

Chapter 1

INTRODUCTION

The MS-6305 Flex ATX WH11 mainboard is a high-performance computer mainboard based on Intel® 810 (810/810 DC100/810e) chipset. The MS-6305 is designed for the Intel® Coppermine(FC-PGA) or Celeron™ processor for inexpensive business/personal desktop markets.

The Intel® 810 chipset is the first generation Integrated Graphics chipset for the Intel® Coppermine(FC-PGA) or Celeron™ processor. The graphics accelerator architecture consists of dedicated multi-media engines executing in parallel to deliver high performance 3D, 2D, and motion compensation video capabilities. An integrated centralized memory arbiter allocates memory bandwidth to multiple system agents to optimize system memory utilization. A new chipset component interconnect, the hub interface, is designed into the Intel 810 chipset to provide an efficient communication channel between the memory controller hub and I/O hub controller.

The series of Intel® 810 chipset contains three core components: the Graphics and Memory Controller Hub (GMCH), the I/O Controller Hub (ICH) and the Firmware Hub (FWH). The GMCH integrates a 66/100MHz for 810 and 810 DC100 and 66/100/133 MHz for 810e, P6 family system bus controller, 2D/3D graphics accelerator, 100MHz SDRAM controller and high-speed hub interface for communication with the ICH. The ICH integrates an Ultra ATA 33(ICH0)/66(ICH) controller, USB host controller, LPC interface controller, FWH interface controller, PCI interface controller, AC'97 digital controller and a hub interface for communication.

The Intel® 82802 Firmware Hub (FWH) component is part of the series of Intel® 810 chipset. The FWH is key to enabling future security and manageability infrastructure for the PC platform.

1.1 Mainboard Features

CPU

- Support Socket370 for Intel® Celeron™ and Coppermine(FC-PGA) processor.
- Support 366MHz, 400MHz, 433MHz, 466MHz, 500MHz, 550MHz, 600MHz, or higher

Chipset

- Support the series of Intel® 810 (810/810DC100/810E) chipset.
- Intel® GMCH chipset. (421 BGA)
 - Integrated Graphics Controller
 - Intel DDM+ Architecture
 - SDRAM memory Independent of System Bus
- Intel® ICH chipset. (241 BGA)
 - AC'97 Controller Integrated
 - 2 full IDE channels, up to ATA66
 - Low pin count interface for SIO

Front Side Bus (FSB)

- 66.8/100.2/117/124/133/140 MHz clocks are supported.

Main Memory

- Support two 168-pin DIMM sockets.
- Support a maximum memory size of 256MB(64Mbit technology) or 512MB(128Mbit technology) SDRAM.

Slots

- One AMR (Audio Modem Riser) slot
- Two 32-bit Master PCI Bus slots.
- Support 3.3v/5v PCI bus Interface.

On-Board IDE

- An IDE controller on the ICH chipset provides IDE HDD/CD-ROM with PIO, Bus Master and Ultra DMA/66 operation modes.
- Can connect up to four IDE devices.

On-Board Peripherals

- On-Board Peripherals include:
 - 1 floppy port supports 2 FDD with 360K, 720K, 1.2M, 1.44M and 2.88Mbytes.
 - 2 serial port (1 rear port + 1 header)
 - 1 parallel port supports SPP/EPP/ECP mode
 - 4 USB ports(2 USB rear ports + 2 USB front headers)
 - 1 IrDA connector for SIR.
 - 1 VGA port
 - Game/Midi port

Video

- GMCH chip integrated
- 2D/3D Graphics
- Onboard 4MB SDRAM Display Cache

Audio

- ICH chip integrated
- AC'97 2.1 Compliant

TV-Out

- Chrontel CH7008
 - Supports full vertical and horizontal underscan capability and operate in 5 different resolutions including 640x480 and 800x600
 - Enhanced text sharpness with adaptive 4-line and 5-line flicker filtering
 - Supports NTSC and PAL TV formats
 - Provide Composite, S-Video outputs

BIOS

- The mainboard BIOS provides “Plug & Play” BIOS which detects the peripheral devices and expansion cards of the board automatically.
- The mainboard provides a Desktop Management Interface(DMI) function which records your mainboard specifications.

Dimension

- Flex ATX Form Factor: 7.5" x 9" inches

Mounting

- 6 mounting holes.

Warning: According to Intel 810 chipset specification: 810E chipset supports 66/100/133 MHz FSB processor and 810/810DC100 chipset supports 66/ 100 FSB processor. Please do not use 133MHz FSB processor on motherboards which use 810/810DC100 chipset.

Note: To be able to identify the chipset used onboard: During POST (Power on Self Test), you can determine the chipset, which will appear briefly at the bottom left of the POST screen.

Chapter 2

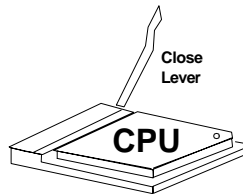
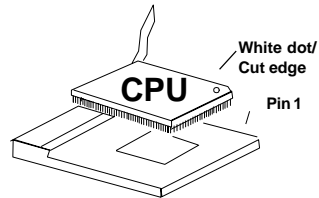
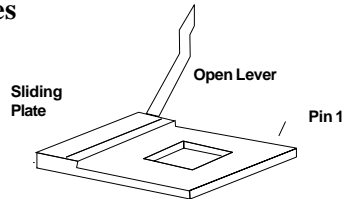
HARDWARE INSTALLATION

2.1 Central Processing Unit: CPU

The mainboard operates with **Intel® Coppermine(FC-PGA) or Celeron™ processor**. The mainboard uses a CPU socket called Socket 370 for easy CPU installation. The CPU should always have a Heat Sink and a cooling fan attached to prevent overheating.

2.1-1 CPU Installation Procedures

1. Pull the lever sideways away from the socket. Then, raise the lever up to a 90-degree angle.
2. Locate Pin 1 in the socket and look for the white dot or cut edge in the CPU. Match Pin 1 with the white dot/cut edge. Then, insert the CPU. It should insert easily.
3. Press the lever down to complete the installation.



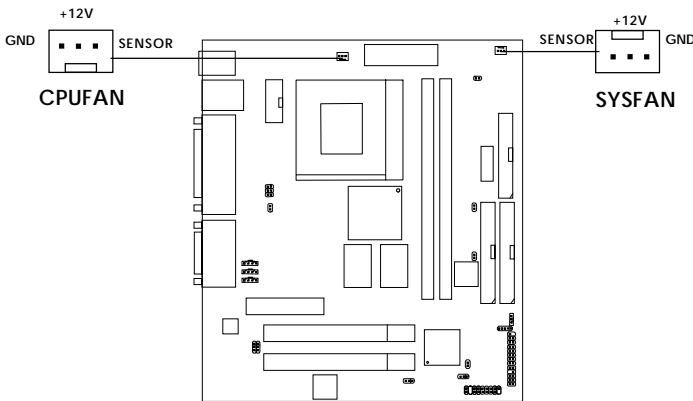
2.1-2 CPU Core Speed Derivation Procedure

The mainboard CPU Bus Frequency can be set through BIOS setup

if	<u>CPU Clock</u>	=	66MHz
	<u>Core/Bus ratio</u>	=	3.5
then	<u>CPU core speed</u>	=	<u>Host Clock</u> x <u>Core/Bus ratio</u>
		=	66MHz x 3.5
		=	233MHz

2.1-3 Fan Power Connectors: CPUFAN & SYSFAN

These connectors support system cooling fan with + 12V. It supports three pin head connector. When connecting the wire to the connector, always take note that the red wire is the positive and should be connected to the +12V, the black wire is Ground and should be connected to GND. If your mainboard has System Hardware Monitor chipset on-board, you must use a specially designed fan with speed sensor to take advantage of this function.



CPUFAN: Processor Fan

SYSFAN: System Fan

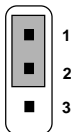
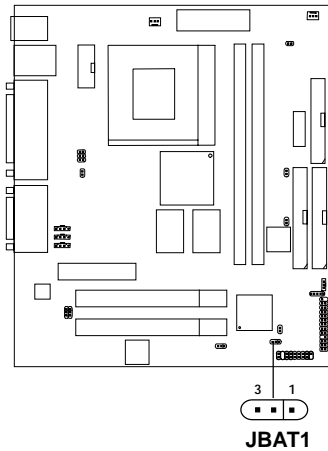
For fans with fan speed sensor, every rotation of the fan will send out 2 pulses. System Hardware Monitor will count and report the fan rotation speed.

Note:

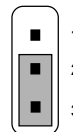
1. Always consult vendor for proper CPU cooling fan.
2. CPU FAN supports the FAN control. You can install PC Alert utility. This will automatically control the CPU FAN Speed according to the actual CPU temperature.

2.2 Clear CMOS Jumper: JBAT1

A battery must be used to retain the mainboard configuration in CMOS RAM. Short 1-2 pins of JBAT1 to store the CMOS data.



Keep Data



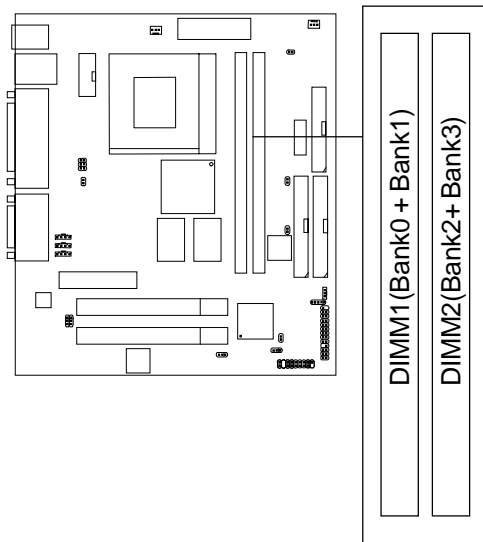
Clear Data

Note: You can clear CMOS by shorting 2-3 pin, while the system is off. Then, return to 1-2 pin position. Avoid clearing the CMOS while the system is on, it will damage the mainboard. Always unplug the power cord from the wall socket.

2.3 Memory Installation

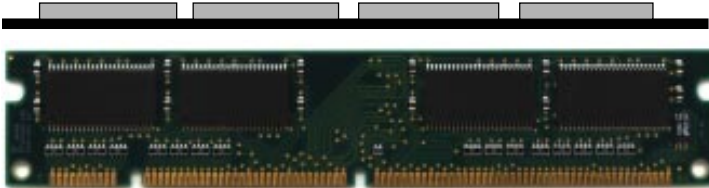
2.3-1 Memory Bank Configuration

The mainboard supports a maximum memory size of 256MB(64-bit technology) or 512MB(128-bit technology for SDRAM: It provides two 168-pin **unbuffered** DIMMs (Double In-Line Memory Module) sockets. It supports 8 MB to 128 Mbytes DIMM memory module.

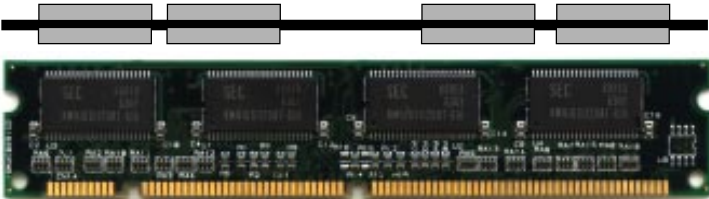


2.3-2 Memory Installation Procedures

A. How to install a DIMM Module

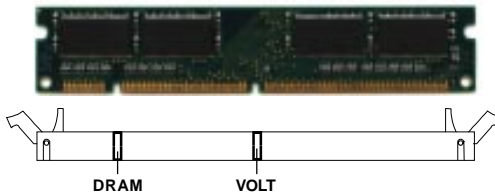


Single Sided DIMM



Double Sided DIMM

1. The DIMM slot has 2 Notch Keys “VOLT and DRAM”, so the DIMM memory module can only fit in one direction.
2. Insert the DIMM memory module vertically into the DIMM slot. Then push it in.



3. The plastic clip at the side of the DIMM slot will automatically close.

2.3-3 Memory Population Rules

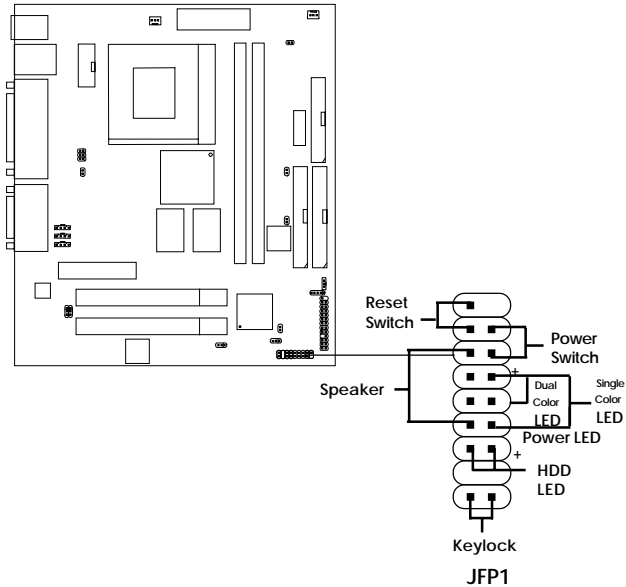
1. Supports only SDRAM DIMM.
2. To operate properly, at least one 168-pin DIMM module must be installed.
3. This mainboard supports Table Free memory, so memory can be installed on DIMM1 or DIMM 2 in any order.
4. Supports 3.3 volt DIMM.
5. The DRAM addressing and the size supported by the mainboard is shown below:

Table 2.3-1 SDRAM Memory Addressing

DRAM Tech.	DRAM Density & Width	DRAM Addressing	Address Size		MB/DIMM	
			Row	Column	Single no. Side(S) pcs.	Double no. Side(D) pcs.
16M	1Mx16	ASYM	11	8	8MBx4	16MBx8
	2Mx8	ASYM	11	9	16MBx8	32MBx16
64M	2Mx32	ASYM	11	9	32MBx2	64MBx4
	2Mx32	ASYM	12	8	16MBx2	32MBx4
	4Mx16	ASYM	11	10	32MB	64MB
	4Mx16	ASYM	13	8	32MB	64MB
	8Mx8	ASYM	13	9	64MB	128MB
64M	2Mx32	ASYM	11	8	16MB	32MB
	4Mx16	ASYM	12	8	---	---
	8Mx8	ASYM	12	9	---	---

2.4 Case Connector: JFP1

The Keylock, Power Switch, Reset Switch, Power LED, Speaker, and HDD LED are all connected to the JFP1 connector block.



2.4-1 Power Switch

Connect to a 2-pin push button switch. This switch has the same feature with JRMS1.

2.4-2 Reset Switch

Reset switch is used to reboot the system rather than turning the power ON/OFF. Avoid rebooting while the HDD LED is lit. You can connect the Reset switch from the system case to this pin.

2.4-3 Power LED

The Power LED is lit while the system power is on. Connect the Power LED from the system case to this pin. There are two types of LED that you can use: 3-pin single color LED or 2-pin dual color LED(ACPI request).

- a. 3 pin single color LED connect to pin 4, 5, & 6. This LED will lit when the system is on.
- b. 2 pin dual color LED connect to pin 5 & 6.
 - GREEN**Color: Indicate the system is in full on mode.
 - ORANGE**Color: Indicate the system is in suspend mode.

2.4-4 Speaker

Speaker from the system case is connected to this pin.

2.4-5 HDD LED

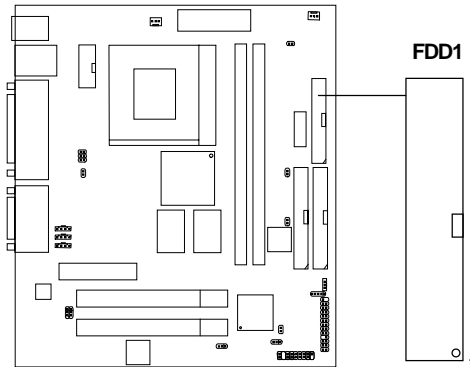
HDD LED shows the activity of a hard disk drive. Avoid turning the power off while the HDD led is lit. You can connect the HDD LED from the system case to this pin.

2.4-6 Keylock

Keylock allows you to disable the keyboard for security purposes. You can connect the keylock to this pin.

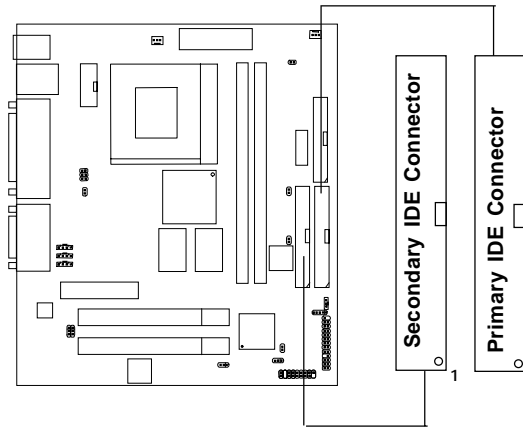
2.5 Floppy Disk Connector: FDD1

The mainboard also provides a standard floppy disk connector FDD1 that supports 360K, 720K, 1.2M, 1.44M and 2.88M floppy disk types. This connector supports the provided floppy drive ribbon cables.



2.6 Hard Disk Connectors: IDE1 & IDE2

The mainboard has a 32-bit Enhanced PCI IDE and Ultra DMA/66 (ICH)/ Ultra DMA/33(ICH0) Controller that provides PIO mode 0~4, Bus Master, and Ultra DMA/33 function. It has two HDD connectors IDE1 (primary) and IDE2 (secondary). You can connect up to four hard disk drives, CD-ROM, 120MB Floppy (reserved for future BIOS) and other devices to IDE1 and IDE2. These connectors support the provided IDE hard disk cable.



IDE1(Primary IDE Connector)

The first hard drive should always be connected to IDE1. IDE1 can connect a Master and a Slave drive. You must configure second hard drive to Slave mode by setting the jumper accordingly.

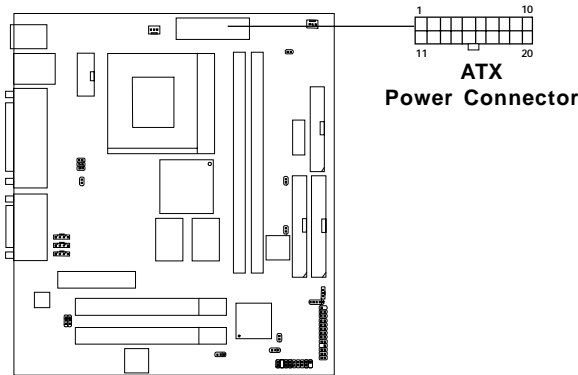
IDE2(Secondary IDE Connector)

IDE2 can also connect a Master and a Slave drive.

2.7 Power Supply

2.7-1 ATX 20-pin Power Connector: JWR1

This connector supports the power button on-board. Using the ATX power supply, functions such as Modem Ring Wake-Up and Soft Power Off are supported by this mainboard. This power connector supports instant power on function which means that system will boot up instantly when the power connector is inserted on the board.



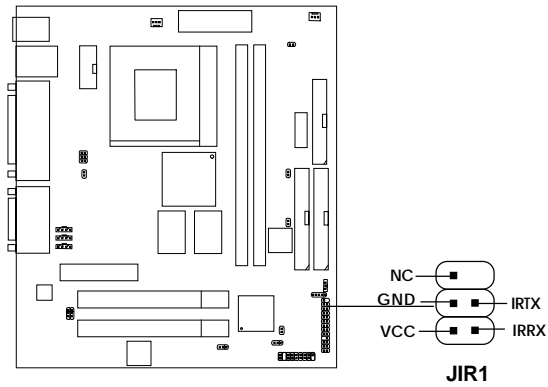
PIN DEFINITION

PIN	SIGNAL	PIN	SIGNAL
1	3.3V	11	3.3V
2	3.3V	12	-12V
3	GND	13	GND
4	5V	14	PS_ON
5	GND	15	GND
6	5V	16	GND
7	GND	17	GND
8	PW_OK	18	-5V
9	5V_SB	19	5V
10	12V	20	5V

Warning: Since the mainboard has the instant power on function, make sure that all components are installed properly before inserting the power connector to ensure that no damage will be done.

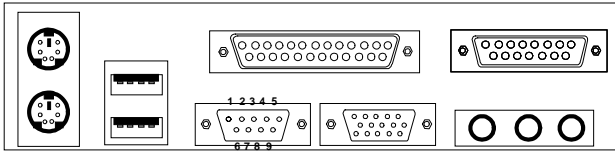
2.8 IrDA Infrared Module Connector: JIR1

The mainboard provides one infrared (JIR1) connector for IR modules. This connector is for optional wireless transmitting and receiving infrared module. You must configure the setting through the BIOS setup to use the IR function.



2.9 Serial Port Connectors: COM A and COM B

The mainboard has a 9-pin male DIN connector for serial port COM A. This port is a 16550A high speed communication port that send/receive 16 bytes FIFOs. You can attach a mouse or a modem cable directly into this connector.



COM A

Serial Port (9-pin Male)

PIN DEFINITION

PIN	SIGNAL
1	DCD (Data Carry Detect)
2	SIN (Serial In or Receive Data)
3	SOUT (Serial Out or Transmit Data)
4	DTR (Data Terminal Ready)
5	GND
6	DSR (Data Set Ready)
7	RTS (Request To Send)
8	CTS (Clear To Send)
9	RI (Ring Indicate)

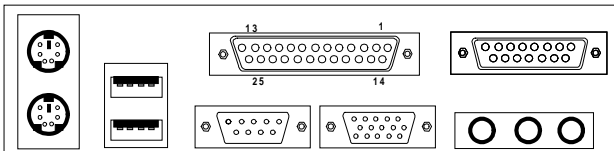
Note: There’s another serial port connector (COM B), which is located on the mainboard. Connect a serial port 9-pin male port into this connector.

2.10 Parallel Port Connector: LPT1

The mainboard provides a 25 pin female centronic connector for LPT. A parallel port is a standard printer port that also supports Enhanced Parallel Port(EPP) and Extended capabilities Parallel Port(ECP). See connector and pin definition below:

Parallel Port (25-pin Female)

LPT 1

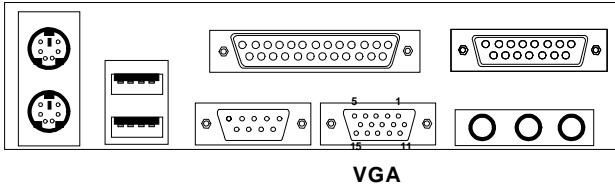


PIN DEFINITION

PIN	SIGNAL	PIN	SIGNAL
1	STROBE	14	AUTO FEED#
2	DATA0	15	ERR#
3	DATA1	16	INIT#
4	DATA2	17	SLIN#
5	DATA3	18	GND
6	DATA4	19	GND
7	DATA5	20	GND
8	DATA6	21	GND
9	DATA7	22	GND
10	ACK#	23	GND
11	BUSY	24	GND
12	PE	25	GND
13	SELECT		

2.11 VGA DB 15 Pin Connector

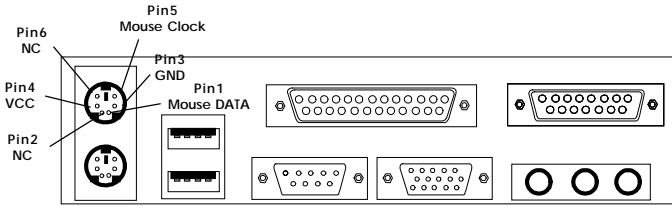
The mainboard provides a DB 15-pin connector to connect to a VGA monitor.



Analog Video Display Connector(DB15-S)	
Pin	Signal Description
1	Red
2	Green
3	Blue
4	Not used
5	Ground
6	Ground
7	Ground
8	Ground
9	Not used
10	Ground
11	Not used
12	SDA
13	Horizontal Sync
14	Vertical Sync
15	SCL

2.12 Mouse Connector: JKBMS1

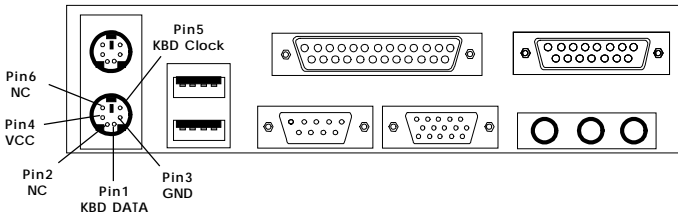
The mainboard provides a standard PS/2[®] mouse mini DIN connector for attaching a PS/2[®] mouse. You can plug a PS/2[®] mouse directly into this connector. The connector location and pin definition are shown below:



PS/2 Mouse (6-pin Female)

2.13 Keyboard Connector: JKBMS1

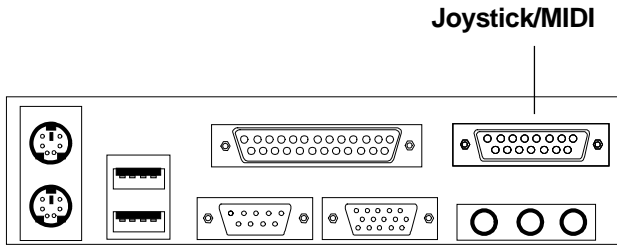
The mainboard provides a standard PS/2[®] keyboard mini DIN connector for attaching a keyboard. You can plug a keyboard cable directly to this connector.



PS/2 Keyboard (6-pin Female)

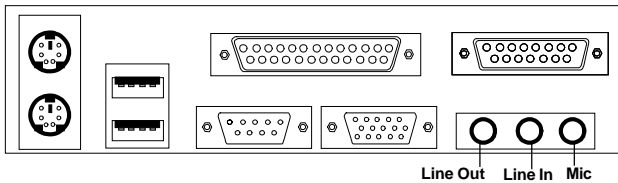
2.14 Joystick/Midi Connectors

You can connect joystick or game pad to this connector.



2.15 Audio Port Connectors

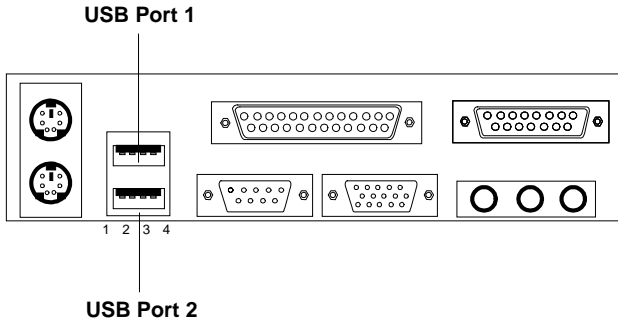
Line Out is a connector for Speakers or Headphones. **Line In** is used for external CD player, Tape layer, or other audio devices. **Mic** is a connector for the microphones.



1/8" Stereo Audio Connectors

2.16 USB Connectors

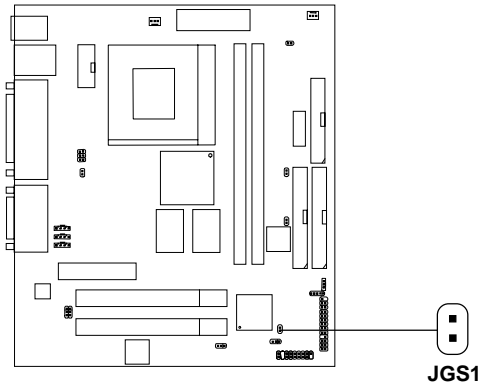
The mainboard provides a **UHCI(Universal Host Controller Interface) Universal Serial Bus root** for attaching USB devices like: keyboard, mouse and other USB devices. You can plug the USB device directly to this connector.



PIN	SIGNAL
1	VCC
2	-Data
3	+Data
4	GND

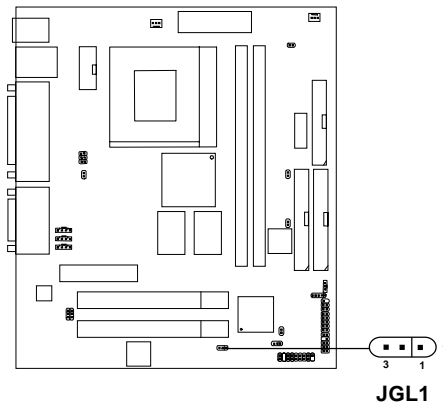
2.17 Power Saving Switch Connector: JGS1

Attach a power saving switch to **JGS1**. When the switch is pressed, the system immediately goes into suspend mode. Press any key and the system wakes up.



2.18 Power Saving LED Connector: JGL1

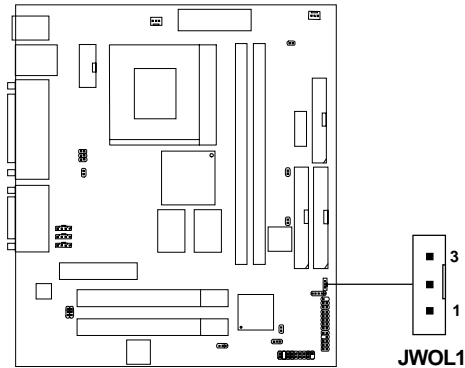
JGL1 can be connected with an LED. There are two types of LED that you can use: 3-pin LED or 2-pin LED(ACPI request). When the 2-pin LED is connected to JGL1, the light will turn green, when system is On. During sleep mode, the 2-pin LED will change color from Green to Orange. For 3-pin LED, when LED is connected to JGL1, this will light when the system is On and blinks when it is in suspend/sleep mode.



3-pin LED	2-pin LED
<p style="text-align: center;">Green Color + - Orange Color</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">Green Color + - Orange Color</p>
1-2 Single Color 1-3 Blink	1-2 Dual Color

2.19 Wake-Up on LAN Connector: JWOL1

The JWOL1 connector is for use with LAN add-on cards that supports Wake Up on LAN function. To use this function, you need to set the “Wake-Up on LAN” to enable at the BIOS Power Management Setup.



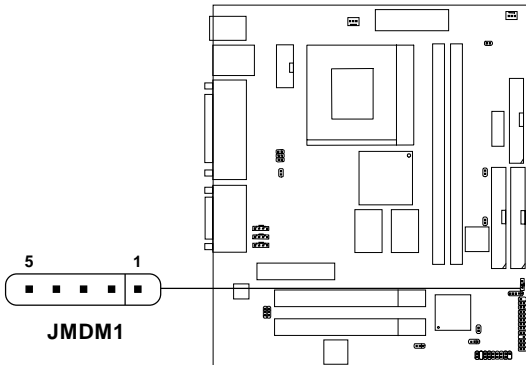
PIN	SIGNAL
1	5VSB
2	GND
3	MP_WAKEUP

Note: LAN wake-up signal is active “high”.

Note: To be able to use this function, you need a power supply that provide enough power for this feature. (Power supply with 750ma 5V Stand-by)

2.20 Modem Wake Up Connector: JMDM1

The JMDM1 connector is for used with Modem add-on card that supports the Modem Wake Up function.



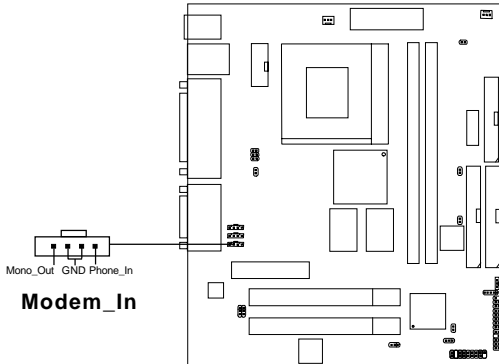
PIN	SIGNAL
1	NC
2	GND
3	MDM_WAKEUP
4	NC
5	5VSB

Note: Modem wake-up signal is active “low”.

Note: To be able to use this function, you need a power supply that provide enough power for this feature. (Power supply with 750ma 5V Stand-by)

2.21 Modem-In: J7

The connector is for Modem with internal voice connector.

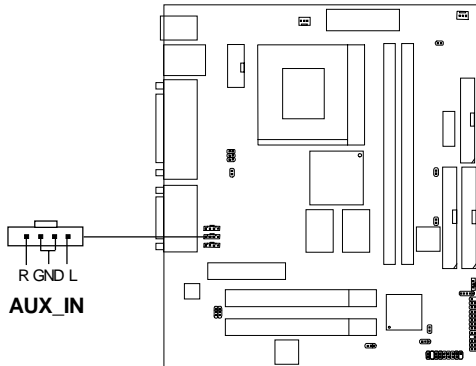


Mono_Out is connected to the Modem Speaker Out connector.

Phone_In is connected to the Modem Microphone In connector.

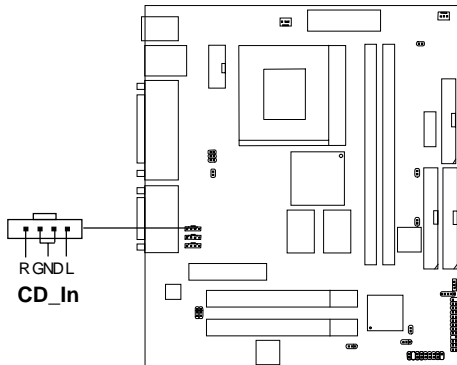
2.22 AUX Line In Connector: J6

This connector is used for DVD Add on Card with Line In connector.



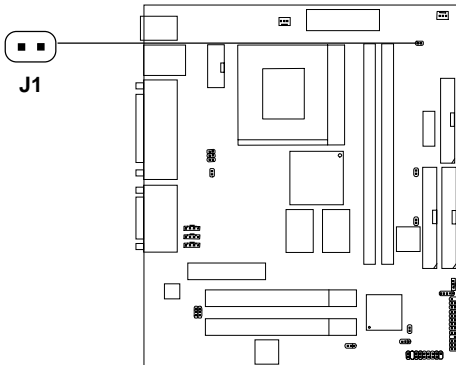
2.23 CD-In Connector: J5

This connector is for CD-ROM audio connector.



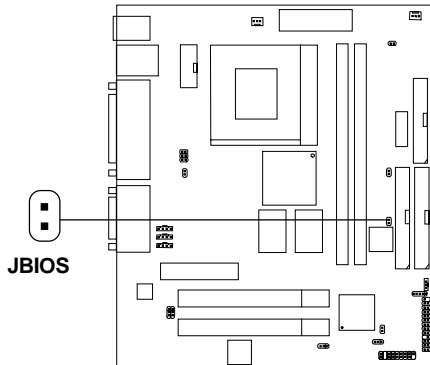
2.24 Chassis Intrusion Switch Case: J1

This connector is connected to a 2-pin connector chassis switch. If the Chassis is open, the switch will be open. The system will record this status. To clear the warning, you must enter the BIOS setting and clear the status.



2.25 BIOS Flash Jumper: JBIOS

This jumper is used to locked/unlocked BIOS Flash. This Jumper should be unlock when flashing/programming the BIOS.



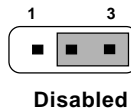
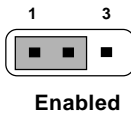
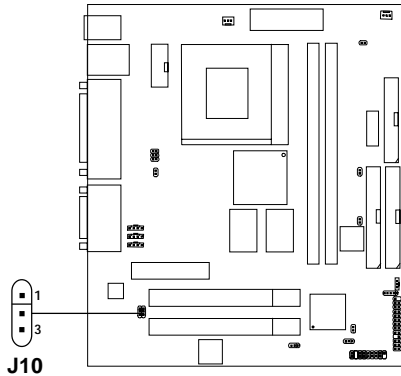
**BIOS Flash
Unlocked**



**BIOS Flash
Locked**

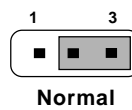
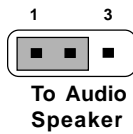
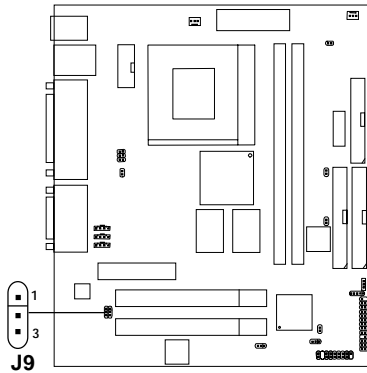
2.26 Onboard Audio Enabled/Disabled Jumper: J10

This jumper is used to Enabled/Disabled the onboard Soft audio codec.



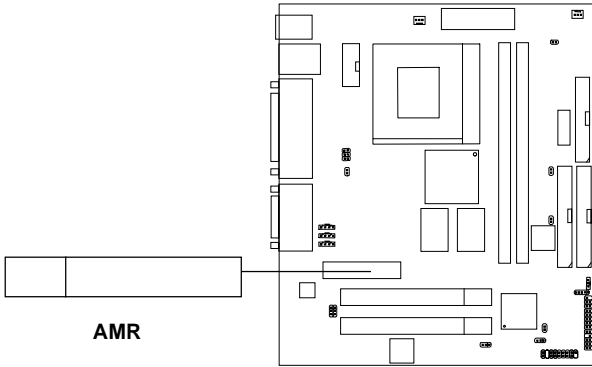
2.27 Case Speaker to Audio Speaker: J9

This jumper is used to Enabled the case speaker to be transfered to Audio speaker.



2.28 AMR (Audio Modem Riser)

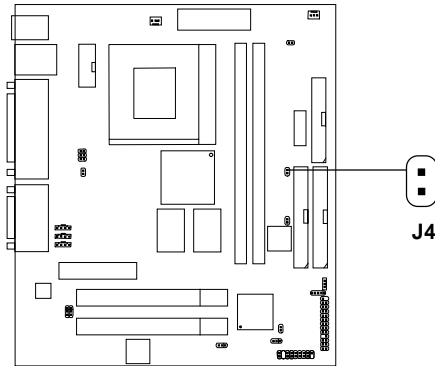
The Audio/Modem Riser specification is an open industry-standard specification that defines a hardware scalable Original Equipment Manufacturer (OEM) mainboard riser board and interface, which supports both audio and modem.



2.29 STR (Suspend to RAM) Power Jumper: J4 (optional)

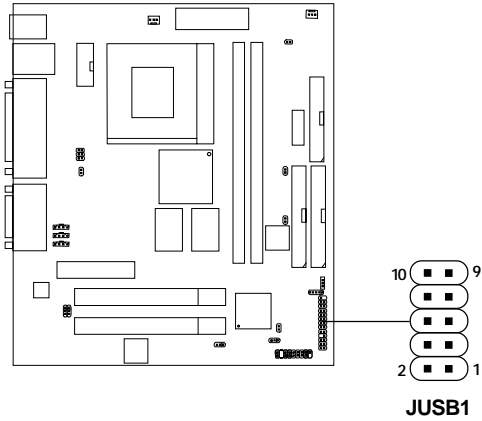
This jumper may depend on two conditions:

- A. For motherboard which supports STR, Jumper J4 is reserved for some power supply. If standby power is not enough (e.g. less than 750 mA), J4 should be open. The default setting is short.
- B. For motherboard which do not support STR, J4 should always be open.



2.30 USB Front Connector: JUSB1

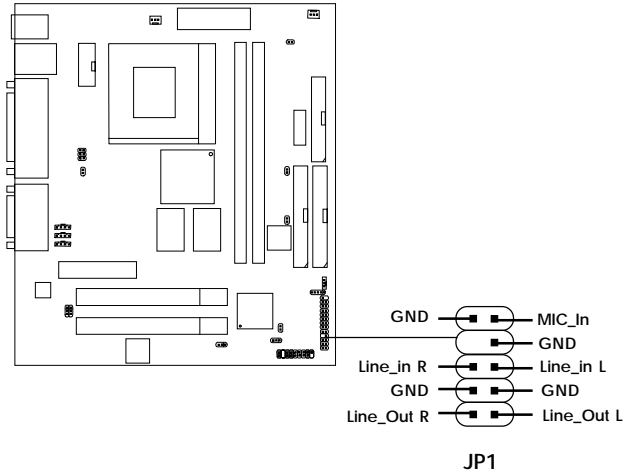
The mainboard provides a **front Universal Serial Bus connector**. This is an optional USB connector for Front Panel.



Pin	Description	Pin	Description
1	VCC	6	USB2+
2	GND	7	GND
3	USB3-	8	USB2-
4	GND	9	GND
5	USB3+	10	VCC

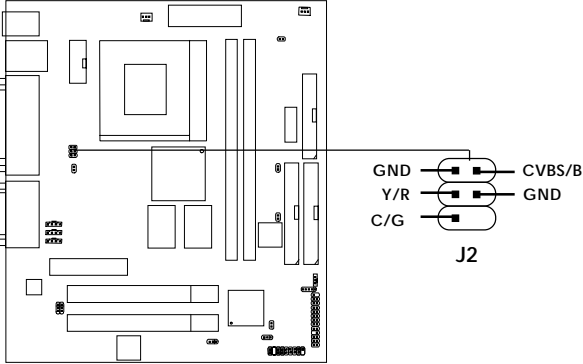
2.31 Front Panel Audio Connector: JP1

The mainboard provides a **Front Panel Audio connector**. This is an optional Audio connector for Front Panel.



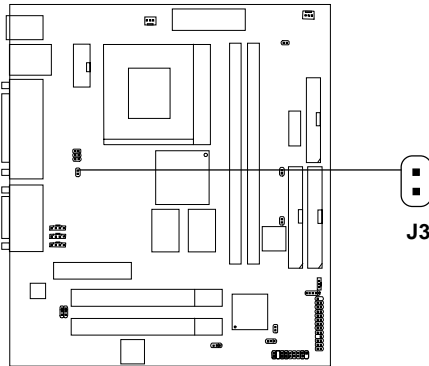
2.32 TV-Out Connector: J2

The mainboard provides a TV-Out connector.



2.33 TV-Out PAL/NTSC Selector: J3

This jumper is used to select whether to use PAL or NTSC.



PAL



NTSC

Chapter 3

AMI® BIOS USER'S GUIDE

The system configuration information and chipset register information is stored in the CMOS RAM. This information is retained by a battery when the power is off. Enter the BIOS setup (if needed) to modify this information.

The following pages will describe how to enter BIOS setup, and all about options.

3.1 Enter BIOS Setup

Enter the AMI® setup Program's Main Menu as follows:

1. Turn on or reboot the system. The following screen appears with a series of diagnostic check.

```
AMIBIOS (C) 1999 American Megatrends Inc.  
AGIOMS VXXX XXXXXX
```

```
Hit <DEL> if you want to run setup
```

```
(C) American Megatrends Inc.  
61-XXXX-001169-00111111-071592-i82440FX-H
```

2. When the "Hit " message appears, press key to enter the BIOS setup screen.
3. After pressing key, the BIOS setup screen will appear.

Note: *If you don't want to modify CMOS original setting, then don't press any key during the system boot.*

```
AMIBIOS HIFLEX SETUP UTILITIES - VERSION 1.22
(C) 1999 American Megatrends, Inc. All Rights
Reserved

Standard CMOS Setup
Advanced CMOS Setup
Advanced Chipset Setup
Power Management Setup
PCI/Plug and Play Setup
Peripheral Setup
Hardware Monitor Setup
Auto-Detect Hard Disks
Change User Password
Change Supervisor Password
Auto Configuration with Optimal Settings
Auto Configuration with Fail Safe Settings
Save Settings and Exit
Exit without Saving

Standard CMOS setup for changing time, hard disk type, etc.
```

4. Use the <Up> and <Down> key to move the highlight scroll up or down.
5. Use the <ENTER> key to select the option.
6. To exit, press <ESC>. To save and exit, press <F10>.
7. Section 3.2 to 3.8 will explain the option in more details.

3.2 Standard CMOS Setup

1. Press <ENTER> on "Standard CMOS Setup" of the main menu screen .

```

AMIBIOS SETUP - STANDARD CMOS SETUP
(C)1999 American Megatrends, Inc. All Rights Reserved

```

```

Date (mm/dd/yyyy):   Fri Jan 28, 2000      Base Memory = 640KB
Time (hh/mm/ss):    17:09:25              Extd. Memory = XXMB

Floppy Drive A:      1.44 MB 3 1/2
Floppy Drive B:      Not Installed

```

	Type	Size	Cyln	Head	WPcom	Sec	LBA Mode	Blk Mode	PIO Mode	32Bit Mode
Pri Master	:Auto						ON	ON	AUTO	ON
Pri Slave	:Auto						ON	ON	AUTO	ON
Sec Master	:Auto						ON	ON	AUTO	ON
Sec Slave	:Auto						ON	ON	AUTO	ON

```

Boot Sector Virus Protection Disabled

```

```

Month : Jan-Dec          ESC:Exit      :Sel
Day   : 01-31           PgUp/PgDn:Modify
Year  : 1901-2099      F2/F3:Color

```

2. Use <Up> and <Down> to choose the item and <PgUp> and <PgDn> keys to modify the highlighted item.
3. After you have finished with the Standard CMOS Setup, press <ESC> to go back to the main menu.

3.3 Advanced CMOS Setup

1. Press <ENTER> on “Advanced CMOS Setup” of the main menu

AMIBIOS SETUP - ADVANCED CMOS SETUP		
(C) 1999 American Megatrends, Inc. All Rights Reserved		
Quick Boot	Enabled	Available Options: Disabled Enabled
1st Boot Device	Floppy	
2nd Boot Device	IDE 0	
3rd Boot Device	CD-ROM	
Try Other Boot Devices	Yes	
Initial Display Mode	BIOS	
Display Mode at Add-On ROM Init	Force-BIOS	
Floppy Access Control	Read-Write	
S.M.A.R.T. For Hard Disk	Disabled	
BootUp Num-Lock	On	
Floppy Drive Swap	Disabled	
Floppy Drive Seek	Disabled	
PS/2 Mouse Support	Enabled	
Primary Display	VGA/EGA	
Password Check	Setup	
Boot to OS/2 > 64M	No	
CPU Serial Number	Disabled	
Cache Bus ECC	Enabled	
System BIOS Cacheable	Disabled	
C000, 64k Shadow	Enabled	
		ESC:Exit :Sel PgUp/PgDn:Modify F2/F3:Color

2. Use <Up> and <Down> to choose the item and <PgUp> and <PgDn> keys to modify the highlighted item.
3. After you have finished with the Advanced CMOS Setup, press <ESC> to go back to the main menu.

Description of the item on screen follows:**Quick Boot**

Set this option to Enabled to permit AMI® BIOS to boot within 5 seconds. This option replaces the old ABOVE 1 MB Memory Test option. The Optimal default setting is Enabled. The Fail-Safe default setting is Disabled.

1st Boot Device/2nd Boot Device/3rd Boot Device

This option sets the sequence of boot drives.

The settings are:

IDE0	The system will boot from the first HDD.
IDE1	The system will boot from the Second HDD.
IDE2	The system will boot from the Third HDD.
IDE3	The system will boot from the Fourth HDD.
F(optical)	The system will boot from LS-120(120M Floppy).
SCSI	The system will boot from the SCSI.
Network	The system will boot from the Network drive.
CD-ROM	The system will boot from the CD-ROM.
Disable	Disable this sequence.

Try other Boot Devices

This option sets the device boot, if all the Four Boot Devices failed.

Initial Display Mode

This option sets the device boot, if all the Four Boot Devices failed.

Display Mode at Add-On ROM Init

This option sets the device boot, if all the Four Boot Devices failed.

Floppy Access Control

This option sets the Floppy to Read-only or Read-Write.

S.M.A.R.T. for Hard Disks

This option sets the SMART Function for the hard disk. The hard disk need to have SMART function for this feature to work.

Boot up Num Lock

When this option is set to Off, AMI® BIOS turns off the Num Lock key when the system is powered on. The end user can then use the arrow keys on both the numeric keypad and the keyboard. The settings are On or Off. The optimal default and Fail-Safe default settings are On.

Floppy Drive Swap

Set this option to Enabled to specify that floppy drives A: and B: are swapped. The setting are Enabled and Disabled. The Optimal and Fail-Safe default settings are Disabled.

Floppy Drive Seek

When this option is set to Enabled, AMI® BIOS performs a Seek command on floppy drive A: before booting the system. The settings are Enabled and Disabled. The Optimal and Fail-Safe default settings are Disabled.

PS/2® Mouse Support

When this option is set to Enabled, AMI® BIOS supports a PS/2® mouse. The settings are Enabled and Disabled. The Optimal and Fail-Safe default settings are Enabled.

Primary Display

This option configures the primary display subsystem in the computer. The settings are Mono(monochrome), 40CGA, 80CGA or VGA/EGA. The optimal and Fail-Safe default settings are VGA/EGA.

Password Check

This option specifies the type of AMI® BIOS password protection that is implemented. The Optimal and Fail-Safe default settings are Setup.

Boot To OS/2® > 64MB

Set this option to Enabled to permit the BIOS to run properly, if OS/2® is to be used with > 64MB of DRAM. The settings are Enabled or Disabled. The Optimal and Fail-safe default settings are Disabled.

CPU Serial Number

This option is for Intel® Pentium® III processor. During Enabled, this will check the CPU Serial number. Disabled this option if you don't want the system to know the Serial number.

Cache Bus ECC

This option is for Pentium® II processor. During Enabled, this will affect the system performance. Disabled this option if you don't want to affect the system performance.

System BIOS Cacheable

AMI® BIOS always copies the system BIOS from ROM to RAM for faster execution. Set this option to Enabled to permit the contents of the F0000h RAM memory segment to be written to and read from cache memory. The settings are Enabled or Disabled. The Optimal default setting is Enabled. The Fail-Safe default setting is Disabled.

C000, 64K Shadow

These options specify how the contents of the video ROM are handled. The settings are:

Disabled - the Video ROM is not copied to RAM.

Cached - the contents of the video ROM from C0000h - C7FFFh are not only copied from ROM to RAM; it can also be written to or read from cache memory.

Shadow - the Contents of the video ROM from C0000h - C7FFFh are copied(shadowed) from ROM to RAM for faster execution.

The Optimal and Fail-Safe default setting is Cached.

3.4 Advanced Chipset Setup

1. Press <ENTER> on “Advanced Chipset Setup” of the main menu screen.

AMIBIOS SETUP - ADVANCED CHIPSET SETUP		
(C) 1999 American Megatrends, Inc. All Rights Reserved		
USB Function	Enabled	Available Options: Disabled Enabled
USB Keyboard Legacy Support	Disabled	
CPU Latency Timer	Disabled	
DRAM Page Closing Policy	Closed	
CD Hole (DC000h - DFFFh)	Disabled	
Memory Hole	Disabled	
DRAM Tras/Trc Cycle Time(SCLKs)	6/8	
Address Setup Time(SCLKs)	1	
Graphics Mode Select	UMA 1MB	
Display Cache Window Size	64MB	
CPU BIST Enable	Disabled	
ICH Delayed Transaction	Disabled	
ICH DCB Enable	Disabled	
Local Memory Frequency	100MHz	
****Display Cache Function****		
Initialize Display Cache Memory	Enabled	
Paging Mode Control	Closed	
RAS-to-CAS	Default	ESC:Exit :Sel
CAS Latency	Slow	PgUp/PgDn:Modify
RAS Timing	Slow	F2/F3:Color
RAS Precharge Timing	Slow	

2. Use <Up> and <Down> to choose the item and <PgUp> and <PgDn> keys to modify the highlighted item.
3. After you have finished with the Advanced Chipset Setup, press <ESC> to go back to the main menu.

Description of the item on screen follows:**USB Function**

Set this option to Enabled or Disabled the on-chip USB controller. The Optional and Fail-Safe default settings are Disabled.

USB Keyboard Legacy Support

Set this option to Enabled or Disabled USB keyboard. The Optional and Fail-Safe default settings are Disabled.

DRAM Page Closing Policy

This option controls whether the GMCH will precharge bank or precharge all, during the service of a page miss.

CD Hole (DC000h-DFFFh)

This option Enabled/Disabled the CD Hole (DC000h-DFFFh).

Memory Hole

This option allows the end user to specify the location of a memory hole. The cycle matching the selected memory hole will be passed to the ISA bus. If Enabled, the selected hole is not remapped.

DRAM Tras/Trc Cycle Time (SCLKs)

This option controls the number of SCLKs for an access cycle.

Address Setup Time (SCLKs)

This option controls the number of SCLKs for the Address Setup Time.

Graphics Mode Select

This option is used to enable/Disable the internal graphics device and select the amount of system memory that is used to support the internal graphics device.

Display Cache Window Size

This option is used to set the cache for display window and select the amount of memory that is used to support the Display Cache Window.

CPU BIST Enable

This option is used to Enabled/Disabled the CPU BIST.

ICH Delayed Transaction

Select Enabled, to be compliance with PCI specification version 2.1. If some PCI will not work properly, Select Disabled.

ICH DCB Enabled

Select Enabled, the LPC DMA device and PC/PCI DMA device collection buffer will be Enabled. For better system performance, set to Disabled.

Local Memory Frequency (For Intel 810E chipset only)

Select the Onboard Display Cache frequency. The settings are: 133MHz or 100MHz.

Initialize Display Cache Memory

This option will allow you to initialize the display cache memory.

Paging Mode Control

This option decide the GMCH memory controller to leave pages open or closed.

RAS-to-CAS

This option determine the display cache RAS#-toCAS# delay.

CAS# Latency

This option decide the display cache CAS latency.

RAS# Timing

This option controls RAS# active to precharge, and refresh to RAS# active delay.

RAS# Precharge Timing

This option controls RAS# precharge clocks.

3.5 Power Management Setup

1. Press <ENTER> on “Power Management Setup” of the main menu screen.

AMIBIOS SETUP - POWER MANAGEMENT SETUP (C) 1999 American Megatrends, Inc. All Rights Reserved		
ACPI Aware O/S	Yes	Available Options:
ACPI Standby State	S1(POS)	Disabled
Power Management/APM	Enabled	Enabled
Green PC LED Status	Blinking	
Green PC Monitor Power State	Stand By	
Video Power Down Mode	Suspend	
Hard Disk power Down Mode	Stand By	
Standby Time Out (Minute)	Disabled	
Suspend Time Out (Minute)	Disabled	
Throttle Slow Clock Ratio	50.0%	
Keyboard & PS/2 Mouse Access	Monitor	
FDC/LPT/COM Ports Access	Monitor	
SB & MSS Audio Ports Access	Ignore	
Midi Ports Access	Ignore	
ADLIB Ports Access	Ignore	
Primary Master IDE Access	Monitor	
Primary Slave IDE Access	Ignore	
Secondary Master IDE Access	Monitor	
Secondary Slave IDE Access	Ignore	
PIRQ[A] IRQ Active	Ignore	
PIRQ[B] IRQ Active	Ignore	
PIRQ[C] IRQ Active	Ignore	
PIRQ[D] IRQ Active	Ignore	
System Thermal	Ignore	
Thermal Slow Clock Ratio	50.0%	
CPU Critical Temperature	110°C/230°F	
Power Button Function	On/Off	
Restore on AC/Power Loss	Last State	ESC:Exit :Sel
Ring Resume from Soft Off	Disabled	PgUp/PgDn:Modify
LAN Resume from Soft Off	Disabled	F2/F3:Color

PME Function Support	Disabled
RTC Alarm Resume from Soft Off	Disabled
RTC Alarm Date	15
RTC Alarm Hour	12
RTC Alarm Minute	30
RTC Alarm Second	30

2. Use <Up> and <Down> to choose the item and <PgUp> and <PgDn> keys to modify the highlighted item.
3. After you have finished with the Power Management Setup, press <ESC> to go back to the main menu.

Description of the item on screen follows:**ACPI Standby State**

This option sets the ACPI Power Management Standby State.

S1 Sleeping State

The S1 sleeping state is low wake-up latency sleeping state. In this state, no system context is lost(CPU or chip set) and hardware maintains all system context.

S3 Sleeping State

The S3 state is a low wake-up latency sleeping state where all system context is lost except system memory. CPU, cache, and chipset context are lost in this state. Hardware maintains memory context and restores some CPU and L2 configuration context.

Power Management/APM

Set this option to Enabled to enable the chipset's power management features and APM(Advanced Power Management). The settings are Enabled, Inst-On(instant-on) or Disabled. The Optimal and Fail-Safe default settings are Disabled.

Green PC LED Status

This option specifies the power state that the green PC-compliant video monitor enters when AMI® BIOS places it in a power savings state after the specified period of display inactivity has expired. The settings are Off, Standby, Suspend or Disabled. The Optimal and Fail-Safe default settings are Standby.

Green PC Monitor Power State

This option specifies the power state that the green PC-compliant video monitor enters when AMI® BIOS places it in a power savings state after the specified period of display inactivity has expired. The settings are Off, Standby, Suspend or Disabled. The Optimal and Fail-Safe default settings are Standby.

Video Power Down Mode

This option specifies the power conserving state that the VESA VGA video subsystem enters after the specified period of display inactivity has expired. The settings are Disabled, Standby or Suspend. The Optimal and Fail-Safe default settings are Standby.

Hard Disk Power Down Mode

This option specifies the power conserving state that the hard disk drive enters after the specified period of hard drive inactivity has expired. The settings are Disabled, Standby or Suspend. The Optimal and Fail-Safe default settings are Disabled.

Standby Time Out (Minute)

This option specifies the length of a period of system inactivity while in Standby state. When this length of time expires, the computer enters Suspend power state. The settings are Disabled, 1 min, 2 min, 3 min, 4 min, 5 min, 6 min, 7 min, 8 min, 9 min, 10 min, 11 min, 12 min, 13 min, 14 min or 15 min. The Optimal and Fail-Safe default settings are Disabled.

Suspend Time Out (Minute)

This option specifies the length of a period of system inactivity while in Suspend state. When this length of time expires, the computer enters Suspend power state. The settings are Disabled, 1 min, 2 min, 3 min, 4 min, 5 min, 6 min, 7 min, 8 min, 9 min, 10 min, 11 min, 12 min, 13 min, 14 min or 15 min. The Optimal and Fail-Safe default settings are Disabled.

Throttle Slow Clock Ratio

This option specifies the speed at which the system clock runs in power saving states. The settings are expressed as a ratio between the normal CPU clock speed and the CPU clock speed when the computer is in the power-conserving state.

Thermal Slow Clock Ratio

When set to Monitor, then you can choose the throttle ratio. This option is connected with the **CPU Critical Temperature** Option.

CPU Critical Temperature

This option is for setting the CPU temperature that would be critical enough, so that it would use the Thermal Slow Clock Ratio to cool down the CPU.

Power Button Function

During Suspend, if you push the switch once, the system goes into suspend mode and if you push it more than 4 seconds, the system will be turned off. During On/Off, the system will turn off once you push the switch.

Restore on AC/Power Loss

The settings are power on or last status. During power on, after every AC power loss, the system will be turned on. During last status, after every AC power loss, whatever the system status, it will be the same when the AC power returns.

- Note:**
- a. If you set this option to last status, the Power Button Function must be set to On/Off, or this function will not work.
 - b. Jumper JP1 must always be open, for this function to work properly.

Ring Resume from Soft-Off

During Disabled, the system will ignore any incoming call from the modem. During Enabled, the system will boot up if there's an incoming call from the modem.

- Note:** If you have change the setting, you must let the system boot up until it goes to the operating system. Then, power off the system. This function will work the next time you power on.

LAN Resume from Soft-Off

During Disabled, the system will ignore any incoming signal from the LAN network card. During Enabled, the system will boot up if there's an incoming signal from the LAN network card.

Note: If you have change the setting, you must let the system boot up until it goes to the operating system. Then, power off the system. This function will work the next time you power on.

RTC Alarm Resume From Soft-Off

This function is for setting the Date, Hour, Minute, and Second for your computer to boot up. During Disabled, you cannot use this function. During Enabled, Choose the Date, Hour, Minute, and Second:

RTC Alarm Date	Choose which day the system will boot up.
RTC Alarm Hour	Choose which hour the system will boot up.
RTC Alarm Minute	Choose which minute the system will boot up.
RTC Alarm Second	Choose which second the system will boot up.

Note: If you have change the setting, you must let the system boot up until it goes to the operating system. Then, power off the system. This function will work the next time you power on.

3.6 PCI/Plug and Play Setup

1. Press <ENTER> on “PCI/Plug and Play Setup” of the main menu screen.

AMIBIOS SETUP - PCI/PLUG AND PLAY SETUP		
(C) 1999 American Megatrends, Inc. All Rights Reserved		
Plug and Play Aware O/S	No	Available Options:
Clear NVRAM	No	Enabled
PCI Latency Timer (PCI Clocks)	64	Disabled
Primary Graphics Adapter	Add-On VGA	
VBULoad	No	
PCI VGA Palette Snoop	Disabled	
DMA Channel 0	PnP	
DMA Channel 1	PnP	
DMA Channel 3	PnP	
DMA Channel 5	PnP	
DMA Channel 6	PnP	
DMA Channel 7	PnP	
IRQ3	PCI/PnP	
IRQ4	PCI/PnP	
IRQ5	PCI/PnP	
IRQ7	PCI/PnP	
IRQ9	PCI/PnP	
IRQ10	PCI/PnP	
IRQ11	PCI/PnP	
IRQ14	PCI/PnP	
IRQ15	PCI/PnP	
		ESC:Exit :Sel
		PgUp/PgDn:Modify
		F2/F3:Color

2. Use <Up> and <Down> to choose the item and <PgUp> and <PgDn> keys to modify the highlighted item.
3. After you have finished with the PCI/Plug and Play Setup, press <ESC> to go back to the main menu.

Description of the item on screen follows:**Plug and Play Aware O/S**

Set this option to Yes if the operating system in this computer is aware of and follows the Plug and Play specification. Currently, only Windows® 95/98 is PnP-aware. The settings are Yes or No. The Optimal and Fail-Safe default settings No.

Clear NVRAM on Every Boot

During Yes, this will clear NVRAM data on every boot.

PCI Latency Timer (PCI Clocks)

This option specifies the latency timings (in PCI clocks) for all PCI devices on the PCI bus. The settings are 32, 64, 96, 128, 160, 192, 224 or 248. The Optimal and Fail-Safe default settings are 64.

Primary Graphics Adapter

This option is for selecting which VGA card is to be your primary display graphics adapter.

PCI VGA Palette Snoop

When this option is set to Enabled, multiple VGA devices operating on different buses can handle data from the CPU on each set of palette registers on every video device. Bit 5 of the command register in the PCI device configuration space is the VGA Palette Snoop bit (0 is disabled). For example, if there are two VGA devices in the computer (one PCI and ISA) and the Bit settings are:

Disabled - Data read and written by the CPU is only directed to the PCI VGA device's palette registers.

Enabled - Data read and written by the CPU is directed to both the PCI VGA device's palette registers and the ISA VGA device palette registers, permitting the palette registers of both devices to be identical.

This option must be set to Enabled if an ISA adapter card requires VGA palette snooping. The settings are Enabled or Disabled. The Optimal and Fail-Safe default settings are Disabled.

DMA Channel 0/1/3/5/6/7

These options specify the bus that the specified DMA channel is used. These options allow you to reserve DMAs for legacy ISA adapter cards.

These options determine if AMI® BIOS should remove a DMA from the available DMAs passed to devices that are configurable by the system BIOS. The available DMA pool is determined by reading the ESCD NVRAM. If more DMAs must be removed from the pool, the end user can use these options to reserve the DMA by assigning an ISA/EISA setting to it.

IRQ3/IRQ4/IRQ5/RQ7/IRQ9/IRQ10/IRQ11/IRQ14/IRQ15

These options specify the bus that the specified IRQ line is used on. These options allow you to reserve IRQs for legacy ISA adapter cards.

These options determine if AMI® BIOS should remove an IRQ from the pool of available IRQs passed to devices that are configurable by the system BIOS. The available IRQ pool is determined by reading the ESCD NVRAM. If more IRQs must be removed from the pool, the end user can use these options to reserve the IRQ by assigning an ISA/EISA setting to it. Onboard I/O is configured by AMI® BIOS. All IRQs used by onboard I/O are configured as PCI/PnP. If all IRQs are set to ISA/EISA and IRQ14 and 15 are allocated to the onboard PCI IDE, IRQ9 will still be available for PCI and PnP devices, because at least one IRQ must be available for PCI and PnP devices. The settings are ISA/EISA or PCI/PnP. The Optimal and Fail-Safe default settings are IRQ3 through 7 are ISA/EISA. The Optimal and Fail-Safe default settings PCI/PnP.

3.7 Peripheral Setup

1. Press <ENTER> on “Peripheral Setup” of the main menu screen.

AMIBIOS SETUP - PERIPHERAL SETUP		
(C) 1999 American Megatrends, Inc. All Rights Reserved		
CLKGEN Spread Spectrum	±0.5%	Available Options:
CPU Ratio Selection	3.0x	Auto
CPU Host Clock (Mhz)	Auto	Disabled
Onboard AC'97 Audio	Enabled	Enabled
Onboard AC'97 Modem	Disabled	
Onboard IDE	Both	
Onboard FDC	Auto	
Onboard Serial Port A	Auto	
Onboard Serial Port B	Auto	
Serial Port B Mode	Normal	
IR Duplex Mode	Half Duplex	
IR Pin Select	IRRX/IRTX	
Onboard CIR Port	Disabled	
CIR IRQ Select	10	
Onboard Parallel Port	Auto	
Parallel Port Mode	ECP	
EPP Version	N/A	
Parallel Port IRQ	Auto	
Parallel Port DMA Channel	Auto	
Onboard Midi Port	Disabled	
Midi IRQ Select	9	
Onboard Game Port	200	ESC:Exit :Sel
Mouse PowerOn Function	Disabled	PgUp/PgDn:Modify
Keyboard PowerOn Function	Disabled	F2/F3:Color
Specific Key for PowerOn	N/A	

2. Use <up> and <down> to choose the item and <PgUp> and <PgDn> keys to modify the highlighted item.
3. After you have finished with the Peripheral Setup, press <ESC> to go back to the main menu.

Description of the item on screen follows:**CLKGEN Spread Spectrum**

This item allows you to set the CPU clock generator spread spectrum.

CPU Ratio Selection

This item allows you to set the CPU ratio.

CPU Host Clock (MHz)

This item allows you to set the CPU host clock.

Onboard AC'97 Audio/Onboard AC'97 Modem

This item allows you to decide to enable/disable the 810 chipset family to support AC97 Audio/Modem. The settings are Enabled, Disabled.

Onboard IDE

Set this option to enable or disable on board IDE controller.

Onboard FDC

Choose Auto, for the BIOS to automatically detect the device

If the ISA add-on card has	Onboard FDC to be set at
FDC exist	Disabled
none FDC exist	Enabled

Choose Enabled, Enabling onboard FDC.

Choose Disabled, Disabling onboard FDC.

The Optimal and Fail-Safe default settings are Auto.

Onboard Serial Port A/Onboard Serial Port B

Choose 3F8, for the BIOS to automatically detect the device.

If the ISA add-on card has				Onboard Serial port to be set at			
COM1 (I/O:3F8H)	COM2 (I/O:3F8H)	COM3 (I/O:3E8H)	COM4 (I/O:2E8H)	PORT1	IRQ ASSIGNED	PORT2	IRQ ASSIGNED
✓	✓	✓	✓	DISABLED	X	DISABLED	X
✓	✓	X	X	COM3	4	COM4	3
X	X	✓	✓	COM1	4	COM2	3
✓	X	X	✓	COM2	3	COM3	4
X	✓	✓	X	COM1	4	COM4	3
✓	✓	✓	X	COM4	3	DISABLED	X
✓	✓	X	✓	COM3	4	DISABLED	X
✓	X	✓	✓	COM2	3	DISABLED	X
X	✓	✓	✓	COM1	4	DISABLED	X
X	X	X	X	COM1	4	COM2	3
✓	X	X	X	COM2	3	COM3	4
X	✓	X	X	COM1	4	COM3	4
X	X	✓	X	COM1	4	COM2	3
X	X	X	✓	COM1	4	COM2	3

Note: If the onboard serial port interrupt and ISA add-on card interrupt are in conflict, the serial port will not work properly. Please disable one of the devices.

Serial PortB Mode

Choosing Normal will set the Serial Port B for normal use, not for IR device. Choosing IrDA or Ask IR will set it for use with IR device using these protocols.

IR Duplex Mode

Can be set as either Half or Full duplex.

IR Pin Select

Set this option to IRRX/IRTX when using an internal IR device which is connected to IR1 connector.

Onboard Parallel Port

Choose Auto, the BIOS automatically assigned onboard parallel port to the available parallel port or disabled.

If the ISA add-on card has			Onboard parallel port to be set as	
LPT1 I/O:378H	LPT2 I/O:278H	LPT3 I/O:3BCH	PORT ASSIGNED	IRQ ASSIGNED
✓	✓	✓	Disabled	X
✓	✓	X	LPT3	5
✓	X	✓	LPT2	5
X	✓	✓	LPT1	7
✓	X	X	LPT2	5
X	✓	X	LPT1	7
X	X	✓	LPT1	7
X	X	X	LPT1	7

Note: *If the onboard parallel port interrupt and ISA add-on card interrupt are in conflict, the parallel port will not work properly. Please disable one of the devices.*

Parallel Port Mode

This option allows user to choose the operating mode of the onboard parallel port. The settings are Normal, SPP/EPP or ECP mode.

EPP Version

This option is for setting which EPP version will be used. The settings are 1.7 and 1.9.

Parallel Port IRQ

If the onboard parallel mode is not on auto mode, the user can select the interrupt line for onboard parallel port. We suggest that the user select the interrupt for the onboard parallel port as shown below:

Onboard parallel port set at	Parallel Port IRQ
LPT1(378H)	7
LPT2(278H)	5
LPT3(3BCH)	5

Parallel Port DMA Channel

This option allows user to choose DMA channel 1 to 3 for the onboard parallel port on ECP mode.

3.8 Hardware Monitor Setup (optional)

The Hardware Monitor Setup is used to set the CPU speed and monitor the current CPU Temperature, CPU Fan speed, Chassis Fan Speed, Power fan speed, Vcore, etc.

1. Press <ENTER> on “Hardware Monitor Setup” of the main menu screen.

AMIBIOS SETUP - HARDWARE MONITOR SETUP		
(C) 1999 American Megatrends, Inc. All Rights Reserved		
Chassis Intrusion	Disabled	Available Options:
CPU Temperature Detected By	CPU	Manual
CPU Temperature	46°C/114°F	Auto
System Temperature	31°C/87°F	
CPU Fan Speed	4560 RPM	
Chassis Fan Speed	0 RPM	
CPU VID	2.00V	
Vcore	1.936V	
Vtt	2.480V	
Vio	3.280V	
+5,000V	5.113V	
+12,000V	12.045V	
-12,000V	-11.763V	
-5,000V	-4.932V	
Battery	3.00V	
+5V SB	5.60V	
		ESC:Exit :Sel
		PgUp/PgDn:Modify
		F2/F3:Color

2. Use <Up> and <Down> to choose the item and <PgUp> and <PgDn> keys to modify the highlighted item.
3. After you have finished with the PCI/Plug and Play Setup, press <ESC> to go back to the main menu.

Chapter 4

INTEL 810 INTEGRATED GRAPHICS CONTROLLER

1. Overview

The Intel 810 Chipset extends Intel's graphics capabilities into the value PC segment by incorporating 2D and 3D capabilities with the memory controller, to provide the industry with complete graphics offerings for every computing segment.

1.1 Intel 810 Chipset

- Support 4MB Display Cache (optional)
- Support AGP 2X BUS
- 2D & 3D Graphics Accelerator

1.2 System Requirements

This section describes system requirements for the VGA Driver installation and Usage.

Computer	Intel® Celeron™ processor or higher
Monitor	VGA Support, minimum 640x480 resolution
Operating system	DOS 5.0 or higher, Windows® 95/98, Windows® NT 3.51 or 4.0, or OS/2®
CD-ROM	Double Speed or Higher
Chipset	Intel® 810 chipset
VGA BIOS	Version 00.23 or Higher

2. Intel 810 VGA Driver Setup & Usage Procedures

Insert the CD-title into your CD-ROM drive. This CD will auto-run. This will display installation for VGA driver and sound driver, Intel 810/820 INF Update (only for Windows 95/98) and Trend PC-cillin 98. Just click the button for automatic installation for VGA driver.

2.1 Windows® 95/98

If you start Windows® 95/98, this will automatically detect this hardware onboard “Standard PCI Graphics Adapter (VGA)”. You need to click “Next”, then “Finish”. Do not click on the “Cancel”. The driver need these ID.

Note: Before installing the Intel 810 VGA Driver, you need to install the Intel 810/820 INF update first.

2.1-1 Display Driver Installation Procedure:

- Step 1:** Insert the provided CD_ROM disk into the CD-ROM drive.
 - Step 2:** Look for the CD_ROM drive, double click on the CD_ROM icon. This will show the setup screen.
 - Step 3:** Click on “Intel 810 VGA Driver” icon.
 - Step 4:** This will show an installation menu.
 - Step 5:** Click on “Display Drivers”.
 - Step 6:** Click “OK”.
 - Step 7:** This will copy the VGA drivers into the hard drive.
 - Step 8:** A message will appear stating you must restart the Windows® 95/98 system, select **yes** to restart.
 - Step 9:** After restarting, Windows® 95/98 will show a new display setting.
-

2.2 Windows® NT 4.0

You need to install Windows® NT “Service Pack 3” or higher, before you install Windows® NT driver.

2.2-1 Display Driver Installation Procedure:

- Step 1:** Click **Start** menu and select **Control Panel** from **Settings** group.
- Step 2:** Select **Display** icon.
- Step 3:** Select **Settings** on the Display Properties.
- Step 4:** Select **Display Type**.
- Step 5:** Select **Change** from the **Adapter Type** Area.
- Step 6:** Select **Have Disk** of Change Display.
- Step 7:** Insert the **CD-Title Disk** into CD-ROM Drive.
- Step 8:** When the Install from Disk dialog box appears, look for your CD-ROM drive :**\\SVGA\Intel\810\NT4\WINNT4**
- Step 9:** When the **Change Display** dialog box appears, click **OK**.
- Step 10:** When the Third-party Drivers dialog box appears, click **Yes**.
A message will appear stating that the drivers were successfully installed. Click **OK**. You must now restart Windows® NT 4.0.

Note: You can also use CD autorun to install the VGA NT driver.

2.2-2 Changing resolution, color depth, and refresh rate:

- Step 1:** Click **Start** menu and select **Control Panel** from **Settings** group.
- Step 2:** Select **Display** icon.
- Step 3:** Select **Settings**.
- Step 4:** Select Color Palette to change between 256 color, 65536 colors, and 16777216 colors.
- Step 5:** To select desktop resolution size, go to the Desktop area and use the slide bar to change resolution from 640x480, 800x600, 1024x768, 1152x864, 1280x1024, to 1600x1200.
- Step 6:** Select Test to test the resolution. If the display test screen was good, then select Yes when the Testing Mode dialog box appears. If the display test screen was bad, then select No. Windows® NT will give you an error message.
- Step 7:** Click OK. If the display test screen was good and you select Yes, Windows® NT 4.0 will change the mode without restarting the system.

2.3 AutoCAD, OS/2 and other application. Please refer to “On-Line Manual” in the CD-ROM. You need to install the “Acrobat Reader 3.01” program first.

Chapter 5

ICH AUDIO DRIVER

1. Overview

The ICH AC' 97 digital controller provides the next generation of audio performance to the PC market.

1.1 Features

- PCI Bus Master for fast DMA.
- Fully Compliant with PC97 Power Management Specification.

1.2 System Requirements

This section describes system requirements for the Audio Driver installation and Usage.

Computer	Intel® Celeron™ processor or higher
Operating system	DOS 5.0 or higher, Windows® 95/98, Windows® NT 3.51 or 4.0, or OS/2®
CD-ROM	Double Speed or Higher
Chipset	ICH

2. Audio Driver Setup & Usage Procedures

Insert the CD-title into your CD-ROM drive. This CD will auto-run. This will display installation for VGA driver and sound driver, Intel 810/820 INF Update (only for Windows 95/98) and Trend PC-cillin 98. Just click the button for automatic installation for audio driver.

2.1 Windows® 95/98

If you start Windows® 95/98, this will automatically detect this hardware onboard “PCI Multimedia Audio Device” and “Gameport Joystick”. You need to click “Next”, then “Finish”. Do not click on the “Cancel”. The driver need these ID.

2.1-1 Audio Driver Installation Procedure:

- Step 1:** Insert the provided CD_ROM disk into the CD-ROM drive.
- Step 2:** Look for the CD_ROM drive, double click on the CD_ROM icon. This will show the setup screen.
- Step 3:** Click on “ADI SoundMax Drivers” icon.
- Step 4:** This will copy the audio drivers into the hard drive.
- Step 5:** A message will appear stating you must restart the Windows® 95/98 system, select **yes** to restart.

2.2 Windows® NT 4.0

2.2-1 Audio Driver Installation Procedure:

Step 1: Insert the provided CD_ROM disk into the CD-ROM drive.

Step 2: Look for the CD_ROM drive, double click on the CD_ROM icon. This will show the setup screen.

Step 3: Click on “ADI SoundMax Drivers” icon.

Step 4: This will copy the audio drivers into the hard drive.

Step 5: A message will appear stating you must restart the Windows® NT system, select **yes** to restart.