyper-Threading CPU technology).

- **P4IGVM2** mainboard incorporates the Intel 845GV (this chipset supports the Hyper-Threading CPU technology. You must initiate the Hyper-Threading CPU function through BIOS setup. Refer to the Appendix on page 42 for further details).

Checklist

Compare the mainboard's package contents with the following checklist:

Standard Items

- One mainboard
- One diskette drive ribbon cable
- One IDE drive ribbon cable
- Software support CD
- This User's Manual

Features

Processor	The mainboard uses a micro PGA 478-pin socket that has the following features: • For **P4IBMGL2** - Supports 400MHz frontside bus (FSB) • For **P4IGVM2** - Supports 533MHz frontside bus (FSB) and Hyper-Threading technology CPU • Both mainboard accommodates Pentium 4 processors "Hyper-Threading" technology enables the operating system into thinking it's hooked up to two processors, allowing two threads to be run in parallel, both on separate 'logical' processors within the same physical processor.
Memory Support	• Two 168-pin DIMM slots for SDRAM memory modules • Two 184-pin DIMM slots for DDR SDRAM memory modules • Support SDRAM up to 133 MHz/DDR up to 266 MHz memory bus • Maximum installed memory is 2GB **Note**: You cannot use SDRAM and DDR simultaneously.
Audio	• Compliant with AC'97 2.2 specification • Full-duplex Codec with independent and variable sampling rate • Earphone Buffer Built-In, SNR up to 90db • 4Ch DAC, support 4-channel speak-out • Advanced power management support
Expansion Options	• Two 32-bit PCI slots • Supports IDE Ultra DMA bus mastering with transfer rates of 33/66/100 MB/sec • One DVO (without AGP support) slot • One CNR (Communications and Networking Riser) slot
Onboard I/O Ports	• Two PS/2 ports for mouse and keyboard • One serial ports • One parallel port • One VGA port • One MIDI/game port • Six USB ports (two back-panel USB ports, onboard USB headers providing maximum four extra ports: header USB2 and USB3)—all support USB 2.0 • Audio jacks for microphone, line-in and line-out
Onboard LAN (optional)	• Built-in 10BaseT/100BaseTX Ethernet LAN • Integrated Fast Ethernet MAC and full compliance with IEEE 802.3u 100 Base-T specifications and IEEE 802.3x Full Duplex Flow Control • In compliance with ACPI 1.0 and the Network Device Class Power Management 1.0 • High Performance achieved by 100Mbps clock generator and data recovery circuit for 100Mbps receiver

USB 2.0	• Compliant with Universal Serial Bus Specification Revision 2.0 • Compliant with Intel's Enhanced Host Controller Interface Specification Revision 0.95 • Compliant with Universal Host Controller Interface Specification Revision 1.1 • PCI multi-function device consists of two UHCI Host Controller cores for full-/low-speed signaling and one EHCI Host Controller core for high-speed signaling • Root hub consists 4 downstream facing ports with integrated physical layer transceivers shared by UHCI and EHCI Host Controller • Support PCI-Bus Power Management Interface Specification release 1.1 • Legacy support for all downstream facing ports
BIOS Firmware	This mainboard uses AMI BIOS that enables users to configure many system features including the following: • Power management • Wake-up alarms • CPU parameters • CPU and memory timing The firmware can also be used to set parameters for different processor clock speeds.

Note: *Some hardware specifications and software items are subject to change without prior notice.*

Choosing a Computer Case

There are many types of computer cases on the market. The mainboard complies with the specifications for the micro-ATX system case. Some features on the mainboard are implemented by cabling connectors on the mainboard to indicators and switches on the system case. Ensure that your case supports all the features required. The mainboard can support one floppy diskette drive and four enhanced IDE drives. Ensure that your case has sufficient power and space for all the drives that you intend to install.

Most cases have a choice of I/O templates in the rear panel. Make sure that the I/O template in the case matches the I/O ports installed on the rear edge of the mainboard.

This mainboard has a micro-ATX form factor of 244 x 244 mm. Choose a case that accommodates this form factor.

This concludes Chapter 1. The next chapter explains how to install the mainboard.

Mainboard Components
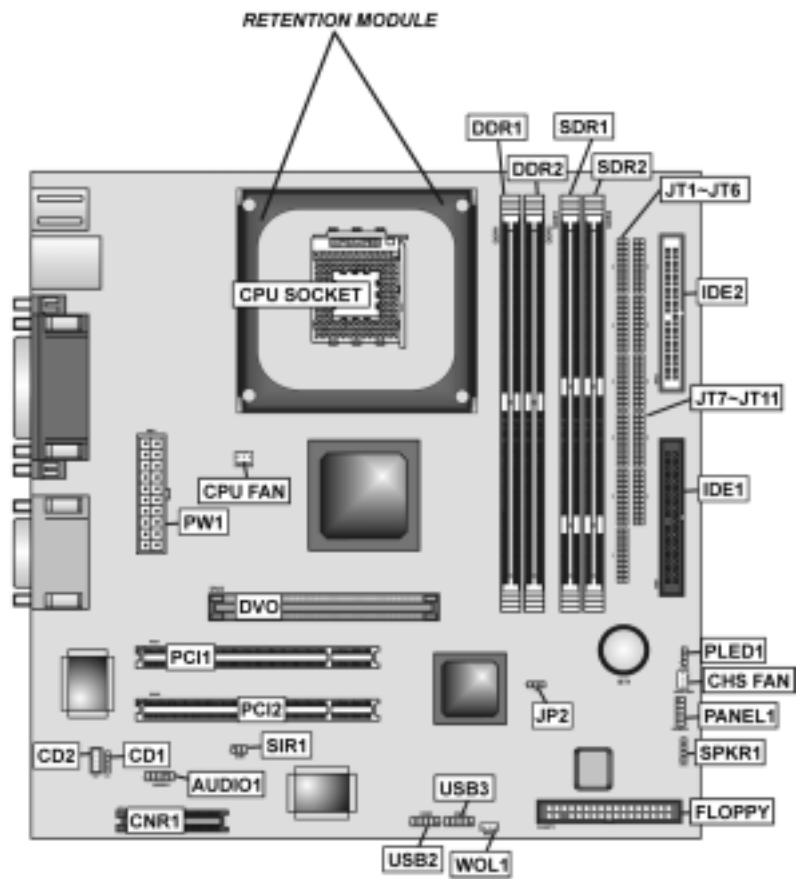
Table of Mainboard Components

Label	Component
AGP1	Accelerated Graphics Port
AUDIO1	Front panel MIC/Speaker Out header
BAT1	Three volt realtime clock battery
CD1	Primary CD-in connector
CD2	Secondary CD-in connector
CHS FAN	Chassis fan connector
CNR1	Communications and Networking Riser slot
CPUFAN1	Cooling fan for CPU
CPU Socket	Micro PGA 478-pin socket for Pentium 4 CPUs
DDR1 ~ DDR2	Two 184-pin DDR memory modules
DVO	Digital Video Output slot
FLOPPY	Floppy disk drive connector
IDE1	Primary IDE channel
IDE2	Secondary IDE channel
JT1 ~ JT11	DDR/SDR DRAM Type selector
JP2	Clear CMOS Memory Jumper
PANEL1	Panel connector for case switches and LEDs
PCI1 ~ PCI2	Two 32-bit add-on card slots
PLED1	Power-on Indicator LED
PW1	Standard 20-pin ATX power connector
SDR1 ~ SDR2	Two 168-pin SDRAM memory modules
SIR1	Serial Infrared cable header
SPKR1	Internal speaker connector
USB2 ~ USB3	Connectors for front panel USB ports
WOL1	Wake On LAN header

This concludes Chapter 1. The next chapter explains how to install the mainboard.

Safety Precautions

Follow these safety precautions when installing the mainboard:

- Wear a grounding strap attached to a grounded device to avoid damage from static electricity.
- Discharge static electricity by touching the metal case of a safely grounded object before working on the mainboard.
- Leave components in the static-proof bags they came in.
- Hold all circuit boards by the edges. Do not bend circuit boards.

Quick Guide

This Quick Guide suggests the steps you can take to assemble your system with the mainboards.

The following table provides a reference for installing specific components:

Installing the Mainboard in a Case

Refer to the following illustration and instructions for installing the mainboard in a case:

This illustration shows an example of a mainboard being installed in a tower-type case: **Note:** Do not overtighten the screws as this can stress the mainboard. Most system cases have mounting brackets installed in the case, which correspond to the holes in the mainboard. Place the mainboard over the mounting brackets and secure the mainboard onto the mounting brackets with screws.	2. Secure the mainboard with screws where appropriate. 1. Place the mainboard over the mounting brackets.
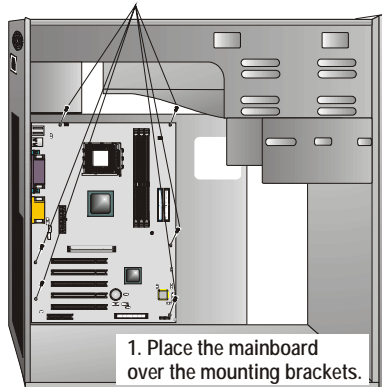
Ensure that your case has an I/O template that supports the I/O ports and expansion slots on your mainboard.

Checking Jumper Settings

This section explains how to set jumpers for correct configuration of the mainboard.

Setting Jumpers

Use the mainboard jumpers to set system configuration options. Jumpers with more than one pin are numbered. When setting the jumpers, ensure that the jumper caps are placed on the correct pins.

The illustrations below show a 2-pin jumper. When the jumper cap is placed on both pins, the jumper is SHORT. If you remove the jumper cap, or place the jumper cap on just one pin, the jumper is OPEN.

This illustration shows a 3-pin jumper. Pins 1 and 2 are SHORT.

Short   **Open**

7
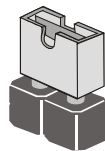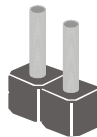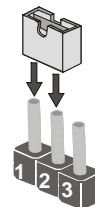
Checking Jumper Settings

The following illustration shows the location of the mainboard jumpers. Pin 1 is labeled.
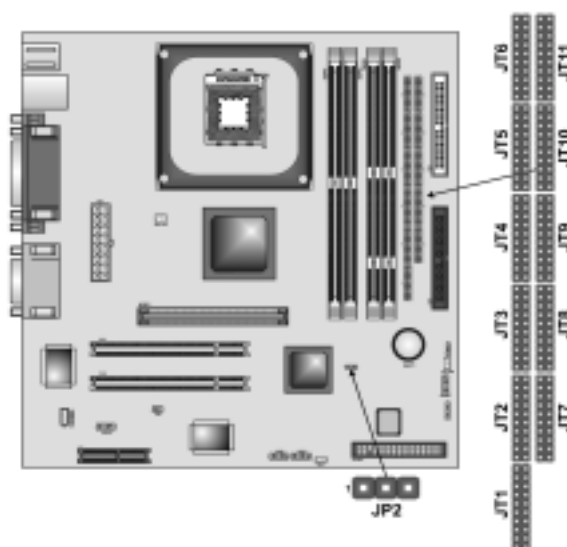
Jumper Settings

Jumper	Type	Description	Setting (*default*)
JP2	3-pin	Clear CMOS Memory jumper	*1-2: Normal* 2-3: Clear CMOS **JP2**
JT1 ~ JT11	20-pin	DDR/SDR DRAM Type Selector	*Short all JT1~JT10 pins: DDR* Open all JT1~JT10 pins: SDRAM **JT1 ~ JT11**

JP2: Clear CMOS Memory Jumper

This jumper can clear the CMOS memory. You may need to clear the CMOS memory if the settings in the Setup Utility are incorrect that your mainboard can't operate. To clear the CMOS memory, disconnect all the power cables, and then move the jumper cap into the CLEAR setting for a few seconds.

JT1~JT11: DDR/SDR DRAM Type Selector

This jumper enables to select DDR or SDR DRAM type use.

Connecting Case Components

After you have installed the mainboard into a case, you can begin connecting the mainboard components. Refer to the following:

1. Connect the power connector from the power supply to the **PW1** connector on the mainboard. 2. Connect the CPU cooling fan cable to **CPU FAN**. 3. If there is a cooling fan installed in the system chassis, connect the cable from the cooling fan to the **CHS FAN** fan power connector on the mainboard.	
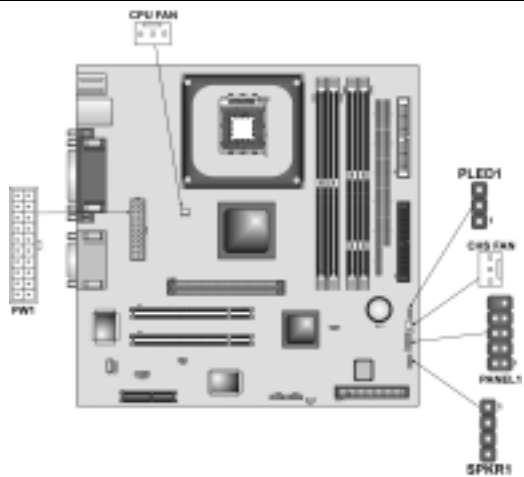
4. Connect the case switches and indicator LEDs to the **PANEL1** header.
5. If there is another power-on indicator LED installed in the system chassis, connect the LED to the **PLED1** header.
6. Connect the cable from the PC speaker to the **SPKR1** header on the mainboard.

PW1: ATX 20-pin Power Connector

Pin	Signal Name	Pin	Signal Name
1	+3.3V	11	+3.3V
2	+3.3V	12	-12V
3	Ground	13	Ground
4	+5V	14	PS ON#
5	Ground	15	Ground
6	+5V	16	Ground
7	Ground	17	Ground
8	PWRGD	18	+5V
9	+5VSB	19	+5V
10	+12V	20	+5V

CPU FAN/CHS FAN: FAN Power Connectors

Pin	Signal Name	Function
1	GND	System Ground
2	+12V	Power +12V
3	Sense	Sensor

SPKR1: Internal speaker

Pin	Signal Name
1	SPKR
2	NC
3	GND
4	+5V

PLED1: Power-on Indicator LED

Pin	Signal Name
1	Ground
2	NC
4	Power

Front Panel Connector

The front panel connector (PANEL1) provides a standard set of switch and LED connectors commonly found on ATX or micro-ATX cases. Refer to the table below for information:

PANEL1

Pin	Signal	Function	Pin	Signal	Function
1	HD_LED_P	Hard disk LED (positive)	2	FP PWR/SLP	MSG LED [dual color or single color (+)]
3	HD_LED_N	Hard disk active LED (negative)	4	FP PWR/SLP	MSG LED [dual color or single color (-)]
5	RST_SW_N	Reset Switch	6	PWR_SW_P	Power Switch
7	RST_SW_P	Reset Switch	8	PWR_SW_N	Power Switch
9	RSVD	Reserved	10	NC	No pin

Hard Drive Activity LED

Connecting pins 1 and 3 to a front panel mounted LED provides visual indication that data is being read from or written to the hard drive. For the LED to function properly, an IDE drive should be connected to the onboard IDE interface. The LED will also show activity for devices connected to the SCSI (hard drive activity LED) connector.

Power / Sleep / Message Waiting LED

Connecting pins 2 and 4 to a single- or dual-color, front panel mounted LED provides power on/off, sleep, and message waiting indication.

Reset Switch

Supporting the reset function requires connecting pins 5 and 7 to a momentary-contact switch that is normally open. When the switch is closed, the board resets and runs POST.

Power Switch

Supporting the power on/off function requires connecting pins 6 and 8 to a momentary-contact switch that is normally open. The switch should maintain contact for at least 50 ms to signal the power supply to switch on or off. The time requirement is due to internal debounce circuitry. After receiving a power on/off signal, at least two seconds elapses before the power supply recognizes another on/off signal.

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Installing Hardware

Installing the Processor

> **Caution: When installing a CPU heatsink and cooling fan make sure that you DO NOT scratch the mainboard or any of the surface-mount resistors with the clip of the cooling fan. If the clip of the cooling fan scrapes across the mainboard, you may cause serious damage to the mainboard or its components.**
>
> **On most mainboards, there are small surface-mount resistors near the processor socket, which may be damaged if the cooling fan is carelessly installed.**
>
> **Avoid using cooling fans with sharp edges on the fan casing and the clips. Also, install the cooling fan in a well-lit work area so that you can clearly see the mainboard and processor socket.**

Before installing the Processor

This mainboard automatically determines the CPU clock frequency and system bus frequency for the processor. You may be able to change these settings by making changes to jumpers on the mainboard, or changing the settings in the system Setup Utility. We strongly recommend that you do not overclock processors or other components to run faster than their rated speed.

> **Warning: Overclocking components can adversely affect the reliability of the system and introduce errors into your system. Overclocking can permanently damage the mainboard by generating excess heat in components that are run beyond the rated limits.**

This mainboard has a Socket 462 processor socket. When choosing a processor, consider the performance requirements of the system. Performance is based on the processor design, the clock speed and system bus frequency of the processor, and the quantity of internal cache memory and external cache memory.

CPU Installation Procedure

The following illustration shows CPU installation components:
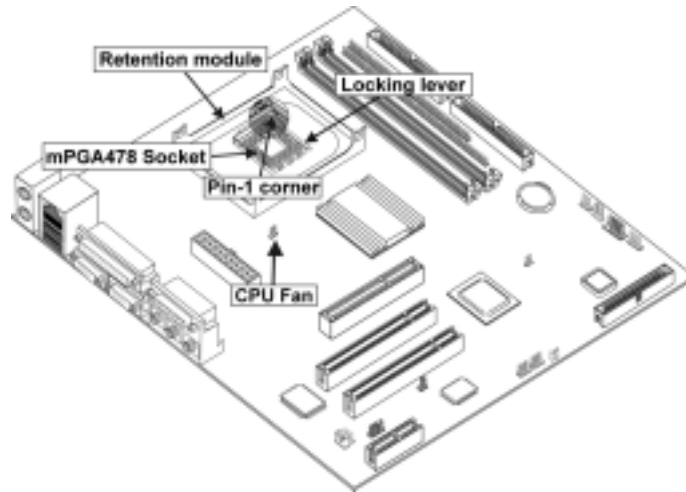
Follow these instructions to install the Retention Module and CPU:

1. Remove the existing retention module (if applicable).

2. Position the backplate against the underside of the mainboard; secure the 4 screws firmly on the retention module.

    Note: Do not over tighten the screws.
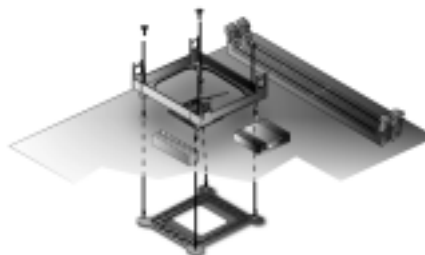
3. Install your CPU. Pull up the lever away from the socket and lift up to 90-degree angle.

4. Locate the CPU cut edge (the corner with the pinhole noticeably missing). Align and insert the CPU correctly.
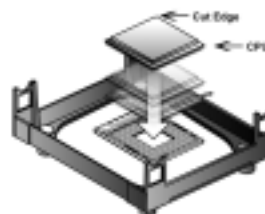
5. Press the lever down.
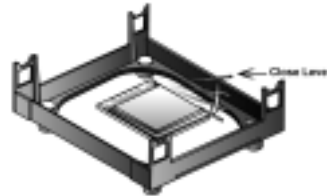
6. Apply thermal grease on top of the CPU.

7. Put the CPU Fan down on the retention module and snap the four retention legs of the cooling fan into place.

8. Flip the levers over to lock the heat sink in place.

9. Connect the CPU Cooling Fan power cable to the CPUFAN1 connector. This completes the installation.

Notes:
- To achieve better airflow rates and heat dissipation, we suggest that you use a high quality fan with 4800 rpm at least.
- CPU fan and heatsink installation procedures may vary with the type of CPU fan/heatsink supplied. The form and size of fan/heatsink may also vary.

Installing Memory Modules

This mainboard accommodates 168-pin 3.3V/184-pin 2.5V unbuffered SDRAM memory modules. The memory chips must be standard or registered SDRAM (Synchronous Dynamic Random Access Memory).

The CPU supports 100MHz system bus. The SDRAM DIMMs and DDRs can synchronously work with 100 MHz or operates over a 133 MHz memory bus.

Note: Please set the correct jumper settings for JT1~JT11 first as described on page 8 of this chapter.

SDRAM provides 800 MB/s or 1 GB/s data transfer rate corresponding with the bus 100 MHz or 133 MHz. It doubles the rate to 1.6 GB/s and 2.1 GB/s by transferring data on both the rising and falling edges of the clock. DDR SDRAM uses additional power and ground lines and requires 184-pin 2.5V unbuffered DIMM module rather than the 168-pin 3.3V unbuffered DIMMs used by SDRAM.

> Do not remove any memory module from its antistatic packaging until you are ready to install it on the mainboard. Handle the modules only by their edges. Do not touch the components or metal parts. Always wear a grounding strap when you handle the modules.
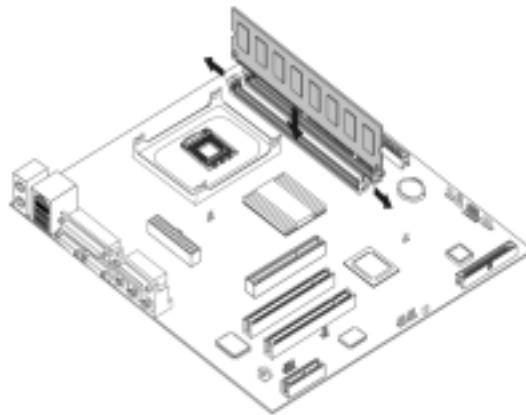
Note: You must install at least one memory module in order to work out this mainboard, **either SDRAM or DDR SDRAM, but you can't use them simultaneously.**

Refer to the following to install the memory modules.

1. Push the latches on each side of the DIMM slot down.
2. Align the memory module with the slot. The DIMM slots are keyed with notches and the DIMMs are keyed with cutouts so that they can only be installed correctly.
3. Check that the cutouts on the DIMM module edge connector match the notches in the DIMM slot:

15
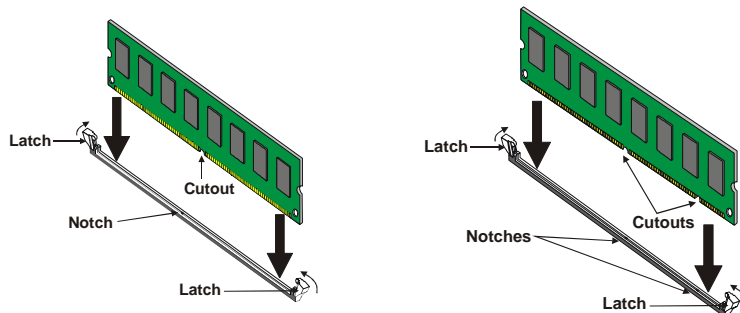
4.   Install the DIMM module into the slot and press it firmly down until it seats correctly. The slot latches are levered upwards and latch on to the edges of the DIMM.

5.   Install any remaining DIMM modules.

Installing a Hard Disk Drive/CD-ROM

This section describes how to install IDE devices such as a hard disk drive and a CD-ROM drive.

About IDE Devices

Your mainboard has a primary and secondary IDE channel interface (IDE1 and IDE2). An IDE ribbon cable supporting two IDE devices is bundled with the mainboard.
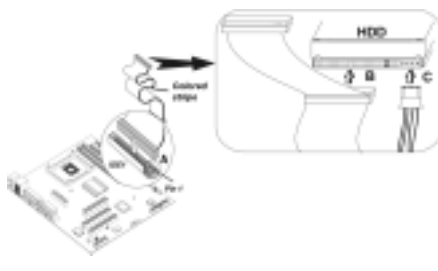
If you want to install more than two IDE devices, get a second IDE cable and you can add two more devices to the secondary IDE channel.

IDE devices have jumpers or switches that are used to set the IDE device as MASTER or SLAVE. Refer to the IDE device user's manual. When installing two IDE devices on one cable, ensure that one device is set to MASTER and the other device is set to SLAVE. The documentation of your IDE device explains how to do this.

About UltraDMA

This mainboard supports UltraDMA 33/66/100. UDMA is a technology that accelerates the performance of devices in the IDE channel. To maximize performance, install IDE devices that support UDMA and use 80-pin IDE cables that support UDMA 33/66/100.
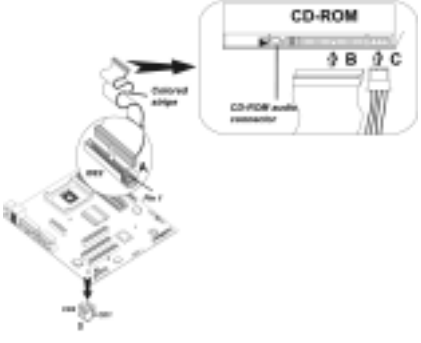
Installing a Hard Disk Drive

1. Install the hard disk drive into the drive cage in your system case.	
2. Plug the IDE cable into IDE1 (**A**): **Note:** Ribbon cable connectors are usually keyed so that they can only be installed correctly on the device connector. If the connector is not keyed, make sure that you match the pin-1 side of the cable connector with the pin-1 side of the device connector. Each connector has the pin-1 side clearly marked. The pin-1 side of each ribbon cable is always marked with a	

colored stripe on the cable.	
3. Plug an IDE cable connector into the hard disk drive IDE connector (**B**). It doesn't matter which connector on the cable you use.	
4. Plug a power cable from the case power supply into the power connector on the hard disk drive (**C**).	

When you first start up your system, the BIOS should automatically detect your hard disk drive. If it doesn't, enter the Setup Utility and use the IDE Hard Disk Auto Detect feature to configure the hard disk drive that you have installed.

Installing a CD-ROM/DVD Drive

1. Install the CD-ROM/DVD drive into the drive cage in your system case.	
2. Plug the IDE cable into IDE1 (**A**). If you have already installed an HDD, use the other connector on the IDE cable. **Note:** Ribbon cable connectors are usually keyed so that they can only be installed correctly on the device connector. If the connector is not keyed, make sure that you match the pin-1 side of the cable connector with the pin-1 side of the device connector. Each connector has the pin-1 side clearly marked. The pin-1 side of each ribbon cable is always marked with a colored stripe on the cable.	
3. Plug an IDE cable connector into the CD-ROM/DVD drive IDE connector (**B**). It doesn't matter which connector on the cable you use.	
4. Plug a power cable from the case power supply into the power connector on the CD-ROM/DVD drive (**C**).	
5. Use the audio cable provided with the CD-ROM/DVD drive to connect to the mainboard CD-in connector CD1 or CD2 (**D**).	

When you first start up your system, the BIOS should automatically detect your CD-ROM/DVD drive. If it doesn't, enter the Setup Utility and configure the CD-ROM/DVD drive that you have installed.

CD1   **CD2**
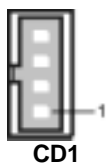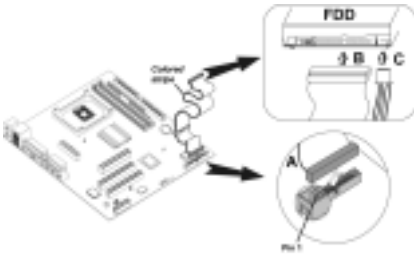
Pin	Signal Name
1	CD IN L
2	GND
3	GND
4	CD IN R

Pin	Signal Name
1	GND
2	CD IN R
3	GND
4	CD IN L

Installing a Floppy Diskette Drive

The mainboard has a floppy diskette drive (FLOPPY) interface and ships with a diskette drive ribbon cable that supports one or two floppy diskette drives. You can install a 5.25-inch drive and a 3.5-inch drive with various capacities. The floppy diskette drive cable has one type of connector for a 5.25-inch drive and another type of connector for a 3.5-inch drive.

1. Install the FDD into the drive cage in your system case.	
2. Plug the FDD cable into FLOPPY (**A**): **Note:** Ribbon cable connectors are usually keyed so that they can only be installed correctly on the device connector. If the connector is not keyed, make sure that you match the pin-1 side of the cable connector with the pin-1 side of the device connector. Each connector has the pin-1 side clearly marked. The pin-1 side of each ribbon cable is always marked with a colored stripe on the cable.	
3. Plug the correct connector on the FDD cable for the 5.25-inch or 3.5-inch drive into the FDD connector (**B**).	
4. Plug a power cable from the case power supply into the power connector on the FDD (**C**).	

When you first start up your system, go immediately to the Setup Utility to configure the floppy diskette drives that you have installed.

Installing Add-on Cards

The slots in this mainboard are designed to hold expansion cards and connect them to the system bus. Expansion slots are a means of adding or enhancing the mainboard's features and capabilities. With these efficient facilities, you can increase the mainboard's capabilities by adding hardware which performs tasks that are not part of the basic system.
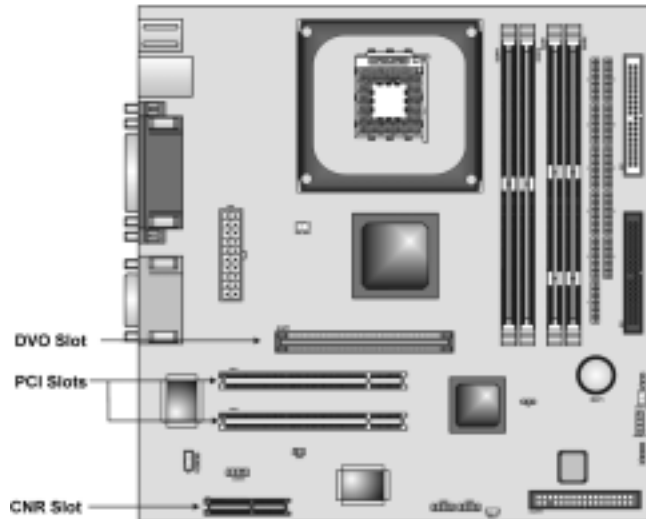
DVO Slot	This slot supports the DVO (Digital Video Output) function (without AGP support) for a TV or video monitor displaying.
PCI Slots	PCI slots are used to install expansion cards that have the 32-bit PCI interface.
CNR Slot	This slot is used to insert CNR cards with Modem and Audio functionality.

Note: Before installing an add-on card, check the documentation for the card carefully. If the card is not Plug and Play, you may have to manually configure the card before installation.

Follow these instructions to install an add-on card:

1. Remove a blanking plate from the system case corresponding to the slot you are going to use.

2. Install the edge connector of the add-on card into the expansion slot. Ensure that the edge connector is correctly seated in the slot.	
3. Secure the metal bracket of the card to the system case with a screw.	
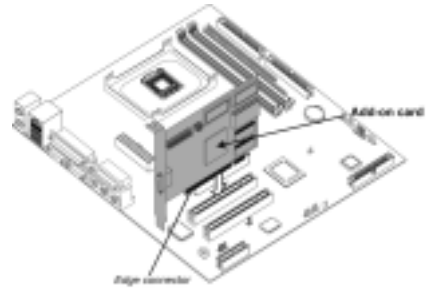
Note: For some add-on cards, for example graphics adapters and network adapters, you have to install drivers and software before you can begin using the add-on card.

Connecting Optional Devices

Refer to the following for information on connecting the mainboard's optional

devices:
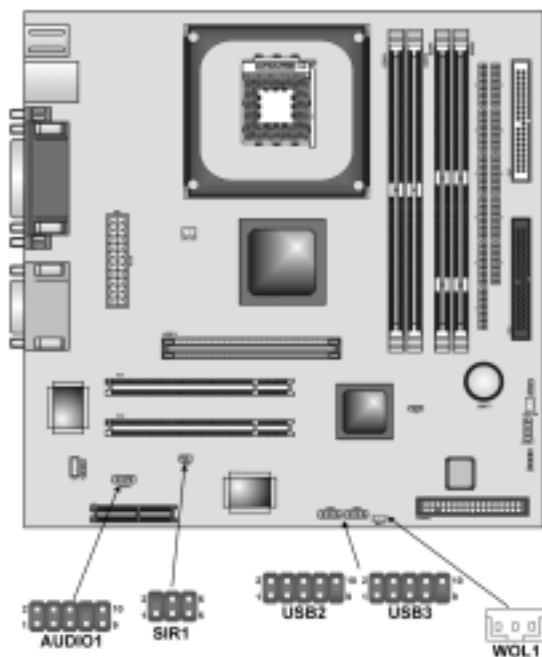
AUDIO1: Front Panel Audio header

This header allows the user to install auxiliary front-oriented microphone and line-out ports for easier access.

Pin	Signal Name	Function
1	AUD_MIC	Front Panel Microphone input signal
2	AUD_GND	Ground used by Analog Audio Circuits
3	AUD_MIC_BIAS	Microphone Power
4	AUD_VCC	Filtered +5 V used by Analog Audio Circuits
5	AUD_FPOUT_R	Right Channel Audio signal to Front Panel
6	AUD_RET_R	Right Channel Audio signal to Return from Front Panel
7	HP_ON	Reserved for future use to control Head-phone Amplifier
8	KEY	No Pin
9	AUD_FPOUT_L	Left Channel Audio signal to Front Panel
10	AUD_RET_L	Left Channel Audio signal Return from Front Panel

USB2/USB3: Front panel USB ports

The mainboard has two USB ports installed on the rear edge I/O port array. Additionally, some computer cases have USB ports at the front of the case. If you have this kind of case, use auxiliary USB connectors USB2 and USB3 to connect the front-mounted ports to the mainboard.

Pin	Signal Name	Function
1	VREG_FP_USBPWR0	Front Panel USB Power
2	VREG_FP_USBPWR0	Front Panel USB Power
3	USB_FP_P0-	USB Port 0 Negative Signal
4	USB_FP_P1-	USB Port 1 Negative Signal
5	USB_FP_P0+	USB Port 0 Positive Signal
6	USB_FP_P1+	USB Port 1 Positive Signal
7	GND	Ground
8	GND	Ground
9	KEY	No pin
10	USB_FP_OC0	Overcurrent signal

Note: Please make sure that the USB cable has the same pin assignment as indicated above. A different pin assignment may cause damage or system hang-up.

SIR1: Serial infrared port

The mainboard supports a Serial Infrared (SIR1) data port. Infrared ports allow the wireless exchange of information between your computer and similarly equipped devices such as printers, laptops, Personal Digital Assistants (PDAs), and other computers.

Pin	Signal Name	Function
1	Not assigned	Not assigned
2	KEY	No pin
3	+5V	IR Power
4	GND	Ground
5	IRTX	IrDA serial output
6	IRRX	IrDA serial input

WOL1: Wake On LAN

If you have installed a LAN card, use the cable provided with the card to plug into the mainboard WOL1 connector. This enables the Wake On LAN (WOL1) feature. When your system is in a power-saving mode, any LAN signal automatically resumes the system. You must enable this item using the Power Management page of the Setup Utility.

Pin	Signal Name	Function
1	5VSB	+5V stand by power
2	GND	Ground
3	Ring#	Wake up signal (high active)

Connecting I/O Devices

The backplane of the mainboard has the following I/O ports:
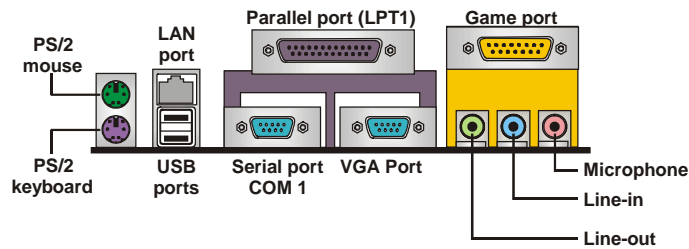
PS/2 Mouse	Use the upper PS/2 port to connect a PS/2 pointing device.
PS/2 Keyboard	Use the lower PS/2 port to connect a PS/2 keyboard.
LAN Port (optional)	Use the LAN port to connect to the network.
USB Ports	Use the USB ports to connect USB devices.
LPT1	Use LPT1 to connect printers or other parallel communications devices.
COM1	Use the COM ports to connect serial devices such as mice or fax/modems. COM1 is identified by the system as COM1/3.
Game Port	Use the game port to connect a joystick or a MIDI device.
VGA Port	Use the VGA port to connect an external monitor.
Audio Ports	Use the three audio ports to connect audio devices. The left side jack is for a stereo line-out signal. The middle jack is for a stereo line-in signal. The right side jack is for a microphone.

External Connector Color Coding

Many connectors now use standard colors as shown in the table below.

Connector	Color
Analog VGA	Blue
Audio line-in	Light blue
Audio line-out	Lime
Digital monitor/flat panel	White
IEEE 1394	Grey
Microphone	Pink
MIDI/game	Gold
Parallel	Burgundy
PS/2-compatible keyboard	Purple
PS/2-compatible mouse	Green
Serial	Teal or Turquoise
Speaker out/subwoofer	Orange
Right-to-left speaker	Brown
USB	Black
Video out	Yellow
SCSI, network, telephone, modem	None

This concludes Chapter 2. The next chapter covers the BIOS.

About the Setup Utility

The computer uses the latest AMI BIOS with support for Windows Plug and Play. The CMOS chip on the mainboard contains the ROM setup instructions for configuring the mainboard BIOS.

The BIOS (Basic Input and Output System) Setup Utility displays the system's configuration status and provides you with options to set system parameters. The parameters are stored in battery-backed-up CMOS RAM that saves this information when the power is turned off. When the system is turned back on, the system is configured with the values you stored in CMOS.

The BIOS Setup Utility enables you to configure:

- Hard drives, diskette drives, and peripherals
- Video display type and display options
- Password protection from unauthorized use
- Power management features

The settings made in the Setup Utility affect how the computer performs. Before using the Setup Utility, ensure that you understand the Setup Utility options.

This chapter provides explanations for Setup Utility options.

The Standard Configuration

A standard configuration has already been set in the Setup Utility. However, we recommend that you read this chapter in case you need to make any changes in the future.

This Setup Utility should be used:

- when changing the system configuration
- when a configuration error is detected and you are prompted to make changes to the Setup Utility
- when trying to resolve IRQ conflicts
- when making changes to the Power Management configuration
- when changing the password or making other changes to the Security Setup

Running the Setup Utility

Each time your computer starts, before the operating system loads, a message appears on the screen that prompts you to "*Hit <DEL> if you want to run SETUP*". When you see this message, press the **Delete** key and the Main menu page of the Setup Utility appears on your monitor.

AMIBIOS SIMPLE SETUP UTILITY – VERSION 1.21.12
(C) 2000 American Megatrends, Inc. All Rights Reserved

Standard CMOS Setup	Features Setup
Advanced Setup	CPU PnP Setup
Power Management Setup	Hardware Monitor
PCI / Plug and Play Setup	Change Password
Load Optimal Settings	Exit
Load Best Performance Settings	

Esc :   Quit   ↑ ↓ ← →: Select Item   (Shift)F2 : Change Color   F5 : Old Values
F6   :   Optimal values   F7 : Best performance values   F10 : Save&Exit

Standard CMOS setup for changing time, date, hard disk type, etc.

BIOS Navigation Keys

The BIOS navigation keys are listed below:

Key	Function
Esc	Exits the current menu
←↑↓→	Scrolls through the items on a menu
+/–/PU/PD	Modifies the selected field's values
F10	Saves the current configuration and exits setup
F1	Displays a screen that describes all key functions
F5	Loads previously saved values to CMOS
F6	Loads a minimum configuration for troubleshooting.
F7	Loads an optimum set of values for peak performance

Using BIOS

When you start the Setup Utility, the main menu appears. The main menu of the Setup Utility displays a list of the options that are available. A highlight indicates which option is currently selected. Use the cursor arrow keys to move the highlight to other options. When an option is highlighted, execute the option by pressing <Enter>.

Some options lead to pop-up dialog boxes that prompt you to verify that you wish to execute that option. Other options lead to dialog boxes that prompt you for information.

Some options (marked with a triangle ▶) lead to submenus that enable you

to change the values for the option. Use the cursor arrow keys to scroll through the items in the submenu.

In this manual, default values are enclosed in parenthesis. Submenu items are denoted by a triangle ▶.

Standard CMOS Setup Page

Use this page to set basic information such as the date, the time, the IDE devices, and the diskette drives. If you press the F3 key, the system will automatically detect and configure the hard disks on the IDE channels.

```
┌─────────────────────────────────────────────────────────────────────┐
│              AMIBIOS SETUP – STANDARD CMOS SETUP                      │
│        (C) 2000 American Megatrends, Inc. All Rights Reserved         │
├─────────────────────────────────────────────────────────────────────┤
│ Date  (mm/dd/yy) :  Thu Dec 19, 2002                                  │
│ Time  (hh/mm/ss) :  10:43:36                                          │
│                                          LBA    Blk   PIO   32Bit     │
│            Type        Size Cyln Head WPcom Sec Mode  Mode  Mode  Mode│
│ Pri Master  : Auto                                               On   │
│ Pri Slave   : Auto                                               On   │
│ Sec Master : Auto                                                On   │
│ Sec Slave  : Auto                                                On   │
│                                                                       │
│ Floppy Drive A :  1.44 MB 3 1/2                                       │
│ Floppy Drive B :  Not Installed                                       │
│                                                                       │
├─────────────────────────────────────────────────────────────────────┤
│ Month :  Jan – Dec                            ESC  :  Exit            │
│   Day :  01 – 31                              ↑↓   :  Select Item     │
│   Year :  1901 – 2099                         PU/PD/+/-  :  Modify     │
│                                               (Shift)F2  :  Color      │
│                                               F3  :  Detect All HDD    │
└─────────────────────────────────────────────────────────────────────┘
```

Date & Time

Use these items to set the system date and time

Pri Master/Pri Slave/Sec Master/Sec Slave

Use these items to configure devices connected to the Primary and Secondary IDE channels. To configure an IDE hard disk drive, choose *Auto*. If the *Auto* setting fails to find a hard disk drive, set it to *User*, and then fill in the hard disk characteristics (Size, Cyls, etc.) manually. If you have a CD-ROM drive, select the setting *CDROM*. If you have an ATAPI device with removable media (e.g. a ZIP drive or an LS-120) select *Floptical*.

Floppy Drive A/Floppy Drive B

Use these items to set the size and capacity of the floppy diskette drive(s) installed in the system.

Advanced Setup Page

Use this page to set more advanced information about your system. Take some care with this page. Making changes can affect the operation of your computer.

```
┌──────────────────────────────────────────────────────────────────┐
│              AMIBIOS SETUP – ADVANCED SETUP                        │
│       (C) 2000 American Megatrends, Inc. All Rights Reserved       │
├──────────────────────────────────────┬───────────────────────────┤
│ Quick Boot              Enabled       │ Auto Detect DIMM/PCI Clk   Enabled │
│ 1st Boot Device         IDE-0         │                           │
│ 2nd Boot Device         Floppy        │                           │
│ 3rd Boot Device         CD/DVD-0      │                           │
│ Try Other Boot Devices  Yes           │                           │
│ S.M.A.R.T. for Hard Disks  Disabled   │                           │
│ Floppy Drive Swap       Disabled      │                           │
│ Floppy Drive Seek       Disabled      │                           │
│ Password Check          Setup         │                           │
│ L2 Cache                Enabled       │                           │
│ System BIOS Cacheable   Enabled       ├───────────────────────────┤
│ SDRAM Frequency         133MHz        │                           │
│ SDRAM Timing by SPD     Enabled       │ ESC : Quit   ↑↓←→ : Select Item │
│   SDRAM CAS# Latency    3 Clocks      │                           │
│   SDRAM RAS# Precharge  3 Clocks      │ F1  : Help   PU/PD/+/- : Modify │
│   SDRAM RAS# to CAS# Delay 3 Clocks   │                           │
│   SDRAM Precharge Delay 7 Clocks      │ F5  : Old Values  (Shift)F2 : Color │
│ Hyper Threading Function  Disabled    │ F6  : Load BIOS Defaults   │
│ Spread Spectrum         Disabled      │ F7  : Load Setup Defaults  │
└──────────────────────────────────────┴───────────────────────────┘
```

Quick Boot

If you enable this item, the system starts up more quickly be elimination some of the power on test routines.

1st Boot Device/2nd Boot Device/3rd Boot Device

Use these items to determine the device order the computer uses to look for an operating system to load at start-up time.

Try Other Boot Device

If you enable this item, the system will also search for other boot devices if it fails to find an operating system from the first two locations.

S.M.A.R.T. for Hard Disks

Enable this item if any IDE hard disks support the S.M.A.R.T. (Self-Monitoring, Analysis and Reporting Technology) feature.

Floppy Drive Swap

If you have two diskette drives installed and you enable this item, drive A becomes drive B and drive B becomes drive A.

Floppy Drive Seek

If you enable this item, your system will check all floppy disk drives at start up. Disable this item unless you are using an old 360KB drive.

Password Check

If you have entered a password for the system, use this item to determine, if the password is required to enter the Setup Utility (*Setup*) or required both at start-up and to enter the Setup Utility (*Always*).

L2 Cache

Leave these items enabled since all the processors that can be installed on this board have internal L2 cache memory.

System BIOS Cacheable

If you enable this item, a segment of the system BIOS will be copied to main memory for faster execution.

SDRAM Frequency

This item determines frequency of SDRAM memory.

SDRAM Timing By SPD

This item allows you to enable or disable the SDRAM timing defined by the Serial Presence Detect electrical.

SDRAM CAS# Latency

This item determines the operation of SDRAM memory CAS (column address strobe). It is recommended that you leave this item at the default value. The 2T setting requires faster memory that specifically supports this mode.

SDRAM RAS# Precharge

Select the number of CPU clocks allocated for the Row Address Strobe (RAS#) signal to accumulate its charge before the SDRAM is refreshed. If insufficient time is allowed, refresh may be incomplete and data lost.

SDRAM RAS# to CAS# Delay

This field lets you insert a timing delay between the CAS and RAS strobe signals, used when SDRAM is written to, read from, or refreshed. Disabled gives faster performance; and Enabled gives more stable performance.

SDRAM RAS# Precharge Delay

The precharge time is the number of cycles it takes for SDRAM to accumulate its charge before refresh.

Hyper Threading Function

If your P4 CPU is not HT CPU, this item will be hidden.

If your P4 CPU is HT CPU, BIOS will show this item. You can set "Disabled" or "Enabled" to control HT CPU support in O.S. Set "Enabled" to test HT CPU function.

Spread Spectrum

If you enable spread spectrum, it can significantly reduce the EMI (Electro-Magnetic Interference) generated by the system.

Auto detect DIMM/PCI Clock

When this item is enabled, BIOS will disable the clock signal of free DIMM/PCI slots.

Power Management Setup Page

This page sets some of the parameters for system power management operation.

```
┌─────────────────────────────────────────────────────────────────────────┐
│              AMIBIOS SETUP – POWER MANAGEMENT SETUP                      │
│         (C) 2000 American Megatrends, Inc. All Rights Reserved           │
├──────────────────────────────────┬──────────────────────────────────────┤
│ ACPI Aware O/S            Yes     │                                      │
│ Power Management           Enabled│                                      │
│ Suspend Time Out (Minute) Disabled│                                      │
│ Hard Disk Time Out (Minute) Disabled│                                    │
│ Resume On RTC Alarm       Disabled│                                      │
│ RTC Alarm Date            15      │ ESC : Quit      ↑↓←→ : Select Item   │
│ RTC Alarm Hour            12      │ F1  : Help      PU/PD/+/- : Modify    │
│ RTC Alarm Minute          30      │ F5  : Old Values  (Shift)F2 : Color   │
│ RTC Alarm Second          30      │ F6  : Load Optimal values            │
│ LAN/Ring Power On         Disabled│ F7  : Load Best performance values   │
│ Keyboard Power On         Disabled│                                      │
│ Specific Key for PowerOn  N/A     │                                      │
└──────────────────────────────────┴──────────────────────────────────────┘
```

ACPI Aware O/S

This item supports ACPI (Advanced Configuration and Power management Interface). Use this item to enable or disable the ACPI feature.

Power Management

Use this item to enable or disable a power management scheme. If you enable power management, you can use the items below to set the power management operation. Both APM and ACPI are supported.

Suspend Time Out (Minute)

This sets the timeout for Suspend mode in minutes. If the time selected passes without any system activity, the computer will enter power-saving Suspend mode.

Hard Disk Time Out (Minute)

This item sets up the timeout to power down the hard disk drive, if there is no hard disk activity after passing the preset period of time.

Resume On RTC Alarm / Date / Hour / Minute / Second

The system can be turned off with a software command. If you enable this item, the system can automatically resume at a fixed time based on the system's RTC (realtime clock). Use the items below this one to set the date and time of the wake-up alarm. You must use an ATX power supply in order to use this feature.

LAN/Ring Power On

Your system can enter the software power down. If you enable this item, the system can automatically resume if there is traffic on the network adapter.

Keyboard Power On

If you enable this item, you can turn the system on and off by pressing hot keys on the keyboard. You must enable the Keyboard Power On jumper and use an ATX power supply in order to use this feature.

Specific Key for PowerOn

When the Power On function is set to Password, use this item to set the password.

PCI / Plug and Play Setup

This page sets some of the parameters for devices installed on the PCI bus and devices that use the system plug and play capability.

```
┌────────────────────────────────────────────────────────────────────┐
│          AMIBIOS SETUP – PCI / PLUG AND PLAY SETUP                  │
│        (C) 2000 American Megatrends, Inc. All Rights Reserved       │
├──────────────────────────────────┬─────────────────────────────────┤
│ Primary Graphics Adapter    PCI  │                                 │
│ OnChip VGA Mode Select      1MB  │                                 │
│ Allocate IRQ to PCI VGA     Yes  │                                 │
│ PCI IDE BusMaster       Disabled │                                 │
│                                  ├─────────────────────────────────┤
│                                  │ ESC : Quit      ↑↓←→ : Select Item│
│                                  │ F1  : Help    PU/PD/+/- : Modify │
│                                  │ F5  : Old Values (Shift)F2 : Color│
│                                  │ F6  : Load BIOS Defaults         │
│                                  │ F7  : Load Setup Defaults        │
└──────────────────────────────────┴─────────────────────────────────┘
```

Primary Graphics Adapter

This item indicates if the primary graphics adapter uses the PCI or the AGP bus. The default AGP setting still lets the onboard display work and allows the use of a second display card installed in an AGP slot.

OnChip VGA Mode Select

This item provides the VGA mode with four options of 1MB, 8MB, Disabled or 512KB. We recommend you leave this item at the default value.

Allocate IRQ to PCI VGA

If this item is enabled, an IRQ will be assigned to the PCI VGA graphics system. You set this value to No to free up an IRQ.

PCI IDE BusMaster

This item enables or disables the DMA under DOS mode. We recommend you to leave this item at the default value.

Load Optimal Settings

If you select this item and press **Enter** a dialog box appears. If you press **Y**, and then **Enter**, the Setup Utility loads a set of fail-safe default values. These default values are not very demanding and they should allow your system to function with most kinds of hardware and memory chips.

> **Note:** It is highly recommended that users enter this option to load optimal values for accessing the best performance.

Load Best Performance Settings

If you select this item and press **Enter** a dialog box appears. If you press **Y**, and then **Enter**, the Setup Utility loads a set of best-performance default values. These default values are quite demanding and your system might not function properly if you are using slower memory chips or other low-performance components.

Features Setup Page

This page sets some of the parameters for peripheral devices connected to the system.

```
                 AMIBIOS SETUP – FEATURES SETUP
        (C) 2000 American Megatrends, Inc. All Rights Reserved

 OnBoard FDC                 Enabled
 OnBoard Serial PortA        3F8/COM1
 OnBoard IR Port             Disabled
 OnBoard Parallel Port       Auto
   Parallel Port Mode        ECP
   EPP Version               N/A
   Parallel Port IRQ         Auto
   Parallel Port DMA         Auto        ESC : Quit        ↑↓←→ : Select Item
 OnBoard MIDI Port           300
   MIDI IRQ Select           5           F1   : Help      PU/PD/+/-  : Modify
 OnBoard Game Port           200
 OnBoard IDE                 Both        F5   : Old Values  (Shift)F2  : Color
 Audio Device                Auto
 Modem Device                Auto        F6   : Load BIOS Defaults
 Ethernet Device             Enabled
 Onboard USB Function        6 USB Ports F7   : Load Setup Defaults
 USB Function For DOS        Disabled
 ThumbDrive Support For DOS  Disabled
```

OnBoard FDC

This item enables or disables the onboard floppy disk drive interface.

OnBoard Serial PortA

These items enable or disable the onboard COM1 serial port, and to assign a port address.

OnBoard IR Port

This item enables or disables the Infrared port, and assigns a port address. If you select a specific address, the resources are assigned to the IR port, and

you can use these items below to determine the operation of the IR port.

Onboard Parallel Port

This item enables or disables the onboard LPT1 parallel port, and to assign a port address. The Auto setting will detect and available address.

Parallel Port Mode

This item sets the parallel port mode. You can select SPP (Standard Parallel Port), ECP (Extended Capabilities Port), EPP (Enhanced Parallel Port), or ECP + EPP.

Parallel Port IRQ

This item assigns IRQ to the parallel port.

Parallel Port DMA Channel

This item assigns a DMA channel to the parallel port.

OnBoard MIDI Port

This item enables or disables the onboard MIDI port, and to assign a port address.

MIDI IRQ Select

This item assigns IRQ 5 to the parallel port.

OnBoard Game Port

This item enables or disables the I/O address for the game port.

OnBoard IDE

This item enables or disables the onboard IDE channel.

Audio Device

This item enables or disables the AC'97 audio chip.

Modem Device

This item enables or disables the MC'97 modem chip.

Ethernet Device

This item enables or disables the Ethernet LAN.

Onboard USB Function

Enable this item if you plan to use the USB ports on this mainboard.

USB Function For DOS

Enable this item if you plan to use the USB ports on this mainboard in a DOS environment.

ThumbDrive Support For DOS

Enable this item to make a small portion of memory storage device for the USB ports.

CPU PnP Setup Page

This page lets you manually configure the mainboard for the CPU. The system will automatically detect the kind of CPU that you have installed and make the appropriate adjustments to the items on this page.

```
AMIBIOS SETUP – CPU PnP SETUP
(C) 2000 American Megatrends, Inc. All Rights Reserved

CPU Type                  INTEL P4
CPU Core Voltage          1.728 V
CPU Ratio Selection       8.0x
CPU Speed                 133 MHz


                          ESC : Quit       ↑↓←→ : Select Item
                          F1   : Help       PU/PD/+/- : Modify
                          F5   : Old Values  (Shift)F2  : Color
                          F6   : Load Optimal values
                          F7   : Load Best performance values
```

CPU Type/ Core Voltage/Ratio /Speed

These items show the type, core voltage, ratio and speed of CPU installed in your system.

Hardware Monitor Page

This page sets some of the parameters for the hardware monitoring function of this mainboard.

```
AMIBIOS SETUP – HARDWARE MONITOR
(C) 2000 American Megatrends, Inc. All Rights Reserved

*** System Hardware ***
Vcore                  1.728 V
Vcc 3.3V               3.312 V
Vcc                    5.030 V
+12V                   12.045V
-12V                   -12.071V
-Vcc                   -5.026V       ESC : Quit       ↑↓←→ : Select Item
SB5V                   4.800 V       F1   : Help       PU/PD/+/- : Modify
VBAT                   3.248 V       F5   : Old Values  (Shift)F2  : Color
SYSTEM Fan Speed       0 RPM         F6   : Load Optimal values
CPU Fan Speed          3629 RPM
SYSTEM Temperature     28°C/82°F     F7   : Load Best performance values
CPU Temperature        59°C/138°F
```

CPU / System Temperature

These items display CPU and system temperature measurement.

FANs & Voltage Measurements

These items indicate cooling fan speeds in RPM and the various system voltage measurements.

Change Password

If you highlight this item and press **Enter**, a dialog box appears which lets you enter a Supervisor password. You can enter no more than six letters or numbers. Press **Enter** after you have typed in the password. A second dialog box asks you to retype the password for confirmation. Press **Enter** after you have retyped it correctly. The password is then required to access the Setup Utility or for that and at start-up, depending on the setting of the Password Check item in Advanced Setup.

Exit

Highlight this item and press **Enter** to save the changes that you have made in the Setup Utility configuration and exit the program. When the Save and Exit dialog box appears, press **Y** to save and exit, or press **N** to exit without saving.

Using the Mainboard Software

About the Software CD-ROM

The support software CD-ROM that is included in the mainboard package contains all the drivers and utility programs needed to properly run the bundled products. Below you can find a brief description of each software program, and the location for your mainboard version. More information on some programs is available in a README file, located in the same directory as the software.

Note: Never try to install software from a folder that is not specified for use with your mainboard.

Before installing any software, always inspect the folder for files named README.TXT, INSTALL.TXT, or something similar. These files may contain important information that is not included in this manual.

Auto-installing under Windows 98/ME/2000/XP

The Auto-install CD-ROM makes it easy for you to install the drivers and software for your mainboard.

Note: If the Auto-install CD-ROM does not work on your system, you can still install drivers through the file manager for your OS (for example, Windows Explorer). Refer to Utility Folder Installation Notes later in this chapter.

The support software CD-ROM disc loads automatically under Windows 98/ME/2000/XP. When you insert the CD-ROM disc in the CD-ROM drive, the autorun feature will automatically bring up the install screen. The screen has three buttons on it, Setup, Browse CD and Exit.

Note: If the opening screen doesn't appear, double-click the file "setup.exe" in the root directory.

Setup Tab

Setup	Click the **Setup** button to run the software installation program. Select from the menu which software you want to install.
Browse CD	The **Browse CD** button is the standard Windows command that allows you to open Windows Explorer and show the contents of the support CD.
	Before installing the software from Windows Explorer, look for a file named README.TXT, INSTALL.TXT or something similar. This file may contain important information to help you install the software correctly.
	Some software is installed in separate folders for different operating systems, such as DOS, WIN NT, or WIN98/95. Always go to the correct folder for the kind of OS you are using.
	To install the software, execute a file named SETUP.EXE or INSTALL.EXE by double-clicking the file and then following the instructions on the screen.
Exit	The **Exit** button closes the Auto Setup window.

Application Tab

Lists the software utilities that are available on the CD.

Read Me Tab

Displays the path for all software and drivers available on the CD.

Running Setup

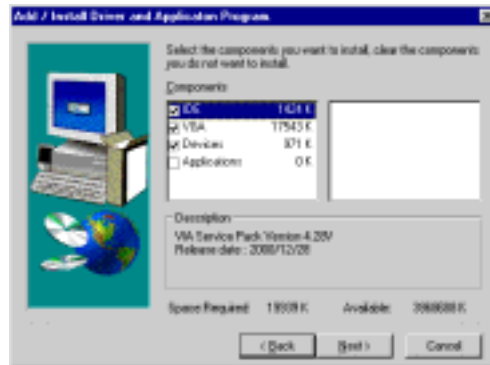Follow these instructions to install device drivers and software for the mainboard:

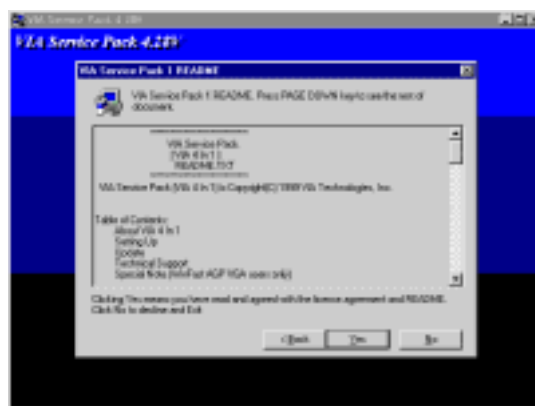1. Click **Setup**. The installation program begins:

The mainboard identification is located in the upper left-hand corner.

2. Click **Next**. The following screen appears:

3. Check the box next to the items you want to install. The default options are recommended.

4. Click **Next** run the Installation Wizard. An item installation screen appears:

5. Follow the instructions on the screen to install the items.

Drivers and software are automatically installed in sequence. Follow the on-screen instructions, confirm commands and allow the computer to restart a few times to complete the installation.

Manual Installation

Insert the CD in the CD-ROM drive and locate the PATH.DOC file in the root directory. This file contains the information needed to locate the drivers for your mainboard.

Look for the chipset and mainboard model; then browse to the directory and path to begin installing the drivers. Most drivers have a setup program (SETUP.EXE) that automatically detects your operating system before installation. Other drivers have the setup program located in the operating system subfolder.

If the driver you want to install does not have a setup program, browse to the operating system subfolder and locate the readme text file (README.TXT or README.DOC) for information on installing the driver or software for your operating system.

Utility Software Reference

All the utility software available from this page is Windows compliant. They are provided only for the convenience of the customer. The following software is furnished under license and may only be used or copied in accordance with the terms of the license.

Note: These software(s) are subject to change at anytime without prior notice. Please refer to the support CD for available software.

AWARD Flash Memory Utility

This utility lets you erase the system BIOS stored on a Flash Memory chip on the mainboard, and lets you copy an updated version of the BIOS to the chip. Proceed with caution when using this program. If you erase the current BIOS and fail to write a new BIOS, or write a new BIOS that is incorrect, your system will malfunction. Refer to Chapter 3, *Using BIOS* for more information.

WinFlash Utility

The Award WinFlash utility is a Windows version of the DOS Award BIOS flash writer utility. The utility enables you to flash the system BIOS stored on a Flash Memory chip on the mainboard while in a Windows environment. This utility is currently available for WINXP\ME\2000\98SE. To install the WinFlash utility, run WINFLASH.EXE from the following directory:

\UTILITY\WINFLASH 1.51

PC-CILLIN 2002

The PC-CILLIN 2002 software program provides anti-virus protection for your system. This program is available for Windows 2000/ME/98SE/XP and Windows NT. Be sure to check the readme.txt and install the appropriate anti-virus software for your operating system.

We strongly recommend users to install this free anti-virus software to help protect your system against viruses.

MediaRing Talk – Telephony Software

To install the MediaRing Talk voice modem software for the built-in modem, go to the directory \UTILITY\MEDIARING TALK, then run MRTALK-SETUP72.EXE to install the application software.

Super Voice – Fax/Modem Software

To install the Super Voice voice, fax, data communication application for use with the built-in fax/modem, go the directory \UTILITY\SUPER_VOICE, then run PICSHELL.EXE to install the application software.

PageABC

The PageABC application software enables you to create your very own home page. To install the PageABC, go to the directory \UTILITYPageABC, and then run SETUP.EXE to install the application software.

This concludes Chapter 4.

Appendix A

Intel USB 2.0 Driver Limitations and Installation Guide

The USB 2.0 driver only supports the WinXP and Win2K operating system. The WinME & Win98SE driver supports the USB 1.1 function only.

It is recommended that you follow the steps below to manually install the WinXP driver; otherwise, an error may occur while installing the driver.

1. Install the Windows XP with PS2 Keyboard/Mouse.
2. Install the INF Update 4.00.1009 PV.
   - Install IAA 2.1 PV (2124)
   - Install GFX 11.0 PC 1.01 (3051)
   - Install LAN 6.1 PV
   - Install AC97 Beta
3. Install the USB 2.0 for XP 3616.
4. Use **Tools/Folder options…/View** to change the items below:
   - Enable "Display the full path in the title bar"
   - Enable "Show Hidden files and folders"
   - Disable "Hide extensions of known files types"
   - Disable "Hide protected operating system files (Recommended)"
5. Check the USB driver version from:
   C:\Windows\System32\Drivers directory

   USBBEHHCI.SYS – 3/20/2002

   USBPORT.SYS – 8/17/2001

   USBHUB.SYS – 8/17/2001
6. Continue executing the manual installation below:

   6-1. Disable the Windows File Protection (WFP).

   - From Start button/run/Regedit

   - Set HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\ MICROSOFT\WINDOWSNT\Current Version\ Winlogon\SFCDisable=1

   6-2. Copy all USB files from CD to HDD.

   - Copy all test drivers to %windr%\driver cache\i386.

   - Copy all test drivers to %windr%\system32\dllcache. You need to copy file to this directory first. Otherwise, WinXP will replace the file from this directory to system32\drivers.

   - Copy all test drivers to %windir%\system32\drivers.

6-3. Check USB driver

USBBEHHCI.SYS – 3/20/2002

USBPORT.SYS – 3/20/2001

USBHUB.SYS- 3/20/2001

6-4. Enable Windows File Protection (WFP)

- Start button/run/Regedit

- Set HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\
  MICROSOFT\WINDOWSNT\Current Version\
  Winlogon\SFCDisable=0

When you are installing the USB 2.0 driver under WinME OS, a green question mark may pop-out. Please rest assured that this is normal.

Under Windows operating system, the BIOS Setup utility will not show the *USB Function for DOS Enable* feature.

The USB Keyboard Chicony KU-8933 is not compatible with this USB 2.0 driver.

Hyper-Threading CPU

You must update BIOS to initiate BIOS Hyper Threading Function and use HT CPU function under WinXP Operating System; if not, please disable this option.

- When BIOS detects the Hyper-Threading CPU, it will show "Hyper-Threading Function (default Disabled), you must set it to Enable if you want to test the Hyper-Threading CPU function. If your mainboard does not support the Hyper-Threading CPU technology, this option is hidden and the default setting is Disabled.

- You need to re-install the WinXP OS, if you want to activate the Hyper-Threading CPU function.

While you are in Windows Task Manager, please press CTRL+ALT+DEL to show the CPU Usage History & Device Manager.

Note: Hyper-Threading function only works under WINXP Operating System; therefore, disable it under other operating system.

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