GA-EP31-DS3L

LGA775 socket motherboard for Intel[®] Core[™] processor family/ Intel[®] Pentium[®] processor family/Intel[®] Celeron[®] processor family

User's Manual

Rev. 2102 12ME-EP31DS3L-2102R

(Slamp) Date: Aug. 4, 2008 Name: Timmy Huang	ManufacturorImporter Signatura: Tununy Audung	EN 00335 Safety of household and similar EN 50091-1 General and Safety requirements for electrical appliances uninterruptible power systems (UPS)	EN 6005 Schej requirements for males operated 8 EN 6059 Schej for information technology equipment for including electrical business equipment household and similar general use	The manufacturer also declares the conformity of above mentioned product with the actual required safety standards in accordance with LVD 2006/95/EC	8 CE marking (EC conternity marking)	□ DN VOE 0855 Cubicd distribuion systems, Equipment □ part 10 for for the share building of the state building of the share buildin	8 EN SG22 Linits and methods of measurement of ratio disturbance or accordination of information technology equipment	EN 5020 Immunity from radio interference of EN 50091-2 EMC requirements for uninterruptible equipment and associated equipment prover systems (UPS)	EN SS015 Limits and methods of measurement EN SS014-2 Immunity requirements for household of radio classifications of classification of fluorescent tamps and luminaries fluorescent tamps and luminaries	portable tools and similar electrical EN 50082-2 Generic immunity standard Part 2: apparatus	EN SS014-1 Limits and methods of measurement of radio disturbance characteristics of More advance of the advance	EN 5501 Limits and methods of measurement B EN 5502 Information Technology of radio disturbance of baradentities of equipment-Immuno broadcast monivers and associated characteristic-Limits and methods of equipment measurement	EN 5011 Units and methods of measurement ISEN 6100-3-2 Disturbances in supply systems caused industrial sciencific and medical (ISM) ISEN 6100-3-3 Disturbances in supply systems caused high frequency equipment ISEN ISEN 6100-3-4 Control sciences and entitle high frequency equipment electrical equipment "voltage fluctuations"	Motherboard GALEP31-DS31 (reference to the specification unview which conformity is declared) in accordance with 2004/108EC EAR Directive	Declaration of Conformity We. Manufacturements Buttenbooper 16, 22047 Handboord Generative the product Generative and the product (description of the approximation, system, finalization to which it refere)
	Date: <u>Aug. 4, 2008</u>	Signature: Eric Lu	Representative Person's Name: ERIC LU	including that may cause undesired operation.	subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful and (2) this device must accept any inference received.	This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is	(a), Class B Digital Device Supplementary Information:	FCC Part 15, Subpart B, Section 15.107(a) and Section 15.109	Model Number: GA-EP31-DS3L Conforms to the following specifications:	Product Name: Motherboard	hereby declares that the product	City of Industry, CA 91748 Phone/Fax No: (818) 854-9338/ (818) 854-9339	Responsible Party Name: G.B.T. INC. (U.S.A.) Address: 17358 Railroad Street	T (C)	DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY Per FCC Part 2 Section 2.1077(a)

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Documentation Classifications

In order to assist in the use of this product, GIGABYTE provides the following types of documentations:

- For detailed product information, carefully read the User's Manual.
- For instructions on how to use GIGABYTE's unique features, read or download the information on/from the Support&Downloads\Motherboard\Technology Guide page on our website.

For product-related information, check on our website at: http://www.gigabyte.com.tw

Identifying Your Motherboard Revision

The revision number on your motherboard looks like this: "REV: X.X." For example, "REV: 1.0" means the revision of the motherboard is 1.0. Check your motherboard revision before updating motherboard BIOS, drivers, or when looking for technical information. Example:

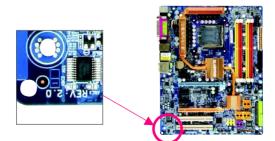
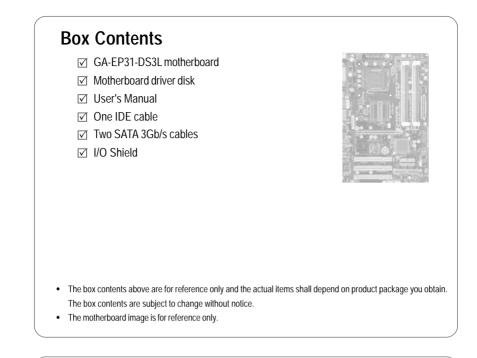


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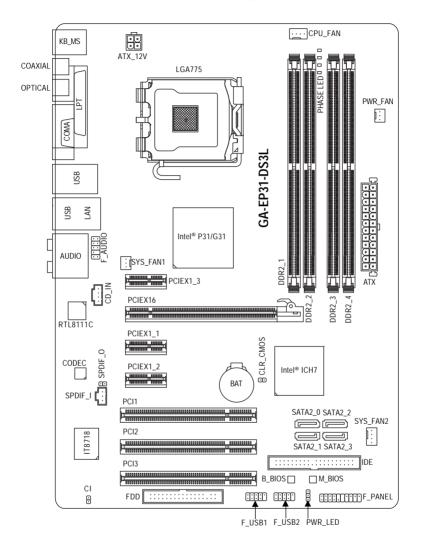
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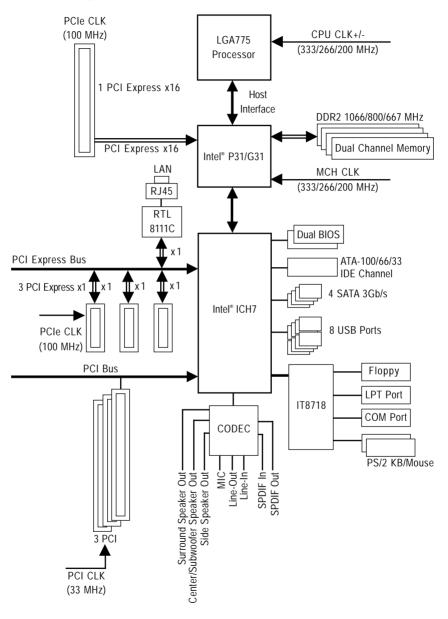
Optional Items

- □ Floppy disk drive cable (Part No. 12CF1-1FD001-7*R)
- □ 2-port USB 2.0 bracket (Part No. 12CR1-1UB030-5*R)
- S/PDIF in cable (Part No. 12CR1-1SPDIN-0*R)
- □ 2-port SATA power cable (Part No. 12CF1-2SERPW-0*R)

GA-EP31-DS3L Motherboard Layout



Block Diagram



Chapter 1 Hardware Installation

1-1 Installation Precautions

The motherboard contains numerous delicate electronic circuits and components which can become damaged as a result of electrostatic discharge (ESD). Prior to installation, carefully read the user's manual and follow these procedures:

- Prior to installation, do not remove or break motherboard S/N (Serial Number) sticker or warranty sticker provided by your dealer. These stickers are required for warranty validation.
- Always remove the AC power by unplugging the power cord from the power outlet before installing or removing the motherboard or other hardware components.
- When connecting hardware components to the internal connectors on the motherboard, make sure they are connected tightly and securely.
- When handling the motherboard, avoid touching any metal leads or connectors.
- It is best to wear an electrostatic discharge (ESD) wrist strap when handling electronic components such as a motherboard, CPU or memory. If you do not have an ESD wrist strap, keep your hands dry and first touch a metal object to eliminate static electricity.
- Prior to installing the motherboard, please have it on top of an antistatic pad or within an electrostatic shielding container.
- Before unplugging the power supply cable from the motherboard, make sure the power supply has been turned off.
- Before turning on the power, make sure the power supply voltage has been set according to the local voltage standard.
- Before using the product, please verify that all cables and power connectors of your hardware components are connected.
- To prevent damage to the motherboard, do not allow screws to come in contact with the motherboard circuit or its components.
- Make sure there are no leftover screws or metal components placed on the motherboard or within the computer casing.
- Do not place the computer system on an uneven surface.
- Do not place the computer system in a high-temperature environment.
- Turning on the computer power during the installation process can lead to damage to system components as well as physical harm to the user.
- If you are uncertain about any installation steps or have a problem related to the use of the product, please consult a certified computer technician.

1-2 Product Specifications

СРИ	 Support for an Intel[®] Core[™] 2 Extreme processor/
	Intel [®] Core [™] 2 Quad processor/Intel [®] Core [™] 2 Duo processor/
	Intel® Pentium® processor Extreme Edition/Intel® Pentium® D processor/
	Intel® Pentium® 4 processor Extreme Edition/Intel® Pentium® 4 processor/
	Intel® Celeron® processor in the LGA 775 package
	(Go to GIGABYTE's website for the latest CPU support list.)
	 L2 cache varies with CPU
Front Side Bus	 1333/1066/800 MHz FSB
Chipset	 North Bridge: Intel[®] P31/G31 Express Chipset
,	South Bridge: Intel [®] ICH7
Memory	 4 x 1.8V DDR2 DIMM sockets supporting up to 4 GB of system memory (Note 1)
-	Dual channel memory architecture
	 Support for DDR2 1066/800/667 MHz memory modules
	(Go to GIGABYTE's website for the latest memory support list.)
Audio	Realtek ALC888 codec
	High Definition Audio
	 2/4/5.1/7.1-channel
	Support for S/PDIF In/Out
	Support for CD In
LAN	 RTL 8111C chip (10/100/1000 Mbit)
Expansion Slots	1 x PCI Express x16 slot
	3 x PCI Express x1 slots
	3 x PCI slots
Storage Interface	South Bridge:
	- 1 x IDE connector supporting ATA-100/66/33 and up to 2 IDE devices
	- 4 x SATA 3Gb/s connectors supporting up to 4 SATA 3Gb/s devices
	iTE IT8718 chip:
	- 1 x floppy disk drive connector supporting up to 1 floppy disk drive
USB	Integrated in the South Bridge
	Up to 8 USB 2.0/1.1 ports (4 on the back panel, 4 via the USB brackets
	connected to the internal USB headers)

Internal Connectors	1 x 24-pin ATX main power connector
Internal Connectors	
	1 x 4-pin ATX 12V power connector
	1 x floppy disk drive connector
	1 x IDE connector
	4 x SATA 3Gb/s connectors
	1 x CPU fan header
	2 x system fan headers
	1 x power fan header
	 1 x front panel header
	 1 x front panel audio header
	1 x CD In connector
	 1 x S/PDIF In header
	 1 x S/PDIF Out header
	• 2 x USB 2.0/1.1 headers
	 1 x chassis intrusion header
	 1 x power LED header
Back Panel	1 x PS/2 keyboard port
Connectors	 1 x PS/2 mouse port
	1 x parallel port
	1 x serial port
	1 x coaxial S/PDIF Out connector
	1 x optical S/PDIF Out connector
	• 4 x USB 2.0/1.1 ports
	• 1 x RJ-45 port
	6 x audio jacks (Center/Subwoofer Speaker Out/Rear Speaker Out/
	Side Speaker Out/Line In/Line Out/Microphone)
I/O Controller	iTE IT8718 chip
Hardware Monitor	System voltage detection
	CPU/System temperature detection
	CPU/System/Power fan speed detection
	CPU overheating warning
	CPU/System/Power fan fail warning
	CPU/System fan speed control ^(Nole 2)
BIOS	2 x 8 Mbit flash
	Use of licensed AWARD BIOS
	 Support for DualBIOS™
	 PnP 1.0a, DMI 2.0, SM BIOS 2.4, ACPI 1.0b

Unique Features	Support for @BIOS
	Support for Download Center
	Support for Q-Flash
	 Support for EasyTune (Note 3)
	Support for Xpress Install
	Support for Xpress Recovery2
	Support for Virtual Dual BIOS
	 Support for Dynamic Energy Saver Advanced (Note 4)
Bundled Software	Norton Internet Security (OEM version)
Operating System	Support for Microsoft [®] Windows [®] Vista/XP
Form Factor	ATX Form Factor; 30.5cm x 21.0cm

- (Note 1) Based on standard PC architecture, a certain amount of memory is reserved for system usage and therefore the actual memory size is less than the stated amount. For example, 4 GB of memory size will instead be shown as 3.xx GB during system startup.
- (Note 2) Whether the CPU/system fan speed control function is supported will depend on the CPU/ system cooler you install.
- (Note 3) Available functions in EasyTune may differ by motherboard model.
- (Note 4) Due to the hardware limitation, you must install the Intel[®] Core[™] 2 Extreme/ Core[™] 2 Quad/ Core[™] 2 Duo/ Pentium Dual-Core/ Celeron Dual-Core/ Celeron 400 Series CPU to enable support for Dynamic Energy Saver.

1-3 Installing the CPU and CPU Cooler

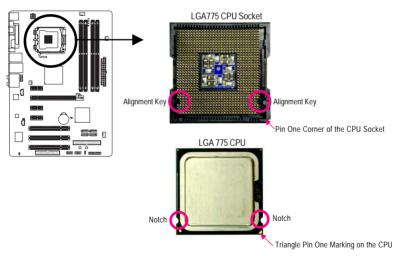


Read the following guidelines before you begin to install the CPU:

- Make sure that the motherboard supports the CPU.
 - (Go to GIGABYTE's website for the latest CPU support list.)
- Always turn off the computer and unplug the power cord from the power outlet before installing the CPU to prevent hardware damage.
- Locate the pin one of the CPU. The CPU cannot be inserted if oriented incorrectly. (Or you may locate the notches on both sides of the CPU and alignment keys on the CPU socket.)
- Apply an even and thin layer of thermal grease on the surface of the CPU.
- Do not turn on the computer if the CPU cooler is not installed, otherwise overheating and damage of the CPU may occur.
- Set the CPU host frequency in accordance with the CPU specifications. It is not recommended that the system bus frequency be set beyond hardware specifications since it does not meet the standard requirements for the peripherals. If you wish to set the frequency beyond the standard specifications, please do so according to your hardware specifications including the CPU, graphics card, memory, hard drive, etc.

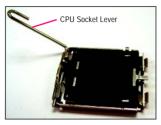
1-3-1 Installing the CPU

A. Locate the alignment keys on the motherboard CPU socket and the notches on the CPU.



B. Follow the steps below to correctly install the CPU into the motherboard CPU socket.

Before installing the CPU, make sure to turn off the computer and unplug the power cord from the power outlet to prevent damage to the CPU.



Step 1: Completely raise the CPU socket lever.



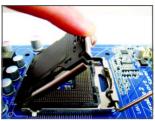
Step 3:

Remove the protective socket cover from the load plate. (To protect the CPU socket, always replace the protective socket cover when the CPU is not installed.)



Step 5:

Once the CPU is properly inserted, replace the load plate and push the CPU socket lever back into its locked position.





Lift the metal load plate from the CPU socket. (DO NOT touch socket contacts.)





Hold the CPU with your thumb and index fingers. Align the CPU pin one marking (triangle) with the pin one corner of the CPU socket (or you may align the CPU notches with the socket alignment keys) and gently insert the CPU into position.

1-3-2 Installing the CPU Cooler

Follow the steps below to correctly install the CPU cooler on the motherboard. (The following procedure uses Intel[®] boxed cooler as the example cooler.)



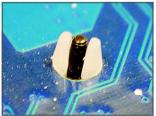
Step 1:

Apply an even and thin layer of thermal grease on the surface of the installed CPU.



Step 3:

Place the cooler atop the CPU, aligning the four push pins through the pin holes on the motherboard. Push down on the push pins diagonally.



Step 5:

After the installation, check the back of the motherboard. If the push pin is inserted as the picture above, the installation is complete.



Step 2:

Before installing the cooler, note the direction of the arrow sign \smile on the male push pin. (Turning the push pin along the direction of arrow is to remove the cooler, on the contrary, is to install.)





You should hear a "click" when pushing down each push pin. Check that the Male and Female push pins are joined closely. (Refer to your CPU cooler installation manual for instructions on installing the cooler.)





Finally, attach the power connector of the CPU cooler to the CPU fan header (CPU_FAN) on the motherboard.



Use extreme care when removing the CPU cooler because the thermal grease/tape between the CPU cooler and CPU may adhere to the CPU. Inadequately removing the CPU cooler may damage the CPU.

1-4 Installing the Memory



Read the following guidelines before you begin to install the memory:

• Make sure that the motherboard supports the memory. It is recommended that memory of the same capacity, brand, speed, and chips be used.

(Go to GIGABYTE's website for the latest memory support list.)

- Always turn off the computer and unplug the power cord from the power outlet before installing the memory to prevent hardware damage.
- Memory modules have a foolproof design. A memory module can be installed in only one direction. If you are unable to insert the memory, switch the direction.

1-4-1 Dual Channel Memory Configuration

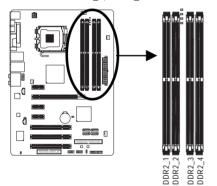


This motherboard provides four DDR2 memory sockets and supports Dual Channel Technology. After the memory is installed, the BIOS will automatically detect the specifications and capacity of the memory. Enabling Dual Channel memory mode will double the original memory bandwidth.

The four DDR2 memory sockets are divided into two channels and each channel has two memory sockets as following:

▶ Channel 0: DDR2 1, DDR2 2

▶ Channel 1: DDR2 3, DDR2 4



▶ Dual Channel Memory Configurations Table

	DDR2_1	DDR2_2	DDR2_3	DDR2_4
Two Modules	DS/SS		DS/SS	
	DS/SS			DS/SS
		DS/SS	DS/SS	
		DS/SS		DS/SS
Four Modules	SS	SS	SS	SS

(SS=Single-Sided, DS=Double-Sided, "- -"=No Memory)

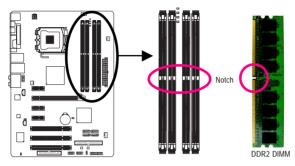
Due to chipset limitation, read the following guidelines before installing the memory in Dual Channel mode.

- 1. Dual Channel mode cannot be enabled if only one DDR2 memory module is installed.
- When enabling Dual Channel mode with two or four memory modules, it is recommended that memory of the same capacity, brand, speed, and chips be used and installed according to the configurations in the first table for optimum performance.
- Because of chipset limitations, do not populate both DIMM sockets of the same channel (e.g. DDR2_1 and DDR2_2) with double-sided memory modules to prevent system's failure to start or incorrect detection of memory modules.

1-4-2 Installing a Memory



Before installing a memory module , make sure to turn off the computer and unplug the power cord from the power outlet to prevent damage to the memory module. DDR2 DIMMs are not compatible to DDR DIMMs. Be sure to install DDR2 DIMMs on this motherboard.

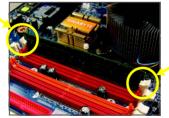


A DDR2 memory module has a notch, so it can only fit in one direction. Follow the steps below to correctly install your memory modules in the memory sockets.



Step 1:

Note the orientation of the memory module. Spread the retaining clips at both ends of the memory socket. Place the memory module on the socket. As indicated in the picture on the left, place your fingers on the top edge of the memory, push down on the memory and insert it vertically into the memory socket.



Step 2:

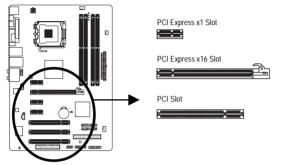
The clips at both ends of the socket will snap into place when the memory module is securely inserted.

1-5 Installing an Expansion Card



Read the following guidelines before you begin to install an expansion card:

- Make sure the motherboard supports the expansion card. Carefully read the manual that came with your expansion card.
- Always turn off the computer and unplug the power cord from the power outlet before installing an expansion card to prevent hardware damage.



Follow the steps below to correctly install your expansion card in the expansion slot.

- 1. Locate an expansion slot that supports your card. Remove the metal slot cover from the chassis back panel.
- 2. Align the card with the slot, and press down on the card until it is fully seated in the slot.
- 3. Make sure the metal contacts on the card are completely inserted into the slot.
- 4. Secure the card's metal bracket to the chassis back panel with a screw.
- 5. After installing all expansion cards, replace the chassis cover(s).
- Turn on your computer. If necessary, go to BIOS Setup to make any required BIOS changes for your expansion card(s).
- 7. Install the driver provided with the expansion card in your operating system.

Example: Installing and Removing a PCI Express x16 Graphics Card:



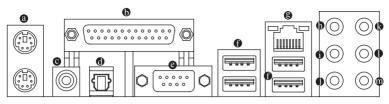
 Installing a Graphics Card: Gently insert the graphics card into the PCI Express x16 slot. Make sure the graphics card is locked by the latch at the end of the PCI Express x16 slot.



· Removing the Card:

Press the white latch at the end of the PCI Express x16 slot to release the card and then pull the card straight up from the slot.

1-6 Back Panel Connectors



PS/2 Keyboard and PS/2 Mouse Port

Use the upper port (green) to connect a PS/2 mouse and the lower port (purple) to connect a PS/2 keyboard.

Parallel Port

Use the parallel port to connect devices such as a printer, scanner and etc. The parallel port is also called a printer port.

Coaxial S/PDIF Out Connector

This connector provides digital audio out to an external audio system that supports digital coaxial audio. Before using this feature, ensure that your audio system provides a coaxial digital audio in connector.

Optical S/PDIF Out Connector

This connector provides digital audio out to an external audio system that supports digital optical audio. Before using this feature, ensure that your audio system provides an optical digital audio in connector.

Serial Port

Use the serial port to connect devices such as a mouse, modem or other peripherals.

USB Port

The USB port supports the USB 2.0/1.1 specification. Use this port for USB devices such as an USB keyboard/mouse, USB printer, USB flash drive and etc.

RJ-45 LAN Port

The Gigabit Ethernet LAN port provides Internet connection at up to 1 Gbps data rate. The following describes the states of the LAN port LEDs.

Connection/ Speed LFD

eed	LED	Activi	ly LED
	LAN	I Port	

	Connection/Speed LED:				
	State	Description			
Orange		1 Gbps data rate			
	Green	100 Mbps data rate			
	Off	10 Mbps data rate			

Activity LED:

State	Description
Blinking	Data transmission or receiving is occurring
Off	No data transmission or receiving is occurring



- When removing the cable connected to a back panel connector, first remove the cable from your device and then remove it from the motherboard.
- When removing the cable, pull it straight out from the connector. Do not rock it side to side to prevent an electrical short inside the cable connector.

Center/Subwoofer Speaker Out Jack (Orange)

Use this audio jack to connect center/subwoofer speakers in a 5.1/7.1-channel audio configuration.

Rear Speaker Out Jack (Black)

Use this audio jack to connect rear speakers in a 4/5.1/7.1-channel audio configuration.

• Side Speaker Out Jack (Gray)

Use this audio jack to connect side speakers in a 7.1-channel audio configuration.

Line In Jack (Blue)

The default line in jack. Use this audio jack for line in devices such as an optical drive, walkman, etc.

Line Out Jack (Green)

The default line out jack. Use this audio jack for a headphone or 2-channel speaker. This jack can be used to connect front speakers in a 4/5.1/7.1-channel audio configuration.

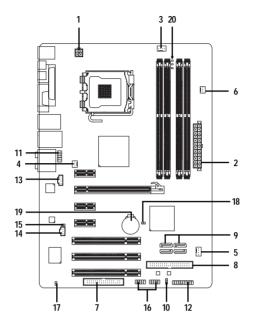
Mic In Jack (Pink)

The default Mic in jack. Microphones must be connected to this jack.



In addition to the default speakers settings, the $\mathbf{0} \sim \mathbf{0}$ audio jacks can be reconfigured to perform different functions via the audio software. Only microphones still MUST be connected to the default Mic in jack ($\mathbf{0}$). Refer to the instructions on setting up a 2/4/5.1/7.1-channel audio configuration in Chapter 5, "Configuring 2/4/5.1/7.1-Channel Audio."

1-7 Internal Connectors



1)	ATX_12V	11)	F_AUDIO
2)	ATX	12)	F_PANEL
3)	CPU_FAN	13)	CD_IN
4)	SYS_FAN1	14)	SPDIF_I
5)	SYS_FAN2	15)	SPDIF_0
6)	PWR_FAN	16)	F_USB1/F_USB2
7)	FDD	17)	CI
8)	IDE	18)	CLR_CMOS
9)	SATA2_0/1/2/3	19)	BAT
10)	PWR_LED	20)	PHASE LED



Read the following guidelines before connecting external devices:

First make sure your devices are compliant with the connectors you wish to connect.

- Before installing the devices, be sure to turn off the devices and your computer. Unplug the power cord from the power outlet to prevent damage to the devices.
- After installing the device and before turning on the computer, make sure the device cable has been securely attached to the connector on the motherboard.

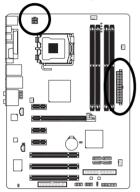
1/2) ATX_12V/ATX (2x2 12V Power Connector and 2x12 Main Power Connector)

With the use of the power connector, the power supply can supply enough stable power to all the components on the motherboard. Before connecting the power connector, first make sure the power supply is turned off and all devices are properly installed. The power connector possesses a foolproof design. Connect the power supply cable to the power connector in the correct orientation. The 12V power connector mainly supplies power to the CPU. If the 12V power connector is not connected, the computer will not start.



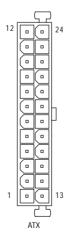
To meet expansion requirements, it is recommended that a power supply that can withstand high power consumption be used (500W or greater). If a power supply is used that does not provide the required power, the result can lead to an unstable or unbootable system.

• The main power connector is compatible with power supplies with 2x10 power connectors. When using a 2x12 power supply, remove the protective cover from the main power connector on the motherboard. Do not insert the power supply cable into pins under the protective cover when using a 2x10 power supply.





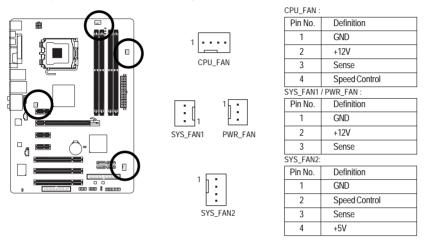
ATX_12V:				
Pin No.	Definition			
1	GND			
2	GND			
3	+12V			
4	+12V			



ATX:			
Pin No.	Definition	Pin No.	Definition
1	3.3V	13	3.3V
2	3.3V	14	-12V
3	GND	15	GND
4	+5V	16	PS_ON(soft On/Off)
5	GND	17	GND
6	+5V	18	GND
7	GND	19	GND
8	Power Good	20	-5V
9	5V SB(stand by +5V)	21	+5V
10	+12V	22	+5V
11	+12V (Only for 2x12-pinATX)	23	+5V (Only for 2x12-pin ATX)
12	3.3V (Only for 2x12-pin ATX)	24	GND (Only for 2x12-pin ATX)

3/4/5/6) CPU_FAN/SYS_FAN1/SYS_FAN2/PWR_FAN (Fan Headers)

The motherboard has a 4-pin CPU fan header (CPU_FAN), a 4-pin system fan header (SYS_FAN2), a 3-pin system fan header (SYS_FAN1), and a 3-pin power fan header (PWR_FAN). Most fan headers possess a foolproof insertion design. When connecting a fan cable, be sure to connect it in the correct orientation (the black connector wire is the ground wire). The motherboard supports CPU fan speed control, which requires the use of a CPU fan with fan speed control design. For optimum heat dissipation, it is recommended that a system fan be installed inside the chassis.

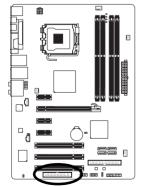


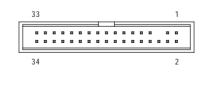


Be sure to connect fan cables to the fan headers to prevent your CPU and system from overheating. Overheating may result in damage to the CPU or the system may hang. These fan headers are not configuration jumper blocks. Do not place a jumper cap on the headers

7) FDD (Floppy Disk Drive Connector)

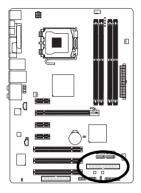
This connector is used to connect a floppy disk drive. The types of floppy disk drives supported are: 360 KB, 720 KB, 1.2 MB, 1.44 MB, and 2.88 MB. Before connecting a floppy disk drive, be sure to locate pin 1 of the connector and the floppy disk drive cable. The pin 1 of the cable is typically designated by a stripe of different color.

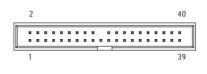




8) IDE (IDE Connector)

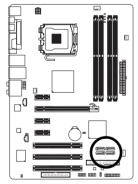
The IDE connector supports up to two IDE devices such as hard drives and optical drives. Before attaching the IDE cable, locate the foolproof groove on the connector. If you wish to connect two IDE devices, remember to set the jumpers and the cabling according to the role of the IDE devices (for example, master or slave). (For information about configuring master/slave settings for the IDE devices, read the instructions from the device manufacturers.)





9) SATA2_0/1/2/3 (SATA 3Gb/s Connectors)

The SATA connectors conform to SATA 3Gb/s standard and are compatible with SATA 1.5Gb/s standard. Each SATA connector supports a single SATA device.





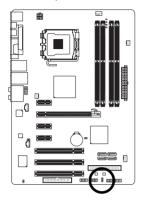
Pin No.	Definition
1	GND
2	TXP
3	TXN
4	GND
5	RXN
6	RXP
7	GND



Please connect the L-shaped end of the SATA 3Gb/s cable to your SATA hard drive.

10) PWR_LED (System Power LED Header)

This header can be used to connect a system power LED on the chassis to indicate system power status. The LED is on when the system is operating. The LED keeps blinking when the system is in S1 sleep state. The LED is off when the system is in S3/S4 sleep state or powered off (S5).



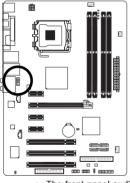
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l	<u>.</u>)
	1

Pin No.	Definition	
1	MPD+	
2	MPD-	
3	MPD-	

System Status	LED
S0	On
S1	Blinking
S3/S4/S5	Off

11) F_AUDIO (Front Panel Audio Header)

The front panel audio header supports Intel High Definition audio (HD) and AC'97 audio. You may connect your chassis front panel audio module to this header. Make sure the wire assignments of the module connector match the pin assignments of the motherboard header. Incorrect connection between the module connector and the motherboard header will make the device unable to work or even damage it.



NOTE

For HD Front Panel Audio:			
2	Pin No.	Definition	
-	1	MIC2_L	
10	2	GND	
10	3	MIC2_R	
	4	-ACZ_DET	
	5	LINE2_R	
	6	GND	
	7	FAUDIO_JD	
	8	No Pin	
	9	LINE2_L	
	10	GND	

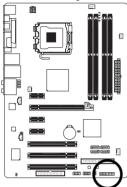


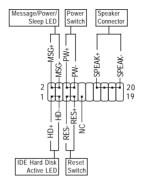
Pin No.	Definition
1	MIC
2	GND
3	MIC Power
4	NC
5	Line Out (R)
6	NC
7	NC
8	No Pin
9	Line Out (L)
10	NC

- The front panel audio header supports HD audio by default. If your chassis provides an AC'97 front panel audio module, refer to the instructions on how to activate AC'97 functioninality via the audio software in Chapter 5, "Configuring 2/4/5.1/7.1-Channel Audio."
- Audio signals will be present on both of the front and back panel audio connections simultaneously. If you want to mute the back panel audio (only supported when using an HD front panel audio module), refer to Chapter 5, "Configuring 2/4/5.1/7.1-Channel Audio."
- Some chassis provide a front panel audio module that has separated connectors on each wire instead of a single plug. For information about connecting the front panel audio module that has different wire assignments, please contact the chassis manufacturer.

12) F_PANEL (Front Panel Header)

Connect the power switch, reset switch, speaker and system status indicator on the chassis front panel to this header according to the pin assignments below. Note the positive and negative pins before connecting the cables.





• MSG (Message/Power/Sleep LED, Yellow):

System Status	LED	Con
SO	On	LED
S1	Blinking	the
S3/S4/S5	Off	S3/5

onnects to the power status indicator on the chassis front panel. The ED is on when the system is operating. The LED keeps blinking when e system is in S1 sleep state. The LED is off when the system is in 3/S4 sleep state or powered off (S5).

• PW (Power Switch, Red):

Connects to the power switch on the chassis front panel. You may configure the way to turn off your system using the power switch (refer to Chapter 2, "BIOS Setup," "Power Management Setup," for more information).

• SPEAK (Speaker, Orange):

Connects to the speaker on the chassis front panel. The system reports system startup status by issuing a beep code. One single short beep will be heard if no problem is detected at system startup. If a problem is detected, the BIOS may issue beeps in different patterns to indicate the problem. Refer to Chapter 5, "Troubleshooting," for information about beep codes.

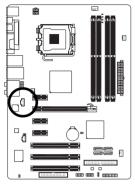
- HD (IDE Hard Drive Activity LED, Blue) Connects to the hard drive activity LED on the chassis front panel. The LED is on when the hard drive is reading or writing data.
- RES (Reset Switch, Green): Connects to the reset switch on the chassis front panel. Press the reset switch to restart the computer if the computer freezes and fails to perform a normal restart.
- NC (Purple): No connection



The front panel design may differ by chassis. A front panel module mainly consists of power switch, reset switch, power LED, hard drive activity LED, speaker and etc. When connecting your chassis front panel module to this header, make sure the wire assignments and the pin assignments are matched correctly.

13) CD_IN (CD In Connector, Black)

You may connect the audio cable that came with your optical drive to the header.

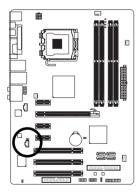




Pin No.	Definition
1	CD-L
2	GND
3	GND
4	CD-R

14) SPDIF_I (S/PDIF In Header, Red)

This header supports digital S/PDIF in and can connect to an audio device that supports digital audio out via an optional S/PDIF in cable. For purchasing the optional S/PDIF in cable, please contact the local dealer.

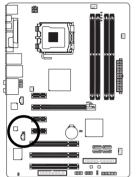




Pin No.	Definition
1	Power
2	SPDIFI
3	GND

15) SPDIF_O (S/PDIF Out Header)

This header supports digital S/PDIF out and connects a S/PDIF digital audio cable (provided by expansion cards) for digital audio output from your motherboard to certain expansion cards like graphics cards and sound cards. For example, some graphics cards may require you to use a S/PDIF digital audio cable for digital audio output from your motherboard to your graphics card if you wish to connect an HDMI display to the graphics card and have digital audio output from the HDMI display at the same time. For information about connecting the S/PDIF digital audio cable, carefully read the manual for your expansion card.

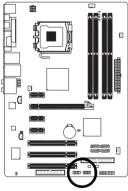


•• 1

Pin No.	Definition
1	SPDIFO
2	GND

16) F_USB1/F_USB2 (USB Headers)

The headers conform to USB 2.0/1.1 specification. Each USB header can provide two USB ports via an optional USB bracket. For purchasing the optional USB bracket, please contact the local dealer.



²

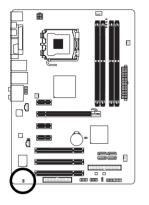
Pin No.	Definition
1	Power (5V)
2	Power (5V)
3	USB DX-
4	USB DY-
5	USB DX+
6	USB DY+
7	GND
8	GND
9	No Pin
10	NC

• Do not plug the IEEE 1394 bracket (2x5-pin) cable into the USB header.

• Prior to installing the USB bracket, be sure to turn off your computer and unplug the power cord from the power outlet to prevent damage to the USB bracket.

17) CI (Chassis Intrusion Header)

This motherboard provides a chassis detection feature that detects if the chassis cover has been removed. This function requires a chassis with chassis intrusion detection design.

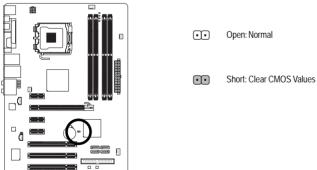




Pin No.	Definition
1	Signal
2	GND

18) CLR_CMOS (Clearing CMOS Jumper)

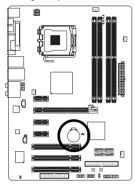
Use this jumper to clear the CMOS values (e.g. date information and BIOS configurations) and reset the CMOS values to factory defaults. To clear the CMOS values, place a jumper cap on the two pins to temporarily short the two pins or use a metal object like a screwdriver to touch the two pins for a few seconds.



- Always turn off your computer and unplug the power cord from the power outlet before clearing the CMOS values.
 - After clearing the CMOS values and before turning on your computer, be sure to remove the jumper cap from the jumper. Failure to do so may cause damage to the motherboard.
 - After system restart, go to BIOS Setup to load factory defaults (select Load Optimized Defaults) or manually configure the BIOS settings (refer to Chapter 2, "BIOS Setup," for BIOS configurations).

19) BAT(Battery)

The battery provides power to keep the values (such as BIOS configurations, date, and time information) in the CMOS when the computer is turned off. Replace the battery when the battery voltage drops to a low level, or the CMOS values may not be accurate or may be lost.



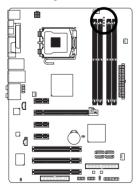


You may clear the CMOS values by removing the battery:

- 1. Turn off your computer and unplug the power cord.
- Gently remove the battery from the battery holder and wait for one minute. (Or use a metal object like a screwdriver to touch the positive and negative terminals of the battery holder, making them short for 5 seconds.)
- 3. Replace the battery.
- 4. Plug in the power cord and restart your computer.
- Always turn off your computer and unplug the power cord before replacing the battery.
- Replace the battery with an equivalent one. Danger of explosion if the battery is replaced with an incorrect model.
- Contact the place of purchase or local dealer if you are not able to replace the battery by yourself or uncertain about the battery model.
- When installing the battery, note the orientation of the positive side (+) and the negative side (-) of the battery (the positive side should face up).
- Used batteries must be handled in accordance with local environmental regulations.

20) PHASE LED

The number of lighted LEDs indicates the CPU loading. The higher the CPU loading, the more the number of lighted LEDs.



Chapter 2 BIOS Setup

BIOS (Basic Input and Output System) records hardware parameters of the system in the CMOS on the motherboard. Its major functions include conducting the Power-On Self-Test (POST) during system startup, saving system parameters and loading operating system, etc. BIOS includes a BIOS Setup program that allows the user to modify basic system configuration settings or to activate certain system features. When the power is turned off, the battery on the motherboard supplies the necessary power to the CMOS to keep the configuration values in the CMOS.

To access the BIOS Setup program, press the <Delete> key during the POST when the power is turned on. To see more advanced BIOS Setup menu options, you can press <Ctrl> + <F1> in the main menu of the BIOS Setup program.

To upgrade the BIOS, use either the GIGABYTE Q-Flash or @BIOS utility.

- Q-Flash allows the user to quickly and easily upgrade or back up BIOS without entering the operating system.
- @BIOS is a Windows-based utility that searches and downloads the latest version of BIOS from the Internet and updates the BIOS.

For instructions on using the Q-Flash and @BIOS utilities, refer to Chapter 4, "BIOS Update Utilities."



• Because BIOS flashing is potentially risky, if you do not encounter problems using the current version of BIOS, it is recommended that you not flash the BIOS. To flash the BIOS, do it with caution. Inadequate BIOS flashing may result in system malfunction.

- BIOS will emit a beep code during the POST. Refer to Chapter 5, "Troubleshooting," for the beep codes description.
- It is recommended that you not alter the default settings (unless you need to) to prevent system instability or other unexpected results. Inadequately altering the settings may result in system's failure to boot. If this occurs, try to clear the CMOS values and reset the board to default values. (Refer to the "Load Optimized Defaults" section in this chapter or introductions of the battery/clearing CMOS jumper in Chapter 1 for how to clear the CMOS values.)

2-1 Startup Screen

The following screens may appear when the computer boots.

A. The LOGO Screen (Default)



B. The POST Screen

Motherboard Model — BIOS Version —	Award Modular BIOS v6.00PG, An Energy Star Ally Copyright (C) 1984-2008, Award Software, Inc. EP31-DS3L E5	ERA FOLUTIOR FRAVENTER Bual S	
	: BIOS Setup <f9>: XpressRecovery2 <f12>: Boot Menu 07/21/2008-P31-ICH7-6A990G09C-00</f12></f9>	<end>: Qflash</end>	

Function Keys:

<TAB>: POST Screen

Press the <Tab> key to show the BIOS POST screen. To show the BIOS POST screen at system startup, refer to the instructions on the **Full Screen LOGO Show** item on page 38.

: BIOS Setup/Q-Flash

Press the <Delete> key to enter BIOS Setup or to access the Q-Flash utility in BIOS Setup.

<F9>: Xpress Recovery2

If you have ever entered Xpress Recovery2 to back up hard drive data using the motherboard driver disk, the <F9> key can be used for subsequent access to XpressRecovery2 during the POST. For more information, refer to Chapter 4, "Xpress Recovery2."

<F12>: Boot Menu

Boot Menu allows you to set the first boot device without entering BIOS Setup. In Boot Menu, use the up arrow key < \uparrow > or the down arrow key< \downarrow > to select the first boot device, then press <Enter> to accept. To exit Boot Menu, press <Esc>. The system will directly boot from the device configured in Boot Menu.

Note: The setting in Boot Menu is effective for one time only. After system restart, the device boot order will still be based on BIOS Setup settings. You can access Boot Menu again to change the first boot device setting as needed.

<End>: Q-Flash

Press the <End> key to access the Q-Flash utility directly without having to enter BIOS Setup first.

2-2 The Main Menu

Once you enter the BIOS Setup program, the Main Menu (as shown below) appears on the screen. Use arrow keys to move among the items and press <Enter> to accept or enter a sub-menu.

(Sample BIOS Version: E5)

_	CMOS Setup Utility-Copyright (C) 1984-2008 Award Software						
	Standard CMOS Features		Load Fail-Safe Defaults				
	Advanced BIOS Features		Load Optimized Defaults				
	Integrated Peripherals		Set Supervisor Password				
	 Power Management Setup 		Set User Password				
	 PnP/PCI Configurations 			Save & Exit Setup			
	 PC Health Status 			Exit Without Saving			
	Þ	MB Intelligent Tweaker(M.I.T.)					
	E	ESC: Quit	↑↓→←: Select	Item	F11: Save CMOS to BIOS		
	F8: Q-Flash		F10: Save & Exit Setup		F12: Load CMOS from BIOS		
	Time, Date, Hard Disk Type						

BIOS Setup Program Function Keys

	-
$\overline{<\!\uparrow\!><\!\downarrow\!><\!\leftrightarrow\!>}$	Move the selection bar to select an item
<enter></enter>	Execute command or enter the submenu
<esc></esc>	Main Menu: Exit the BIOS Setup program
	Submenus: Exit current submenu
<page up=""></page>	Increase the numeric value or make changes
<page down=""></page>	Decrease the numeric value or make changes
<f1></f1>	Show descriptions of the function keys
<f2></f2>	Move cursor to the Item Help block on the right (submenus only)
<f5></f5>	Restore the previous BIOS settings for the current submenus
<f6></f6>	Load the Fail-Safe BIOS default settings for the current submenus
<f7></f7>	Load the Optimized BIOS default settings for the current submenus
<f8></f8>	Access the Q-Flash utility
<f9></f9>	Display system information
<f10></f10>	Save all the changes and exit the BIOS Setup program
<f11></f11>	Save CMOS to BIOS
<f12></f12>	Load CMOS from BIOS

Main Menu Help

The onscreen description of a highlighted setup option is displayed on the bottom line of the Main Menu. Submenu Help

While in a submenu, press <F1> to display a help screen (General Help) of function keys available for the menu. Press <Esc> to exit the help screen. Help for each item is in the Item Help block on the right side of the submenu.



- If you do not find the settings you want in the Main Menu or a submenu, press <Ctrl>+<F1> to access more advanced options.
- When the system is not stable as usual, select the Load Optimized Defaults item to set your system to its defaults.
- The BIOS Setup menus described in this chapter are for reference only and may differ by BIOS version.

■ The Functions of the <F11> and <F12> keys (For the Main Menu Only)

▶ F11: Save CMOS to BIOS

This function allows you to save the current BIOS settings to a profile. You can create up to 8 profiles (Profile 1-8) and name each profile. First enter the profile name (to erase the default profile name, use the SPACE key) and then press <Enter> to complete.

▶ F12: Load CMOS from BIOS

If your system becomes unstable and you have loaded the BIOS default settings, you can use this function to load the BIOS settings from a profile created before, without the hassles of reconfiguring the BIOS settings. First select the profile you wish to load, then press <Enter> to complete.

Standard CMOS Features

Use this menu to configure the system time and date, hard drive types, floppy disk drive types, and the type of errors that stop the system boot, etc.

Advanced BIOS Features

Use this menu to configure the device boot order, advanced features available on the CPU, and the primary display adapter.

Integrated Peripherals

Use this menu to configure all peripheral devices, such as IDE, SATA, USB, integrated audio, and integrated LAN, etc.

Power Management Setup

Use this menu to configure all the power-saving functions.

PnP/PCI Configurations

Use this menu to configure the system's PCI & PnP resources.

PC Health Status

Use this menu to see information about autodetected system/CPU temperature, system voltage and fan speed, etc.

MB Intelligent Tweaker(M.I.T.)

Use this menu to configure the clock, frequency and voltages of your CPU, memory, etc.

Load Fail-Safe Defaults

Fail-Safe defaults are factory settings for the most stable, minimal-performance system operations.

Load Optimized Defaults

Optimized defaults are factory settings for optimal-performance system operations.

Set Supervisor Password

Change, set, or disable password. It allows you to restrict access to the system and BIOS Setup. A supervisor password allows you to make changes in BIOS Setup.

Set User Password

Change, set, or disable password. It allows you to restrict access to the system and BIOS Setup. An user password only allows you to view the BIOS settings but not to make changes.

Save & Exit Setup

Save all the changes made in the BIOS Setup program to the CMOS and exit BIOS Setup. (Pressing <F10> can also carry out this task.)

Exit Without Saving

Abandon all changes and the previous settings remain in effect. Pressing <Y> to the confirmation message will exit BIOS Setup. (Pressing <Esc> can also carry out this task.)

2-3 Standard CMOS Features

	CMOS Setup Utility-Copyright (C) 1984-2008 Award Software Standard CMOS Features						
	Date (mm:dd:yy)	Wed,	Feb 20 2008		Item Help		
	Time (hh:mm:ss)	22:31	24		Menu	Level	
▶	IDE Channel 0 Master	[None	2)				
▶	IDE Channel 0 Slave	[None	e]				
▶	 IDE Channel 2 Master IDE Channel 2 Slave 		[None] [None]				
▶	 IDE Channel 3 Master 		[None]				
	IDE Channel 3 Slave		2]				
	Drive A	[1.44]	A, 3.5"]				
	Floppy 3 Mode Support		oled]				
	Halt On	[All,]	[All, But Keyboard]				
		640K					
	Extended Memory	510M					
		512M					
↑	L→←: Move Enter: Select F5: Previous Values	+/-/PU/PD: Value F6: Fail-Safe Defau	F10: Save ilts	ESC: I F7: O		F1: General Help Defaults	

ං Date

Sets the system date. The date format is week (read-only), month, date and year. Select the desired field and use the up arrow or down arrow key to set the date.

් Time

Sets the system time. For example, 1 p.m. is 13:0:0. Select the desired field and use the up arrow or down arrow key to set the time.

☞ IDE Channel 0 Master/Slave

► IDE HDD Auto-Detection

Press <Enter> to autodetect the parameters of the IDE/SATA device on this channel.

▶ IDE Channel 0 Master/Slave

Configure your IDE/SATA devices by using one of the three methods below:

- Auto Lets BIOS automatically detect IDE/SATA devices during the POST. (Default)
- None If no IDE/SATA devices are used, set this item to **None** so the system will skip the detection of the device during the POST for faster system startup.
- Manual Allows you to manually enter the specifications of the hard drive when the hard drive access mode is set to CHS.
- ✤ Access Mode Sets the hard drive access mode. Options are: Auto (default), CHS, LBA, Large.

☞ IDE Channel 2, 3 Master/Slave

► IDE Auto-Detection

Press <Enter> to autodetect the parameters of the IDE/SATA device on this channel.

▶ Extended IDE Drive

Configure your IDE/SATA devices by using one of the two methods below:

- Auto Lets BIOS automatically detect IDE/SATA devices during the POST. (Default)
- None If no IDE/SATA devices are used, set this item to **None** so the system will skip the detection of the device during the POST for faster system startup.
- ➡ Access Mode Sets the hard drive access mode. Options are: Auto (default), Large.

The following fields display your hard drive specifications. If you wish to enter the parameters manually, refer to the information on the hard drive.

- ➡ Capacity Approximate capacity of the currently installed hard drive.
- ➡ Cvlinder Number of cylinders.
- ➡ Head Number of heads.
- Write precompensation cylinder. ▶ Precomp
- ➡ Landing Zone Landing zone.
- ▶ Sector Number of sectors.

Drive A

Allows you to selects the type of floppy disk drive installed in your system. If you do not install a floppy disk drive, set this item to None. Options are: None, 360K/5.25", 1.2M/5.25", 720K/3.5", 1.44M/3.5", 2.88M/3.5",

Floppy 3 Mode Support

Allows you to specify whether the installed floppy disk drive is 3-mode floppy disk drive, a Japanese standard floppy disk drive. Options are: Disabled (default), Drive A.

Halt on

Allows you to determine whether the system will stop for an error during the POST.

► No Errors The system boot will not stop for any error. ➡ All Errors Whenever the BIOS detects a non-fatal error the system boot will stop. ▶ All, But Keyboard The system boot will not stop for a keyboard error but stop for all other errors. (Default) ➡ All, But Diskette The system boot will not stop for a floppy disk drive error but stop for all other errors. ▶ All, But Disk/Key The system boot will not stop for a keyboard or a floppy disk drive error but it will stop for all other errors.

Memory

These fields are read-only and are determined by the BIOS POST.

- Also called conventional memory. Typically, 640 KB will be reserved for ➡ Base Memory the MS-DOS operating system.
- Extended Memory The amount of extended memory.
- ➡ Total Memory The total amount of memory installed on the system.

2-4 Advanced BIOS Features

	CMOS Setur	DUtility-Copyright (C) 1 Advanced BIOS F		Software	
	Hard Disk Boot Priority First Boot Device Second Boot Device Third Boot Device Password Check HDD S.M. A.R.T. Capability Limit CPUID Max. to 3 ^(Note) No-Execute Memory Protect ^(Note) Load-Line Calibration CPU Enhanced Halt (C1E) ^(Note) CPU Thermal Monitor 2(TM2) ^(Note) CPU ElST Function (^{Note)} Virtualization Technology ^(Note) Full Screen LOGO Show Init Display First	(Press En Floppy) [Hard Dis [CDROM [Setup] [Disabled [Enabled] [Enabled] [Enabled] [Enabled] [Enabled] [Enabled] [Enabled] [Enabled]	k] 	Menu	Item Help Level≯
↑	↓→←: Move Enter: Select F5: Previous Values	+/-/PU/PD: Value F6: Fail-Safe Defaults	F10: Save	ESC: Exit F7: Optimized	F1: General Help Defaults

Hard Disk Boot Priority

Specifies the sequence of loading the operating system from the installed hard drives. Use the up or down arrow key to select a hard drive, then press the plus key <+> (or <PageUp>) or the minus key <-> (or <PageDown>) to move it up or down on the list. Press <Esc> to exit this menu when finished.

☞ First/Second/Third Boot Device

Specifies the boot order from the available devices. Use the up or down arrow key to select a device and press <Enter> to accept. Options are: Floppy, LS120, Hard Disk, CDROM, ZIP, USB-FDD, USB-ZIP, USB-CDROM, USB-HDD, LAN, Disabled.

Password Check

Specifies whether a password is required every time the system boots, or only when you enter BIOS Setup. After configuring this item, set the password(s) under the Set Supervisor/User Password item in the BIOS Main Menu.

Setup A password is only required for entering the BIOS Setup program. (Default)

System A password is required for booting the system and for entering the BIOS Setup program.

→ HDD S.M.A.R.T. Capability

Enables or disables the S.M.A.R.T. (Self Monitoring and Reporting Technology) capability of your hard drive. This feature allows your system to report read/write errors of the hard drive and to issue warnings when a third party hardware monitor utility is installed. (Default: Disabled)

(Note) This item is present only if you install a CPU that supports this feature. For more information about Intel CPUs' unique features, please visit Intel's website.

∽ Limit CPUID Max. to 3 (Note)

Allows you to determine whether to limit CPUID maximum value. Set this item to **Disabled** for Windows XP operating system; set this item to **Enabled** for legacy operating system such as Windows NT4.0. (Default: Disabled)

No-Execute Memory Protect (Note)

Enables or disables Intel[®] Execute Disable Bit function. This function may enhance protection for the computer, reducing exposure to viruses and malicious buffer overflow attacks when working with its supporting software and system. (Default: Enabled)

∽ Load-Line Calibration

Enables or disables Load-Line Calibration. Enabling this feature adjusts Vdroop, keeping the CPU voltage more constant under light and heavy CPU load. **Disabled** sets the CPU voltage following Intel specifications. (Default: Disabled)

∽ CPU Enhanced Halt (C1E)^(Note)

Enables or disables Intel[®] CPU Enhanced Halt (C1E) function, a CPU power-saving function in system halt state. When enabled, the CPU core frequency and voltage will be reduced during system halt state to decrease power consumption. (Default: Enabled)

CPU Thermal Monitor 2 (TM2) (Note)

Enables or disables Intel[®] CPU Thermal Monitor (TM2) function, a CPU overheating protection function. When enabled, the CPU core frequency and voltage will be reduced when the CPU is overheated. (Default: Enabled)

∽ CPU EIST Function ^(Note)

Enables or disables Enhanced Intel SpeedStep Technology (EIST). Depending on CPU loading, Intel[®] EIST technology can dynamically and effectively lower the CPU voltage and core frequency to decrease average power consumption and heat production. (Default: Enabled)

Virtualization Technology (Note)

Enables or disables Intel[®] Virtualization Technology. Virtualization enhanced by Intel[®] Virtualization Technology will allow a platform to run multiple operating systems and applications in independent partitions. With virtualization, one computer system can function as multiple virtual systems. (Default: Enabled)

☞ Full Screen LOGO Show

Allows you to determine whether to display the GIGABYTE Logo at system startup. **Disabled** displays normal POST message. (Default: Enabled)

🗢 Init Display First

Specifies the first initiation of the monitor display from the installed PCI graphics card or PCI Express graphics card.

- ▶ PCI Sets the PCI graphics card as the first display. (Default)
- ▶ PEG Sets the PCI Express graphics card as the first display.
- (Note) This item is present only if you install a CPU that supports this feature. For more information about Intel CPUs' unique features, please visit Intel's website.

2-5 Integrated Peripherals

	CMOS Setu	p Utility-Copyright (C) 1984-2008 Awa Integrated Peripherals	ard Software
	On-Chip Primary PCI IDE	[Enabled]	Item Help
	On-Chip SATA Mode	[Auto]	Menu Level
x	PATA IDE Set to	Ch.0 Master/Slave	
	SATA Port 0/2 Set to	Ch.2 Master/Slave	
	SATA Port 1/3 Set to	Ch.3 Master/Slave	
	USB Controller	[Enabled]	
	USB 2.0 Controller	[Enabled]	
	USB Keyboard Support	[Disabled]	
	USB Mouse Support	[Disabled]	
	Legacy USB storage detect	[Enabled]	
	Azalia Codec	[Auto]	
	Onboard H/W LAN	[Enabled]	
∥ ▶	SMART LAN	[Press Enter]	
	Onboard LAN Boot ROM	[Disabled]	
	Onboard Serial Port 1	[3F8/IRQ4]	
	Onboard Parallel Port	[378/IRQ7]	
	Parallel Port Mode	[SPP]	
_ ↓	.→←: Move Enter: Select F5: Previous Values	+/-/PU/PD: Value F10: Save F6: Fail-Safe Defaults	ESC: Exit F1: General Help F7: Optimized Defaults

∽ On-Chip Primary PCI IDE

Enables or disables the integrated IDE controller. (Default: Enabled)

☞ On-Chip SATA Mode

Configures the integrated SATA controller.

Disabled	Disables the integrated SATA controller.
► Auto	Lets BIOS set SATA devices to Combined or Enhanced mode.
	If your onboard SATA controller is automatically configured to Combined
	mode, you can manually re-configure it to Enhanced mode as needed.
	(Default)
➡ Combined	Sets all SATA devices to operate in PATA mode. Combined allows a
	maximum of 4 ATA devices to be used simultaneously: two PATA devices
	plus two SATA devices.
Enhanced	Sets all SATA devices to operate in SATA mode.
➡ Non-Combined	Sets all SATA devices to operate in PATA mode and disables the integrated
	IDE controller.

PATA IDE Set to

This item is configurable only if the On-Chip SATA Mode is set to Combined.

- ▶ Ch.0 Master/Slave Sets the IDE channels to Ch. 0 Master/Slave. (Default)
- ▶ Ch.1 Master/Slave Sets the IDE channels to Ch. 1 Master/Slave.
- ✤ Disabled Disables the integrated IDE controller when Non-Combined is selected.

☞ SATA Port 0/2 Set to

▶ This value is dependent on the On-Chip SATA Mode and PATA IDE Set to settings.

When PATA IDE Set to is configured to Ch. 1 Master/Slave, this option will be automatically set to Ch. 0 Master/Slave.

☞ SATA Port 1/3 Set to

✤ This value is dependent on the On-Chip SATA Mode and PATA IDE Set to settings. When PATA IDE Set to is configured to Ch. 0 Master/Slave, this option will be automatically set to Ch. 1 Master/Slave.

USB Controller

Enables or disables the integrated USB controller. (Default: Enabled) **Disabled** will turn off all of the USB functionalities below.

ー USB 2.0 Controller

Enables or disables the integrated USB 2.0 controller. (Default: Enabled)

USB Keyboard Support

Allows USB keyboard to be used in MS-DOS. (Default: Disabled)

☞ USB Mouse Support

Allows USB mouse to be used in MS-DOS. (Default: Disabled)

Legacy USB storage detect

Determines whether to detect USB storage devices, including USB flash drives and USB hard drives during the POST. (Default: Enabled)

🗢 Azalia Codec

Enables or disables the onboard audio function. (Default: Auto)

If you wish to install a 3rd party add-in audio card instead of using the onboard audio, set this item to **Disabled**.

∽ Onboard H/W LAN

Enables or disables the onboard LAN function. (Default: Enabled)

If you wish to install a 3rd party add-in network card instead of using the onboard LAN, set this item to **Disabled**.

∽ SMART LAN (LAN Cable Diagnostic Function)

CMOS Setup Utility-Copyright (C) 1984-2008 Award Software SMART LAN						
Start detecting at Port		Item Help				
Part1-2 Status = Open	/ Length = 0m	Menu Level▶				
Part3-6 Status = Open	/ Length = 0m					
Part4-5 Status = Open	/ Length = 0m					
Part7-8 Status = Open	/ Length = 0m					
$\uparrow \downarrow \rightarrow \leftarrow$: Move Enter: Select	+/-/PU/PD: Value F10: Save	ESC: Exit F1: General Help				
F5: Previous Values	F6: Fail-Safe Defaults	F7: Optimized Defaults				

This motherboard incorporates cable diagnostic feature designed to detect the status of the attached LAN cable. This feature will detect cabling issue and report the approximate distance to the fault or short. Refer to the following information for diagnosing your LAN cable:

☞ When No LAN Cable Is Attached...

If no LAN cable is attached to the motherboard, the **Status** fields of all four pairs of wires will show **Open** and the **Length** fields show **0m**, as shown in the figure above.

∽ When LAN Cable Is Functioning Normally...

If no cable problem is detected on the LAN cable connected to a Gigabit hub or a 10/100 Mbps hub, the following message will appear:



- ✤ Link Detected Displays transmission speed
- ▶ Cable Length Displays the approximate length of the attached LAN cable.

Note: The Gigabit hub will only operate at a speed of 10/100Mbps in MS-DOS mode; it will operate at a normal speed of 10/100/1000Mbps in Windows mode or when the LAN Boot ROM is activated.

∽ When a Cable Problem Occurs...

If a cable problem occurs on a specified pair of wires, the **Status** field will show **Short** and thenlength shown will be the approximate distance to the fault or short.

```
Example: Part1-2 Status = Short / Length = 2m
Explanation: A fault or short might occur at about 2m on Part 1-2.
```

Note: Part 4-5 and Part 7-8 are not used in a 10/100 Mbps environment, so their **Status** fields will show **Open**, and the length shown is the approximate length of the attached LAN cable.

∽ Onboard LAN Boot ROM

Allows you to decide whether to activate the boot ROM integrated with the onboard LAN chip. (Default: Disabled)

Onboard Serial Port 1

Enables or disables the first serial port and specifies its base I/O address and corresponding interrupt. Options are: Auto, 3F8/IRQ4 (default), 2F8/IRQ3, 3E8/IRQ4, 2E8/IRQ3, Disabled.

Onboard Parallel Port

Enables or disables the onboard parallel port (LPT) and specifies its base I/O address and corresponding interrupt. Options are: 378/IRQ7 (default), 278/IRQ5, 3BC/IRQ7, Disabled.

∽ Parallel Port Mode

Selects an operating mode for the onboard parallel (LPT) port. Options are: SPP (Standard Parallel Port)(default), EPP (Enhanced Parallel Port), ECP (Extended Capabilities Port), ECP+EPP.

2-6 Power Management Setup

CMOS Setuj	DUtility-Copyright (C) 1984-2008 Award Se Power Management Setup	oftware
ACPI Suspend Type Soft-Off by PWR-BTIN PME Event Wake Up Power On by Ring Resume by Alarm x Date (of Month) Alarm Time (hh:mm:ss) Alarm HPET Support (^{None)} HPET Mode ^(None) Power On By Keyboard X KB Power ON Password AC Back Function	[S3(STR)] [Instant-Off] [Enabled] [Enabled] [Disabled] Everyday 0:0:0 [Enabled] [32-bit mode] [Disabled] [Disabled] Enter [Soft-Off]	Item Help Menu Level≯
↑↓→←: Move Enter: Select F5: Previous Values		ESC: Exit F1: General Help 7: Optimized Defaults

ACPI Suspend Type

Specifies the ACPI sleep state when the system enters suspend.

- S1(POS) Enables the system to enter the ACPI S1 (Power on Suspend) sleep state. In S1 sleep state, the system appears suspended and stays in a low power mode. The system can be resumed at any time.
- S3(STR) Enables the system to enter the ACPI S3 (Suspend to RAM) sleep state (default). In S3 sleep state, the system appears to be off and consumes less power than in the S1 state. When signaled by a wake-up device or event, the system resumes to its working state exactly where it was left off.

∽ Soft-Off by PWR-BTTN

Configures the way to turn off the computer in MS-DOS mode using the power button.

- ▶ Instant-Off Press the power button and then the system will be turned off instantly. (Default)
- Delay 4 Sec. Press and hold the power button for 4 seconds to turn off the system. If the power button is pressed for less than 4 seconds, the system will enter suspend mode.

☞ PME Event Wake Up

Allows the system to be awakened from an ACPI sleep state by a wake-up signal from a PCI or PCIe device. Note: To use this function, you need an ATX power supply providing at least 1A on the 5VSB lead. (Default: Enabled)

Power On by Ring

Allows the system to be awakened from an ACPI sleep state by a wake-up signal from a modem that supports wake-up function. (Default: Enabled)

(Note) Supported on Windows® Vista® operating system only.

∽ Resume by Alarm

Determines whether to power on the system at a desired time. (Default: Disabled) If enabled, set the date and time as following:

➡ Date (of Month) Alarm : Turn on the system at a specific time on each day or on a specific day in a month.

➡ Time (hh: mm: ss) Alarm : Set the time at which the system will be powered on automatically. Note: When using this function, avoid inadequate shutdown from the operating system or removal of the AC power, or the settings may not be effective.

→ HPET Support (Note)

Enables or disables High Precision Event Timer (HPET) for Windows[®] Vista[®] operating system. (Default: Enabled)

· HPET Mode (Note)

Allows you to select the HPET mode for your Windows[®] Vista[®] operating system. Select **32-bit** mode when you install 32-bit Windows[®] Vista[®]; select **64-bit** mode when you install 64-bit Windows[®] Vista[®]. (Default: 32-bit mode)

☞ Power On By Mouse

Allows the system to be turned on by a PS/2 mouse wake-up event.

Note: To use this function, you need an ATX power supply providing at least 1A on the 5VSB lead.

- ✤ Disabled Disables this function. (Default)
- ▶ Double Click Double click on left button on the PS/2 mouse to turn on the system.

∽ Power On By Keyboard

Allows the system to be turned on by a PS/2 keyboard wake-up event.

Note: you need an ATX power supply providing at least 1A on the 5VSB lead.

- Disabled Disables this function. (Default)
- ▶ Password Set a password with 1~5 characters to turn on the system.
- ▶ Keyboard 98 Press POWER button on the Windows 98 keyboard to turn on the system.

∽ KB Power ON Password

Set the password when **Power On by Keyboard** is set to **Password**. Press <Enter> on this item and set a password with up to 5 characters and then press <Enter> to accept. To turn on the system, enter the password and press <Enter>.

Note: To cancel the password, press <Enter> on this item. When prompted for the password, press <Enter> again without entering the password to clear the password settings.

∽ AC Back Function

Determines the state of the system after the return of power from an AC power loss.

- ✤ Soft-Off The system stays off upon the return of the AC power. (Default)
- ➡ Full-On The system is turned on upon the return of the AC power.
- Memory The system returns to its last known awake state upon the return of the AC power.

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(Note) Supported on Windows® Vista® operating system only.

2-7 **PnP/PCI** Configurations

_	CMOS Se	tup Utility-Copyright (C) 1984-2008 A PnP/PCI Configurations	ward Software
	PCI1 IRQ Assignment PCI2 IRQ Assignment PCI3 IRQ Assignment	[Auto] [Auto] [Auto]	Item Help Menu Level≯
	↑↓→←: Move Enter: Select F5: Previous Values	+/-/PU/PD: Value F10: Save F6: Fail-Safe Defaults	ESC: Exit F1: General Help F7: Optimized Defaults

PCI1 IRQ Assignment

BIOS auto-assigns IRQ to the first PCI slot. (Default) ▶ 3,4,5,7,9,10,11,12,14,15 Assigns IRQ 3,4,5,7,9,10,11,12,14,15 to the first PCI slot.

PCI2 IRQ Assignment ► Auto

BIOS auto-assigns IRQ to the second PCI slot. (Default) Assigns IRQ 3,4,5,7,9,10,11,12,14,15 to the second PCI slot.

☞ PCI3 IRQ Assignment

► Auto

► Auto

▶ 3,4,5,7,9,10,11,12,14,15

▶ 3,4,5,7,9,10,11,12,14,15

BIOS auto-assigns IRQ to the third PCI slot. (Default) Assigns IRQ 3,4,5,7,9,10,11,12,14,15 to the third PCI slot.

2-8 PC Health Status

CM03.56	up Utility-Copyright (C) 1984-2008 Av PC Health Status	varu Software
Reset Case Open Status	[Disabled]	Item Help
Case Opened		Menu Level▶
DDR18V	1.824V	
Current System Temperature		
Current CPU Temperature		
Current CPU FAN Speed	3375 RPM	
Current SYSTEM FAN1 Speed	0 RPM	
Current SYSTEM FAN2 Speed	0 RPM	
Current POWER FAN Speed	0 RPM	
CPU Warning Temperature	[Disabled]	
CPU FAN Fail Warning	[Disabled]	
SYSTEM FAN1 Fail Warning	[Disabled]	
SYSTEM FAN2 Fail Warning	[Disabled]	
POWER FAN Fail Warning	[Disabled]	
CPU Smart FAN Control	[Enabled]	
$\uparrow \downarrow \rightarrow \leftarrow$: Move Enter: Select	+/-/PU/PD: Value F10: Save	ESC: Exit F1: General Help
F5: Previous Values	F6: Fail-Safe Defaults	F7: Optimized Defaults

Constant Case Open Status

Keeps or clears the record of previous chassis intrusion status. **Enabled** clears the record of previous chassis intrusion status and the **Case Opened** field will show "No" at next boot. (Default: Disabled)

Case Opened

Displays the detection status of the chassis intrusion detection device attached to the motherboard CI header. If the system chassis cover is removed, this field will show "Yes", otherwise it will show "No". To clear the chassis intrusion status record, set **Reset Case Open Status** to **Enabled**, save the settings to CMOS, and then restart your system.

∽ Current Voltage(V) Vcore/DDR18V/+3.3V/+12V

Displays the current system voltages.

- Current System/CPU Temperature Displays current system/CPU temperature.
- Current CPU/SYSTEM/POWER FAN Speed (RPM)
 Displays current CPU/system/power fan speed.
- ∽ CPU Warning Temperature

Sets the warning threshold for CPU temperature. When CPU temperature exceeds the threshold, BIOS will emit warning sound. Options are: Disabled (default), $60^{\circ}C/140^{\circ}F$, $70^{\circ}C/158^{\circ}F$, $80^{\circ}C/176^{\circ}F$, $90^{\circ}C/194^{\circ}F$.

∽ CPU/SYSTEM/POWER FAN Fail Warning

Allows the system to emit warning sound if the CPU/system/power fan is not connected or fails. Check the fan condition or fan connection when this occurs. (Default: Disabled)

∽ CPU Smart FAN Control

Enables or disables the CPU fan speed control function. **Enabled** allows the CPU fan to run at different speed according to the CPU temperature. You can adjust the fan speed with EasyTune based on system requirements. If disabled, CPU fan runs at full speed. (Default: Enabled)

2-9 MB Intelligent Tweaker(M.I.T.)

	CMOS Setup Utility-Copyright (C) 1984-2008 Award Software MB Intelligent Tweaker(M.I.T.)						
	Robust Graphics Booster						Item Help
	CPU Clock Ratio (Note)		[14X]			Menu l	
	Fine CPU Clock Ratio (Note)		[+0.0]				
l x	CPU Frequency		3.73GHz (266x14)			
	O.C FSB1600 CPU		[Auto]				
	CPU Host Clock Control		[Disabled]				
x	CPU Host Frequency (Mhz)						
	PCI Express Frequency (Mhz)		[Auto]				
	C.I.A. 2		[Disabled]				
	Performance Enhance		[Turbo]				
	System Memory Multiplier (SPD)		[Auto]				
	Memory Frequency (Mhz) 533						
	******* System Voltage Optimiz						
	System Voltage Control		[Manual]				
	DDR2 OverVoltage Control		[Normal]				
	PCI-E OverVoltage Control		[Normal]				
	FSB OverVoltage Control		[Normal]				
	(G)MCH OverVoltage Control		[Normal]				
	CPU Voltage Control		[Normal]				
\square	Normal CPU Vcore						
1	↓→←: Move Enter: Select F5: Previous Values	+/-/PU/PD: F6: Fail-Safe		F10: Save		Exit ptimized	F1: General Help Defaults



 Whether the system will work stably with the overclock/overvoltage settings you made is dependent on your overall system configurations. Incorrectly doing overclock/overvoltage may result in damage to CPU, chipset, or memory and reduce the useful life of these components. This page is for advanced users only and we recommend you not to alter the default settings to prevent system instability or other unexpected results. (Inadequately altering the settings may result in system's failure to boot. If this occurs, clear the CMOS values and reset the board to default values.)

• When the System Voltage Optimized item blinks in red, it is recommended that you set the System Voltage Control item to Auto to optimize the system voltage settings.

☞ Robust Graphics Booster

Robust Graphics Booster (R.G.B.) helps to enhance the performance of the graphics chip and memory. **Auto** allows the BIOS to automatically set the R.G.B. mode based on system configurations. Options are: Auto (default), Fast, Turbo.

∽ CPU Clock Ratio (Note)

Allows you to alter the clock ratio for the installed CPU.

The item is present only if a CPU with unlocked clock ratio is installed.

Fine CPU Clock Ratio (Note)

Allows you to increases clock ratio by 0.5 for the installed CPU.

The item is present only if a CPU with unlocked clock ratio is installed.

∽ CPU Frequency

Displays the current operating CPU frequency.

(Note) This item appears only if you install a CPU that supports this feature.

ー O.C FSB1600 CPU

Enable use of a CPU with 1600 MHz FSB through overclocking. You must install the FSB 1600 MHz CPU with DDR2 800 (or above) memory module(s).

- ➤ Auto Set this item to Auto. Then save the changes and restart your computer. During the POST, a message will appear asking if you want to enable the use of a FSB 1600 processor. Press <Y> to confirm or <N> to reject. Or press any key to continue the POST. (Default)
- Disabled Disable this function.
- ► Enabled Enable this function.

∽ CPU Host Clock Control

Enables or disables the control of CPU host clock. **Enabled** will allow the **CPU Host Frequency** item below to be configurable. Note: If your system fails to boot after overclocking, please wait for 20 seconds to allow for automated system reboot, or clear the CMOS values to reset the board to default values. (Default: Disabled)

∽ CPU Host Frequency (Mhz)

Allows you to manually set the CPU host frequency. This item is configurable only if the CPU Host Clock Control option is enabled. The adjustable range is from 100 MHz to 700 MHz.

For an 800 MHz FSB CPU, set this item to 200 MHz.

For a 1066 MHz FSB CPU, set this item to 266 MHz.

For a 1333 MHz FSB CPU, set this item to 333 MHz.

Important It is highly recommended that the CPU frequency be set in accordance with the CPU specifications.

PCI Express Frequency (Mhz)

Allows you to manually set the PCIe clock frequency. The adjustable range is from 90 MHz to 150 MHz. **Auto** sets the PCIe clock frequency to standard 100 MHz. (Default: Auto)

ං C.I.A.2

CPU Intelligent Accelerator 2 (C.I.A.2) is designed to automatically adjust CPU computing power to maximize system performance. C.I.A.2 allows your system bus to be changed dynamically based on CPU loading through the use of 5 preset states.

Note: System stability varies, depending on your system hardware components.

- ✤ Disabled Disables the use of C.I.A.2. (Default)
- ✤ Cruise Increases CPU frequency by 5% or 7% depending on CPU loading.
- ▶ Sports Increases CPU frequency by 7% or 9% depending on CPU loading.
- ▶ Racing Increases CPU frequency by 9% or 11% depending on CPU loading.
- ✤ Turbo Increases CPU frequency by 15% or 17% depending on CPU loading.
- ▶ Full Thrust Increases CPU frequency by 17% or 19% depending on CPU loading.

Warning: Before using C.I.A.2, please first verify the overclocking capability of your CPU. As stability is highly dependent on system components, when system instability occurs after overclocking, lower the overclocking ratio.

☞ Performance Enhance

Allows the system to operate at three different performance levels.

- ▶ Standard Lets the system operate at its basic performance level.
- ➡ Turbo Lets the system operate at its good performance level. (Default)
- ▶ Extreme Lets the system operate at its best performance level.

System Memory Multiplier (SPD)

Allows you to set the system memory multiplier. Options are dependent on CPU FSB. **Auto** sets memory multiplier according to memory SPD data. (Default: Auto)

Memory Frequency (Mhz)

The first memory frequency value is the normal operating frequency of the memory being used; the second is the memory frequency that is automatically adjusted according to the CPU Host Frequency (Mhz) and System Memory Multiplier settings.

******* System Voltage Optimized ********

∽ System Voltage Control

Determines whether to manually set the system voltages. **Auto** lets BIOS automatically set the system voltages as required. **Manual** allows all voltage control items below to be configurable. (Default: Manual)

DDR2 OverVoltage Control

Allows you to set memory voltage.

✤ Normal Supplies the memory voltage as required. (Default)

 \rightarrow +0.1V ~ +0.7V Increases memory voltage by 0.1V to 0.7V at 0.1V increment.

Note: Increasing memory voltage may result in damage to the memory.

∽ PCI-E OverVoltage Control

Allows you to set PCIe voltage.

✤ Normal Supplies the PCIe bus voltage as required. (Default)

 \rightarrow +0.1V ~ +0.3V Increases PCIe bus voltage by 0.1V to 0.3V at 0.1V increment.

☞ FSB OverVoltage Control

Allows you to set the Front Side Bus voltage.

- ✤ Normal Supplies the FSB voltage as required. (Default)
- ▶ +0.1V ~ +0.3V Increases FSB voltage by 0.1V to 0.3V at 0.1V increment.

☞ (G)MCH OverVoltage Control

Allows you to set the North Bridge voltage.

✤ Normal Supplies the North Bridge voltage as required. (Default)

▶ +0.1V ~ +0.3V Increases North Bridge voltage by 0.1V to 0.3V at 0.1V increment.

☞ CPU Voltage Control

Allows you to set the CPU voltage. **Normal** sets the CPU voltage as required. The adjustable range is dependent on the CPU being installed. (Default: Normal)

Note: Increasing CPU voltage may result in damage to your CPU or reduce the useful life of the CPU.

Ormal CPU Vcore

Displays the normal operating voltage of your CPU.

2-10 Load Fail-Safe Defaults

_	CMOS Setup Utility-Copyright (C) 1984-2008 Award Software						
$\ $	►	Standard CMOS Features		Load Fail	-Safe Defaults		
	►	 Advanced BIOS Features 		Load Optimized Defaults			
	•	Integrated Peripherals		Set Supervisor Password			
	•	▶ Power M ₂					
	•	PnP/PCI (Load Fail-Safe D	Defaults (Y/N)? N			
	►	PC Health Status		LAIL WILLIOUL DAVING			
	•	MB Intelligent Tweaker(M.I.T.)					
	ESC	: Quit	↑↓→←: Select 1	ltem	F11: Save CMOS to	BIOS	
	F8: Q-Flash F10: Save & Ex		Exit Setup F12: Load CMOS from BIOS				
	Load Fail-Safe Defaults						

Press <Enter> on this item and then press the <Y> key to load the safest BIOS default settings. In case system instability occurs, you may try to load Fail-Safe defaults, which are the safest and most stable BIOS settings for the motherboard.

2-11 Load Optimized Defaults

CMOS Setup Utility-Copyright (C) 1984-2008 Award Software						
 Standard CMOS Features Advanced BIOS Features Integrated Peripherals Power Ma free 		Load Fail-Safe Defaults Load Optimized Defaults Set Supervisor Password				
PnP/PCI (PC Health status MB Intelligent Tweaker(M.I.T.)	PC Health Status		LAR WRINGE Saving			
ESC: Quit ↑↓→←: Select F8: Q-Flash F10: Save & Ex			F11: Save CMOS to BIOS F12: Load CMOS from BIOS			
Load Optimized Defaults						

Press <Enter> on this item and then press the <Y> key to load the optimal BIOS default settings. The BIOS defaults settings helps the system to operate in optimum state. Always load the Optimized defaults after updating the BIOS or after clearing the CMOS values.

2-12 Set Supervisor/User Password

CMOS Setup U	Jtility-Copyright ((C) 1984-2008 A	Award Software	
 Standard CMOS Features Advanced BIOS Features Integrated Peripherals Power Management Science PnP/PCI (Enter Pass PC Health Science MB Intelligent Tweaker(M.I.T.) 	word:	Load Opt	I-Safe Defaults imized Defaults visor Password Promoced	
ESC: Quit↑↓→←: Select IF8: Q-FlashF10: Save & Ex			F11: Save CMOS to BIOS F12: Load CMOS from BIOS	
Change/Set/Disable Password				

Press <Enter> on this item and type the password with up to 8 characters and then press <Enter>. You will be requested to confirm the password. Type the password again and press <Enter>.

The BIOS Setup program allows you to specify two separate passwords:

Supervisor Password

When a system password is set and the **Password Check** item in **Advanced BIOS Features** is set to **Setup**, you must enter the supervisor password for entering BIOS Setup and making BIOS changes.

When the **Password Check** item is set to **System**, you must enter the supervisor password (or user password) at system startup and when entering BIOS Setup.

☞ User Password

When the **Password Check** item is set to **System**, you must enter the supervisor password (or user password) at system startup to continue system boot. In BIOS Setup, you must enter the supervisor password if you wish to make changes to BIOS settings. The user password only allows you to view the BIOS settings but not to make changes.

To clear the password, press <Enter> on the password item and when requested for the password, press <Enter> again. The message "PASSWORD DISABLED" will appear, indicating the password has been cancelled.

2-13 Save & Exit Setup

CMOS Setup Utility-Copyright (C) 1984-2008 Award Software						
Standard CMOS Features Advanced BIOS Features	Load Fail-Safe Defaults Load Optimized Defaults					
Integrat Power 1 Save to 0 PnP/PC1 Configurations	CMOS and EXIT (Y/N)? Y					
 PC Health Status MB Intelligent Tweaker(M.I.T.) 	Exit Without Saving					
	←: Select Item F11: Save CMOS to BIOS Save & Exit Setup F12: Load CMOS from BIOS					
Save Data to CMOS						

Press <Enter> on this item and press the <Y> key. This saves the changes to the CMOS and exits the BIOS Setup program. Press <N> or <Esc> to return to the BIOS Setup Main Menu.

2-14 Exit Without Saving

		CMOS Setup U	Utility-Copyright	(C) 198	4-2008 Award Software	
$\left\ \right\ $	•	Standard CMOS Features		L	oad Fail-Safe Defaults	
	►	Advanced BIOS Features		L	oad Optimized Defaults	
	►	Integrated		<u> </u>		
	►	Power Ma	Quit Without S	aving (Y	7/N)? N	
	►	PnP/PCI Conriguiations			ave & LAR Setup	
	►	PC Health Status		E	xit Without Saving	
	•	MB Intelligent Tweaker(M.I.T.)				
	ESC	: Quit	↑↓→←: Select 1	ltem	F11: Save CMOS to BIOS	٦
T	F8: 0	Q-Flash	F10: Save & Ex	it Setup	F12: Load CMOS from BIOS	
			Abandor	1 all Data	a	

Press <Enter> on this item and press the <Y> key. This exits the BIOS Setup without saving the changes made in BIOS Setup to the CMOS. Press <N> or <Esc> to return to the BIOS Setup Main Menu.

Chapter 3 Drivers Installation



- Before installing the drivers, first install the operating system. (The following instructions use Windows XP as the example operating system.)
- After installing the operating system, insert the motherboard driver disk into your optical drive. The driver Autorun screen is automatically displayed which looks like that shown in the screen shot below. (If the driver Autorun screen does not appear automatically, go to My Computer, double-click the optical drive and execute the **Run**.exe program.)

3-1 Installing Chipset Drivers



After inserting the driver disk, "Xpress Install" will automatically scan your system and then list all the drivers that are recommended to install. You can click the **Install All** button and "Xpress Install" will install all the recommended drivers. Or click **Install Single Items** to manually select the drivers you wish to install.

Chipset Drivers	Install Chipset Orlives We recommend that you install the drivers listed below for your motherboard. Please click "Install AR" to install as the submatically.
Application Software	Xpress Install Install Single Rems
Technical Manuals	Dynamic Energy Saver
Contact	Version 10 Size 8 46MB QUARYTE Optimic Energy Siver is a revolutionary technology that delivers unpainteed power savings with the unradia citics of a buttor. Frequency an advanced programma hardware and software design. The unsue multi-pair power sectors are advantable of a buttor.
System	phase design of GIGABYTE Dynamic Energy Saver allows for the most efficient switching of power phases depending ton CPU workload.
	Browner Configuration Utility
Download	Version:1.0
Download Center	Size 2.23MB
	Size 2.23MB
	Size 2 23MB This stillty charges the default search provider within your browser to Google!
	Size 22948 This utility charges the default search provder within your browser to Googlel
	Size 2 23MB This utility charges the default search provder within your browser to Google! (2) Init's Optionic Unitity Version: 90.01.009
	Cire 2 22960 Cire 2 2296 Cire 2 296 Cire 2 29 Cire 2 29
	Size 2.23MB This utility charges the default search provder within your browser to Google!



- Please ignore the popup dialog box(es) (e.g. the Found New Hardware Wizard) displayed when "Xpress Install" is installing the drivers. Failure to do so may affect the driver installation.
- Some device drivers will restart your system automatically during the driver installation. After the system restart, "Xpress Install" will continue to install other drivers.
- After the drivers are installed, follow the onscreen instructions to restart your system. You can install other applications included in the motherboard driver disk.
- For USB 2.0 driver support under the Windows XP operating system, please install the Windows XP Service Pack 1 or later. After installing the SP1 (or later), if a question mark still exists in **Universal Serial Bus Controller** in **Device Manager**, please remove the question mark (by right-clicking your mouse and select **Uninstall**) and restart the system. (The system will then autodetect and install the USB 2.0 driver.)

3-2 Application Software

This page displays all the utilities and applications that GIGABYTE develops and some free software. You can click the **Install** button on the right of an item to install it.

lipset ivers	Install Application Programs Cick the "Install" button on the right of an application to install 8. Install GIGABYTE Utilities Install Application Software	
plication		
ftware	G.O.M. (Gigebyts Online Manager) Sza 9 15MB	
anuals	A web-based system management tool that allows client system hardware information such as CPU and memory and graphics card and much more to be monitored or controlled via a hast.	
Intact	EnryTune 6	
	Size 8.34MB	-
stem	An easy-to-use Windows-based system enhancement utility allowing quick access to a variety of performance features.	9
	DMI Viewer	
wnload	Size 2.74MB	
nter	DMI Viewer provides a management tool for viewing motherboard hardware information.	9
	Face Wirard	
	Size 2.82MB	
	Face Wizard provides utility for customizing BIOS boot up screen	
	p/8105	_

3-3 Technical Manuals

This page provides GIGABYTE's application guides, content descriptions for this driver disk, and the motherboard manuals.

	Technical Manuals		
pset vers	Application Guides	Driver Disk Contents	User's Manual
lication	-		
	 DES(Dynamic Energy Saver) 		
hnical	 DES light(Earyraver) 		
nuals	 EasyTune 6 		
	 @BIOS 		
tact	 GOM (GIGABYTE Online Mat 	naget)	
in the second se	 Q-Share 		
	 Uhra TPM 		
tem			
beolm			
nter			

3-4 Contact

Click the URL on this page to link to the GIGABYTE Web site. Or read the last page of this manual to check the contact information for GIGABYTE Taiwan headquarter or worldwide branch offices.



3-5 System

This page provides the basic system information.



3-6 Download Center

To update the BIOS, drivers, or applications, click the **Download Center** button to link to the GIGABYTE Web site. The latest version of the BIOS, drivers, or applications will be displayed.



Chapter 4 Unique Features

4-1 Xpress Recovery2



Xpress Recovery2 is a utility that allows you to quickly compress and back up your system data and perform restoration of it. Supporting NTFS, FAT32, and FAT16 file systems, Xpress Recovery2 can back up data on PATA and SATA hard drives and restore it.

Before You Begin:

- Xpress Recovery2 will check the first physical hard drive* for the operating system. Xpress Recovery2 can only back up/restore the first physical hard drive that has the operating system installed.
- As Xpress Recovery2 will save the backup file at the end of the hard drive, make sure to leave enough unallocated space in advanced (10 GB or more is recommended; actual size requirements vary, depending on the amount of data).
- It is recommended to back up your system soon after the operating system and drivers are installed.
- The amount of data and hard drive access speed may affect the speed at which the data is backed up/restored.
- It takes longer to back up a hard drive than to restore it.

System Requirements:

- Intel[®] platform
- At least 64 MB of system memory
- · VESA compatible graphics card
- Windows® XP with SP1 or later



- Xpress Recovery and Xpress Recovery2 are different utilities. For example, a backup file created with Xpress Recovery cannot be restored using Xpress Recovery2.
- USB hard drives are not supported.
- Hard drives in RAID/AHCI mode are not supported.

*** Xpress Recovery2 checks the first physical hard drive in the following sequence: The first PATA IDE connector, the second PATA IDE connector, the first SATA connector, the second SATA connector and so forth. For example, when hard drives are attached to the first IDE and the first SATA connectors, the hard drive on the first IDE connector is the first physical drive. When hard drives are attached to the first SATA connectors, the hard drive on the first ACTA connectors, the hard drive on the first SATA connectors is the first physical drive.

Installation and Configuration

(The following procedure uses Windows XP as the example operating system.)

A. Installing Windows XP and Partitioning the Hard Drive

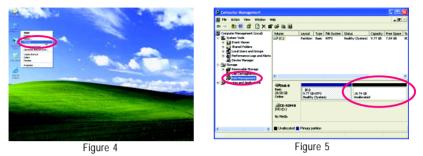
- Set CD-ROM drive as the first boot device under "Advanced BIOS Features" in the BIOS Setup program. Save the changes and exit.
- When partitioning your hard drive (Figure 1), make sure to leave unallocated space for Xpress Recovery2 (10 GB or more is recommended; actual size requirements vary, depending on the amount of data) (Figure 2).



3. Select a file system (for example, NTFS) and begin the installation of the operating system (Figure 3).



4. After the operating system is installed, right-click the My Computer icon on your desktop and select Manage (Figure 4). Go to Computer Management to check disk allocation. Xpress Recovery2 will save the backup file to the unallocated space (black stripe along the top)(Figure 5). Please note that if there is no enough unallocated space, Xpress Recovery2 cannot save the backup file.



5. If your hard drive is not properly partitioned before you install the operating system, you may create new partitions using free space on your hard drive (Figure 6, 7). However, if **Disk Management** shows the hard drive only contains the System partition without any unallocated space, you will not be able to create new partitions or use Xpress Recovery2. If this occurs, reinstall the operating system and re-partition your hard drive.

Computer Nanagement Computer Nanagement Computer Nanagement Computer Compu		Layout Type File-System Partition Date: NTP3	Status Capacit Healthy (System) 9.77 G	y Free Space %	
Concording of the second	CPDIsk 0 Datic 28.50 GB Online	(c.) 9.77 @HIF5 Halliny (System)	18.7+ CB Unallocated	•	New Partition - Properties
	CD-RDHIB DVD (DL) No Piedlo	Pinan pation			Help
< >	Curanocasio	C mean portion		_	
	Fic	jure 6			



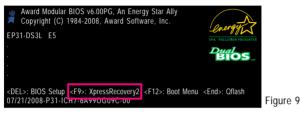
In the New Partition Wizard, you MUST select **Primary partition**. This will reserve unallocated space for Xpress Recovery2 to use.

B. Accessing Xpress Recovery2

 Boot from the motherboard driver disk to access Xpress Recovery2 for the first time. When you see the following message: Press any key to startup Xpress Recovery2 (Figure 8), press any key to enter Xpress Recovery2.



 After you use the backup function in Xpress Recovery2 for the first time, Xpress Recovery2 will stay permanent in your hard drive. If you wish to enter Xpress Recovery2 later, simply press <F9> during the POST (Figure 9).

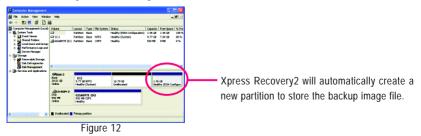


C. Using the Backup Function in Xpress Recovery2

- 1. Select **BACKUP** to start backing up your hard drive data (Figure 10).
- Xpress Recovery2 will then begin to search the first physical hard drive as the target drive and detect whether this hard drive contains the Windows operating system. When the Windows operating system is detected, Xpress Recovery2 will begin the backup process (Figure 11).



3. When finished, go to **Disk Management** to check disk allocation.



D. Using the Restore Function in Xpress Recovery2

Select **RESTORE** to restore the backup to your hard drive in case the system breaks down. The **RESTORE** option will not be present if no backup is created before (Figure 13, 14).



E. Removing the Backup

- 1. If you wish to remove the backup file, select **REMOVE** (Figure 15).
- 2. After the backup file is removed, no backup image file will be present in **Disk Management** and hard drive space will be freed up (Figure 16).





Figure 16

F. Exiting Xpress Recovery2

Select **REBOOT** to exit Xpress Recovery2.



4-2 BIOS Update Utilities

GIGABYTE motherboards provide two unique BIOS update tools, Q-Flash[™] and @BIOS[™]. GIGABYTE Q-Flash and @BIOS are easy-to-use and allow you to update the BIOS without the need to enter MS-DOS mode. Additionally, this motherboard features the DualBIOS[™] design, which enhances protection for the safety and stability of your computer by adding one more physical BIOS chip.



What is DualBIOS[™]?

Motherboards that support DualBIOS have two BIOS onboard, a main BIOS and a backup BIOS. Normally, the system works on the main BIOS.

However, if the main BIOS is corrupted or damaged, the backup BIOS will take over on the next system boot and copy the BIOS file to the main BIOS to ensure normal system operation. For the sake of system safety, users cannot update the backup BIOS manually.



What is Q-Flash[™]?

With Q-Flash you can update the system BIOS without having to enter operating systems like MS-DOS or Window first. Embedded in the BIOS, the

Q-Flash tool frees you from the hassles of going through complicated BIOS flashing process.



What is @BIOS[™]?

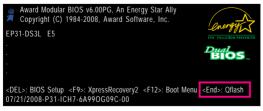
@BIOS allows you to update the system BIOS while in the Windows environment. @BIOS will download the latest BIOS file from the nearest

@BIOS server site and update the BIOS.

4-2-1 Updating the BIOS with the Q-Flash Utility

A. Before You Begin:

- 1. From GIGABYTE's website, download the latest compressed BIOS update file that matches your motherboard model.
- 2. Extract the file and save the new BIOS file (e.g. EP31DS3L.F1) to your floppy disk, USB flash drive, or hard drive. Note: The USB flash drive or hard drive must use FAT32/16/12 file system.
- Restart the system. During the POST, press the <End> key to enter Q-Flash. Note: You can
 access Q-Flash by either pressing the <End> key during the POST or pressing the <F8> key in
 BIOS Setup. However, if the BIOS update file is saved to a hard drive in RAID/AHCI mode or a hard
 drive attached to an independent IDE/SATA controller, use the <End> key during the POST to
 access Q-Flash.





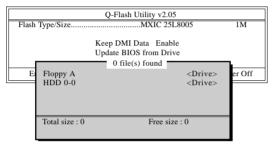
Because BIOS flashing is potentially risky, please do it with caution. Inadequate BIOS flashing may result in system malfunction.

B. Updating the BIOS

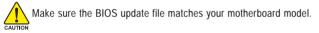
When updating the BIOS, choose the location where the BIOS file is saved. The follow procedure assumes that you save the BIOS file to a floppy disk.

Step 1:

- Insert the floppy disk containing the BIOS file into the floppy disk drive. In the main menu of Q-Flash, use the up or down arrow key to select Update BIOS from Drive and press <Enter>.
 - \star The Save Main BIOS to Drive option allows you to save the current BIOS file.
 - Q-Flash only supports USB flash drive or hard drives using FAT32/16/12 file system.
 - If the BIOS update file is saved to a hard drive in RAID/AHCI mode or a hard drive attached to an independent IDE/SATA controller, use the <End> key during the POST to access Q-Flash.
- 2. Select Floppy A and press <Enter>.



3. Select the BIOS update file and press <Enter>.



Step 2:

The process of the system reading the BIOS file from the floppy disk is displayed on the screen. When the message "Are you sure to update BIOS?" appears, press <Enter> to begin the BIOS update. The monitor will display the update process.

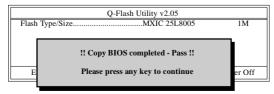


Do not turn off or restart the system when the system is reading/updating the BIOS.

 Do not remove the floppy disk, USB flash drive, or hard drive when the system is updating the BIOS.

Step 3:

When the update process is complete, press any key to return to the main menu.



Step 4:

Press <Esc> and then <Enter> to exit Q-Flash and reboot the system. As the system boots, you should see the new BIOS version is present on the POST screen.

Step 5:

During the POST, press <Delete> to enter BIOS Setup. Select Load Optimized Defaults and press <Enter> to load BIOS defaults. System will re-detect all peripherals devices after a BIOS update, so we recommend that you reload BIOS defaults.

	CMOS Setup U	Jtility-Copyright	(C) 1984-	2008 Award Software
•	Standard CMOS Features		Lo	d Fail-Safe Defaults
•	Advanced BIOS Features		Lo	d Optimized Defaults
•	Integrated Peripherals		Set	Supervisor Password
•	Power Management Setup		Set	User Password
•	PnP/PCI Configurations		Sav	e & Exit Setup
•	PC Health Status		Exi	t Without Saving
•	MB Intelligent Tweaker(M.I.T.)			
ESC	: Quit	↑↓→←: Select	Item	F11: Save CMOS to BIOS
F8: 0	Q-Flash	F10: Save & Ex	it Setup	F12: Load CMOS from BIOS
		Time, Date, Ha	ard Disk T	уре

Press <Y> to load BIOS defaults

Step 6:

Select **Save & Exit Setup** and then press <Y> to save settings to CMOS and exit BIOS Setup. The procedure is complete after the system restarts.

4-2-2 Updating the BIOS with the @BIOS Utility

A. Before You Begin:

- 1 In Windows, close all applications and TSR (Terminate and Stay Resident) programs. This helps prevent unexpected failures when performing a BIOS update.
- During the BIOS update process, ensure the Internet connection is stable and do NOT interrupt the Internet connection (for example, avoid a power loss or switching off the Internet). Failure to do so may result in a corrupted BIOS or a system that is unable to start.
- 3. Do not use the G.O.M. (GIGABYTE Online Management) function when using @BIOS.
- 4. GIGABYTE product warranty does not cover any BIOS damage or system failure resulting from an inadequate BIOS flashing.

@BIOS CURRENT MOTHERBOARD date BIOS from GIGABYTE Serve Flash Memory Type : MXIC 25L8005 Flash Memory Size : 8M Bits Update BIOS from File DS Sign on Message : EP31-DS3LE2 Save Current BIOS to File AWARD BIOS About @BIOS GIGABYTE @BIOS Utility Live Update 📄 Clear DMI data Po

B. Using @BIOS:

1. Update BIOS from GIGABYTE Server 1 Update the BIOS Using the Internet Update Function: Click Update BIOS from GIGABYTE Server, select the @BIOS server site closest to your location and then download the BIOS file that matches your motherboard model. Follow the onscreen instructions to complete.

If the BIOS update file for your motherboard is not present on the @BIOS server site, please NOTE manually download the BIOS update file from GIGABYTE's website and follow the instructions in "Update the BIOS without Using the Internet Update Function" below.

2. **Update BIOS from File** Update the BIOS without Using the Internet Update Function: Click Update BIOS from File, then select the location where you save the BIOS update file obtained from the Internet or through other source. Follow the on-screen instructions to complete.

3. Save Current BIOS to File Save Current BIOS to File: Click Save Current BIOS to save the current BIOS file.

C. After Updating the BIOS:

After updating the BIOS, restart your system. As the system boots, press <Delete> to enter the BIOS Setup program. Select Load Optimized Defaults and press <Enter> to load BIOS defaults.



Make sure that the BIOS file to be flashed matches your motherboard model. Updating the BIOS with an incorrect BIOS file could cause your system not to boot.

4-3 EasyTune 5 Pro

EasyTune[™] 5 Pro, an easy-to-use and convenient system overclocking and management tool, lets you do overclock and overvoltage in Windows environment, eliminating the need to enter the BIOS Setup program. EasyTune 5 Pro provides the following functions (Note 1): overclocking/overvoltage, C.I.A./M.I.B. (Note 2), smart fan control, and hardware monitoring and warning. (For instructions on using EasyTune5 Pro, read or download the information on/from the Support\Motherboard\Utility page on our website.)

The EasyTune 5 Pro Interface



Button Information Table

	Button/Display	Description
1.	OVERCLOCKING	Enters the OVERCLOCKING setting page
2.	C.I.A./M.I.B.	Enters the C.I.A. and M.I.B. setting page
3.	SMART FAN	Enters the SMART FAN setting page
4.	PC HEALTH	Enters the PC HEALTH setting page
5.	GO	Confirmation/execution button
6.	EASY MODE/ADVANCED MODE/	Toggles among Easy Mode, Advanced Mode, and
	GRAPHICS	Graphics Mode
7.	Display Area	Displays the CPU frequency
8.	Function LEDs	Shows the supported function(s)
9.	Live Update	Go to GIGABYTE website to update EasyTune 5 Pro
10.	Help	Opens EasyTune 5 Pro help file
11.	Exit/Minimize	Quits or minimizes the EasyTune 5 Pro interface
12.	Turbo Boost	Performance Enhancement



Incorrectly doing overclock/overvoltage may result in damage to CPU, chipset, or memory and reduce the useful life of these components. Before you do the overclock/overvoltage, make sure that you fully know how to use each function of EasyTune 5 Pro, or system instability or other unexpected results may occur.

(Note 1) Available functions in EasyTune 5 Pro may differ by motherboard model.

(Note 2) C.I.A. and M.I.B. may provide optimizations for CPU and memory, enhancing the performance of these components.

4-4 Dynamic Energy Saver Advanced

GIGABYTE Dynamic Energy Saver Advanced (Note 1)(Note 2) is a revolutionary technology that delivers unparalleled power savings with a click of the button. Featuring an advanced proprietary hardware and software design, GIGABYTE Dynamic Energy Saver Advanced is able to provide exceptional power savings and enhanced power efficiency without sacrificing computing performance.

The Dynamic Energy Saver Advanced Interface

A. Meter Mode

In Meter Mode, GIGABYTE Dynamic Energy Saver Advanced shows how much power they have saved in a set period of time.



Meter Mode - Button Information Table

	Button Description
1	Dynamic Energy Saver On/Off Switch (Default: Off)
2	Motherboard Phase LED On/Off Switch (Default: On)
3	Dynamic CPU Frequency Function On/Off Switch (Default: Off) (Note 3)
4	CPU Throttling Display
5	3-Level CPU Voltage Switch (Default:1) (Note 4)
6	CPU Voltage Display
7	Dynamic Power Phase Status
8	Current CPU Power Consumption
9	Meter Time
10	Power Saving (Calculate power savings based on time)
11	Meter/Timer Reset Switch
12	Meter Mode Switch
13	Total Mode Switch
14	Close (Application will enter Stealth Mode)
15	Minimize (Application will continue to run in taskbar)
16	INFO/Help
17	Live Utility Update (Check for the latest utility version)

• The above data is for reference only. Actual performance may vary depending on motherboard model.

• CPU Power and Power Scores are for reference only. Actual results may vary based on testing method.

B. Total Mode

In Total Mode, users are able to see how much total power savings they have accumulated in a set period of time since activating Dynamic Energy Saver Advanced for the first time ^(Note 5).



Total Mode - Button Information Table

	Button Description
1	Dynamic Energy Saver On/Off Switch (Default: Off)
2	Motherboard Phase LED On/Off Switch (Default: On)
3	Dynamic CPU Frequency Function On/Off Switch (Default: Off)
4	CPU Throttling Display
5	3-Level CPU Voltage Switch (Default:1) (Note 4)
6	CPU Voltage Display
7	Dynamic Power Phase Status
8	Current CPU Power Consumption
9	Time/Date Dynamic Energy Saver Enabled
10	Total Power Savings (Total power saving with Dynamic Energy Saver enabled) (Note 6)
11	Dynamic Energy Saver Meter Mode Switch
12	Dynamic Energy Saver Total Mode Switch
13	Close (Application will enter Stealth Mode)
14	Minimize (Application will continue to run in taskbar)
15	INFO/Help
16	Live Utility Update (Check for the latest utility version)

C. Stealth Mode

In Stealth Mode, the system continues to work with the user-defined power saving settings, even after the system is restarted. Re-enter the application only if you want to make any changes or completely close the application.

- (Note 1) Due to the hardware limitation, you must install the Intel[®] Core[™] 2 Extreme/ Core[™] 2 Quad/ Core[™] 2 Duo/ Pentium Dual-Core/ Celeron Dual-Core/ Celeron 400 Series CPU to enable support for Dynamic Energy Saver.
- (Note 2) Before using the DES function, make sure the CPU Enhanced Halt (C1E) and CPU EIST Function items in the BIOS Setup program are set to Enabled.
- (Note 3) Maximize system power saving with Dynamic Frequency Function; system performance may be affected.
- (Note 4) 1: Normal Power Saving (default); 2: Advanced Power Saving; 3: Extreme Power Saving.
- (Note 5) The total amount of power saved will be recorded until re-activated when only the Dynamic Power Saver is under the enable status, and power savings meter is unable to reset to zero.
- (Note 6) Dynamic Energy Saver Meter will automatically reset when the total power saving reaches 99999999 Watts.

Chapter 5 Appendix

5-1 Configuring Audio Input and Output

5-1-1 Configuring 2/4/5.1/7.1-Channel Audio

The motherboard provides six audio jacks on the back panel which support 2/4/5.1/7.1-channel audio. The picture to the right shows the default audio jack assignments. The integrated HD (High Definition) audio provides jack retasking capability that allows the user to change the function for each jack through the audio driver. For example, in a



4-channel audio configuration, if a Rear speaker is plugged into the default Center/Subwoofer speaker out jack, you can retask the Center/Subwoofer speaker out jack to be Rear speaker out.



- To install a microphone, connect your microphone to the Mic in jack and manually configure the jack for microphone functionality.
- Audio signals will be present on both of the front and back panel audio connections simultaneously. If you want to mute the back panel audio (only supported when using an HD front panel audio module), refer to instructions on the next page.

High Definition Audio (HD Audio)

HD Audio includes multiple high quality digital-to-analog converters (DACs) that support 44.1KHz/ 48KHz/ 96KHz/192KHz sampling rate. HD Audio features multistreaming capabilities that allow multiple audio streams (in and out) to be simultaneously processed. For example, users can listen to MP3 music, have an Internet chat, make a telephone call over the Internet, and etc. all at the same time.

A. Configuring Speakers:

(The following instructions use Windows XP as the example operating system.)

Step 1:

After installing the audio driver, the **Audio Manager** icon i will appear in your system tray. Double-click the icon to access the Audio Control Panel.







Before installing the audio driver, make sure the "Microsoft UAA Bus driver for High Definition Audio" has been installed from the motherboard driver disk and your operating system has been updated with the latest Service Pack for Windows.

(Note) 2/4/5.1/7.1-Channel Audio Configurations:

Refer to the following for multi-channel speaker configurations.

- 2-channel audio: Headphone or Line out.
- 4-channel audio: Front speaker out and Rear speaker out.
- 5.1-channel audio: Front speaker out, Rear speaker out, and Center/Subwoofer speaker out.
- · 7.1-channel audio: Front speaker out, Rear speaker out, Center/Subwoofer speaker out, and Side speaker out.

Step 2:

Click the Audio I/O tab. In the speaker list on the left, select 2CH Speaker, 4CH Speaker, 6CH Speaker, or 8CH Speaker according to the type of speaker configuration you wish to set up.

Step 3:

Everytime you connect an audio device to an audio jack, the **Connected device** box appears. Select the device according to the type of device you connect. Then click **OK** to complete the configuration.





B. Configuring Sound Effect:

You may configure an audio environment on the Sound Effect tab.

C. Activating an AC'97 Front Panel Audio Module:

If your chassis provides an AC'97 front panel audio module, to activate the AC'97 functionality, click the tool icon on the Audio I/O tab. On the Connector Settings box, select the Disable front panel jack detection check box. Click OK to complete.

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D. Muting the Back Panel Audio (For HD Audio Only):

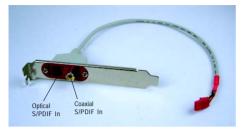
Click the tool icon on the Audio I/O tab. On the Connector Settings box, select the Mute rear panel output when front headphone plugged in check box. Click OK to complete.



GA-EP31-DS3L Motherboard

5-1-2 Installing the S/PDIF In Cable (Optional)

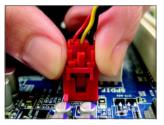
The S/PDIF in cable provides S/PDIF in functionality.



S/PDIF In:

The S/PDIF in jacks allow you to input digital audio signals to the computer for audio processing.

A. Installing the S/PDIF In Cable:



Step 1:

First, attach the connector at the end of the cable to the SPDIF_I header on your motherboard.



Step 2: Secure the metal bracket to the chassis back panel with a

S/PDIF Out:

The S/PDIF out jacks can transmit audio signals to an external decoder for decoding to get the best audio quality.

B. Conneting a S/PDIF out Cable



Connect a S/PDIF coaxial cable or a S/PDIF optical cable (either one) to an external decoder for transmitting the S/PDIF digital audio signals.

S/PDIF Coaxial Cable



S/PDIF Optical Cable

C. Configuring S/PDIF out:

Click the tool icon in the **DIGITAL** section. In the **S/PDIF In/Out Settings** dialog box, select an output sampling rate and select (or disable) the output source. Click **OK** to complete the configuration.



(Note) The actual locations of the SPDIF In and SPDIF Out connectors may differ by model.

5-1-3 Configuring Microphone Recording

Step 1:

After installing the audio driver, the **Audio Manager** icon i will appear in your system tray. Double-click the icon to access the Audio Control Panel.





Step 2:

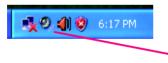
Connect your microphone to the Mic in jack (pink) on the back panel or the Mic in jack (pink) on the front panel. Then configure the jack for microphone functionality.

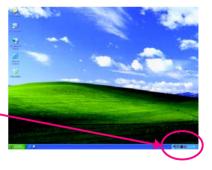
Note: The microphone functions on the front panel and back panel cannot be used at the same time.



Step 3:

Locate the **Volume** icon **O** in your system tray and click it to open the volume control panel.





Step 4:

To hear the sound being recorded during the recording process when using the microphone function on the front panel, do not select the **Mute** check box under **Front Pink In** or **Front Green In** in **Master Volume**. It is recommended that you set the volume at a middle level.

To hear the sound being recorded during the recording process when using the microphone function on the back panel, do not select the **Mute** check box under **Rear Pink In** in **Master Volume**. It is recommended that you set the volume at its middle level.



If you cannot find the volume control options you need in Master Volume, go to the Options menu and then choose Properties. Select the volume control options you wish to show and click OK to complete.



(Note)

altogether.

Next, while in Master Volume, go to Options and click Properties. In the Mixer device list, select Realtek HD Audio Input. Then set the recording sound level properly. Do NOT mute the recording sound, or you will not hear any sound when playing back the recording you just made.

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Select Realtek HD Audio Input in the Mixer device list

OK. Cancel

Recording	Mic Volume	Line Volume
Balance B-J-4	blance D	Balance B
Volume	Volume	Volume
4		
Mate al	Mute	MAR



Based on the audio specifications, to adjust the recording sound, use the **Recording** option to set the recording sound for your recording device(s)

Step 6:

To raise the recording and playing sound for the microphone, go to **Options** in **Master Volume** and select **Advanced Controls**. Click the **Advanced** button under a volume control option (e.g. Front Green In, Front Pink In). In the **Other Controls** field, select the **1 Microphone Boost** check box.



Step 7:

After completion, click **Start**, point to **All Programs**, point to **Accessories**, point to **Entertainment**, and then click **Sound Recorder** to begin the sound recording.

5-1-4 Using the Sound Recorder

Recording the Sound:

- 1. Make sure you have connected the audio input device (e.g. microphone) to the computer.
- 2. On the File menu, choose New.
- 3. To record a sound file, click the **Recording** button •

4. To stop the recording, click the **Stop** button **•**. Be sure to save the recording upon completion.

Playing the Sound:

- 1. On the File menu, choose Open.
- 2. In the **Open** dialog box, select the sound (.wav) file you wish to play.
- 3. To play a sound file, click the **Play** button **ID**.
- 4. To stop playing, click the Stop button .
- You may use the Fast Forward button ito move to the beginning of a file or the Fast Backward button is to the end.





5-2 Troubleshooting

5-2-1 Frequently Asked Questions

To read more FAQs for your motherboard, please go to the Support\Motherboard\FAQ page on GIGABYTE's website.

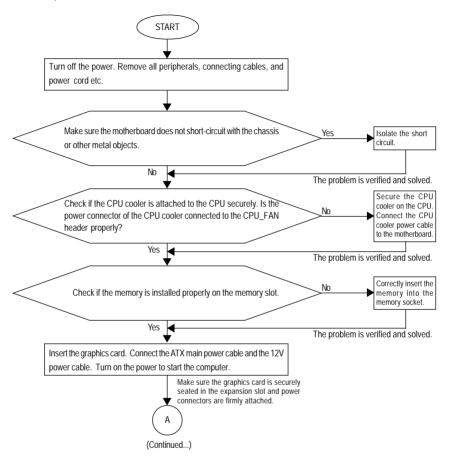
- Q:In the BIOS Setup program, why are some BIOS options missing?
- A: Some advanced options are hidden in the BIOS Setup program. Press <Delete> to enter BIOS Setup during the POST. In the Main Menu, press <Ctrl>+<F1> to show the advanced options.
- Q:Why is the light of my keyboard/optical mouse still on after the computer shuts down?
- A: Some motherboard provides a small amount of standby power after the computer shuts down and that's why the light is still on.
- Q: How do I clear the CMOS values?
- A: If your motherboard has a clearing CMOS jumper, refer to the instructions on the CLR_CMOS jumper in Chapter 1 to short the jumper to clear the CMOS values. If your board doesn't have this jumper, refer to the instructions on the motherboard battery in Chapter 1. You can temporarily remove the battery from the battery holder to stop supplying power to the CMOS, which will clear the CMOS values after about one minute. Refer to the steps below: Steps:
 - 1. Turn off your computer and unplug the power cord.
 - Gently remove the battery from the battery holder and wait for one minute. (Or use a metal object like a screwdriver to touch the positive and negative terminals of the battery holder, making them short for 5 seconds.)
 - 3. Replace the battery.
 - 4. Plug in the power cord and restart your computer.
 - 5. Press <Delete> to enter BIOS Setup. Select "Load Fail-Safe Defaults" (or "Load Optimized Defaults") to load BIOS default settings.
 - 6. Saves changes and exit BIOS Setup (select "Save & Exit Setup") to restart your computer.
- Q:Why do I still get a weak sound even though I have turned my speaker to the maximum volume?
- A: Make sure your speaker is equipped with an internal amplifier. If not, try a speaker with power/ amplifier.
- Q: What do the beeps emitted during the POST mean?
- A: The following Award BIOS beep code descriptions may help you identify possible computer problems. (For reference only.)
 - 1 short: System boots successfully
 - 2 short: CMOS setting error
 - 1 long, 1 short: Memory or motherboard error
 - 1 long, 2 short: Monitor or graphics card error
 - 1 long, 3 short: Keyboard error
 - 1 long, 9 short: BIOS ROM error

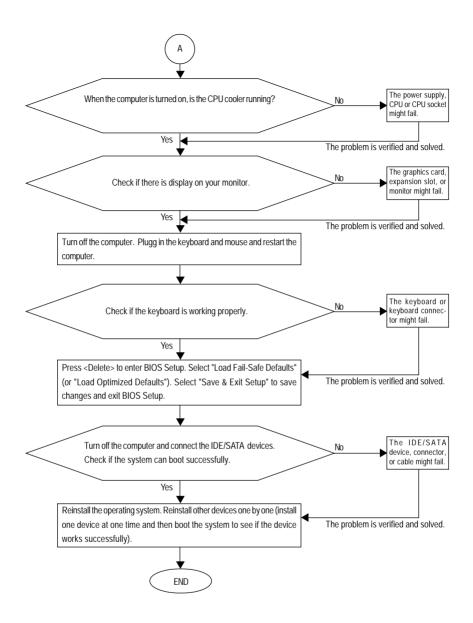
Continuous long beeps: Graphics card not inserted properly

Continuous short beeps: Power error

5-2-2 Troubleshooting Procedure

If you encounter any troubles during system startup, follow the troubleshooting procedure below to solve the problem.







If the procedure above is unable to solve your problem, contact the place of purchase or local dealer for help. Or go to the Support&Downloads\Technical Service Zone page to submit your question. Our customer service staff will reply you as soon as possible.

5-3 Regulatory Statements

Regulatory Notices

This document must not be copied without our written permission, and the contents there of must not be imparted to a third party nor be used for any unauthorized purpose. Contravention will be prosecuted. We believe that the information contained herein was accurate in all respects at the time of printing. GIGABYTE cannot, however, assume any responsibility for errors or omissions in this text. Also note that the information in this document is subject to change without notice and should not be construed as a commitment by GIGABYTE.

Our Commitment to Preserving the Environment

In addition to high-efficiency performance, all GIGABYTE motherboards fulfill European Union regulations for RoHS (Restriction of Certain Hazardous Substances in Electrical and Electronic Equipment) and WEEE (Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment) environmental directives, as well as most major worldwide safety requirements. To prevent releases of harmful substances into the environment and to maximize the use of our natural resources, GIGABYTE provides the following information on how you can responsibly recycle or reuse most of the materials in your "end of life" product.

Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS) Directive Statement

GIGABYTE products have not intended to add and safe from hazardous substances (Cd, Pb, Hg, Cr+6, PBDE and PBB). The parts and components have been carefully selected to meet RoHS requirement. Moreover, we at GIGABYTE are continuing our efforts to develop products that do not use internationally banned toxic chemicals.

Waste Electrical & Electronic Equipment (WEEE) Directive Statement

GIGABYTE will fulfill the national laws as interpreted from the 2002/96/EC WEEE (Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment) directive. The WEEE Directive specifies the treatment, collection, recycling and disposal of electric and electronic devices and their components. Under the Directive, used equipment must be marked, collected separately, and disposed of properly.

WEEE Symbol Statement



The symbol shown below is on the product or on its packaging, which indicates that this product must not be disposed of with other waste. Instead, the device should be taken to the waste collection centers for activation of the treatment, collection, recycling and disposal procedure. The separate collection and recycling of your waste equipment at the time of disposal will help to conserve natural resources and ensure that it is recycled in a

manner that protects human health and the environment. For more information about where you can drop off your waste equipment for recycling, please contact your local government office, your household waste disposal service or where you purchased the product for details of environmentally safe recycling.

- When your electrical or electronic equipment is no longer useful to you, "take it back" to your local or regional waste collection administration for recycling.
- If you need further assistance in recycling, reusing in your "end of life" product, you may contact us at the Customer Care number listed in your product's user's manual and we will be glad to help you with your effort.

Finally, we suggest that you practice other environmentally friendly actions by understanding and using the energy-saving features of this product (where applicable), recycling the inner and outer packaging (including shipping containers) this product was delivered in, and by disposing of or recycling used batteries properly. With your help, we can reduce the amount of natural resources needed to produce electrical and electronic equipment, minimize the use of landfills for the disposal of "end of life" products, and generally improve our quality of life by ensuring that potentially hazardous substances are not released into the environment and are disposed of properly.

China Restriction of Hazardous Substances Table

The following table is supplied in compliance with China's Restriction of Hazardous Substances (China RoHS) requirements:



关于符合中国《电子信息产品污染控制管理办法》的声明 Management Methods on Control of Pollution from Electronic Information Products (China Rokls Declaration)

产品中有毒有害	物质或元素的	的名称及含量
Hazardous	Substances	Table

	Thuêu dou.	a Substance 有毒有害		素 (Hazardou:	s Substance	s)
部件名称(Parts)	铅(Pb)	汞 (Hg)	镉(Cd)	六价铬 (Cr (VI))	多溴联苯 (PBB)	多溴二苯醚 (PBDE)
PCB板 PCB	0	0	0	0	0	0
结构件及风扇 Mechanical parts and Fan	×	0	0	0	0	0
芯片及其他主动零件 Chip and other Active components	×	0	0	0	0	0
连接器 Connectors	×	0	0	0	0	0
被动电子元器件 Passive Components	×	0	0	0	0	0
线材 Cables	0	0	0	0	0	0
焊接金属 Soldering metal	0	0	0	0	0	0
助焊剂, 散热膏, 标签及其他耗材 Flux,Solder Paste,Label and other Consumable Materials	0	0	0	0	0	0
○:表示该有毒有害物质在该部件所有均质材料中的含量均在SJ/T11363-2006标准规定的限量要求以下。 Indicates that this hazardous substance contained in all homogenous materials of this part is below the limit requirement SJ/T 11363-2006						
×:表示该有毒有害物质至少在该部件的某一均质材料中的含量超出SJ/T11363-2006标准规定的限量要求。 Indicates that this hazardous substance contained in at least one of the homogenous materials of this part is above the limit requirement in SJ/T 11363-2006						
对销售之日的所受售产品。本表显示我公司供应链的电子信息产品可能包含这些物质。注意:在所售产品中 可能会也可能不会含有所有所列的部件。 This table shows where these substances may be found in the supply chain of our electronic information products, as of the date of the sale of the enclosed products. Note that some of the component types listed above may not be a part of the enclosed product.						



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• G.B.T. INC. - U.S.A.

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Greece	Kazakhstan
WEB address : http://www.giga-byte.gr	WEB address : http://www.giga-byte.kz
Czech Republic	You may go to the GIGABYTE website, select your language
WEB address : http://www.gigabyte.cz	in the language list on the top right corner of the website.

• GIGABYTE Global Service System



To submit a technical or non-technical (Sales/ Marketing) question, please link to : http://ggts.gigabyte.com.tw Then select your language to enter the system.