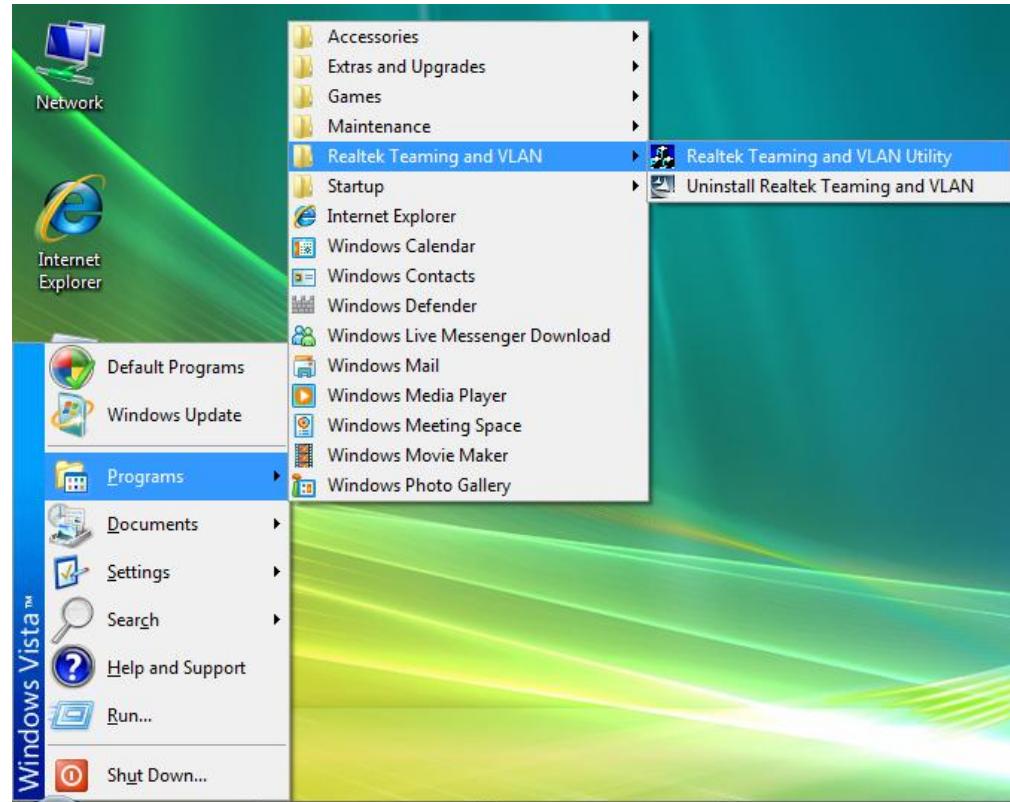


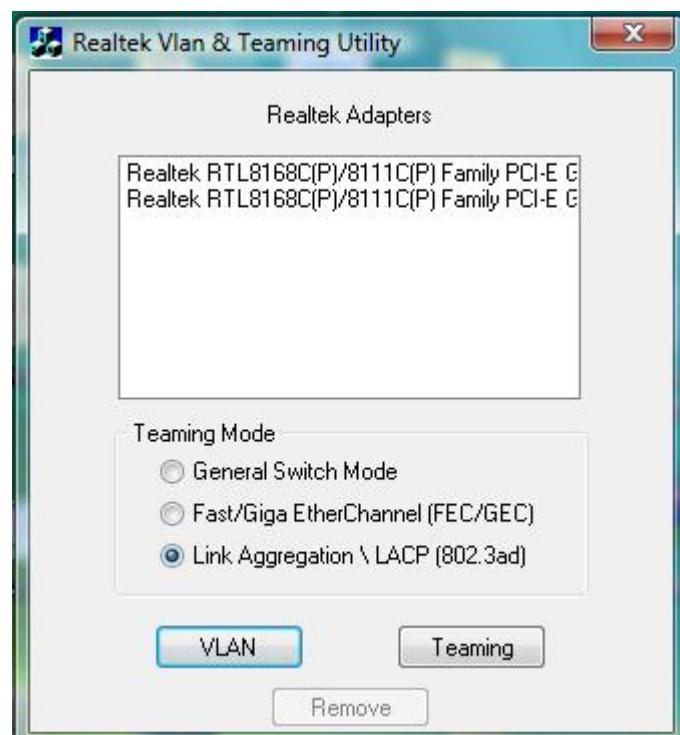
A. Teaming Part

a. Create Teaming Flow

- (i) From the start up menu, left click the icon in Programs → Realtek Teaming and VLAN → Realtek Teaming and VLAN Utility, as shown in the figure below:



- (ii) The initialize user interface is showed below:



(iii) Teaming needs to set three parts

1. select adapters (at least two adapters)
2. select teaming mode

There are three teaming modes for user choosing. (Default = 802.3ad)

(1) General Switch Mode

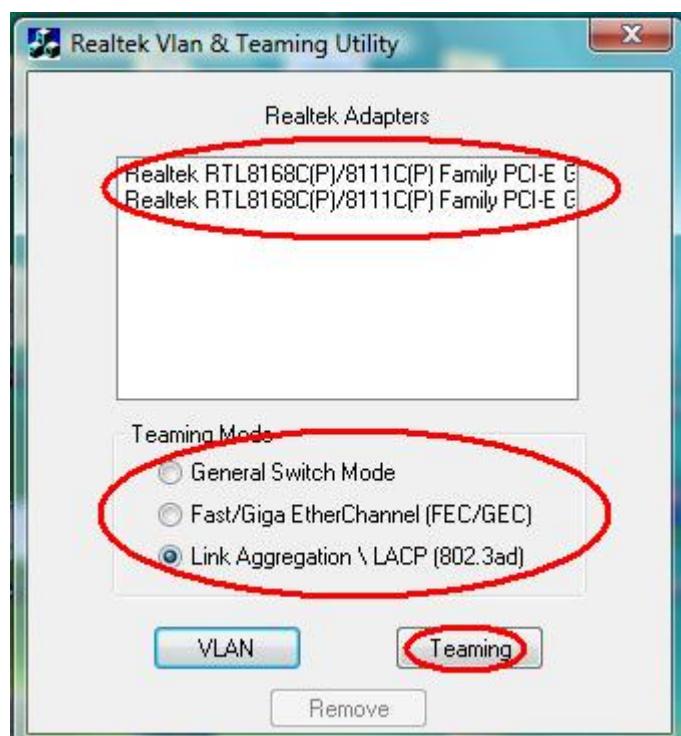
This mode is supported to general switch (without teaming function switch).

(2) FEC/GEC

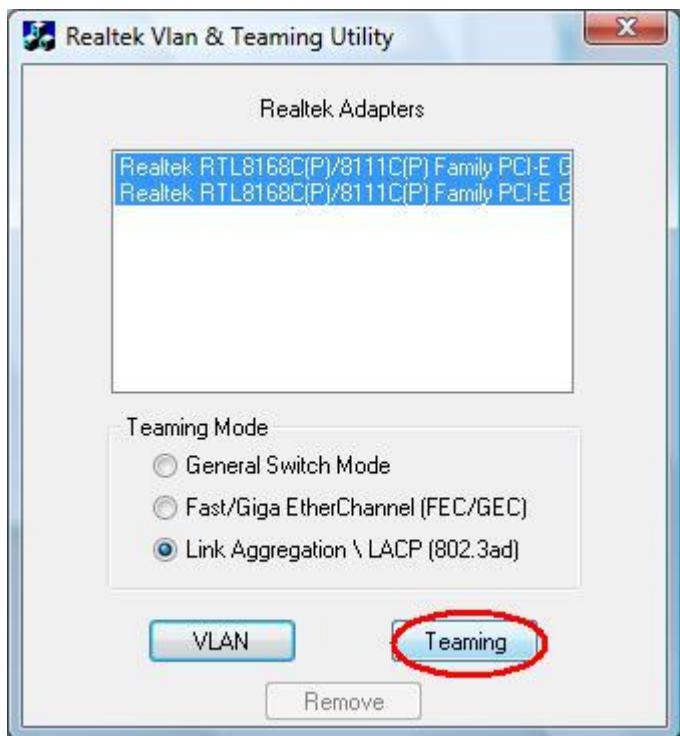
The mode needs the switch supports FEC/GEC. So, the switch has to setup FEC/GEC mode and which ports are using for teaming.

(3) Link Aggregation \ LACP (802.3ad)

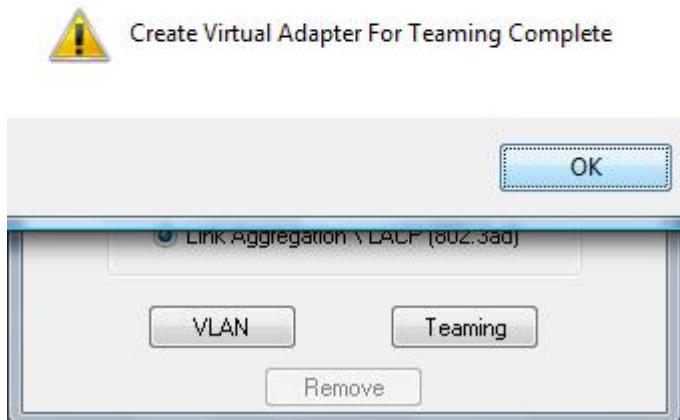
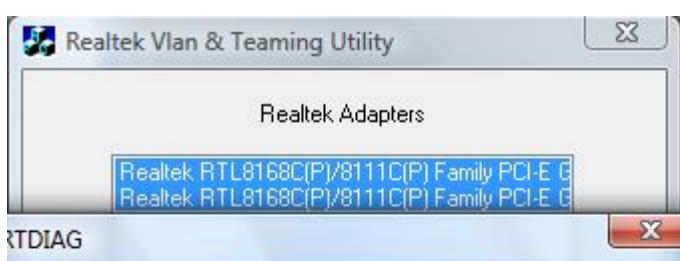
The mode needs switch support LACP. LACP is similar with FEC/GEC. But LACP doesn't setup which ports are using for teaming. LACP negotiates the ports with the switch that will make up the team.



3. after selecting teaming adapter and teaming mode, click teaming button



(iv) If the Teaming created completely, the Dialog will show “Create Virtual Adapter For Teaming Complete” and click OK. (There are two message boxes which are “Start Disable Adapters” and “Start unbinding” show during creating teaming process)
The step will cost one or two minutes.



(vi) Network Component has a new Virtual Adapter For Teaming

Name	Status	Device Name	Connectivity	Network Category
Local Area Connection	Identifying...	Realtek RTL8168C/8111C Fa...	Local Area Connection 2	
Local Area Connection 45	Identifying...	Realtek Virtual Miniport Driv...	Identifying...	Realtek RTL8168C/8111C Fa...
Realtek Virtual Miniport Driver for Teaming (NDIS 6.0) #4				

b. Teaming Notes

(i) The gigabit switch prefer supporting teaming function (likely FEC/GEC, LACP...)

If the gigabit switch doesn't support teaming function, the performance of Inbound Traffic (Rx) will only have one adapter performance.

(ii) Take care the teaming switch how to decide the port to send packets

Although the teaming switch could upgrade the Rx performance, some particulars would cause the Rx performance same with not using gigabit teaming switch. The Rx traffic of the teaming server is from client to server through the teaming switch. So, if the teaming switch decides which port to send the packets by the information of the client, the situation all packets from client to server send by the same port may be occurred. For example, some gigabit teaming switches decide the port send the packets by the last-bit MAC address of the client (Source). So, if the last-bit MAC address of the two clients is the same, all the packets will send by the same port. Therefore, the teaming only has one adapter to receive the packets. That causes the Rx performance cannot upgrade. The solution is to make sure the last-bit MAC address of the two clients is different.

(iii) Teaming switch has the port mirror function

Some switches have the port mirror function. We need to disable to function or not to plug in these ports.

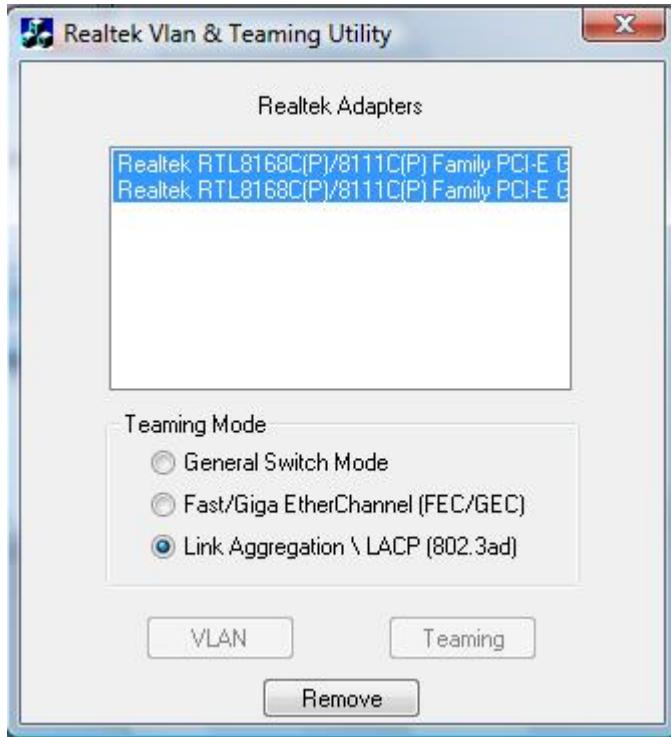
(iv) Server and Switch mode is conflict

In general case, the mode of the teaming server and the teaming switch should be the same. When the mode of the teaming server is LACP and the mode of the teaming switch is FEC/GEC, the adapters will send LACP packets to negotiate the ports with the switch that will make up the team. But teaming switch will ignore the LACP packets and the network works likely FEC/GEC mode. When the mode of the teaming server is

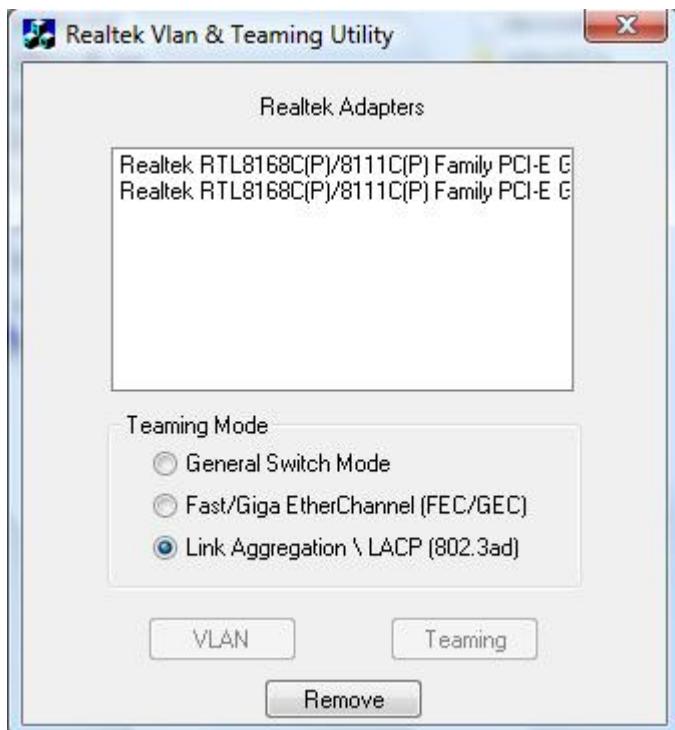
FEC/GEC and the mode of the teaming switch is LACP, the teaming switch will send LACP packets to the teaming server and wait the response from the teaming server. But the teaming server will not reply the teaming switch due to set FEC/GEC mode. So, the teaming is failed.

c. Remove Teaming Flow

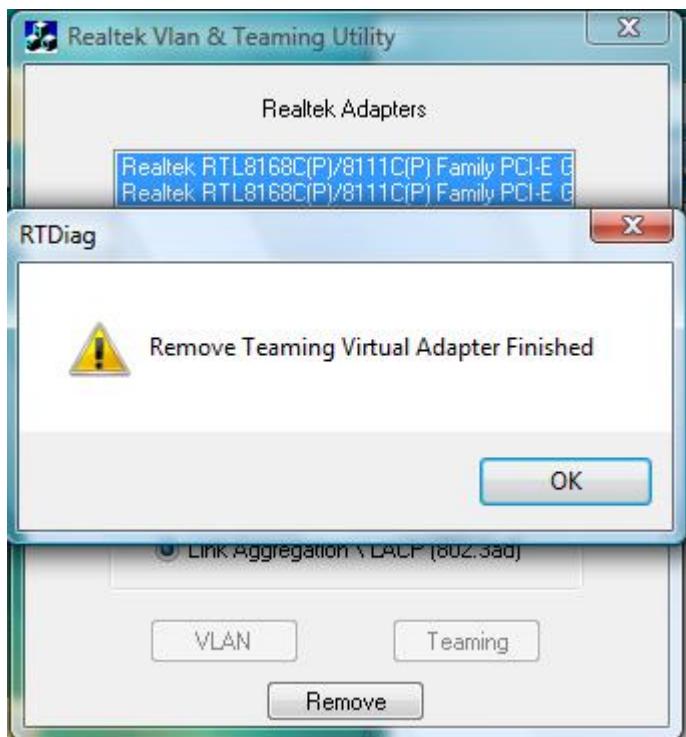
- (i) If without closing the user interface, directly click remove button.
(The selected adapters don't care)



If closing the user interface and reopen it, directly click remove button
(Doesn't need to select the adapter, it will remove all the virtual adapter)



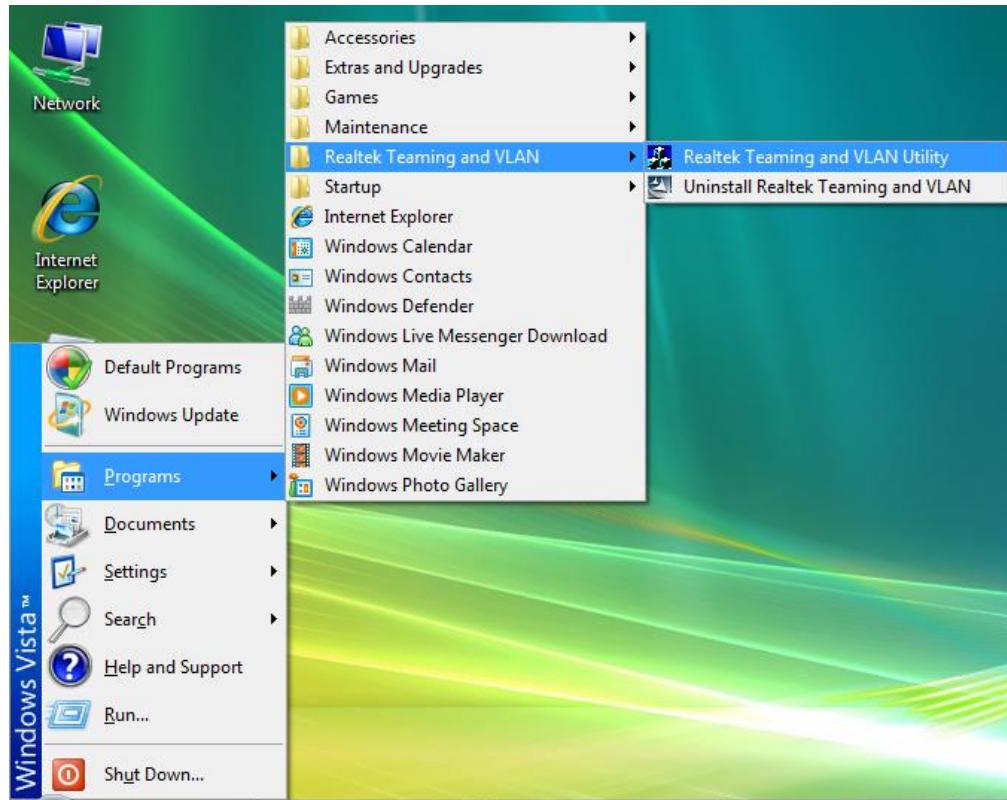
- (ii) If the Vlan removed completely, the Dialog shows “Remove Teaming Virtual Adapter Finished” and click OK.



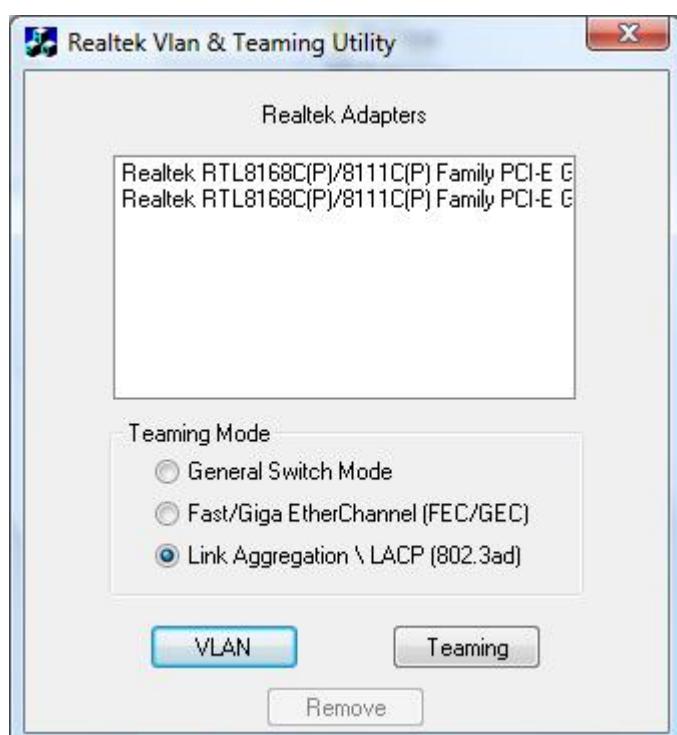
B. Vlan Part

a. Create Vlan Flow

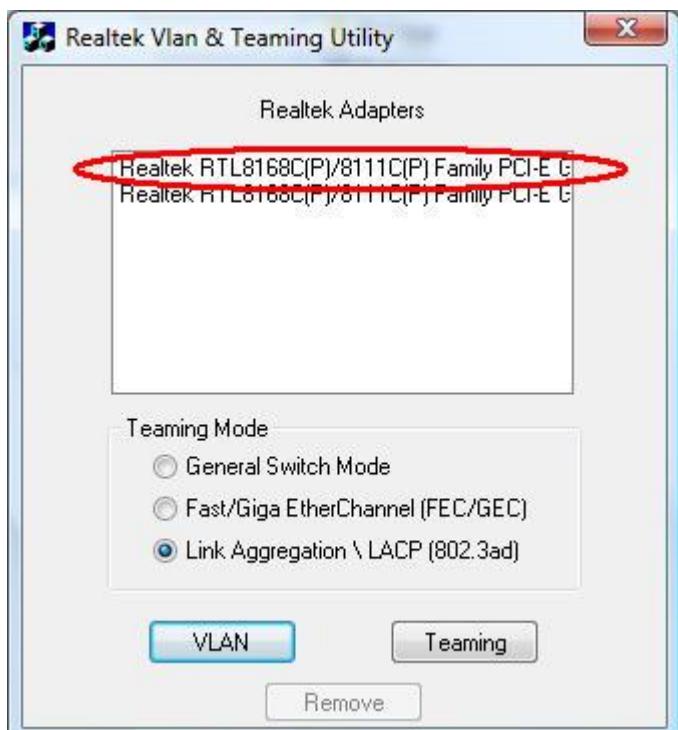
- (i) From the start up menu, left click the icon in Programs → Realtek Teaming and VLAN
→ Realtek Teaming and VLAN Utility, as shown in the figure below:



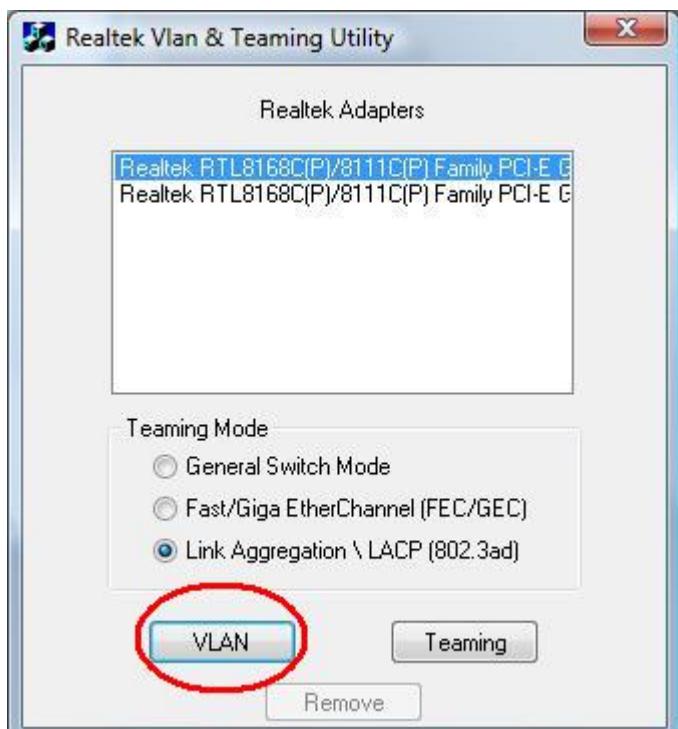
- (ii) The initialize user interface is showed below:



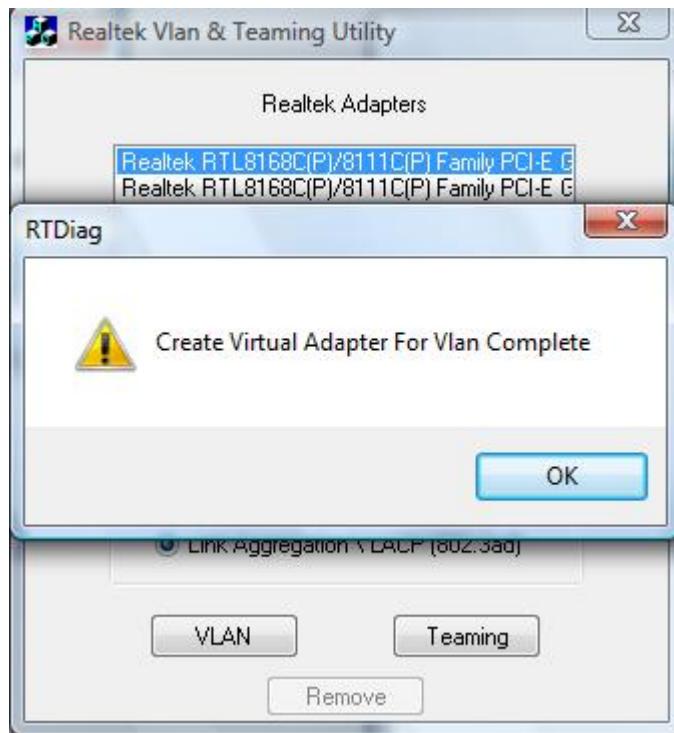
(iii) Click to select one adapter for Vlan (one adapter selected)



(iv) Click the Vlan button and start to create Vlan



- (v) If the Vlan created completely, the Dialog will show “Create Virtual Adapter For Vlan Complete” and click OK.

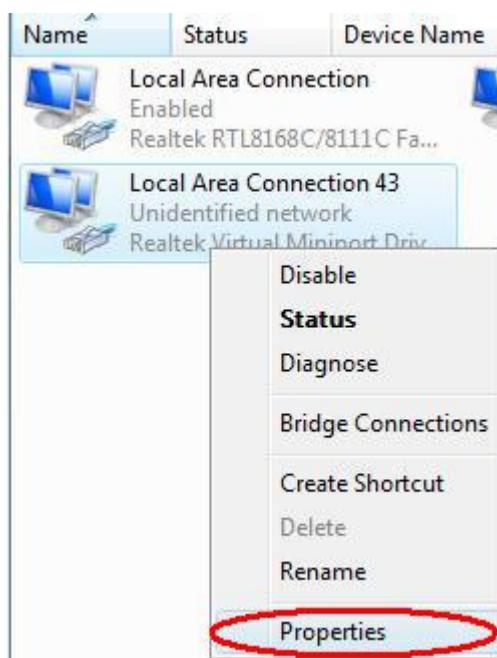


- (vi) Network Component has a new Virtual Adapter For Vlan

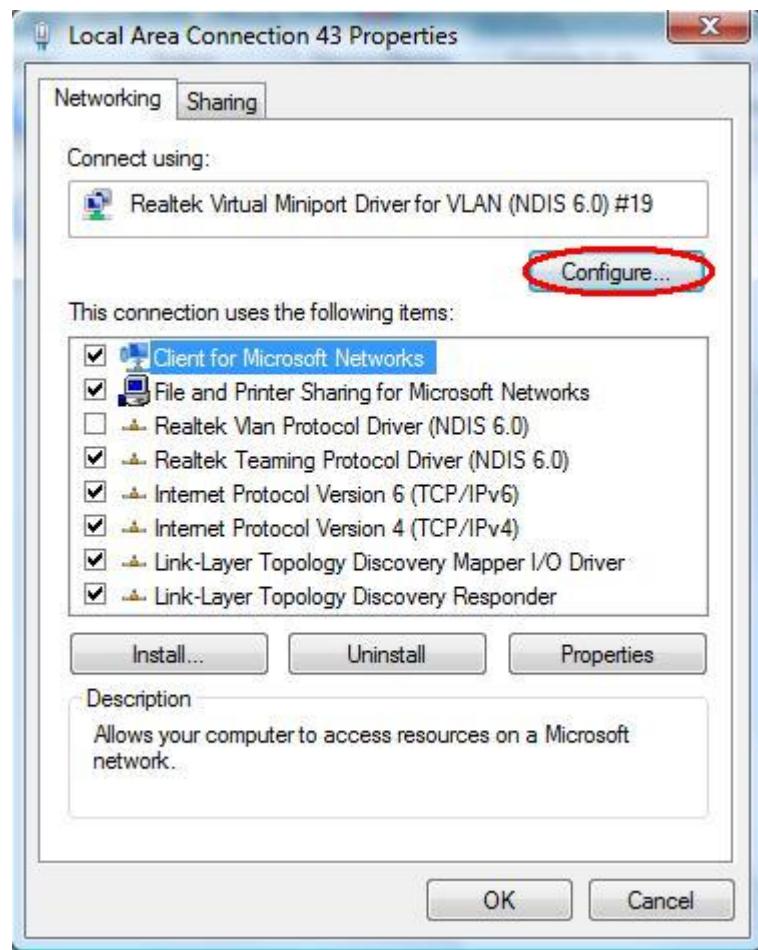
Name	Status	Device Name	Connectivity
Local Area Connection	Enabled	Realtek RTL8168C/8111C Fa...	Local Area
Local Area Connection 43	Identifying...	Realtek Virtual Miniport Driv...	Identifying Realtek RT

Realtek Virtual Miniport Driver for VLAN (NDIS 6.0) #19

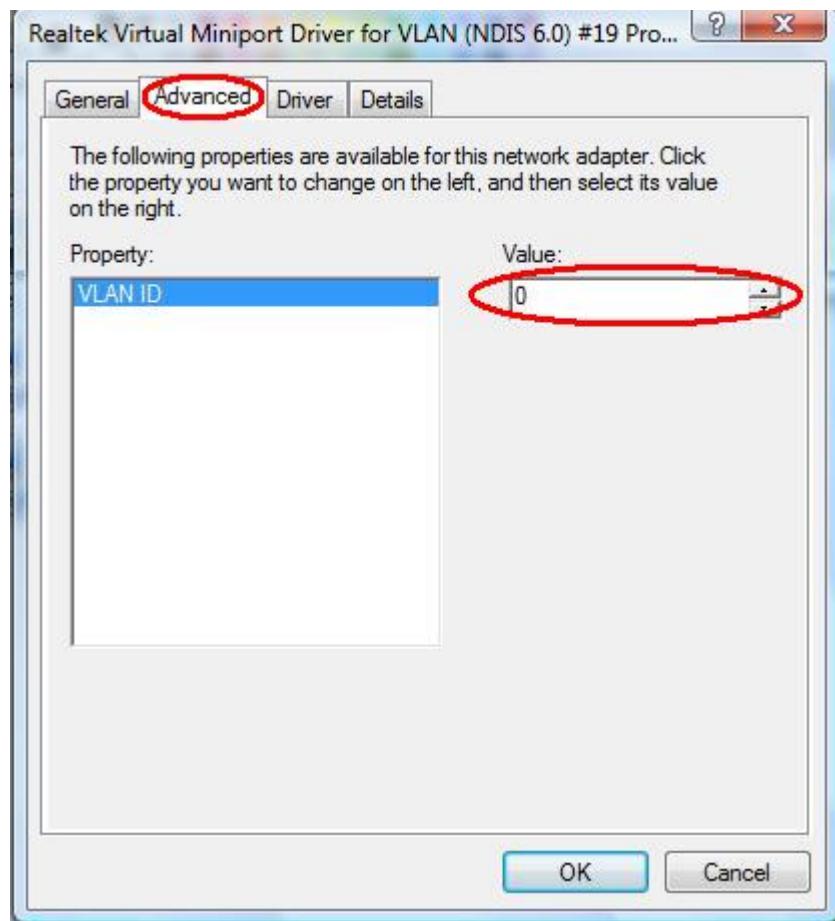
(vii) Select the virtual Adapter and right-click to select “Properties”



(viii) The below figure is showed the properties. There, click the “Configure “Button to setup the value of Vlan ID.

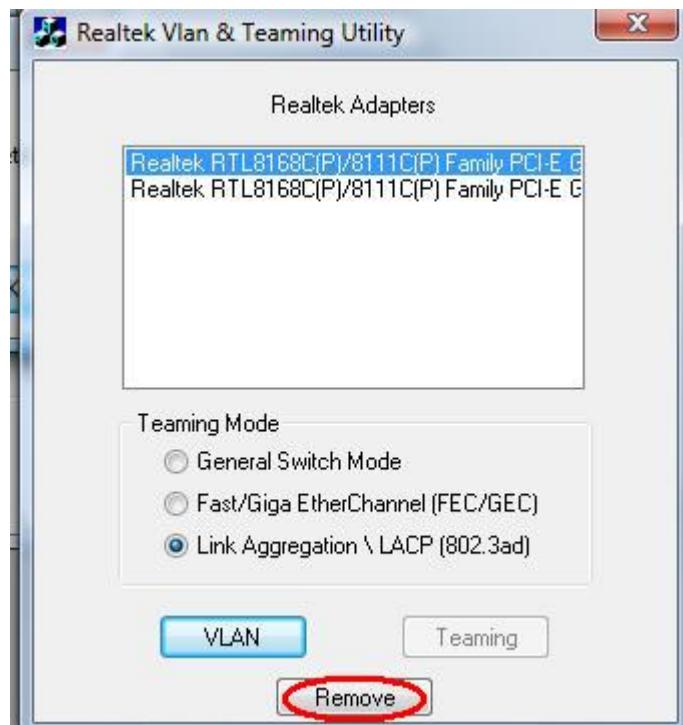


(ix) Select Advanced Page and Click Vlan ID properties to setup the value.

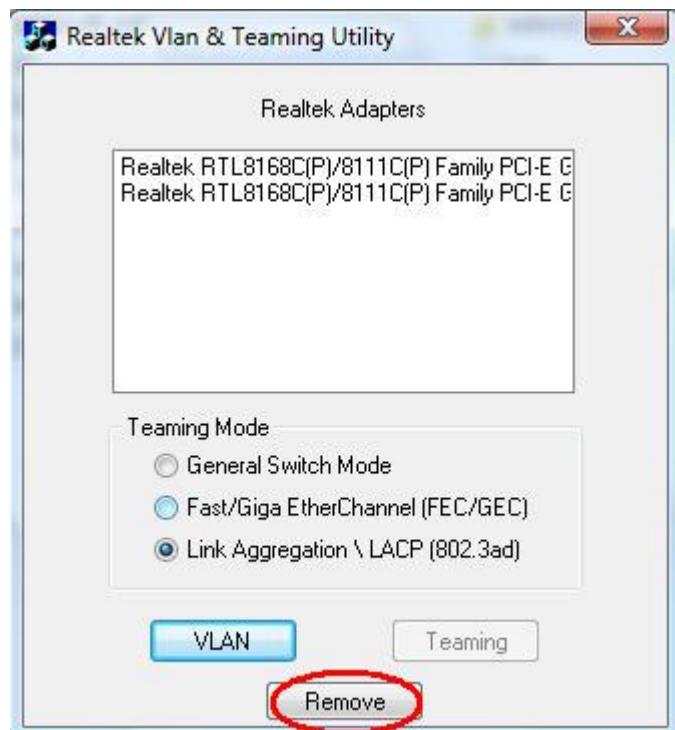


b. Remove Vlan Flow

- (i) If without closing the user interface, directly click remove button.
(The selected adapters don't care)



If closing the user interface and reopen it, directly click remove button
(Doesn't need to select the adapter, it will remove all the virtual adapter)



- (ii) If the Vlan removed completely, the Dialog shows “Remove VLAN Virtual Adapter Finished” and click OK.

