# GA-X48T-DQ6

LGA775 socket motherboard for Intel<sup>®</sup> Core<sup>™</sup> processor family/ Intel<sup>®</sup> Pentium<sup>®</sup> processor family/Intel<sup>®</sup> Celeron<sup>®</sup> processor family

User's Manual

Rev. 1002 12ME-X48TDQ6-1002R

	Name : Timmy Huang	Date : Dec. 14, 2007	np)	(Stamp)
Date: Dec. 14, 2007	Signature: Timmy Hudng	Manufacturer/Importer		
Signature: Eric Lu	General and Safety requirements for uninterruptble power systems (UPS)	Safety of household and similar EN 50091-1 electrical appliances	Safety of household electrical appliances	🗆 EN 60335
Representative Person's Name: ERIC LU	satety for information technology equipment including electrical business equipment	Satety requirements for mains operated is EN 00950 electronic and related apparatus for household and similar general use	electronic and household an	
including that may cause undesired operation.	ve mentioned product a with LVD 2006/95/EC	os the c	The n with t	
subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not	(EC conformity marking)			S CE marking
This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is		DIN VDE 0655 Cabled distribution systems; Equipment     part 10 for receiving and/or distribution from     part 12 sound and television signals	355 Cabled distrib for receiving a sound and tel	DIN VDE 08     part 10     part 12
(a), Class B Digital Device		Limits and methods of measurement of radio disturbance characteristics of information technology equipment	Limits and me of radio distur information te	8 EN 55022
FCC Part 15, Subpart B, Section 15.107(a) and Section 15.109	EMC requirements for uninterruptible power systems (UPS)	Immunity from radio interference of  Immunity from radio interference of broadcast receivers and associated equipment	Immunity from broadcast rec equipment	□ EN 55020
Model Number: GA-X48T-DQ6 Conforms to the following specifications:	Immunity requirements for household appliances tools and similar apparatus	Limits and methods of measurement of radio disturbance characteristics of fluorescent lamps and luminaries	Limits and me of radio distur fluorescent la	🗆 EN 55015
Product Name: Motherboard	Generic immunity standard Part 2: Industrial environment	portable tools and similar electrical EN 50082-2 apparatus	portable tools apparatus	
hereby declares that the product	Generic immunity standard Part 1: Residual, commercial and light industry	Limits and methods of measurement of radio disturbance characteristics of household electrical apoliances.	of radio distur household ele	EN 55014-1
City of Industry, CA 91748 Phone/Fax No: (818) 854-9338/ (818) 854-9339	Information Technology equipment-Immunity charadensitica-immis and methods of measurement	<ul> <li>EN 55024</li> <li>of radio disturbance characteristics of broadcast receivers and associated equipment</li> </ul>	Limits and me of radio distur broadcast rec equipment	II EN 55013
Address: 17358 Railroad Street	Disturbances in supply systems caused by household appliances and similar electrical equipment "Voltage fluctuations"	industrial, scientific and medical (ISM) If EN 61000-3-3 high frequency equipment	industrial, scientific and me high frequency equipment	
Responsible Party Name: G.B.T. INC. (U.S.A.)	Disturbances in supply systems caused	Limits and methods of measurement III EN 61000-3-2 of radio disturbance characteristics of	Limits and me of radio distur	🗆 EN 55011
	nity is declared) rective	(reference to the specification under which conformity is declared) in accordance with 88/338 EEC-EMC Directive		
	o which it refers)	(description of the apparatus, system, installation to which it refers) Motherboard GA-X48T-DQ6		
Per FCC Part 2 Section 2.1077(a)	many	Bullenkoppel 16, 22047 Hamburg, Germany declare that the product		
DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY	, nity	Declaration of Conformity We, Manufacture/Importer		

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## **Documentation Classifications**

In order to assist in the use of this product, GIGABYTE provides the following types of documentations:

- For quick set-up of the product, read the Quick Installation Guide included with the product.
- For detailed product information, carefully read the User's Manual.
- For instructions on how to use GIGABYTE's unique features, read or download the information on/from the Support\Motherboard\Technology Guide page on our website.

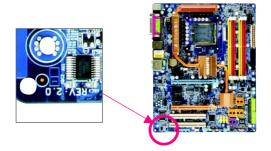
For product-related information, check on our website at:

http://www.gigabyte.com.tw

#### Identifying Your Motherboard Revision

The revision number on your motherboard looks like this: "REV: X.X." For example, "REV: 1.0" means the revision of the motherboard is 1.0. Check your motherboard revision before updating motherboard BIOS, drivers, or when looking for technical information.

Example:



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# **Box Contents**

- GA-X48T-DQ6 motherboard
- ☑ Motherboard driver disk
- ☑ User's Manual
- Quick Installation Guide
- ☑ Intel<sup>®</sup> LGA775 CPU Installation Guide
- ☑ One IDE cable and one floppy disk drive cable
- ☑ Four SATA 3Gb/s cables
- ☑ Two SATA brackets
- ☑ I/O Shield
- ☑ Three screws



- The box contents above are for reference only and the actual items shall depend on product package you obtain. The box contents are subject to change without notice.
- The motherboard image is for reference only.

# **Optional Items**

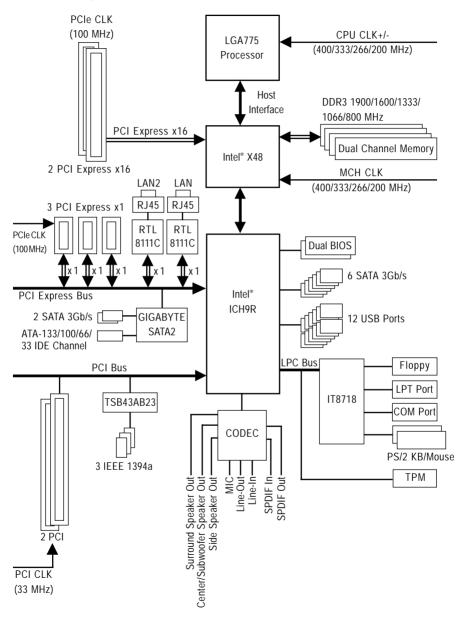
- □ 2-port USB 2.0 bracket (Part No. 12CR1-1UB030-51R)
- □ 2-port IEEE 1394a bracket (Part No. 12CF1-1IE008-01R)
- □ 2-port SATA power cable (Part No. 12CF1-2SERPW-01R)
- S/PDIF in cable (Part No. 12CR1-1SPDIN-01R)
- COM port cable (Part No. 12CF1-1CM001-32R)
- LPT port cable (Part No. 12CF1-1LP001-01R)

#### SYS\_FAN1 CPU\_FAN · · · · KB\_MS RCA SPDIF 5. V\_PHASE LED LGA775 ATX 12V 2X AN D ATX USB\_1394\_1 -USB 1394 2 J. -USB LAN . • • PWR\_FAN TOT T USB\_LAN2 RTL8111C Intel® X48 NB FAN AUDIO h: PCIE\_1 FDD GA-X48T-DQ6 PCIE 16 1 DDRII14 DDRIII1 DRII12 DRII13 RTL8111B/ RTL8111C PCIE\_2 BP BIOS **SATAII0** PCIF CODEC IDE Intel® ICH9R MAIN\_BIOS BAT CLR CMOS : SPDIF\_O CD IN PCIE\_16\_2 SATAII PCI1 GIGABYTE SB43AB23 SATA2 IT8718 LICEF USB2 CEEDF\_1394 JIIIF\_USB1 PCI2 SATAII4 SATAII2 GSATAIIA ٦١ PWR\_LED 😳 CI COM F PANEL SPDIF IN SYS\_FAN2 SATAII5 SATAII3 GSATAIIB

# GA-X48T-DQ6 Motherboard Layout

TPM

# **Block Diagram**



# Chapter 1 Hardware Installation

## 1-1 Installation Precautions

The motherboard contains numerous delicate electronic circuits and components which can become damaged as a result of electrostatic discharge (ESD). Prior to installation, carefully read the user's manual and follow these procedures:

- Prior to installation, do not remove or break motherboard S/N (Serial Number) sticker or warranty sticker provided by your dealer. These stickers are required for warranty validation.
- Always remove the AC power by unplugging the power cord from the power outlet before installing or removing the motherboard or other hardware components.
- When connecting hardware components to the internal connectors on the motherboard, make sure they are connected tightly and securely.
- When handling the motherboard, avoid touching any metal leads or connectors.
- It is best to wear an electrostatic discharge (ESD) wrist strap when handling electronic components such as a motherboard, CPU or memory. If you do not have an ESD wrist strap, keep your hands dry and first touch a metal object to eliminate static electricity.
- Prior to installing the motherboard, please have it on top of an antistatic pad or within an electrostatic shielding container.
- Before unplugging the power supply cable from the motherboard, make sure the power supply has been turned off.
- Before turning on the power, make sure the power supply voltage has been set according to the local voltage standard.
- Before using the product, please verify that all cables and power connectors of your hardware components are connected.
- To prevent damage to the motherboard, do not allow screws to come in contact with the motherboard circuit or its components.
- Make sure there are no leftover screws or metal components placed on the motherboard or within the computer casing.
- Do not place the computer system on an uneven surface.
- Do not place the computer system in a high-temperature environment.
- Turning on the computer power during the installation process can lead to damage to system components as well as physical harm to the user.
- If you are uncertain about any installation steps or have a problem related to the use of the product, please consult a certified computer technician.

# 1-2 Product Specifications

CPU	<ul> <li>Support for an Intel<sup>®</sup> Core<sup>™</sup> 2 Extreme processor/</li> </ul>
CPU	Intel <sup>®</sup> Core <sup>™</sup> 2 Quad processor/Intel <sup>®</sup> Core <sup>™</sup> 2 Duo processor/
	Intel® Pentium® processor Extreme Edition/Intel® Pentium® D processor/
	Intel® Pentium® 4 processor Extreme Edition/Intel® Pentium® 4 processor/
	Intel® Celeron® processor in the LGA 775 package
	(Go to GIGABYTE's website for the latest CPU support list.)
-	L2 cache varies with CPU
Front Side Bus	• 1600/1333/1066/800 MHz FSB
Chipset	<ul> <li>North Bridge: Intel<sup>®</sup> X48 Express Chipset</li> </ul>
	South Bridge: Intel <sup>®</sup> ICH9R
Memory	<ul> <li>4 x 1.5V DDR3 DIMM sockets supporting up to 8 GB of system memory (Note 1)</li> </ul>
	Dual channel memory architecture (Note 2)
	<ul> <li>Support for DDR3 1900/1600/1333/1066/800 MHz memory modules</li> </ul>
	(Go to GIGABYTE's website for the latest memory support list.)
Audio	Realtek ALC889A codec
	High Definition Audio
	• 2/4/5.1/7.1-channel
	<ul> <li>Support for DTS (dts NEO:PC)</li> </ul>
	Support for S/PDIF In/Out
	Support for CD In
LAN	<ul> <li>2 x Realtek 8111C chips (10/100/1000 Mbit)</li> </ul>
	Support for Teaming
Expansion Slots	<ul> <li>2 x PCI Express x16 slots supporting ATI CrossFireX<sup>™</sup> technology</li> </ul>
<b>I</b>	(The PCI Express x16 slots conform to PCI Express 2.0 standard.)
	<ul> <li>3 x PCI Express x1 slots</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>2 x PCI slots</li> </ul>
Storage Interface	South Bridge:
otorago internace	- 6 x SATA 3Gb/s connectors (SATAII0, SATAII1, SATAII2, SATAII3,
	SATAII4, SATAII5) supporting up to 6 SATA 3Gb/s devices
	- Support for SATA RAID 0, RAID 1, RAID 5, and RAID 10
	<ul> <li>GIGABYTE SATA2 chip:</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>I x IDE connector supporting ATA-133/100/66/33 and up to 2 IDE devices</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>2 x SATA 3Gb/s connectors (GSATAIIA, GSATAIIB) supporting up to 2 SATA 3Gb/s devices</li> </ul>
	- Support for SATA RAID 0, RAID 1, and JBOD
	iTE IT8718 chip:
	- 1 x floppy disk drive connector supporting up to 1 floppy disk drive
IEEE 1394a	<ul> <li>T.I. TSB43AB23 chip</li> </ul>
	Up to 3 IEEE 1394a ports (2 on the back panel, 1 via the IEEE 1394a bracket
	connected to the internal IEEE 1394a header)

USB	Integrated in the South Bridge
	Up to 12 USB 2.0/1.1 ports (8 on the back panel, 4 via the USB brackets
	connected to the internal USB headers)
Internal Connectors	1 x 24-pin ATX main power connector
	1 x 8-pin ATX 12V power connector
	<ul> <li>1 x floppy disk drive connector</li> </ul>
	1 x IDE connector
	8 x SATA 3Gb/s connectors
	• 1 x CPU fan header
	• 2 x system fan headers
	1 x power fan header
	1 x North Bridge fan header
	• 1 x front panel header
	<ul> <li>1 x front panel audio header</li> </ul>
	1 x CD In connector
	• 1 x S/PDIF In header
	1 x S/PDIF Out header
	• 2 x USB 2.0/1.1 headers
	<ul> <li>1 x IEEE 1394a header</li> </ul>
	1 x Trusted Platform Module (TPM) header
	<ul> <li>1 x parallel port header</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>1 x serial port header</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>1 x chassis intrusion header</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>1 x power LED header</li> </ul>
Back Panel	<ul> <li>1 x PS/2 keyboard port</li> </ul>
Connectors	<ul> <li>1 x PS/2 mouse port</li> </ul>
Connectors	<ul> <li>1 x coaxial S/PDIF Out connector</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>1 x optical S/PDIF Out connector</li> </ul>
	- · · · · · · · · F · · · ·
	2 x RJ-45 ports     4 x audia isola (Canter/Subweefer Speaker Out/Deer Speaker Out/Side
	6 x audio jacks (Center/Subwoofer Speaker Out/Rear Speaker Out/Side     Speaker Out/Line (ort/Missenbarg)
1/O Controllor	Speaker Out/Line In/Line Out/Microphone)
I/O Controller	iTE IT8718 chip
Hardware Monitor	System voltage detection
	CPU/System temperature detection
	CPU/System/Power fan speed detection
	CPU overheating warning
	<ul> <li>CPU/System/Power fan fail warning</li> <li>CPU fan speed control (Note 3)</li> </ul>

BIOS	• 2 x 8 Mbit flash	
	<ul> <li>Use of licensed AWARD BIOS</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Support for Dual BIOS<sup>™</sup></li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>PnP 1.0a, DMI 2.0, SM BIOS 2.4, ACPI 1.0b</li> </ul>	
Unique Features	Support for @BIOS	
	Support for Download Center	
	<ul> <li>Support for Q-Flash</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Support for EasyTune (Note 4)</li> </ul>	
	Support for Xpress Install	
	Support for Xpress Recovery2	
	Support for Virtual Dual BIOS	
	<ul> <li>Support for Dynamic Energy Saver</li> </ul>	
Bundled Software	Norton Internet Security (OEM version)	
Overclocking	Voltage adjustments in BIOS Setup (CPU/DDR3/PCIe/FSB/(G)MCH)	
0	allow you to:	
	- Increase CPU voltage (Note 5)	
	- Increase DDR3 voltage by 0.05V to 1.55V with 0.05V increment	
	- Increase PCIe voltage by 0.05V to 0.75V with 0.05V increment	
	- Increase FSB voltage by 0.05V to 0.35V with 0.05V increment	
	- Increase (G)MCH voltage by 0.025V to 0.775V with 0.025V increment	
	• Frequency adjustments in BIOS Setup (CPU/DDR3/PCI-E) allow you to:	
	- Adjust CPU host frequency from 100 MHz to 700 MHz with 1 MHz	
	increment	
	- Adjust DDR3 frequency	
	- Adjust PCI Express frequency from 90 MHz to 150 MHz with 1 MHz	
	increment	
Operating System    Support for Microsoft <sup>®</sup> Windows <sup>®</sup> Vista/XP/2000 (Note 6)		
Form Factor	ATX Form Factor; 30.5cm x 24.4cm	

- (Note 1) Due to Windows XP 32-bit operating system limitation, when more than 4 GB of physical memory is installed, the actual memory size displayed will be less than 4 GB.
- (Note 2) Each channel can only fit one memory module when using DDR3 1900/1600 MHz memory module.
- (Note 3) Whether the CPU fan speed control function is supported will depend on the CPU cooler you install.
- (Note 4) Available functions in Easytune may differ by motherboard model.
- (Note 5) The adjustable CPU voltage range depends on the CPU being used.
- (Note 6) Due to chipset limitation, Intel ICH9R RAID driver does not support Windows 2000 operating system.

# 1-3 Installing the CPU and CPU Cooler



Read the following guidelines before you begin to install the CPU:

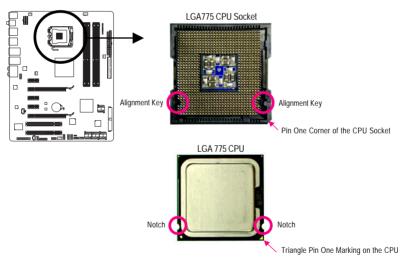
• Make sure that the motherboard supports the CPU.

(Go to GIGABYTE's website for the latest CPU support list.)

- Always turn off the computer and unplug the power cord from the power outlet before installing the CPU to prevent hardware damage.
- Locate the pin one of the CPU. The CPU cannot be inserted if oriented incorrectly. (Or you may locate the notches on both sides of the CPU and alignment keys on the CPU socket.)
- Apply an even and thin layer of thermal grease on the surface of the CPU.
- Do not turn on the computer if the CPU cooler is not installed, otherwise overheating and damage of the CPU may occur.
- Set the CPU host frequency in accordance with the CPU specifications. It is not recommended that the system bus frequency be set beyond hardware specifications since it does not meet the standard requirements for the peripherals. If you wish to set the frequency beyond the standard specifications, please do so according to your hardware specifications including the CPU, graphics card, memory, hard drive, etc.

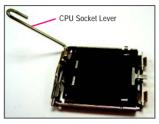
#### 1-3-1 Installing the CPU

A. Locate the alignment keys on the motherboard CPU socket and the notches on the CPU.

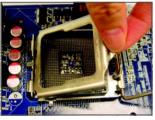


B. Follow the steps below to correctly install the CPU into the motherboard CPU socket.

Before installing the CPU, make sure to turn off the computer and unplug the power cord from the power outlet to prevent damage to the CPU.



Step 1: Completely raise the CPU socket lever.



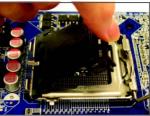
Step 3:

Lift the metal load plate on the CPU socket.



Step 5:

Once the CPU is properly inserted, replace the load plate and push the CPU socket lever back into its locked position.



Step 2: Remove the protective socket cover.





Hold the CPU with your thumb and index fingers. Align the CPU pin one marking (triangle) with the pin one corner of the CPU socket (or you may align the CPU notches with the socket alignment keys) and gently insert the CPU into position.

## 1-3-2 Installing the CPU Cooler

Follow the steps below to correctly install the CPU cooler on the motherboard. (The following procedure uses Intel® boxed cooler as the example cooler.)



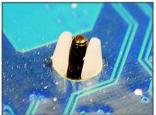
#### Step 1:

Apply an even and thin layer of thermal grease on the surface of the installed CPU.



#### Step 3:

Place the cooler atop the CPU, aligning the four push pins through the pin holes on the motherboard. Push down on the push pins diagonally.



#### Step 5:

After the installation, check the back of the motherboard. If the push pin is inserted as the picture above, the installation is complete.



Step 2:

Before installing the cooler, note the direction of the arrow sign  $\smile$  on the male push pin. (Turning the push pin along the direction of arrow is to remove the cooler, on the contrary, is to install.)





You should hear a "click" when pushing down each push pin. Check that the Male and Female push pins are joined closely. (Refer to your CPU cooler installation manual for instructions on installing the cooler.)





Finally, attach the power connector of the CPU cooler to the CPU fan header (CPU\_FAN) on the motherboard.



Use extreme care when removing the CPU cooler because the thermal grease/tape between the CPU cooler and CPU may adhere to the CPU. Inadequately removing the CPU cooler may damage the CPU.

## 1-3-3 Installing the Crazy Cool Heatsink on the Back of the Motherboard

Please follow the steps below to install the Crazy Cool heatsink provided with the motherboard.



The Crazy Cool Heatsink/Screws

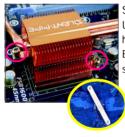


 Use extreme care when installing or removing the Crazy Cool heatsink. The user shall be responsible for damage of motherboard function(s) or component(s) resulting from the removal of the Crazy Cool heatsink.

• Always keep the removed screws in a safe place.

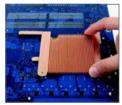
Please prepare:

- 1. A Philips screwdriver
- 2. The Crazy Cool heatsink and three screws provided with the motherboard



Step 1:

Unfasten the two bolts holding the North Bridge heatsink (as shown in the picture to the left) and remove the bolts. Remove the back plate from the back of the motherboard.

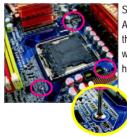


Step 2: Affix the Crazy Cool heatsink to the back of the motherboard



Step 3:

On the front side of the motherboard, align the the two bolts removed in Step 1 with the nuts on the Crazy Cool heatsink and then fasten the bolts tightly.



Step 4: As shown, align the three provided screws with the mounting holes on the motherboard and the Crazy Cool heatsink and then tighten the screws to complete the Crazy Cool installation.

(Note) The components received may vary in appearance from the ones illustrated above.

# 1-4 Installing the Memory



Read the following guidelines before you begin to install the memory:

• Make sure that the motherboard supports the memory. It is recommended that memory of the same capacity, brand, speed, and chips be used.

(Go to GIGABYTE's website for the latest memory support list.)

- Always turn off the computer and unplug the power cord from the power outlet before installing the memory to prevent hardware damage.
- Memory modules have a foolproof design. A memory module can be installed in only one direction. If you are unable to insert the memory, switch the direction.

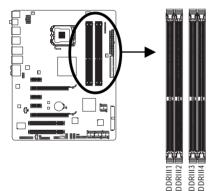
#### 1-4-1 Dual Channel Memory Configuration

This motherboard provides four DDR3 memory sockets and supports Dual Channel Technology. After the memory is installed, the BIOS will automatically detect the specifications and capacity of the memory. Enabling Dual Channel memory mode will double the original memory bandwidth.

The four DDR3 memory sockets are divided into two channels and each channel has two memory sockets as following:

▶ Channel 0: DDRIII1, DDRIII2

✤ Channel 1: DDRIII3, DDRIII4



➡ Dual Channel Memory Configurations Table
--

	DDRIII1	DDRIII2	DDRIII3	DDRIII4
Two Modules	DS/SS		DS/SS	•••
		DS/SS		DS/SS
Four Modules	DS/SS	DS/SS	DS/SS	DS/SS

(SS=Single-Sided, DS=Double-Sided, "- - "=No Memory)

Due to chipset limitation, read the following guidelines before installing the memory in Dual Channel mode.

- 1. Dual Channel mode cannot be enabled if only one DDR3 memory module is installed.
- 2. When enabling Dual Channel mode with two or four memory modules, it is recommended that memory of the same capacity, brand, speed, and chips be used and installed in the same colored DDR3 sockets for optimum performance.

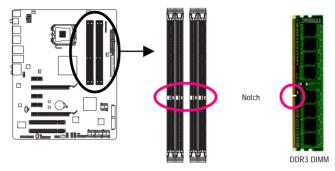


- Each channel can only fit one memory module when using DDR3 1900/1600 MHz memory module.
- When memory modules of different capacity and chips are installed, a message which says memory is operating in Flex Memory Mode will appear during the POST. Intel<sup>®</sup> Flex Memory Technology offers greater flexibility to upgrade by allowing different memory sizes to be populated and remain in Dual Channel mode/performance.

#### 1-4-2 Installing a Memory



Before installing a memory module , make sure to turn off the computer and unplug the power cord from the power outlet to prevent damage to the memory module. DDR3 and DDR2 DIMMs are not compatible to each other or DDR DIMMs. Be sure to install DDR3 DIMMs on this motherboard.



A DDR3 memory module has a notch, so it can only fit in one direction. Follow the steps below to correctly install your memory modules in the memory sockets.



#### Step 1:

Note the orientation of the memory module. Spread the retaining clips at both ends of the memory socket. Place the memory module on the socket. As indicated in the picture on the left, place your fingers on the top edge of the memory, push down on the memory and insert it vertically into the memory socket.



#### Step 2:

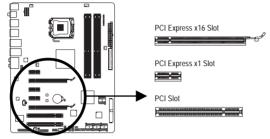
The clips at both ends of the socket will snap into place when the memory module is securely inserted.

# 1-5 Installing an Expansion Card



Read the following guidelines before you begin to install an expansion card:

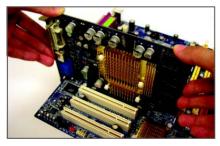
- Make sure the motherboard supports the expansion card. Carefully read the manual that came with your expansion card.
- Always turn off the computer and unplug the power cord from the power outlet before installing an expansion card to prevent hardware damage.



Follow the steps below to correctly install your expansion card in the expansion slot.

- 1. Locate an expansion slot that supports your card. Remove the metal slot cover from the chassis back panel.
- 2. Align the card with the slot, and press down on the card until it is fully seated in the slot.
- 3. Make sure the metal contacts on the card are completely inserted into the slot.
- 4. Secure the card's metal bracket to the chassis back panel with a screw.
- 5. After installing all expansion cards, replace the chassis cover(s).
- Turn on your computer. If necessary, go to BIOS Setup to make any required BIOS changes for your expansion card(s).
- 7. Install the driver provided with the expansion card in your operating system.

Example: Installing and Removing a PCI Express x16 Graphics Card:



• Installing a Graphics Card:

Gently push down on the top edge of the card until it is fully inserted into the PCI Express x16 slot. Make sure the card is securely seated in the slot and does not rock.



Removing the Card:

Gently push back on the lever on the slot and then lift the card straight out from the slot.

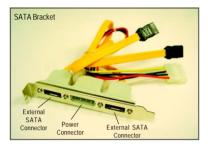
# 1-6 Installing the SATA Bracket

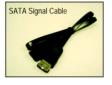
The SATA bracket allows you to connect external SATA device(s) to your system by expanding the internal SATA port(s) to the chassis back panel.



• Turn off your system and the power switch on the power supply before installing or removing the SATA bracket and SATA power cable to prevent damage to hardware.

Insert the SATA signal cable and SATA power cable securely into the corresponding connectors when installing.







The SATA bracket includes one SATA bracket, one SATA signal cable, and one SATA power cable.

Follow the steps below to install the SATA bracket:



Step 1: Locate one free PCI slot and secure the SATA bracket to the chassis back panel with a screw.



Step 2: Connect the SATA cable from the bracket to the SATA port on

vour motherboard.



Step 3: Connect the power cable from the bracket to the power supply.



Step 4:

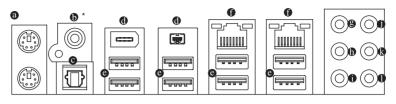
Plug one end of the SATA signal cable into the external SATA connector on the bracket. Then attach the SATA power cable to the power connector on the bracket.



#### Step 5:

Connect the other ends of the SATA signal cable and SATA power cable to your SATA device. For SATA device in external enclosure, you only need to connect the SATA signal cable. Before connecting the SATA signal cable, make sure to turn off the power of the external enclosure.

# 1-7 Back Panel Connectors



#### PS/2 Keyboard and PS/2 Mouse Port

Use the upper port (green) to connect a PS/2 mouse and the lower port (purple) to connect a PS/2 keyboard.

#### Coaxial S/PDIF Out Connector

This connector provides digital audio out to an external audio system that supports digital coaxial audio. Before using this feature, ensure that your audio system provides a coaxial digital audio in connector.

#### Optical S/PDIF Out Connector

This connector provides digital audio out to an external audio system that supports digital optical audio. Before using this feature, ensure that your audio system provides an optical digital audio in connector.

#### IEEE 1394a Port

The IEEE 1394 port supports the IEEE 1394a specification, featuring high speed, high bandwidth and hotplug capabilities. Use this port for an IEEE 1394a device.

#### USB Port

The USB port supports the USB 2.0/1.1 specification. Use this port for USB devices such as an USB keyboard/mouse, USB printer, USB flash drive and etc.

#### RJ-45 LAN Port

The Gigabit Ethernet LAN port provides Internet connection at up to 1 Gbps data rate. The following describes the states of the LAN port LEDs.

Connection/ Speed LED



Connection/Speed LED:			
State	Description		
Orange	inge 1 Gpbs data rate		
Green	100 Mpbs data rate		
Off 10 Mpbs data rate			

Activity LED:			
State	Description		
Blinking	Data transmission or receiving is occurring		
Off	No data transmission or receiving is occurring		



- When removing the cable connected to a back panel connector, first remove the cable from your device and then remove it from the motherboard.
- When removing the cable, pull it straight out from the connector. Do not rock it side to side to prevent an electrical short inside the cable connector.
- \* The positions of the optical S/PDIF out and coaxial S/PDIF out connectors may be interchanged based on the hardware design.

#### Center/Subwoofer Speaker Out Jack (Orange)

Use this audio jack to connect center/subwoofer speakers in a 5.1/7.1-channel audio configuration.

#### Rear Speaker Out Jack (Black)

Use this audio jack to connect rear speakers in a 4/5.1/7.1-channel audio configuration.

#### • Side Speaker Out Jack (Gray)

Use this audio jack to connect side speakers in a 7.1-channel audio configuration.

#### • Line In Jack (Blue)

The default line in jack. Use this audio jack for line in devices such as an optical drive, walkman, etc.

#### Line Out Jack (Green)

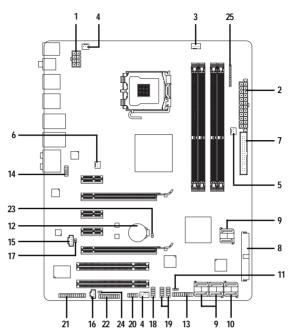
The default line out jack. Use this audio jack for a headphone or 2-channel speaker. This jack can be used to connect front speakers in a 4/5.1/7.1-channel audio configuration.

#### • Mic In Jack (Pink)

The default Mic in jack. Microphones must be connected to this jack.



## 1-8 Internal Connectors



1)	ATX_12V_2X	14)	F_AUDIO
2)	ATX	15)	CD_IN
3)	CPU_FAN	16)	SPDIF_IN
4)	SYS_FAN1 / SYS_FAN2	17)	SPDIF_0
5)	PWR_FAN	18)	F_1394
6)	NB_FAN	19)	F_USB1 / F_USB2
7)	FDD	20)	СОМ
8)	IDE	21)	LPT
9)	SATAIIO / 1 / 2 / 3 / 4 / 5	22)	ТРМ
10)	GSATAIIA / GSATAIIB	23)	CLR_CMOS
11)	PWR_LED	24)	CI
12)	BAT	25)	V_PHASE LED
13)	F_PANEL		



Read the following guidelines before connecting external devices:

• First make sure your devices are compliant with the connectors you wish to connect.

• Before installing the devices, be sure to turn off the devices and your computer. Unplug the power cord from the power outlet to prevent damage to the devices.

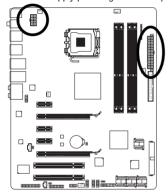
• After installing the device and before turning on the computer, make sure the device cable has been securely attached to the connector on the motherboard.

#### 1/2) ATX\_12V\_2X/ATX (2x4 12V Power Connector and 2x12 Main Power Connector)

With the use of the power connector, the power supply can supply enough stable power to all the components on the motherboard. Before connecting the power connector, first make sure the power supply is turned off and all devices are properly installed. The power connector possesses a foolproof design. Connect the power supply cable to the power connector in the correct orientation. The 12V power connector mainly supplies power to the CPU. If the 12V power connector is not connected, the computer will not start.



- Use of a power supply providing a 2x4 12V power connector is recommended by the CPU manufacturer when using an Intel Extreme Edition CPU (130W).
- To meet expansion requirements, it is recommended that a power supply that can withstand high power consumption be used (500W or greater). The main power connector is compatible with power supplies with 2x10 power connectors. To prevent system instability or system's failure to boot, be sure to connect a power supply providing a 2x12 power connector.
- The ATX\_12V\_2X power connector is compatible with power supplies with 2x2 12V power connector. When using a power supply providing a 2x4 12V and power connector, remove the protective covers from the 12V power connector and the main power connector on the motherboard. Do not insert the power supply cables into pins under the protective covers when using a power supply providing a 2x2 12V power connector.



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ATX_12V_2X				

Pin No.	Definition
1	GND (Only for 2x4 pin 12V)
2	GND (Only for 2x4 pin 12V)
3	GND
4	GND
5	+12V (Only for 2x4 pin 12V)
6	+12V (Only for 2x4 pin 12V)
7	+12V
8	+12V

ATX 12V 2X:

Pin No.	Definition	Pin No.	Definition
1	3.3V	13	3.3V
2	3.3V	14	-12V
3	GND	15	GND
4	+5V	16	PS_ON(soft On/Off)
5	GND	17	GND
6	+5V	18	GND
7	GND	19	GND
8	Power Good	20	-5V
9	5V SB(stand by +5V)	21	+5V
10	+12V	22	+5V
11	+12V	23	+5V
12	3.3V	24	GND

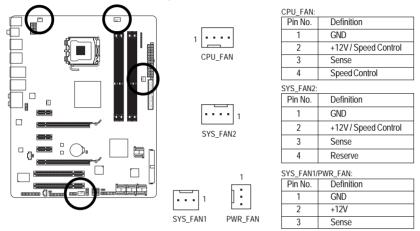
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ATX

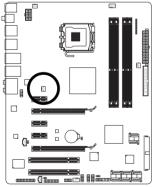
#### 3/4/5) CPU\_FAN / SYS\_FAN1 / SYS\_FAN2 / PWR\_FAN (Fan Headers)

The motherboard has a 4-pin CPU fan header (CPU\_FAN), a 3-pin (SYS\_FAN1) and a 4-pin (SYS\_FAN2) system fan header, and a 3-pin power fan header (PWR\_FAN). Most fan headers possess a foolproof insertion design. When connecting a fan cable, be sure to connect it in the correct orientation (the black connector wire is the ground wire). The motherboard supports CPU fan speed control, which requires the use of a CPU fan with fan speed control design. For optimum heat dissipation, it is recommended that a system fan be installed inside the chassis.



#### 6) NB\_FAN (North Bridge Fan Header)

Connect the North Bridge fan cable to this header. The fan header has a foolproof insertion design. When connecting a fan cable, be sure to connect it in the correct orientation. Most fans are designed with color-coded power connector wires. A red power connector wire indicates a positive connection and requires a +12V voltage. The black connector wire is the ground wire.



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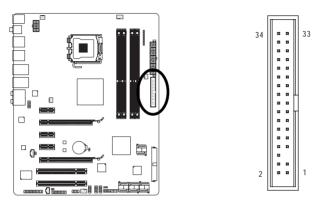
Pin No.	Definition
1	GND
2	+12V
3	NC



- Be sure to connect fan cables to the fan headers to prevent your CPU, North Bridge and system from overheating. Overheating may result in damage to the CPU/North Bridge or the system may hang.
- These fan headers are not configuration jumper blocks. Do not place a jumper cap on the headers.

#### 7) FDD (Floppy Disk Drive Connector)

This connector is used to connect a floppy disk drive. The types of floppy disk drives supported are: 360 KB, 720 KB, 1.2 MB, 1.44 MB, and 2.88 MB. Before connecting a floppy disk drive, be sure to locate pin 1 of the connector and the floppy disk drive cable. The pin 1 of the cable is typically designated by a stripe of different color.

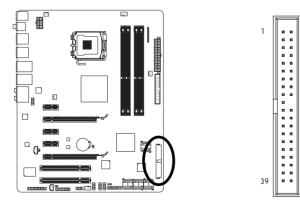


#### 8) IDE (IDE Connector)

The IDE connector supports up to two IDE devices such as hard drives and optical drives. Before attaching the IDE cable, locate the foolproof groove on the connector. If you wish to connect two IDE devices, remember to set the jumpers and the cabling according to the role of the IDE devices (for example, master or slave). (For information about configuring master/slave settings for the IDE devices, read the instructions from the device manufacturers.)

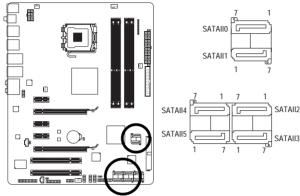
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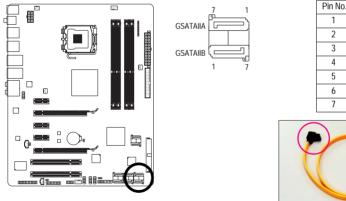
#### 9) SATAII0/1/2/3/4/5 (SATA 3Gb/s Connectors, Controlled by ICH9R, Orange)

The SATA connectors conform to SATA 3Gb/s standard and are compatible with SATA 1.5Gb/s standard. Each SATA connector supports a single SATA device. The ICH9R controller supports RAID 0, RAID 1, RAID 5 and RAID 10. Refer to Chapter 5, "Configuring SATA Hard Drive(s)," for instructions on configuring a RAID array.



Pin No.	Definition
1	GND
2	TXP
3	TXN
4	GND
5	RXN
6	RXP
7	GND

10) GSATAIIA / GSATAIIB (SATA 3Gb/s Connectors, Controlled by GIGABYTE SATA2, Purple) The SATA connectors conform to SATA 3Gb/s standard and are compatible with SATA 1.5Gb/s standard. Each SATA connector supports a single SATA device. The GIGABYTE SATA2 controller supports RAID 0 and RAID 1. Refer to Chapter 5, "Configuring SATA Hard Drive(s)," for instructions on configuring a RAID array.



2		1
	7	GND
	6	RXP

GND

ТХР

TXN

GND

RXN

Please connect the L-shaped end of the SATA 3Gb/s cable to your SATA hard drive.

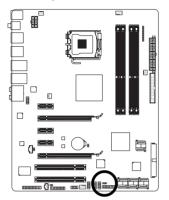


- A RAID 0 or RAID 1 configuration requires at least two hard drives. If more than two hard drives are to be used, the total number of hard drives must be an even number.
- A RAID 5 configuration requires at least three hard drives. (The total number of hard drives does not have to be an even number.)
- A RAID 10 configuration requires at least four hard drives and the total number of hard drives must be an even number.

#### 11) PWR\_LED (System Power LED Header)

This header can be used to connect a system power LED on the chassis to indicate system power status. The LED is on when the system is operating. The LED keeps blinking when the system is in S1 sleep state. The LED is off when the system is in S3/S4 sleep state or powered off (S5).

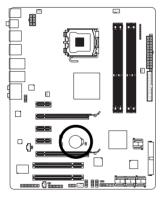
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Pin No.	D	efinition
1	М	PD+
2	М	PD-
3	М	PD-
System S	status	LED
S0		On
S1		Blinking
S3/S4/S5		Off

#### 12) BAT (Battery)

The battery provides power to keep the values (such as BIOS configurations, date, and time information) in the CMOS when the computer is turned off. Replace the battery when the battery voltage drops to a low level, or the CMOS values may not be accurate or may be lost.



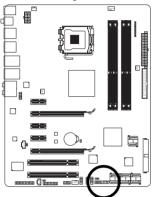
You may clear the CMOS values by removing the battery:

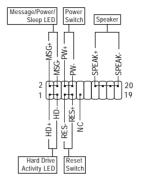
- 1. Turn off your computer and unplug the power cord.
- Gently remove the battery from the battery holder and wait for one minute. (Or use a metal object like a screwdriver to touch the positive and negative terminals of the battery holder, making them short for 5 seconds.)
- 3. Replace the battery.
- 4. Plug in the power cord and restart your computer.

- <u>^</u>:
  - Always turn off your computer and unplug the power cord before replacing the battery.
  - Replace the battery with an equivalent one. Danger of explosion if the battery is replaced with an incorrect model.
  - Contact the place of purchase or local dealer if you are not able to replace the battery by yourself or uncertain about the battery model.
  - When installing the battery, note the orientation of the positive side (+) and the negative side (-) of the battery (the positive side should face up).
  - Used batteries must be handled in accordance with local environmental regulations.

#### 13) F\_PANEL (Front Panel Header)

Connect the power switch, reset switch, speaker and system status indicator on the chassis front panel to this header according to the pin assignments below. Note the positive and negative pins before connecting the cables.





• MSG (Message/Power/Sleep LED, Yellow):

System Status	LED	Connects to the power status indicator on the chassis front panel. The
S0	On	LED is on when the system is operating. The LED keeps blinking when
S1	Blinking	the system is in S1 sleep state. The LED is off when the system is in
S3/S4/S5	Off	S3/S4 sleep state or powered off (S5).

• PW (Power Switch, Red):

Connects to the power switch on the chassis front panel. You may configure the way to turn off your system using the power switch (refer to Chapter 2, "BIOS Setup," "Power Management Setup," for more information).

• SPEAK (Speaker, Orange):

Connects to the speaker on the chassis front panel. The system reports system startup status by issuing a beep code. One single short beep will be heard if no problem is detected at system startup. If a problem is detected, the BIOS may issue beeps in different patterns to indicate the problem. Refer to Chapter 5, "Troubleshooting," for information about beep codes.

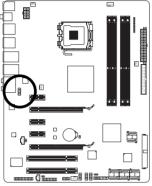
- HD (Hard Drive Activity LED, Blue) Connects to the hard drive activity LED on the chassis front panel. The LED is on when the hard drive is reading or writing data.
- RES (Reset Switch, Green): Connects to the reset switch on the chassis front panel. Press the reset switch to restart the computer if the computer freezes and fails to perform a normal restart.
- NC (Purple): No connection



The front panel design may differ by chassis. A front panel module mainly consists of power switch, reset switch, power LED, hard drive activity LED, speaker and etc. When connecting your chassis front panel module to this header, make sure the wire assignments and the pin assignments are matched correctly.

#### 14) F AUDIO (Front Panel Audio Header)

The front panel audio header supports Intel High Definition audio (HD) and AC'97 audio. You may connect your chassis front panel audio module to this header. Make sure the wire assignments of the module connector match the pin assignments of the motherboard header. Incorrect connection between the module connector and the motherboard header will make the device unable to work or even damage it.



	For HD Front Panel Audio:		
10 🔹 9	Pin No.	Definition	
	1	MIC2_L	
2 1	2	GND	
	3	MIC2_R	
	4	-ACZ_DET	
	5	LINE2_R	
	6	GND	
	7	FAUDIO_JD	
	8	No Pin	
	9	LINE2_L	
	10	GND	

For AC'97 Front Panel Audio:

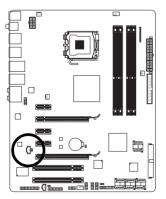
	TTOILT and Audi
Pin No.	Definition
1	MIC
2	GND
3	MIC Power
4	NC
5	Line Out (R)
6	NC
7	NC
8	No Pin
9	Line Out (L)
10	NC



- The front panel audio header supports HD audio by default. If your chassis provides an AC'97 front panel audio module, refer to the instructions on how to activate AC'97 functioninality via the audio software in Chapter 5, "Configuring 2/4/5.1/7.1-Channel Audio."
- When using an AC'97 front panel audio module, you can use either the front or the back panel audio connectors, but not both at the same time.
- Some chassis provide a front panel audio module that has separated connectors on each wire instead of a single plug. For information about connecting the front panel audio module that has different wire assignments, please contact the chassis manufacturer.

#### 15) CD\_IN (CD In Connector)

You may connect the audio cable that came with your optical drive to the header.

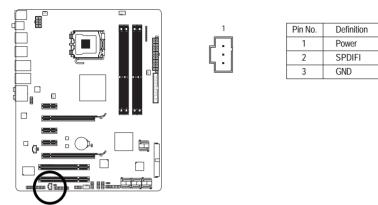


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Pin No.	Definition
1	CD-L
2	GND
3	GND
4	CD-R

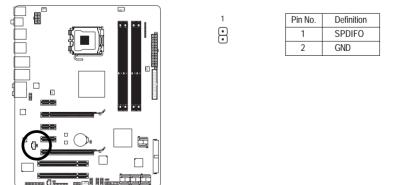
#### 16) SPDIF\_IN (S/PDIF In Header, Red)

This header supports digital S/PDIF in and can connect to an audio device that supports digital audio out via an optional S/PDIF in cable. For purchasing the optional S/PDIF in cable, please contact the local dealer.



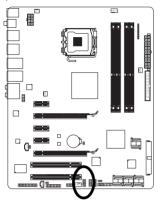
#### 17) SPDIF\_O (S/PDIF Out Header)

This header supports digital S/PDIF out and connects a S/PDIF digital audio cable (provided by expansion cards) for digital audio output from your motherboard to certain expansion cards like graphics cards and sound cards. For example, some graphics cards may require you to use a S/PDIF digital audio cable for digital audio output from your motherboard to your graphics card if you wish to connect an HDMI display to the graphics card and have digital audio output from the HDMI display at the same time. For information about connecting the S/PDIF digital audio cable, carefully read the manual for your expansion card.



#### 18) F\_1394 (IEEE 1394a Header, Gray)

The header conforms to IEEE 1394a specification. The IEEE 1394a header can provide one IEEE 1394a port via an optional IEEE 1394a bracket. For purchasing the optional IEEE 1394a bracket, please contact the local dealer.

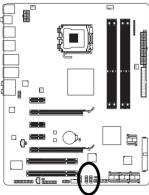


Pin No.	Definition
1	TPA+
2	TPA-
3	GND
4	GND
5	TPB+
6	TPB-
7	Power (12V)
8	Power (12V)
9	No Pin
10	GND

- Do not plug the USB bracket cable into the IEEE 1394a header.
- Prior to installing the IEEE 1394a bracket, be sure to turn off your computer and unplug the power cord from the power outlet to prevent damage to the IEEE 1394a bracket.
- To connect an IEEE 1394a device, attach one end of the device cable to your computer and then attach the other end of the cable to the IEEE 1394a device. Ensure that the cable is securely connected.

#### 19) F\_USB1/F\_USB2 (USB Headers, Yellow)

The headers conform to USB 2.0/1.1 specification. Each USB header can provide two USB ports via an optional USB bracket. For purchasing the optional USB bracket, please contact the local dealer.



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Pin No.	Definition
1	Power (5V)
2	Power (5V)
3	USB DX-
4	USB DY-
5	USB DX+
6	USB DY+
7	GND
8	GND
9	No Pin
10	NC

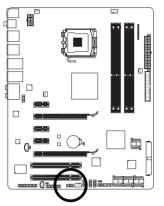
- Do not plug the IEEE 1394 bracket (2x5-pin) cable into the USB header.
- Prior to installing the USB bracket, be sure to turn off your computer and unplug the power cord from the power outlet to prevent damage to the USB bracket.

#### 20) COM (Serial Port Header, White)

The COM header can provide one serial port via an optional COM port cable. For purchasing the optional COM port cable, please contact the local dealer.

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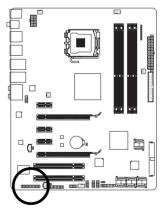
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Pin No.	Definition
1	NDCD-
2	NSIN
3	NSOUT
4	NDTR-
5	GND
6	NDSR-
7	NRTS-
8	NCTS-
9	NRI-
10	No Pin

#### 21) LPT (Parallel Port Header)

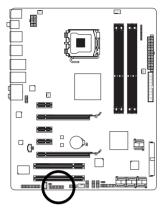
The LPT header can provide one parallel port via an optional LPT port cable. For purchasing the optional LPT port cable, please contact the local dealer.



	2		26	
	1 25			
Pin No.	Definition	Pin No.	Definition	
1	STB-	14	GND	
2	AFD-	15	PD6	
3	PD0	16	GND	
4	ERR-	17	PD7	
5	PD1	18	GND	
6	INIT-	19	ACK-	
7	PD2	20	GND	
8	SLIN-	21	BUSY	
9	PD3	22	GND	
10	GND	23	PE	
11	PD4	24	No Pin	
12	GND	25	SLCT	
13	PD5	26	GND	

#### 22) TPM (Trusted Platform Module Header)

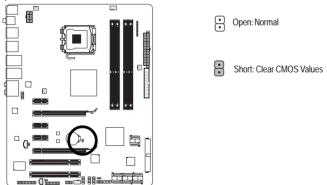
You may connect a TPM (Trusted Platform Module) to this header.



1	19		
Pin No.	Definition	Pin No.	Definition
1	LCLK	11	LAD0
2	GND	12	GND
3	LFRAME	13	RSVO
4	No Pin	14	RSV1
5	LRESET	15	SB3V
6	VCC5	16	SERIRQ
7	LAD3	17	GND
8	LAD2	18	CLKRUN
9	VCC3	19	LPCPD
10	LAD1	20	RSV2

#### 23) CLR\_CMOS (Clearing CMOS Jumper)

Use this jumper to clear the CMOS values (e.g. date information and BIOS configurations) and reset the CMOS values to factory defaults. To clear the CMOS values, place a jumper cap on the two pins to temporarily short the two pins or use a metal object like a screwdriver to touch the two pins for a few seconds.

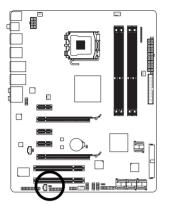




- Always turn off your computer and unplug the power cord from the power outlet before clearing the CMOS values.
- After clearing the CMOS values and before turning on your computer, be sure to remove the jumper cap from the jumper. Failure to do so may cause damage to the motherboard.
- After system restart, go to BIOS Setup to load factory defaults (select Load Optimized Defaults) or manually configure the BIOS settings (refer to Chapter 2, "BIOS Setup," for BIOS configurations).

#### 24) CI (Chassis Intrusion Header)

This motherboard provides a chassis detection feature that detects if the chassis cover has been removed. This function requires a chassis with chassis intrusion detection design.

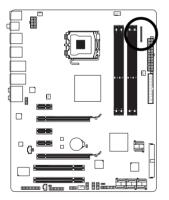


1 📭

Pin No.	Definition
1	Signal
2	GND

#### 25) V\_PHASE LED

The number of lighted LEDs indicates the CPU loading. The higher the CPU loading, the more the number of lighted LEDs.




# Chapter 2 BIOS Setup

BIOS (Basic Input and Output System) records hardware parameters of the system in the CMOS on the motherboard. Its major functions include conducting the Power-On Self-Test (POST) during system startup, saving system parameters and loading operating system, etc. BIOS includes a BIOS Setup program that allows the user to modify basic system configuration settings or to activate certain system features. When the power is turned off, the battery on the motherboard supplies the necessary power to the CMOS to keep the configuration values in the CMOS.

To access the BIOS Setup program, press the <Delete> key during the POST when the power is turned on. To see more advanced BIOS Setup menu options, you can press <Ctrl> + <F1> in the main menu of the BIOS Setup program.

To upgrade the BIOS, use either the GIGABYTE Q-Flash or @BIOS utility.

- Q-Flash allows the user to quickly and easily upgrade or back up BIOS without entering the operating system.
- @BIOS is a Windows-based utility that searches and downloads the latest version of BIOS from the Internet and updates the BIOS.

For instructions on using the Q-Flash and @BIOS utilities, refer to Chapter 4, "BIOS Update Utilities."



• Because BIOS flashing is potentially risky, if you do not encounter problems using the current version of BIOS, it is recommended that you not flash the BIOS. To flash the BIOS, do it with caution. Inadequate BIOS flashing may result in system malfunction.

- BIOS will emit a beep code during the POST. Refer to Chapter 5, "Troubleshooting," for the beep codes description.
- It is recommended that you not alter the default settings (unless you need to) to prevent system instability or other unexpected results. Inadequately altering the settings may result in system's failure to boot. If this occurs, try to clear the CMOS values and reset the board to default values. (Refer to the "Load Optimized Defaults" section in this chapter or introductions of the battery/clearing CMOS jumper in Chapter 1 for how to clear the CMOS values.)

# 2-1 Startup Screen

The following screens may appear when the computer boots.

# A. The LOGO Screen (Default)



# B. The POST Screen

Motherboard Model — BIOS Version —	Award Modular BIOS v6.00PG, An Energy Star Ally Copyright (C) 1984-2007, Award Software, Inc. X48T-DQ6 F3b	CHARGE DULING	
	<del>: BIOS Setup <f9>: XpressRecovery2 <f12>: Boot Menu 12/17/2007-X48-ICH9-6A890G0FC-00</f12></f9></del>	<end>: Qflash</end>	Function Keys

#### Function Keys:

#### <TAB>: POST Screen

Press the <Tab> key to show the BIOS POST screen. To show the BIOS POST screen at system startup, refer to the instructions on the **Full Screen LOGO Show** item on page 44.

#### <DEL>: BIOS Setup

Press the <Delete> key to enter BIOS Setup.

#### <F9>: Xpress Recovery2

If you have ever entered Xpress Recovery2 to back up hard drive data using the driver disk, the <F9> key can be used for subsequent access to XpressRecovery2 during the POST. For more information, refer to Chapter 4, "Xpress Recovery2."

#### <F12>: Boot Menu

Boot Menu allows you to set the first boot device without entering BIOS Setup. In Boot Menu, use the up arrow key <  $\uparrow$ > or the down arrow key<  $\downarrow$ > to select the first boot device, then press <Enter> to accept. To exit Boot Menu, press <Esc>. The system will directly boot from the device configured in Boot Menu.

Note: The setting in Boot Menu is effective for one time only. After system restart, the device boot order will still be based on BIOS Setup settings. You can access Boot Menu again to change the first boot device setting as needed.

#### <End>: Q-Flash

Press the <End> key to access the Q-Flash utility directly without having to enter BIOS Setup first.

# 2-2 The Main Menu

Once you enter the BIOS Setup program, the Main Menu (as shown below) appears on the screen. Use arrow keys to move among the items and press <Enter> to accept or enter a sub-menu.

# (Sample BIOS Version: F3b)

CMOS Setup Utility-Copyright (C) 1984-2007 Award Software					
Standard CMOS Features		Load Fail-Safe Defaults			
	•	Advanced BIOS Features		Load Optimized Defaults	
	•	Integrated Peripherals		Set S	Supervisor Password
<ul> <li>Power Management Setup</li> </ul>			Set User Password		
	•	PnP/PCI Configurations		Save & Exit Setup	
	•	PC Health Status		Exit Without Saving	
	•	MB Intelligent Tweaker(M.I.T.)			
	ESC	: Quit	↑↓→←: Select	ltem	F11: Save CMOS to BIOS
	F8: Ç	Q-Flash	F10: Save & Ex	it Setup	F12: Load CMOS from BIOS
Time, Date, Hard Disk Type					

# **BIOS Setup Program Function Keys**

$\overline{<\!\uparrow\!>\!<\!\downarrow\!>\!<\!\leftarrow\!>\!<\!\rightarrow\!>}$	Move the selection bar to select an item
<enter></enter>	Execute command or enter the submenu
<esc></esc>	Main Menu: Exit the BIOS Setup program
	Submenus: Exit current submenu
<page up=""></page>	Increase the numeric value or make changes
<page down=""></page>	Decrease the numeric value or make changes
<f1></f1>	Show descriptions of the function keys
<f2></f2>	Move cursor to the Item Help block on the right (submenus only)
<f5></f5>	Restore the previous BIOS settings for the current submenus
<f6></f6>	Load the Fail-Safe BIOS default settings for the current submenus
<f7></f7>	Load the Optimized BIOS default settings for the current submenus
<f8></f8>	Access the Q-Flash utility
<f9></f9>	Display system information
<f10></f10>	Save all the changes and exit the BIOS Setup program
<f11></f11>	Save CMOS to BIOS
<f12></f12>	Load CMOS from BIOS

#### Main Menu Help

The onscreen description of a highlighted setup option is displayed on the bottom line of the Main Menu. Submenu Help

While in a submenu, press <F1> to display a help screen (General Help) of function keys available for the menu. Press <Esc> to exit the help screen. Help for each item is in the Item Help block on the right side of the submenu.



- If you do not find the settings you want in the Main Menu or a submenu, press <Ctrl>+<F1> to access more advanced options.
- When the system is not stable as usual, select the Load Optimized Defaults item to set your system to its defaults.
- The BIOS Setup menus described in this chapter are for reference only and may differ by BIOS version.

# ■ The Functions of the <F11> and <F12> keys (For the Main Menu Only)

# ▶ F11 : Save CMOS to BIOS

This function allows you to save the current BIOS settings to a profile. You can create up to 8 profiles (Profile 1-8) and name each profile. First enter the profile name (to erase the default profile name, use the SPACE key) and then press <Enter> to complete.

### ▶ F12 : Load CMOS from BIOS

If your system becomes unstable and you have loaded the BIOS default settings, you can use this function to load the BIOS settings from a profile created before, without the hassles of reconfiguring the BIOS settings. First select the profile you wish to load, then press <Enter> to complete.

# Standard CMOS Features

Use this menu to configure the system time and date, hard drive types, floppy disk drive types, and the type of errors that stop the system boot, etc.

# Advanced BIOS Features

Use this menu to configure the device boot order, advanced features available on the CPU, and the primary display adapter.

# Integrated Peripherals

Use this menu to configure all peripheral devices, such as IDE, SATA, USB, integrated audio, and integrated LAN, etc.

# Power Management Setup

Use this menu to configure all the power-saving functions.

# PnP/PCI Configurations

Use this menu to configure the system's PCI & PnP resources.

# PC Health Status

Use this menu to see information about autodetected system/CPU temperature, system voltage and fan speed, etc.

# MB Intelligent Tweaker(M.I.T.)

Use this menu to configure the clock, frequency and voltages of your CPU, memory, etc.

# Load Fail-Safe Defaults

Fail-Safe defaults are factory settings for the most stable, minimal-performance system operations.

# Load Optimized Defaults

Optimized defaults are factory settings for optimal-performance system operations.

# Set Supervisor Password

Change, set, or disable password. It allows you to restrict access to the system and BIOS Setup. A supervisor password allows you to make changes in BIOS Setup.

# Set User Password

Change, set, or disable password. It allows you to restrict access to the system and BIOS Setup. An user password only allows you to view the BIOS settings but not to make changes.

# Save & Exit Setup

Save all the changes made in the BIOS Setup program to the CMOS and exit BIOS Setup. (Pressing <F10> can also carry out this task.)

# Exit Without Saving

Abandon all changes and the previous settings remain in effect. Pressing <Y> to the confirmation message will exit BIOS Setup. (Pressing <Esc> can also carry out this task.)

# 2-3 Standard CMOS Features

	CMOS Setup Utility-Copyright (C) 1984-2007 Award Software Standard CMOS Features				
	Date (mm:dd:yy)	Mon, Dec 3 2007		Item Help	
	Time (hh:mm:ss)	22:31:24		Menu Level	
* * * * * * * *					
	IDE Channel 0 Master	[None]			
	IDE Channel 0 Slave	[None]			
	IDE Channel 1 Master	[None]			
	IDE Channel 1 Slave	[None]			
	IDE Channel 2 Master	[None]			
	IDE Channel 3 Master	[None]			
	IDE Channel 4 Master	[None]			
	IDE Channel 4 Slave	[None]			
	IDE Channel 5 Master	[None]			
	IDE Channel 5 Slave	[None]			
	Drive A	[1.44M, 3.5"]			
	Floppy 3 Mode Support	[Disabled]			
	Halt On	[All, But Keyboard]			
↑.	↓→←: Move Enter: Select		SC: Ex		
	F5: Previous Values	F6: Fail-Safe Defaults F	7: Opti	imized Defaults	

	CMOS Setup Utility-Copyright (C) 1984-2007 Award Software Standard CMOS Features				
	Base Memory Extended Memory Total Memory	640K 510M 512M		Item Help Menu Level	
<b>↑</b>	↓→←: Move Enter: Select F5: Previous Values	+/-/PU/PD: Value F F6: Fail-Safe Defaults	F10: Save ESC: 1 F7: O	Exit F1: General Help ptimized Defaults	

ං Date

Sets the system date. The date format is week (read-only), month, date and year. Select the desired field and use the up arrow or down arrow key to set the date.

#### ං Time

Sets the system time. For example, 1 p.m. is 13:0:0. Select the desired field and use the up arrow or down arrow key to set the time.

### ☞ IDE Channel 0, 1 Master/Slave

► IDE HDD Auto-Detection

Press <Enter> to autodetect the parameters of the IDE/SATA device on this channel.

▶ IDE Channel 0, 1 Master/Slave

Configure your IDE/SATA devices by using one of the three methods below:

- Auto Lets BIOS automatically detect IDE/SATA devices during the POST. (Default)
- None If no IDE/SATA devices are used, set this item to None so the system will skip the detection of the device during the POST for faster system startup.
   Manual Allows you to manually enter the specifications of the hard drive when the
- hard drive access mode is set to CHS.

✤ Access Mode Sets the hard drive access mode. Options are: Auto (default), CHS, LBA, Large.

### IDE Channel 2, 3 Master, IDE Channel 4, 5 Master/Slave

### ► IDE Auto-Detection

Press <Enter> to autodetect the parameters of the IDE/SATA device on this channel.

### ▶ Extended IDE Drive

Configure your IDE/SATA devices by using one of the two methods below:

- Auto Lets BIOS automatically detect IDE/SATA devices during the POST. (Default)
- None If no IDE/SATA devices are used, set this item to **None** so the system will skip the detection of the device during the POST for faster system startup.
- Access Mode Sets the hard drive access mode. Options are: Auto (default), Large.

The following fields display your hard drive specifications. If you wish to enter the parameters manually, refer to the information on the hard drive.

- ➤ Capacity Approximate capacity of the currently installed hard drive.
- Cylinder Number of cylinders.
- ➡ Head Number of heads.
- ▶ Precomp Write precompensation cylinder.
- ▶ Landing Zone Landing zone.
- Sector Number of sectors.

# っ Drive A

Allows you to selects the type of floppy disk drive installed in your system. If you do not install a floppy disk drive, set this item to **None**. Options are: None, 360K/5.25", 1.2M/5.25", 720K/3.5", 1.44M/3.5", 2.88M/3.5".

# ☞ Floppy 3 Mode Support

Allows you to specify whether the installed floppy disk drive is 3-mode floppy disk drive, a Japanese standard floppy disk drive. Options are: Disabled (default), Drive A.

# ு Halt on

Allows you to determine whether the system will stop for an error during the POST.

➤ No Errors The system boot will not stop for any error.

► All Errors Whenever the BIOS detects a non-fatal error the	system boot will stop.
--	------------------------

- ➡ All, But Keyboard The system boot will not stop for a keyboard error but stop for all other errors. (Default)
- ➤ All, But Diskette The system boot will not stop for a floppy disk drive error but stop for all other errors.
- ➤ All, But Disk/Key The system boot will not stop for a keyboard or a floppy disk drive error but it will stop for all other errors.

# Memory

These fields are read-only and are determined by the BIOS POST.

- ✤ Base Memory Also called conventional memory. Typically, 640 KB will be reserved for the MS-DOS operating system.
- ➡ Extended Memory The amount of extended memory.
- ➤ Total Memory The total amount of memory installed on the system.

# 2-4 Advanced BIOS Features

	CMOS Setup Utility-Copyright (C) 1984-2007 Award Software Advanced BIOS Features					
	Hard Disk Boot Priority First Boot Device Second Boot Device Password Check HDD S.M.A.R.T. Capability Limit CPUID Max. to 3 <sup>(Nue)</sup> No-Execute Memory Protect <sup>(Nue)</sup> CPU Enhanced Halt (C1E) <sup>(Nue)</sup> CPU Thermal Monitor 2(TM2) <sup>(Nue)</sup> CPU EIST Function <sup>(Nue)</sup> Virtualization Technology <sup>(Nue)</sup> Full Screen LOGO Show Init Display First	Advanced BIOS F [Press En [Floppy] [Hard Dis [CDROM [Setup] [Disabled [Enabled] [Enabled] [Enabled] [Enabled] [Enabled] [Enabled] [Enabled] [Pc1]	ter] k] ] ]	Menu	Item Help Level►	
<b>↑</b>	l→←: Move Enter: Select F5: Previous Values	+/-/PU/PD: Value F6: Fail-Safe Defaults	F10: Save	ESC: Exit F7: Optimized	F1: General Help Defaults	

# Hard Disk Boot Priority

Specifies the sequence of loading the operating system from the installed hard drives. Use the up or down arrow key to select a hard drive, then press the plus key <+> (or <PageUp>) or the minus key <-> (or <PageDown>) to move it up or down on the list. Press <Esc> to exit this menu when finished.

# ∽ First/Second/Third Boot Device

Specifies the boot order from the available devices. Use the up or down arrow key to select a device and press <Enter> to accept. Options are: Floppy, LS120, Hard Disk, CDROM, ZIP, USB-FDD, USB-ZIP, USB-CDROM, USB-HDD, Legacy LAN, Disabled.

### Password Check

Specifies whether a password is required every time the system boots, or only when you enter BIOS Setup. After configuring this item, set the password(s) under the **Set Supervisor/User Password** item in the BIOS Main Menu.

Setup A password is only required for entering the BIOS Setup program. (Default)

System A password is required for booting the system and for entering the BIOS Setup program.

#### → HDD S.M.A.R.T. Capability

Enables or disables the S.M.A.R.T. (Self Monitoring and Reporting Technology) capability of your hard drive. This feature allows your system to report read/write errors of the hard drive and to issue warnings when a third party hardware monitor utility is installed. (Default: Disabled)

(Note) This item is present only if you install a CPU that supports this feature. For more information about Intel CPUs' unique features, please visit Intel's website.

### ∽ Limit CPUID Max. to 3 (Note)

Allows you to determine whether to limit CPUID maximum value. Set this item to **Disabled** for Windows XP operating system; set this item to **Enabled** for legacy operating system such as Windows NT4.0. (Default: Disabled)

#### No-Execute Memory Protect (Note)

Enables or disables Intel<sup>®</sup> Execute Disable Bit function. This function may enhance protection for the computer, reducing exposure to viruses and malicious buffer overflow attacks when working with its supporting software and system. (Default: Enabled)

### CPU Enhanced Halt (C1E) (Note)

Enables or disables Intel<sup>®</sup> CPU Enhanced Halt (C1E) function, a CPU power-saving function in system halt state. When enabled, the CPU core frequency and voltage will be reduced during system halt state to decrease power consumption. (Default: Enabled)

### CPU Thermal Monitor 2 (TM2) (Note)

Enables or disables Intel<sup>®</sup> CPU Thermal Monitor (TM2) function, a CPU overheating protection function. When enabled, the CPU core frequency and voltage will be reduced when the CPU is overheated. (Default: Enabled)

### CPU EIST Function (Note)

Enables or disables Enhanced Intel SpeedStep Technology (EIST). Depending on CPU loading, Intel<sup>®</sup> EIST technology can dynamically and effectively lower the CPU voltage and core frequency to decrease average power consumption and heat production. (Default: Enabled)

#### Virtualization Technology (Note)

Enables or disables Intel<sup>®</sup> Virtualization Technology. Virtualization enhanced by Intel<sup>®</sup> Virtualization Technology will allow a platform to run multiple operating systems and applications in independent partitions. With virtualization, one computer system can function as multiple virtual systems. (Default: Enabled)

#### ☞ Full Screen LOGO Show

Allows you to determine whether to display the GIGABYTE Logo at system startup. **Disabled** displays normal POST message. (Default: Enabled)

# ☞ Init Display First

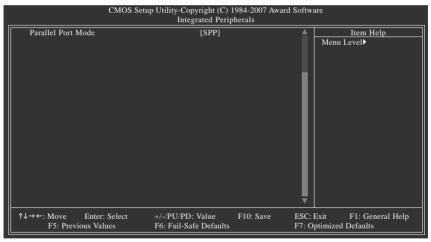
Specifies the first initiation of the monitor display from the installed PCI graphics card or the PCI Express graphics card.

- ▶ PCI Sets the PCI graphics card as the first display. (Default)
- ▶ PEG Sets PCI Express graphics card on the first PCIe x16 slot (PCIE\_16\_1) as the first display.
- ▶ PEG2 Sets PCI Express graphics card on the second PCIe x16 slot (PCIE\_16\_2) as the first display.

(Note) This item is present only if you install a CPU that supports this feature. For more information about Intel CPUs' unique features, please visit Intel's website.

# 2-5 Integrated Peripherals

CMOS Setuj	p Utility-Copyright (C) 1984-2007 Award Integrated Peripherals	l Softw	are
SATA RAID/AHCI Mode         SATA Port0-3 Native Mode         USB Controller         USB 2.0 Controller         USB 2.0 Controller         USB Keyboard Support         USB Mouse Support         Legacy USB storage detect         Azalia Codec         Onboard H/W 1394         Onboard H/W LAN1         Onboard H/W LAN1         SMART LAN1         SMART LAN1         Onboard LAN1 Boot ROM         Onboard LAN2 Boot ROM         Onboard SATA/IDE Device	[Disabled] [Disabled] [Enabled] [Enabled] [Disabled] [Disabled] [Enabled] [Enabled] [Enabled] [Press Enter] [Press Enter] [Disabled] [Disabled] [Enabled]		Item Help Menu Level
Onboard SATA/IDE Ctrl Mode Onboard Serial Port 1 Onboard Parallel Port	[IDE] [3F8/IRQ4] [378/IRQ7]	•	
↑↓→←: Move Enter: Select F5: Previous Values	+/-/PU/PD: Value F10: Save F6: Fail-Safe Defaults	ESC: F7: O	Exit F1: General Help ptimized Defaults



# ∽ SATA RAID/AHCI Mode (Intel ICH9R Southbridge)

Enables or disables RAID for the SATA controllers integrated in the Intel ICH9R Southbridge or configures the SATA controllers to AHCI mode.

- Disabled Disables RAID for the SATA controllers and configures the SATA controllers to PATA mode. (Default)
- ➡ RAID Enables RAID for the SATA controllers.
- AHCI Configures the SATA controllers to AHCI mode. Advanced Host Controller Interface (AHCI) is an interface specification that allows the storage driver to enable advanced Serial ATA features such as Native Command Queuing and hot plug.

# SATA Port0-3 Native Mode (Intel ICH9R Southbridge)

Specifies the operating mode of the integrated SATA controllers.

- Disabled Allows the SATA controllers to operate in Legacy IDE mode. In Legacy mode the SATA controllers use dedicated IRQs that cannot be shared with other device. Set this option to Disabled if you wish to install operating systems that do not support Native mode, e.g. Windows 9X/ME. (Default)
   Enabled Allows the SATA controllers to operate in Native IDE mode.
- Enable Native IDE mode if you wish to install operating systems that support Native mode, e.g. Windows XP/2000.

### USB Controller

Enables or disables the integrated USB controller. (Default: Enabled) **Disabled** will turn off all of the USB functionalities below.

### □ USB 2.0 Controller

Enables or disables the integrated USB 2.0 controller. (Default: Enabled)

# ☞ USB Keyboard Support

Allows USB keyboard to be used in MS-DOS. (Default: Disabled)

### USB Mouse Support

Allows USB mouse to be used in MS-DOS. (Default: Disabled)

### ∽ Legacy USB storage detect

Determines whether to detect USB storage devices, including USB flash drives and USB hard drives during the POST. (Default: Enabled)

### Azalia Codec

Enables or disables the onboard audio function. (Default: Auto) If you wish to install a 3rd party add-in audio card instead of using the onboard audio, set this item to **Disabled**.

### Onboard H/W 1394

Enables or disables the onboard 1394 function. (Default: Enabled)

# ∽ Onboard H/W LAN1 (LAN port)

Enables or disables the onboard LAN function. (Default: Enabled) If you wish to install a 3rd party add-in network card instead of using the onboard LAN, set this item to **Disabled**.

# Onboard H/W LAN2 (LAN2 port)

Enables or disables the onboard LAN function. (Default: Enabled) If you wish to install a 3rd party add-in network card instead of using the onboard LAN, set this item to **Disabled**.

# ☞ SMART LAN1/2 (LAN Cable Diagnostic Function)

	•				
СМ	CMOS Setup Utility-Copyright (C) 1984-2007 Award Software				
	SMART LAN				
Start detecting at Port		Item Help			
Part1-2 Status = Open	/ Length = 0.0m	Menu Level▶▶			
Part3-6 Status = Open	/ Length = 0.0m				
Part4-5 Status = Open	/ Length = 0.0m				
Part7-8 Status = Open	/ Length = 0.0m				
$\uparrow \downarrow \rightarrow \leftarrow$ : Move Enter: Sele	ct +/-/PU/PD: Value F10	: Save ESC: Exit F1: General Help			
F5: Previous Values	F6: Fail-Safe Defaults	F7: Optimized Defaults			

This motherboard incorporates cable diagnostic feature designed to detect the status of the attached LAN cable. This feature will detect cabling issue and report the approximate distance to the fault or short. Refer to the following information for diagnosing your LAN cable:

#### ∽ When No LAN Cable Is Attached...

If no LAN cable is attached to the motherboard, the **Status** fields of all four pairs of wires will show **Open** and the **Length** fields show **0.0m**, as shown in the figure above.

#### ∽ When LAN Cable Is Functioning Normally...

If no cable problem is detected on the LAN cable connected to a Gigabit hub or a 10/100 Mbps hub, the following message will appear:



▶ Link Detected Displays transmission speed

>> Cable Length Displays the approximate length of the attached LAN cable.

Note: The Gigabit hub will only operate at a speed of 10/100 Mbps in MS-DOS mode; it will operate at a normal speed of 10/100/1000 Mbps in Windows mode or when the LAN Boot ROM is activated.

#### ∽ When a Cable Problem Occurs...

If a cable problem occurs on a specified pair of wires, the **Status** field will show **Short** and then length shown will be the approximate distance to the fault or short.

```
Example: Part1-2 Status = Short / Length = 1.6m
Explanation: A fault or short might occur at about 1.6m on Part 1-2.
```

Note: Part 4-5 and Part 7-8 are not used in a 10/100 Mbps environment, so their **Status** fields will show **Open**, and the length shown is the approximate length of the attached LAN cable.

# Onboard LAN1 Boot ROM (LAN port)

Allows you to decide whether to activate the boot ROM integrated with the onboard LAN chip. (Default: Disabled)

# ∽ Onboard LAN2 Boot ROM (LAN2 port)

Allows you to decide whether to activate the boot ROM integrated with the onboard LAN chip. (Default: Disabled)

# ∽ Onboard SATA/IDE Device (GIGABYTE SATA2 Chip)

Enables or disables the IDE and SATA controllers integrated in the GIGABYTE SATA 2 chip. (Default: Enabled)

# Onboard SATA/IDE Ctrl Mode (GIGABYTE SATA2 Chip)

Enables or disables RAID for the SATA controller integrated in the GIGABYTE SATA 2 chip or configures the SATA controller to AHCI mode.

- ► IDE Disables RAID for the SATA controller and configures the SATA controller to PATA mode. (Default)
- ➤ AHCI Configures the SATA controller to AHCI mode. Advanced Host Controller Interface (AHCI) is an interface specification that allows the storage driver to enable advanced Serial ATA features such as Native Command Queuing and hot plug.
- ➡ RAID/IDE Enables RAID for the SATA controller. (The IDE controller still operates in PATA mode)

# Onboard Serial Port 1

Enables or disables the first serial port and specifies its base I/O address and corresponding interrupt. Options are: Auto, 3F8/IRQ4 (default), 2F8/IRQ3, 3E8/IRQ4, 2E8/IRQ3, Disabled.

# Onboard Parallel Port

Enables or disables the onboard parallel port (LPT) and specifies its base I/O address and corresponding interrupt. Options are: 378/IRQ7 (default), 278/IRQ5, 3BC/IRQ7, Disabled.

# ∽ Parallel Port Mode

Selects an operating mode for the onboard parallel (LPT) port. Options are: SPP (Standard Parallel Port)(default), EPP (Enhanced Parallel Port), ECP (Extended Capabilities Port), ECP+EPP.

# 2-6 Power Management Setup

CMOS Setup Utility-Copyright (C) 1984-2007 Award Software Power Management Setup					
ACPI Suspend Type Soft-Off by PWR-BTIN PME Event Wake Up Power On by Ring Resume by Alarm × Date (of Month) Alarm Time (hhrimm:ss) Alarm HPET Support <sup>(Note)</sup> HPET Mode <sup>(Note)</sup> Power On By Mouse Power On By Keyboard × KB Power ON Password AC Back Function	[S3(STR)] [Instant-Off] [Enabled] [Enabled] [Disabled] Everyday 0:0:0 [Enabled] [32-bit mode] [Disabled] [Disabled] Enter [Soft-Off]	Item Help Menu Level≯			
↑↓→←: Move Enter: Select F5: Previous Values		2: Exit F1: General Help Optimized Defaults			

# ACPI Suspend Type

Specifies the ACPI sleep state when the system enters suspend.

- S1(POS) Enables the system to enter the ACPI S1 (Power on Suspend) sleep state. In S1 sleep state, the system appears suspended and stays in a low power mode. The system can be resumed at any time.
- S3(STR) Enables the system to enter the ACPI S3 (Suspend to RAM) sleep state (default). In S3 sleep state, the system appears to be off and consumes less power than in the S1 state. When signaled by a wake-up device or event, the system resumes to its working state exactly where it was left off.

# ∽ Soft-Off by PWR-BTTN

Configures the way to turn off the computer in MS-DOS mode using the power button.

- > Instant-Off Press the power button and then the system will be turned off instantly. (Default)
- Delay 4 Sec. Press and hold the power button for 4 seconds to turn off the system. If the power button is pressed for less than 4 seconds, the system will enter suspend mode.

# ☞ PME Event Wake Up

Allows the system to be awakened from an ACPI sleep state by a wake-up signal from a PCI or PCIe device. Note: To use this function, you need an ATX power supply providing at least 1A on the +5VSB lead. (Default: Enabled)

# ∽ Power On by Ring

Allows the system to be awakened from an ACPI sleep state by a wake-up signal from a modem that supports wake-up function. (Default: Enabled)

(Note) Supported on Windows® Vista® operating system only.

### ∽ Resume by Alarm

Determines whether to power on the system at a desired time. (Default: Disabled) If enabled, set the date and time as following:

▶ Date (of Month) Alarm : Turn on the system at a specific time on each day or on a specific day in a month.

➤ Time (hh: mm: ss) Alarm : Set the time at which the system will be powered on automatically. Note: When using this function, avoid inadequate shutdown from the operating system or removal of the AC power, or the settings may not be effective.

### ☞ HPET Support (Note)

Enables or disables High Precision Event Timer (HPET) for Windows<sup>®</sup> Vista<sup>®</sup> operating system. (Default: Enabled)

### → HPET Mode (Note)

Allows you to select the HPET mode for your Windows<sup>®</sup> Vista<sup>®</sup> operating system. Select **32-bit** mode when you install 32-bit Windows<sup>®</sup> Vista<sup>®</sup> ; select **64-bit** mode when you install 64-bit Windows<sup>®</sup> Vista<sup>®</sup>. (Default: 32-bit mode)

#### ∽ Power On By Mouse

Allows the system to be turned on by a PS/2 mouse wake-up event.

Note: To use this function, you need an ATX power supply providing at least 1A on the +5VSB lead.

- Disabled Disables this function. (Default)
- Double Click Double click on left button on the PS/2 mouse to turn on the system.

### ∽ Power On By Keyboard

Allows the system to be turned on by a PS/2 keyboard wake-up event.

Note: you need an ATX power supply providing at least 1A on the +5VSB lead.

- Disabled Disables this function. (Default)
- ▶ Password Set a password with 1~5 characters to turn on the system.
- ▶ Keyboard 98 Press POWER button on the Windows 98 keyboard to turn on the system.

# ∽ KB Power ON Password

Set the password when **Power On by Keyboard** is set to **Password**. Press <Enter> on this item and set a password with up to 5 characters and then press <Enter> to accept. To turn on the system, enter the password and press <Enter>.

Note: To cancel the password, press <Enter> on this item. When prompted for the password, press <Enter> again without entering the password to clear the password settings.

# → AC Back Function

Determines the state of the system after the return of power from an AC power loss.

- ✤ Soft-Off The system stays off upon the return of the AC power. (Default )
- ➡ Full-On The system is turned on upon the return of the AC power.
- Memory The system returns to its last known awake state upon the return of the AC power.

(Note) Supported on Windows® Vista® operating system only.

# 2-7 PnP/PCI Configurations

CMOS Setup Utility-Copyright (C) 1984-2007 Award Software PnP/PCI Configurations				
PCI1 IRQ Assignment	[Auto]	Item Help		
PCI2 IRQ Assignment	[Auto]	Menu Level▶		
		i		
		i		
$\uparrow \downarrow \rightarrow \leftarrow$ : Move Enter: Select		ESC: Exit F1: General Help		
F5: Previous Values	F6: Fail-Safe Defaults	F7: Optimized Defaults		

# ☞ PCI1 IRQ Assignment

Auto BIOS auto-assigns IRQ to the first PCI slot. (Default)
 3,4,5,7,9,10,11,12,14,15
 Assigns IRQ 3,4,5,7,9,10,11,12,14,15 to the first PCI slot.

# ☞ PCI2 IRQ Assignment

➡ Auto

▶ 3,4,5,7,9,10,11,12,14,15

BIOS auto-assigns IRQ to the second PCI slot. (Default) Assigns IRQ 3,4,5,7,9,10,11,12,14,15 to the second PCI slot.

# 2-8 PC Health Status

CMOS Setup Utility-Copyright (C) 1984-2007 Award Software PC Health Status				
Reset Case Open Status	[Disabled]	Item Help		
Case Opened		Menu Level▶		
Vcore				
DDR15V	1.520V			
+3.3V				
+12V				
Current System Temperature				
Current CPU Temperature				
Current CPU FAN Speed	2518 RPM			
Current SYSTEM FAN2 Speed	0 RPM			
Current POWER FAN Speed	0 RPM			
Current SYSTEM FAN1 Speed	0 RPM			
CPU Warning Temperature	[Disabled]			
CPU FAN Fail Warning	[Disabled]			
SYSTEM FAN2 Fail Warning	[Disabled]			
POWER FAN Fail Warning	[Disabled]			
SYSTEM FAN1 Fail Warning	[Disabled]			
CPU Smart FAN Control	[Enabled]			
CPU Smart FAN Mode	[Auto]			
$\uparrow \downarrow \rightarrow \leftarrow$ : Move Enter: Select	+/-/PU/PD: Value F10: Save H	ESC: Exit F1: General Help		
F5: Previous Values	F6: Fail-Safe Defaults I	7: Optimized Defaults		

### Reset Case Open Status

Keeps or clears the record of previous chassis intrusion status. **Enabled** clears the record of previous chassis intrusion status and the **Case Opened** field will show "No" at next boot. (Default: Disabled)

#### Case Opened

Displays the detection status of the chassis intrusion detection device attached to the motherboard CI header. If the system chassis cover is removed, this field will show "Yes", otherwise it will show "No". To clear the chassis intrusion status record, set **Reset Case Open Status** to **Enabled**, save the settings to CMOS, and then restart your system.

#### Current Voltage(V) Vcore/DDR15V/+3.3V/+12V

Displays the current system voltages.

- Current System/CPU Temperature Displays current system/CPU temperature.
- ☞ Current CPU/SYSTEM/POWER FAN Speed (RPM)

Displays current CPU/system/power fan speed.

→ CPU Warning Temperature

Sets the warning threshold for CPU temperature. When CPU temperature exceeds the threshold, BIOS will emit warning sound. Options are: Disabled (default),  $60^{\circ}C/140^{\circ}F$ ,  $70^{\circ}C/158^{\circ}F$ ,  $80^{\circ}C/176^{\circ}F$ ,  $90^{\circ}C/194^{\circ}F$ .

#### ∽ CPU/SYSTEM/POWER FAN Fail Warning

Allows the system to emit warning sound if the CPU/system/power fan is not connected or fails. Check the fan condition or fan connection when this occurs. (Default: Disabled)

# ∽ CPU Smart FAN Control

Enables or disables the CPU fan speed control function. **Enabled** allows the CPU fan to run at different speed according to the CPU temperature. You can adjust the fan speed with EasyTune based on system requirements. If disabled, CPU fan runs at full speed. (Default: Enabled)

### ∽ CPU Smart FAN Mode

Specifies how to control CPU fan speed. This item is configurable only if CPU Smart FAN Control is set to Enabled.

- ✤ Auto Lets BIOS autodetect the type of CPU fan installed and sets the optimal CPU fan control mode. (Default)
- ✤ Voltage Sets Voltage mode for a 3-pin CPU fan.

PWM Sets PWM mode for a 4-pin CPU fan.

Note: The **Voltage** mode can be set for a 3-pin CPU fan or a 4-pin CPU fan. However, for a 4-pin CPU fan that is not designed following Intel PWM fan specifications, selecting PWM mode may not effectively reduce the fan speed.

# 2-9 MB Intelligent Tweaker(M.I.T.)

CMOS Setup Utility-Copyright (C) 1984-2007 Award Software MB Intelligent Tweaker(M.I.T.)							
Robust Graphics Booster CPU Clock Ratio (None) CPU Frequency CPU Host Clock Control           x CPU Host Frequency (Mhz) PCI Express Frequency (Mhz) C.I.A. 2 Performance Enhance System Memory Multiplier Memory Frequency (Mhz) DRAM Timing Selectable           ************************************				Item Help Menu Level≯			
↑↓→←: Move Enter: Select F5: Previous Values	+/-/PU/PD F6: Fail-Sa	: Value F10: Sa fe Defaults		Exit F1: General Help ptimized Defaults			

CMOS Setu		yright (C) 1 ligent Tweak	984-2007 Award er(M.I.T.)	l Softwa	are	
x Write To Precharge Delay	6	Auto		<u> </u>		Item Help
x Refresh to ACT Delay					Menu	Level
x Read to Precharge Delay						
x Static tRead Value						
x Static tRead Phase Adjust				- 81		
x Command Rate (CMD)						
******* Clock Driving & Skew Cor						
CPU/PCIEX Clock Driving Contro	1	[800mV]				
CPU Clock Skew Control		[Normal]				
(G)MCH Clock Skew Control		[Normal]				
******* System Voltage Optimized						
System Voltage Control		[Manual]				
DDR3 OverVoltage Control		[Normal]				
PCI-E OverVoltage Control		[Normal]				
FSB OverVoltage Control		[Normal]				
(G)MCH OverVoltage Control		[Normal]				
Loadline Calibration		[Enabled]				
CPU Voltage Control		[Normal]				
Normal CPU Vcore						
↑↓→←: Move Enter: Select F5: Previous Values	+/-/PU/PD: F6: Fail-Sat		F10: Save		Exit ptimized	F1: General Help Defaults



- Incorrectly doing overclock/overvoltage may result in damage to CPU, chipset, or memory
  and reduce the useful life of these components. This page is for advanced users only and
  we recommend you not to alter the default settings to prevent system instability or other
  unexpected results. (Inadequately altering the settings may result in system's failure to
  boot. If this occurs, clear the CMOS values and reset the board to default values.)
- When the System Voltage Optimized item blinks in red, it is recommended that you set the System Voltage Control item to Auto to optimize the system voltage settings.

(Note) This item appears only if you install a CPU that supports this feature.

# ☞ Robust Graphics Booster

Robust Graphics Booster (R.G.B.) helps to enhance the performance of the graphics chip and memory. **Auto** allows the BIOS to automatically set the R.G.B. mode based on system configurations. Options are: Auto (default), Fast, Turbo.

# ∽ CPU Clock Ratio (Note)

Allows you to alter the clock ratio for the installed CPU.

The item is present only if a CPU with unlocked clock ratio is installed.

# ○ CPU Frequency

Displays the current operating CPU frequency.

# ∽ CPU Host Clock Control

Enables or disables the control of CPU host clock. **Enabled** will allow the **CPU Host Frequency** item below to be configurable. Note: If your system fails to boot after overclocking, please wait for 20 seconds to allow for automated system reboot, or clear the CMOS values to reset the board to default values. (Default: Disabled)

# ∽ CPU Host Frequency (Mhz)

Allows you to manually set the CPU host frequency. This item is configurable only if the CPU Host Clock Control option is enabled. The adjustable range is from 100 MHz to 700 MHz.

For an 800 MHz FSB CPU, set this item to 200 MHz.

For a 1066 MHz FSB CPU, set this item to 266 MHz.

For a 1333 MHz FSB CPU, set this item to 333 MHz.

For a 1600 MHz FSB CPU, set this item to 400 MHz.

Important It is highly recommended that the CPU frequency be set in accordance with the CPU specifications.

# ∽ PCI Express Frequency (Mhz)

Allows you to manually set the PCIe clock frequency. The adjustable range is from 90 MHz to 150 MHz. **Auto** sets the PCIe clock frequency to standard 100 MHz. (Default: Auto)

# ு C.I.A.2

CPU Intelligent Accelerator 2 (C.I.A.2) is designed to automatically adjust CPU computing power to maximize system performance. C.I.A.2 allows your system bus to be changed dynamically based on CPU loading through the use of 5 preset states.

Note: System stability varies, depending on your system hardware components.

- ✤ Disabled Disables the use of C.I.A.2. (Default)
- ✤ Cruise Increases CPU frequency by 5% or 7% depending on CPU loading.
- ✤ Sports Increases CPU frequency by 7% or 9% depending on CPU loading.
- ▶ Racing Increases CPU frequency by 9% or 11% depending on CPU loading.
- ➡ Turbo Increases CPU frequency by 15% or 17% depending on CPU loading.

➡ Full Thrust Increases CPU frequency by 17% or 19% depending on CPU loading.

Warning: Before using C.I.A.2, please first verify the overclocking capability of your CPU. As stability is highly dependent on system components, when system instability occurs after overclocking, lower the overclocking ratio.

(Note) This item appears only if you install a CPU that supports this feature.

### ☞ Performance Enhance

Allows the system to operate at three different performance levels.

- >> Standard Lets the system operate at its basic performance level.
- ➡ Turbo Lets the system operate at its good performance level. (Default)
- ▶ Extreme Lets the system operate at its best performance level.

# ∽ System Memory Multiplier (SPD)

Allows you to set the system memory multiplier. Options are dependent on CPU FSB. Auto sets memory multiplier according to memory SPD data. (Default: Auto)

### ∽ Memory Frequency (Mhz)

The first memory frequency value is the normal operating frequency of the memory being used; the second is the memory frequency that is automatically adjusted according to the CPU Host Frequency (Mhz) and System Memory Multiplier settings.

#### → DRAM Timing Selectable (SPD) Manual allows all DRAM timing control items below to be configurable. Options are: Auto (default), Manual. \*\*\*\*\*\* Standard Timing Control \*\*\*\*\*\*\* ∽ CAS Latency Time Options are: Auto (default), 4~11. DRAM RAS# to CAS# Delay Options are: Auto (default), 1~15. DRAM RAS# Precharge Options are: Auto (default), 1~15. Precharge delay (tRAS) Options are: Auto (default), 1~63. \*\*\*\*\*\*\* Advanced Timing Control \*\*\*\*\*\*\*

- ACT to ACT Delay (tRRD)
   Options are: Auto (default), 1~15.
- Rank Write To READ Delay Options are: Auto (default), 1~31.
- Write To Precharge Delay Options are: Auto (default), 1~31.
- Refresh to ACT Delay
   Options are: Auto (default), 0~255.
- Read To Precharge Delay Options are: Auto (default), 1~15.
- Static tRead Value
   Options are: Auto (default), 1~31.
- Static tRead Phase Adjust
   Options are: Auto (default), 1~31.
- Command Rate(CMD) Options are: Auto (default), 1T, 2T.

#### \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* Clock Driving & Skew Control \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

# ∽ CPU/PCIEX Clock Driving Control

Allows you to adjust the amplitude of the CPU, North Bridge and PCI Express clock. Options are: 700mV, 800mV (default), 900mV, 1000mV.

### ∽ CPU Clock Skew Control

Allows you to set the CPU clock prior to the North Bridge clock. Options are: Normal (default), 50ps~750ps.

# ☞ (G)MCH Clock Skew Control

Allows you to set the North Bridge clock prior to the CPU clock. Options are: Normal (default), 50ps~750ps.

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* System Voltage Optimized \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

#### ∽ System Voltage Control

Determines whether to manually set the system voltages. **Auto** lets BIOS automatically set the system voltages as required. **Manual** allows all voltage control items below to be configurable. (Default: Manual)

### ∽ DDR3 OverVoltage Control

Allows you to set memory voltage.

✤ Normal Supplies the memory voltage as required. (Default)

▶ +0.05V ~ +1.55V Increases memory voltage by 0.05V to 1.55V at 0.05V increment.

Note: Increasing memory voltage may result in damage to the memory.

### ∽ PCI-E OverVoltage Control

Allows you to to set PCIe voltage.

✤ Normal Supplies the PCIe bus voltage as required. (Default)

▶ +0.05V ~ +0.75V Increases PCIe bus voltage by 0.05V to 0.75V at 0.05V increment.

#### ☞ FSB OverVoltage Control

Allows you to set the Front Side Bus voltage.

✤ Normal Supplies the FSB voltage as required. (Default)

▶ +0.05V ~ +0.35V Increases FSB voltage by 0.05V to 0.35V at 0.05V increment.

#### ☞ (G)MCH OverVoltage Control

Allows you to set the North Bridge voltage.

✤ Normal Supplies the North Bridge voltage as required. (Default)

▶ +0.025V ~ +0.775V Increases North Bridge voltage by 0.025V to 0.775V at 0.025V increment.

#### ∽ Loadline Calibration

- ➤ Enabled Lets the BIOS fine-tune the CPU Vcore voltage. (Default)
- ✤ Disabled Disables this function.

#### ○ CPU Voltage Control

Allows you to set the CPU voltage. **Normal** sets the CPU voltage as required. The adjustable range is dependent on the CPU being installed. (Default: Normal)

Note: Increasing CPU voltage may result in damage to your CPU or reduce the useful life of the CPU.

# ∽ Normal CPU Vcore

Displays the normal operating voltage of your CPU.

# 2-10 Load Fail-Safe Defaults

_	CMOS	Setup Utility-Copyright	t (C) 1984-2007 Award Software				
$\ $	<ul> <li>Standard CMOS Features</li> </ul>		Load Fail-Safe Defaults				
	<ul> <li>Advanced BIOS Features</li> </ul>	;	Load Optimized Defaults				
	<ul> <li>Integrated Peripherals</li> </ul>		Set Supervisor Password				
	Power Ma						
	► PnP/PCI (	Load Fail-Safe D	Defaults (Y/N)? N				
	<ul> <li>PC Health Status</li> </ul>		LAIL WILHOUL Saving				
	MB Intelligent Tweaker(1	M.I.T.)					
	ESC: Quit	↑↓→←: Select I	Item F11: Save CMOS to BIOS				
	F8: Q-Flash	F10: Save & Ex	xit Setup F12: Load CMOS from BIOS				
	Load Fail-Safe Defaults						

Press <Enter> on this item and then press the <Y> key to load the safest BIOS default settings. In case system instability occurs, you may try to load Fail-Safe defaults, which are the safest and most stable BIOS settings for the motherboard.

# 2-11 Load Optimized Defaults

CMOS Setup	Utility-Copyright	(C) 1984-2007 A	ward Software		
Standard CMOS Features     Advanced BIOS Features		Load Opt	-Safe Defaults mized Defaults		
<ul> <li>Integrated Peripherals</li> </ul>		Set Super	visor Password		
Power Me     PnP/PCI (     PC Health Status	Load Optimized I	Defaults (Y/N)?			
MB Intelligent Tweaker(M.I.T.)					
ESC: Quit	↑↓→←: Select l	ltem	F11: Save CMOS to BI	OS	
F8: Q-Flash	F10: Save & Ex	it Setup	F12: Load CMOS from	BIOS	
Load Optimized Defaults					

Press <Enter> on this item and then press the <Y> key to load the optimal BIOS default settings. The BIOS defaults settings helps the system to operate in optimum state. Always load the Optimized defaults after updating the BIOS or after clearing the CMOS values.

# 2-12 Set Supervisor/User Password

CMOS Setup U	Jtility-Copyright	(C) 1984-2007	Award Software			
Standard CMOS Features     Advanced BIOS Features     Integrated Peripherals     Power Menomenation     PnP/PCI (Enter Pass     PC Health     MB Intelligent Tweaker(M.I.T.)	word:	Load Op Set Supe	ill-Safe Defaults ptimized Defaults ervisor Password - Decouverd			
ESC: Quit F8: Q-Flash	↑↓→←: Select I F10: Save & Exi		F11: Save CMOS to BIOS F12: Load CMOS from BIO	s		
Change/Set/Disable Password						

Press <Enter> on this item and type the password with up to 8 characters and then press <Enter>. You will be requested to confirm the password. Type the password again and press <Enter>.

The BIOS Setup program allows you to specify two separate passwords:

#### Supervisor Password

When a system password is set and the **Password Check** item in **Advanced BIOS Features** is set to **Setup**, you must enter the supervisor password for entering BIOS Setup and making BIOS changes.

When the **Password Check** item is set to **System**, you must enter the supervisor password (or user password) at system startup and when entering BIOS Setup.

#### User Password

When the **Password Check** item is set to **System**, you must enter the supervisor password (or user password) at system startup to continue system boot. In BIOS Setup, you must enter the supervisor password if you wish to make changes to BIOS settings. The user password only allows you to view the BIOS settings but not to make changes.

To clear the password, press <Enter> on the password item and when requested for the password, press <Enter> again. The message "PASSWORD DISABLED" will appear, indicating the password has been cancelled.

# 2-13 Save & Exit Setup

CMOS Setup U	tility-Copyright	(C) 1984-2007 A	Award Software		
Standard CMOS Features     Advanced BIOS Features		Load Fail-Safe Defaults Load Optimized Defaults			
<ul> <li>PRF/Cl Configurations</li> <li>PC Health Status</li> <li>MB Intelligent Tweaker(M.I.T.)</li> </ul>		Save & E: Exit With			
	1 1 10: Save & Exi		F11: Save CMOS to F12: Load CMOS f		
Save Data to CMOS					

Press <Enter> on this item and press the <Y> key. This saves the changes to the CMOS and exits the BIOS Setup program. Press <N> or <Esc> to return to the BIOS Setup Main Menu.

# 2-14 Exit Without Saving

	CMOS Setup Utility-Copyright (C) 1984-2007 Award Software						
	•	Standard CMOS Features			Load Fail-Safe Defaults		
	•	Advanced BIOS Features			Load Optimized Defaults		
	•	Integrated					
	•	Power Ma	Quit Without S	aving	(Y/N)? N		
	•	PnP/PCI Conriguiations			Save & LAR Setup		
	•	PC Health Status			Exit Without Saving		
	•	MB Intelligent Tweaker(M.I.T.)					
	ESC	2: Quit	↑↓→←: Select 1	ltem	F11: Save CMOS to BIOS		
$\mathbb{T}$	F8:	Q-Flash	F10: Save & Ex	it Setu	p F12: Load CMOS from BIOS		
	Abandon all Data						

Press <Enter> on this item and press the <Y> key. This exits the BIOS Setup without saving the changes made in BIOS Setup to the CMOS. Press <N> or <Esc> to return to the BIOS Setup Main Menu.

# Chapter 3 Drivers Installation



- Before installing the drivers, first install the operating system. (The following instructions use Windows XP as the example operating system.)
- After installing the operating system, insert the motherboard driver disk into your optional drive. The driver Autorun screen is automatically displayed which looks like that shown in the screen shot below. (If the driver Autorun screen does not appear automatically, go to My Computer, double-click the optical drive and execute the Run.exe program.)

# 3-1 Installing Chipset Drivers

#### "Xpress Install " is now analyizing your computer...99%

After inserting the driver disk, "Xpress Install" will automatically scan the system and then list all the drivers that are recommended to install. Please select the item that you wish to install and press the **Install** button following the item. Or you can press **Xpress Install** to install all the driver items.

tearlake Ver 1.	1 87.1204.1				
GIGAB	YTE	Intel <sup>®</sup> X48 X38 P35 P31 G31 G35 G33 G35 G33 Chener			
install Chipset Drivers		Drevers at you instals the drivers listed below for your motherboard, is install for bristal all the drivers automaticativ. By default, all drivers are checked to be inst	shall lincheshall ferry will not be installed		
ioftware Applications	Click the Trans	ss Install' button to install all selected drivers.	Karp		
Driver CD Information	Cack the Tinsta	(" bullon to install the drivers individually.	Xpress Install		
Hardware	Dynamic E	nergy Saver	trianal.		
information	529	7.4MD			
	Version	1.0			
Contact Us	The unique multi- CPU workload	gear power phase design of OIOABYTE(s Dynamic Energy Saver allows for the most effici-	ent switching of power phases depending or		
	INF Update	e Utility	(Install)		
	Size	2.4MB			
	Version	8.3.1.1009			
	This utility installs the files that inform the operating system how to properly configure the chipset for specific functionality such as PCHExpress or USB inferface.				
	Microsoft	UAA Bus driver for High Definition Audio	bind.		
	Size	2.5MD			
	Version	5.10.0.5010			
	following versions 1. Microsoft Windo 2. Microsoft Windo		<ol> <li>This driver is designed to work with the</li> </ol>		
	and the second se	D Audio Oriver	(betal)		
	Size	83.7MB			
	Version	VP=5.10.0.5485-VISTA=6.0.1.5485			
	Realtek High Def	HIBUR AUDIO DIWAR	ter stat		



- Please ignore the popup dialog box(es) (e.g. the Found New Hardware Wizard) displayed when "Xpress Install" is installing the drivers. Failure to do so may affect the driver installation.
- Some device drivers will restart your system automatically during the driver installation. After the system restart, "Xpress Install" will continue to install other drivers.
- After the drivers are installed, follow the onscreen instructions to restart your system. You can install other applications included in the motherboard driver disk.
- For USB 2.0 driver support under the Windows XP operating system, please install the Windows XP Service Pack 1 or later. After installing the SP1 (or later), if a question mark still exists in **Universal Serial Bus Controller** in **Device Manager**, please remove the question mark (by right-clicking your mouse and select **Uninstall**) and restart the system. (The system will then autodetect and install the USB 2.0 driver.)

# 3-2 Software Applications

This page displays all the tools and applications that GIGABYTE develops and some free software. You may press the **Install** button following an item to install it.

GIGAB	TE beset" X48 X38 P35 P31 G31 G35 G33 G35 G33 Chapter United CD	
Install Chipset Drivers	Software Applications Please click the following applications to install.	
Software Applications		
Driver CD Information		
Hardware	Norton Internet Security(NIS)	Install
Information	Size 583.3MB	
Contact Us	Phase install Windows Installer 3.1 Before to Install RIS In Windows XP SF2 Click in Devolved Windows Installer 3.1 Notion Internet December 2019 Click Installer 3.1 Notion Internet December 2019 Click Installer 2019 Click Installer 3.1 Notion Installer 2019 Notion Prevand Control Notion AntiSpan	
	Kaspersky Anti-Virus	Install
	Size 121.5MB	
	Kaspersky antinus	
	Acrobat Reader	Install
	Size 15.9MB	
	Utility for viewing or printing Adobe Portable Document Format (PDF) files.	
	GIGABYTE C.O.M. (Corporate Online Manager)	Install
	5cm 9 0M9	
	A web-based system management tool that allows client system hardware information such as CPU and memory and p to be monitored or controlled via a host.	praphics card and much more
	EasyTune 5 Pro	Install

# 3-3 Driver CD Information

This page provides information about the drivers, applications and tools in this driver disk.

GIGABY	TE		
Install Chipset Drivers	Driver CD information The following shows the detaile	d information about the software and drivers included in the motherboard driver disk.	
Software Applications			
Driver CD Information			
Hardware	Chipset		
Information	Directory Name	Description	
Contact Us	INFUpdate	Intel® citizate software installation utility for Windows 5P Intel® citizate software installation utility for Windows 2000 Intel® citizate software installation utility for Windows ME Intel® citizate software installation utility for Windows 80	
	• MSM	Intel® application accelerator for Windows XP Intel® application accelerator for Windows 2000	
	• V0A	-Win2kンアーIntel® Oraphics Media Accelerator Driver for Windows ンア -Win2kンアーIntel® Graphics Media Accelerator Driver for Windows 2000	
	<ul> <li>EnableUSBS30p</li> </ul>	Enable USB device back form S3 mode	
	<ul> <li>&gt;PR2</li> </ul>	XPR2	
	<ul> <li>HECI</li> </ul>	HECI	
	<ul> <li>NSHELP</li> </ul>	The tools for help to install some drivers.	
	Vuedio		
	Directory Name	Description	
	<ul> <li>MSHDQFE</li> </ul>	High Definition Audio patch file from Microsoft	
	Restek	Reatek High Definition Audio driver	
	Wetwork	Const Result is indexed a	
	Directory Name	Description	
	<ul> <li>RS0139</li> </ul>	RealTek 81398100/8110s LAN driver	
	<ul> <li>RS0111</li> </ul>	RealTek 811X LAN driver	
	Barbarba	The Table State and Annual	

# 3-4 Hardware Information

This page provides information about the hardware devices on this motherboard.

GIGAB		
Install Chipset Drivers	Hardware information The following shows the detailed hardware information about your motiverboard.	
Software Applications		
Driver CD Information		
Hardware Information	System Mrb • Bitos binos487-D08 F2h • CPU BidecCPU : Intel (Concursition)	
Contact Us	Memory Mdx:522,668 v3 RAM	
	1936 Device Device Service Service Instruments OHCI Compliant IEEE 1394 Host Controller Device Device Device Private: Microsot	
	Decke Description:http://2001Pc1Brdge-244E Decked Description:http://docker.atkcroatd Decked DescriptionsPc1 Statuded IBA bridge Decked DescriptionAct adkroatd	
	Device Description:PCI standard PCHo-PCI tridge     Device Device TweeProvider:Standard PCHo-PCI tridge	
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	Construction of the second sec	

# 3-5 Contact Us

Check the contacts information of the GIGABYTE headquarter in Taiwan and the overseas branch offices on the last page of this manual.




# Chapter 4 Unique Features

# 4-1 Xpress Recovery2



Xpress Recovery2 is a utility that allows you to quickly compress and back up your system data and perform restoration of it. Supporting NTFS, FAT32, and FAT16 file systems, Xpress Recovery2 can back up data on PATA and SATA hard drives and restore it.

#### Before You Begin:

- Xpress Recovery2 will check the first physical hard drive\* for the operating system. Xpress Recovery2 can only back up/restore the first physical hard drive that has the operating system installed.
- As Xpress Recovery2 will save the backup file at the end of the hard drive, make sure to leave enough unallocated space in advanced (10 GB or more is recommended; actual size requirements vary, depending on the amount of data).
- It is recommended to back up your system soon after the operating system and drivers are installed.
- The amount of data and hard drive access speed may affect the speed at which the data is backed up/restored.
- It takes longer to back up a hard drive than to restore it.

#### System Requirements:

- Intel<sup>®</sup> x86 platform
- At least 64 MB of system memory
- VESA compatible graphics card
- Windows® 2000 with SP3 or later; Windows® XP with SP1 or later



- Xpress Recovery and Xpress Recovery2 are different utilities. For example, a backup file created with Xpress Recovery cannot be restored using Xpress Recovery2.
- USB hard drives are not supported.
- Hard drives in RAID/AHCI mode are not supported.

\*\*\* Xpress Recovery2 checks the first physical hard drive in the following sequence: The first PATA IDE connector, the second PATA IDE connector, the first SATA connector, the second SATA connector and so forth. For example, when hard drives are attached to the first IDE and the first SATA connectors, the hard drive on the first IDE connector is the first physical drive. When hard drives are attached to the first SATA connectors, the hard drive on the first ACTA connectors, the hard drive on the first SATA connector is the first physical drive.

# Installation and Configuration

(The following procedure uses Windows XP as the example operating system.)

### A. Installing Windows XP and Partitioning the Hard Drive

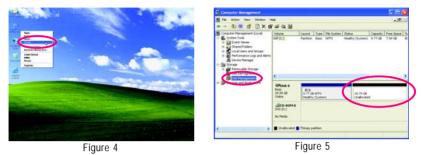
- 1. Set CD-ROM drive as the first boot device under "Advanced BIOS Features" in the BIOS Setup program. Save the changes and exit.
- When partitioning your hard drive (Figure 1), make sure to leave unallocated space for Xpress Recovery2 (10 GB or more is recommended; actual size requirements vary, depending on the amount of data) (Figure 2).



3. Select a file system (for example, NTFS) and begin the installation of the operating system (Figure 3).



4. After the operating system is installed, right-click the My Computer icon on your desktop and select Manage (Figure 4). Go to Computer Management to check disk allocation. Xpress Recovery2 will save the backup file to the unallocated space (black stripe along the top)(Figure 5). Please note that if there is no enough unallocated space, Xpress Recovery2 cannot save the backup file.



5. If your hard drive is not properly partitioned before you install the operating system, you may create new partitions using free space on your hard drive (Figure 6, 7). However, if **Disk Management** shows the hard drive only contains the System partition without any unallocated space, you will not be able to create new partitions or use Xpress Recovery2. If this occurs, reinstall the operating system and re-partition your hard drive.

File Actor View Window H				-101×1	
Construction of the sector of the secto	Token T(C)	Land Type Pictyden Petiton Beic MPS		Capatity   Pres Sector   % 9.77 GB 7.84 GB BE	
	EPonk 8 Balc 28.50 GB Ordere	(C.) 9.77 GB NTPS Healthy (System)	18.74 GB Unalocated		Properties
	DVD-ROM B DVD (D1) No Media				reb
	Chalcated Pasay patition				





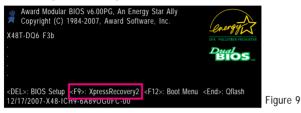
In the New Partition Wizard, you MUST select **Primary partition**. This will reserve unallocated space for Xpress Recovery2 to use.

# B. Accessing Xpress Recovery2

 Boot from the motherboard driver disk to access Xpress Recovery2 for the first time. When you see the following message: Press any key to startup Xpress Recovery2 (Figure 8), press any key to enter Xpress Recovery2.



 After you use the backup function in Xpress Recovery2 for the first time, Xpress Recovery2 will stay permanent in your hard drive. If you wish to enter Xpress Recovery2 later, simply press <F9> during the POST (Figure 9).

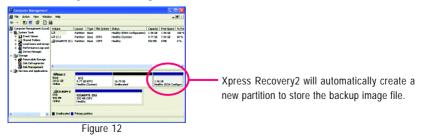


# C. Using the Backup Function in Xpress Recovery2

- 1. Select **BACKUP** to start backing up your hard drive data (Figure 10).
- Xpress Recovery2 will then begin to search the first physical hard drive as the target drive and detect whether this hard drive contains the Windows operating system. When the Windows operating system is detected, Xpress Recovery2 will begin the backup process (Figure 11).



3. When finished, go to **Disk Management** to check disk allocation.



# D. Using the Restore Function in Xpress Recovery2

Select **RESTORE** to restore the backup to your hard drive in case the system breaks down. The **RESTORE** option will not be present if no backup is created before (Figure 13, 14).



# E. Removing the Backup

- 1. If you wish to remove the backup file, select **REMOVE** (Figure 15).
- 2. After the backup file is removed, no backup image file will be present in **Disk Management** and hard drive space will be freed up (Figure 16).

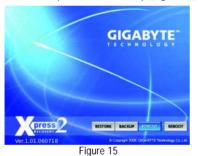




Figure 16

# F. Exiting Xpress Recovery2

Select **REBOOT** to exit Xpress Recovery2.



# 4-2 BIOS Update Utilities

GIGABYTE motherboards provide two unique BIOS update tools, Q-Flash<sup>™</sup> and @BIOS<sup>™</sup>. GIGABYTE Q-Flash and @BIOS are easy-to-use and allow you to update the BIOS without the need to enter MS-DOS mode. Additionally, this motherboard features the Dual BIOS<sup>™</sup> design, which enhances protection for the safety and stability of your computer by adding one more physical BIOS chip.



#### What is Dual BIOS<sup>™</sup>?

Motherboards that support Dual BIOS have two BIOS onboard, a main BIOS and a backup BIOS. Normally, the system works on the main BIOS.

However, if the main BIOS is corrupted or damaged, the backup BIOS will take over on the next system boot and copy the BIOS file to the main BIOS to ensure normal system operation. For the sake of system safety, users cannot update the backup BIOS manually.



# What is Q-Flash<sup>™</sup>?

With Q-Flash you can update the system BIOS without having to enter operating systems like MS-DOS or Window first. Embedded in the BIOS, the

Q-Flash tool frees you from the hassles of going through complicated BIOS flashing process.



#### What is @BIOS<sup>™</sup>?

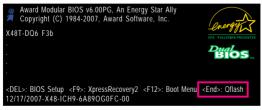
@BIOS allows you to update the system BIOS while in the Windows environment. @BIOS will download the latest BIOS file from the nearest

@BIOS server site and update the BIOS.

# 4-2-1 Updating the BIOS with the Q-Flash Utility

# A. Before You Begin:

- 1. From GIGABYTE's website, download the latest compressed BIOS update file that matches your motherboard model.
- Extract the file and save the new BIOS file (e.g. X48TDQ6.F1) to your floppy disk, USB flash drive, or hard drive. Note: The USB flash drive or hard drive must use FAT32/16/12 file system.
- Restart the system. During the POST, press the <End> key to enter Q-Flash. Note: You can
  access Q-Flash by either pressing the <End> key during the POST or pressing the <F8> key in
  BIOS Setup. However, if the BIOS update file is saved to a hard drive in RAID/AHCI mode or a hard
  drive attached to an independent IDE/SATA controller, use the <End> key during the POST to
  access Q-Flash.





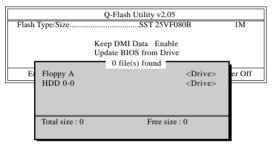
Because BIOS flashing is potentially risky, please do it with caution. Inadequate BIOS flashing may result in system malfunction.

# B. Updating the BIOS

When updating the BIOS, choose the location where the BIOS file is saved. The follow procedure assumes that you save the BIOS file to a floppy disk.

Step 1:

- Insert the floppy disk containing the BIOS file into the floppy disk drive. In the main menu of Q-Flash, use the up or down arrow key to select Update BIOS from Drive and press <Enter>.
  - $\succ$  The Save Main BIOS to Drive option allows you to save the current BIOS file.
  - Q-Flash only supports USB flash drive or hard drives using FAT32/16/12 file system.
    - If the BIOS update file is saved to a hard drive in RAID/AHCI mode or a hard drive attached to an independent IDE/SATA controller, use the <End> key during the POST to access Q-Flash.
- 2. Select Floppy A and press <Enter>.



3. Select the BIOS update file and press <Enter>.



Step 2:

The process of the system reading the BIOS file from the floppy disk is displayed on the screen. When the message "Are you sure to update BIOS?" appears, press <Enter> to begin the BIOS update. The monitor will display the update process.

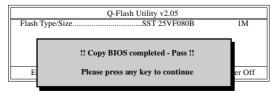


Do not turn off or restart the system when the system is reading/updating the BIOS.

 Do not remove the floppy disk, USB flash drive, or hard drive when the system is updating the BIOS.

#### Step 3:

When the update process is complete, press any key to return to the main menu.



Step 4:

Press <Esc> and then <Enter> to exit Q-Flash and reboot the system. As the system boots, you should see the new BIOS version is present on the POST screen.

Step 5:

During the POST, press <Delete> to enter BIOS Setup. Select Load Optimized Defaults and press <Enter> to load BIOS defaults. System will re-detect all peripherals devices after a BIOS update, so we recommend that you reload BIOS defaults.

CMOS Setup Utility-Copyright (C) 1984-2007 Award Software								
	<ul> <li>Advanced BIOS Features</li> </ul>		Load Fail-Safe Defaults Load Optimized Defaults Set Supervisor Password					
	Power PnP/Pt	Load Optimized Defaults (Y/N)? Y						
	PC Health Status	ealth Status		Exit Without Saving				
	MB Intelligent Tweaker(M.I.T.)							
ESC	C: Quit	↑↓→←: Sele	ect Item	F11: Save CMOS	to BIOS			
F8:	F8: Q-Flash F10: Save		Exit Setup	F12: Load CMOS from BIOS				
Load Optimized Defaults								

Press <Y> to load BIOS defaults

Step 6:

Select **Save & Exit Setup** and then press <Y> to save settings to CMOS and exit BIOS Setup. The procedure is complete after the system restarts.

## 4-2-2 Updating the BIOS with the @BIOS Utility

#### A. Before You Begin:

- 1. In Windows, close all applications and TSR (Terminate and Stay Resident) programs. This helps prevent unexpected failures when performing a BIOS update.
- During the BIOS update process, ensure the Internet connection is stable and do NOT interrupt the Internet connection (for example, avoid a power loss or switching off the Internet). Failure to do so may result in a corrupted BIOS or a system that is unable to start.
- 3. Do not use the C.O.M. (Corporate Online Management) function when using @BIOS.
- 4. GIGABYTE product warranty does not cover any BIOS damage or system failure resulting from an inadequate BIOS flashing.

#### B. Installing and Using @BIOS:

Use the motherboard driver disk included with the motherboard to install @BIOS.

• Installing the @BIOS utility.



Accessing the @BIOS utility.



#### C. Options and Instructions:

#### 1. Save the Current BIOS File

In the main dialog box of @BIOS, Save Current BIOS allows you to save the current BIOS file.

#### 2. Update the BIOS Using the Internet Update Function

	9vF0808	
elect this option	Click Update New B	10
JAWAR	D BIOS	Т
Find BIOS From Gigabyte	Update New BIOS	
Clear DMI Data Pool	Save Current BIOS	
Clear PnP Data Pool	About this program	
Dheck @8105 Updates	[xt	L
	100%	

Step 2:

Select the @BIOS server site closest to your location and click **OK**.

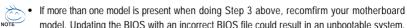
Step 1:

Select the Find BIOS From Gigabyte check box and click Update New BIOS.



Step 3:

First make sure the model name on the screen is correct, then click  $\mathbf{OK}.$  Upon completion, restart your system.



- model. Updating the BIOS with an incorrect BIOS file could result in an unbootable system.
  If the BIOS update file for your motherboard is not present on the @BIOS server site, please manually download the BIOS update file from GIGABYTE's website and follow the
  - instructions in "Update the BIOS without Using the Internet Update Function" below.

Step 4:

As the system reboots, press <Delete> to enter the BIOS Setup program. Select Load Optimized Defaults and press <Enter> to load BIOS defaults.

#### 3. Update the BIOS without Using the Internet Update Function



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Terroot	F/21			
Fin parter	Diestoge		Open	

Step 2:

In the **Open** dialog box, select **All Files (\*.\*)** in the **Files of type** list. Select the location where you save the BIOS update file (e.g. X48TDQ6. F1) obtained from the Internet or through other source.



Click Update New BIOS.

Step 3:

Press  $\mathbf{OK}$  to begin the BIOS update process. Upon completion, restart your system.

Make sure the extracted BIOS file matches your motherboard model. Updating the BIOS with an incorrect BIOS file could result in an unbootable system.

Step 4:

As the system boots, press <Delete> to enter the BIOS Setup program. Select Load Optimized Defaults and press <Enter> to load BIOS defaults.

# 4-3 EasyTune 5 Pro

EasyTune<sup>™</sup> 5 Pro, an easy-to-use and convenient system overclocking and management tool, lets you do overclock and overvoltage in Windows environment, eliminating the need to enter the BIOS Setup program. EasyTune 5 Pro provides the following functions <sup>(Note 1)</sup>: overclocking/overvoltage, C.I.A./M.I.B. <sup>(Note 2)</sup>, smart fan control, and hardware monitoring and warning. (For instructions on using EasyTune5 Pro, read or download the information on/from the Support\Motherboard\Utility page on our website.)

#### The EasyTune 5 Pro Interface



#### **Button Information Table**

	Button/Display	Description		
1.	OVERCLOCKING	Enters the OVERCLOCKING setting page		
2.	C.I.A./M.I.B.	Enters the C.I.A. and M.I.B. setting page		
3.	3. SMART FAN Enters the SMART FAN setting page			
4.	4. PC HEALTH Enters the PC HEALTH setting page			
5.	GO	Confirmation/execution button		
6.	EASY MODE/ADVANCED MODE/	Toggles among Easy Mode, Advanced Mode, and		
	GRAPHICS	Graphics Mode		
7.	Display Area	Displays the CPU frequency		
8.	Function LEDs	Shows the supported function(s)		
9.	Live Update	Go to GIGABYTE website to update EasyTune 5 Pro		
10.	Help	Opens EasyTune 5 Pro help file		
11.	Exit/Minimize	Quits or minimizes the EasyTune 5 Pro interface		
12.	Turbo Boost	Performance Enhancement		



Incorrectly doing overclock/overvoltage may result in damage to CPU, chipset, or memory and reduce the useful life of these components. Before you do the overclock/overvoltage, make sure that you fully know how to use each function of EasyTune 5 Pro, or system instability or other unexpected results may occur.

(Note 1) Available functions in EasyTune 5 Pro may differ by motherboard model.

(Note 2) C.I.A. and M.I.B. may provide optimizations for CPU and memory, enhancing the performance of these components.

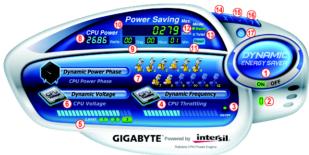
# 4-4 Dynamic Energy Saver

GIGABYTE Dynamic Energy Saver is a revolutionary technology that delivers unparalleled power savings with the simple click of a button. Featuring an advanced proprietary hardware and software design, GIGABYTE Dynamic Energy Saver is able to provide exceptional power savings of up to 70% and up to 20% improved power efficiency without sacrificing computing performance.

#### The Dynamic Energy Saver Interface

#### A. Meter Mode

In Meter Mode, GIGABYTE's Dynamic Energy Saver shows how much power they have saved in a set period of time.



#### Meter Mode - Button Information Table

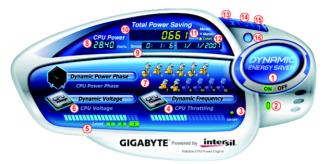
	Button Description
1	Dynamic Energy Saver On/Off Switch (Default: Off)
2	Motherboard Phase LED On/Off Switch (Default: On)
3	Dynamic CPU Frequency Function On/Off Switch (Default: Off) (Note 1)
4	CPU Throttling Display
5	3-Level CPU Voltage Switch (Default: Level 1) (Note 2)
6	CPU Voltage Display
7	Dynamic Power Phase Status
8	Current CPU Power Consumption
9	Meter Time
10	Power Saving (Calculate power savings based on time.)
11	Meter/Timer Reset Switch
12	Meter Mode Switch
13	Total Mode Switch
14	Exit (Application will continue to run in notification area.)
15	Minimize (Application will continue to run in taskbar.)
16	INFO/Help
17	Live Utility Update (Check For Latest Utility Version)

• The above data is for reference only. Actual performance may vary depending on motherboard model.

• CPU Power and Power Scores are for reference only. Actual results may vary based on testing method.

#### B. Total Mode

In Total Mode, users are able to see how much total power savings they have accumulated in a set period of time since activating Dynamic Power Saver for the first time (Note 3).



#### Total Mode - Button Information Table

	Button Description
1	Dynamic Energy Saver On/Off Switch (Default: Off)
2	Motherboard Phase LED On/Off Switch (Default: On)
3	Dynamic CPU Frequency Function On/Off Switch (Default: Off)
4	CPU Throttling Display
5	3-Level CPU Voltage Switch (Default: Level 1)
6	CPU Voltage Display
7	Dynamic Power Phase Status
8	Current CPU Power Consumption
9	Time/Date Dynamic Energy Saver Enabled
10	Total Power Savings (Total power saving with Dynamic Energy Saver enabled.) (Note 4)
11	Dynamic Energy Saver Meter Mode Switch
12	Dynamic Energy Saver Total Mode Switch
13	Exit (Application will continue to run in notification area.)
14	Minimize (Application will continue to run in taskbar.)
15	INFO/Help
16	Live Utility Update (Check For Latest Utility Version)



Do NOT do any overclocking when the Dynamic Energy Saver is launched.

- (Note 1) Maximize system power saving with Dynamic Frequency Function; system performance may be affected.
- (Note 2) Level 1: Normal Power Saving (Default)
  - Level 2: Advanced Power Saving
  - Level 3: Extreme Power Saving
- (Note 3) The total amount of power saved will be recorded until re-activated when only the Dynamic Power Saver is under the enable status, and power savings meter is unable to reset to zero.
- (Note 4) Dynamic Energy Saver Meter will automatically reset when the total power saving reaches 99999999 Watts.

# 4-5 Windows Vista ReadyBoost

Windows ReadyBoost allows you to use flash memory on a Windows Vista certified USB flash drive to boost your computer's performance. You may enable ReadyBoost and allocate part of your USB flash drive's memory to speed up your computer.

Follow the steps below to enable the ReadyBoost function:



Step 1: Go to Computer. Right-click on the USB flash drive icon and choose Properties.

<ul> <li>Removable Disk (G) Properties</li> </ul>
General Tools Hardware Sharing ReadyBoost Customize
Speed up your system by utilizing the available space on this device.
Do not use this device.
Use this device.
Space to reserve for system speed:
0 820 MB
While the device is being used for system speed the reserved space will not be available for file storage.
Windows recommends reserving 870 MB for optimal performance.
Elease reed our privacy statement (prime)
Cancel Acply

NOTE

#### Step 2:

In the **ReadyBoost** tab, select **Use this device**. Under **Space to reserve for system speed**, set the amount of memory space to use for ReadyBoost using the slider or spin box. Click **Apply** and then **OK** to turn on ReadyBoost.

- The USB flash drive must have at least 256 MB of space.
  - The recommended amount of memory to use for ReadyBoost acceleration is one to three times the amount of RAM installed in your computer.

# Chapter 5 Appendix

# 5-1 Configuring SATA Hard Drive(s)

#### To configure SATA hard drive(s), follow the steps below:

- A. Install SATA hard drive(s) in your computer.
- B. Configure SATA controller mode in BIOS Setup.
- C. Configure a RAID array in RAID BIOS. (Note 1)
- D. Make a floppy disk containing the SATA RAID/AHCI driver. (Note 2)
- E. Install the SATA RAID/AHCI driver and operating system. (Note 2)

#### Before you begin

Please prepare:

- At least two SATA hard drives (to ensure optimal performance, it is recommended that you use two hard drives with identical model and capacity). If you do not want to create RAID, you may prepare only one hard drive.
- An empty formatted floppy disk.
- Windows Vista/XP/2000 (Note 3) setup disk.
- Motherboard driver disk.

## 5-1-1 Configuring Intel® ICH9R SATA Controllers

#### A. Installing SATA hard drive(s) in your computer

Attach one end of the SATA signal cable to the rear of the SATA hard drive and the other end to available SATA port on the motherboard. If there is more than one SATA controller on your motherboard, refer to "Chapter 1," "Hardware Installation," to identify the SATA controller for the SATA port. (For example, on this motherboard, the SATAIIO, SATAII1, SATAII2, SATAII3, SATAII3 and SATAII5 ports are supported by ICH9R Southbridge.) Then connect the power connector from your power supply to the hard drive.

(Note 1) Skip this step if you do not want to create RAID array on the SATA controller.

- (Note 2) Required when the SATA controller is set to AHCI or RAID mode.
- (Note 3) Due to chipset limitation, Intel ICH9R RAID driver does not support Windows 2000 operating system.

#### B. Configuring SATA controller mode in BIOS Setup

Make sure to configure the SATA controller mode correctly in system BIOS Setup .

Step 1:

Turn on your computer and press <Delete> to enter BIOS Setup during the POST (Power-On Self-Test). To create RAID, set SATA RAID/AHCI Mode under the Integrated Peripherals menu to RAID (Figure 1)(Disabled by default). If you do not want to create RAID, set this item to Disabled or AHCI.

CMOS Setu	p Utility-Copyright (C) 1984-200 Integrated Peripherals	)7 Award Softwar	re
SATA RAID/AHCI Mode	[RAID]		Item Help
SAIA Port0-3 Native Mode	[Disabled]		Menu Level▶
USB Controller	[Enabled]		
USB 2.0 Controller	[Enabled]		
USB Keyboard Support	[Disabled]		
USB Mouse Support	[Disabled]		
Legacy USB storage detect	[Enabled]		
Azalia Codec	[Auto]		
Onboard H/W 1394	[Enabled]		
Onboard H/W LAN1	[Enabled]		
Onboard H/W LAN2	[Enabled]		
I ► SMART LAN1	[Press Enter]		
I ► SMART LAN2	[Press Enter]		
Onboard LAN1 Boot ROM	[Disabled]		
Onboard LAN2 Boot ROM	[Disabled]		
Onboard SATA/IDE Device	[Enabled]		
Onboard SATA/IDE Ctrl Mode	[IDE]		
Onboard Serial Port 1	[3F8/IRQ4]		
Onboard Parallel Port	[378/IRQ7]		
↑↓→←: Move Enter: Select F5: Previous Values	+/-/PU/PD: Value F10: S F6: Fail-Safe Defaults		xit F1: General Help timized Defaults

Figure 1

Step 2: Save changes and exit BIOS Setup.

NOTE

The BIOS Setup menus described in this section may differ from the exact settings for your motherboard. The actual BIOS Setup menu options you will see shall depend on the motherboard you have and the BIOS version.

## C. Configuring a RAID array in RAID BIOS

Enter the RAID BIOS setup utility to configure a RAID array. Skip this step and proceed to the installation of Windows operating system for a non-RAID configuration.

Step 1:

After the POST memory test begins and before the operating system boot begins, look for a message which says "Press <Ctrl-I> to enter Configuration Utility" (Figure 2). Press <Ctrl> + <I> to enter the RAID Configuration Utility.

	Intel(R) Matrix Storage Manager option ROM v7.5.0.1014 ICH9R wRAID5 Copyright(C) 2003-07 Intel Corporation. All Rights Reversed.						
	RAID Volumes : None defined.						
Physic	al Disks :						
Port	Drive Model	Serial #	Size	Type/Status(Vol ID)			
0	ST3120026AS	3JT354CP	111.7GB	Non-RAID Disk			
1	ST3120026AS	3JT329JX	111.7GB	Non-RAID Disk			
Press < <u>CTRL - I&gt;</u> to enter Configuration Utility							
		Eigur	· ^ )				

Figure 2

Step 2:

After you press <Ctrl> + <l>, the MAIN MENU screen will appear (Figure 3).

#### Create RAID Volume

If you want to create a RAID array, select Create RAID Volume in MAIN MENU and press <Enter>.

	Intel(R) Matrix Storage Manager option ROM v7.5.0.1014 ICH9R wRAID5 Copyright(C) 2003-07 Intel Corporation. All Rights Reversed.					
	[ MAIN MENU ]					
	1. Create RAID Volume       3. Reset Disks to Non-RAID         2. Delete RAID Volume       4. Exit					
	[ DISK/VOLUME INFORMATION ]					
Physic	al Disks :					
Port 0 1	Drive Model ST3120026AS ST3120026AS	Serial # 3JT354CP 3JT329JX		Size 111.7GB 111.7GB	Type/Status(Vol ID) Non-RAID Disk Non-RAID Disk	
	[↑↓]-Select [ESC]-Exit [ENTER]-Select Menu					
			Figure 3			



Step 3:

After entering the **CREATE VOLUME MENU** screen, enter a volume name with 1~16 letters (letters cannot be special characters) under the **Name** item and press <Enter>. Then, select a RAID level (Figure 4). There are four RAID levels supported: RAID 0, RAID 1, RAID 10 and RAID 5 (the selections available depend on the number of the hard drives being installed). Press <Enter> to proceed.

		nager option ROM v7.5.0.1014 ICH9R wF 07 Intel Corporation. All Rights Reversed.		
	[ CR	EATE VOLUME MENU ]		
	Name :	Volume0		
RA	AID Level :	RAID0(Stripe)		
	Disks :	Select Disks		
	Strip Size :	128KB		
	Capacity :			
		Create Volume		
		[ HELP ]		
	C	Choose the RAID level:		
RAID	00-	Stripes data (performance).		
RAID	01-	Mirrors data (redundancy).		
RAID	010-	Mirrors data and stripes the mirror.		
RAID	05-	Stripes data and parity.		
[↑↓]-Change	[TAB]-Nex	tt [ESC]-Previous Menu	[ENTER]-Select	
Eiguro A				

Figure 4

Step 4:

Under **Disks** item, select the hard drives to be included in the RAID array. If only two hard drives are installed, they will be automatically assigned to the array. Set the stripe block size (Figure 5) if necessary. The stripe block size can be set from 4 KB to 128 KB. Once you have selected the stripe block size, press <Enter>.

		anager option ROM v7.5.0.1014 ICH9R wRAID5 07 Intel Corporation. All Rights Reversed.			
	[ CR	REATE VOLUME MENU ]			
	Name :	Volume0			
	RAID Level :	RAID0(Stripe)			
		Select Disks			
	Strip Size :				
	Capacity :				
		Create Volume			
<b>I</b>					
	The	e following are typical values: RAID0 - 128KB RAID10- 64KB RAID5 - 64KB			
[↑↓]	-Change [TAB]-Nex	ext [ESC]-Previous Menu [ENTER	]-Select		
	Figure 5				

Step 5:

Enter the array capacity and press <Enter>. Finally press <Enter> on the Create Volume item to begin creating the RAID array. When prompted to confirm whether to create this volume, press <Y> to confirm or <N> to cancel (Figure 6).



Figure 6

When completed, you can see detailed information about the RAID array in the DISK/VOLUME **INFORMATION** section, including the RAID level, stripe block size, array name, and array capacity, etc. (Figure 7)

		Storage Manager opt t(C) 2003-07 Intel Co				5
1. Create RAID Volume       3. Reset Disks to Non-RAID         2. Delete RAID Volume       4. Exit						
		=[ DISK/VOLUMI	E INFORMA	TION ]		
RAID	Volumes :					
ID	Name	Level	Strip	Size	Status	Bootable
0	Volume0	RAID0(Stripe)	128KB	223.6GB	Normal	Yes
Physic	al Disks :					
Port	Drive Model	Serial #		Size	Type/Stat	us(Vol ID)
0	ST3120026AS	3JT354CP		111.8GB	Member	Disk(0)
1 ST3120026AS 3JT329JX 111.8GB Member Disk(0)						
	[↑↓]-Select	[ESO	C]-Exit		[ENTER]	-Select Menu
		Fig	ure 7			

To exit the ICH9R RAID BIOS utility, press < Esc> or select Exit in MAIN MENU.

Now, you may proceed to create the SATA RAID/AHCI driver diskette and the installation of the SATA RAID/ACHI driver and operating system.

#### Delete RAID Volume

To delete a RAID array, select **Delete RAID Volume** in **MAIN MENU** and press <Enter>. In the **DELETE VOLUME MENU** section, use the up or down arrow key to select the array to be deleted and press <Delete>. When prompted to confirm your selection (Figure 8), press <Y> to confirm or <N> to abort.



Figure 8

## 5-1-2 Configuring GIGABYTE SATA2 SATA Controller

#### A. Installing SATA hard drive(s) in your computer

Attach one end of the SATA signal cable to the rear of the SATA hard drive and the other end to available SATA port on the motherboard. If there is more than one SATA controller on your motherboard, refer to "Chapter 1," Hardware Installation," to identify the SATA controller for the SATA port. (For example, on this motherboard, the GSATAIIA and GSATAIIB ports are supported by GIGABYTE SATA2.) Then connect the power connector from your power supply to the hard drive.

#### B. Configuring SATA controller mode and device boot order in BIOS Setup

Make sure to configure the SATA controller mode correctly in system BIOS Setup and set the device boot order.

Step 1:

Turn on your computer and press <Delete> to enter BIOS Setup during the POST. In BIOS Setup, go to Integrated Peripherals, ensure that Onboard SATA/IDE Device is enabled. Then set Onboard SATA/IDE Ctrl Mode to RAID/IDE (Figure 1). If you do not want to create RAID, set this item to IDE or AHCI, depending on your need.

CMOS Setu	p Utility-Copyright (C) 1984-2007 Award So Integrated Peripherals	ftware
SATA RAID/AHCI Mode SATA Por10-3 Native Mode USB Controller USB 2.0 Controller USB 2.0 Controller USB Keyboard Support Legacy USB storage detect Azalia Codec Onboard H/W 1394 Onboard H/W LAN1 Onboard H/W LAN2 SMART LAN1 SMART LAN1 SMART LAN1 Onboard LAN1 Boot ROM Onboard LAN1 Boot ROM Onboard SATA/IDE Device Onboard SATA/IDE Device Onboard SATA/IDE Device Onboard Parallel Port 1 Onboard Parallel Port	(Disabled) (Disabled) (Enabled) (Enabled) (Disabled) (Enabled) (Auto) (Enabled) (Enabled) (Enabled) (Press Enter] (Disabled) (Disabled) (Enabled) (Enabled) (Enabled) (Enabled) (Enabled) (RAID/IDE] (378/RQ4) (378/RQ7)	Item Help Menu Level≯
↑↓→←: Move Enter: Select F5: Previous Values		SC: Exit F1: General Help 7: Optimized Defaults

Figure 1

Step 2: Save changes and exit BIOS Setup.



The BIOS Setup menus described in this section may differ from the exact settings for your motherboard. The actual BIOS Setup menu options you will see shall depend on the motherboard you have and the BIOS version.

#### C. Configuring a RAID array in RAID BIOS

Enter the RAID BIOS setup utility to configure a RAID array. Skip this step and proceed to the installation of Windows operating system for a non-RAID configuration.

After the POST memory test begins and before the operating system boot begins, look for a message which says "Press <Ctrl-G> to enter RAID Setup Utility" (Figure 2). Press <Ctrl> + <G> to enter the GIGABYTE SATA2 RAID BIOS utility.



Figure 2

In the main screen of the GIGABYTE SATA2 RAID BIOS utility (Figure 3), use the up or down arrow key to highlight through choices in the **Main Menu** block. Highlight the item that you wish to execute and press <Enter>.

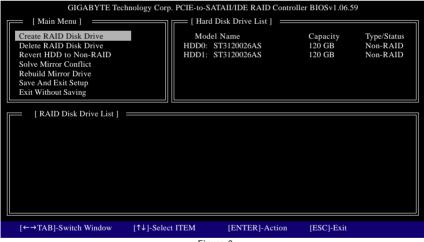


Figure 3

(Note) In the main screen, you can select a hard drive in the Hard Disk Drive List block and press <Enter> to see detailed information about the selected hard drive.

#### Create a RAID Array:

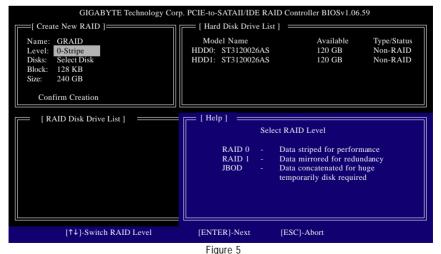
In the main screen, press <Enter> on the Create RAID Disk Drive item. Then the Create New RAID screen appears (Figure 4).

GIGABYTE Technology Corp	D. PCIE-to-SATAII/IDE RAID		)
Name: GRAID_ Level: 0-Stripe Disks: Select Disk Block: 128 KB Size: 240 GB Confirm Creation	Model Name HDD0: ST3120026AS HDD1: ST3120026AS	Available 120 GB 120 GB	Type/Status Non-RAID Non-RAID
[RAID Disk Drive List]	Enter a string be in length for the	RAID Name tween 1 to 16 characters created RAID drive to be tem BIOS or OS.	
[←→]-Move Cursor [DEL,BS]-Dele	te Character [ENTER]-N	Next [ESC]-Abort	,
	Figure 4		

The Create New RAID block displays all the items that need to be set for creating an array (Figure 5).

#### Steps:

- 1. Enter Array Name: Under the Name item, enter an array name with 1~16 letters (letters cannot be special characters) and press <Enter>.
- 2. Select RAID Mode: Under the Level item, use up or down arrow key to select RAID 0 (Stripe), RAID 1 (Mirror), or JBOD (Figure 5). Then press <Enter> to move onto the next step.





- 3. Assign Array Disks: After a RAID mode is selected, RAID BIOS automatically assigns the two hard drives installed as the RAID drives.
- 4. Set Block Size (RAID 0 only): Under the Block item, use the up or down arrow key to select the stripe block size (Figure 6), ranging from 4 KB to 128 KB. Press <Enter>.



- 5. Set Array Size: Under the Size item, enter the size of the array and press <Enter>.
- 6. Confirm Creation: After all of the items above are configured, the selection bar automatically jumps to the Confirm Creation item. Press <Enter>. When prompted to confirm your selection (Figure 7), press  $\langle Y \rangle$  to confirm or  $\langle N \rangle$  to abort.

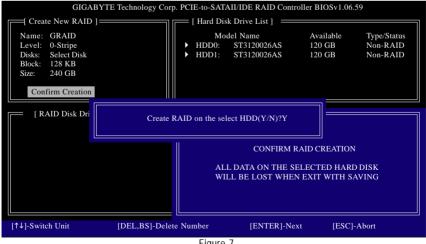
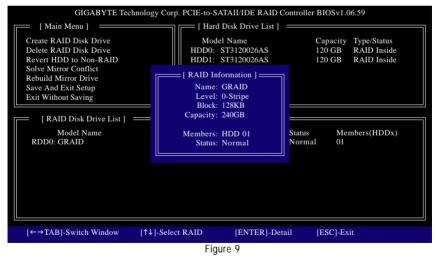


Figure 7

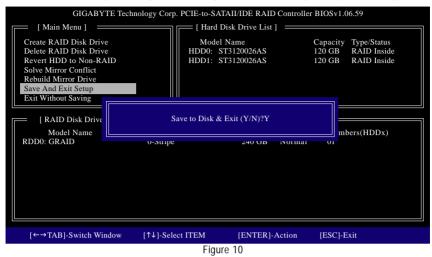
When finished, the new RAID array will be displayed in the RAID Disk Drive List block (Figure 8).

GIGABYTE Tech [Main Menu] Create RAID Disk Drive Delete RAID Disk Drive Revert HDD to Non-RAID Solve Mirror Conflict Rebuild Mirror Drive Save And Exit Setup Exit Without Saving	Model HDD0: S	Disk Drive List ] =		Type/Status RAID Inside
[ RAID Disk Drive List ] Model Name RDD0: GRAID	RAID Level 0-Stripe		Status Mei Normal 01	nbers(HDDx)
[←→TAB]-Switch Window	[↑↓]-Select ITEM	[ENTER]-Actio	on [ESC]-Ex	it
	Figur	e 8		

To check more detailed information about the array, use the <Tab> key while in the **Main Menu** block to move the selection bar to the **RAID Disk Drive List** block. Select the array and press <Enter>. A small window displaying the array information will appear in the center of the screen (Figure 9).



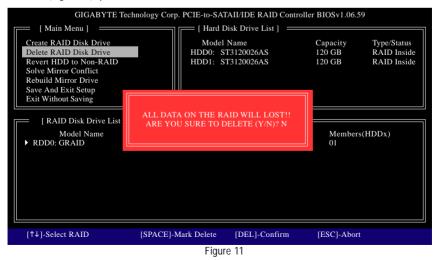
7. Save and Exit Setup: After configuring the RAID array, select the Save And Exit Setup item in the main screen to save your settings before exiting the RAID BIOS utility, then press <Y> (Figure 10).



Now, you may proceed to create the SATA RAID/AHCI driver diskette and the installation of the SATA RAID/AHCI driver and operating system.

#### Delete the RAID Array:

To delete the array, select **Delete RAID Disk Drive** in the main menu and press <Enter>. The selection bar will move to the **RAID Disk Drive List** block. Press the space bar on the array to be deleted; a small triangle will appear to mark the selected array. Press <Delete>. When prompted to confirm your selection (Figure 11), press <Y> to confirm or <N> to cancel.



## 5-1-3 Making a SATA RAID/AHCI Driver Diskette

## (Required for AHCI and RAID Mode)

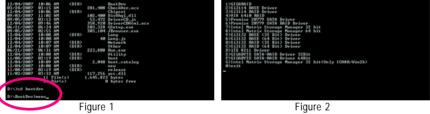
To successfully install operating system onto SATA hard drive(s) that is/are configured to RAID/AHCI mode, you need to install the SATA controller driver during the OS installation. Without the driver, the hard drive may not be recognized during the Windows setup process. First of all, copy the driver for the SATA controller from the motherboard driver disk to a floppy disk. See the instructions below about how to copy the driver in MS-DOS mode<sup>(Note)</sup>. Prepare a startup disk that has CD-ROM support and a blank formatted floppy disk.

Step 1: Insert the prepared startup disk and motherboard driver disk in your system. Boot from the startup disk. Once at the A:\> prompt, change to your optical drive (example: D:\>). At the D:\> prompt, type the following two commands. Press <Enter> after each command (Figure 1): cd bootdrv menu

Step 2: When the controller menu (Figure 2) appears, remove the startup disk and insert the blank formatted disk. Select the controller driver by pressing the corresponding letter from the menu. For example, from the menu in Figure 2:

- For Intel ICH9R SATA controllers, select 7) Intel Matrix Storage Manager 32 bit for Windows 32-bit operating system or 8) Intel Matrix Storage Manager 64 bit for Windows 64-bit.
- For GIGABYTE SATA2 SATA controller, select E) GIGABYTE SATA-RAID Driver 32Bit for Windows 32-bit operating system or F) GIGABYTE SATA-RAID Driver 64Bit for Windows 64-bit.

Your system will then automatically zip and transfer this driver file to the floppy disk. Press <0> to exit when finished.



(Note) For users without a startup disk:

Use an alternative system and insert the motherboard driver disk. From your optical drive folder, double click the **MENU.exe** file in the **BootDrv** folder (Figure 3). A command prompt window will open similar to that in Figure 2.



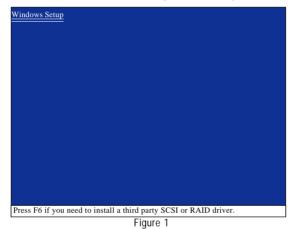
## 5-1-4 Installing the SATA RAID/AHCI Driver and Operating System

Now that you have prepared the SATA RAID/AHCI driver diskette and configured the required BIOS settings, you are ready to install Windows Vista/XP/2000 onto your hard drive(s). The following is an example of Windows XP and Vista installation.

#### A. Installing Windows XP

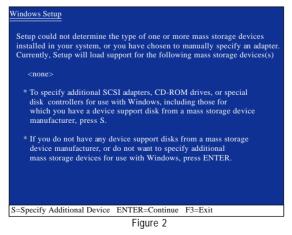
#### Step 1:

Restart your system to boot from the Windows XP setup disk and press <F6> as soon as you see the message "Press F6 if you need to install a 3rd party SCSI or RAID driver" (Figure 1). After pressing <F6>, there will be a few moments of some files being loaded before you see the next screen.



#### Step 2:

When a screen similar to that below appears, insert the floppy disk containing the SATA RAID/AHCI driver and press <S> (Figure 2).



Step 3:

For Intel ICH9R SATA controllers:

When Setup correctly recognizes the Intel ICH9R SATA RAID/AHCI driver in the floppy disk, a controller menu similar to Figure 3 below will appear. Use the arrow keys to select one of the items displayed and press <Enter>. If you set the SATA RAID/AHCI Mode item in BIOS Setup to RAID mode, select Intel(R) ICH8R/ICH9R SATA RAID Controller. (Select ICH9 SATA AHCI Controller (Desktop ICH9R) for AHCI mode.)

Windows Setup
You have chosen to configure a SCSI Adapter for use with Windows, using a device support disk provided by an adapter manufacturer.
Select the SCSI Adapter you want from the following list, or press ESC to return to the previous screen.
Intel(R) ICH9 SATA AHCI Controller (Desktop ICH9R) Intel(R) 82801HEM SATA RAID Controller (Mobile ICH8M-E) Intel(R) 82801HEM/HBM SATA AHCI Controller (Mobile ICH8M-E/M) Intel(R) ICH8R/ICH9R SATA RAID Controller
ENTER=Select F3=Exit

Figure 3

If a message appears saying one or some file(s) cannot be found, please check the floppy disk or copy the correct SATA RAID/AHCI driver again from the motherboard driver disk.

When the screen as shown below appears, press <Enter> to continue the driver installation from the floppy disk. The driver installation will be finished in about one minute.

Windows Setup
Setup will load support for the following mass storage device(s):
Intel(R) ICH8R/ICH9R SATA RAID Controller
<ul> <li>* To specify additional SCSI adapters, CD-ROM drives, or special disk controllers for use with Windows, including those for which you have a device support disk from a mass storage device manufacturer, press S.</li> <li>* If you do not have any device support disks from a mass storage device manufacturer, or do not want to specify additional mass storage devices for use with Windows, press ENTER.</li> </ul>
S=Specify Additional Device ENTER=Continue F3=Exit
Eiguro 4

Figure 4

Step 3:

For GIGABYTE SATA2 SATA controller:

When Setup correctly recognizes the GIGABYTE SATA2 SATA RAID/AHCI driver in the floppy disk, a controller menu similar to Figure 5 below will appear. Use the arrow keys to select one of the items displayed and press <Enter>. If you set the Onboard SATA/IDE Ctrl Mode item in BIOS Setup to RAID or AHCI mode, select (Windows XP/2003) RAID/AHCI Driver for GIGABYTE GBB36X Controller.

Windows Setup
You have chosen to configure a SCSI Adapter for use with Windows, using a device support disk provided by an adapter manufacturer.
Select the SCSI Adapter you want from the following list, or press ESC to return to the previous screen.
Windows XP/2003) RAID/AHCI Driver for GIGABYTE GBB36X Controller (Windows 2000) RAID Driver for GIGABYTE GBB363 Controller (Windows 2000) AHCI Driver for GIGABYTE GBB363 Controller (Windows 2000) RAID Driver for GIGABYTE GBB360 Controller
ENTER=Select F3=Exit

Figure 5

If a message appears saying one or some file(s) cannot be found, please check the floppy disk or copy the correct SATA RAID/AHCI driver again from the motherboard driver disk.

When the screen as shown below appears, press <Enter> to continue the driver installation from the floppy disk. The driver installation will be finished in about one minute.

Windows Setup
Setup will load support for the following mass storage device(s):
(Windows XP/2003) RAID/AHCI Driver for GIGABYTE GBB36X Controller
* To specify additional SCSI adapters, CD-ROM drives, or special disk controllers for use with Windows, including those for which you have a device support disk from a mass storage device manufacturer, press S.
* If you do not have any device support disks from a mass storage device manufacturer, or do not want to specify additional mass storage devices for use with Windows, press ENTER.
S=Specify Additional Device ENTER=Continue F3=Exit
Figure 6

Step 4:

After the SATA RAID/AHCI driver installation is completed, you can proceed with the Windows XP installation.

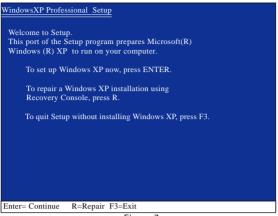


Figure 7

#### **B. Installing Windows Vista**

(The procedure below assumes that only one RAID array exists in your system.)

#### Intel ICH9R SATA controllers:

Step 1:

Restart your system to boot from the Windows Vista setup disk and perform standard OS installation steps. When a screen similar to that below appears, select **Load Driver**. (Figure 8).

Name	Total Size	Free Space Type
Disk 0 Unallocated Spa	ce 80.0 GB	80.0 GB
Sp. Befrech		Drive options (gdvanced)
Cond Driver		

Figure 8

Step 2:

Specify the location where the driver is saved, such as your floppy disk (Figure 9).

🕒 🏘 Install Windows			
Select the driver	to be installed.		
	Serveral for Folder         J           Browse to the dwine(b), and then dd, DK         M           Mill Company         M	×	
P Hide drivers that a	OK Canoel		
Brgwse	Bescan		Net

Figure 9

Step 3:

When a screen as shown in Figure 10 appears, select Intel(R) ICH8R/ICH9R SATA RAID Controller (Note) and press Next.

🚱 🏘 Install Windows	
Select the driver to be installed.	
Intel(R) ICHBR/ICH9R SATA RAID Controller (A:\iastor.inf)	
$\overline{\boldsymbol{v}}$ Hide drivers that are not compatible with hardware on this computer.	
Brgwse <u>Eescan</u>	Net
Figure 10	

Step 4:

After the driver is loaded, select the RAID/AHCI drive(s) where you want to install the operating system and then press **Next** to continue the OS installation (Figure 11).

🕼 Install Windows		
Where do you want to install Windo	ows?	
Name	Total Size	Free Space Type
Disk 0 Unallocated Space	80.0 GB	80.0 GB
fig. Betrech		Drive options (gdvanced)
🛃 Load Driver		
		<u>Nev</u>

Figure 11

(Note) The item displayed in Figure 10 will be shown as Intel(R) ICH9 SATA AHCI Controller when the SATA controllers are set to AHCI mode.

#### GIGABYTE SATA2 controllers:

Step 1:

Restart your system to boot from the Windows Vista setup disk and perform standard OS installation steps. When a screen similar to that below appears (RAID/AHCI hard drive(s) will not be detected at this stage), select **Load Driver**. (Figure 12).

Nam	e	Total Size	Free Space	Type
€9 Befresh			Drive options	(advanced)
😔 Load Drive				

Figure 12

Step 2: Specify the location where the driver is saved, such as your floppy disk (Figure 13).

🕝 🎝 Install Windows		×
Select the driver	to be installed.	
	Source for Foldor () Brows to the draw (s), and then dial OK () () () () () () () () () ()	
🗷 Hide drivers that i	OK Cancel	
Brgwse	Eescan	Nex

Figure 13

Step 3:

When a screen as shown in Figure 14 appears, select **GIGABYTE GBB36X Controller** and press **Next**.

🕝 🖉 İnstall Windows	*
Select the driver to be installed.	
GIGABYTE GB836X Controller (A:\xraid_f.inf)	
$\overleftarrow{\mathbf{P}}$ . Hide drivers that are not compatible with hardware on this computer.	
Brgwse	Next
Figure 14	

Step 4:

After the driver is loaded, select the RAID/AHCI drive(s) where you want to install the operating system and then press **Next** to continue the OS installation (Figure 15).

🕒 🏘 İnste	ell Windows			- X
When	e do you want to install Win	dows?		
	Name	Total Size	Free Space Type	
	Disk 0 Unallocated Space	80.0 GB	80.0 GB	
fig Bel			Drive options (gdvanced	D
🕒 Los	d Driver			
				Net
				Net

Figure 15

# 5-2 Configuring Audio Input and Output

## 5-2-1 Configuring 2/4/5.1/7.1-Channel Audio

The motherboard provides six audio jacks on the back panel which support 2/4/5.1/7.1-channel audio. The picture to the right shows the default audio jack assignments.

The integrated HD (High Definition) audio provides jack retasking capability that allows the user to change the function for each jack through the audio driver.



For example, in a 4-channel audio configuration, if a Rear speaker is plugged into the default Center/ Subwoofer speaker out jack, you can retask the Center/Subwoofer speaker out jack to be Rear speaker out.



- To install a microphone, connect your microphone to the Mic in jack and manually configure the jack for microphone functionality.
- If your front panel audio supports Intel HD Audio standard, you can have both the front and back panel audio connectors active simultaneously.

#### High Definition Audio (HD Audio)

HD Audio includes multiple high quality digital-to-analog converters (DACs) that support 48KHz sampling rate. HD Audio features multistreaming capabilities that allow multiple audio streams (in and out) to be simultaneously processed. For example, users can listen to MP3 music, have an Internet chat, make a telephone call over the Internet, and etc. all at the same time.

#### A. Configuring Speakers:

(The following instructions use Windows XP as the example operating system.)

Step 1:

After installing the audio driver, the **Audio Manager** icon i will appear in your system tray. Doubleclick the icon to access the Audio Control Panel.







Before installing the audio driver, make sure the "Microsoft UAA Bus driver for High Definition Audio" has been installed from the motherboard driver disk and your operating system has been updated with the latest Service Pack for Windows.

(Note) 2/4/5.1/7.1-Channel Audio Configurations:

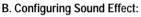
- Refer to the following for multi-channel speaker configurations.
- 2-channel audio: Headphone or Line out.
- · 4-channel audio: Front speaker out and Rear speaker out.
- 5.1-channel audio: Front speaker out, Rear speaker out, and Center/Subwoofer speaker out.
- 7.1-channel audio: Front speaker out, Rear speaker out, Center/Subwoofer speaker out, and Side speaker out.

#### Step 2:

Click the Audio I/O tab. In the speaker list on the left, select 2CH Speaker, 4CH Speaker, 6CH Speaker, or 8CH Speaker according to the type of speaker configuration you wish to set up.

Step 3:

Everytime you connect an audio device to an audio jack, the Connected device box appears. Select the device according to the type of device you connect. Then click **OK** to complete the configuration.



You may configure an audio environment on the Sound Effect tab.

## C. Configuring AC'97 Audio:

If you want to connect an AC'97 front panel audio module, click the tool icon on the Audio I/O tab On the Global Connector Settings box, select the Disable front panel jack detection check box. Click OK to activiate the AC'97 functionality.







When using an AC'97 front panel audio module, you can only have audio signals present on either the front or the back panel audio connections, but not both at the same time.

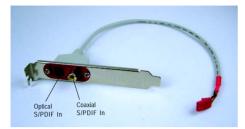






## 5-2-2 Installing the S/PDIF In Cable (Optional)

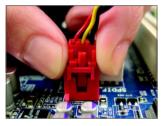
The S/PDIF in cable provides S/PDIF in functionality.



#### S/PDIF In:

The S/PDIF in jacks allow you to input digital audio signals to the computer for audio processing.

#### A. Installing the S/PDIF In Cable:



Step 1:

First, attach the connector at the end of the cable to the SPDIF\_IN header on your motherboard.



Step 2: Secure the metal bracket to the chassis back panel with a screw.

#### S/PDIF Out:

The S/PDIF out jacks can transmit audio signals to an external decoder for decoding to get the best audio quality.

#### B. Conneting a S/PDIF out Cable



Connect a S/PDIF coaxial cable or a S/PDIF optical cable (either one) to an external decoder for transmitting the S/PDIF digital audio signals.

S/PDIF Coaxial Cable



S/PDIF Optical Cable

#### C. Configuring S/PDIF out:

Click the tool icon in the **DIGITAL** section. In the **S/PDIF In/Out Settings** dialog box, select an output sampling rate and select (or disable) the output source. Click **OK** to complete the configuration.





## 5-2-3 Enabling the DTS (Digital Theater Systems) Function

Before DTS is enabled, you would get only 2-channel output signals (from the front speakers) when playing 2-channel music. You must play 4-, 5.1-, or 7.1- channel music sources to produce 4-, 5.1-, or 7.1- channel audio effects.

With DTS enabled, the system will transform two-channel stereo source material into multi-channel audio output, creating a virtual surround sound environment<sup>(Note)</sup>.



After installing the audio driver, at the center bottom of the Audio Control Panel, you should find the DTS control button as shown below:



- This button provides you more controls over "dts NEO:PC".
   Music Mode ; Orema Mode
- 2. dts NEO : PC" :

Press this button to enable or disable the dts NEO : PC function.

Enabling dts NEO : PC allows the system to transform ordinary 2-channel stereo content into 4-, 5.1-, or 7.1- channel surround sound, depending on your speaker configurations.

3. dts INTERACTIVE" :

If your surround sound system is connected via an external decoder, click the Audio I/O tab in the Audio Control Panel. Either click **DTS Interactive** in the upper left list or click the **dts INTERAC**-

**TIVE** button at the center bottom of the Audio Control Panel. And click the **dts NEO** : **PC** button. The system will then simulate 5.1 channel surround sound playback from two-channel content.



(Note) When DTS Interactive is enabled, only digital auio output (S/PDIF) is working, and you will not hear sound from analog speaker or headphone.

#### 4. Digital PCM Output Setup:

In the Audio Control Panel, click the **Audio I/O** tab. In the upper left list, click **Digital PCM Output**. Enable this function to allow digital audio sources that are not digitally processed by DTS encoding to be output from the S/PDIF OUT.

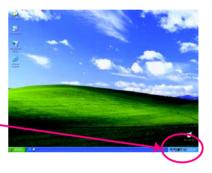


## 5-2-4 Configuring Microphone Recording

#### Step 1:

After installing the audio driver, the **Audio Manager** icon icon icon will appear in your system tray. Doubleclick the icon to access the Audio Control Panel.





#### Step 2:

Connect your microphone to the Mic in jack (pink) on the back panel or the Mic in jack (pink) on the front panel. Then configure the jack for microphone functionality.

Note: The microphone functions on the front panel and back panel cannot be used at the same time.



#### Step 3:

Locate the **Volume** icon **O** in your system tray and click it to open the volume control panel.





#### Step 4:

To hear the sound being recorded during the recording process when using the microphone function on the front panel, do not select the **Mute** check box under **Front Pink In** or **Front Green In** in **Master Volume**. It is recommended that you set the volume at a middle level.

To hear the sound being recorded during the recording process when using the microphone function on the back panel, do not select the **Mute** check box under **Rear Pink In** in **Master Volume**. It is recommended that you set the volume at its middle level.

# Front Pick In Front Grann In Balance: Balance: Volume: Image: Constraint of the second



#### (Note)

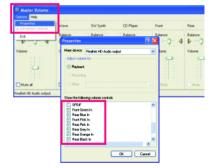
If you cannot find the volume control options you need in **Master Volume**, go to the **Options** menu and then choose **Properties**. Select the volume control options you wish to show and click **OK** to complete.



Next, while in Master Volume, go to Options and click Properties. In the Mixer device list, select Realtek HD Audio Input. Then set the recording sound level properly. Do NOT mute the recording sound, or you will not hear any sound when playing back the recording you just made.

#### (Note)

Based on the audio specifications, to adjust the recording sound, use the **Recording** option to set the recording sound for your recording device(s) altogether.





Select Realtek HD Audio Input in the Mixer device list

Recording	Mic Volume	Line Volume
Balance B-J-4	Nalance B - ]- 4	Balance B
Volume I I I I I I	Value:	Volume
Mar al	Mule	Mute



#### Step 6:

To raise the recording and playing sound for the microphone, go to **Options** in **Master Volume** and select **Advanced Controls**. Click the **Advanced** button under a volume control option (e.g. Front Green In, Front Pink In). In the **Other Controls** field, select the **1 Microphone Boost** check box.



#### Step 7:

After completion, click **Start**, point to **All Programs**, point to **Accessories**, point to **Entertainment**, and then click **Sound Recorder** to begin the sound recording.

## 5-2-5 Using the Sound Recorder

#### Recording the Sound:

- 1. Make sure you have connected the audio input device (e.g. microphone) to the computer.
- 2. On the  ${\bf File}$  menu, choose  ${\bf New}.$
- 3. To record a sound file, click the **Recording** button •

4. To stop the recording, click the **Stop** button **•**. Be sure to save the recording upon completion.

#### Playing the Sound:

- 1. On the File menu, choose Open.
- 2. In the **Open** dialog box, select the sound (.wav) file you wish to play.
- 3. To play a sound file, click the **Play** button **Play**.
- 4. To stop playing, click the Stop button .
- You may use the Fast Forward button dutton to move to the beginning of a file or the Fast Backward button button to the end.





# 5-3 Teaming

The motherboard is provides with Teaming functionality enabled allows the two single connections to act as a single connection for twice the bandwidth, improving overall throughput with lower CPU utilization. Two LAN ports connection also prevents network downtime by transferring the workload from a failed port to a working port.



The speed of transmission is subject to the actual network status even though the Teaming functionality is enabled.

#### A. Enable Teaming functionality with Windows XP:



Step 1:

Install the driver CD for the motherboard, and then choose **Software Applications**; Click **Install** under **Realtek Ethernet Teaming Utility** for installation, and reboot after completed.





The **Realtek Ethernet Teaming Utility** icon will appear in the system tray after reboot. Doubleclick the icon to access the utility.

Realtek - Ethernet Dia	gnostic Utility	V Teamine
ng Paabak R 10160(01	Control	Testing is a divenced feature for server environmest. With learning, many physical edgeters can be combined to be a tesm with virtual adapters that keve features of load balance and tell evers. Cick the follow buttos to create a team.
		Greate Team

#### Step 3:

Choose **Teaming** and click the button **Create Team**.





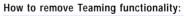
#### Step 5:

When you complete the procedure of setting, you will see the third virtual network interface. Check with the Network, and the connection speed is displayed at 2.0 Gbps.



#### Step 4:

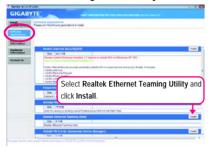
Give a name for Teaming, e.g. Teaming, and set up the mode subject to the router's specification. Select the two Available Adapter's checkbox and click **OK**.



Realtek - Ethernet Dia	prostic Utility Vitual Adaptars Planbars	🖋 Virtual Adapters
	-	VLWID Connection Harm Adapter Harm UNUEED Localities Connectio Readed: Web/S Adapter for
		K Paran

If you want to remove the existing Teaming, please click the item you created, and then click the **Remove** button.

B. Enable Teaming functionality with Windows Vista:



#### Step 1:

Install the driver CD for the motherboard, and then choose **Software Applications**; Click **Install** under **Realtek Ethernet Teaming Utility** for installation, and reboot after completed.

🧏 Realtek Vlan & Teaming Utility 🗾	1
Realtek Adapters	
Reatek RTL8160C4011C Family PCI-E Globbl Reated RTL8169C40111C Family PCI-E Globbl	
Teaming Mode	
Load Balance \ Fail Over	
<ul> <li>Fast/Giga EtherChannel (FEC/GEC)</li> </ul>	
Link Aggregation \ LACP (802.3ad)	
VLAN Teaping Remove	

#### Step 3:

Select the two Adapters, and set up the Teaming mode subject to the router's specification. Then click the **Teaming** button. (There are two message boxes will showed during creating teaming, click **OK** to complete the process.) When the **Create Virtual Adapter For Teaming Complete** dialog box appear, click **OK** to complete.

Local Area Connects	en 4 Status	100
General		
Connection		
Pri+Connectivity:	La	aí
Pré Comectivity:	Los	ed be
Hede State:	Enel	led
Curation:	40-01	
Speech	2.0 0	200
Ogtais		
Activity	set — 👰 — kan	
Activity	Sect Receiv	ed 35
Activity Factors:	25	

Step 5:

Click View status in **Network and Sharing Center**, the connection speed is displayed at 2.0 Gbps.



Step 2:

Click the Start icon (25), Point to All Programs> Realtek Teaming and VLAN>Realtek Teaming and VLAN Utility to access the utility.

🕒 💱 🕊 Nativerk and Inter	met 🔹 Network and Sharing Cente	• • • Bearch	
Tasks View computers and devices Connect to a naturals	Network and Sharing Co	enter	Wew full map
Set up a connection or network Manage network connections Diagnose and repair	LL-PC (This compute	Unidentified network	- O
الاصد	Studentified network 🕫		Customer
	Access	Lecel and-	
	Connection	Local Area Connection 4	View status
1	R Sharing and Discovery		
189	Network discovery	<ul> <li>Custom</li> </ul>	
1100	File sharing	• On	
	Public folder shering	e orr	
100	Printersharing	· Off (no printers installed)	۲
1	Pearward protected sharing	• 0n	
11	Media sharing	+ C#	
Teraba	Show me all the files and folds Show me all the shared return		

Step 4:

After create Teaming, you will find only one connection in **Network and Sharing Center**.

#### How to remove Teaming functionality:

Realtek Vlan & Teaming Utility	
Realtek Adapters	
Realtek RTUI168C/8111C Family PCHE Gigabil Realtek RTU8168C/8111C Family PCHE Gigabil	
Teaming Mode	
<ul> <li>Fast/Gga EtherChannel (FEC/GEC)</li> <li>Link Aggregation \ LACP (802.3ad)</li> </ul>	
VLAN Teaming Remove	

If you want to remove the existing Teaming, access the **Realtek VIan & Teaming Utility**, then click the **Remove** button.

# 5-4 Troubleshooting

### 5-4-1 Frequently Asked Questions

To read more FAQs for your motherboard, please go to the Support\Motherboard\FAQ page on GIGABYTE's website.

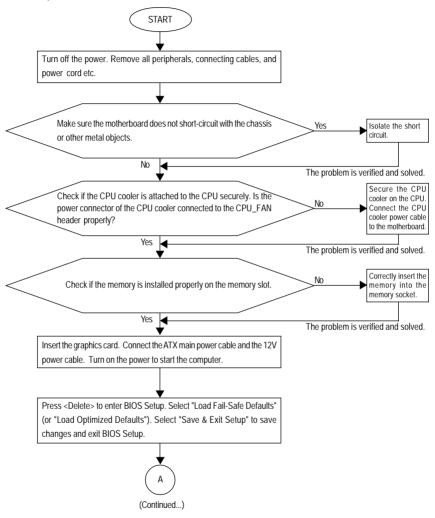
- Q: In the BIOS Setup program, why are some BIOS options missing?
- A: Some advanced options are hidden in the BIOS Setup program. Press <Delete> to enter BIOS Setup during the POST. In the Main Menu, press <Ctrl>+<F1> to show the advanced options.
- Q: Why is the light of my keyboard/optical mouse still on after the computer shuts down?
- A: Some motherboard provides a small amount of standby power after the computer shuts down and that's why the light is still on.
- Q: How do I clear the CMOS values?
- A: If your motherboard has a clearing CMOS jumper, refer to the instructions on the CLR\_CMOS jumper in Chapter 1 to short the jumper to clear the CMOS values. If your board doesn't have this jumper, refer to the instructions on the motherboard battery in Chapter 1. You can temporarily remove the battery from the battery holder to stop supplying power to the CMOS, which will clear the CMOS values after about one minute. Refer to the steps below: Steps:
  - 1. Turn off your computer and unplug the power cord.
  - Gently remove the battery from the battery holder and wait for one minute. (Or use a metal object like a screwdriver to touch the positive and negative terminals of the battery holder, making them short for 5 seconds.)
  - 3. Replace the battery.
  - 4. Plug in the power cord and restart your computer.
  - 5. Press <Delete> to enter BIOS Setup. Select "Load Fail-Safe Defaults" (or "Load Optimized Defaults") to load BIOS default settings.
  - 6. Saves changes and exit BIOS Setup (select "Save & Exit Setup") to restart your computer.
- Q:Why do I still get a weak sound even though I have turned my speaker to the maximum volume?
- A: Make sure your speaker is equipped with an internal amplifier. If not, try a speaker with power/ amplifier.
- Q: What do the beeps emitted during the POST mean?
- A: The following Award BIOS beep code descriptions may help you identify possible computer problems. (For reference only.)
  - 1 short: System boots successfully
  - 2 short: CMOS setting error
  - 1 long, 1 short: Memory or motherboard error
  - 1 long, 2 short: Monitor or graphics card error
  - 1 long, 3 short: Keyboard error
  - 1 long, 9 short: BIOS ROM error

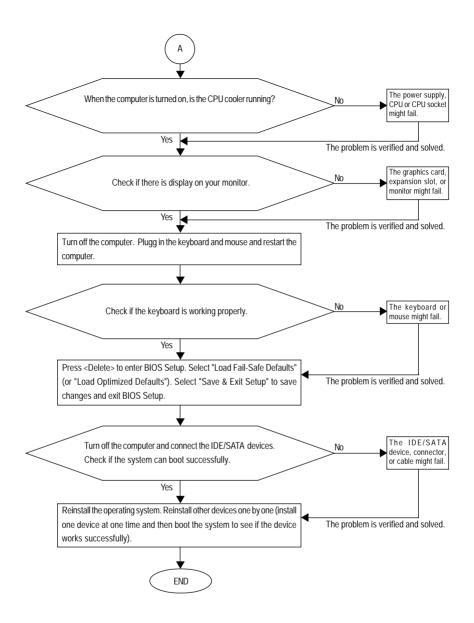
Continuous long beeps: Graphics card not inserted properly

Continuous short beeps: Power error

# 5-4-2 Troubleshooting Procedure

If you encounter any troubles during system startup, follow the troubleshooting procedure below to solve the problem.







If the procedure above is unable to solve your problem, contact the place of purchase or local dealer for help. Or go to the Support\Technical Service Zone page to submit your question. Our customer service staff will reply you as soon as possible.

# **Regulatory Statements**

#### Regulatory Notices

This document must not be copied without our written permission, and the contents there of must not be imparted to a third party nor be used for any unauthorized purpose. Contravention will be prosecuted. We believe that the information contained herein was accurate in all respects at the time of printing. GIGABYTE cannot, however, assume any responsibility for errors or omissions in this text. Also note that the information in this document is subject to change without notice and should not be construed as a commitment by GIGABYTE.

#### Our Commitment to Preserving the Environment

In addition to high-efficiency performance, all GIGABYTE motherboards fulfill European Union regulations for RoHS (Restriction of Certain Hazardous Substances in Electrical and Electronic Equipment) and WEEE (Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment) environmental directives, as well as most major worldwide safety requirements. To prevent releases of harmful substances into the environment and to maximize the use of our natural resources, GIGABYTE provides the following information on how you can responsibly recycle or reuse most of the materials in your "end of life" product.

#### Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS) Directive Statement

GIGABYTE products have not intended to add and safe from hazardous substances (Cd, Pb, Hg, Cr+6, PBDE and PBB). The parts and components have been carefully selected to meet RoHS requirement. Moreover, we at GIGABYTE are continuing our efforts to develop products that do not use internationally banned toxic chemicals.

#### Waste Electrical & Electronic Equipment (WEEE) Directive Statement

GIGABYTE will fulfill the national laws as interpreted from the 2002/96/EC WEEE (Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment) directive. The WEEE Directive specifies the treatment, collection, recycling and disposal of electric and electronic devices and their components. Under the Directive, used equipment must be marked, collected separately, and disposed of properly.

#### WEEE Symbol Statement



The symbol shown below is on the product or on its packaging, which indicates that this product must not be disposed of with other waste. Instead, the device should be taken to the waste collection centers for activation of the treatment, collection, recycling and disposal procedure. The separate collection and recycling of your waste equipment at the time of disposal will help to conserve natural resources and ensure that it is recycled in a

manner that protects human health and the environment. For more information about where you can drop off your waste equipment for recycling, please contact your local government office, your household waste disposal service or where you purchased the product for details of environmentally safe recycling.

- When your electrical or electronic equipment is no longer useful to you, "take it back" to your local or regional waste collection administration for recycling.
- If you need further assistance in recycling, reusing in your "end of life" product, you may contact us at the Customer Care number listed in your product's user's manual and we will be glad to help you with your effort.

Finally, we suggest that you practice other environmentally friendly actions by understanding and using the energy-saving features of this product (where applicable), recycling the inner and outer packaging (including shipping containers) this product was delivered in, and by disposing of or recycling used batteries properly. With your help, we can reduce the amount of natural resources needed to produce electrical and electronic equipment, minimize the use of landfills for the disposal of "end of life" products, and generally improve our quality of life by ensuring that potentially hazardous substances are not released into the environment and are disposed of properly.

#### China Restriction of Hazardous Substances Table

The following table is supplied in compliance with China's Restriction of Hazardous Substances (China RoHS) requirements:



关于符合中国《电子信息产品污染控制管理办法》的声明 Management Methods on Control of Pollution from Electronic Information Products (China Rokls Declaration)

产品	中有毒有害	物质或元素的	的名称及含量
	Hazardous	Substances	Table

	Hazardous Substances Table 有毒有害物质或元素(Hazardous Substances)			s)		
部件名称(Parts)	铅(Pb)	汞 (Hg)	镉(Cd)	六价铬 (Cr (VI))	多溴联苯 (PBB)	多溴二苯醚 (PBDE)
PCB板 PCB	0	0	0	0	0	0
结构件及风扇 Mechanical parts and Fan	×	0	0	0	0	0
芯片及其他主动零件 Chip and other Active components	×	0	0	0	0	0
连接器 Connectors	×	0	0	0	0	0
被动电子元器件 Passive Components	×	0	0	0	0	0
线材 Cables	0	0	0	0	0	0
焊接金属 Soldering metal	0	0	0	0	0	0
助焊剂, 散热膏, 标签及其他耗材 Flux,Solder Paste,Label and other Consumable Materials	0	0	0	0	0	0
○:表示该有毒有害物质在该部件所有均质材料中的含量均在SJ/T11363-2006标准规定的限量要求以下。 Indicates that this hazardous substance contained in all homogenous materials of this part is below the limit requirement SJ/T 11363-2006						
×:表示该有毒有害物质至少在该部件的某一均质材料中的含量超出SJ/T11363-2006标准规定的限量要求。 Indicates that this hazardous substance contained in at least one of the homogenous materials of this part is above the limit requirement in SJ/T 11363-2006						
对销售之日的所受售产品,本表显示我公司供应链的电子信息产品可能包含这些物质。注意:在所售产品中 可能会也可能不会含有所有所列的部件。 This table shows where these substances may be found in the supply chain of our electronic information products, as of the date of the sele of the enclosed products. Note that some of the component types listed above may or may not be a part of the enclosed product.						







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GIGA-BYTE TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.
Address: No.6, Bau Chiang Road, Hsin-Tien,
Taipei 231, Taiwan
TEL: +886-2-8912-4888
FAX: +886-2-8912-4003
Tech. and Non-Tech. Support (Sales/Marketing) :
http://ggts.gigabyte.com.tw
WEB address (English): http://www.gigabyte.com.tw
WEB address (Chinese): http://www.gigabyte.tw

#### • U.S.A.

G.B.T. INC. TEL: +1-626-854-9338 FAX: +1-626-854-9339 Tech. Support: http://rma.gigabyte-usa.com Web address: http://www.gigabyte.us

#### Mexico

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# Thailand WEB address : http://th.giga-byte.com Vietnam

WEB address : http://www.gigabyte.vn

#### China

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WEB address : http://www.gigabyte.com.au

Germany	Russia
G.B.T. TECHNOLOGY TRADING GMBH	Moscow Representative Office Of GIGA-BYTE Technology
WEB address : http://www.gigabyte.de	Co., Ltd.
• U.K.	WEB address : http://www.gigabyte.ru
G.B.T. TECH. CO., LTD.	Latvia
WEB address : http://www.giga-byte.co.uk	GIGA-BYTE Latvia
The Netherlands	WEB address : http://www.gigabyte.lv
GIGA-BYTE TECHNOLOGY B.V.	Poland
WEB address : http://www.giga-byte.nl	Office of GIGA-BYTE TECHNOLOGY Co., Ltd. in POLAND
Sweden	WEB address : http://www.gigabyte.pl
WEB address : http://www.gigabyte.se	Ukraine
France	WEB address : http://www.giga-byte.com.ua
GIGABYTE TECHNOLOGY FRANCE	Romania
WEB address : http://www.gigabyte.fr	Representative Office Of GIGA-BYTE Technology Co., Ltd.
Italy	in Romania
WEB address : http://www.giga-byte.it	WEB address : http://www.gigabyte.com.ro
• Spain	Serbia & Montenegro
GIGA-BYTE SPAIN	Representative Office Of GIGA-BYTE Technology Co., Ltd.
WEB address : http://www.giga-byte.es	in SERBIA & MONTENEGRO
Czech Republic	WEB address : http://www.gigabyte.co.yu
Representative Office Of GIGA-BYTE Technology Co., Ltd.	You may go to the GIGABYTE website, select your language
in CZECH REPUBLIC	in the language list on the top right corner of the website.
WEB address : http://www.gigabyte.cz	in the language list of the top right corrier of the website.
• Turkey	
Representative Office Of GIGA-BYTE Technology Co., Ltd.	
in TURKEY	
WEB address : http://www.gigabyte.com.tr	

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To submit a technical or non-technical (Sales/ Marketing) question, please link to : http://ggts.gigabyte.com.tw Then select your language to enter the system.