User's Manual

Intel 1865-G mainboard for Intel Socket 478 processor

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Section 1 INTRODUCTION

Package Contents

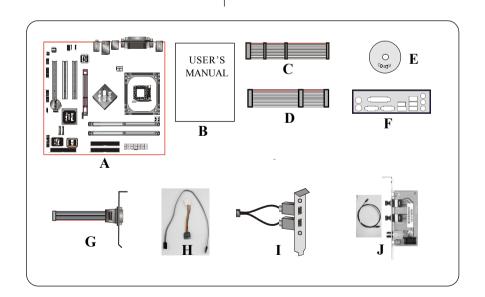
Contents

- A. Mainboard
- B. User's manual
- C. Floppy drive cable
- D. HDD drive cable
- E. CD (drivers and utilities)
- F. I/O Shield
- G. Game port cable
- H. S-ATA data and power cable

Optional Items

- I. Extra USB2.0 port cable
- J. S/PDIF Module

If you need the optional item, please contact your dealer for assistance.



Intel® Pentium® 4 processors

The Intel Pentium 4 processor, Intel's most advanced, most powerful processor for desktop PCs and entry-level workstations, is based on Intel NetBurst™ microarchitecture. The Pentium 4 processor is designed to deliver performance across applications and usages where end-users can truly appreciate and experience the performance. These applications include Internet audio and streaming video, image processing, video content creation, speech, 3D, CAD, games, multimedia, and multi-tasking user environments. The Pentium 4 processor delivers this world-class performance for consumer enthusiasts and business professional desktop PC users as well as for entry-level workstation users.

Intel adds support for Hyper-Threading Technology to the Pentium 4 processor family. HT Technology allows a single, physical Pentium 4 processor to function as two logical processor for next generation multi threaded application.

For more information about all the new features the Pentium 4 delivers check out the Intel website at http://www.intel.com

Chipset Components

This board is designed with Intel® 865G (Springdale-G) chipset. The Intel® 865G chipset consists of the Graphic Memory Controller Hub (GMCH) and the I/O Controller Hub (ICH5).

Graphic Memory Controller Hub (GMCH)

The GMCH provides the interconnect between the AGP, DDR SDRAM and the system logic. It integrates:

- Supports for single processor with a data transfer rate of 400/533/800MHz.
- Supports dual channel of 266/333/400 DDR SDRAM up to 2GB.
- 8X/4X 1.5V AGP interface (Only support 1.5V on AGP interface).
- Downstream hub link for access to the ICH5.

• I/O Controller Hub (ICH5)

The I/O controller Hub provides the I/O subsystem with access to the rest of the system. Additionally, it integrates many I/O functions:

- Upstream hub link for access to the GMCH
- 2-Channel Ultra ATA/100 Bus Master IDE controller
- 2-Channel S-ATA
- USB controller
- SMBus controller
- LPC / Flash BIOS interface
- PCI 2 3 interface
- Integrated System Management Controller

Accelerated Graphics Port (AGP)

The AGP slot on the board is compliant with the new AGP 3.0 specification. This new specification enhances the functionality of the original AGP specification by allowing 8X data transfers (8 data samples per clock) resulting in maximum bandwidth of 2.1GB/s. In addition, it defines 1.5 volt power supply operation. Complying with this specification, this board supports external AGP-8X/4X cards with Fast Write Transactions. Only 1.5V AGP cards are supported.

Ultra ATA/66/100

The ICH5 provides an Ultra ATA/66/100 Bus Master IDE controller. This controller supports Ultra ATA/66/100 protocols which are ideal to support demanding applications such as real-time video, multimedia, and a high performance operating system. A new IDE cable is required for Ultra ATA/66/100; this cable is an 80-pin conductor cable which is backward compatible with ATA/33 connectors.

Hardware Monitoring

Hardware monitoring enables you to monitor various aspects of the system operation and status. The features include CPU temperature, voltage and fan speed in RPMs.

LAN (Optional)

This mainboard is optionally mounted with a LAN chipset. It allows the mainboard to connect to a local area network by means of a network hub.

Introduction

Serial ATA

The evolutionary serial ATA interface replaces the standard parallel ATA physical storage interface. The serial ATA specification provides scalability and allows future enhancements to the computing platform. Serial technology overcomes performance limits of parallel interface architecture, meeting the escalating need for faster data throughput in servers and storage devices.

Serial ATA is completely software compatible with parallel ATA, requiring no modification to your operating system. The serial ATA interface cable requires lower voltages and uses smaller cable connectors, providing ease of installation. You can easily upgrade storage devices that are compatible with the serial ATA interface specification.

I/O Shield Connector

The I/O back panel for this mainboard is shown below (Figure 1). When installing the mainboard into the computer case, use the bundled I/O shield to protect this back panel.



Figure 3: I/O ports

Power-On/Off (Remote)

This board has a 20-pin ATX and a 4-pin ATX12V power supply connector to support power supplies with **Remote On/Off** feature. The chassis power button should be connected to the mainboard front panel PW ON header (Figure 2).

You can turn off the system in two ways: by pressing the front panel power On/Off button or using the "Soft Off" function that can be controlled by an operating system such as Windows®XP/ME/2000/98.

Note: For maintaining the DDR SDRAM power during STR (ACPI S3) function, it is strongly recommended to use power supplies that have a +5VSB current of (>=) 2A. Please check the 5VSB's specification printed on the power supply's outer case.

Note: The board requires a minimum of 250 Watt power supply to operate. Your system configuration (amount of memory, add-in cards, peripherals, etc.) may exceed this minimum power requirement. To ensure that adequate power, use a 300 Watt (or higher) power supply.

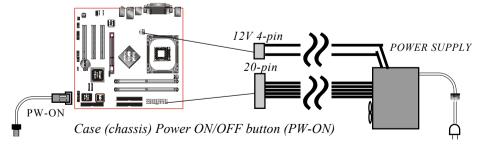


Figure 4: Simple ATX power ON/OFF controller

System Block Diagram

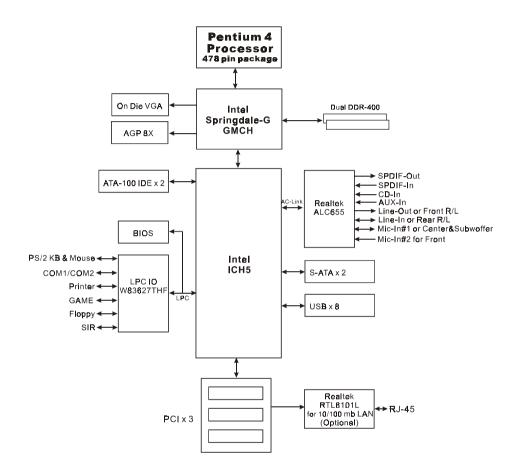


Figure 5: System Block Diagram

Section 2 FEATURES

Mainboard Features

Processor

- ◆ Socket 478 Intel[®] Pentium[®] 4 and Celeron processors from 1.7GHz up to 3 2+GHz
- Supports the following System Bus and Memory combination:

FSB400 / DDR266 (PC2100)

FSB533 / DDR266/333 (PC2100/PC2700)

FSB800/DDR333 (PC2700)*

FSB800/DDR400(PC3200)

- * When configured to FSB800/DDR333, adaptive synchronization aligns to the closest FSB to memory clock ratio, setting memory channel to 320MHz.
- Supports Hyper-Threading Technology

To enable the Hyper-Threading Technology function on your computer system requires ALL of the following platform components:

©CPU: An Intel[®] Pentium 4 Processor with HT Technology.

Chipset: An Intel[®] Chipset that supports HT Technology.

BIOS: A BIOS that supports HT Technology and has it enabled.

OS: An operating system that supports HT Technology.

Performance will vary depending on the specific hardware and software you use. See http://www.intel.com/info/hyperthreading for information including details on which processor support HT Technology.

Chipset

- ◆ Intel 865G Chipset (865G + ICH5)
 - Built-in Intel Extreme 2 Graphics

Main Memory

Two 184-pin DDR DIMM sockets for PC2100/2700/3200 (DDR266/333/400)
 DIMMs

Features

- Supports 128-bit dual channel memory architecture
- Supports up to 2GB memory size

BIOS

- Flash EEPROM with Award BIOS
 - ACPI v2.0 compliant
 - S3 (Suspend to DRAM) sleep-state support
 - SMBIOS (System Management BIOS) v2.2 compliant
 - Supports Power failure recovery
 - Able to wake the computer from specific states by LAN, Power switch, PME#, RTC alarm, USB, PS2 K/B, PS2 Mouse, Modem Ring-in COM#1...

Onboard PCI Devices

◆ LAN--> Integrates 10/100Mps Fast Ethernet controller with onboard (Optional) Realtek RTL8101L LAN Chipset

Legacy IO Controller

 Winbond W83627THF LPC IO controller with keyboard, mouse, floppy, printer, game, serial and SIR interface

Audio

- Six channel audio with analog and digital output using Realtek ALC655
 AC'97 CODEC
 - AC'97 v2.3 compliant
 - In 2-CH mode, supports Line-In (Light blue), Line-Out (Lime) and Mic-In (Pink) at rear panel
 - In 6-CH mode, supports Rear speaker-out (Light blue), Front speaker-out (Lime) and Center&Subwoofer speaker-out (Pink) at rear panel
 - Supports CD-In, Aux-In and S/PDIF-in/out interface
 - Supports Line-out and Mic-In for front panel
 - Supports automatic "jack-sensing"

Peripheral Interfaces

At Rear Panel

- PS/2 keyboard and mouse ports
- One Parallel (printer) port
- One Serial port
- One VGA port
- One RJ45 LAN connector (Optional)
- Four USB2.0 ports
- Three Audio jacks

© Onboard connector and pin-header

- One floppy drive connector
- Two IDE connectors
- Four extra USB2.0 ports
- One CD-IN and One AUX-IN connector
- One S/PDIF in/out connector
- One IR connector
- One Front Panel Audio connector
- One Game port connector
- One COM2 connector
- Two S-ATA connectors
- Two Fan connectors
- One Case-open connector

Front Panel Controller

- Supports Reset & Soft-Off switches
- ◆ Supports HDD & Power LEDs
- Supports PC speaker

Features

Expansion Slots

- One AGP slot supporting 1.5v 4X/8X AGP card
 - AGP v3.0 compliant
- Three PCI slots with Bus Master support
 - PCI v2.3 compliant

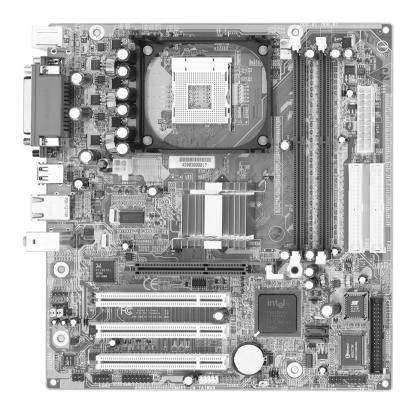
Other Features

- ◆ Magic Health a H/W monitoring software utility, for voltages, temperatures and fan-speeds sensing
- EZ Boot An easy way let end-user can choose to boot from hard drive, CD-ROM, floppy, ...
- KBPO Keyboard power on, turn on the computer from keyboard
- PowerBIOS for excellent Overclocking capabilities through
 - subtle frequency tuning on FSB with 1MHz
 - Supports complete Asynchronous FSB/Memory and Asynchronous FSB/AGP, PCI scheme for overclocking

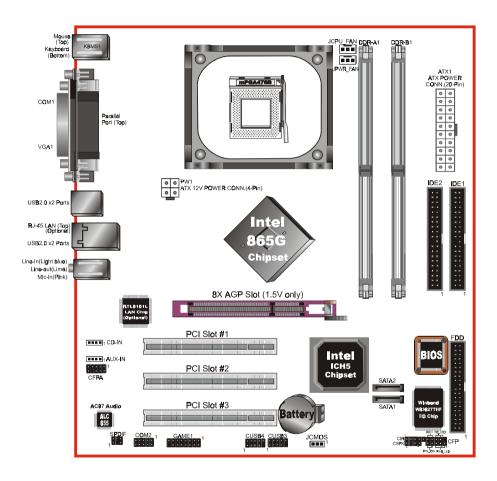
Form Factor

• 244mm x 220mm Micro ATX size

Section 3 INSTALLATION



Mainboard Layout



Easy Installation Procedure

The following must be completed before powering on your new system:

- 3-1. CPU Installation
- 3-2. Jumper Settings
- 3-3. System Memory Configuration
- 3-4. Expansion Slots
- 3-5. Device Connectors

3-1 CPU Installation

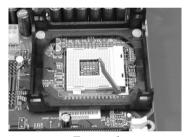
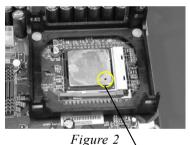


Figure 1

Step 1

Open the socket by raising the actuation lever.



Pin 1

Step 2

Align pin 1 on the CPU with pin 1 on the CPU socket as shown in the illustration above. The CPU is keyed to prevent incorrect insertion. Don't force the processor into the socket. If it does not go in easily, check for mis-orientation and reinsert the CPU.

Make sure the processor is fully inserted into the socket.

Installation



Figure 3

Step 3

Close the socket by lowering and locking the actuation lever.

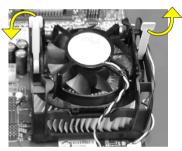


Figure 5

Step 5

Install the cooling fan assembly. Press the two clips in the direction of the arrows shown in Figure 5 to secure the assembly to the CPU socket.



Figure 4

Step 4

Apply thermal compound to the top of the CPU and install the heatsink as shown.



Figure 6

Step 6

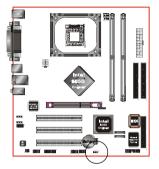
Plug the CPU fan into the CPU fan connector.

The installation is complete.

NOTES:

- Damage to Intel PentiumTM 4 processors might result if installed with incorrect CPU fan and heatsink assemblies. Use Intel's design thermal solution shown in the illustrations above: an active heatsink; an extruded aluminum heatsink base; and a fan attached to the top of the fin array.
- Apply heatsink thermal compound or paste to the CPU to avoid CPU overheating and damage.
- In accordance with Intel Corp. specifications, do not install a CPU over 50 times to avoid bending the pins and damaging the CPU.

3-2 Jumper Settings



JCMOS: Clear CMOS data Jumper

If the CMOS data becomes corrupted or you forgot the supervisor or user password, clear the CMOS data to reconfigure the system back to the default values stored in the ROM BIOS.

____ Settings:

1-2: Normal (Default)

2-3: Clear CMOS

To CMOS Clear data, please follow the steps below.

- 1. Turn off the system.
- 2. Change the jumper from "1-2" to "2-3" position for a few seconds
- 3. Replace the jumper on to the "1-2" position.
- 4. Turn on the system and hold down the key to enter BIOS setup.

3-3 System Memory Configuration

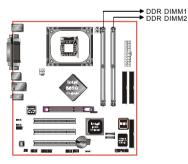
Memory Layout

The mainboard accommodates two PC2100/PC2700/PC3200 184-pin DIMMs (Dual Inline Memory Modules):

- Supports up to 2.0GB of 266/333/400MHz DDR SDRAM.
- Supports two 64-bit wide DDR data channels.
- Available bandwidth up to 3.2GB/s (DDR400) for single-channel mode and 6.4GB/s (DDR400) in dual-channel mode.
- Supports non ECC DIMMs.
- Registered DIMMs not supported.
- Supports 128-Mb, 256-Mb, 512Mb DDR technologies.
- Supports only x8, x16, DDR devices with four banks.
- SPD (Serial Presence Detect) scheme for DIMM detection support.
- Supports configurations defined in the JEDEC DDR1 DIMM specification only.

Figure 7 and Table 1 show several possible memory configurations.

<Figure 7>



<*Table 1>*

| | 1 DIMM (64-bit) | | 2 DIMM (128-bit) |
|--------|--------------------|-------|---------------------|
| DIMM#1 | SS/DS | | SS/DS |
| DIMM#2 | | SS/DS | SS/DS |

^{*} SS: Single-Sided DIMM, DS: Double-Sided DIMM

NOTES:

- When FSB is 400MHz, only DDR266 is supported.
- When FSB is 533MHz, both DDR266 and DDR333 are supported.
- When FSB is 800MHz, both DDR333 and DDR400 are supported. (With DDR333, adaptive synchronization aligns to the closest FSB to memory clock ratio, setting memory channel to 320MHz).
- For one DIMM memory configuration, the DIMM can be located on any of DIMM#1 to DIMM#2 in 64-bit mode.
- For two DIMMs memory configuration, it is recommended to mount the DIMMs on slots of the same color to enable 128-bit mode. Only in keeping those DIMMs in same type and same size are preferred.
- Using non-compliant memory with higher bus speeds (overclocking) may severely compromise the integrity of the system.

DIMM Module Installation

Figure 8 displays the notch on the DDR DIMM memory module.

DIMMs have 184 pins and one notch that matches with the DDR DIMM socket. DIMM modules are installed by placing the chip firmly into the socket and pressing straight down as shown in figure 9 until the white clips close and the module fits tightly into the DIMM socket (figure 10).

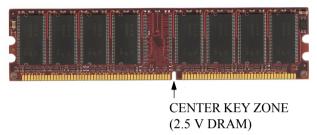


Figure 8 - DIMM notch

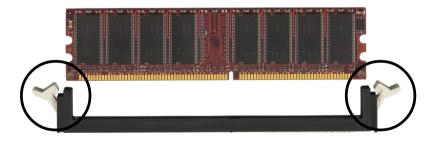


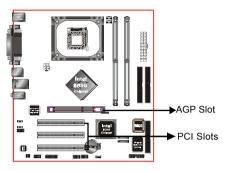
Figure 9 - DIMM module clips before installation



Figure 10 - DIMM module clip after installation

To remove the DIMM module press down the white clips and the module will be ejected from the socket.

3-4 Expansion Slots



AGP Slot

The mainboard is equipped with an AGP slot. Make sure you install a card that supports the 1.5V specification.

PCI Slots

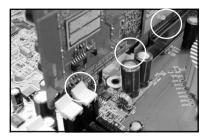
The mainboard is equipped with 3 PCI slots.

Installing an Expansion Card

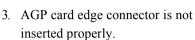
The steps below assume that the mainboard is already installed in the system chassis.

- 1. Make sure the PC and all other peripheral devices connected to its has been powered down.
- 2. Disconnect all power cords and cables.
- 3. Remove the system unit cover.
- 4. Remove the bracket of the slot that you intend to use. (You need to remove the screw in order to remove the bracket.)
- 5. Align the card above the slot then press it down firmly until it is completely seated in the slot.
- 6. Secure the card to the chassis with the screw you removed in step 4.
- 7. Replace the system unit cover.
- 8. Power on the PC.
- 9. Enter the BIOS step program to make the necessary settings.
- 10. Save the settings and restart the PC.
- 11. Install the software drivers of the expansion cards, if necessary.

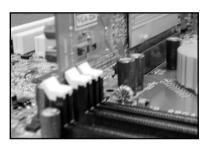
AGP Card Installation Caution



- 1. AGP card component is blocked by DIMM socket lock.
- 2. AGP slot clicker is not locked.

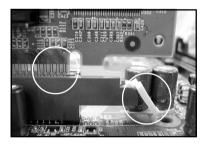






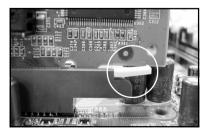
- 1. AGP card component is not blocked by DIMM socket lock.
- 2. AGP slot clicker is locked.
- 3. AGP card edge connector is inserted properly.





- 1. AGP slot clicker is not locked.
- 2. AGP card edge connector is not inserted properly.





- 1. AGP slot clicker is locked.
- 2. AGP card edge connector is inserted properly.



3-5 Device Connectors

The I/O back panel for this mainboard is shown below. When installing the mainboard into the computer case, use the bundled I/O shield to protect this back panel.



Figure 11 - I/O Ports



JCPU FAN/JPWR FAN:

CPU/Power Fan Power Connectors

JCPU FAN: The CPU must be kept cool by using a

heatsink with fan assembly.

JPWR FAN: If you are installing an additional fan

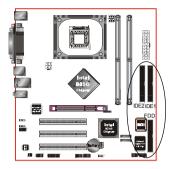
in the unit, connect to this fan

connector



The system is capable of monitoring the fan speed in RPM (Revolutions Per Minute). Refer to the PC Health Status submenu of the BIOS for the current speed of the CPU fan, power fan and chassis fan.

Installation



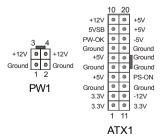
FDD: Floppy Controller Connector This mainboard connects floppy disk drive.

IDE1/IDE2: Ultra DMA-66/100 Primary/Secondary IDE Connector

This mainboard is equipped with 2 IDE connectors to support up to 4 ATA-100 IDE drives. It supports PIO and DMA mode operations for maximum data transfer rate of 100MB/sec per channel.

When using two IDE drives, one must be set to Master mode and the other to Slave mode. Refer to your disk drive user's manual for information about selecting the proper drive switch settings.





ATX1: 20-pin ATX Power Connector

PW1: 4-pin ATX12V Power Connector

The mainboard is equipped with a standard 20-pin ATX main power connector and a 4-pin +12V power connector for connecting an ATX12V power supply. The plugs of the power cables are designed to fit in only one orientation. Find the proper orientation then insert the plugs into the connectors until they fit in place.

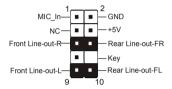
Caution:
The ATX1 and PW1 Power Connector must be used simultaneously or else this system will not boot-up.

The board requires a minimum of 250 Watt power supply to operate. Your system configuration (amount of memory, add-in cards, peripherals, etc.) may exceed this minimum power requirement. To ensure that adequate power, use a 300 Watt or greater power supply.



CFPA: Front Panel Audio Connector
When the jumpers are removed this connector

When the jumpers are removed this connector can be used for front panel audio. The front panel phone jack should have "normal close" switch. Without phone plug inserted, the rear panel audio is enabled. With phone plug inserted, the rear panel audio will be disabled.



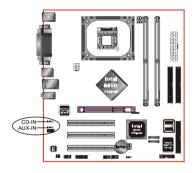
Settinas

Pins (5-6) & (9-10) Short (default): Only the onboard rear panel audio jack can be used.

Pins (5-6) & (9-10) Open: Only front panel audio jack can be used.



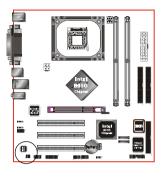
In 2-Channel audio mode, Mic-In is shared for both front panel and rear panel. In 6-Channel audio mode, the Mic-In is dedicated for front panel use, and rear panel Mic-In function will switch to Center and Subwoofer support.



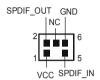
CD-IN/AUX-IN: CD Audio_IN Connector
The CD-IN and AUX-IN connectors are used to receive audio form a CD-ROM drive, TV tuner or MPEG card

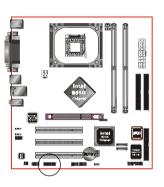


Installation



SPDIF: Sony/Philips Digital InterFace connector This connector is the digital link between the mainboard and your audio devices, such as CD player, sampler or DAT recorder. It allows the digital transmission of audio data in S/PDIF format.





GAME1: Game/MIDI connector

This port works well with any application that is compatible with the standard PC joystick.



COM2: Serial Port Connector

The serial ports can be used with modems, serial printers, remote display terminals, and other serial device.

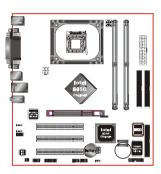




SATA1 / SATA2: Serial ATA Connectors

These connectors enable you to connect two Serial ATA devices that conform to the Serial ATA specification.

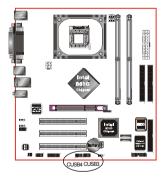




JINTRU: Case-open Jumper

This jumper is used to detect chassis intrusion.



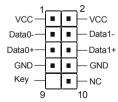


CUSB3/CUSB4: Four USB 2.0 ports

USB2.0 allows data transfer speed up to 480Mbps.

This mainboard includes 2 additional USB2.0 ports, identified by two 10-pin connector.

If you wish to use the additional USB ports, install the card-edge bracket to the system chassis then insert its cables to this 10-pin connector.



CAUTION!

Please make sure the USB cable has the same pin assignment. A different pin assignment may cause damage to the system.

If you need the USB cable, please contact our retailer.

Installation



CFP



CIR



CSPK



CFP: Front Panel Connector

• HD LED

This LED will light up whenever the hard drive is being accessed.

• PWR LED

This connects to the power button of the system chassis

• RST

This switch allows you to reboot without having to power off the system thus prolonging the life of the power supply or system.

• PW ON

This is connected to the power button on the case. To use the Soft-Off by PWR-BTTN feature, refer to the Power Management Setup in the BIOS setup section of this manual.

CIR: IR connector

Connect your IrDA cable to this IR connector.

CSPK: Speaker

Connect to the system's speaker for beeping

3-6 External Modem Ring-in Power ON and Keyboard Power ON Functions (KBPO)

Modem-Ring Power ON Function

The I/O chipset provides the two serial ports with the External Modem Ring-in Power ON function. Once you connect an external modem to COM1 or COM2, the mainboard enables you to turn on the system through remote and host dial-up control.

Keyboard Power ON Function

The mainboard features a keyboard power on function that enables you to turn on the power supply using a keypress. Refer to the Power Management Setup in the BIOS setup section for details. To enable this feature, the BIOS default setting is Keyboard Hot Key (<Ctrl> + <F1>). To power off the system, use the Soft-OFF function under Windows XP/ME/2000/98. (refer to Windows online help).

3-7 ACPI S3 (Suspend To RAM) Function

This mainboard supports the STR (Suspend To RAM) power management scheme by maintaining the appropriate power states in the DDR SDRAM interface signals. The power source to the DDR SDRAM is kept active during STR (ACPI S3). Advanced Configuration Power Interface (ACPI) provides many Energy Saving Features for operating systems that support Instant ON and OuickStartTM function.

- 1. To enable STR functionality to save system power:
 - a. Install ACPI certified add-on cards (such as AGP, LAN, and modem cards).
 - b. In BIOS, under Power Management Setup (refer to Section 4), select "ACPI Suspend Type: S3(STR)". If you have a USB mouse or keyboard, set "USB Wake Up from S3" to "Enabled".
 - c. Install Windows® XP/2000/ME/98SE.
 - d. Restart the system.
 - e. When in Windows, open the Control Panel Power Management application, and click the Advanced tab. In the Power buttons section, select "Stand By" from the drop-down lists.
- 2. To activate the STR function:
 - a. Click the START button and choose Shut Down.
 - b. In the Shut Down Windows dialog box, select the Stand By option to enter STR mode.

The following are the differences between STR power saving mode and Suspend (Power On Suspend) mode:

- a. STR is the most advanced Power Management mode.
- b. STR cuts all the power supplied to peripherals except to memory max. power saving.
- STR saves and keeps all on-screen data including any executed applications to DDR SDRAM.
- d. In STR mode, you must push the power button (connected to the onboard PW-On of CFP pin), click your USB mouse buttons, or press your USB keyboard keys to wake up your system to the last display.

Section 4 **BIOS SETUP**

Main Menu

The ROM BIOS contains a built-in Setup program which allows user to modify the basic system configuration and hardware parameters. The modified data is stored in a battery-backed CMOS, so that data will be retained even when the power is turned off. In general, the information saved in the CMOS RAM will stay unchanged unless there is a configuration change in the system, such as hard drive replacement or a device is added.

It is possible for the CMOS battery to fail causing CMOS data loss. If this happens you will need install a new CMOS battery and reconfigure your BIOS settings.



The BIOS setup screen and description are for reference only, and may not exactly match what you see on your screen. The contents of BIOS are subject to change without notice. Please visit our website for updates.

To enter the Setup Program:

Power on the computer and press the key during the POST (Power On Self Test). The BIOS CMOS SETUP UTILITY opens. (Figure 1)

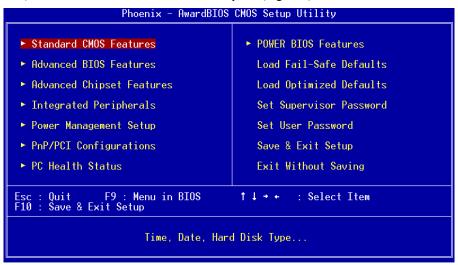


Figure 1: CMOS Setup Utility

The main menu displays all the major selection items. Select the item you need to reconfigure. The selection is made by moving the cursor (press any direction (arrow key) to the item and pressing the 'Enter' key. An on-line help message is displayed at the bottom of the screen as the cursor is moved to various items which provides a better understanding of each function. When a selection is made, the menu of the selected item will appear so that the user can modify associated configuration parameters.

4-1 Standard CMOS Setup

Choose "STANDARD CMOS FEATURES" in the CMOS SETUP UTILITY Menu (Figure 2). Standard CMOS Features Setup allows the user to configure system settings such as the current date and time, type of hard disk drive installed, floppy drive type, and display type. Memory size is auto-detected by the BIOS and displayed for your reference. When a field is highlighted (use direction keys to move the cursor and the <Enter> key to select), the entries in the field can be changed by pressing the <PgDn> or the <PgUp> key.

| Phoenix – AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility Standard CMOS Features | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Date (mm:dd:yy) Time (hh:mm:ss) | Thu, Dec 25 2003 17 : 23 : 28 | Item Help | | | | |
| ► IDE Channel 0 Master | 17 . 25 . 20 | Menu Level ► | | | | |
| ► IDE Channel 0 Slave ► IDE Channel 1 Master ► IDE Channel 1 Slave | | Change the day, month, year and century | | | | |
| Drive A | [1.44M, 3.5 in.] | | | | | |
| Halt On | [All Errors] | | | | | |
| Base Memory Extended Memory Total Memory | 640K 65472K 1024K | | | | | |
| ↑↓→+:Move Enter:Select F5: Previous Values | +/-/PU/PD:Value F10:Save F6: Fail-Safe Defaults | ESC:Exit F1:General Help F7: Optimized Defaults | | | | |

Figure 2: Standard CMOS Setup

Notes:

- If the hard disk Primary Master/Slave and Secondary Master/Slave are set to Auto, the hard disk size and model will be auto-detected.
- The "Halt On:" field is used to determine when the BIOS will halt the system if an
 error occurs.

4-2 Advanced BIOS Features

Selecting the "ADVANCED BIOS FEATURES" option in the CMOS SETUP UTILITY menu allows users to change system related parameters in the displayed menu. This menu shows all of the manufacturer's default values for the board.

Pressing the [F1] key displays a help message for the selected item.

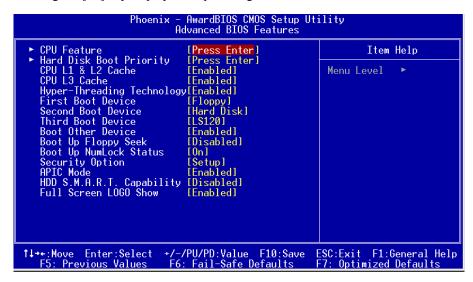


Figure 3: BIOS Features Setup

▶ CPU Feature

This field is available only for Prescott CPU.

▶ Hard Disk Boot Priority

This item allows you to select the hard disk boot priority.



CPU L1 & L2 Cache

This controls the status of the processor's internal Level One and Level Two cache. Options: Enables, Disabled.

CPU L3

This controls the status of the processor's internal Level Three cache.

Options: Enables, Disabled.

Hyper-Threading Technology

Enables the CPU Hyper-Threading Technology.

Options: Enables, Disabled.

Note: It is recommend to enable Hyper-Threading Technology on system with Windows XP and Linux 2.4 and disabling it for legacy OS.

First /Second/Third/Other Boot Device

The BIOS attempts to load the operating system from the devices in the sequence selected in these items

Options: Floppy, LS120, Hard Disk, CDROM, ZIP100, USB-FDD, USB-CDROM, LAN, Disabled.

Boot Other Device

When enabled, the system searches all other possible locations for an operating system if it fails to find one in the devices specified under the first, second, and third boot devices.

Options: Enabled, Disabled.

Boot Up Floppy Seek

If this item is enabled, it checks the size of the floppy disk drives at start-up time.

You don't need to enable this item unless you have a legacy diskette drive with 360K capacity.

Options: Enabled, Disabled.

Boot Up NumLock Status

This controls the state of the NumLock key when the system boots. The default is On.

On: The keypad acts as a 10-key pad.

Off: The keypad acts like cursor keys.

Security Option

This category allows you to limit access to the System and Setup, or just to Setup. The default is Setup.

System: The system will not boot and access to Setup will be denied unless the

correct password is entered at the prompt.

Setup: The system will boot, but access to Setup will be denied unless the

correct password is entered at the prompt.

APIC Mode

This item allows you to enable APIC (Advanced Programmable Interrupt Controller) functionality. APIC is an Intel chip that provides symmetric multiprocessing (SMP) for its Pentium systems.

Options: Enabled, Disabled.

HDD S.M.A.R.T. Capability

The S.M.A.R.T. (Self-Monitoring, Analysis, and Reporting Technology) system is a diagnostics technology that monitors and predicts device performance. S.M.A.R.T. Software resides on both the disk drive and the host computer.

The disk drive software monitors the internal performance of the motors, media, heads, and electronics of the drive. The host software monitors the overall reliability status of the drive. If a device failure is predicted, the host software, through the Client WORKS S.M.A.R.T applet, warns the user of the impending condition and advises appropriate action to protect the data. The default is Disabled.

Options: Enabled, Disabled.

Full Screen LOGO Show

This item allows you determine Full Screen LOGO display during POST.

Options: Enabled, Disabled.

4-3 Advanced Chipset Features

Choose the "ADVANCED CHIPSET FEATURES" option in the CMOS SETUP UTILITY menu to display following menu.

```
Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility
                                 Advanced Chipset Features
                                      [By SPD]
    DRAM Timing Selectable
                                                                                 Item Help
   CAS Latency Time
Active to Precharge Delay
                                      [2]
[8]
                                                                       Menu Level
   DRAM RAS# to CAS# Delay
DRAM RAS# Precharge
                                      [4]
[4]
    Aggressive Memory Mode
                                      [Standard]
   CPŪ Bus Park
                                       AUTO
AUTO
x Intel Fast CS
x Intel CPC Function
System BIOS Cacheable
Video BIOS Cacheable
                                      [Enabled]
                                      [Disabled]
   AGP Aperture Size (MB)
Init Display First
                                      [128]
                                      [Onboard/AGP]
    ** On-Chip VGA Setting :
    On-Chip VGA
                                      [Enabled]
    On-Chip Frame Buffer Size
                                      [ 8MB]
    Boot Display
                                      [Auto]
†↓→+:Move Enter:Select
F5: Previous Values
                                 +/-/PU/PD:Value F10:Save
                                                                    ESC:Exit
                                                                                 F1:General Help
                                  F6: Fail-Safe Defaults
                                                                    F7: Optimized Defaults
```

Figure 4: Chipset Features Setup

DRAM Timing Selectable

For setting DRAM Timing, select By SPD to follow Intel PC DDR SDRAM Serial Presence Detect Specification.

Options: Manual, By SPD.

CAS Latency Time

Enables you to select the CAS latency time. The value is set at the factory depending on the DRAM installed. Do not change the values in this field unless you change specifications of the installed DRAM and DRAM clock from DRAM Timing Selectable. The default is by DRAM SPD.

Options: 2, 2.5, 3.

Active to Precharge Delay

This item specifies the number of clock cycles needed after a bank active command before a precharge can occur (sets the minimum RAS pulse width.). The default is by DRAM SPD.

Options: 5, 6, 7, 8.

DRAM RAS# to CAS# Delay

This item sets the timing parameters for the system memory such as the CAS (Column Address Strobe) and RAS (Row Address Strobe). The default is by DRAM SPD. Options: 2, 3, 4.

DRAM RAS# Precharge

This item refers to the number of cycles required to return data to its original location to close the bank or the number of cycles required to page memory before the next bank activate command can be issued. The default is by DRAM SPD. Options: 2, 3, 4.

Aggressive Memory Mode (AMM)

Aggressive Memory Mode reduces delays within the chipset to improve DDR DRAM usage efficiency.

Options: Max, Turbo, Expert, Standard.



Performance upgrade using AMM will largely depend on hardware availability within the chipset.

CPU Bus Park

Options: Disabled, Enabled.

Intel Fast CS

Options: Auto, Disabled, Enabled.

Intel CPC Function

Options: Auto, Disabled, Enabled.

System BIOS Cacheable

This item allows the system to be cached in memory for faster execution.

Options: Disabled, Enabled.

Video BIOS Cacheable

This item allows the video to be cached in memory for faster execution.

Options: Disabled, Enabled.

AGP Aperture Size (MB)

This item defines the size of the aperture if you use an AGP graphics adapter. It refers to a section of the PCI memory address range used for graphics memory. Options: 4, 8, 16, 32, 64, 128, 256 MB.

Init Display First

This item is used to select whether to initialize the Onboard/AGP or PCI first when the system boots.

Options: PCI Slot, Onboard/AGP.

** On-Chip VGA Settings **

On-Chip VGA

This item allows you to control the on-chip VGA.

Options: Enabled, Disabled.

On-Chip Frame Buffer Size

This item allows you to control the on-chip frame buffer size.

Options: 1MB, 8MB, 16MB.

Boot Display

This item allows you to select the boot display device.

Options: Auto, CRT, EFP, TV, CRT+EFP, CRT+TV.

4-4 Integrated Peripherals



Figure 5: Integrated Peripherals

RealTek Lan Boot ROM (Optional)

Enable/disable the onboard LAN Boot ROM. The default is Disabled.

Options: Enabled, Disabled.

▶ OnChip IDE Device

Scroll to OnChip IDE Device and press <Enter>. The following screen appears:

| Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility OnChip IDE Device | | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| IDE HDD Block Mode [Enabled] IDE DMA transfer access [Enabled] On-Chip Primary PCI IDE [Enabled] IDE Primary Master PIO [Auto] IDE Primary Slave PIO [Auto] IDE Primary Master UDMA [Auto] IDE Primary Slave UDMA [Auto] On-Chip Secondary PCI IDE [Enabled] | Item Help Menu Level ►► If your IDE hard drive supports block mode select Enabled for automatic detection of | | |
| IDE Secondary Master PIO [Auto] IDE Secondary Slave PIO [Auto] IDE Secondary Master UDMA [Auto] IDE Secondary Master UDMA [Auto] IDE Secondary Slave UDMA [Auto] *** On-Chip Serial ATA Setting *** SATA Mode [IDE] On-Chip Serial ATA [Disabled] Serial ATA Port0 Mode Primary Master Serial ATA Port1 Mode Primary Master | the optimal number of block read/writes per sector the drive can support | | |

IDE HDD Block Mode

IDE Block Mode allows the controller to access blocks of sectors rather than a single sector at a time. The default is Enabled.

Options: Enabled, Disabled.

IDE DMA transfer access

Automatic data transfer between system memory and IDE device with minimum CPU intervention. This improves data throughput and frees CPU to perform other tasks. Options: Enabled, Disabled.

On-Chip Primary PCI IDE

The mainboard supports two channel of ordinary IDE interface. Select "Enabled" to activate each channel separately.

Note: If you do not use the onboard IDE connector, then you will need to set the Onboard Primary PCI IDE and Onboard Secondary PCI IDE to "Disabled".

IDE Primary/Secondary Master/Slave PIO

The four IDE PIO (Programmed Input/Output) fields let you set a PIO mode (0-4) for each of the four IDE devices that the onboard IDE interface supports. Modes 0 to 4 provide successively increased performance. In Auto mode, the system automatically determines the best mode for each device.

Options: Auto, Mode $0 \sim 4$.

IDE Primary/Secondary Master/Slave UDMA

Select the mode of operation for the IDE drive. Ultra DMA-33/66/100 implementation is possible only if your IDE hard drive supports it and the operating environment includes a DMA driver. If your hard drive and your system software both support Ultra DMA-33/66/100, select Auto to enable UDMA mode by BIOS.

Options: Auto, Disabled.

*** On-Chip Serial ATA Setting ***

SATA Mode (ICH5R only)

This item allows you to select Serial ATA Mode. When RAID is enabled, Serial ATA ports 0 and 1 will default to "SATA0" and "SATA1".

Options: IDE, RAID.

Note: O/S driver for this RAID feature is available only for Windows XP, please check future updates for other O/S support.

On-Chip Serial ATA

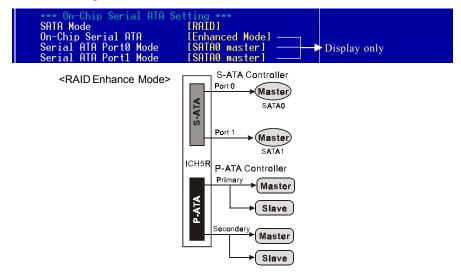
Applicable only when RAID function above is "Disabled". Assigning "Primary" will make Serial ATA IDE the Primary port and in effect disable the Parallel-ATA Primary port. Similarly, assigning "Secondary" will disable the Parallel-ATA Secondary port.

Options: Enhanced Mode, Disabled, For Primary, For Secondary.

Serial ATA Port 0 /1 Mode

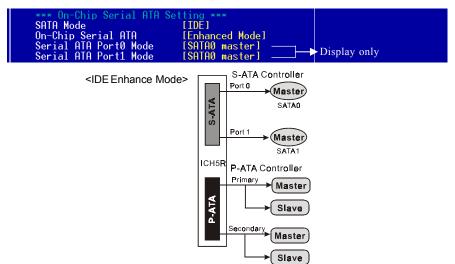
Display Serial ATA Port 0/1 assignment to IDE device.

• The following screen shows SATA Mode "RAID".

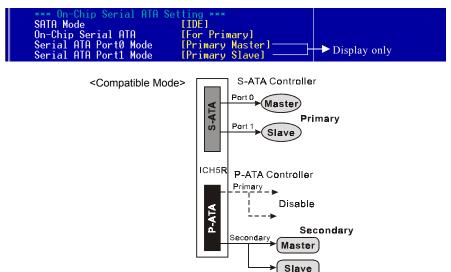


 The following screen shows SATA Mode "IDE" and on-chip Serial ATA assigned to "Enhanced Mode".

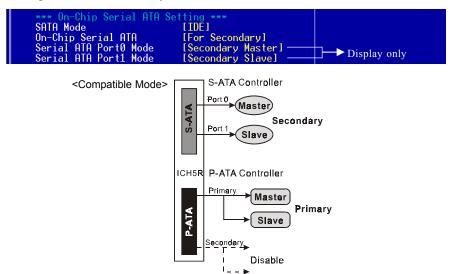
Note: Enhanced mode is available only for Windows2000 and XP.



 The following screen shows SATA Mode "IDE" and on-chip Serial ATA assigned to "For Primary".



 The following screen shows SATA Mode "IDE" and on-chip Serial ATA assigned to "For Secondary".



Onboard Device

Scroll to Onboard Device and press <Enter>. The following screen appears:

| Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility Onboard Device | | | |
|--|----------------------|---------------|--|
| USB Controller | [Enabled] | Item Help | |
| USB 2.0 Controller USB Keyboard Support | [Enabled] [Auto] | Menu Level ►► | |
| USB Mouse Support AC97 Audio | [Disabled] [Auto] | | |
| Game Port Address | [201] | | |
| Midi Port Address Midi Port IRO | [330] [10] | | |
| Onboard LAN Device | [Enabled] | | |

USB Controller

Enables the USB controller.

Options: Disabled, Enabled.

USB 2.0 Controller

Enables the EHCI (USB2.0) controller.

Options: Disabled, Enabled.

USB Keyboard Support

Enable/Disable support for USB keyboard under DOS.

Options: Auto, Enabled, Disabled.

USB Mouse Support

Enable/Disable support for USB mouse under DOS.

Options: Enabled, Disabled.

AC97 Audio

This item allows you disable the chipset on-chip support for AC97 Audio. The system default is Auto.

Options: Auto, Disabled.

Game Port Address

Select an address for the Game port.

Options: 201, 209, Disabled.

Midi Port Address

Select an address for the Midi port.

Options: 290, 300, 330, Disabled.

Midi Port IRQ

Select an interrupt for the Midi port.

Options: 5, 10.

Onboard LAN Device (Optional)

Enables the onboard LAN feature.

Options: Enabled, Disabled.

▶ SuperIO Device

Scroll to SuperIO Device and press <Enter>. The following screen appears:

| Phoenix - | AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Uti SuperIO Device | ility |
|---|--|---------------|
| Onboard FDC Controller | [Enabled] | Item Help |
| Onboard Serial Port 1 Onboard Serial Port 2 UART Mode Select RxD , TxD Active IR Transmission Delay UR2 Duplex Mode Use IR Pins Onboard Parallel Port Parallel Port Mode EPP Mode Select ECP Mode Use DMA | 3F8/IRO4 | Menu Level ►► |

Onboard FDC Controller

Select "Enabled" if you wish to use onboard floppy disk controller (FDC). If you install an external FDC or the system has no floppy drive, select "Disabled "in this field.

Options: Enabled, Disabled.

Onboard Serial Port 1/2

Select an address and corresponding interrupt for the first and second serial ports. Options: 3F8/IRQ4, 2E8/IRQ3, 3E8/IRQ4, 2F8/IRQ3, Disabled, Auto.

UART Mode Select

This field configures the 2nd serial port for IR application. Select the required IR protocol or select "Normal" to disable IR mode.

Options: Normal, IrDA and ASKIR.

RxD, TxD Active

When the above UART Mode Select is in IR mode, this field configures the receive and transmit signals generated from the IR port.

Options: Hi-Hi, Hi-Lo, Lo-Hi, and Lo-Lo.

IR Transmission delay

This item allows you to enabled/disable IR transmission delay.

Options: Enabled, Disabled.

UR2 Duplex Mode

This item allows you to select IR half/full duplex function.

Options: Half, Full.

Use IR Pins

This item allows you to select IR transmission routes, one is RxD2, TxD2 (COM Port) and the other is IR-Rx2Tx2.

Options: IR-Rx2Tx2; RxD2, TxD2.

Onboard Parallel Port

This field allows the user to configure the LPT port.

Options: 378/IRQ7, 278/IRQ5, 3BC/IRQ7, Disabled.

Parallel Port Mode

This field allows the user to select the parallel port mode.

Options: SPP, EPP, ECP, ECP+EPP.

EPP Mode Select

This field allows the user to select the EPP mode for parallel port mode.

Options: EPP1.9, EPP1.7.

ECP Mode USE DMA

This field allows the user to select DMA1 or DMA3 for the ECP mode.

Options: DMA1, DMA3.

4-5 Power Management Setup

Choose the "POWER MANAGEMENT SETUP" in the CMOS SETUP UTILITY to display the following screen. This menu allows the user to modify the power management parameters and IRQ signals. In general, these parameters should not be changed unless it's absolutely necessary.

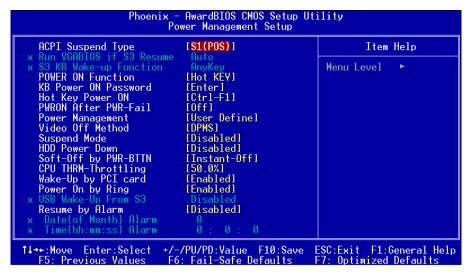


Figure 6: Power Management

ACPI Suspend Type

This item allows you to select S1(Power-On-Suspend) or S3(Suspend-To-RAM) function. When set to "S3(STR)" or "S1&S3" the following two fields become available.

Options: S1(POS), S3(STR), S1&S3.

Run VGABIOS if S3 Resume

This determines whether or not to enable the system to run the VGA BIOS when resuming from S3(STR) or S1&S3.

Options: Auto, Yes, No.

S3 KB Wake-up Function

This determines whether or not to enable keyboard/mouse activity to awaken the system from S3(STR) or S1&S3.

Options: AnyKey or Mouse, By PowerOn Func., AnyKey, Mouse.

POWER ON Function

Enables computer power on by keyboard, mouse, or hotkey activity.

Password: Requires you to enter a password when using the keyboard

to power on. Set the password in the next field "KB Power ON

Password."

Hot KEY: Enables you to use a hot key combination to power on the

(Default) computer. Set the hot key combination in the "Hot Key Power

ON" field.

AnyKEY: Enables you to set any keyboard activity to power on the

computer.

BUTTONONLY: Requires you to push the computer power button to power on

the system.

Keyboard 98: Enables you to set the Windows 98 key to power on the system.

Keyboard Power ON Password

Press "Enter" to create a password that is required when you use the keyboard to power on the system. You must set the POWER ON Function to "Password" to be prompted for a password at power on.

Hot Key Power ON

Enables you to set a hot key combination to be used for powering on the system.

The default is Ctrl-F1.

Options: $Ctrl+F1 \sim Ctrl+F12$.

PWRON After PWR-Fail

This item enables your computer to automatically restart or return to its last operating status after power returns from a power failure.

Off: The system stays off after a power failure.

Former-Sts: The system returns to the state it was in just prior to the power

failure.

Power Management

Use this to select your Power Management selection. The default is User define.

Max. saving: Maximum power savings. Inactivity period is 1 minute in each mode. **Min. saving**: Minimum power savings. Inactivity period is 1 hour in each mode.

User define: Allows user to define PM Timers parameters to control power saving

mode.

Video Off Method

This option allows you to select how the video will be disabled by the power management. The default is V/H Sync + Blank

V/H Sync + Blank: System turns off vertical and horizontal synchronization ports

and writes blanks to the video buffer.

DPMS Support: Select this option if your monitor supports the Display Power

Management Signaling (DPMS) standard of the Video

Electronics Standards Association (VESA). Use the software supplied for your video subsystem to select video power

management values.

Blank Screen: System only writes blanks to the video buffer.

Suspend Mode

Automatically, shuts off all devices except the CPU after a preset period of system inactivity.

Options: Disabled, 1, 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 20, 30, 40 min and 1 hour.

HDD Power Down

Powers down the hard disk drive after a preset period of system inactivity.

Options: Disabled, $1 \sim 15$ Min.

Soft-Off by PWR-BTTN

Use this to select your soft-off function. The default is Instant Off.

Instant Off: Turns off the system instantly.

Delay 4 Second: Turns off the system after a 4 second delay. If momentary press

of button, the system will go into Suspend Mode. Press the

power button again to make system back to work.

CPU THRM-Throttling

This item sets the percentage of time that the CPU is idled if CPU throttling is initiated by excess heat. The default setting is 50%.

Options: 12.5%, 25.0%, 37.5%, 50.0%, 62.5%, 75.0%, 87.5%.

PowerOn by PCI Card

An input signal form PME on the PCI card awakens the system from soft-off state. Options: Enabled, Disabled.

Power On by Ring

When enabled, any modem activity awakens the system from soft-off state.

Options: Enabled, Disabled.

USB Wake-Up From S3

This item allows a USB device to wake-up the system from S3 suspend state.

Options: Enabled, Disabled.

Resume By Alarm

When set to Enable alarm resume, you can set the date (of month) and time (hh:mm: ss), that will awaken a system which has been powered down.

Options: Enabled, Disabled.

4-6 PNP/PCI Configuration

This page lets the user to modify the PCI IRQ signals when various PCI cards are inserted.

WARNING: Conflicting IRQ's may cause system unable to locate certain devices.

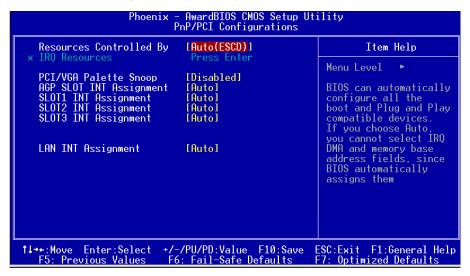


Figure 7: PNP/PCI Configuration Setup

Resources Controlled By

Determines what controls system PNP/PCI resources. The default is Auto (ESCD).

Manual: PNP Card's resources are controlled manually. The "IRQ Resources" field

becomes available and you can set which IRQ-X and DMA-X are

assigned to PCI and onboard devices.

Auto: BIOS assigns the interrupt resource automatically.

PCI/VGA Palette Snoop

This item is designed to overcome problems that may be caused by some nonstandard VGA cards

Options: Enabled, Disabled.

AGP SLOT / PCI SLOT 1 ~ SLOT 3 / Onboard LAN NT Assignment

This setting enables the user to specify what IRQ will be assigned to the AGP/PCI Slot $1 \sim PCI$ Slot 3/Onboard LAN devices in the chosen slot.

Options: Auto, 3, 4, 5, 7,9, 10, 11, 12, 14 & 15.

Interrupt requests are shared as shown below:

| | INT A | INT B | INT C | INT D | INT E | INT F | INT G | INT H |
|------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| AGP Slot | ٧ | | | | | | | |
| AC97 | | v | | | | | | |
| Slot 1 | | v | | | | | | |
| Slot 2 | | | V | | | | | |
| Slot 3 | | | | v | | | | |
| Onboard LAN (Optional) | | | | | | | V | |
| Onboard USB1 | ٧ | | | | | | | |
| Onboard USB2 | | v | | | | | | |
| Onboard USB3 | | | V | | | | | |
| Onboard USB4 | ٧ | | | | | | | |
| USB 2.0 | | | | v | | | | |
| SM BUS | | v | | | | | | |

IMPORTANT!

When using PCI cards on shared IRQ slots, make sure its drivers support "Shared IRQ", or that the cards do not need IRQ assignments. IRQ conflicts between the two PCI groups will make the system unstable or cards inoperable.

4-7 PC Health Status

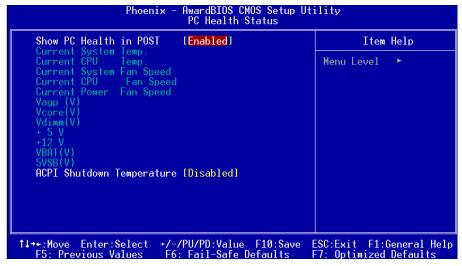


Figure 8: PC Health Status

Show PC Health in POST

When this function is enabled the PC Health information is displayed during the POST (Power On Self Test).

Options: Enabled, Disabled.

Current CPU Temperature

Displays the current CPU temperature.

Current System Temperature

Displays the current system temperature.

Current CPU/Chassis/Power FAN Speed

Displays the current speed of the CPU, chassis, and power fan speed in RPMs.

Vagp (V)

The voltage level of power supplied to AGP card.

Vcore (V)

The voltage level of the CPU(Vcore).

Vdimm(V)

The voltage level of the DRAM.

VBAT(V)

The voltage level of the battery.

+ 5V, + 12V, 5VSB(V)

The voltage level of the switching power supply.

ACPI Shutdown Temperature

This is the temperature that the computer will turn off the power to combat the effects of an overheating system. (requires ACPI to be enabled in Power Management BIOS and ACPI compliant operating system.) The default is Disabled. Options available are 60°C/140°F to 95°C/203°F in increments of 5°C.

4-8 Power BIOS Features

This page lets you adjust various parameters to obtain improved performance for overclocking.

Warning:

Overclocking requires expert knowledge and risks permanent damage to system components. We recommend you leave these parameters at their default values for proper operation.

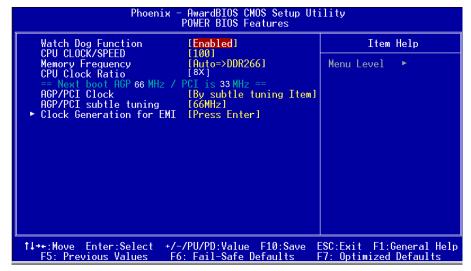


Figure 9: Frequency/Voltage Control

Watching-Dog Function

If you select "Enabled" and overclock fail before POST code 26h, the system will reset automatically by default configuration.

Options: Enabled, Disabled.

CPUCLOCK/SPEED

Enables you to set the CPU clock at increments of 1MHz step. Press <Enter> to display the following screen:



Key in the DEC (decimal) number for the CPU CLOCK/SPEED.

Note: Overclocking failure will cause no display on monitor. At this instant, press < Insert> key to revert back to the initial or default setting to boot up your system.

Memory Frequency

Enables you to select a ratio of the DDR DRAM to match the installed DRAM frequency 266/333/400MHz. We recommend that you leave this item at the default value

| CPU FSB | DDR frequency options | | |
|---------|-----------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| 400MHz | 3:4 => DDR266 | | |
| 533MHz | 1:1 => DDR266 | 4:5 => DDR333 | Auto => DDR333 (by SPD) |
| 800MHz | 1:1 => DDR400 | 5:4 => DDR320 | Auto => DDR400 (by SPD) |

CPU Clock Ratio

Use this item to select a multiplier for the system front side bus (FSB) frequency. The value of the multiplier must be set so that:

Multiplier x Front side Bus Frequency = CPU Clock Speed

For example, if you have a processor that is rated to run at 2.4GHz and the system is running a front side bus frequency of 200 MHz, you should select a multiplier of 12 so that:

12 (Multiplier) x 200 MHz (front side bus) = 2.4 GHz (CPU clock)

```
Min= 8
Max= 50

Key in a DEC number :

1↓:Move ENTER:Accept ESC:Abort
```

Key in the DEC (decimal) number for the CPU Clock Ratio.

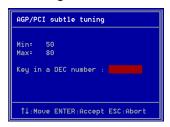
AGP/PCI Clock

Enables you to set the host clock to work concurrently with the PCI bus or the AGP bus.

Options: Always 66/33MHz, By subtle turning item.

AGP/PCI subtle tuning

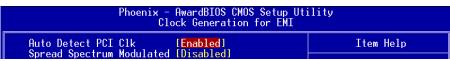
Enables you to subtle tune the AGP/PCI frequency at increments of 1MHz step. Press <Enter> to display the following screen:



Key in the DEC (decimal) number for the AGP/PCI subtle tuning.

Clock Generation for EMI

Scroll to Clock Generation for EMI and press <Enter>. The following screen appears:



Auto Detect PCI CIk

When enabled the mainboard automatically disables the clock source for a PCI slot which does not have a module in it, reducing EMI (ElectroMagnetic Interference).

Spread Spectrum Modulated

If you enable spread spectrum, it can significantly reduce the EMI (ElectroMagnetic Interference) generated by the system.

4-9 Defaults Menu

Selecting "Defaults" from the main menu shows you two options which are described below

Load Fail-Safe Defaults

When you press <Enter> on this item you get a confirmation dialog box:

Load Fail-Safe Defaults (Y/N)? N

Pressing 'Y' loads the BIOS default values for the most stable, minimal-performance system operations.

Load Optimized Defaults

When you press <Enter> on this item you get a confirmation dialog box:

Load Optimized Defaults (Y/N)? N

Pressing 'Y' loads the default values that are factory settings for optimal performance system operations.

4-10 Supervisor/User Password Setting

This function lets you set either Supervisor or User Password, or both, to prevent unauthorized changes to BIOS menus.

supervisor password: full rights to enter and change options of the setup menus.

user password: only enter but no rights to change options of the setup

menus.

When you select this function, the following message will appear at the center of the screen to assist you in creating a password.

ENTER PASSWORD:

Type the password, up to eight characters in length, and press <Enter>. The password typed now will clear any previously entered password from CMOS memory. You will be asked to confirm the password. Type the password again and press <Enter>. You may also press <Esc> to abort the selection and not enter a password.

To disable a password, just press <Enter> when you are prompted to enter the password. A message will confirm the password will be disabled. Once the password is disabled, the system will boot and you can enter Setup freely.

PASSWORD DISABLED.

When a password has been enabled, you will be prompted to key in each time you enter Setup. This prevents an unauthorized person from changing any part of your system configuration.

Additionally, when a password is enabled, you can also require the BIOS to request a password every time your system is rebooted. This would prevent unauthorized use of your computer.

You can determine when the password is required within the Advanced BIOS Features Menu and its Security option. If the Security option is set to "System", the password will be required both at boot and at entry to Setup. If set to "Setup", prompting only occurs when trying to enter Setup.

4-11 Exiting BIOS

Save & Exit Setup

Pressing <Enter> on this item asks for confirmation:

Save to CMOS and EXIT (Y/N)? Y

Pressing "Y" stores the selections made in the menus in CMOS – a special section of memory that stays on after you turn your system off. The next time you boot your computer, the BIOS configures your system according to the Setup selections stored in CMOS. After saving the values the system is restarted again.

Exit Without Saving

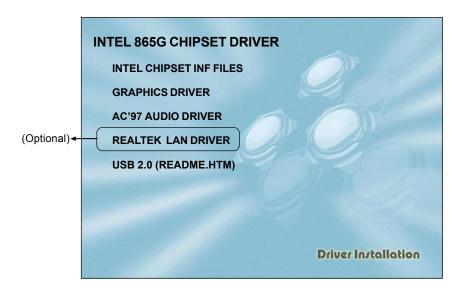
Pressing <Enter> on this item asks for confirmation:

Quit without saving (Y/N)? Y

This allows you to exit Setup without storing in CMOS any change. The previous selections remain in effect. This exits the Setup utility and restarts your computer.

Section 5 DRIVER INSTALLATION

Easy Driver Installation



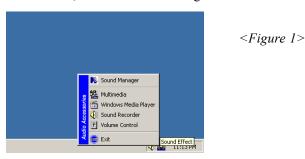
Insert the bundled CD-disk, the main menu screen will appear. The main menu displays buttons that link you to the supported drivers, utilities and software.

- **Step 1:** Click "INTEL CHIPSET INF FILES" to install chipset driver.
- Step 2: Click "GRAPHICS DRIVER" to install onboard Intel graphics driver.
- Step 3: Click "AC'97 AUDIO DRIVER" to install audio driver.
- Step 4: Click "REALTEK LAN DRIVER" to install LAN driver. (Optional)
- Step 5: Click "USB 2.0 DRIVER (README.HTM)" for installation introduction to install USB 2.0 driver.

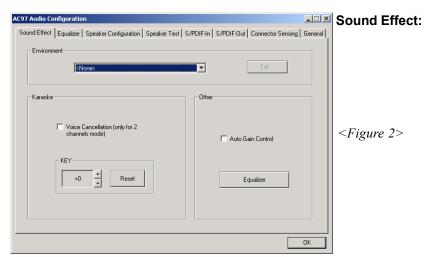
Realtek Sound Manager Quick User-guide

Introduction

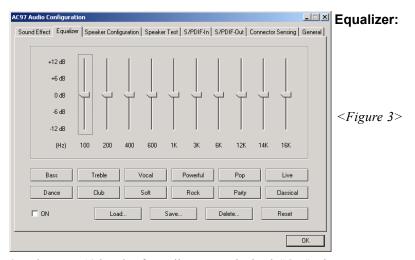
To obtain the best performance from your audio system, run the "Sound Manager" utility to adjust the settings to suit your needs. This section of the manual is intended to provide a quick user-guide to setup "Sound Manager". For more detailed information, refer to "Sound Manager manual" in the CD.



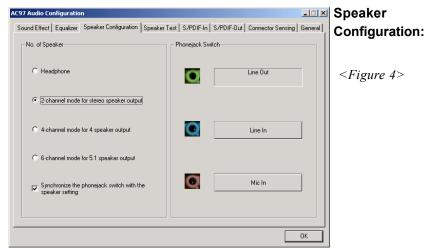
1. Right-click "Sound Effect" button on the task bar and select "Sound Manager".



- 2. Select "Sound Effect" page to set the desired audio environment from the pull-down menu. There are in total 23 kinds of sound effect.
 - a. For Karaoke function, "Voice Cancellation (only for 2 channels mode)" removes the human voice. "Key" lets you adjusts the key pitch.
 - b. "Auto Gain Control" avoids saturation when adjusting the equalizer.



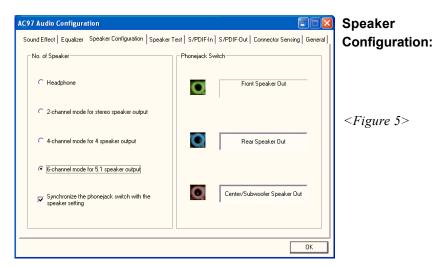
3. There are 10 bands of equalizer control, check "ON" when you want to adjust the equalizer.



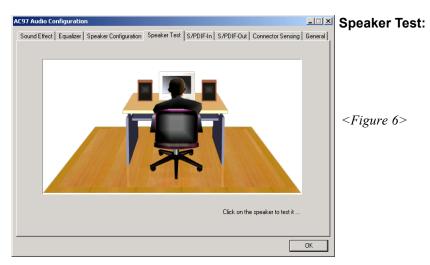
4. This page displays the mainboards's phone jack function when a corresponding audio mode (no. of speaker) is selected.

Figure 4 above shows the phone jack setup for 2 channel mode.

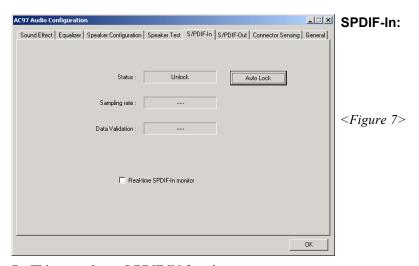
Drivers Installation



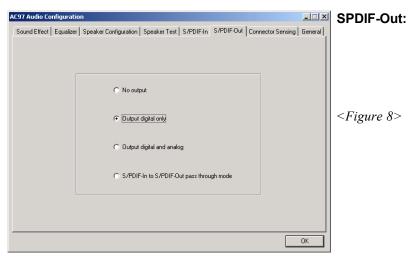
5. For 6 channel mode, the audio combination is shown above.



6. To test the speaker, select the "Speaker Test" page and click directly on the speakers shown on the screen.



- 7. This page shows S/PDIF IN function on your system.
 - a. Click "Auto Lock" to detect S/PDIF input and display its information.
 - b. Check "Real-time S/PDIF-In monitor" to listen to the S/PDIF IN signal through Line-out connector.



8. This page lets you choose the type of audio source that will appear on the S/PDIF-out connector.

Drivers Installation

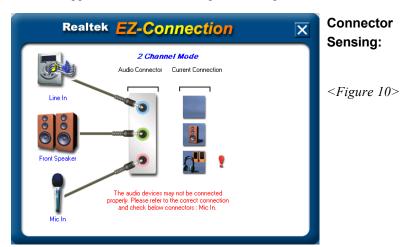
This board is equipped with Jack Sensing capability. If an audio device is plugged into the wrong connector, a warning message will appear to remind users to check the connection.



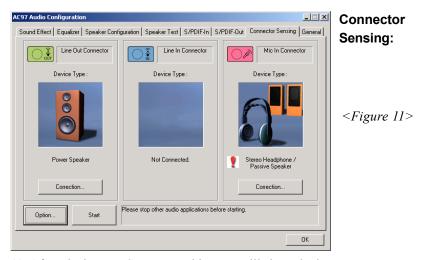
Connector Sensing:

<Figure 9>

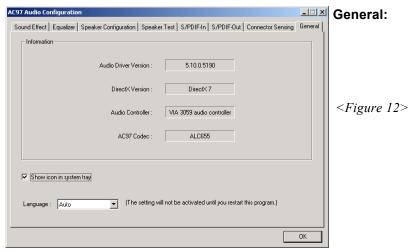
9. Push "Start" button to start the sensing. Please remember to terminate all audio applications before starting the sensing.



- 10. EZ-Connection shows the result of the detection.
 - "Audio Connector" column reflects the settings used in the "Speaker Configuration" page.
 - "Current Connection" column shows the type of device detected. If the results do not match, an exclamation mark will appear on the right side.



11. After closing EZ-Connector, this page will show the latest connector status as above.



12. This page displays information regarding the audio hardware and software.

To remove "Sound Manager" icon from Windows Task bar, uncheck "Show icon in system tray".

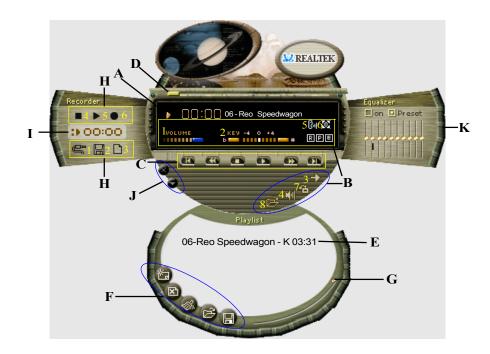
Drivers Installation

| 4 | | |
|---|--|--|
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Appendix A

A-1 Realtek Media Player User's Guide

Realtek Media Player Platform



Functional Descriptions

A. Playback Windows Display

Playback windows displays the following mode information:

- 1. Playback Time Display
- 2. Voice Cancellation Mode Display
- 3. Pitch Mode Display
- 4. Surround Sound Mode Display

B. Playback Function Controls

There are 8 selectable functions for the playback:

1. Volume control High/Low Adjustment Bar.

2. Pitch control 4-step High/Low Adjustment Bar.

3. Repeat mode Choice of Repeat, All Repeat, Random or No

Repeat Mode.

4. Mute On/Off Mode select.

5. Voice cancellation Voice Cancellation On/Off Mode select for

Karaoke.

6. Surround mode A total of 26 Surround Sound mode select as

shown in the table below.

| Surround mode | Surround mode |
|---------------|----------------|
| Generic | Stone corridor |
| Padded | Alley |
| Room | Forrest |
| Bathroom | City |
| Living room | Mountain |
| Stone | Quarry |
| Auditorium | Plain |
| Concert | Parking lot |
| Cave | Sewer pipe |
| Arena | Under water |
| Hangar | Drug |
| Carpet | Dizzy |
| Hallway | Psychological |
| | |

7. Skin change Media Player Skin Type select.

8. Open Open file formats including MP3, CDA, MDI, WAV

& WMA support.

C. Playback Controls

The playback controls include "Play", "Pause", "Stop", "Previous", "Backward", "Forward", & "Next".

D. Seeking bar

Display Animated Playback Status

E. Title/Play List Windows

Display Currently Selected Title(s)

F. Title/Play List Edit Controls

There title/play list controls include "Add", "Del", "Clear", "Load", & "Store".

1. Add Add to the Title/Play List.

2. Del Remove form the Title/Play List.

3. Clear the Title/Play List.

4. Load Load Title/Play List.

5. Store Save Title/Play List.

G. Title/Play List Scroll bar

Scroll Up/Down the Title/Play List.

H. Recording Function Controls

The recording function controls include "Input", "Save, "New", "Rec", "Stop",

& "Play".

1. Input Input soruce select.

2. Save Save to file.

3. New Open new file & select format includes Sampling

Rate, Sampling bit, Mono or Stereo.

4. Rec Start Rec.

5. Stop Stop Rec.

6. Play Playback Rec file.

I. REC/Playback Time Display

Displays REC/Playback Time.

J. Platform Display Panel Controls

The platform display panel control include "Minimize" & "Close".

1. Minimize Platform Display Panel.

2. Close Close/Exit Platform Display Panel.

K. Equalizer Control Panel

The Equalizer Control Panel include "On/Off" & "Preset".

1. On/Off Enable/Disable Equalizer.

2. Preset Clear Equalizer setting to default value.

Appendix B

B-1 Update Your System BIOS

Download the xxxxx.EXE file corresponding to your model from our website to an empty directory on your hard disk or floppy. Run the downloaded xxxxx.EXE file and it will self extract. Copy these extracted files to a bootable floppy disk.

Note: The floppy disk should contain NO device drivers or other programs.

- 1. Type "A:\AWDFLASH and press <Enter> Key.
- 2. You will see the following setup screen.
- 3. Please key in the xxxxx.bin BIOS file name.

```
FLASH MEMORY WRITER V7.88

(C)Award Software 2000 All Rights Reserved

For XXX-W83627-6A69LPA9C-0 DATE: 05/11/2000

Flash Type -

File Name to Program :
```

4. If you want to save the previous BIOS data to the diskette, please key in [Y], otherwise please key in [N].

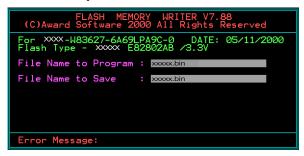
```
FLASH MEMORY WRITER V7.88

(C)Award Software 2000 All Rights Reserved

For XXX-W83627-6A69LPA9C-0 DATE: 05/11/2000
Flash Type - XXXX E82802AB /3.3V

File Name to Program: XXXX-Din
```

5. Key in File Name to save previous BIOS to file.



6. To confirm and proceed, please key in [Y] to start the programming.

```
FLASH MEMORY WRITER V7.88

(C)Award Software 2000 All Rights Reserved

For XXX-W83627-6A69LPA9C-0 DATE: 05/11/2000 Flash Type - XXXX E8280ZAB /3.3V

File Name to Program : XXXX-DIN Checksum : 938H

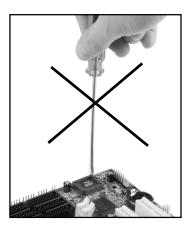
File Name to Save : XXXX-DIN TABLE | XXXX-DIN
```

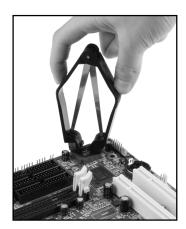
7. The BIOS update is finished.

Appendix C

C-1 EEPROM BIOS Remover

Do not remove the BIOS chip, unless instructed by a technician and only with a PLCC IC extractor tool.





The BIOS socket is fragile may be damaged if an improper method to replace the BIOS chip is applied.

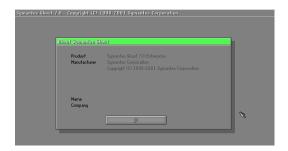
Appendix

Appendix D

D-1 GHOST 7 Quick User's Guide (Optional)

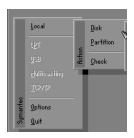
Installation is very easy. You only need to copy the **Ghost7** folder or **Ghost.exe** to your hard disk.

Main Menu



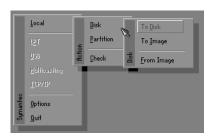
Description of Menu

Ghost clones and backs up Disk and Partition.



In which **Disk** indicates hard disk options **Partition** indicates partition options **Check** indicates check options

Disk



There are 3 hard disk functions:

- 1. Disk To Disk (disk cloning)
- 2. Disk To Image (disk backup)
- 3. Disk From Image (restore backup)

Important!

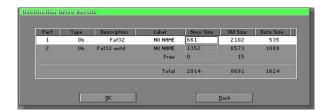
- 1. To use this function, the system must have at least 2 disks. Press the **Tab** key to move the cursor.
- 2. When restoring to a destination disk, all data in that disk will be completely destroyed.

Disk To Disk (Disk Cloning)

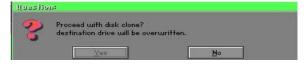
- 1. Select the location of the **Source drive**.
- 2. Select the location of the **Destination drive**.



3. When cloning a disk or restoring the backup, set the required partition size as shown in the following figure.

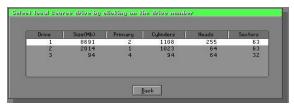


4. Click OK to display the following confirmation screen. Select Yes to start.

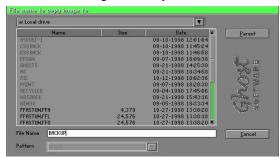


Disk To Image (Disk Backup)

1. Select the location of the Source drive.



2. Select the location for storing the backup file.

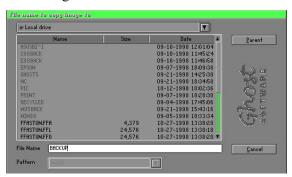


3. Click **OK** to display the following confirmation screen. Select **Yes** to start.



Disk From Image (Restore Backup)

1. Select the Restoring file.



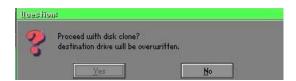
2. Select the **Destination drive** of the disk to be restored.



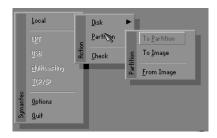
3. When restoring disk backup, set the required partition size as shown in the following figure.



4. Click **OK** to display the following confirmation screen. Select **Yes** to start.



Partition



There are 3 partition functions:

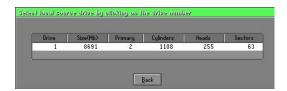
- **1. Partition To Partition** (partition cloning)
- **2. Partition To Image** (partition backup)
- 3. Partition From Image (restore partition)

Partition To Partition (Partition Cloning)

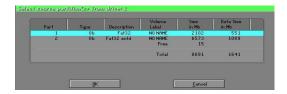
The basic unit for partition cloning is a "partition". Refer to "disk cloning" for the operating method.

Partition To Image (Partition Backup)

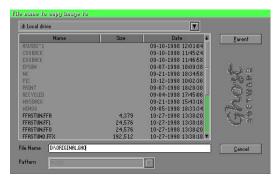
1. Select the disk to be backed up.



2. Select the first partition to be backed up. This is usually where the operating system and programs are stored.



3. Select the path and file name to store the backup file.



Appendix

- 4. Is the file compressed? There are 3 options:
 - (1) No: do not compress data during backup
 - (2) Fast: Small volume compression
 - (3) High: high ratio compression. File can be compressed to its minimum, but requiring longer execution time.

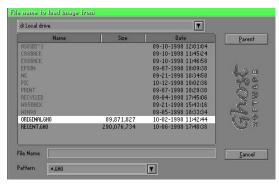


5. Select Yes to start performing backup.



Partition From Image (Restore Partition)

1. Select the backup file to be restored.



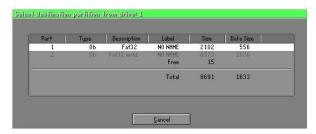
2. Select the source partition.



3. Select the disk to be restored.



4. Select the partition to be restored.



5. Select Yes to start restoring.



Check

This function is to check possible error caused by defective FAT or track during backup or restoring.

How to Reinstall Windows in 2 Minutes

This chapter guides you how to setup your computer properly and, if necessary, reinstall Windows in 2 minutes. Ghost provides different methods to complete this task. The following two sections explain how to create an emergency Recover Floppy and Recover CD:

Emergency Recover Floppy

Divide a hard disk into two partitions. The first partition is to store the operating system and application programs. The second partition is to back up the operating system and data. The size of the partition can be determined according to the backup requirements. For example, the **Windows** operating system needs 200MB of hard disk space, Plus complete **Office** programs require 360MB. The remaining space can be used to store data.

After installing **Windows**, use **Ghost** to create a backup area for the system and to store the file (Image file) in drive D. The file is named **Original.gho**. Then, create a recover floppy disk containing:

- Bootable files (Command.com, Io.sys, and MSDOS.SYS)
- Config.sys (configuration setup file)
- Autoexec.bat (auto-execution batch file)
- Ghost.exe (Ghost execution file)

There are two ways to create the content of the recover floppy for restoring:

(1) To load **Windows** automatically after booting, store the **Autoexec. bat** file with a command line:

Ghost.exe clone, mode=pload, src=d:\original.gho:2,dst=1:1 -fx -sure -rb Command Description: Runs the restore function automatically with the Image File. Stored in drive D. After execution, it will exit Ghost and boots the system.

Refer to the [Introducing Ghosts Functions] for details.

(2) After booting, the screen displays the Menu. Select Backup or Restore: Since the user may install other applications in the future, he/she may alter Autoexec.bat file to back up or restore the user-defined Image file as follows:

Backup

Back up Windows and application programs as a file (Recent. gho). Command is:

Ghost -clone,mode=pdump,src=1:1,dst=d:\Recent.gho -fx - sure -rb

Restore

Restore types include [General Windows] and [Windows and Application Programs]. If you select [General Windows], the system is restored to the general Windows operation condition. The command is:

Ghost.exe -clone,mode=pload,src=d:\Original.gho,dst=1:1 -fx -sure -rb

If you select [Windows and Application Programs], the latest backup file (Recent.gho) is restored, skipping the installation and setup of application programs.

For description of related parameters, refer to [Introducing Ghosts Functions].

For more information about menu design, refer to Config.sys and Autoexec.bat under /Menu in the CD. You can also create a backup CD containing Ghost.exe and these two files.

Recover CD

The following is a simple guide to create a recover CD:

1. First, create a recover floppy disk contains the following with any copy program such as "Easy CD Create" (Note 2):

Bootable files (Command.com and Io.sys and MSDOS.SYS)

Config.sys (Configuration setup file)

Autoexec.bat (Auto-execution batch file)

Mscdex.exe (CD-Rom execution file)

Ghost.exe (Ghost execution file)

Oakcdrom.sys (ATAPI CD-ROM compatible driver)

The content of Config.sys is:

DEVICE=Oakcdrom.sys /d:idecd001

The content of Autoexec.bat includes:

MSCDEX.EXE /D:IDECD001 /L:Z

Ghost.exe clone,mode=load,src=z:\original.gho,dst=1 -sure -rb

2. Write the backup image file (original.gho) of the entire hard disk or partition into the recover CD. Use the Recover CD to boot up the system and restore the backup files automatically.

For description of related parameters, refer to [Introducing Ghosts Functions].

Note: For more details about copy the creation program and method to create a recover CD, please refer to the releated software and its associated operating manual.

Note: Ghost may be executed in interactive or in batch mode. Most of the Ghost switches are used to assist in batch mode operation. To list switches, type ghost.exe -h.