1. AGP card with 3.3V is not supported, only AGP card with 1.5V can be used in this mainboard.
2. Please read the user guide before proceeding with your installations. Serious damage may occur if the procedure is not followed properly.
3. If you have any problem getting your system to work, please follow the troubleshooting tips on *APPENDIX C* of your user manual.
4. For immediate Technical questions, please visit http://www.soyousa.com/support and http://www.soyousa.com/kb.

Congratulations on your new purchase of SOYO KT400 Series motherboard for the AMD platform!

This new motherboard offers support for ultra fast DDR400 memory. However, since DDR400 is not a JEDEC (The Joint Electron Device Engineering Council) approved memory specification, some users might experience DDR400 incompatibilities as a result of discrepancy in memory manufacturing.

In an effort to provide our customers the highest product quality and performance, SOYO has tested a number of memory modules to ensure compatibility. Please visit our web site at http://www.soyousa.com/products/proddesc.php?id=176 for information on Recommended Memory.

In some cases a BIOS upgrade might be required to take advantage of this new feature. Please refer to our Support section on the web site for more information.

SY-KT400 DRAGON Ultra

Motherboard

****

AMD Athlon & Duron Processors Supported

VIA KT400 AGP/PCI Motherboard

100/133/166 MHz Front Side Bus supported

ATX Form Factor

****

User's Manual

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Disclaimer:

Please be advised that some SOYO motherboards are designed with overclocking features and may allow users to run the components beyond manufacturer's recommended specifications. Overclocking beyond manufacturer's specifications is not recommended nor endorsed by SOYO, Inc. and will void your manufacturer's warranty. Overclocking beyond manufacturer's specifications is not encouraged and should be assumed at the user's own risk. Unsafe overclocking can damage the user's system or cause serious personal injury. If the user is unsure or in doubt about overclocking, please seek professional advise. SOYO, Inc. is not responsible for any direct or indirect damage resulting from overclocking.

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About This Guide:

This manual can help system manufacturers and end users in setting up and installing the Motherboard. Information in this guide has been carefully checked for reliability; however, to the correctness of the contents there is no guarantee given. The information in this document is subject to amend without notice.

For further information, please visit our **Web Site** on the Internet. The address is **"http://www.soyo.com.tw".**

Edition: December 2002
Version 1.3
KT400 DRAGON Ultra SERIAL

FC Tested To Comply With FCC Standards
FOR HOME OR OFFICE USE

100% POST CONSUMER RECYCLED PAPER

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Chapter 1

MOTHERBOARD DESCRIPTION

1-1 INTRODUCTION

The **SY-KT400 DRAGON Ultra** AGP/PCI motherboard is a high performance Socket A, ATX form-factor system board. The **SY-KT400 DRAGON Ultra** uses VIA Chipset technology and supports AMD Socket class processors. This motherboard is fully compatible with industry standards and adds many technical enhancements.

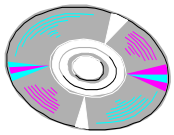
1-2 UNPACKING THE MOTHERBOARD

When unpacking the motherboard, check for the following items:

- The SY-KT400 DRAGON Ultra AGP/PCI motherboard

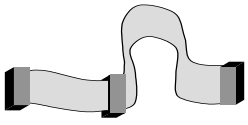
- The user manual

- The Installation CD-ROM

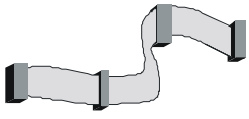


- SOYO Bonus Pack CD-ROM

- 3 IDE Device ATA 66 Flat Cable



- One Floppy Disk Drive Flat Cable



- One SPDIF Audio Connector Card (optional)

- One Flat Cable for SPDIF Audio Card (optional)

- One Back Panel

- One Heat Sink Compound

- ∑BOX (optional)

Warning: Do not unpack the motherboard from its anti-static packaging until you are ready to install it.

Like most electronic equipment, your motherboard may be damaged by electrostatic discharge. To avoid permanent damage to components ground yourself while working by using a grounding strap. Otherwise, ground yourself frequently by touching the unpainted portion of the computer chassis to drain the static charges.
Handle the motherboard carefully, holding it by the edges.
You are now ready to start the installation.

1-3 KEY FEATURES

➢ CPU SUPPORT

The SY-KT400 DRAGON Ultra supports the following AMD® K7 CPUs:

- □ Supports 200/266/333 MHz Front Side Bus Athlon /XP CPU
- □ Duron™ /Morgan CPU

Newly released AMD Socket A CPUs may be supported by the SY-KT400 DRAGON Ultra. Please check the FAQ at http://www.soyo.com for further information.

➢ CPU SETTINGS

The SY-KT400 DRAGON Ultra provides the user with a very complete and convenient CPU setting environment. The CPU settings are all adjusted

through the special SOYO COMBO page in the BIOS, therefore rendering the use of jumpers obsolete.

- **CPU FSB Frequency**

The SY-KT400 DRAGON Ultra supports a wide range of CPU FSB frequency settings:

- 100~255MHz for 100MHz and 133MHz FSB CPU

For accuracy and to maximize the board's overclocking potential, the CPU FSB frequency can be set up by 1 MHz increment. Please refer to Section 2-3 Quick BIOS Setup for further information. This ensures that the SY-KT400 DRAGON Ultra has an overwhelming overclocking potential.

- **CPU Ratio Select**

The SY-KT400 DRAGON Ultra supports a wide range of multipliers: 5.0x, 5.5x, 6.0x, 6.5x, 7.0x, 7.5x, 8.0x, 8.5x, 9.0x, 9.5x, 10.0x, 10.5x, 11.0x, 11.5x, 12.0x, 12.5x, 13.0x, 13.5x, 14.0x, 15.0x, 16.0x, 16.5x, 17.0x and 18.0x.

➢ MEMORY SUPPORT

The SY-KT400 DRAGON Ultra supports PC1600, PC2100, PC2700 and PC3200 DDR Memory module.

➢ EXPANDABILITY

The SY-KT400 DRAGON Ultra provides all the standard expansion slots, and many more additional expansion features:

- **Expansion slots**
  - 1 x 32-bit bus master AGP PRO supports 4x and 8x at 1.5v only.
  - 5 x 32-bit bus master PCI slots
- **Enhanced IO**
  - Floppy disk controller
  - 2x EIDE controllers with support for up to 4 Ultra DMA 33/66 /100/133 devices
  - Standard/EPP/ECP parallel port
  - 2x 16550 compatible serial ports
  - IrDA compatible infrared port
  - 6x USB 2.0 (Universal Serial Bus) connectors
    - 2x USB port；4x USB connectors

- PS/2 mouse connector
- PS/2 keyboard connector

➢ USB Support

The KT400 DRAGON Ultra supports USB 1.1 and 2.0.

➢ IDE RAID FUNCTION

The KT400 DRAGON Ultra uses the HighPoint HPT372 chipset. It supports striping (RAID 0), mirroring (RAID 1), striping+mirroring (RAID0+1), JBOD or function as regular IDE port. CD-ROM is not supported.

➢ C-MEDIA HARDWARE AUDIO

Supports 2/4/5.1 speakers and DLS based wave table music. Also provides professional SPDIF IN/OUT non-distortion digital interface. Use the C-Media CMI8738-MX chipset.

➢ LAN ON-BOARD

Supports 10/100 Mbps base-T/TX Ethernet.

➢ SMART CARD READER PIN HEADER

Compliant with Personal Computer Smart Card(PC/SC) Working Group standard. A smart card reader is required.

➢ ADVANCED FUNCTIONS

The SY-KT400 DRAGON Ultra supports advanced functions such as:

- Wake-On-LAN

  Some advanced network cards can wake the system up over the network, the WOL connector is provided by the SY-KT400 DRAGON Ultra to support this function.

- Multiple boot

  Booting from devices such as CD-ROM.

- Power on by modem or alarm

  This special feature enables the system to be switched ‘”ON” from “SUSPEND” mode though a modem or RTC alarm. Practical remote access to switch the system on only after the modem receives a call.

➢ FAIL SAFE

The SY-KT400 DRAGON Ultra presents much added functionality to make

managing the system easy and fail-proof.

◆ **Hardware Monitor**

The integrated Hardware Monitor IC and Hardware doctor software enables the user to monitor system voltages, temperatures and FAN speeds. This feature ensures that the user is full control of the system.

◆ **Power Failure Resume Function**

This function can be set in the BIOS, and it determines whether the system will automatically turn on again after a power failure. This useful feature is indispensable for server systems that need to always stay connected and has low down time.

◆ **5VSB Indicator**

This green LED gives an indication of the presence of the 5V Standby voltage. This voltage is always fed into the motherboard and is used for functions such as WOL.

➢ **SOYO Bonus Pack CD-ROM**

➢ **COMPLIANCE**

The SY-KT400 DRAGON Ultra complies with all important industry standards. The following underlines the reliability of the SY-KT400 DRAGON Ultra, a motherboard to trust.

- PC99, ACPI compliant

➢ **WARRANTY**

All SOYO motherboards are back with one-year manufacturer's warranty from the date of purchase. Please retain your original receipt for future warranty inquiries.

➢ **USER FRIENDLY**

- SOYO COMBO Setup
- Jumperless design
- Maximize performance at the level of BIOS：
  - CPU FSB frequency
  - CPU multiplier
  - CPU Vcore voltage
  - PCI divider

— DDR RAM Clock
— DDR Voltage
— AGP Voltage

1-4 HANDLING THE MOTHERBOARD

To avoid damage to your motherboard, please follow these simple rules while unpacking:

- Before handling the motherboard, ground yourself by grasping an unpainted portion of the system's metal chassis.
- Remove the motherboard from its anti-static packaging. Hold the motherboard by the edges and avoid touching its components.
- Check the motherboard for damage. If any chip appears loose, press carefully to set it firmly in its socket.

Warning: Do not apply power if the motherboard appears damaged. If there is damage to the board, contact your dealer immediately.

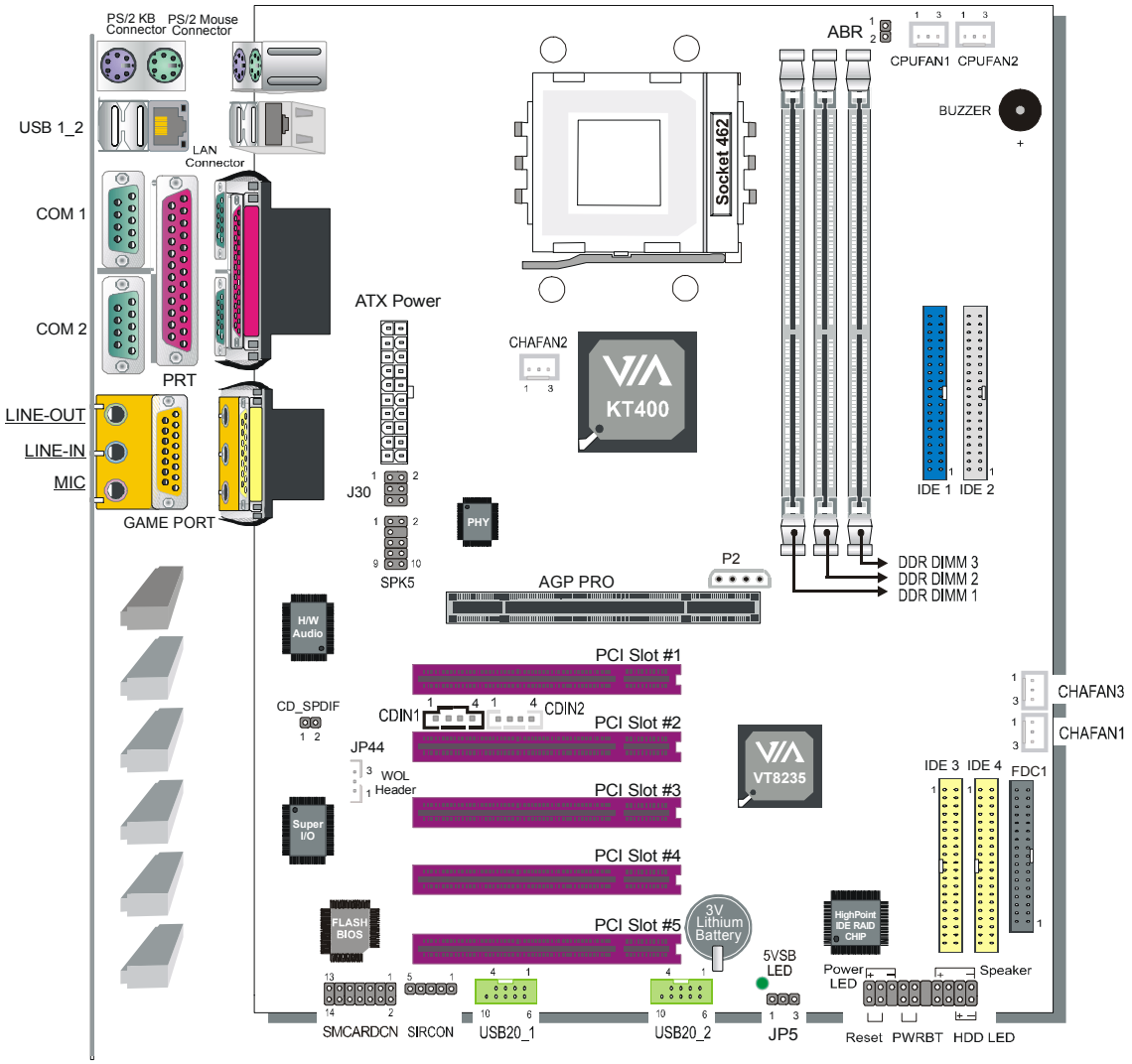
1-5 ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE PRECAUTIONS

Be sure to ground yourself before handling the motherboard or other system components. Electrostatic discharge can easily damage the components. Note that you must take special precautions when handling the motherboard in dry or air-conditioned environment.

To protect your equipment from electrostatic discharge, take the following precautions:

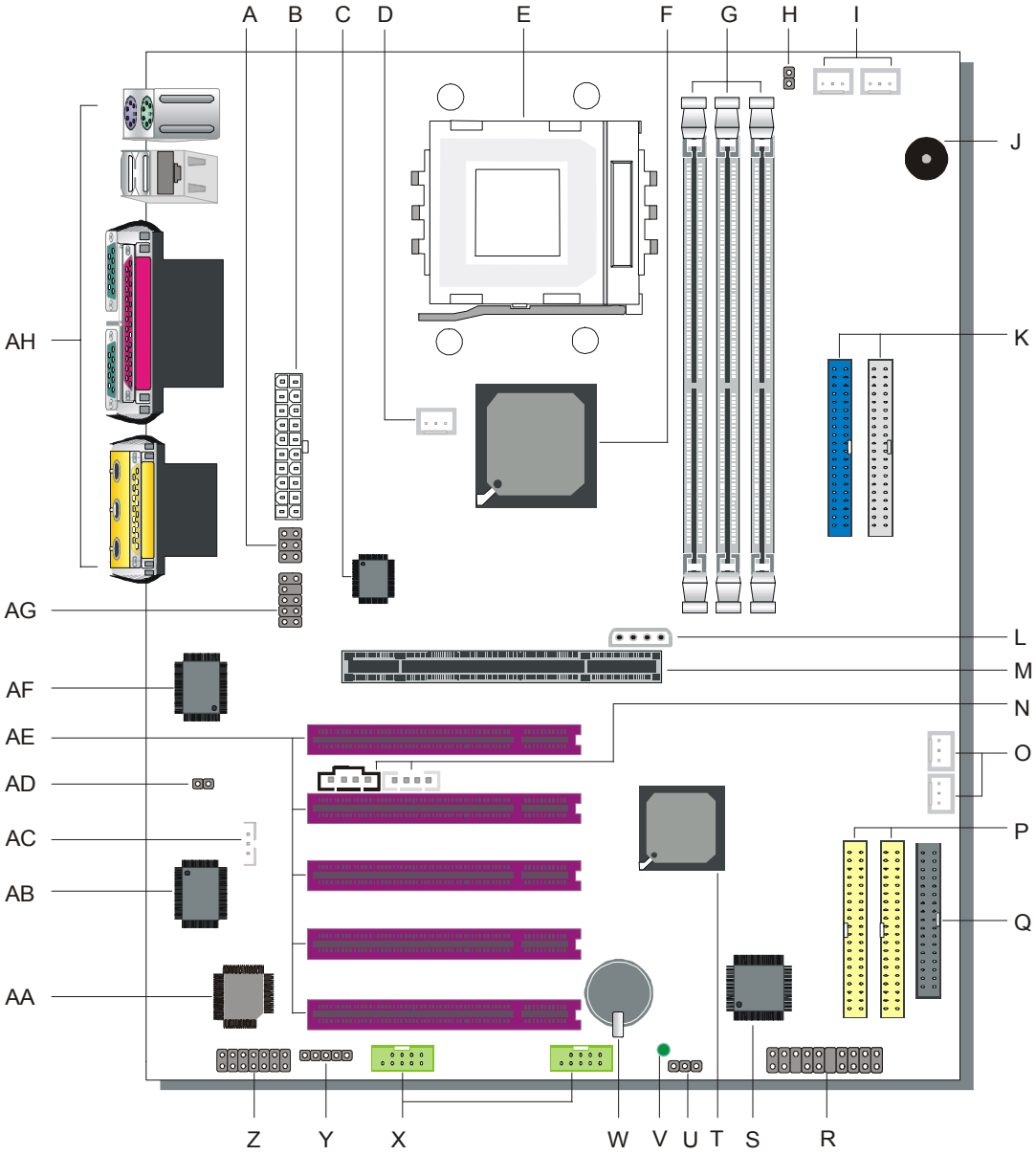
- Do not remove the anti-static packaging until you are ready to install.
- Ground yourself before removing any system component from its protective anti-static packaging. (To ground yourself, grasp the expansion slot covers or other unpainted portions of the computer chassis).
- Frequently ground yourself while working or use a grounding strap.
- Handle the motherboard by its edges and avoid touching its components.

1-6 SY-KT400 DRAGON Ultra MOTHERBOARD LAYOUT



Back Panel **SY-KT400 DRAGON Ultra Platform**

1-7 SY-KT400 DRAGON Ultra MOTHERBOARD COMPONENTS



A	**MIC & LAN LED Connector**
B	**ATX Power Supply Connector**
C	**LAN PHY**
D	**Chassis Cooling Fan Connector**
E	**Socket A Connector**
F	**VIA KT400 North Bridge Chip**
G	**DDR DIMM Banks**
H	**ABR Jumper**
I	**CPU Cooling Fan Connector**
J	**ABR Buzzer**
K	**Bus Mastering EIDE/ATAPI Ports**
L	**ATX12V 4-Pin (+12V) Connector**
M	**AGP Pro Slot**
N	**CD-IN Connector**
O	**Chassis Cooling Fan Connector**
P	**IDE RAID Ports**
Q	**Floppy Disk Drive (FDD) Port**
R	**Front Panel Connectors**
S	**HighPoint IDE RAID Chip**
T	**VIA VT8235 South Bridge Chip**
U	**CMOS Clear Jumper**
V	**5V Stand-By Indicator LED**
W	**3V Lithium Battery**
X	**USB 2.0 Connector**
Y	**Serial Infrared (IrDA) Device Header**
Z	**Smart Card Reader Connector**
AA	**Flash BIOS**
AB	**ITE I/O Chip**
AC	**Wake-On-LAN (WOL) Header**
AD	**CD_SPDIF Connector**
AE	**32-bit PCI Mastering Slots**
AF	**C-Media Onboard Audio Chip**
AG	**SPK5 Connector**
AH	**Back panel Connectors**

Chapter 2

HARDWARE INSTALLATION

Congratulations on owning a-**SY-KT400 DRAGON Ultra**. You are about to install and connect your new motherboard.

Note: Do not unpack the motherboard from its protective anti-static packaging until you have made the following preparations.

2-1 PREPARATIONS

Gather and prepare all the following hardware equipment to complete the installation successfully:

1. Socket A processor with CPU cooling fan (boxed type)
2. DDR SDRAM module (s)
3. Computer case and chassis with adequate power supply unit
4. Monitor
5. PS/2 or USB Keyboard
6. Pointing Device (PS/2 or USB mouse)
7. Speaker(s) (optional)
8. Disk Drives: HDD, CD-ROM, Floppy drive…
9. External Peripherals: Printer and Modem (optional)
10. Internal Peripherals: Modem and LAN cards (optional)

2-2 INSTALLATION GUIDE

We will now begin the installation process. Please follow the step-by-step procedure designed to lead you to a complete and correct installation.

Step 1- Install the Central Processing Unit (CPU)

Step 2- Install memory modules

Step 3- Install of expansion cards

Step 4- Connect cables, case wires, and power supply

Step 5- Power on and enter BIOS setup

Step 6- Install supporting software tools. See Chapter 4 for more info.

Warning: Turn off the power to the motherboard, system chassis, and peripheral devices before performing any work on the motherboard or system.

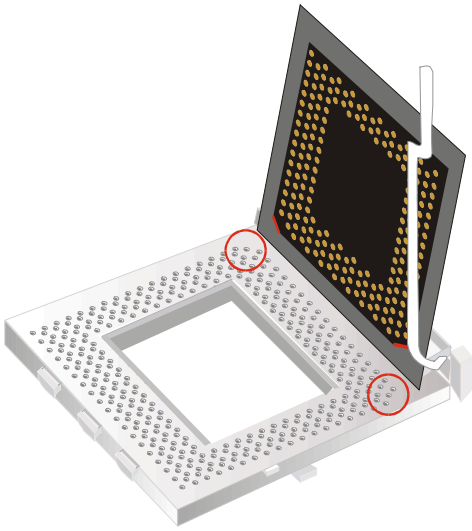
BEGIN THE INSTALLATION

Step 1 Install the CPU

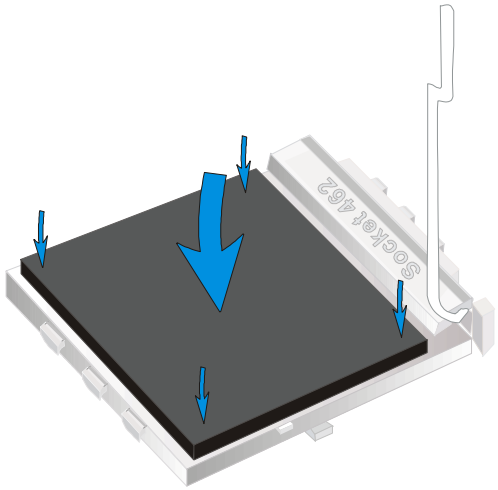
CPU Mount Procedure: To mount the AMD® K7 Athlon, Athlon XP & Duron™ processor that you have purchased separately, follow these instructions.

1. Lift the socket handle up to a vertical position.

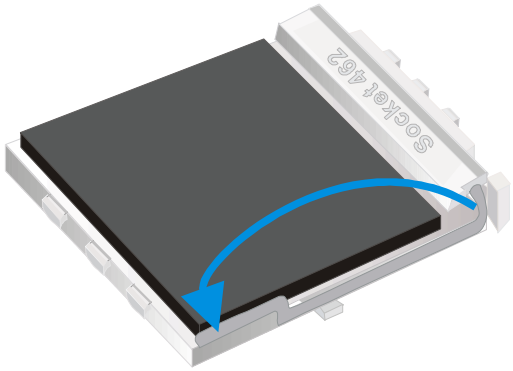
2. Align the blunt edge of the CPU with the matching pinhole distinctive edge on the socket.

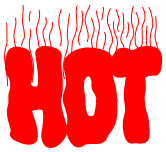


3. Seat the processor in the socket completely and without forcing.



4. Then close the socket handle to secure the CPU in place.





Remember to connect the CPU Cooling Fan to the appropriate power connector on the motherboard. The fan is a key component that will ensure system stability. It prevents overheating, therefore prolonging the life of your CPU. *If your FAN is not connected on connected improperly your CPU can be permanently damaged.*

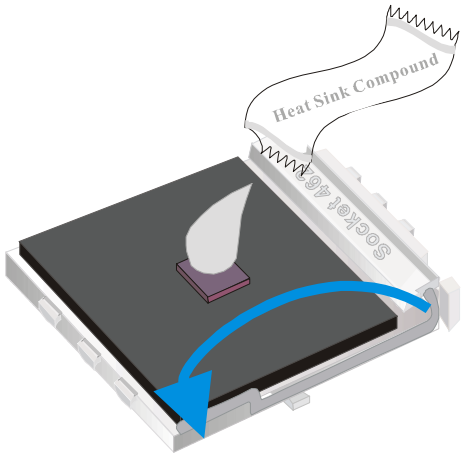
CPU Fan Installation

Your Socket A processor kit comes with a cooling fan. Mount the fan on the processor according to the instructions provided by the manufacturer. The fan is a key component that will ensure system stability. The fan prevents overheating, therefore prolonging the life of your CPU.

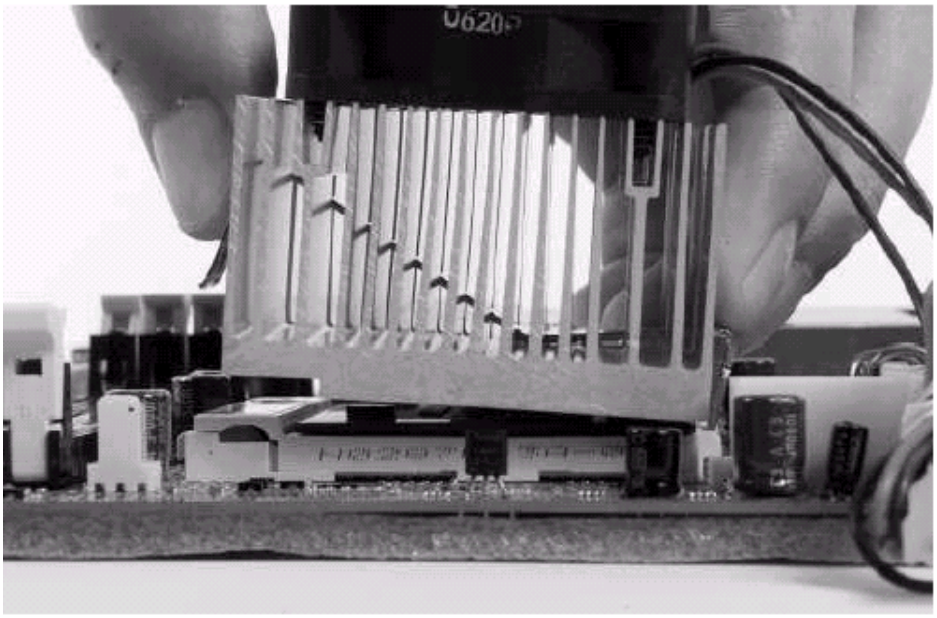
Note: Remember to connect the fan to the appropriate power source.

CPU Fan Mount Procedure: To prevent scratch or damage on the motherboard, please follow the instructions on how to mount the CPU fan properly.

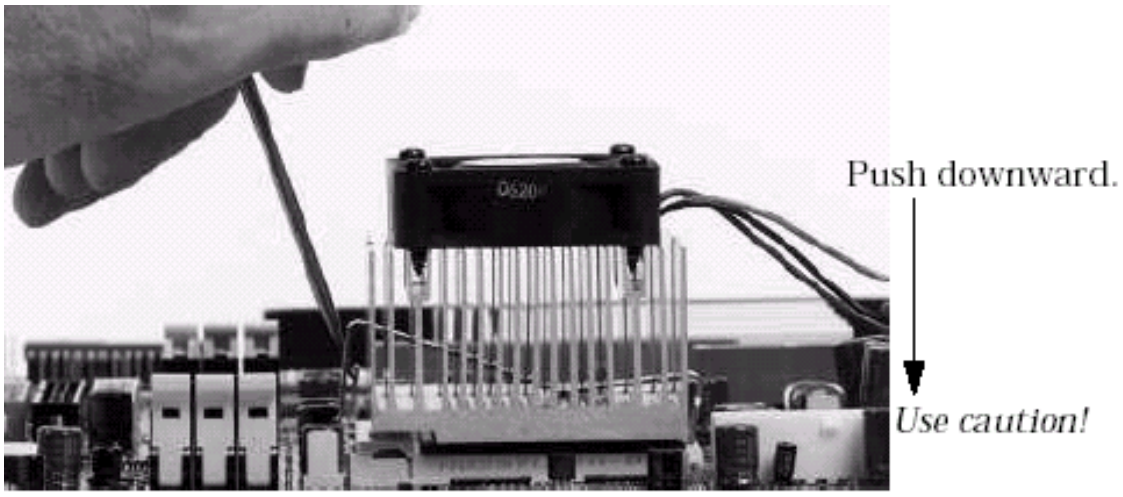
1. Apply thermal paste to the die of the CPU.



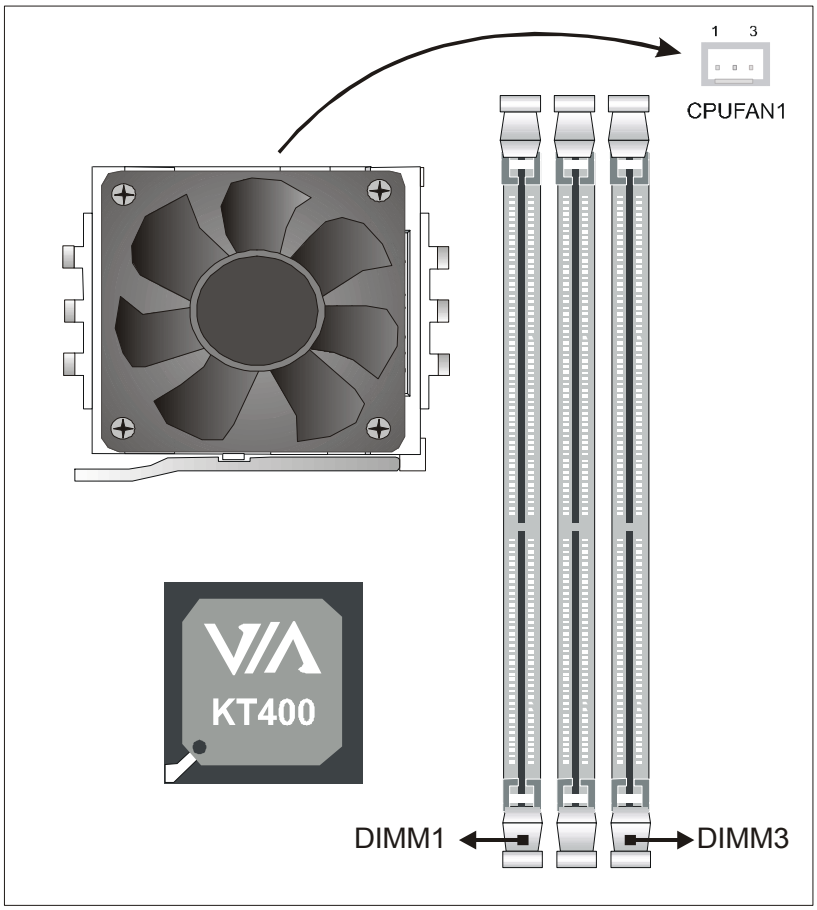
2. Make sure that the retaining clip is in this position before trying to install the heatsink. Notice that the clip is *not* symmetrical. The long end always attaches to the top of the socket (the end that reads “Socket 462”), while the short end engages the bottom of the socket. No matter which heatsink is used, the clip is always installed in the same manner.



3. To install this clip, push firmly only on the end of the clip. To install the clip, typically requires 12 to 24 pounds of force.



4. The fans power connector should be connected to CPUFAN1.



Note: If the fan is defective or Power connector is not connected to CPUFAN1, the system will enable Fan Off Control function. See below for more information on FOC function.

When the CPU temperature exceeds the temperature set in the CPU Temp. Protection in the BIOS setup, SOYO's Anti burn Regulator (ABR) will automatically shutdown the system and beep until the power button is press for one time. For more info about ABR, check pages 17.

For more information on CPU settings in the BIOS, check page 39.

FOC (Fan-Off Control)

The newly designed SOYO "FOC" is based on the concept of total protection for the CPU, which is very different from currently seen on the market. The H/W control function is used to see a passive security system of monitoring and warning. S/W Simultaneous Signal Follow-up techniques and Auto Power Off System are included to prevent possible damage caused by the malfunctioning of the CPU fan. With the help of "O/S On Time Monitoring And Warning" function, provided by the H/W monitoring system, the double-protection purpose is achieved.

"FOC" includes the following functions:

(1) Simultaneous Signal Follow Up**:** Before the system enters the O/S, H/W will detect the signals of the CPU fan pins, get their revolution information and send it to the BIOS.

(2) Auto Power Off System: If the BIOS receives the information of CPU fan revolution, it continues to function normally. If no signal is received, it will inform the system and disconnect the power supply immediately to protect the CPU from overheating.

***Note*:** The following must be observed to secure the normal functioning of "Fan-Off Control":

1. FOC only works on CPUFAN 1.

2. A CPU fan with sensor pin must be used.

3. CPU fans approved by AMD are strongly recommended.

The "HOT KEY" function is provided for the CPU fans without sensor pins, to avoid the power off. Users may press the "Insert" key to jump over the "Power Off" mode; go to the BIOS and disable "FOC". Now system can be booted normally.

We provide the following user-friendly protection features:

1. Fan-Off Control: The motherboard detects the status of the CPU fan and protects the CPU by automatically disconnecting the power supply. The default value of this function is Enable. After booting up, the user may disable it.

2. Heat Dissipation Paste: Heat Dissipation Paste is included for all Socket-A motherboards, to enhance the heat dissipation capability.

Furthermore, we strongly recommend our users to enable the function of H/W monitoring in the BIOS. This function, together with the FOC, provides the total protection to the CPU and allows it to maximize its performance.

***Note:* FOC will only work during BOOT-up. Once the system enters the operating system, FOC will be disabled.**

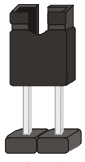
ABR (Anti Burn Regulator)

SOYO's ABR (Anti Burn Regulator) is a specially designed hardware circuit that works hand in hand with the CPU's internal sensor in monitoring the temperature of the CPU and prevent it from overheating.

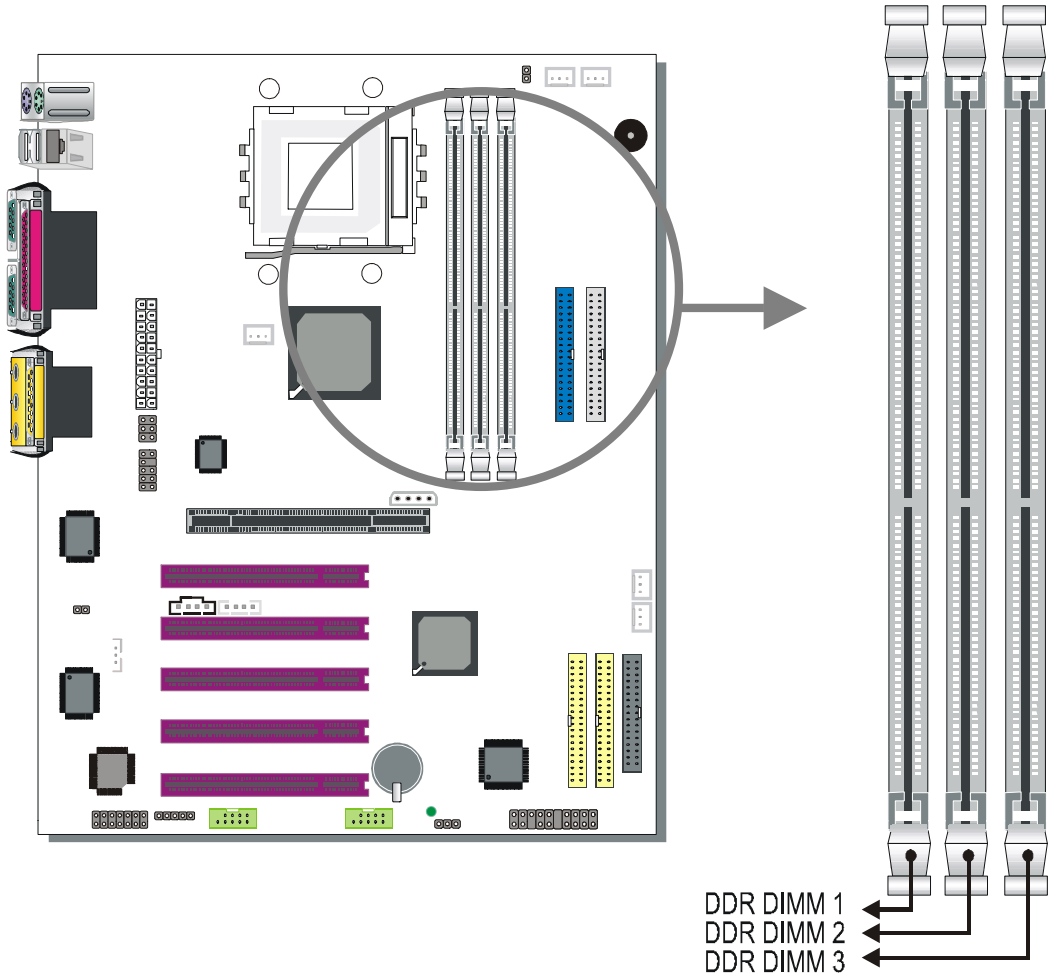
Once the heat accumulated in the CPU is over the set limit. ABR will automatically shut down the system power and warn you with a beeping sound. To de-activate the beeping sound, **un-plug the AC power cord.** We recommend you to check the cause of the overheating and let the processor cool down before powering on the system.

***Note:* ABR supports AMD Athlon XP and Morgan CPU. Thunderbird and Duron CPUs are not supported**

Some early versions of the 2400+ and 2600+ XP CPUs when used in this motherboard will automatically activate the ABR function, thus making a beeping sound and shut down your system. If this compatibility issue arises, you need to disable the ABR function via the ABR hardware jumper.

	Enabled	Disabled
ABR Jumper	 1 2	1 2

Step 2 Install Memory Module



Your board comes with three DIMM sockets, providing support for up to 3GB of main memory using unbuffered and non-ECC DIMM modules. On this motherboard, DRAM speed can be set independent from the CPU front side bus speed.

If you're planning to use PC3200 modules, this motherboard can support 2 pcs. of PC3200 memory modules.

Memory Configuration Table

Number of Memory Modules	DIMM 1	DIMM 2	DIMM 3
RAM Type	DDR RAM (non-register & non-ECC)		
Memory Module Size (MB)	128 / 256 / 512 / 1024 MB		

Step 3 Install Of Expansion Cards

The motherboard has 1 AGP PRO slot and 5 PCI slots.

1. Read the related expansion card's instruction document before inserting the expansion card into the computer.
2. Press the expansion card firmly into expansion slot in the motherboard.
3. Make sure the metal contacts on the card are correctly seated in the slot.
4. Replace the screw to secure the slot bracket of the expansion card.
5. Install driver for the operating system you use.

AGP Pro Slot

This motherboard supports AGP 4x/8x/Pro VGA CARD.

DO NOT remove the safety tab underneath it if you will be using an AGP card without a retention notch. Removing may cause the card to shift and may cause damage to your card, slot, and motherboard. Remove ONLY when you will be using an AGP Pro card. You can use a pen tip to remove the tab from the bay.

When 8x VGA card is used, "AGP mode" option in the BIOS will be disabled and the "DBI Output for AGP Trans" option will appear.

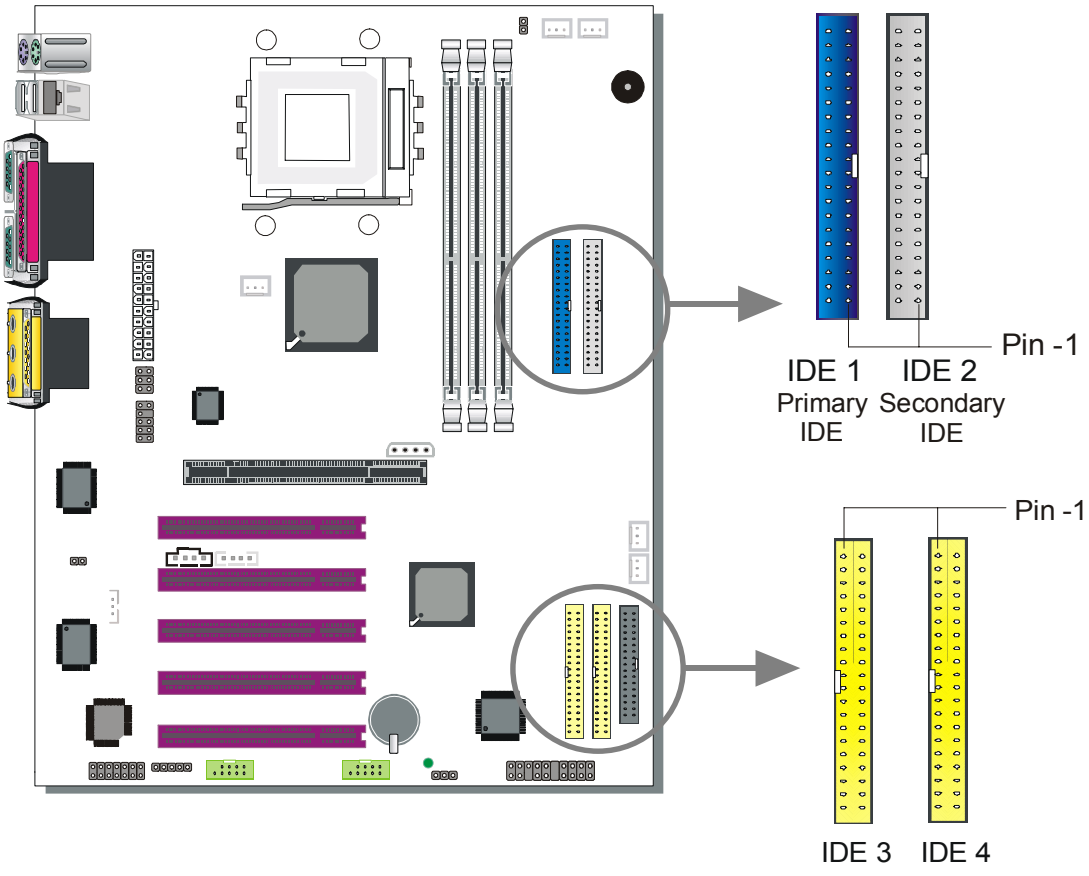
Note: This Motherboard supports only 1.5 volts AGP card. AGP cards working on 3.3V are not supported. For AGP card voltage specification, please check the AGP card manual or contact your AGP card's manufacturer.

Assigned Interrupt Table for PCI Device

PCI Device	INT
AGP	A
PCI slot 1/5	A
PCI slot 2	B
PCI slot 3	C
PCI slot 4	D
On-board Audio	D
On-board RAID	C

Step 4 Connect cables, case wires, and power supply

A. IDE Device Installation (HDD, CD-ROM)

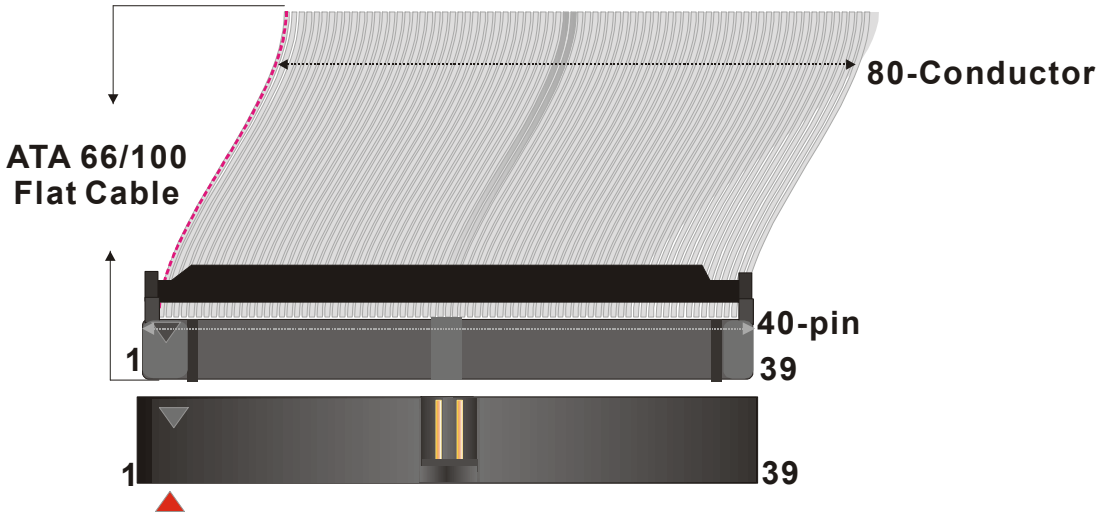


This motherboard offers two primary and two secondary IDE device connectors (IDE1, IDE2), can support up to four high-speed Ultra DMA 33/66/100/133 HDD or CD-ROM. IDE3 & IDE4 can support up to four high-speed Ultra DMA 33/66/100/133 HDD.

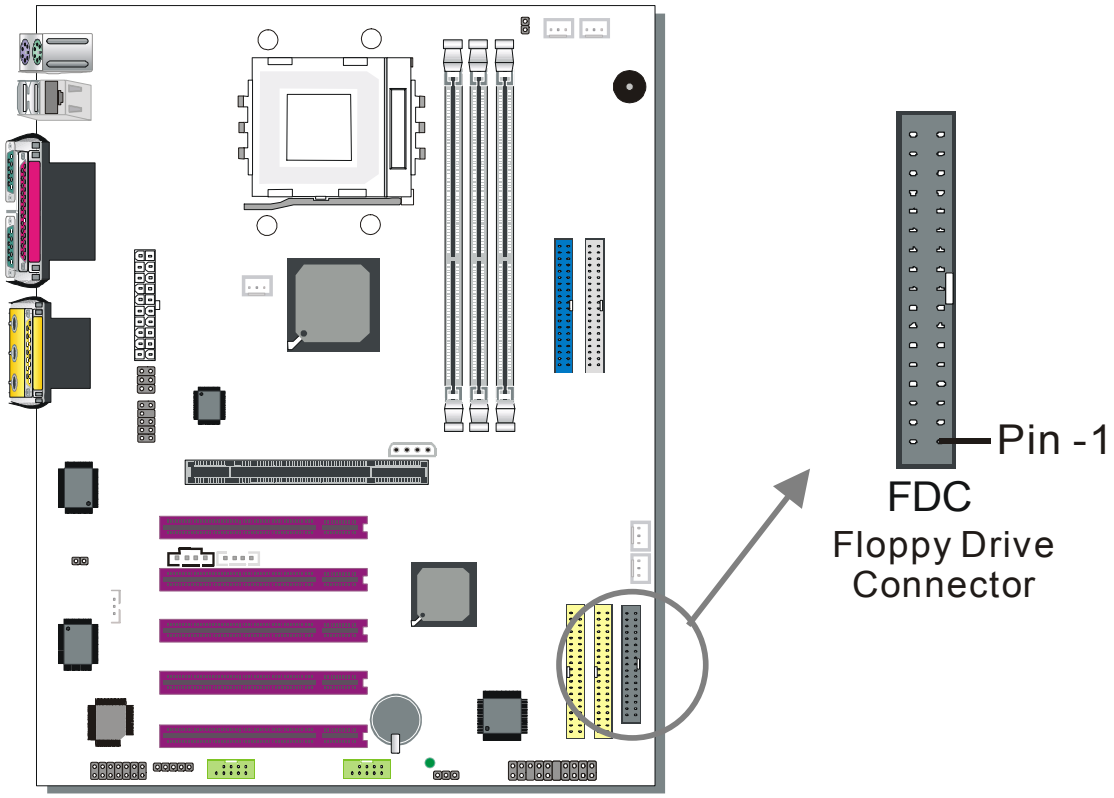
Connect one side of the ATA 66/100 flat cable to the IDE device (HDD or CD-ROM) and plug the other end to the primary (IDE1, IDE3) or secondary (IDE2, IDE4) directionally keyed IDE connector on the motherboard. The ATA 66/100/133 cable is backward compatible with ATA33 HDDs. Please note that IDE3 & IDE4 only support HDD, CD-ROM is not supported.

This motherboard can support up to 8 HDDs.

There are four HDD connectors (IDE1, IDE2, IDE3, IDE4) on motherboard. IDE3 & IDE4 are provided for IDE RAID function or standard IDE function. Please refer to Chapter 6 for more information on IDE RAID function.



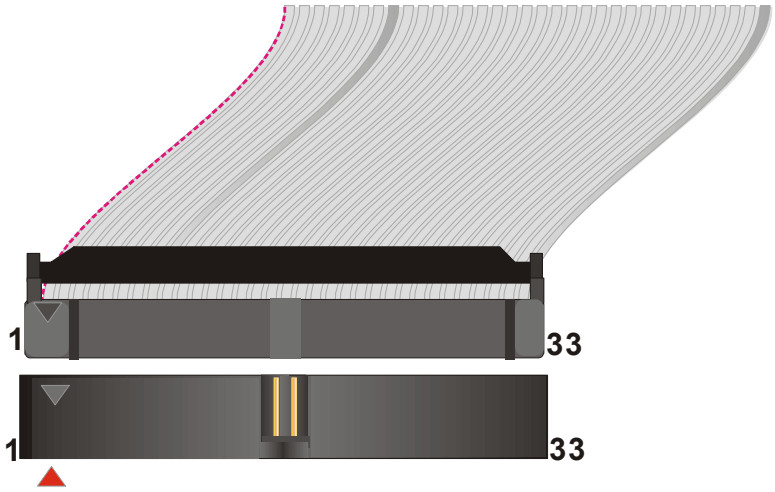
B. Floppy Drive Installation



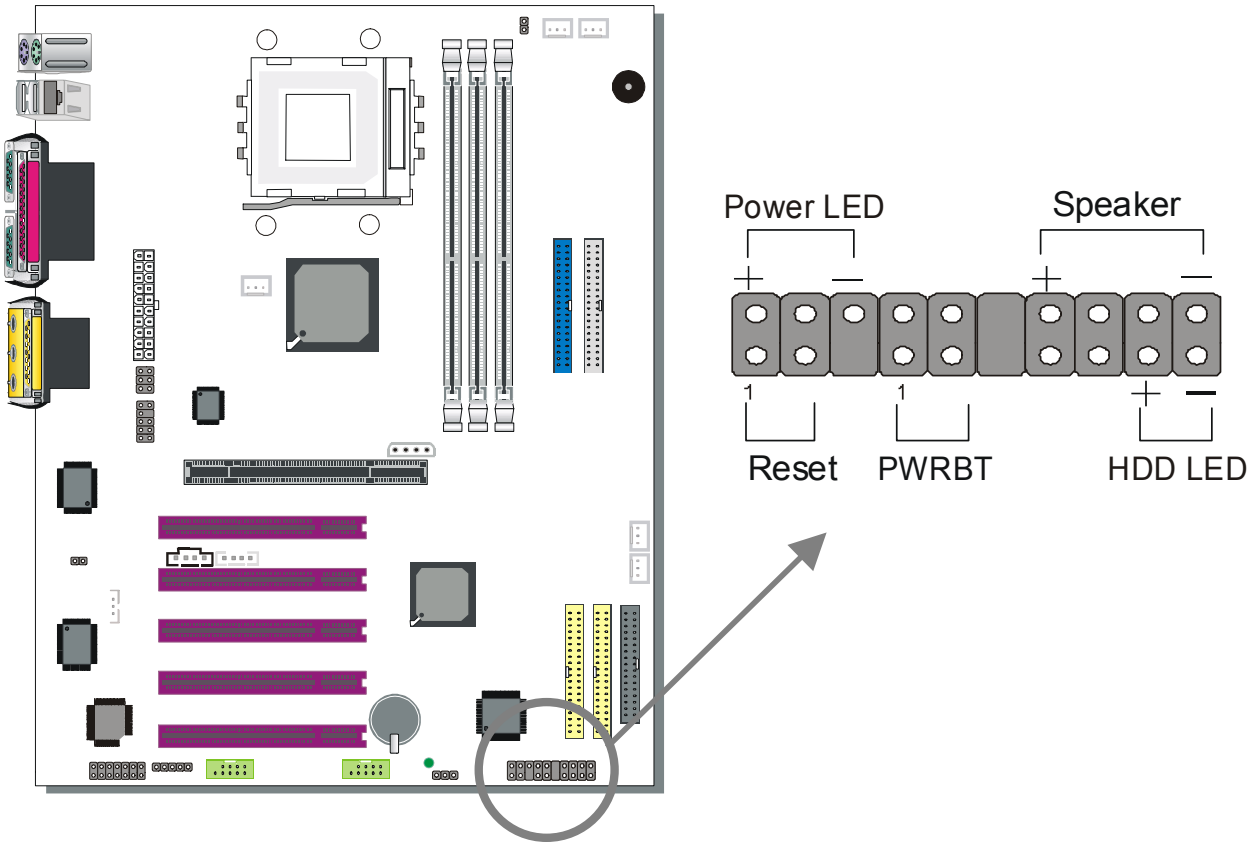
The system supports 5 possible floppy drive types: 720 KB, 1.2 MB, 1.44 MB, 2.88 MB, and LS-120.

Connect one side of the 34-pin flat cable to the floppy drive and plug the other end to the floppy drive connector on the motherboard.

This motherboard can support up to 1 floppy drives.



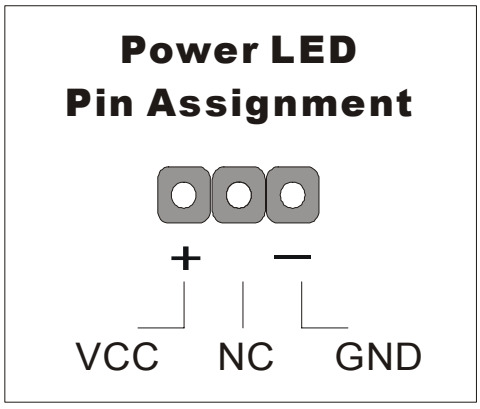
C. Front Panel Connections



Plug the computer case's front panel devices to the corresponding headers on the motherboard.

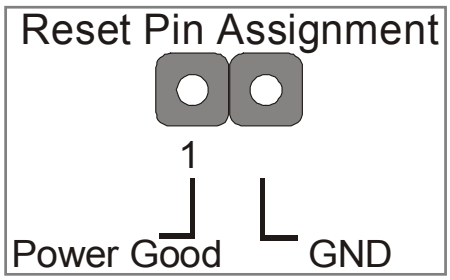
1. Power LED

Please install according to the following pin assignment: pin 1,3 are for Power LED.



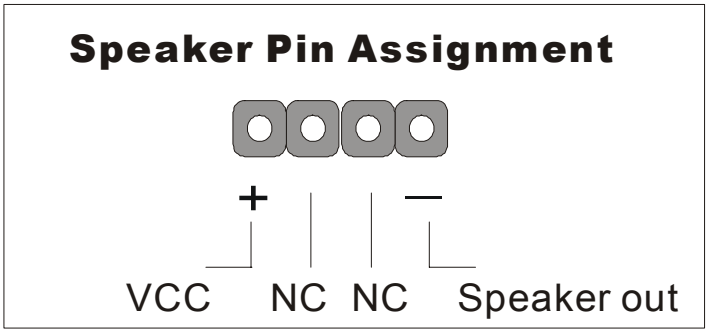
2. Reset

Plug the Reset push-button cable into the 2-pin Reset header on the motherboard. Pushing the Reset button on the front panel will cause the system to restart the boot-up sequence.



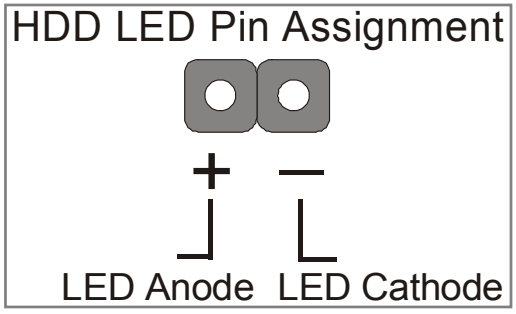
3. Speaker

Attach the 4-pin PC speaker cable from the case to the Speaker header on the motherboard.



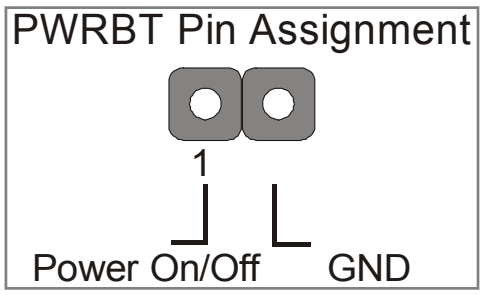
4. IDE LED

Attach the 2-pin IDE device LED cable to the corresponding IDE LED header on the motherboard. This will cause the LED to light up when an IDE (HDD, CD-ROM) device is active.



5. ATX Power On/Off Switch

Attach the 2-pin momentary type switch to the PWRBT header for turning ON or OFF your ATX power supply.

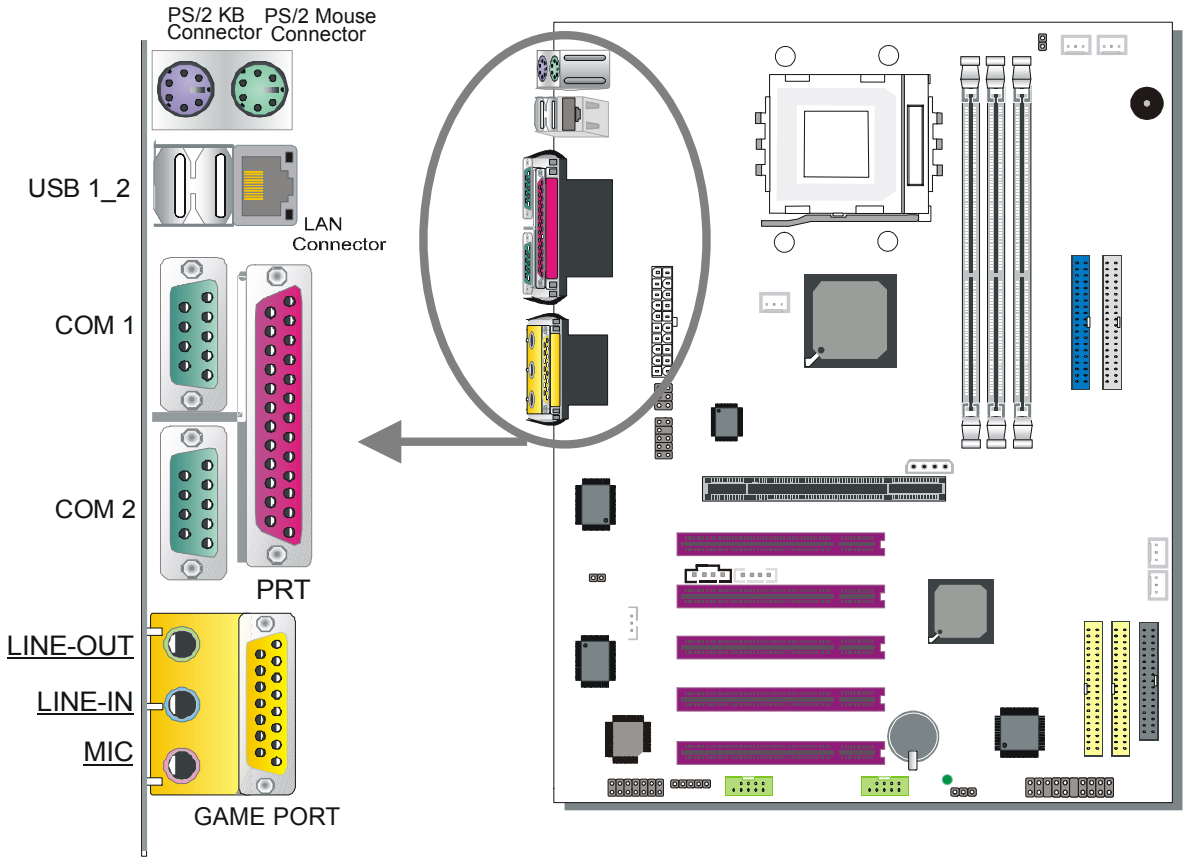


D. Back Panel Connections

All external devices such as the PS/2 keyboard, PS/2 mouse, printer, modem, USB can be plugged directly onto the motherboard back panel.

Only after you have fixed and locked the motherboard to the computer case can you start connecting the external peripheral devices.

When connecting an external device, use the following figure to locate and identify which back panel connector to plug the device to.



1. Onboard Serial Ports COM1/COM2

External peripherals that use serial transmission scheme include:

- serial mouse
- modem

Plug the serial device cables directly into the COM1/COM2 9-pin male connectors located at the rear panel of the motherboard.

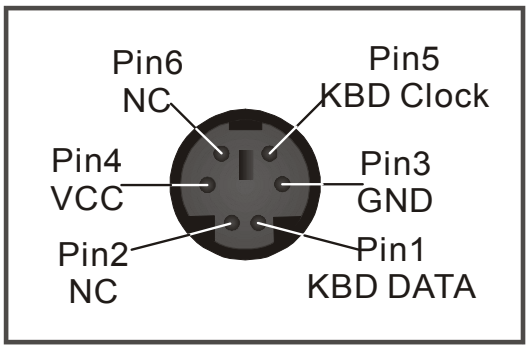
2. Parallel Port PRT

This parallel port is used to connect the printer or other parallel devices.

Plug the parallel device cable into the 25-pin female connector located at the rear panel of the motherboard.

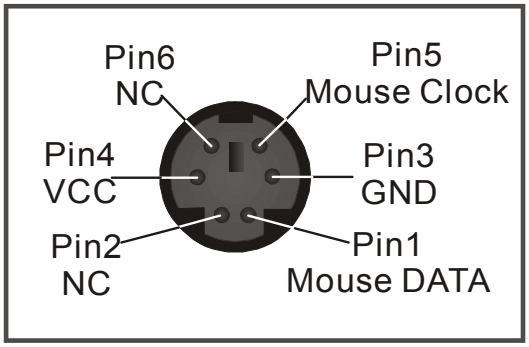
3. PS/2 Keyboard

Plug the keyboard jack directly into the 6-pin female PS/2 keyboard connector located at the rear panel of the motherboard.



4. PS/2 Mouse

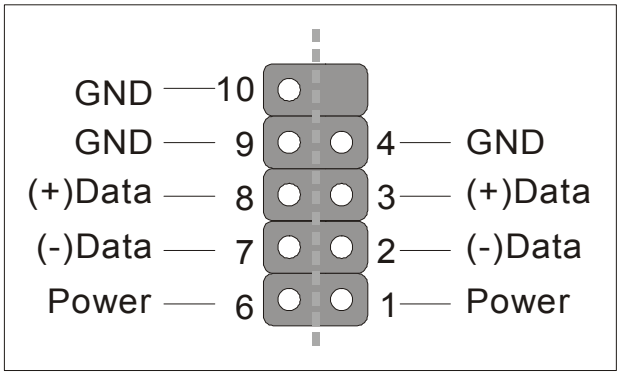
Similarly, plug the mouse jack directly into the 6-pin female PS/2 mouse connector.



5. Universal Serial Bus (USB1/USB2, USB20_1/USB20_2)

This motherboard provides 6 USB ports for your additional devices. Plug the USB device jack into the available USB connector USB1 or USB2.

USB20_1 and USB20_2 are available. To make use of these USB ports, purchase a USB cable from your dealer. The lay-out of USB20_1, USB20_2 are as follows:



USB1, USB2, USB20_1 and USB20_2 supports USB 2.0 devices.

6. Onboard Game port/audio

This motherboard provides Joystick port and audio.

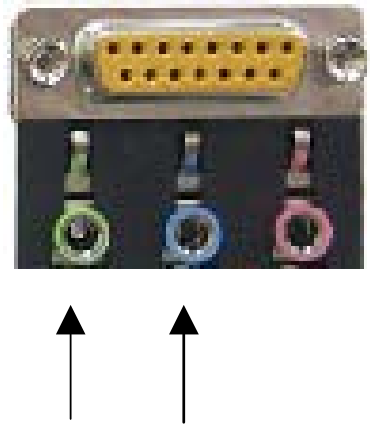
- Attach the joystick cable to the 15-pin GAME port at the rear panel of you motherboard.
- This motherboard features three built-in audio-stereo ports (labeled line-out, line-in, and mic jack) convenient to directly plug-in all your external audio devices.

2-channel Speaker System

When using 2-channel speaker, connect the speaker cable to line-out.

4-channel Speaker System

If you're using 4-channel speaker, connect the front L/R speakers to line-out and rear L/R speakers to Line-in, make sure to set the audio software for 4-channel speaker system.



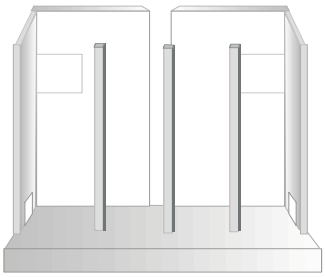
5.1-channel Speaker System

To use a surround or 5.1 channel speaker, please purchase a SPDIF audio connector card (check page 33 for more information).

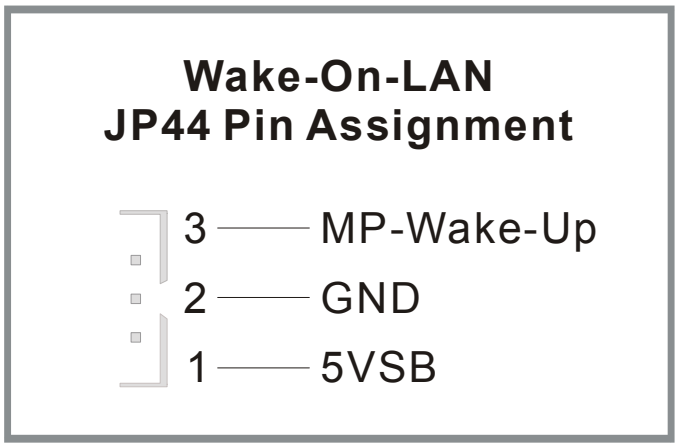
E. Other Connections

1. Wake-On-LAN (WOL)

Attach the 3-pin connector from the LAN card that supports the Wake-On-LAN (WOL) function to the JP44 header on the motherboard. This WOL function lets users wake up the connected computer through the LAN card.

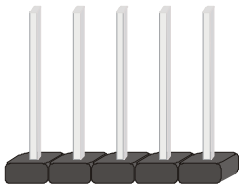


Please install according to the following pin assignment:



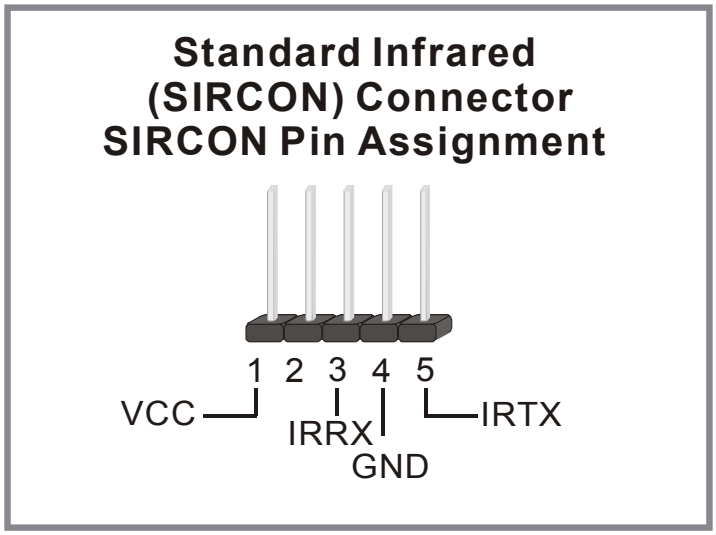
2. Standard Infrared (SIRCON)

Plug the 5-pin infrared device cable to the SIRCON header.

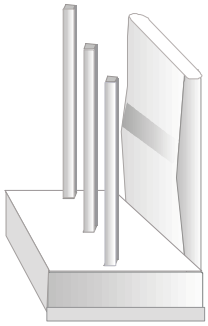


This will enable the infrared transfer function. This motherboard meets both the ASKIR and HPSIR specifications.

Please install according to the following pin assignment:



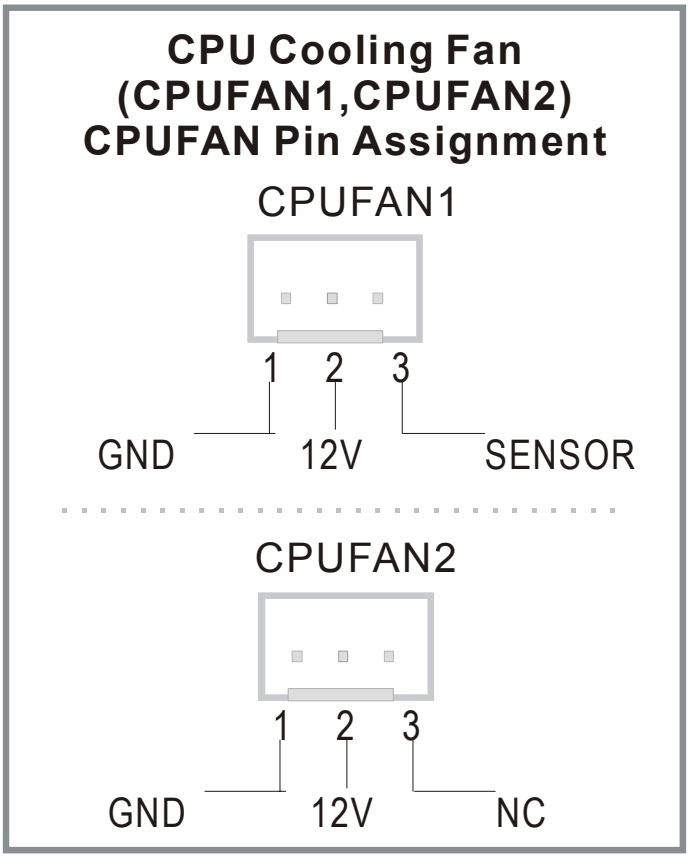
3. Cooling Fan Installation



(1) CPU Cooling Fan (CPUFAN1,CPUFAN2)

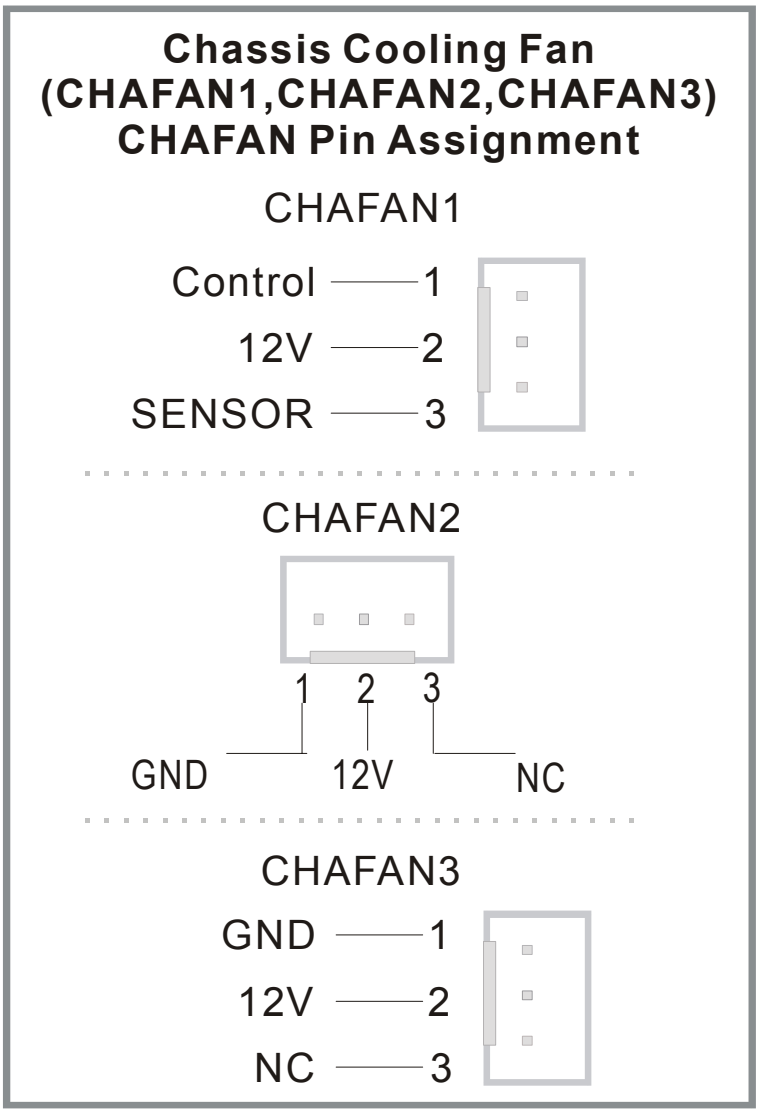
After you have seated the CPU properly on the processor, attach the 3-pin fan cable to the CPUFAN connector on the motherboard. The fan will stop when the system enters into Suspend Mode. (Suspend mode can be enabled from the BIOS Setup Utility, [POWER MANAGEMENT] menu.)

To avoid any damage to the system, install according to the following pin assignment:



(2) Chassis Cooling Fan (CHAFAN1,CHAFAN2,CHAFAN3)

Some chassis also feature a cooling fan. This motherboard features a CHAFAN connector to provide 12V power to the chassis fan. Connect the cable from the chassis fan to the CHAFAN 3-pin connector. Install according to the following pin assignment:

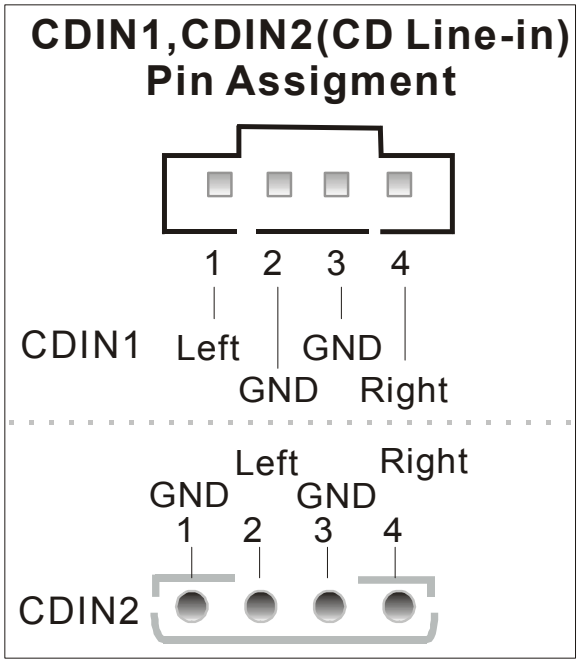


Note: CPUFAN must be installed on this motherboard, while CHAFAN is optional.

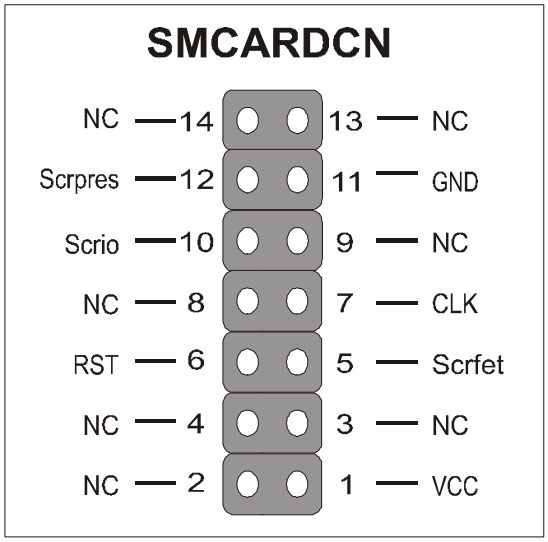
4. CD Line-in (CDIN1,CDIN2)

This motherboard provides two CD-Line in connectors. Please connect the 4-pin audio cable from your CD-ROM drive to either CDIN1 or CDIN2. (It fits in only one, depending on the cable that came with your CD-ROM drive)

Please install according to the following pin assignment:



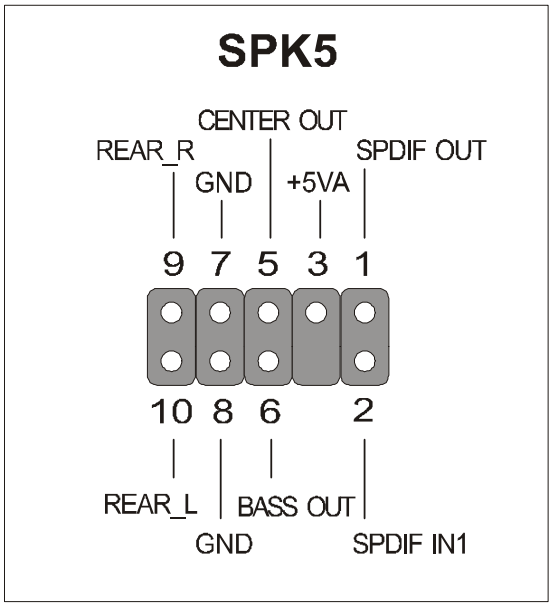
5. Smart Card Reader

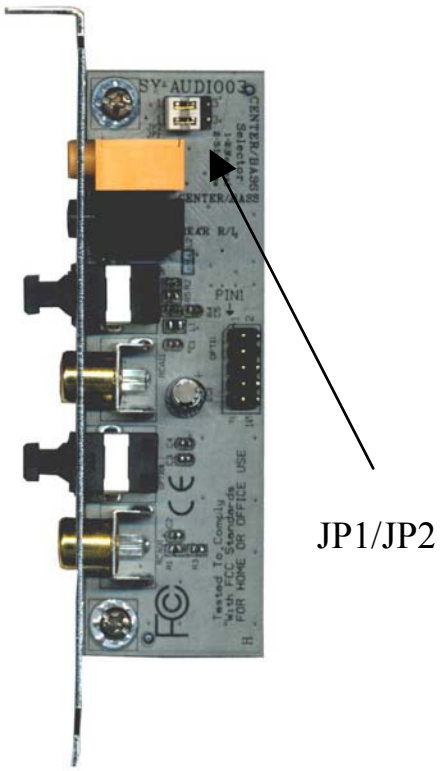


6. SPK5 (optional)

Connect one end of the Audio flat cable to SPK5 connector in the motherboard, and the other end to the SPDIF audio card connector. This card is optional, Please check with your dealer if this card is included.

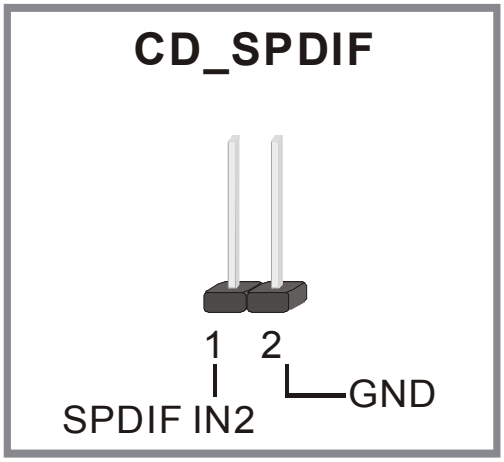
Please refer to Appendix B for more information on AUDIO function.



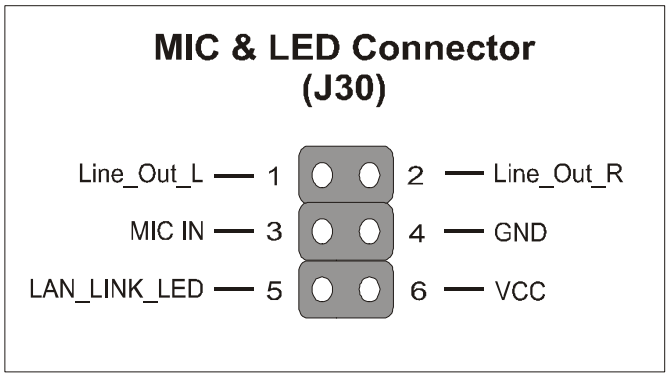


Note: Some 5.1 speaker have different center/base assignment. Please use the C-media Multi-Channel Audio demo software to check if sounds coming from the center/base speaker are correct. If not, short pin 2-3 of JP1 and JP2.

7. CD_SPDIF



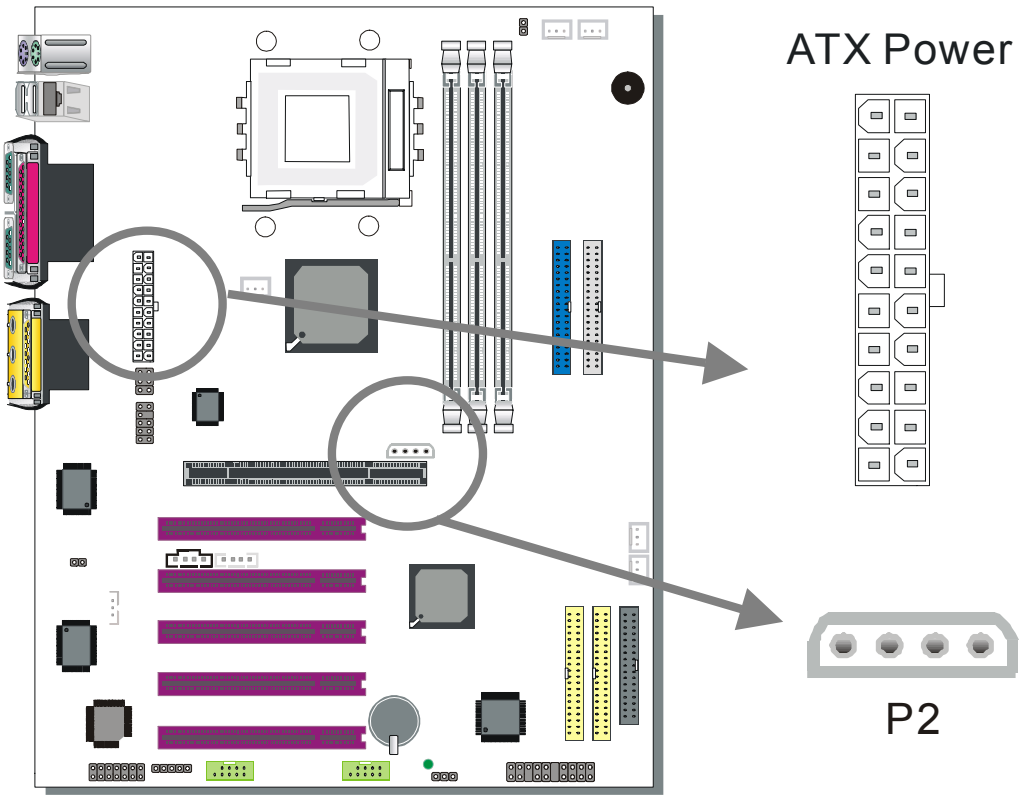
8. MIC & LED Connector (J30)



You can connect the Line-out /MIC in/LAN LED to the front panel of your PC case. (If this option is available in your PC case.)

F. ATX Power Supply

Plug the connector from the power directly into the 20-pin male ATX PW connector on the motherboard, as shown in the following figure.

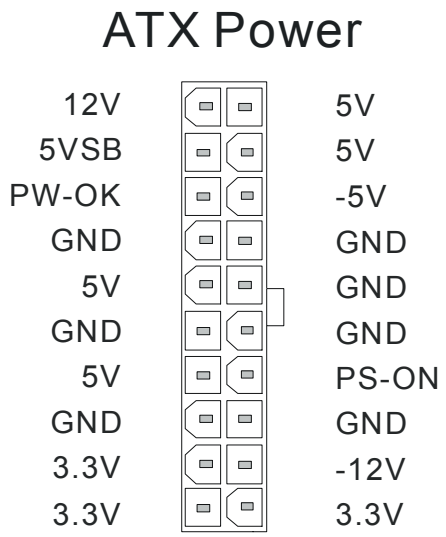


Warning: Follow these precautions to preserve your motherboard from any remnant currents when connecting to ATX power supply: **Turn off the power supply and unplug the power cord of the ATX power supply before connecting to ATX PW connector.**

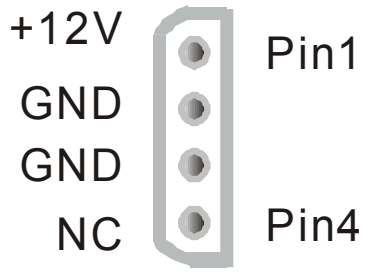
The KT400 DRAGON Ultra requires a power supply that is approved by AMD. We recommend using an AMD approved power supply of at least 350W. Go to www.amd.com for more info on approved power supply. Make sure the ATX power supply can take at least 720 mA * load on the 5V Standby lead (5VSB) to meet the standard ATX specification.

*** Note:** If you use the Wake-On-LAN (WOL`) function, make sure the ATX power supply can support at least 720 mA on the 5V Standby lead (5VSB).

Please install the ATX power according to the following pin assignment:



➢ **Pay special care to the directionality.**



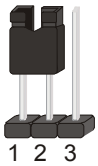
P2

P2 is for AGP PRO use only.

G. CMOS Clear (JP5)

In some cases the CMOS memory may contain wrong data, follow the steps below to clear the CMOS memory.

1. Clear the CMOS memory by momentarily shorting pin 2-3 on jumper JP5. This jumper can be easily identified by its white cap.
2. Put the jumper back to 1-2 to allow writing of new data into the CMOS memory.

CMOS Clearing	Clear CMOS Data	Retain CMOS Data
JP5 Setting	Short pin 2-3 for at least 5 seconds to clear the CMOS	Short pin 1-2 to retain new settings 
Note: You must unplug the ATX power cable from the ATX power connector when performing the CMOS Clear operation.		

Step 5 Power On

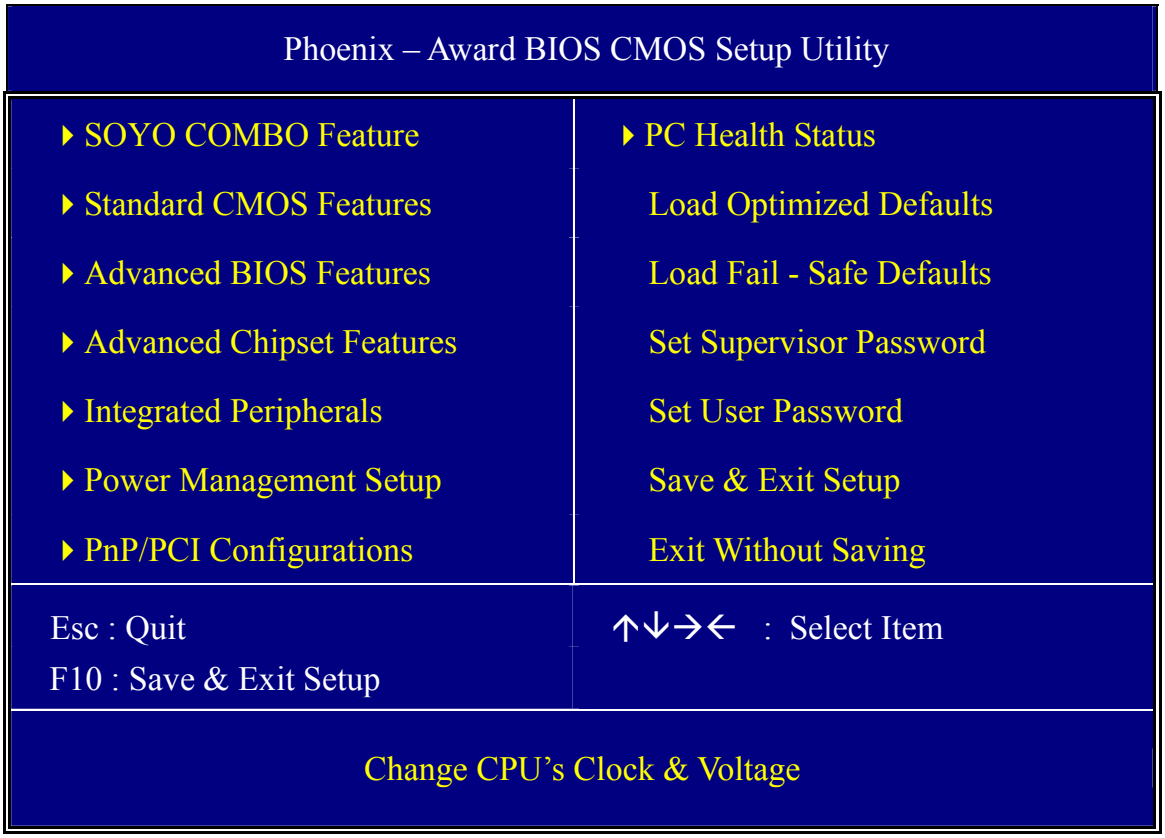
You have now completed the hardware installation of your KT400 DRAGON Ultra successfully.

1. Turn the power on.
2. It takes awhile to boot-up to the system. You will hear 3 beeps before seeing a display on the screen.
3. To enter the BIOS Setup Utility, press the <DEL> key while the system is performing the diagnostic checks

Note: If you have failed to enter the BIOS, wait until the boot up sequence is completed. Then push the RESET button and press <DEL> key again at the beginning of boot-up, during diagnostic checks.

Repeat this operation until you get the following screen.

4. The BIOS Setup screen appears:



2-3 QUICK BIOS SETUP

This motherboard does not use any hardware jumpers to set the CPU frequency. Instead, CPU settings are software configurable with the BIOS **[SOYO COMBO FEATURE].** The [SOYO COMBO FEATURE] combines the main parameters that you need to configure, all in one menu, for a quick setup in BIOS.

After the hardware installation is completed, turn the power switch on, then press the **<DEL>** key during the system diagnostic checks to enter the Award BIOS Setup program. The CMOS SETUP UTILITY will be shown on the screen. Follow these steps to configure the CPU settings.

Standard User Setting

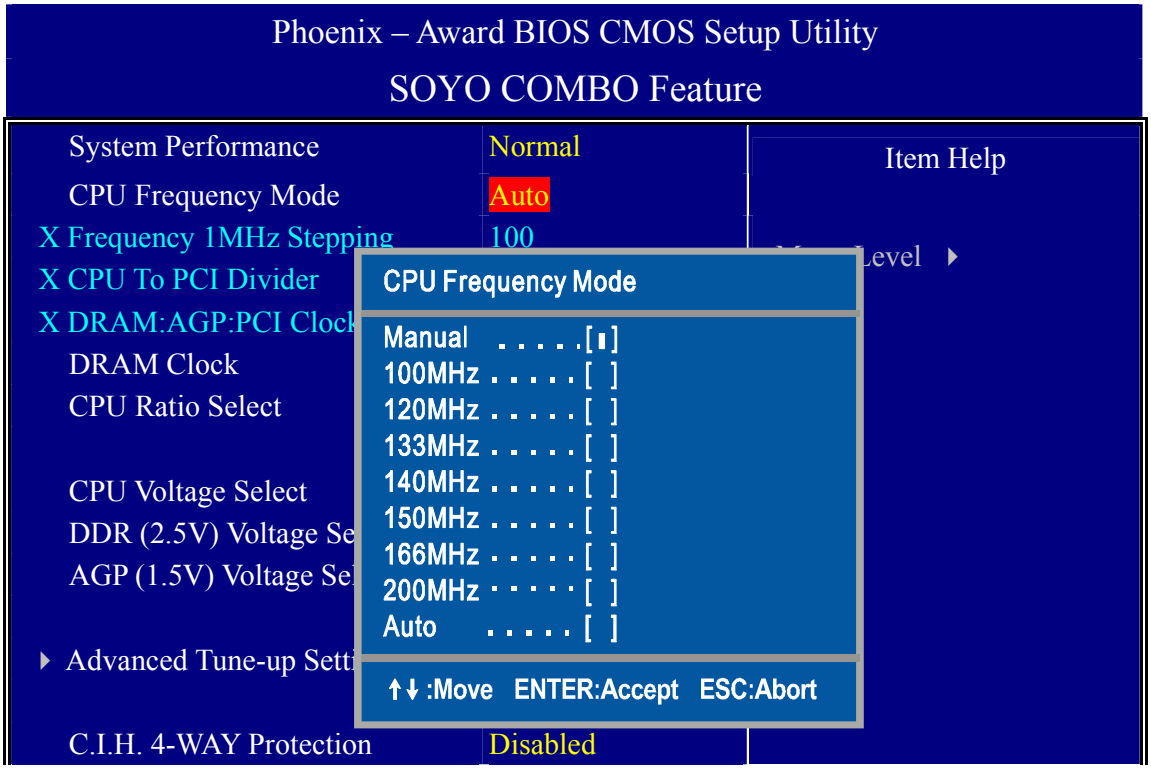
For a standard User, the best way to configure the BIOS settings is to choose "Load Optimized setup default". This will set the BIOS to the optimized settings. The CPU and Memory will be set automatically.

Advanced User settings

The default setting in the SOYO Combo setup is set to "AUTO". It can be changed to "Manual" for advance User to have better control of the BIOS. If "Manual" option is selected, there are few rules that have to be following. Incorrect setting will either overclock or underclock the components and thus shorten the live of the components.

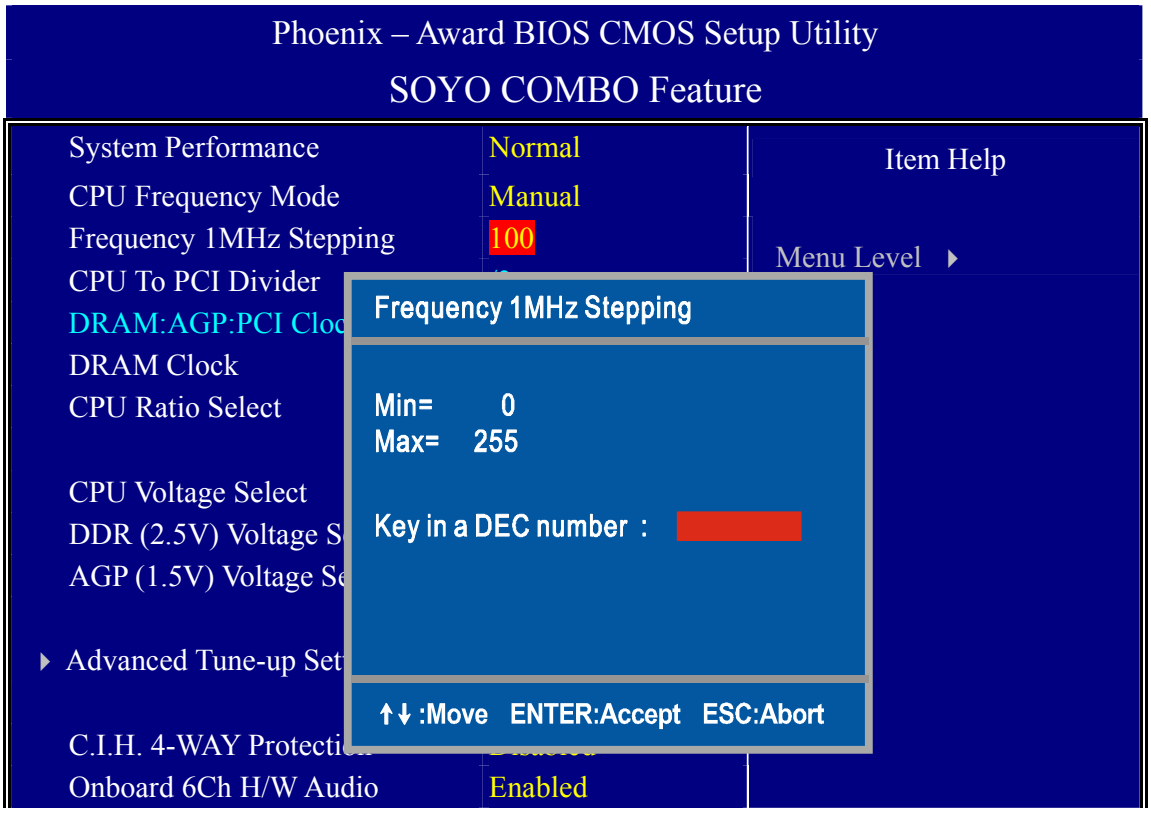
Selecting "CPU Frequency Mode" to "AUTO/Manual".

To set the "CPU frequency Mode" to "Manual", highlight the option using up and down key. Press 'Enter' and a pop up manual will show the desire settings. Move the 'up' or 'down' arrow key to set "Manual", then hit 'enter'. The CPU frequency mode is now set to "Manual" setting, which means you can change the frequency of the CPU from the actual frequency. (Refer to picture)



Manually set CPU frequency.

Once the "CPU Frequency Mode" is set to "Manual", the CPU FSB (Front side Bus speed) can be changed from the range of 0~255MHz. Of course not all the setting will work for your CPU. For Current AMD Athlon XP, the standard rated FSB is either 100 MHz or 133MHz. By changing your CPU FSB to a higher speed other than it is rated is called 'overclock'. The maximum speed your CPU can be overclocked is depended on your components. This can be determine by gradually increase your CPU FSB until it started to lock your system up. To change the CPU Frequency, highlight the "Frequency 1MHz Stepping" and a pop up screen will show. You can key in the frequency your CPU can run follow by the 'Enter' key.



Overclocking a CPU is at your own risk. It may permanently damage your CPU and void your warranty.

Changing "CPU to PCI Divider".

Once the frequency of the CPU is changed, the next (most important) thing to do is to change the "CPU to PCI Divider". The purpose of the divider is to allow the PCI bus to run at the standard "33MHz" or close to the standard PCI bus speed. Here is the table to show the recommended divider to pick associate with the frequency.

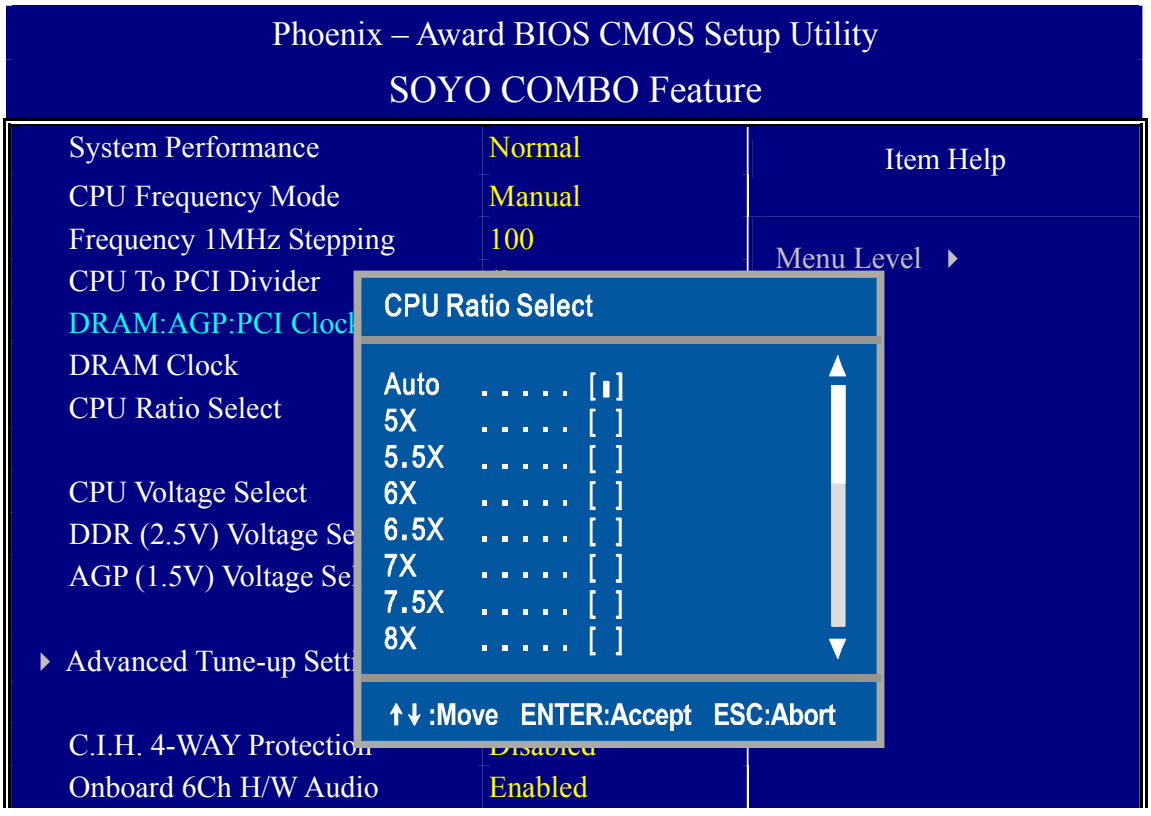
CPU/PCI Divider Table

CPU FSB (MHz)	100~119	120~133	134~149	150~166	161~200	200~255
CPU/PCI divider	3	4	4	5	5	6
PCI BUS (MHz)	33 ~ 40	30 ~ 33	33 ~ 37.5	30 ~ 33	33 ~ 40	33~42.5

The most safe range for the PCI bus is between 30 ~ 37.5 MHz.

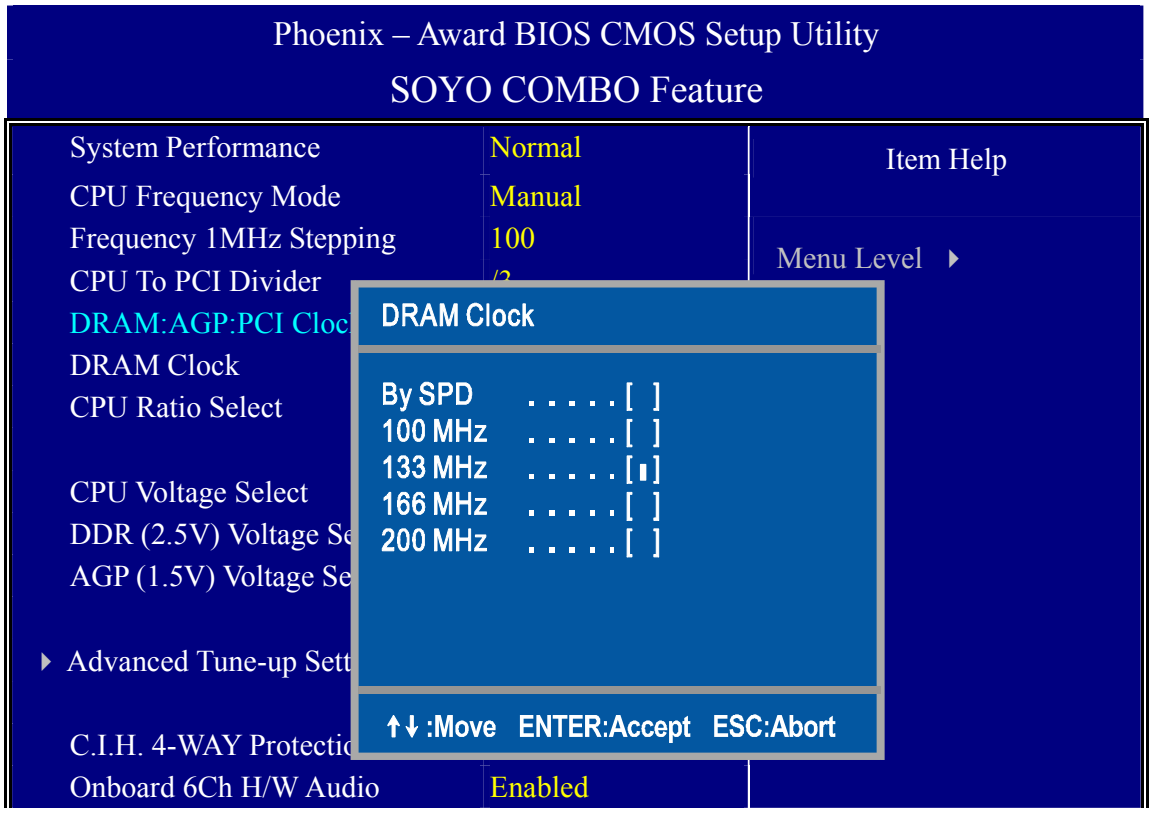
Changing "CPU ratio" (Multiplier)

The ratio (or multiplier) of the CPU can be changed depends on the CPU. Some CPUs are "unlocked", which mean the ratio can be changed through the BIOS settings. Some CPU ratio can be higher or lower than the predefined value. Other can only be set to lower than the predefined value.



DRAM clock select

DRAM clock can be set either "By SPD" (Serial Present Detect), which means the BIOS will pick up the preprogrammed module setting or User can manually pick. Bear in mind that the Dram clock can only be equal or higher than the CPU FSB setting.



Once the above settings are set, the rest of the settings are pretty much straight forward. To prevent your components from permanently damage, please refer to the manufacturer spec of the components that you used. Some components have better tolerances than the other.

Note:

BIOS can auto detect the Front Side Bus of XP and Morgan CPU. If you have a 133MHz FSB Thunderbird CPU, you need to manually set the CPU Frequency mode in the BIOS.

DDR SDRAM clock speed should not be lower than the CPU speed.

13.0x or above multiplier option in the **[CPU Ratio Select]** will only work with CPU with 13.0x or above multiplier

SOYO is not responsible for damage done in your CPU or system instability due to overclocking.

You are now ready to configure your system with the BIOS setup program. Go to ***Chapter 3: BIOS SETUP***

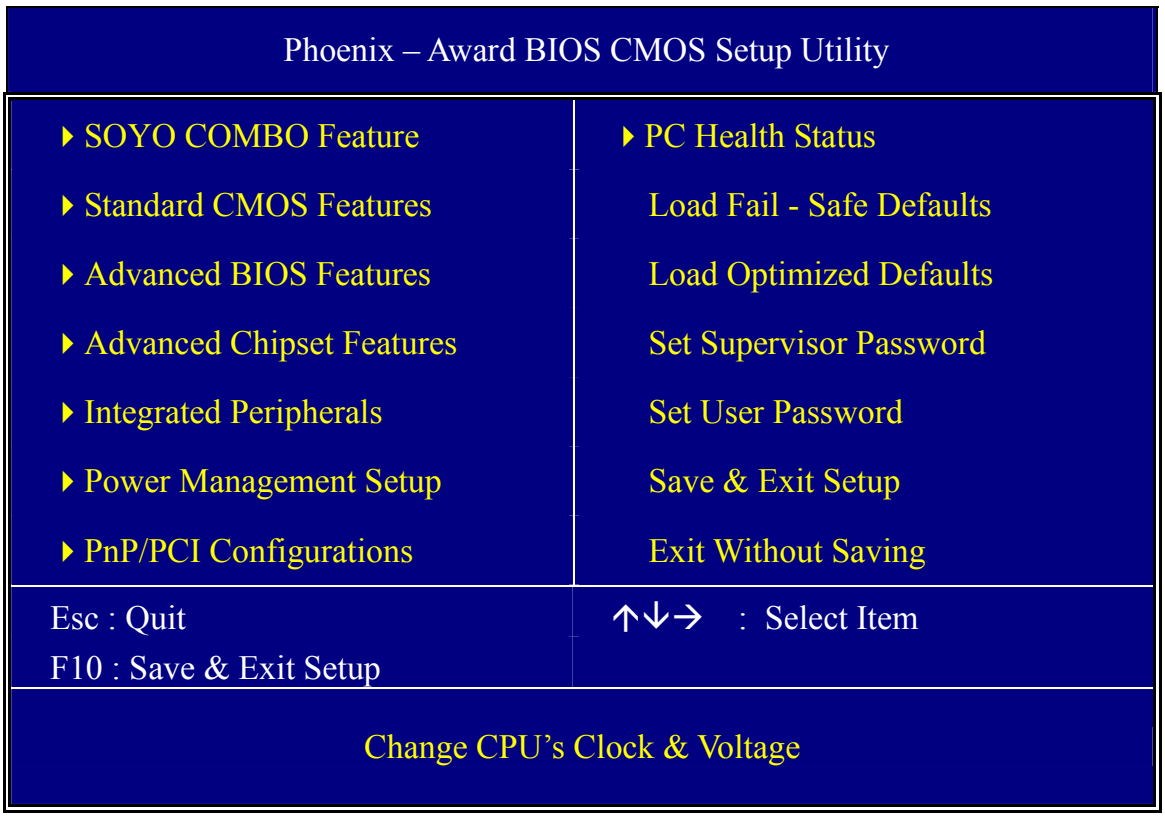
Chapter 3

BIOS SETUP UTILITY

This motherboard's BIOS setup program uses the ROM PCI BIOS program from Award Software Inc.

To enter the Award BIOS program's Main Menu:

1. Turn on or reboot the system.
2. After the diagnostic checks, press the [Del] key to enter the Award BIOS Setup Utility.



Selecting items

- Use the arrow keys to move between items and select fields.
- From the Main Menu press arrow keys to enter the selected submenu.

Modifying selected items

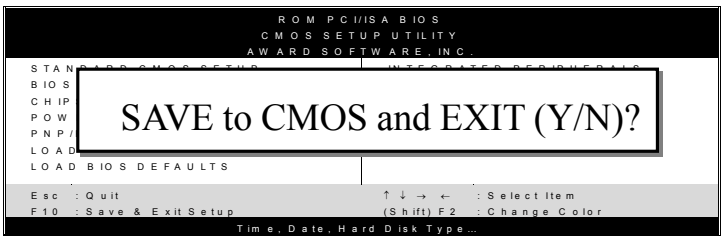
- Use the [Up]/[Down] keys to modify values within the selected fields. Some fields let you enter values directly.

Hot Keys: Function keys give you access to a group of commands throughout the BIOS utility.

Function	Command	Description
F1	General Help	Gives the list of options available for each item.
F5	Previous Values	Restore the old values. These are the values that the user started the current session with.
F6	Load Fail-Safe Defaults	Loads all items with the most conservative values.
F7	Load Optimized Defaults	Loads all options with the optimize values.
F10	Save	Saves your changes and reboots the system.
[Esc]	Exit	Returns at anytime and from any location to the Main Menu.
[Enter]	Select	Will display a overlapping window with all options for the current item.
[+/–/PU/PD]	Value	Using the +, –, Page Up and Page Down keys the user can toggle the value of the current item.

SAVE AND EXIT SETUP

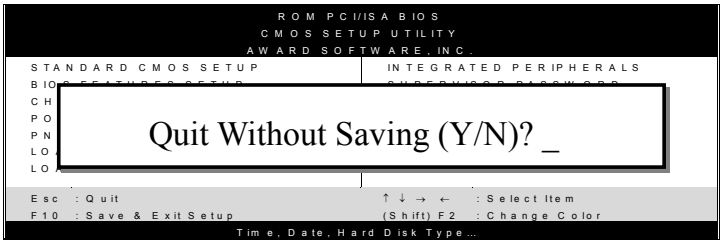
Select the [SAVE & EXIT SETUP] option from the Main Menu to save data to CMOS and exit the setup utility. This option saves all your changes and causes the system to reboot.



Type [Y] to save the changes and exit or [N] to return to the Main Menu and keep current values.

EXIT WITHOUT SAVING

Selecting the [EXIT WITHOUT SAVING] option allows you to abandon all data and exit setup, therefore ignoring all your changes.



Type [Y] to abandon changes and exit or [N] to return to the Main Menu and keep current values.

3-1 SOYO COMBO SETUP

This motherboard does not use any hardware jumpers to set the CPU frequency. Instead, CPU settings are software configurable with the BIOS **[SOYO COMBO SETUP].**

After the hardware installation is complete, turn the power switch on, then press the <DEL> key during the system diagnostic checks to enter the Award BIOS Setup program. The CMOS SETUP UTILITY will display on screen. Then, select the [SOYO COMBO SETUP] option from the main menu and press the <Enter> key.

Phoenix – Award BIOS CMOS Setup Utility

SOYO COMBO Feature

System Performance	Normal	Item Help
CPU Frequency Mode	Auto	
x Frequency 1MHz Stepping	100	Menu Level ▸
x CPU To PCI Divider	/3	
x DRAM:AGP:PCI Clock	SPD: 66: 33	
DRAM Clock	133	
CPU Ratio Select	Auto	
CPU Voltage Select	Default	
DDR (2.5V) Voltage Select	Default	
AGP (1.5V) Voltage Select	Default	
▸ Advanced Tune-up Settings	Press Enter	
C.I.H. 4-WAY Protection	Disabled	
Onboard 6Ch H/W Audio	Enabled	
Onboard IDE RAID	Enabled	
OnChip LAN	Enabled	
Quick Power On Self Test	Enabled	
First Boot Device	Floppy	
Second Boot Device	HDD-0	
Third Boot Device	LS120	
Boot Other Device	Enabled	
RAID/ATA & SCSI Boot Order	RAID/ATA, SCSI	

↑↓→ Move | Enter:Select | +/-/PU/PD:Value | F10:Save | ESC:Exit | F1:General Help

F5:Previous Values | F6:Fail-Safe Defaults | F7: Optimized Defaults

The [SOYO COMBO SETUP] menu combines the main parameters that you need to configure, all in one menu, for a quick setup in BIOS.

System Performance

	Setting	Description	Note
System Performance	Normal	Adjust your computer performance.	Default
	Fast		
	Turbo		

SOYO COMBO Feature

	Setting	Description	Note
CPU Frequency Mode	Auto	Choose the pre-defined CPU frequency setting or auto for auto CPU Freq. detects. For experienced overclocker, set the field to "Manual" to overclock the CPU Freq. by 1 MHz stepping. Don't forget to set the correct CPU to PCI divider.	Default
	Manual		
	100		
	120		
	133		
	140		
	150		
	166		
	200		
Frequency 1MHz Stepping	100 ~ 255	Press "Page Up" / "Page Down" key to Over Clock the CPU Front Side Bus in 1MHz increment or Press "Enter" key, then type the desired CPU Front Side Bus.	
CPU To PCI Divider	/3	This option determines how fast your PCI slot run at; default PCI speed is 33MHz.	Default
	/4		
	/5		
	/6		
DRAM:AGP: PCI Clock		Shows the current bus speed of DRAM/AGP and PCI	
DRAM Clock	100	This item allows you to control the DRAM speed. DRAM clock should not be lower than CPU Freq.	
	133		Default
	166		
	200		
	By SPD		

SOYO COMBO Feature (Continue)

	Setting	Description	Note
CPU Ratio Select	Auto	Allows you to select your CPU Ratio.	Default
	5.0x, 5.5x, 6.0x, 6.5x, 7.0x, 7.5x, 8.0x, 8.5x, 9.0x, 9.5x, 10.0x, 10.5x, 11.0x, 11.5x, 12.0x, 12.5x, 13.0x, 13.5x, 14.0x, 15.0x, 16.0x, 16.5x, 17.0x, 18.0x		

CPU Voltage Select

	Setting		Description	Note
CPU Voltage Select	Default		This function allow to adjust the CPU voltage.	Default
	1.475V	1.675V		
	1.500V	1.700V		
	1.525V	1.725V		
	1.550V	1.750V		
	1.575V	1.775V		
	1.600V	1.800V		
	1.625V	1.825V		
	1.650V	1.850V		

DDR Vcore Select

	Setting	Description	Note
DDR Vcore Select	Default	This function allow to adjust the DDR voltage.	Default
	2.6V		
	2.7V		
	2.8V		

AGP Voltage Adjust

	Setting	Description	Note
AGP Voltage Select	Default	This function allow to adjust the AGP voltage.	Default
	1.6V		
	1.7V		
	1.8V		

C.I.H. 4-WAY Protection Settings

	Setting	Description	Note
C.I.H. 4-WAY Protection	Disabled	When set to enabled, the BIOS can only be programmed through AWDFLASH, making sure that any virus is unable to program the system BIOS. Set to disable the BIOS can be programmed the traditional way.	Default
	Enabled		

Onboard 6Ch H/W Audio

	Setting	Description	Note
Onboard 6Ch H/W Audio	Enabled	Enabled/Disabled Onboard 6Ch H/W Audio.	Default
	Disabled		

Onboard IDE RAID

	Setting	Description	Note
Onboard IDE RAID	Enabled	Enabled/Disabled Onboard IDE RAID.	Default
	Disabled		

OnChip LAN

	Setting	Description	Note
OnChip LAN	Enabled	Enabled/Disabled Onboard LAN.	Default
	Disabled		

Quick Power On Self Test

	Setting	Description	Note
Quick Power On Self Test	Disabled		
	Enabled	Provides a fast POST at boot-up.	Default

System Boot Control Settings

	Setting	Description	Note
First /Second/Third Boot Device	Floppy	Select Your Boot Device Priority	
	LS120		
	HDD-0		
	SCSI		
	CDROM		
	HDD-1		
	HDD-2		
	HDD-3		
	ZIP100		
	USB-FDD		
	USB-ZIP		
	USB-CDROM		
	USB-HDD		
	LAN		
	Disabled		
Boot Other Device	Disabled	Select Your Boot Device Priority	
	Enabled		Default
RAID/ATA & SCSI Boot Order	RAID/ATA, SCSI	Select Your RAID/ATA & SCSI Boot Device Priority.	Default
	SCSI, RAID/ATA		

3-1.1 Advanced Tune-up Settings

Caution: Change these settings only if you are already familiar with the Chipset.

The [DRAM Clock/Drive Control] option changes the values of the chipset registers. These registers control the system options in the computer.

Phoenix – Award BIOS CMOS Setup Utility

Advanced Tune-up Settings

DRAM Timing	Manual	Item Help
DRAM CAS Latency	2.5	
Bank Interleave	Disabled	Menu Level ▸
Precharge to Active(Trp)	3T	
Active to Precharge (Tras)	6T	
Active to CMD (Trcd)	3T	
DRAM Burst Length	4	
DRAM Command Rate	2T Command	
DRAM Access Time	3T	
DRAM Queue Depth	4 Level	
DRAM tWTR	3T	
Write Recovery Time	3T	
AGP Performance	Normal	
AGP Fast Write	Disabled	

↑↓→:Move | Enter:Select | +/-/PU/PD:Value | F10:Save | ESC:Exit | F1:General Help

F5:Previous Values | F6:Fail-Safe Defaults | F7: Optimized Defaults

After you have completed the changes, press [Esc] and follow the instructions on your screen to save your settings or exit without saving.

DRAM Control

	Setting	Description	Note
DRAM Timing	By SPD	If enable the DRAM will auto detect the DRAM timing.	
	Manual		Default
DRAM CAS Latency	3	When synchronous DRAM is installed, the number of clock cycles of CAS latency depends on the DRAM timing. Do not reset this field from the default value specified by the system designer.	
	2.5		Default
	2		
	1.5		
Bank Interleave	Disabled	Increase DRAM performance.	Default
	2 Bank		
	4 Bank		
Precharge to Active(Trp)	2T	Increase DRAM performance.	
	3T		Default
Active to Precharge(Tras)	5T	Increase DRAM performance.	
	6T		Default
Active to CMD (Trcd)	2T	Increase DRAM performance.	
	3T		Default
DRAM Burst Length	4	Increase DRAM performance.	Default
	8		
DRAM Command Rate	2T Command	Increase DRAM performance.	Default
	1T Command		
DRAM Access Time	2T	Increase DRAM performance.	
	3T		Default
DRAM Queue Depth	2 Level	Increase DRAM performance.	
	4 Level		Default
	3 Level		
DRAM tWTR	1T	Increase DRAM performance.	
	3T		Default

DRAM Control (Continue)

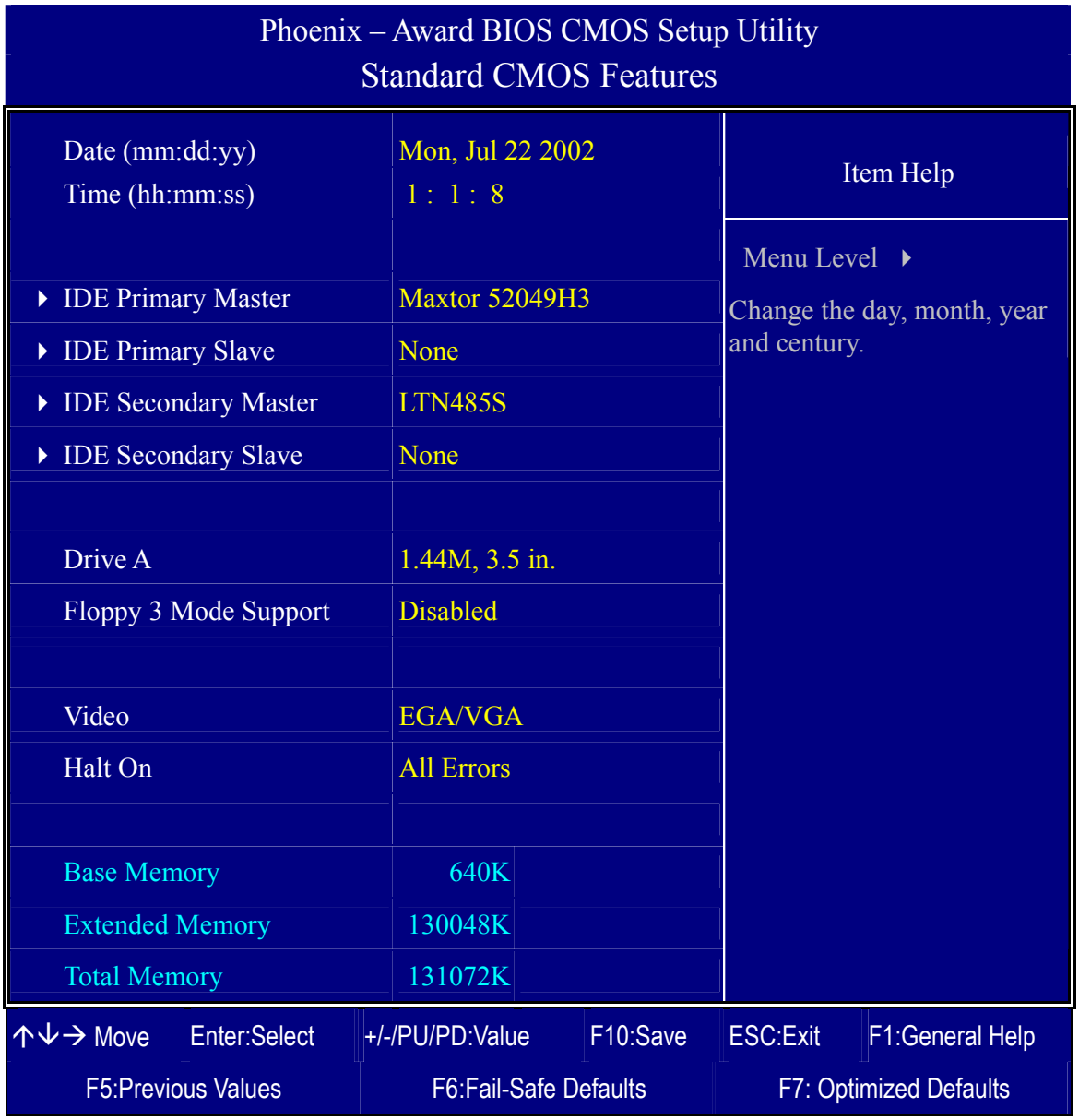
	Setting	Description	Note
Write Recovery Time	2T	Increase DRAM performance.	
	3T		Default

AGP Control

	Setting	Description	Note
AGP Performance	Normal	Increase AGP performance.	Default
	Fast		
AGP Fast Write	Disabled	The VIA chipset will use fast write to AGP if this item is enabled. Not all AGP cards support fast write.	Default
	Enabled		

3-2 STANDARD CMOS SETUP

Select the [STANDARD CMOS SETUP] option from the Main Menu and press [Enter] key.



This screen allows you to modify the basic CMOS settings.

After you have completed the changes, press [Esc] key to return to the Main Menu.

This Main Menu function automatically detects the hard disk type and configures the [Standard CMOS Features] accordingly.

Phoenix – Award BIOS CMOS Setup Utility
IDE Primary Master

IDE HDD Auto-Detection	Press Enter	Item Help
IDE Primary Master	Auto	Menu Level ▸
Access Mode	Auto	To auto-detect the HDD's size, head… on this channel
Capacity	20492 MB	
Cylinder	39704	
Head	16	
Precomp	0	
Landing Zone	39703	
Sector	63	

↑↓→:Move | Enter:Select | +/-/PU/PD:Value | F10:Save | ESC:Exit | F1:General Help
F5:Previous Values | F6:Fail-Safe Defaults | F7: Optimized Defaults

Note: This function is only valid for IDE type of hard disk drives.

Date & Time

	Display	Setting	Please Note
Date	mm/dd/yyyy	Type the current date	You can also the PUp/PDn keys to toggle
Time	hh:mm:ss	Type the current time	24-hour clock format 3:15 PM is displayed as 15:15:00

Hard Disks Type & Mode

Choose the type and mode for the hard disks that you have already installed.

	Setting	Description	Note
IDE HDD Auto-Detection	Press Enter	To auto-detect the HDD's size, head… on this channel.	
IDE Primary Slave (User Type)	Auto	BIOS detects hard disk type automatically.	Default
	Manual	User defines the type of hard disk.	
	None		
Access Mode	Auto	BIOS detects hard disk mode automatically.	Default
	CHS	Normal IDE hard disk	<528MB
	LBA	Enhanced IDE hard disk	>528MB
	Large	Large IDE hard disk (for certain hard disk)	

Note: If you have any questions on your hard disk type or mode, ask your hard disk provider or previous user for details.

Floppy Drives

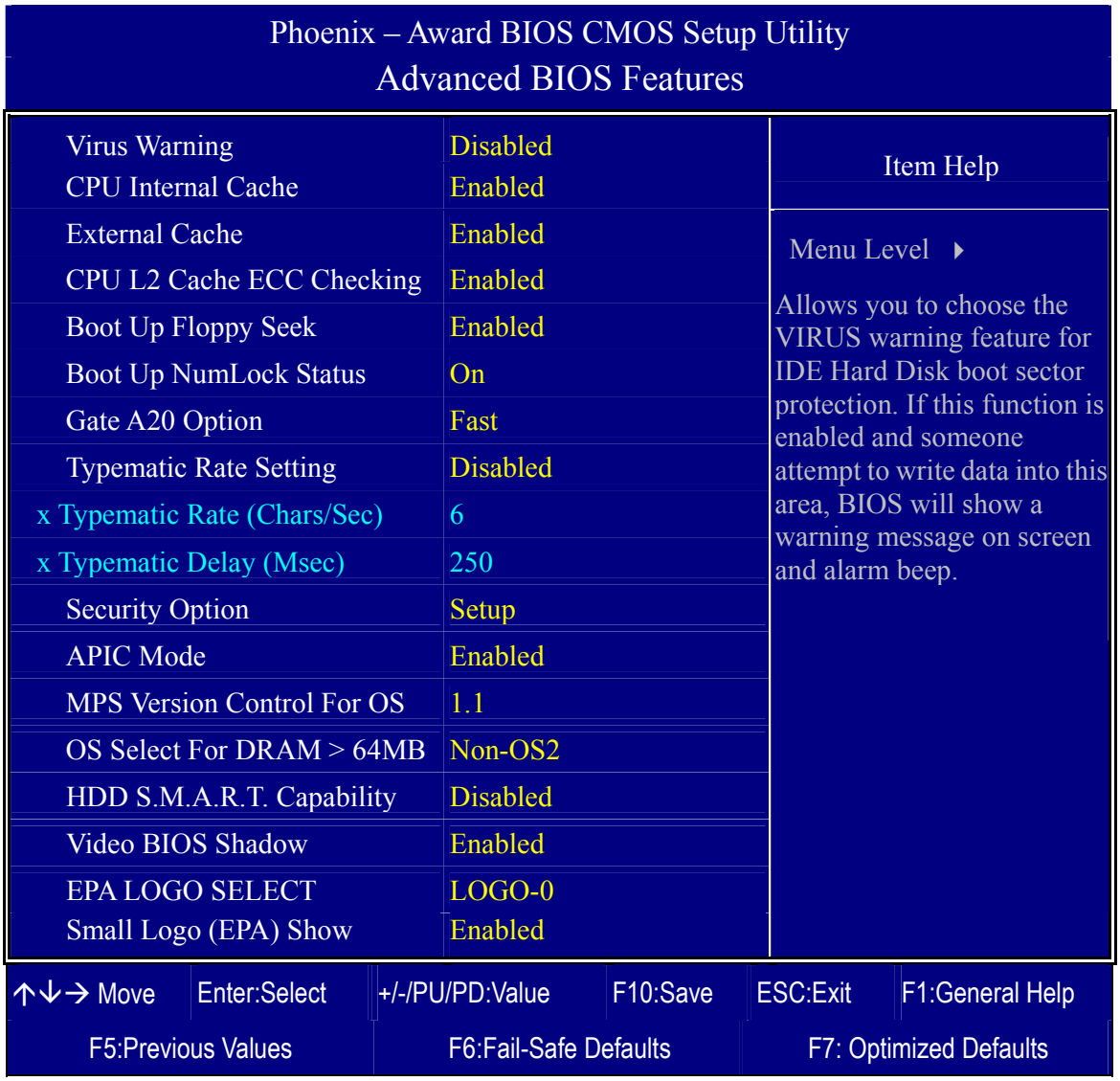
	Setting	Description	Note
Drives A	360KB, 5.25 in.		
	1.2MB, 5.25 in.		
	720KB, 3.5 in.		
	1.44MB, 3.5 in.		Default
	2.88MB, 3.5 in.		
	None	Not installed	
Floppy 3-Mode Support	Disabled		Default
	Drive A	Supports 3-mode floppy diskette: 740KB/1.2MB/ 1.44MB on selected disk drive.	Special disk drive commonly used in Japan

Others Optional

	Setting	Description	Note
Video	EGA/VGA	Select the video mode.	Default
	CGA 40		
	CGA 80		
	MONO (Monochrome)		
Halt On	ALL Errors	When the BIOS detects system errors, this function will stop the system. Select which type of error will cause the system halt.	Default
	No Errors		
	All, But Keyboard		
	All, But Diskette		
	All, But Disk/Key		

3-3 ADVANCED BIOS FEATURES

Select the [Advanced BIOS Features] option from the Main Menu and press [Enter] key.



After you have completed the changes, press [Esc] key and follow the instructions on your screen to save your settings or exit without saving.

Virus Warning

	Setting	Description	Note
Virus Warning	Disabled Enabled	If set to enabled, the Paragon Anti-Virus. Function will scan your boot drive for boot viruses. If a boot virus is detected, the BIOS will display a warning message.	Default

Cache Memory Options

	Setting	Description	Note
CPU Internal Cache	Disabled		
	Enabled	Enables the CPU's internal cache.	Default
External Cache	Disabled		
	Enabled	Enables the external memory.	Default
CPU L2 Cache ECC Checking	Disabled	Disabled/Enabled L2 cache error checking.	
	Enabled		Default

Boot Up Floppy Seek

	Setting	Description	Note
Boot Up Floppy Seek	Disabled	Seeks disk drives during boot up. Disabling speeds boot up.	
	Enabled		Default

Boot Up NumLock Status

	Setting	Description	Note
Boot Up NumLock Status	On	Puts numeric keypad in NumLock mode at boot-up.	Default
	Off	Puts numeric keypad in arrow key mode at boot-up.	

Gate A20 Options

	Setting	Description	Note
Gate A20 Options	Normal	Lets chipset control GateA20.	
	Fast	A pin in the keyboard controller controls GateA20.	Default

Typematic Settings

	Setting	Description	Note
Typematic Rate Setting	Disabled	Keystrokes repeat at a rate determined by the keyboard.	Default
	Enabled	When enabled, the typematic rate and typematic delay can be selected.	
The following [Typematic Rate] and [Typematic Delay] fields are active only if [Typematic Rate Setting] is set to [Enabled]			
Typematic Rate	6 (Char/sec)	Choose the rate at which a character is repeated when holding down a key.	Default
	8 (Char/sec)		
	10 (Char/sec)		
	12 (Char/sec)		
	15 (Char/sec)		
	20 (Char/sec)		
	24 (Char/sec)		
	30 (Char/sec)		
Typematic Delay	250 (msec)	Choose how long after you press a key down the character begins repeating.	Default
	500 (msec)		
	750 (msec)		
	1000 (msec)		

Security Option

Use this feature to prevent unauthorized system boot-up or use of BIOS Setup. The following table describes the security settings.

	Setting	Description	Note
Security Option	System	Each time the system is booted, the password prompt appears.	
	Setup	If a password is set, the password prompt only appears when you attempt to enter the BIOS Setup program.	Default

Other Control Options

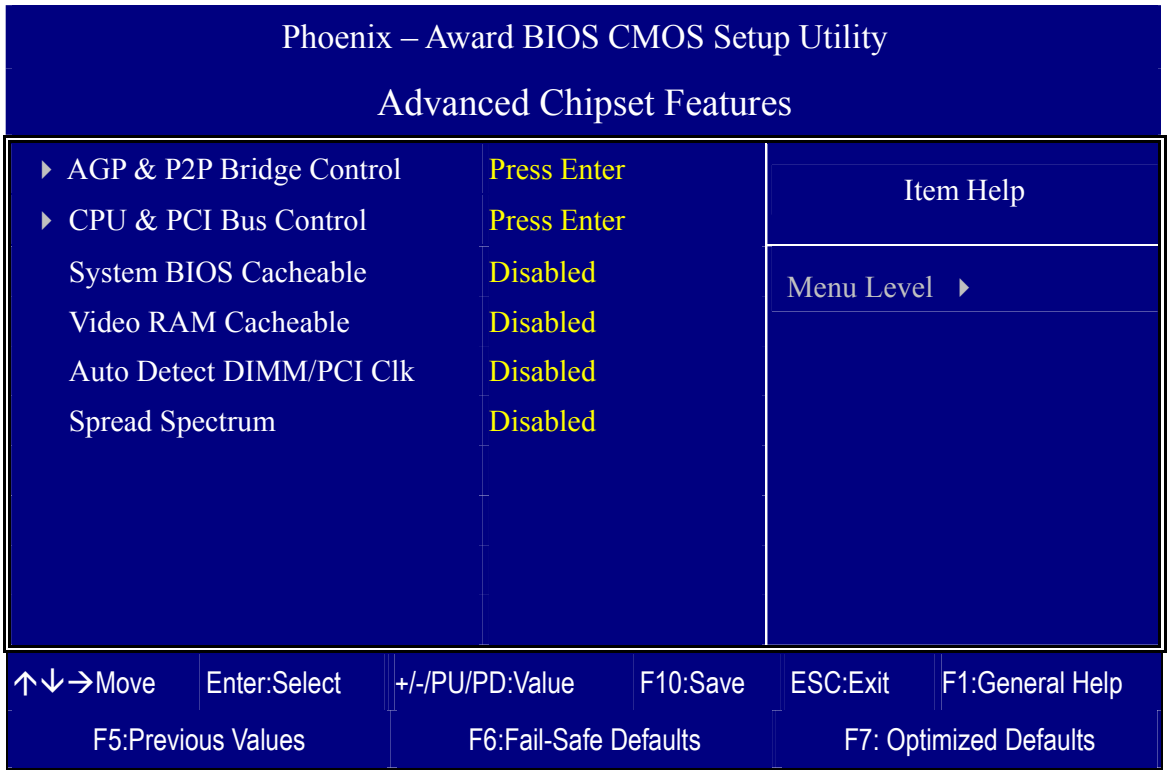
	Setting	Description	Note
APIC Mode	Disabled	Disabled/Enabled advanced programmable interrupt controller (APIC) mode.	
	Enabled		Default
MPS Version Control For OS	1.1	Allows you to choose the multi processor specification (MPS) version.	Default
	1.4		
OS Select for DRAM>64MB	OS2	When using an OS2 operating system.	
	Non-OS2	When using another, non-OS2 operating system.	Default
HDD S.M.A.R.T Capability	Disabled	Enable this field when your HDD supports the S.M.A.R.T. function. Consult your HDD provider for details.	Default
	Enabled		
Video BIOS Shadow	Disabled		
	Enabled	The BIOS is shadowed in a 16K segment if it is enabled and if it has BIOS present. These 16 segments can be shadowed from ROM to RAM. BIOS shadow copies BIOS code from slower ROM to faster RAM. BIOS can then execute from RAM.	Default
EPA LOGO SELECT	LOGO-0	Allows user to display SOYO logo or own logo. Logo-0 Shows SOYO logo. Logo-1 Shows user logo (Default Blank).	Default
	LOGO-1		
Small Logo(EPA) Show	Disabled	Set Enabled to Show Logo (EPA).	
	Enabled		Default

3-4 ADVANCED CHIPSET FEATURES

Select the [Advanced Chipset Features] option from the Main Menu and press [Enter] key.

Caution: Change these settings only if you are already familiar with the Chipset.

The [Advanced Chipset Features] option changes the values of the chipset registers. These registers control the system options in the computer.



After you have completed the changes, press [Esc] and follow the instructions on your screen to save your settings or exit without saving.

The following table describes each field in the Advanced Chipset Features Menu and how to configure each parameter.

CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP

	Setting	Description	Note
System BIOS Cacheable	Disabled		Default
	Enabled	The ROM area F0000H-FFFFFH is cacheable.	

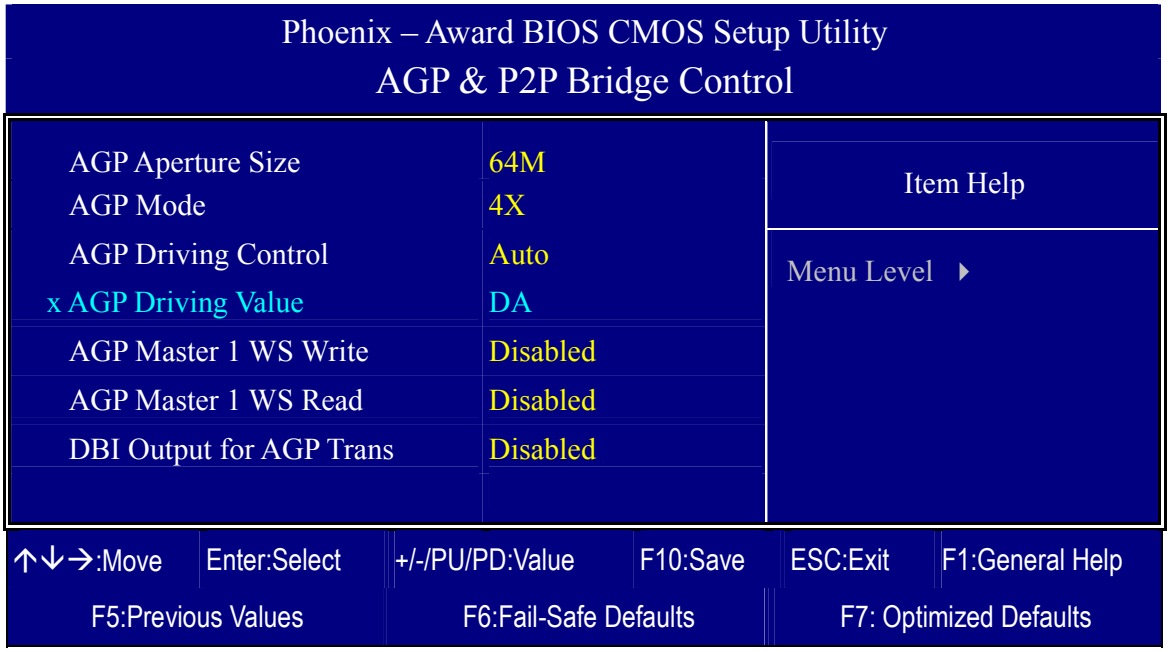
CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP (Continue)

	Setting	Description	Note
Video RAM Cacheable	Disabled Enabled	When synchronous DRAM is installed, the number of clock cycles of CAS latency depends on the DRAM timing. Do not reset this field from the default value specified by the system designer	Default
Auto Detect DIMM/PCI Clk	Disabled Enabled	When enabled, this item will auto detect if the DIMM and PCI socket have devices and will send clock signal to DIMM and PCI devices. When disabled, it will send the clock signal to all DIMM and PCI socket.	Default
Spread Spectrum	Disabled Enabled	This item allows you to Disabled / Enabled the spread spectrum modulates.	Default

3-4.1 AGP & P2P Bridge Control

Caution: Change these settings only if you are already familiar with the Chipset.

The [AGP & P2P Bridge Control] option changes the values of the chipset registers. These registers control the system options in the computer.



After you have completed the changes, press [Esc] and follow the instructions on your screen to save your settings or exit without saving.

AGP & P2P Bridge Control

	Setting	Description	Note
AGP Aperture Size	64M	Select the size of Accelerated Graphics Port (AGP) aperture. The aperture is a portion of the PCI memory address range dedicated for graphics memory address space. Host cycles that hit the aperture range are forwarded to the AGP without any translation.	Default
	32M		
	128M		
	256M		
AGP Mode	1X	This item allows you to enable / disable the AGP-4X Mode.	
	2X		
	4X		Default

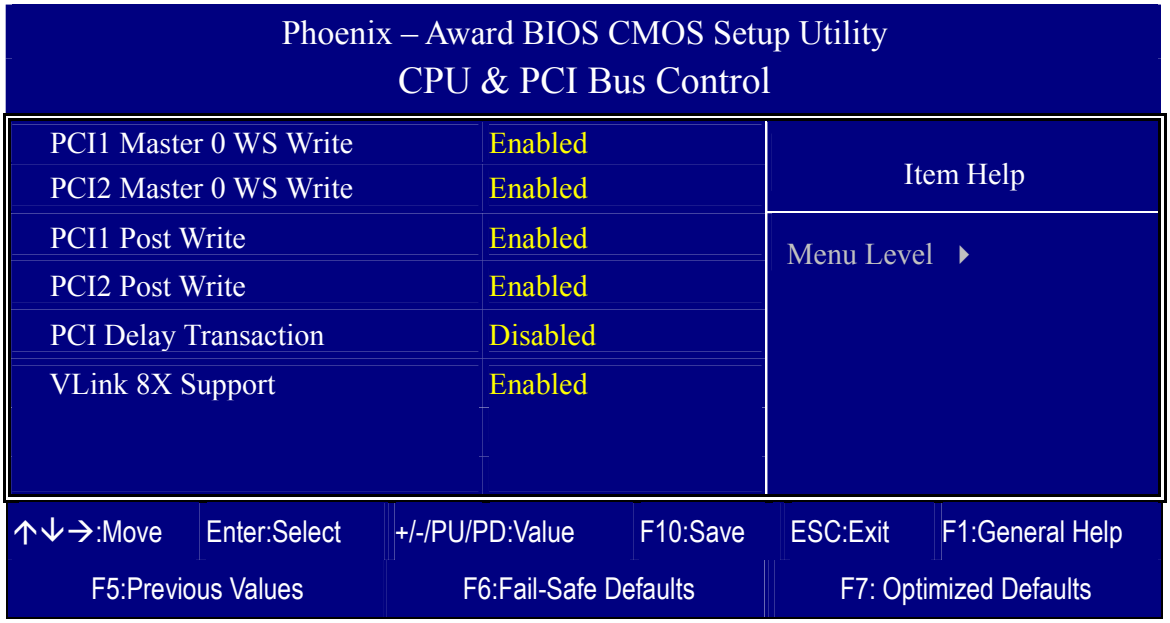
AGP & P2P Bridge Control (Continue)

	Setting	Description	Note
AGP Driving Control	Auto	This item allows you to adjust the AGP driving force. Choose *Manual* to key in a AGP Driving Value in the next selection. This field is recommended to set in Auto for avoiding any error in your system.	Default
	Manual		
AGP Driving Value	Min=0000 ~ Max=00FF	This item allows you to adjust the AGP driving force.	
AGP Master 1 WS Write	Disabled		Default
	Enabled	When *Enabled,* writes to the AGP(Accelerated Graphics Port) are executed with one wait states.	
AGP Master 1 WS Read	Disabled		Default
	Enabled	When *Enabled,* read to the AGP (Accelerated Graphics Port) are executed with one wait states.	
DBI Output for AGP Trans	Disabled	This option will appear if 8X AGP Card is used.	Default
	Enabled		

3-4.2 CPU & PCI Bus Control

Caution: Change these settings only if you are already familiar with the Chipset.

The [CPU & PCI Bus Control] option changes the values of the chipset registers. These registers control the system options in the computer.



After you have completed the changes, press [Esc] and follow the instructions on your screen to save your settings or exit without saving.

CPU & PCI Bus Control

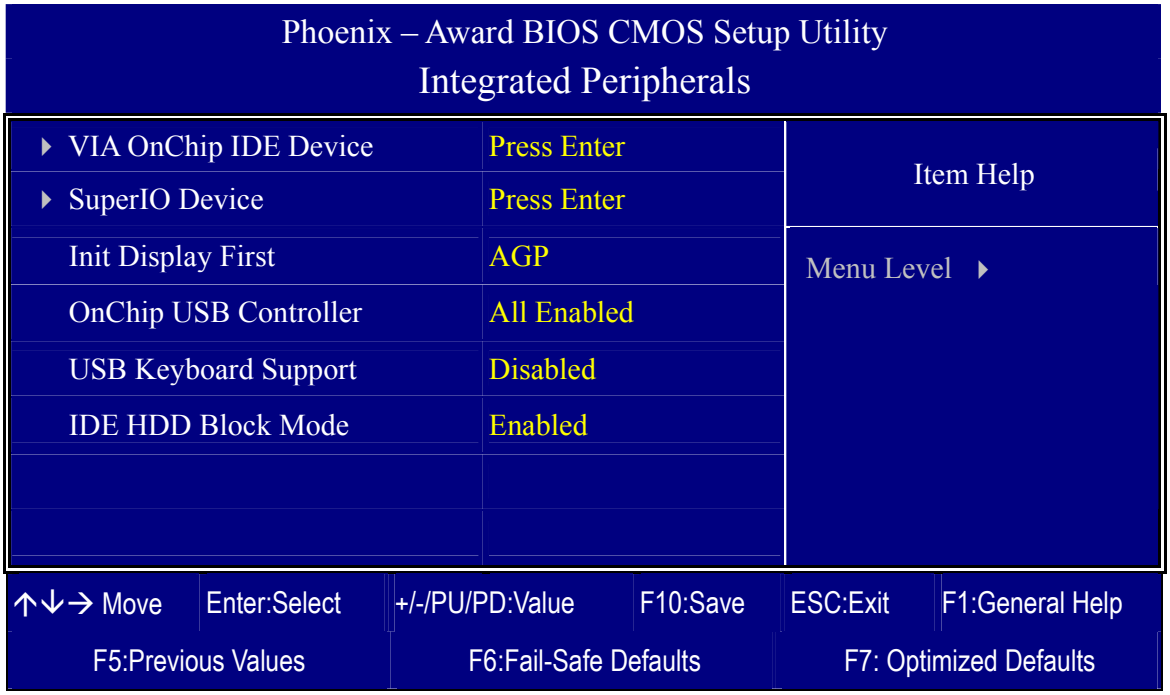
	Setting	Description	Note
PCI1/2 Master 0 WS Write	Disabled		
	Enabled	When *Enabled,* writes to the PCI bus are executed with zero wait states.	Default
PCI1/2 Post Write	Disabled	This item allows you to enabled/disabled the PCI post write.	
	Enabled		Default
PCI Delay Transaction	Disabled	The chipset has an embedded 32-bit posted write buffer to support delay transactions cycles. Select *Enabled* to support compliance with PCI specification version 2.1.	Default
	Enabled		
VLink 8X Support	Disabled	Increase system performance.	
	Enabled		Default

3-5 INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS

Select the [Integrated Peripherals] option from the Main Menu and press [Enter] key.

Caution: Change these settings only if you are already familiar with the Chipset.

The [INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS] option changes the values of the chipset registers. These registers control the system options in the computer. The following screen shows setup default settings.



After you have completed the changes, press [Esc] and follow the instructions on your screen to save your settings or exit without saving.

INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS

	Setting	Description	Note
Init Display First	PCI Slot	Choose which card – AGP Display card or PCI VGA card – to initialize first.	
	AGP		Default

INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS (Continue)

	Setting	Description	Note
OnChip USB Controller	All Disabled	This should be enabled if your system has a USB installed on the system board and you want to use it. Even when so equipped, if you add a higher performance controller, you will need to disable this feature.	
	All Enabled		Default
USB Keyboard Support	Disabled	Select *Enabled* if your system contains a Universal Serial Bus (USB) controller and you have a USB keyboard.	Default
	Enabled		
IDE HDD Block Mode	Disabled	Invokes multi-sector transfer instead of one sector per transfer. Not all HDDs support this function.	
	Enabled		Default

3-5.1 VIA OnChip IDE Device

Caution: Change these settings only if you are already familiar with the Chipset.

The [VIA OnChip IDE Device] option changes the values of the chipset registers. These registers control the system options in the computer.

The following screen shows setup default settings.

Phoenix – Award BIOS CMOS Setup Utility
VIA OnChip IDE Device

OnChip IDE Channel0		Enabled	Item Help
OnChip IDE Channel1		Enabled	
IDE Prefetch Mode		Enabled	Menu Level ▸
Primary Master	PIO	Auto	
Primary Slave	PIO	Auto	
Secondary Master	PIO	Auto	
Secondary Slave	PIO	Auto	
Primary Master	UDMA	Auto	
Primary Slave	UDMA	Auto	
Secondary Master	UDMA	Auto	
Secondary Slave	UDMA	Auto	

↑↓→:Move | Enter:Select | +/-/PU/PD:Value | F10:Save | ESC:Exit | F1:General Help
F5:Previous Values | F6:Fail-Safe Defaults | F7: Optimized Defaults

After you have completed the changes, press [Esc] and follow the instructions on your screen to save your settings or exit without saving.

VIA OnChip IDE Device

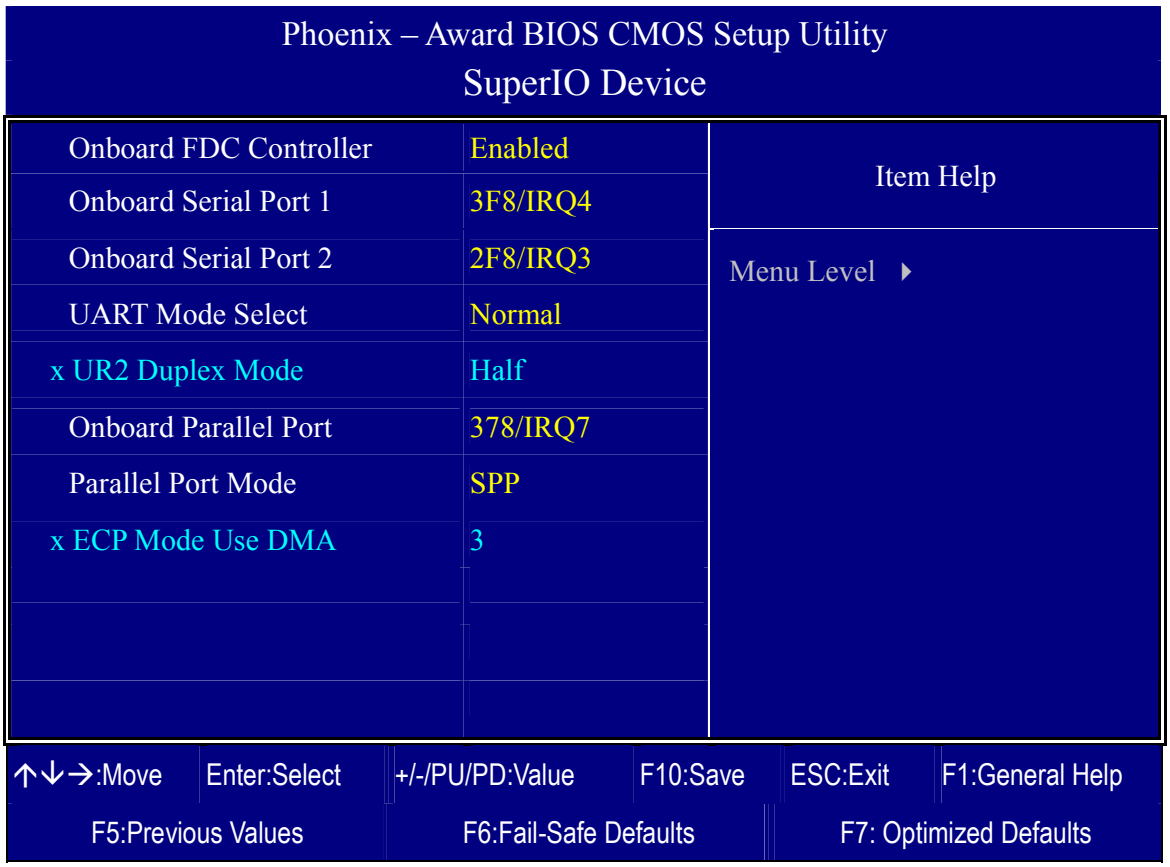
	Setting	Description	Note
On-Chip IDEChannel 0 /IDE Channel 1 ➢ **Primary** ➢ **Secondary**	Disabled	Turn off the on-board IDE	
	Enabled	Use the on-board IDE	Default
IDE ➢ **Primary Master PIO** ➢ **Primary Slave PIO** ➢ **Secondary Master PIO** ➢ **Secondary Slave PIO**	mode 0-4	0 is the slowest speed 4 is the fastest speed	
	Auto	For better performance and stability, we suggest you use the Auto setting to set the HDD control timing.	Default
IDE ➢**Primary Master UDMA** ➢**Primary Slave UDMA** ➢**Secondary Master UDMA** ➢**Secondary Slave UDMA**	Disabled		
	Auto	Select Auto to enable Ultra DMA Mode support.	Default

3-5.2 SuperIO Device

Caution: Change these settings only if you are already familiar with the Chipset.

The [SuperIO Device] option changes the values of the chipset registers. These registers control the system options in the computer.

The following screen shows setup default settings.



After you have completed the changes, press [Esc] and follow the instructions on your screen to save your settings or exit without saving.

SuperIO Device

	Setting	Description	Note
Onboard FDC controller	Disabled	Turn off the on-board floppy controller	
	Enabled	Use the on-board floppy controller	Default

SuperIO Device (Continue)

	Setting	Description	Note
Onboard Serial Port 1 / Serial Port 2	Disabled		
	3F8/IRQ4	Choose serial port 1 & 2's I/O address.	Default (port 1)
	2F8/IRQ3	Do not set port 1 & 2 to the same address except for Disabled or Auto.	Default (port 2)
	3E8/IRQ4		
	2E8/IRQ3		
	Auto		
UART Mode	IrDA	The second serial port offers these InfraRed interface modes.	
	ASKIR		
	Normal		Default
	SCR	SCR mean Smart Card Reader.	
If [UART Mode Select] is set to [IrDA]/[ASKIR]			
UR2 Duplex Mode	Half	Choose [Half] or [Duplex] to set UR2 in half duplex mode or full duplex mode respectively. Refer to your IR device specifications to select the suitable mode.	Default
	Full		
Onboard Parallel Port	Disabled	Choose the printer I/O address.	
	378/IRQ7		Default
	278/IRQ5		
	3BC/IRQ7		
Parallel Port Mode	SPP	The mode depends on your external device that connects to this port.	Default
	EPP		
	ECP		
	ECP+EPP		
If [Parallel Port Mode] is set to [ECP] or [ECP+EPP] mode			
ECP Mode use DMA	3	Choose DMA3	Default
	1	Choose DMA1	

3-6 POWER MANAGEMENT SETUP

The [POWER MANAGEMENT SETUP] sets the system's power saving functions.

Phoenix – Award BIOS CMOS Setup Utility
Power Management Setup

▸ ACPI Suspend Type	S1 (POS)	Item Help
Power Management Option	User Define	Menu Level ▸
HDD Power Down	Disable	
Suspend Mode	Disable	
Video Off Option	Suspend -> Off	
Video Off Method	V/H SYNC+Blank	
MODEM Use IRQ	3	
Soft-Off by PWRBTN	Instant-Off	
Run VGABIOS if S3 Resume	Auto	
State After Power Failure	Off	
▸ IRQ/Event Activity Detect	Press Enter	

↑↓→ Move | Enter:Select | +/-/PU/PD:Value | F10:Save | ESC:Exit | F1:General Help
F5:Previous Values | F6:Fail-Safe Defaults | F7: Optimized Defaults

Phoenix – Award BIOS CMOS Setup Utility
IRQ/Event Activity Detect

PS2KB Wakeup Select	Hot key	Item Help
PS2KB Wakeup from S1-S5	Wake	Menu Level ▸
PS2MS Wakeup from S1-S5	Enabled	
VGA	OFF	
LPT & COM	LPT/COM	
HDD & FDD	ON	
PCI Master	OFF	
PowerOn by PCI Card	Disabled	
Wake Up On LAN/Ring	Disabled	
RTC Alarm Resume	Disabled	
x Date (of Month)	0	
x Resume Time (hh:mm:ss)	0 : 0 : 0	
▸ IRQs Activity Monitoring	Press Enter	

↑↓→ Move | Enter:Select | +/-/PU/PD:Value | F10:Save | ESC:Exit | F1:General Help
F5:Previous Values | F6:Fail-Safe Defaults | F7: Optimized Defaults

After you have completed the Power Management Setup, press [Esc] to return to the Main Menu.

Power Management Controls

	Setting	Description	Note
ACPI Suspend Type	S1(POS)	The system will enter the S1 states during suspend. (Low latency wake up)	Default
	S3(STR)		
	S1&S3		
Power Management Option	User Define	Lets you define the system power down times.	Default
	Min Saving		15 Min
	Max Saving		1 Min
HDD Power Down	Disabled	Lets you define the system power down times.	Default
	1Min, 2Min, 3Min, 4Min, 5Min, 6Min, 7Min, 8Min, 9Min, 10Min, 11Min, 12Min, 13Min, 14Min, 15Min		
Suspend Mode	Disabled	Lets you define the system power down times.	Default
	1Min, 2Min, 4Min, 6Min, 8Min, 10Min, 20Min, 30Min, 40Min, 1Hour		
Video Off Option	Suspend -->Off	When enabled, this feature allows the VGA adapter to operate in a power saving mode.	Default
	Always On		
Video Off Method	V/H Sync+Blank	Selects the method by which the monitor is blanked.	Default
	Blank screen		
	DPMS Support		
MODEM Use IRQ	3	Assigns an IRQ# to the modem device.	Default
	3-11, NA		

Power Management Controls (Continue)

	Setting	Description	Note
Soft-Off by PWR-BTTN	Instant-off		Default
	Delay 4 Sec.	Turns off the system power 4 seconds after pushing the power button.	
Run VGABIOS if S3 Resume	Auto	Some OS (win xp/2k) requires to load VGA BIOS after resume from S3.	Default
	Yes		
	No		
State After Power Failure	On	The system will switch on when power comes back after a power failure.	
	Off	The system will remain off when power comes back after a power failure.	Default
	Auto	The system will return to the state it was in before the power failure when power returns. (i.e: If the system was on, it will switch on again, if it was off, it will remain off)	
IRQ/Event Activity Detect	Press Enter	Select items that will wake up your system when in one of sleep modes. Press enter to go the select item page.	

IRQ/Event Activity Detect

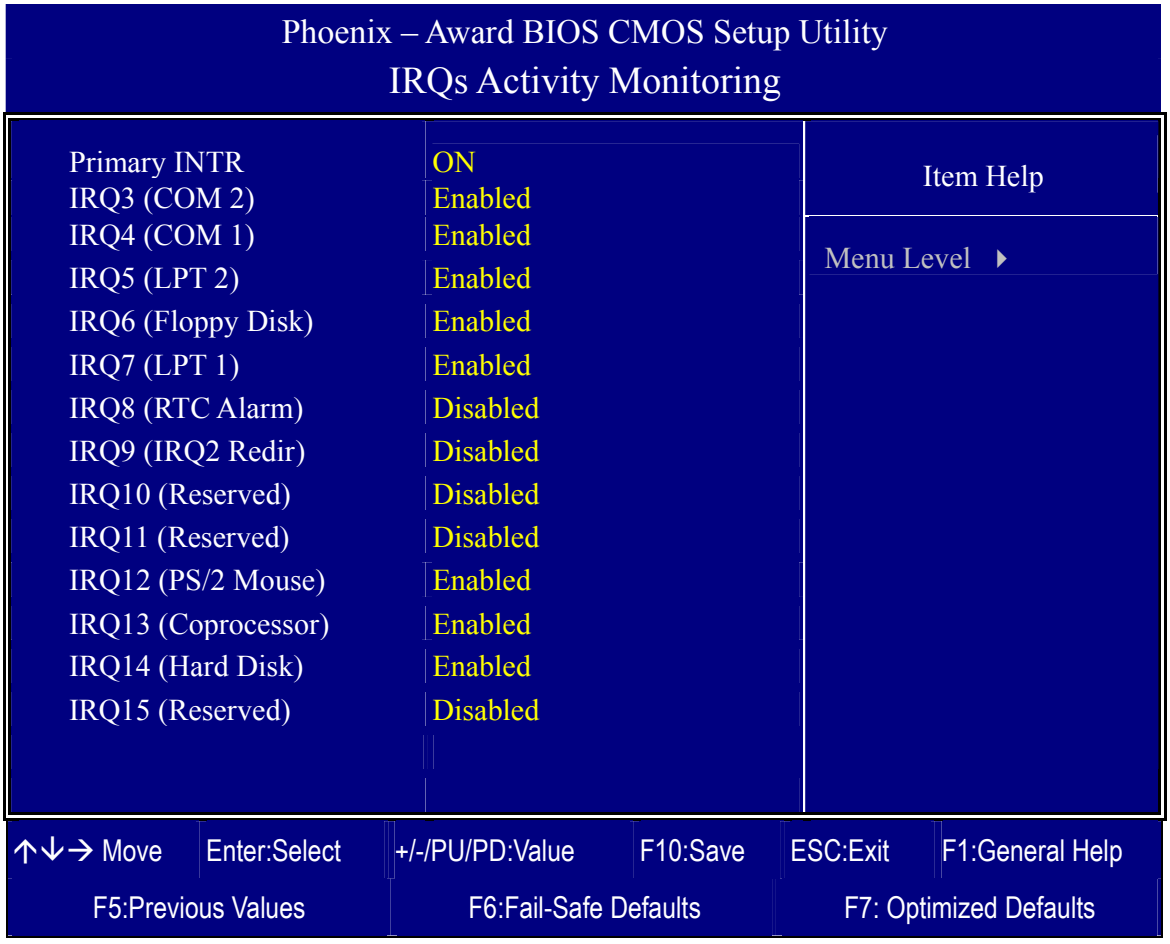
	Setting	Description	Note
PS2KB Wakeup Select	Hot key	You can boot-up your system by PS/2 K/B VIA hotkey or password.	Default
	Password		
PS2KB Wakeup from S1-S5	Disabled	You can set the following hotkey : 1. Disable 2. Choose CTRL+F1 up to F12 3. The power key in the K/B. (if available) 4. The wake-up key in the K/B. (if available) 5. Any key in the K/B.	
	Ctrl+F1~F12		
	Power		
	Wake		Default
	Any Key		

IRQ/Event Activity Detect (Continue)

	Setting	Description	Note
PS2MS Wakeup from S1-S5	Enabled	You can boot-up your system by PS/2 mouse.	Default
	Disabled		
LPT & COM	LPT/COM	When *On of* LPT & COM, any activity from one of the listed system peripheral devices or IRQs wakes up the system.	Default
	NONE, LPT, COM		
HDD & FDD	OFF	When *On of HDD* & FDD, any activity from one of the listed system peripheral devices wakes up the system.	
	ON		Default
PCI Master	OFF	When *On of PCI Master*, any activity from one of the listed system peripheral devices wakes up the system	Default
	ON		
PowerOn by PCI Card	Disabled	If enabled any PCI interrupt will wake up the system.	Default
	Enabled		
Wake Up On LAN/Ring	Disabled	An input signal on the serial Ring Indicator (RI) line (in other words, an incoming call on the modem/LAN) awakens the system from a soft off state.	Default
	Enabled		
RTC Alarm Resume	Disabled	The system ignores the alarm.	Default
	Enabled	Set alarm to power on the system by the date (1-31) or time (hh:mm:ss). If the date is set to [0], the system will self-power on by alarm everyday at the set time.	

3-6.1 IRQs Activity Monitoring

This option sets the IRQs Activity Monitoring.



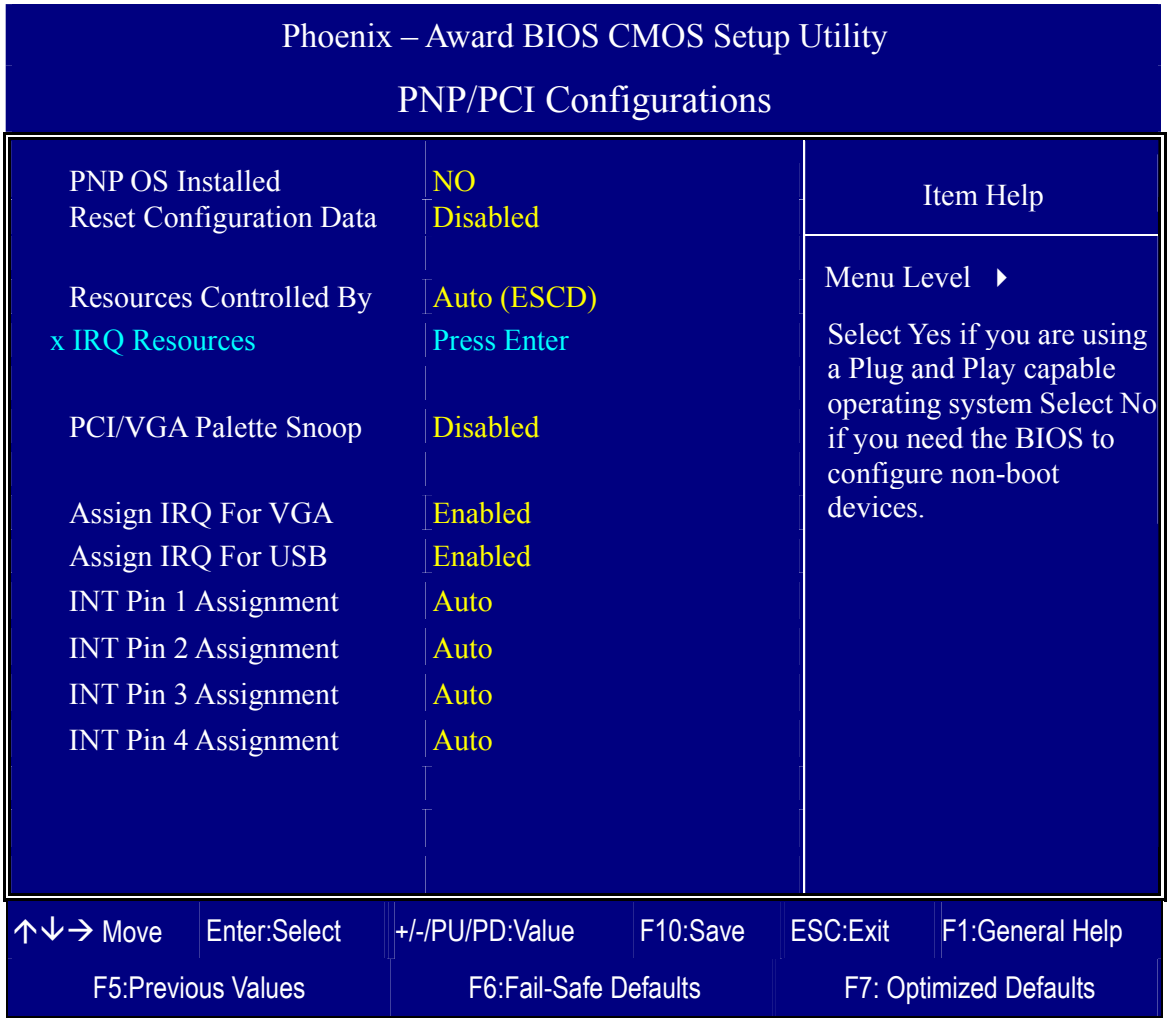
After you have completed the changes, press [Esc] and follow the instructions on your screen to save your settings or exit without saving.

IRQs Activity Monitoring

	Setting	Description	Note
Primary INTR	ON	When set to *On*, any event occurring at will awaken a system which has been powered down.	Default
	OFF		
IRQs Activity Monitoring (Press Enter)	Enabled	IRQ3(COM2), IRQ4(COM1), IRQ5(LPT2), IRQ6(Floppy Disk), IRQ7(LPT1), IRQ12(PS/2 mouse), IRQ13(Coprocessor), IRQ14(HardDsik)	
	Disabled	IRQ8 (RTC Alarm), IRQ9(IRQ2 Redir), IRQ10(Reserved), IRQ11(Reserved), IRQ15 (Reserved)	

3-7 PNP/PCI CONFIGURATIONS

This option sets the motherboard's PCI Slots.



Note: Starred (*) items will disappear when the [Resources Controlled By] option is set to [Auto].

After you have completed the PCI Slot Configuration, press [Esc] and follow the instructions on your screen to save your settings or exit without saving.

PNP/PCI Configuration Controls

PNP/PCI Controls	Setting	Description	Note
PnP OS Installed	Yes	Set this field to [Yes] if you are running Windows 95, which is PnP compatible.	
	No	If the OS you are running does not support PnP configuration.	Default (If there is any doubt, set this field to [No])
Reset Configuration Data	Disabled	Retain PnP configuration data in BIOS.	Default
	Enabled	Reset PnP configuration data in BIOS.	
Resources Controlled By	Manual	BIOS does not manage PCI/ISA PnP card IRQ assignment.	
	Requires to assign IRQ-# to PCI or ISA PnP manually. IRQ-3,4,5,7,9,10,11,12,14,15 assigned to: _ DMA-0,1,3,5,6,7 assigned to: _		
	Auto (ESCD)	The Plug-and-Play BIOS auto manages PCI/ISA PnP card IRQ assignment automatically.	Recommended
If [Resources Controlled By] is set to [Manual]			
IRQ Resource (Press Enter)	PCI Device	Choose IRQ-# assigned to PCI/ISA PnP card.	IRQ-3,4,5,7,9,10, 11,12,14,15
	Reserved	Choose IRQ-# assigned to Legacy ISA card.	IRQ-3,4,5,7,9,10, 11,12,14,15
Under this item the user can assign an IRQ to a PCI slot. However, there under some conditions the IRQ will not be assigned as selected under this item: 1. IRQs 0, 1, 2, 6, 8, 13 can NOT be assigned, because they are fixed. 2. IRQs 5, 9, 10, 11 are available 3. IRQs 3,4,7,12,14 and 15 will only be assigned if they are free. See the table below on how to free them:			

PNP/PCI Configuration Setup (Continue)

PNP/PCI Setup	Setting	Description	Note
Interrupt Line	How to set the BIOS to release the IRQ to the PnP Interrupt pool:		
	PnP / PCI configuration	Integrated Peripherals	
IRQ 15	IRQ 15: **PCI / ISA PnP**	On-Chip Secondary PCI IDE: **disabled**	
IRQ 14	IRQ 14: **PCI / ISA PnP**	On-Chip Primary PCI IDE: **disabled**	
IRQ 12	IRQ 12: **PCI / ISA PnP**	*Interrupt 12 will be released by the PnP BIOS automatically if the PS/2 Mouse Port is not used.*	
IRQ 7	IRQ 7: **PCI / ISA PnP**	Onboard parallel port: **disabled**	
IRQ 4	IRQ 4: **PCI / ISA PnP**	Onboard Serial port 1: **disabled**	
IRQ 3	IRQ 3: **PCI / ISA PnP**	Onboard Serial port 2: **disabled**	
4. Your OS may reassign another interrupt to a PCI slot after BIOS passes control to the OS, especially if you use Windows 95, 98 or NT.			
Assign IRQ For VGA/USB	Disabled	BIOS will assign IRQ for VGA/USB port.	
	Enabled	BIOS won't assign IRQ for VGA/USB port.	Default
5. Your OS may reassign another interrupt to a PCI slot after BIOS passes control to the OS, especially if you use Windows 95, 98 or NT.			
INT Pin 1/2/3/4 Assignment	Auto	Set to Auto the BIOS will using IRQs Automatically.	Default

MULTI I/O ADDRESSES

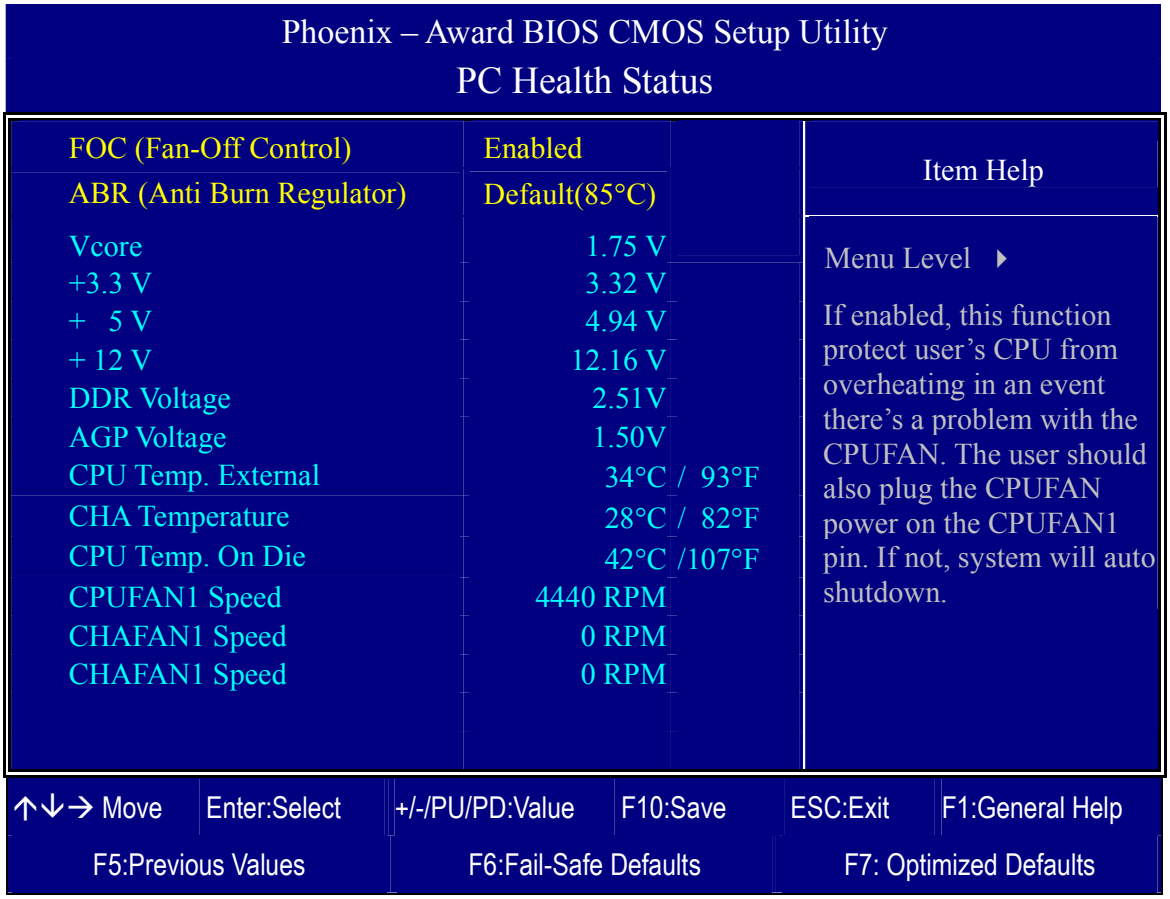
Default settings for multi-I/O addresses are as follows:

Port	I/O Address	IRQ	Status
LPT1	378H	7	ECP/EPP
COM1	3F8H	4	
COM2	2F8H	3	

Warning: If a default I/O address conflicts with other I/O cards such as sound card, you must change one of the I/O addresses to remedy to this address conflict. (I/O addresses can be adjusted from the BIOS Setup Utility)

3-8 PC HEALTH STATUS

This option sets the motherboard's PC Health Status.



After you have completed the changes, press [Esc] key and follow the instructions on your screen to save your settings or exit without saving.

CPU Device Monitoring

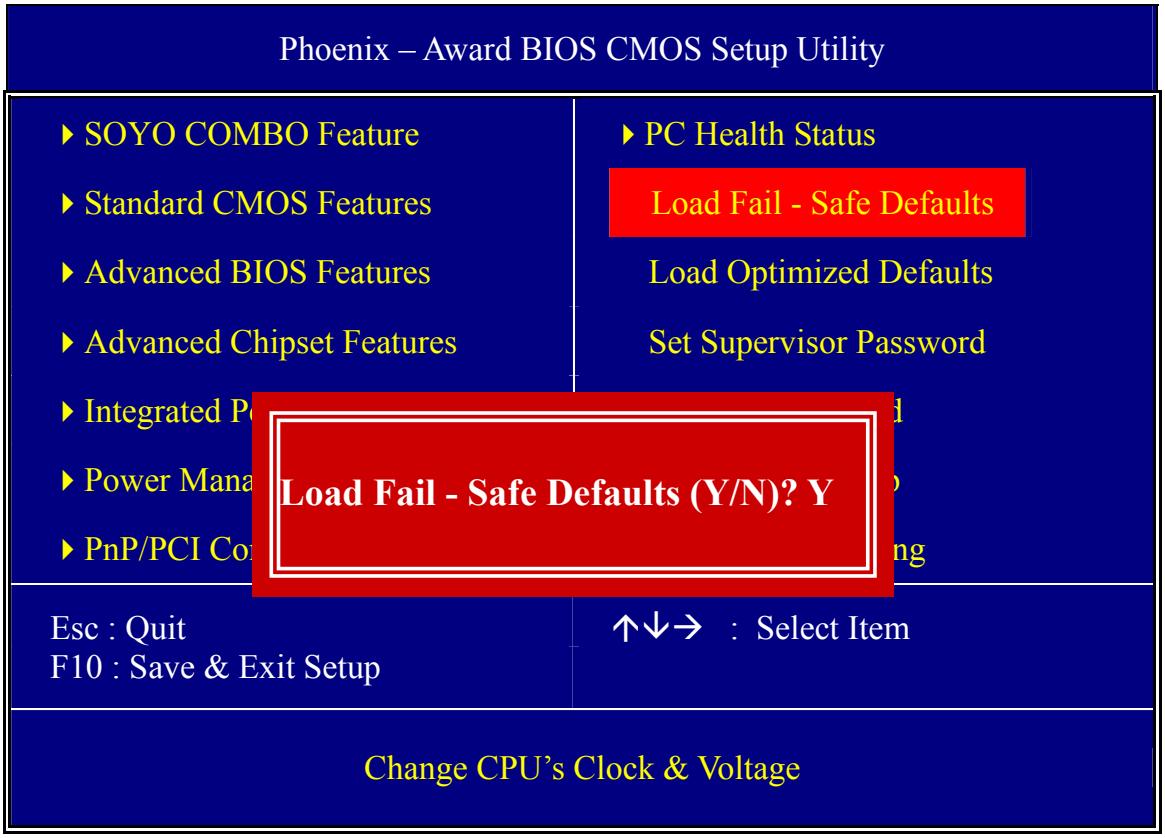
	Setting	Description	Note
FOC (Fan-Off Control)	Disabled	If enable, this function protect user's CPU from overheating in an event there's a problem with the CPU FAN. The user should also plug the CPU FAN power on the CPU FAN1 pin. If not, system will auto shutdown.	
	Enabled		Default

CPU Device Monitoring (Continue)

	Setting	Description	Note
ABR (Anti Burn Regulator)	120°C/248°F	Set the CPU temperature for the system to shutdown.	
	115°C/239°F		
	110°C/230°F		
	105°C/221°F		
	100°C/212°F		
	95°C/203°F		
	90°C/194°F		
	85°C/185°F		
	80°C/176°F		
	75°C/167°F		
	70°C/158°F		
	65°C/149°F		
	60°C/140°F		
	55°C/131°F		
	50°C/122°F		
	Default (85°C)		Default
	Disabled		
CPU Temp. External	°C/°F	Show the current status of CPU temperature.	
CHA Temperature	°C/°F	Show the current status of the System temperature.	
CPU Temp. On Die	°C/°F	Show the current status of CPU Die temperature.	
Current CPUFAN1/ CHAFAN1 Speed	RPM	Show the current status of CPU/CHA Fan.	

3-9 LOAD FAIL-SAFE DEFAULTS

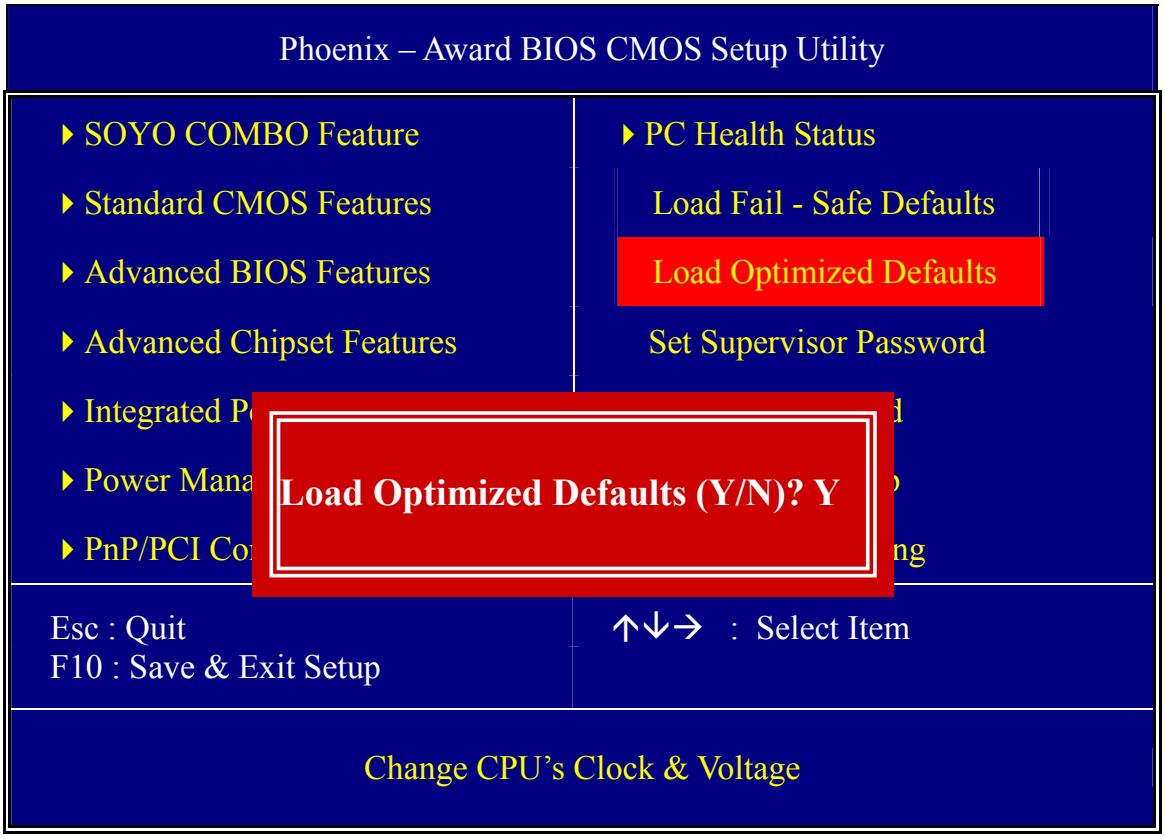
Select the [Load Fail-Safe Defaults] option from the Main Menu to load a pre-defined safe bios settings. This option is recommended if you have instability issue.



Type [Y] to use the Setup Defaults followed by [Enter] or otherwise [N] to return to the Main Menu and keep current values.

3-10 LOAD OPTIMIZED DEFAULTS

Select the [Load Optimized Defaults] option from the Main Menu to load a pre-defined optimized BIOS settings.



Type [Y] to use the Setup Defaults followed by [Enter] or otherwise [N] to return to the Main Menu and keep current values.

Warning: If you run into any problem after changing the BIOS configuration, please load the Fail-Safe Defaults for stable performance.

3-11 SET SUPERVISOR PASSWORD

Based on the setting you have made in the [Security Option] of the [BIOS FEATURES SETUP] section, the password prevents access to the system or the setup program by unauthorized users. Follow this procedure to set a new password or disable the password:

1. Choose [BIOS FEATURES SETUP] in the Main Menu and press [Enter]. Select the [Security Options] item and set the field to:
   a. [System]: The password is required every time the system is booted. This means only a person who knows the password can use this computer.
   b. [Setup]: The password is required only when you attempt to enter the BIOS Setup program.

2. Choose [SUPERVISOR PASSWORD] from the Main Menu and press [Enter]. The following prompt appear:

Enter Password:

Warning: If you forget or lose the password, the only way to access the system is to set jumper JP5 to clear the CMOS RAM. All setup information is lost and you must run the BIOS setup program again.

Note: If you do not wish to use the password function, press [Enter] directly and the following message appears:

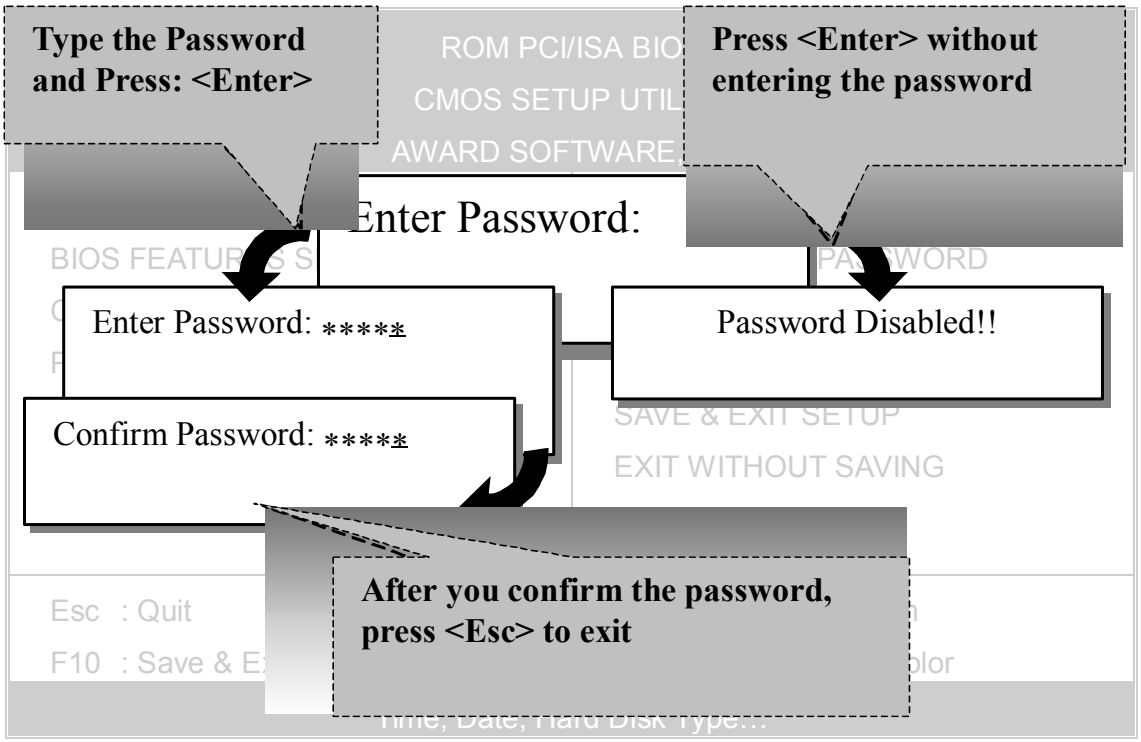
Password Disabled!!

3. Enter your new password and press [Enter]. The following message appears, prompting to confirm the new password:

Confirm Password:

4. Re-enter your password and then press [Enter] to exit to the Main Menu.

This diagram outlines the password selection procedure:



3-12 SET USER PASSWORD

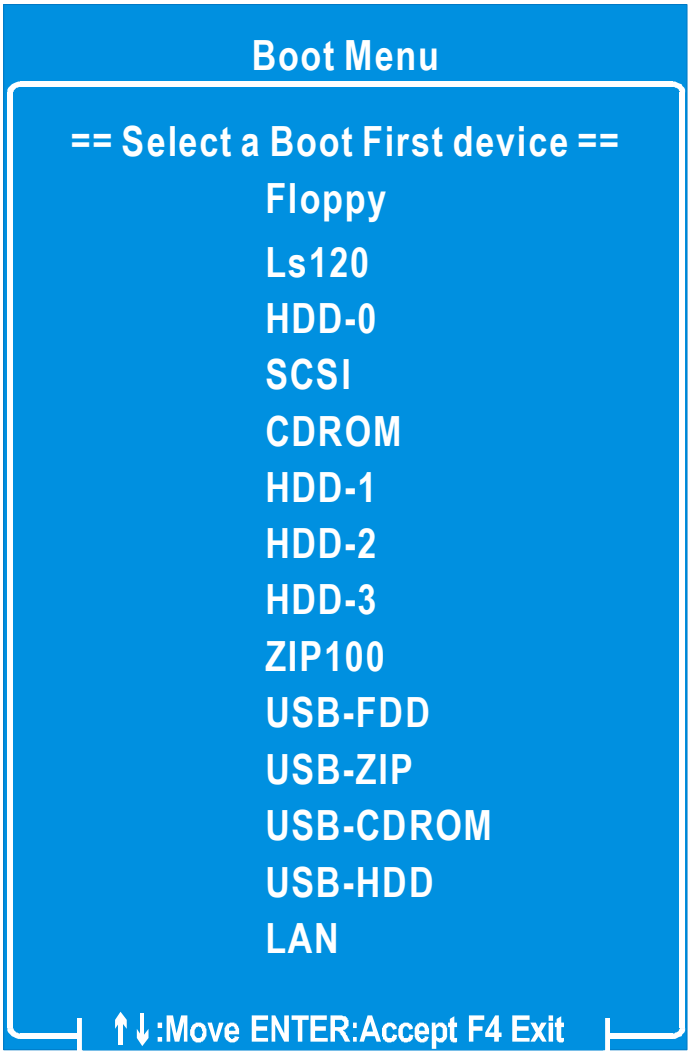
When the user password option is on, you are not allowed to change any setting in the [CMOS SETUP UTILITY] except for changing the user's password.

The password setting procedure is similar to that for the [SUPERVISOR PASSWORD] (Refer to section 3-11).

Boot Menu

Boot Menu enables user to boot-up on different boot device without going into the BIOS setup.

*To enable boot Menu, press **"ESC"** after memory initialization, user will see a device menu, in which user can choose the device they wish to boot from.*



Chapter 4

DRIVERS INSTALLATION

The SOYO-CD will Auto Run only in Windows Base Operating Systems.

Your SY-KT400 DRAGON Ultra motherboard comes with a CD-ROM labeled "SOYO CD." The SOYO CD contains

a. The user's manual for your new motherboard in PDF format,

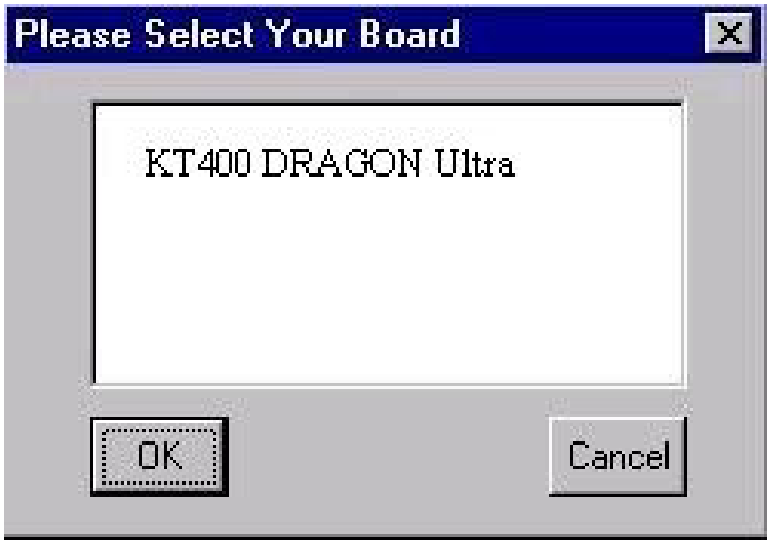
b. The drivers software available for installation, and

c. A database in HTML format with information on SOYO motherboards and other products.

Step 1. Insert the SOYO CD into the CD-ROM drive

If you are running Windows NT/2K/XP, the SOYO-CD will not detect your motherboard type. In that case the following dialog will pop up. Please choose your motherboard model number and press OK.

Now the SOYO-CD Start Up Menu will come up as shown on the following page



(SOYO CD Start Up Program Menu)

Under Windows 95/98/ME, the SOYO CD Start Up Program automatically detects the SOYO motherboard the system uses and displays the corresponding model name.

The user's manual files included on the SOYO CD are in PDF (Postscript Document format). In order to read a PDF file, the appropriate Acrobat Reader software must be installed in your system.

Note: The Start Up program automatically detects if the Acrobat Reader utility is already present in your system, and otherwise prompts you on whether or not you want to install it. You must install the Acrobat Reader utility to be able to read the user's manual file. Follow the instructions on your screen during installation, then once the installation is completed, restart your system and re-run the SOYO CD.

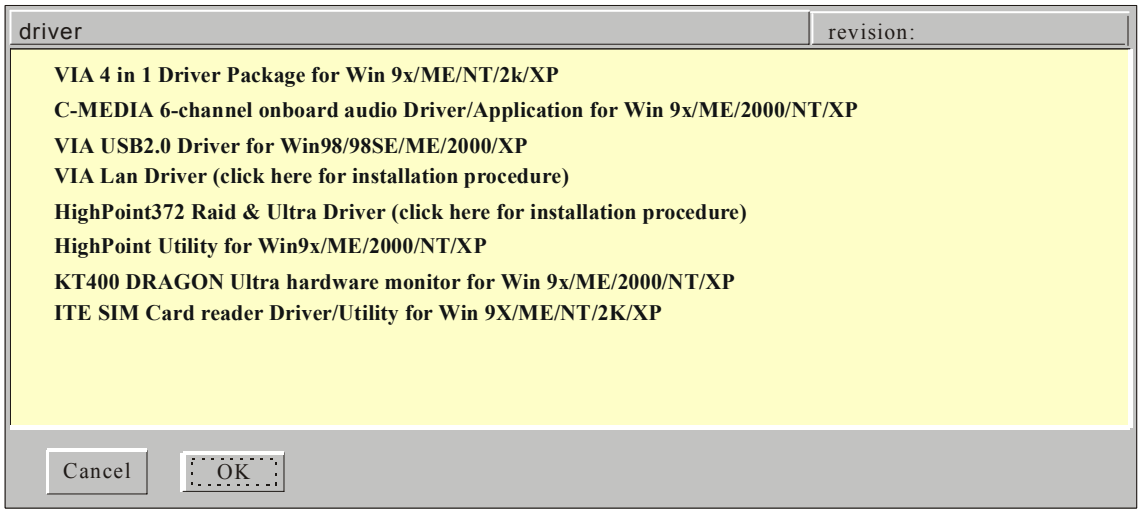
Step 2. Install Drivers and Utilities

The following drivers need to be installed in order for the system to operate properly

1. VIA 4 in 1 driver.
2. C-Media 8738 audio driver. – Only required if you are using the onboard audio.
3. VIA USB 2.0 driver.
4. LAN driver. Should be installed manually.
5. HighPoint driver should be installed manually. Check Chapter 6.
6. Highpoint Utility for the on-board RAID function.

The rest of the available drivers are optional.

Click the ***Install Drivers*** button to display the list of drivers software that can be installed with your motherboard. The Start Up program displays the drivers available for the particular model of motherboard you own. We recommend that you only install those drivers.



(Driver Installation Menu)

A short description of all available drivers follows:

➢ VIA 4 in 1 Driver Package for Win 9x/ME/NT/2k/XP

VIA 4 In 1 driver includes four system drivers to improve the performance and maintain the stability of systems using VIA chipsets. These four drivers are :

VIA Registry (INF) Driver, VIA AGP VxD driver, VIA ATAPI Vendor Support Driver and VIA PCI IRQ Miniport Driver. For Windows NT users,

the VIA IDE Bus Mastering driver is the only driver to be installed in your system.

A description of 4 drivers follows:

—**Bus Master PCI IDE Driver**

The ATAPI IDE driver enables the performance enhancing bus mastering functions on ATA-capable Hard Disk Drives and ensures IDE device compatibility.

—**AGP VxD Driver**

VIA AGP VxD Driver is to be installed if you are using an AGP VGA device. VIAGART.VXD will provide service routines to your VGA driver and interface directly to hardware, providing fast graphical access.

—**VIA Chipset Functions Registry Driver**

VIA Registry (INF) Driver is to be installed under Windows. The driver will enable the VIA Power Management function.

—**IRQ remapping utility (This driver is installed automatically)**

VIA PCI IRQ Miniport Driver is to be installed under Windows 98 only, it sets the system's PCI IRQ routing sequence.

➢ C-MEDIA 6-channel Onboard Audio Driver/Application for Win 9x/ME/2000/NT/XP

1. The driver supports 2/4/6 speakers 3D positional audio.
2. On the CD the ***CD Player/MIDI Player/MP3/Wave Player/Mixer*** application to control your PC's audio functions.

Check Appendix B on "driver installation and un-installation procedure".

➢ VIA USB2.0 Driver for Win 98/98SE/ME/2000/XP

This setup program will install the driver for VIA USB 2.0 Host Controller.

➢ HighPoint Utility for Win 9x/ME/2000/NT/XP

The RAID Administrator utility is used to monitor or perform maintenance on a RAID Administrator Mirror (RAID 1), Stripe (RAID 0), Span or Mirror

plus Stripe (RAID 0+1). Visual messages are available to warn of possible problems with the disk array or controller.

- **KT400 DRAGON Ultra hardware monitor for Win 9x/ME/ 2000/NT/XP**

Your motherboard comes with a hardware monitoring IC. By installing this utility Temperature, Fan speed and Voltages can be monitored. It is also possible to set alarms when current system values exceed or fall below pre-set values.

- **ITE SIM Card Reader Driver/Utility for Win 9x/ME/NT/2000/ XP**

Install this driver if you have a card reader and a PC/SC compliant software. Com 2 in the BIOS setup should be set to “SCR”.

Select which driver you want to install and click ***OK,*** or click ***Cancel*** to abort the driver installation and return to the main menu.

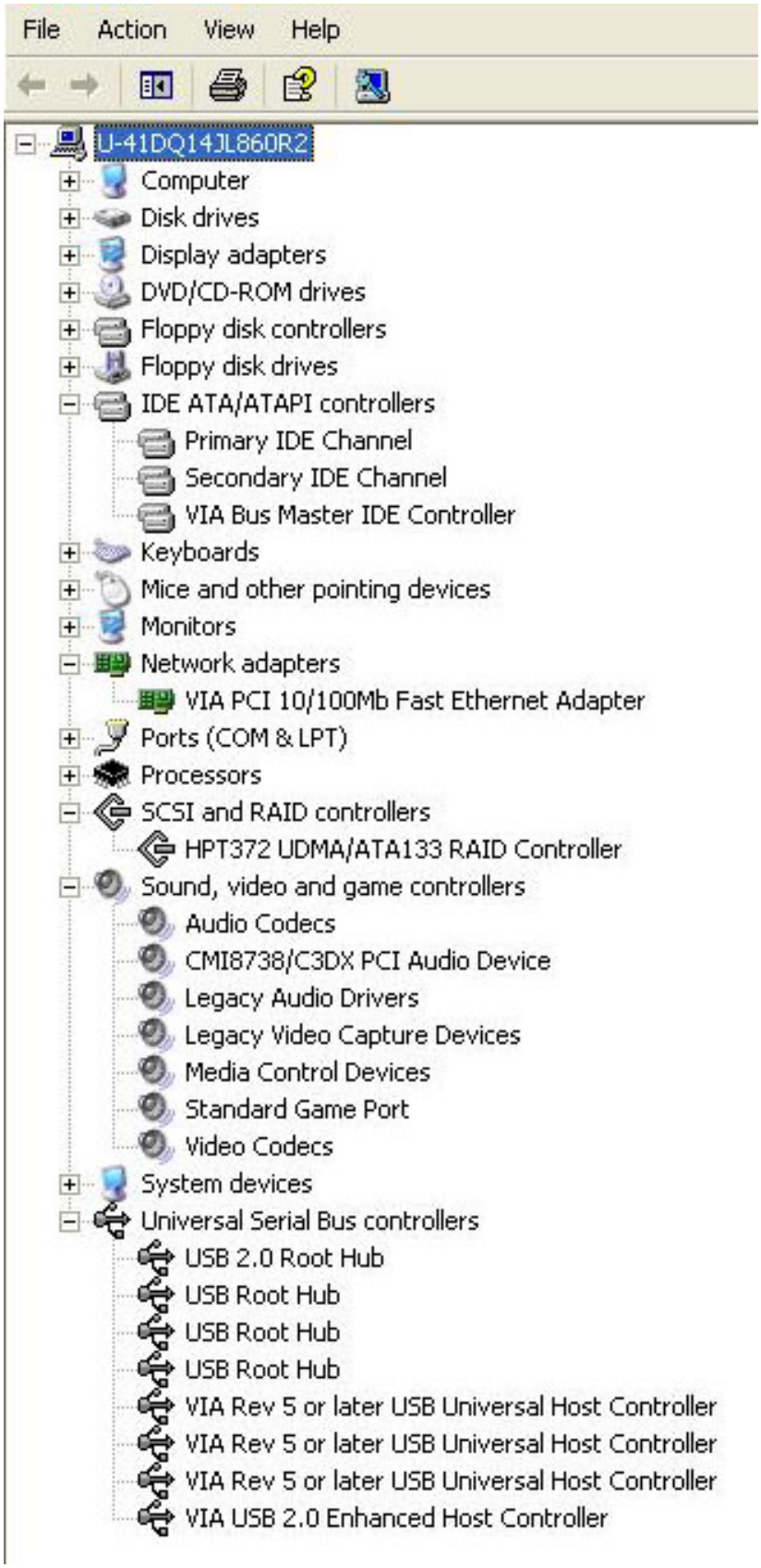
Note: Once you have selected a driver, the system will automatically exit the SOYO CD to begin the driver installation program. When the installation is complete, most drivers require to restart your system before they can become active.

Step 3. Check the Latest Releases

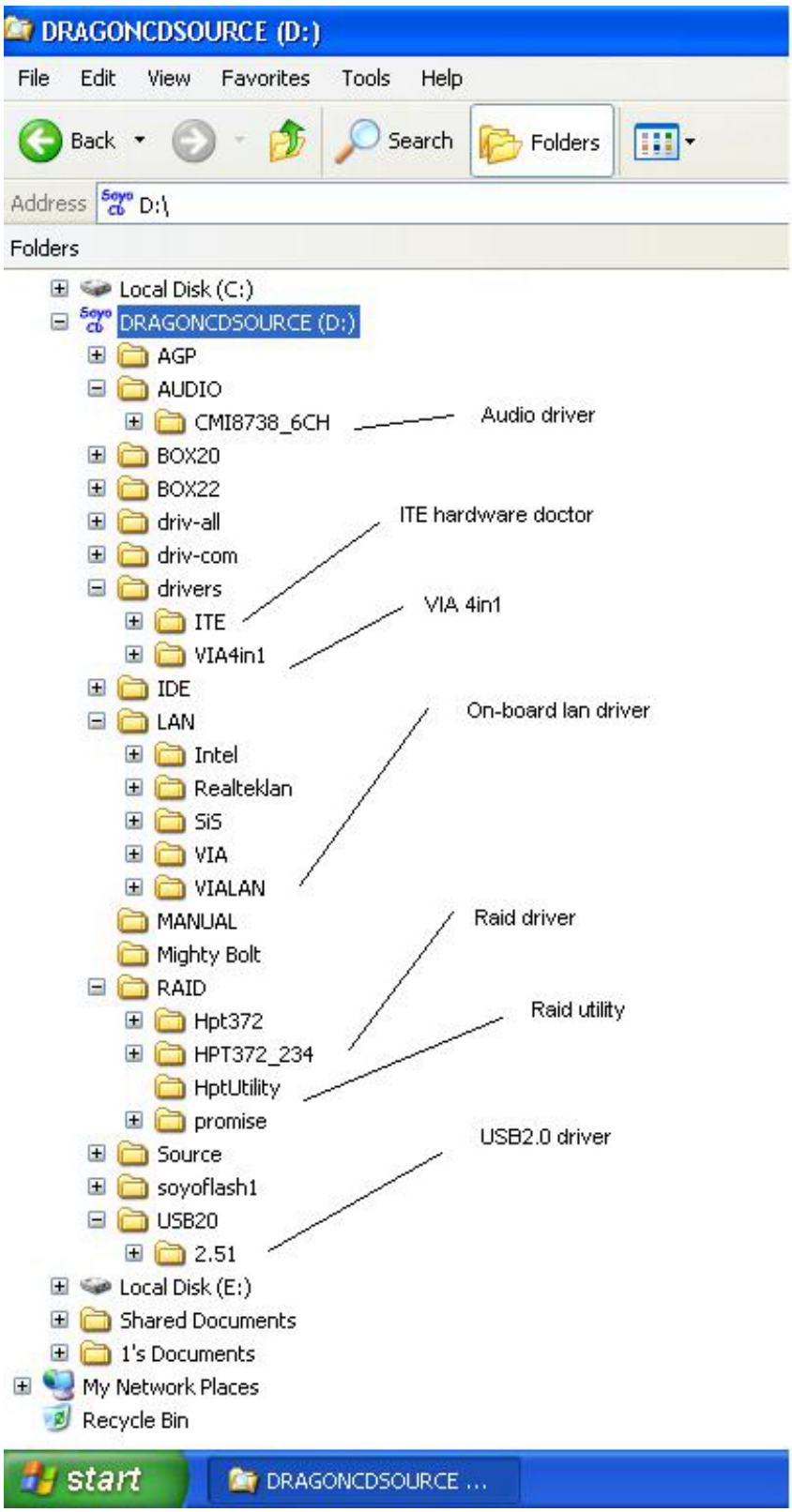
Click the 'Check the latest Releases' button to go the SOYO Website to automatically find the latest BIOS, manual and driver releases for your motherboard. This button will only work if your computer is connected to the internet through a network or modem connection. Make sure to get your modem connection up before clicking this button.

After Windows XP installation, your device manager should look like this:

After driver installation, your Windows XP device manager should look like this:



Drivers directory list in the CD driver



Chapter 5

Audio Driver Installation

Audio Driver Installation for Windows 98/98se

After you have installed the audio driver, windows may prompt you to restart your computer.

When your computer has restarted it may look for the windows driver on your windows installation CD and ask you to insert your installation CD into your CD-drive. At this point you need to insert the windows installation CD into your CD-drive. You will then be prompted to select the correct directory on your windows CD.

How to setup speakers using SPDIF out

1. Go to start → program → PCI audio applicattion → audio rack → audio rack.
2. Click on the (advance) Icon.
3. Click on speakers.
4. Choose the 2 speaker and then enable the SPDIF playback.

Chapter 6

USB2.0 Driver Installation

USB2.0 Driver Installation for Windows 2000/XP

USB 2.0 Drivers are available for download using Windows Update for both Windows XP and Windows 2000.

For additional information regarding USB 2.0 support in Windows XP and Windows 2000, please visit

http://www.microsoft.com/hwdev/bus/USB/default.asp.

Chapter 7

Highpoint HPT 372 Driver Installation

You can use your HPT372 as

1. Normal IDE function.
2. RAID function.

To use IDE3 and IDE4 as normal IDE, please do the following steps

1. Enable on-board IDE RAID in the bios.
2. Install the HP372 driver, see driver installation instruction below.

To use IDE3 and IDE4 as RAID controller, see **Appendix A** (getting started section) for installation procedure.

To boot from the HPT372 controller, (IDE 3 or IDE 4)

1. Go to the BIOS setup and set the First Boot device to SCSI.
2. Set the "RAID/ATA & SCSI boot order" to "RAID/ATA,SCSI".

Installing RAID Driver on an Existing System

Windows 9x/ME Installation

If Windows can not find new hardware, the driver can be installed through the following steps:

1. Shut down all programs.
2. Click **Start**-->**Setup**-->**Control Panel**, then double-click on **Add New Hardware** icon.
3. Click **Next** in the popup window to continue.
4. A dialog box will appear and ask whether to let windows

search for new hardware. Select **No, I want to select the hardware from a list**, and then click **Next** to continue.

5. Hardware of different types will be shown in the follow-on window. Select **SCSI Controllers** and then click **Next** to continue.
6. A dialog box will pop up, input the path of the **SOYO CD. D:\Raid\Hpt372_234\Win98_ME**.(where D: is your CDROM driver) Then click **OK** to continue.
7. In the next window, the driver you need to install will appear, just click **Next** to continue.
8. Follow the system prompt to install driver. When finished, restart the computer.

Windows NT 4.0

1. Click **Start**-->**Setup**-->**Control Panel**, then double-click on the **SCSI Adapter** icon.
2. In the next window, select **Driver** item, then click **Add** button.
3. In the next window, select **Have Disk....**
4. Insert the SOYO Driver CD and type in the path the driver CD of **D:\Raid\Hpt372_234\WinNT**, then click **OK.**
5. In the follow-on window, select **HPT370/HPT372 UDMA/ ATA RAID Controller** item, then click **OK.**
6. Follow the system prompt to install the driver. When finished, re-start the computer.

Windows 2000

1. Click **Start**-->**Setup**-->**Control Panel** --> Switch to classic View → system → hardware → device manager.
2. You will see a "! RAID Controller" under unknown device
3. Double click "! RAID controller"
4. Re-install driver

5. Choose “search for a suitable driver….”
6. Insert the SOYO Driver CD, click next
7. During installation, Win 2K will prompt you to insert the RAID driver diskette
8. Browse to the directory that contains the missing file (D:\raid\hpt372_234\winxp).
9. Follow the system prompt to finish the installation, and restart the computer.
10. After restart, Win 2k will detect “HPT RCM device”
11. Choose “search for a suitable driver….”, click next
12. Follow the system prompt to finish the installation.

Windows XP

1. Click **Start**-->**Setup**-->**Control Panel** --> Switch to classic View → system → hardware → device manager.
2. You will see a “! RAID Controller” under unknown device
3. Double click “! RAID controller”
4. Re-install driver
5. Choose “install from a list or specific location”
6. Check “search removable media …..” and then click next
7. Choose the driver for Win XP
8. During installation, Win XP will prompt you to insert the RAID driver diskette
9. Browse to the directory that contains the missing file (D:\raid\hpt372_234\winxp). If you click yes without browsing, Win XP will not find the .inf file
10. Follow the system prompt to finish the installation, and restart the computer.

Installing Driver During OS Installation

Install driver during Windows NT4.0 installation

1. **Go to "d:\raid\hpt372_234\" directory, (assuming that your CD-ROM is drive d) copy all the files and directory to a floppy disk.**
2. Press **F6** key when the system prompts **Setup is inspecting your computer's hardware configuration.**
3. Press **F6** key, the installation will continue. Later, the installation program will remind the user to press the **S** key to specify other devices. Please press the **S** key.
4. In the follow-up **Device Type** window, select **Other** item, then press **Enter** to confirm.
5. The installation program will prompt users to insert the floppy disk of driver. Please insert it and then press **Enter** to confirm.
6. In the follow-on window, select **HPT370/HPT372 UDMA/ ATA RAID Controller**, then press **Enter** to confirm.
7. The next screen will list the devices to be installed, in which **HPT370/HPT372 UDMA/ATA RAID Controller** item should be included. (If users want to install other devices, please do so at this time. If all devices have been successfully installed, please go to next.)
8. Press **Enter** to continue the installation of Windows NT4.0.

Install driver during Windows 2000 installation

1. **Go to "d:\raid\hpt372_234\" directory, (assuming that your CD-ROM is drive d) copy all the files and directory to a floppy disk.**
2. If Windows 2000 is installed from the floppy drive, please let the installing program run automatically. If Windows 2000 is installed from the CD-ROM drive, please press the **F6** key when the message **Press if you need to install third party SCSI or RAID driver** appears.
3. Press the **S** key to specify additional devices when the **Windows 2000 Setup** window appears.
4. Insert the floppy disk with the driver, then press **Enter** to continue.
5. The system will ask whether to install the driver under **WinNT** or under **Windows 2000**, please select to install driver under **Windows 2000.**
6. In the next screen (Device Type), please select **Other** and press **Enter** to continue.
7. The follow-on interface will list the devices to be installed, in which **HPT370/HPT372 UDMA/ATA RAID Controller** item should be included (If users want to install other devices, please do so at this time. If all devices have been successfully installed, please go to next.)

Install driver during Windows XP installation

1. **Go to "d:\raid\\hpt372_234\" directory, (assuming that your CD-ROM is drive d) copy all the files and directory to a floppy disk.**
2. Booting from CD-ROM, when the **Windows XP Setup** blue screen appear and prompts the user to press the F6 key to install third party SCSI or RAID driver, please press the F6 Key.
3. Press the **S** key to specify additional devices when the **Windows XP Setup** window appears.
4. The system will ask whether to install driver under **WinNT** or under **Windows XP**, please select to install driver under **Windows XP.**
5. Insert the floppy disk of driver, then press **Enter** to continue.
6. In the next window (Device Type), please select **HPT370/ HPT372 UDMA/ATA RAID Controller for Windows XP** to continue.
7. Win XP will prompt you with a message that the driver is newer than the default driver, press S to continue.
8. The next screen will list the devices to be installed, amongst which the **HPT370/ HPT372 UDMA/ATA RAID Controller** item should be included. (If users want to install other devices, please do so at this time. If all devices have been successfully installed, please go to next.)
9. Press ENTER to continue Windows XP setup.

Chapter 8

VIA LAN Driver Installation

Installing the VIA LAN Drivers under Windows 98SE

1. Move the cursor to the "my computer" icon.
2. Click the mouse's right button then select "properties".
3. Click "Device Manager", then click "other devices".
4. Select "PCI Ethernet controller", then double click it.
5. You will see the "Driver" item in the top part of this window. Click it.
6. Click on "Update Driver".
7. Click on "Next".
8. Select the following directory:
9. The directory is on the SOYO CD in the "D:\LAN\VIALAN" directory (where D: is your CD-ROM). Click ok and you will need your windows 98 Second Edition CD to complete the installation, put it in your CD-ROM.
10. After informing windows of the driver directory, the driver will be installed. Restart your system after installation.

Installing the VIA LAN Drivers under Windows ME

1. Move the cursor to the "my computer" icon.
2. Click the mouse's right button then select "properties".
3. Click "Device Manager", then click "Network adapters".
4. Select "VIA LAN driver", then Double click it.
5. You will see the "Driver" item in the top part of this window. Click it.
6. Click on "Update Driver".
7. Click on "Next".

8. Select the following directory:
9. The directory is on the SOYO CD in the "D:\LAN\VIALAN" directory (where D: is your CD-ROM). Click ok.
10. After informing windows of the driver directory the driver will be installed. Restart your system after installation.

Installing the VIA LAN Drivers under Windows NT

1. Double click on the Network icon in the control panel and click "Yes".
2. Click on "Next".
3. Click on "Select from list".
4. Click on "Have Disk".
5. The install Driver dialog box will appear and request the path of the location of the drivers to be installed. Enter "D:\LAN\VIALAN" (where D: is your CD-ROM) then press "ok".
6. You will need the Windows NT Installation CD to complete the installation.
7. After installing Windows NT will display a dialog box asking your to restart your system, click "Yes".

Installing the VIA LAN Drivers under Windows 2000

1. Move the cursor to the "my computer" icon.
2. Click the mouse's right button and select "properties".
3. Select "Hardware" item, click it.
4. Select "Device Manager", click it.
5. Under "Other Devices" you will see a Yellow exclamation Mark. Double click "Ethernet controller".
6. Click on "Reinstall Driver".
7. Click on "Next".

8. Click on "Next".
9. The LAN driver directory is on the SOYO CD in the "D:\LAN\VIALAN" directory. (where D: is your CD-ROM)

Installing the VIA Onboard LAN Drivers under Windows XP (Because Windows XP can detect VIA LAN driver automatic, so this installation is for updating LAN driver)

1. Move the cursor to the "my computer" icon.
2. Press the right mouse button and select "properties", then click it.
3. Click "Hardware", then click Device Manager".
4. Double click "Network adapters".
5. Double click "VIA PCI 10/100Mb Fast Ethernet Adapter".
6. Click "Driver".
7. Click "Update Driver".
8. Select "Install from a list or specific locations", click it.
9. Click on "Next".
10. Click "Browse"
11. The LAN driver directory is on the SOYO CD in the "D:\LAN\VIALAN" directory (where D: is your CD-ROM). Press "ok".

APPENDIX A

HighPoint HPT 372

Introduction

HPT372 is a UDMA/ATA133 RAID controller. You can either use HPT 372 (IDE3, IDE4) as a RAID controller or as a regular IDE controller.

RAID Administrator is a Windows-based RAID management utility for HPT372 RAID Controller. With graphical user interface, RAID Administrator enable users to easily configure, manage harddisk and disk arrays connected to HPT372 RAID controller.

Main Features & Benefits

- Below are the main features and benefits of RAID Administrator.
- Support RAID 0, 1, 0+1 & Span
- Allowed maximum 4 disks connection to every controller (Does not support ATAPI devices)
- Hot-swapping failed hard disk in mirror array
- Support independent use of hard disk
- Support hot spare disk
- Support Operating Systems: DOS/Windows 3.x, Windows 98/Me, Windows NT4.0, Windows 2000, Windows XP.
- Windows-based software for RAID management(compatible with BIOS)
- Disk error alarm mechanism
- Event log for easy trouble shooting
- Plug-and-play

Getting Started

This section is designed to get you started on the setup/installation of your HighPoint HPT372 RAID controller in your system. To use the HPT372 chip as a raid controller, you need to setup the HDD in the HPT372 BIOS menu (ctrl-H) or use the RAID administrator.

To be able to use the RAID function, please do the following:

1. Connect the 2 Hard disk on IDE3/4. Set it as master.
2. Enable the RAID function in the BIOS
3. Create a Disk Array. For create instructions see below.
4. Install HPT 372 driver; check chapter 6 for driver installation

Note:

- You can disable the HPT372 controller in the BIOS setup.
- To boot from the HPT372 controller, (IDE 3 or IDE 4) go to the BIOS setup and set the First Boot device to SCSI.
- When setting up the RAID 0 or RAID 1, please use the IDE 3 master and IDE4 master. We do not recommend configuring the RAID array on the same IDE.

Create a Disk Array

You can create a disk array using:

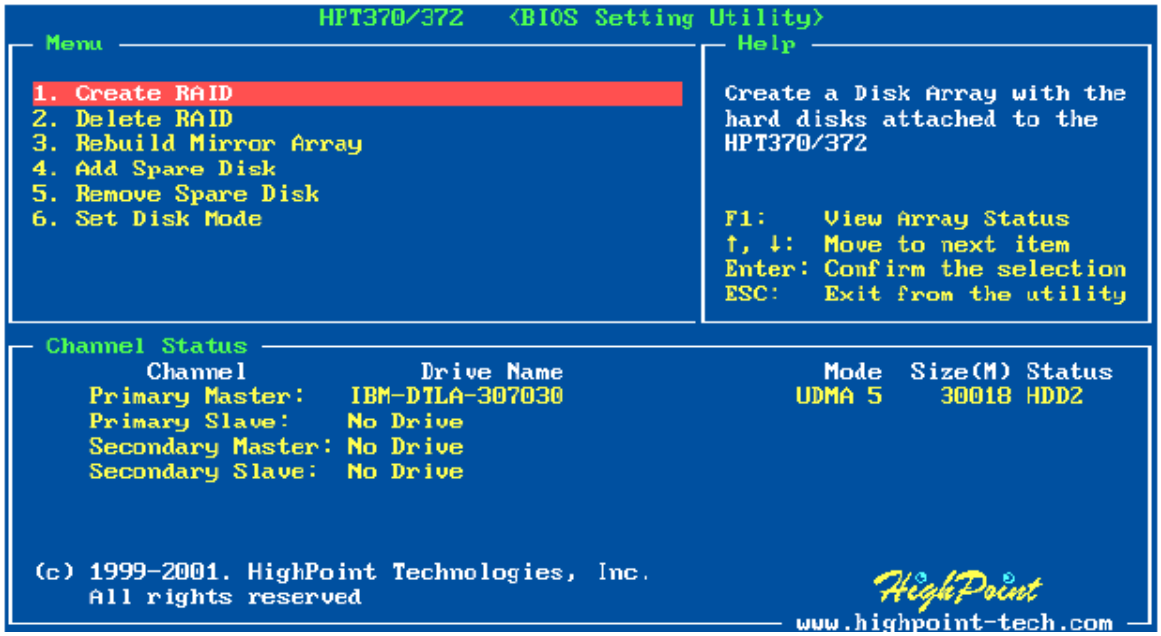
1. HPT372 BIOS Utility Configuration
   Need to use this utility if you plan to install an operating system on IDE3/4
2. Highpoint ATA RAID Management software
   Recommend using this software if you already have an existing operating system in IDE1/2

HPT372 BIOS Utility Configuration

Enter into BIOS Configuration Utility

When the following information is displayed on screen during the system start-up, press **Ctrl+H** key to enter into BIOS configuration utility.

The main interface of BIOS configuration utility is as below:



Menu:

It displays all items of the operating command.

Help:

It displays the illustrating information of the current selection and the available operation prompts.

Channel Status:

It displays the status information of all devices in connection. When it is active, users can select the device to be operated.

I. Create RAID

The following steps shall be taken to create RAID in BIOS.

1. Use the arrow key to select **1. Create RAID**.
2. Press **Enter** to confirm and go to next.
3. Select **1. Array Mode** in the next menu and press **Enter**.

4. Select the intended RAID level in the popup selection box and press **Enter**.
5. Select **2. Select Disk Drives** in the menu and press **Enter**.
6. Select the harddisks to be used for creating the disk array and press **Enter** to confirm.
7. Select **3. Start Creation Process**.
8. Pay attention to the warning message, and press **Y** to finish creation.

Note:

1. If you have selected **Striping (RAID 0) for Performance** in the popup sub-interface after the operation of **1. Array Mode**, you should directly go to **3. Strip Size 64K** and then select **4. Start Creation Process**. The default strip size is **64K**.
2. If user is creating RAID 0+1, then user must select four single disks. All data on these disks will be destroyed after creation of RAID 0+1.
3. Different warning messages appear according to different RAID levels.

II. Delete RAID

The following steps shall be taken to delete RAID.

1. In the menu zone, select **2. Delete RAID**, press **Enter** to confirm this operation and go to next.
2. In the validated channel status, use the arrow key to select the disk array to be deleted and press **Enter** to confirm.
3. Press **Y** when warned **Are you sure you want to remove the disk array?**

III. Rebuild Mirror Array

The following steps shall be taken to rebuild the mirror array.

1. In the menu, select **3. Rebuild Mirror Array**, press **Enter** to confirm.
2. In the menu, select **1. Select Source Disk: None** and press

Enter to confirm.

3. In the validated channel status, select the source disk of the mirror array and then press **Enter**.
4. In the menu, select **2. Select Target Disk: None** and press **Enter** to confirm.
5. In the validated channel status, select the target disk of the mirror array and then press **Enter**.
6. In the menu, select **3. Start Duplication Process** and press **Enter** to confirm.
7. Press **Y** when asked **The last time rebuild not completed. Continue?**

Note:

When there is no RAID 1 array, system will prompt user **No enough disks** at the second step, and rebuild cannot continue.

IV. Add Spare Disk

The following steps shall be taken to add the spare disk.

1. In the menu, select **4. Add Spare Disk** and press **Enter** to confirm.
2. In menu, select **1. Select Mirror Array: None** and press **Enter** to confirm.
3. In the validated channel status, select the mirror array and press **Enter** to confirm.
4. In the menu, select **2. Select Spare Drive: None** and press **Enter** to confirm.
5. In the validated channel status, select the spare disk to be added and press **Enter** to confirm.

V. Remove Spare Disk

The following steps shall be taken to remove the spare disk.

1. In the menu, select **5. Remove Spare Disk** and press **Enter** to confirm.
2. The **1. Select Mirror Array: None** item appears in the menu.

3. In the validated channel status, select the spare disk to be removed and press **Enter** to confirm.

VI. Set Disk Mode

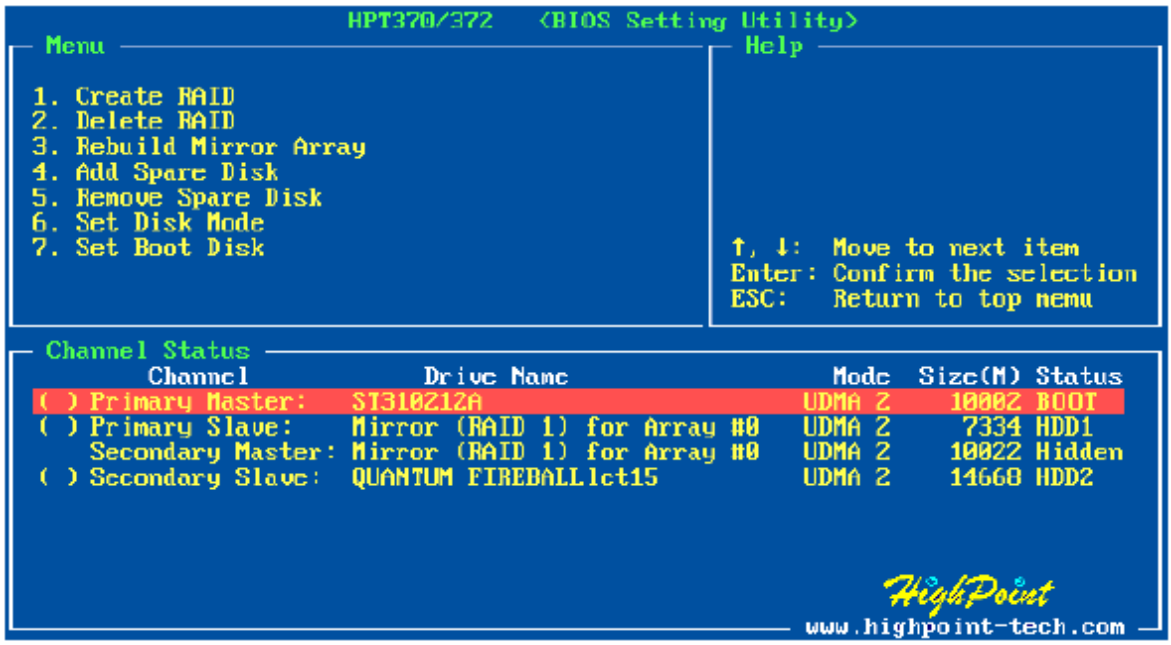
The following steps shall be taken to set the disk mode.

1. Select **6. Set Disk Mode** in the menu and press **Enter** to confirm.
2. Select the disk mode to be set in the popup selection box and press **Enter** to confirm.

VII. Set Boot Disk.

The following steps shall be taken to set the boot disk:

1. In the menu, select **7. Set Boot Disk** item, press **Enter** to confirm.
2. In the validated channel status zone, use the arrow key to select the boot device and press **Enter** to confirm.



Note:

1. The **Set Boot Disk** item appears on condition that no hard disk is connected to IDE on motherboard.
2. After the boot disk is set, its status will become **Boot**.

Highpoint ATA RAID Management Software

Install Software

Insert SOYO driver utility CD, Highlight the driver **HighPoint Utility for Win 9x/ME/2000/NT/XP** and click ok

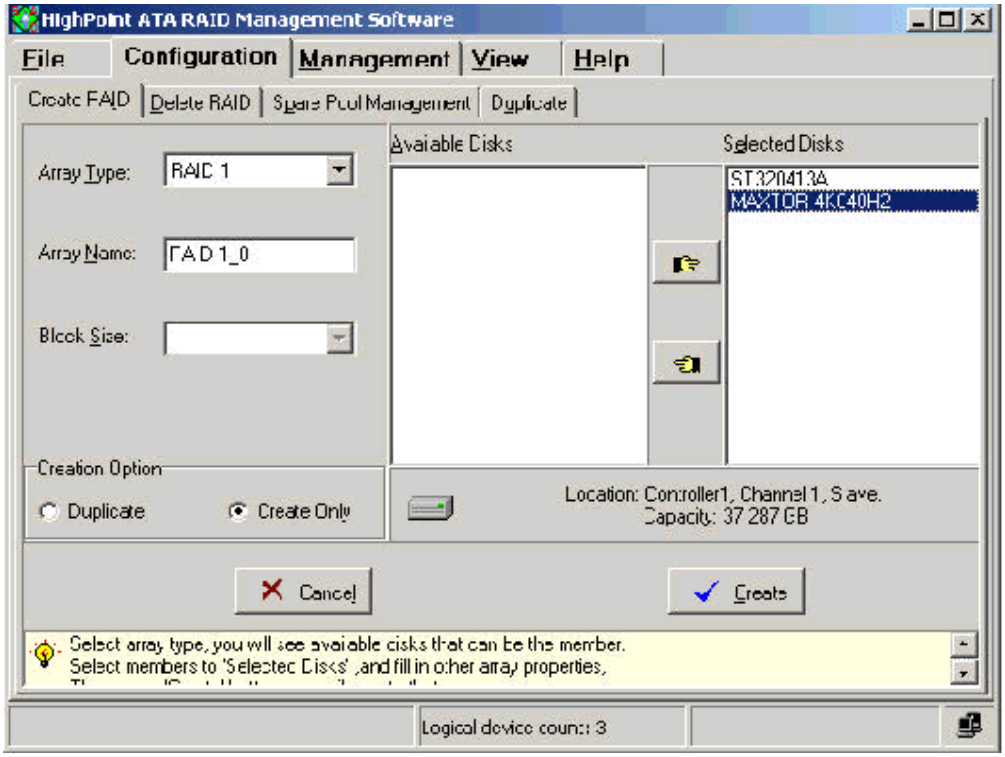
To manually install the RAID Administrator, insert the SOYO driver utility CD, then browse to the path “d:\ utility\disk1\setup.exe”

After the installation is complete, restart the computer. With the implicit option, the setup program will create program group: **Start** --> **Program**-->**HighPoint**. This program group contains the following contents:

- Highpoint ATA RAID Management Software
- Readme
- Uninstall Highpoint ATA RAID Management Software

Creating a RAID Array

Click on the **Configuration** tab, the Configuration window appears. There are four sub-tabs in this screen. The **Create RAID** window is the active screen by default.



Array Type: Select the array type you want to create by RAID 0, RAID 1, JBOD and RAID 0/1 in this drop-down list box.

Array Name: Specify an array name of eight characters or less for the array you want to create. If you don' t specify an array name, the system will assign one automatically.

Block Size: When you want to create a RAID 0 or RAID 0/1 array, you need to specify the block size for the array. Select the block size by 64K, 32K and 16K in the **Block Size** drop-down list box. Generally, the larger size is, the more performance the system gets.

Creation Option: When you want to create a RAID 1 array, you can select either **Duplicate** or **Create Only** radio buttons. The first option means creating a RAID 1 array and copying data from source disk to target disk. The second one means creating a RAID 1 array only, not copying data. So it is usually for two new disks.

Available Disks: All the auto-detected available disks of your computer are listed in this pane.

Selected Disks: Select the physical disks from the Available Disks list box and click the " right hand" button to add them to the Selected Disks list box. You may cancel your selection. First click the disks from the Selected Disks list box. Next, click the " left hand" button to return the disks to the Available Disks list box.

If the selected disks are not enough to create an array, an Information dialog will pop up, prompting you to select more disks to create the RAID array. Click **OK** to return to the **Create RAID** window.

The Brief Help pane is indicated at the bottom of the **Create RAID** window.

To create a RAID array, follow these steps:

1. Select the array type, name, block size (only for RAID 0 or RAID 0/1 array) and creation option (only for RAID 1 array).
2. Select the physical disks from the Available Disk list box to the Selected Disks list box.

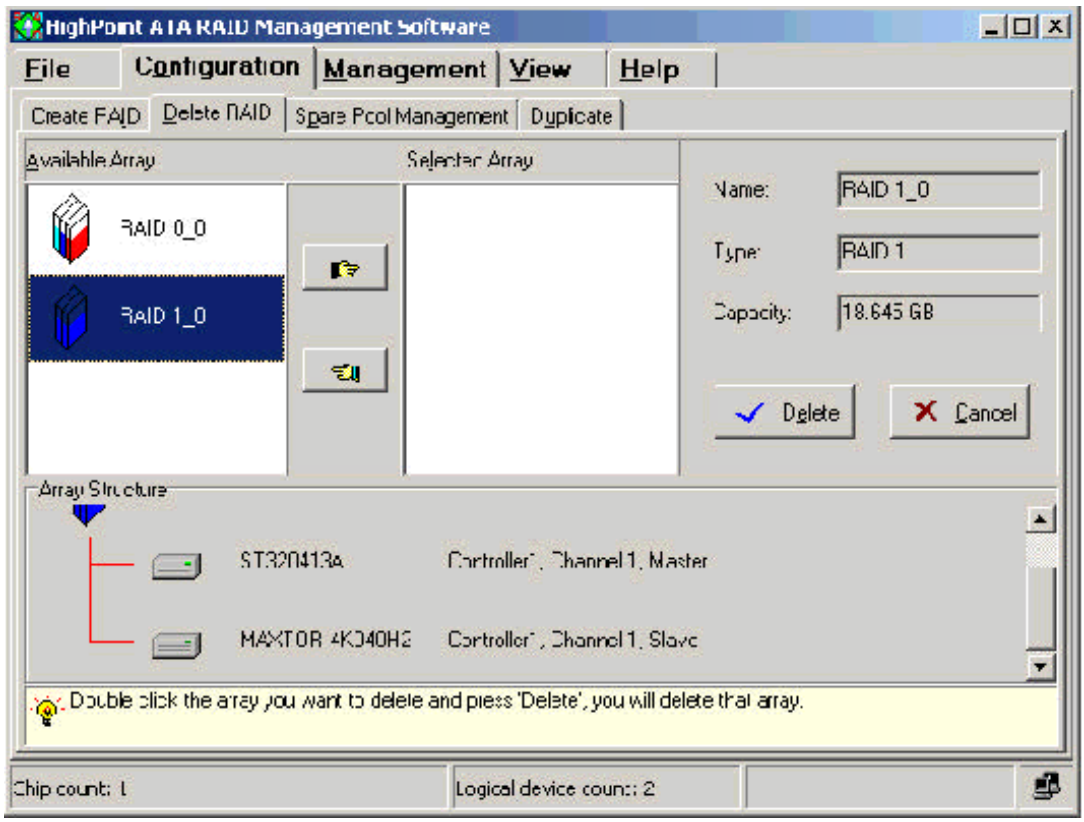
3. Click **Create**. A warning will be displayed. Click **Yes** to continue.
4. You will get a confirmation screen notifying you that the RAID you specified has been created successfully. You will be prompted to reboot. Click **Yes** to reboot. Once you have rebooted your system, your main window will display your built arrays. Click **No** to reboot later.

Warning: If you have created an array and try to use it without first rebooting, you can get possible data corruption.

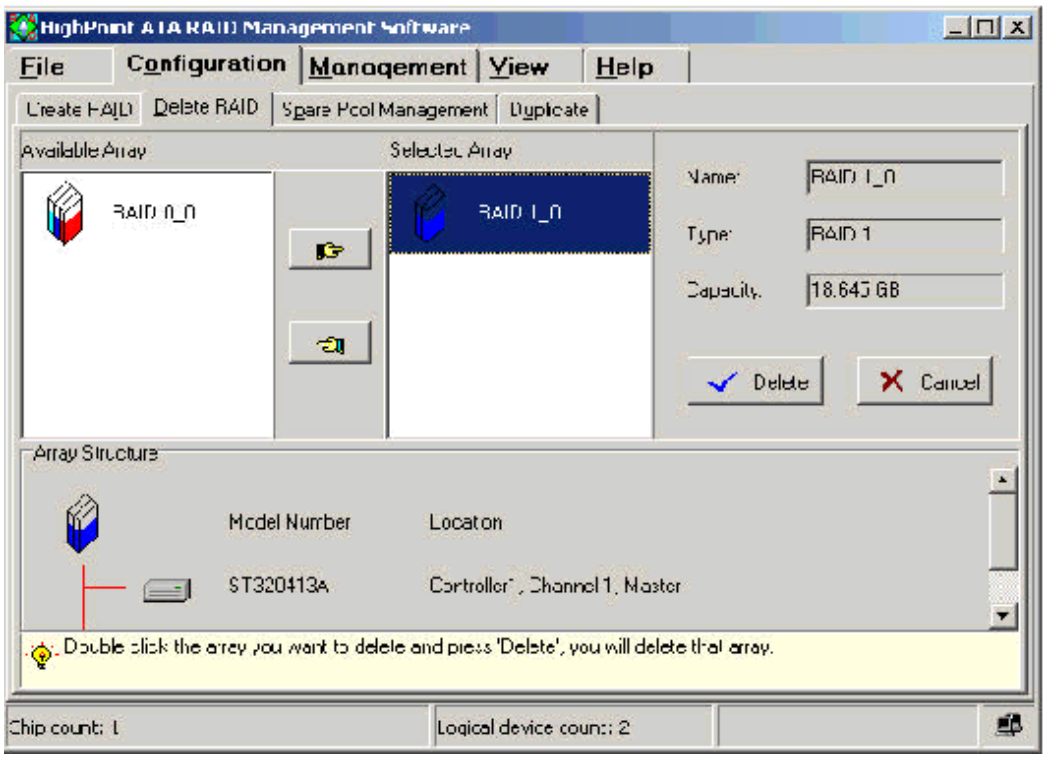
Deleting a RAID Array

Warning: Deleting an existing disk array could result in its data loss. To delete an array, follow these steps.

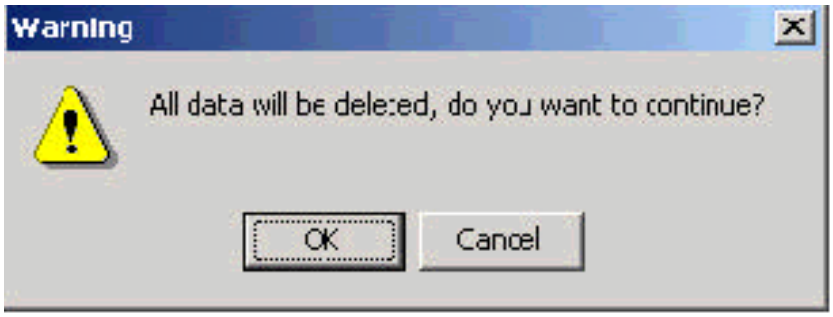
1. Click **Configuration** -> **Delete RAID** in the main window, the Delete RAID window appears.



2. Select an array from the **Available Array** list box and click the “ right hand” button to add it to the **Selected Array** list box or double click the array in the **Available Array** list box. The right pane shows the information categories for that array, including **Name**, **Type** and **Capacity**. The **Array Structure** pane shows the device information in the selected array (such as Model Number and Location). If you want to unselect the array, just click the “ left hand” button to return it from the **Selected Array** list box back to the **Available Array** list box.



3. Click **Delete**. A warning will be displayed:



Click **OK** to delete the array. Click **Cancel** to cancel this operation.

4. Once the deletion is completed, you will get a confirmation screen notifying you that the RAID you specified has been deleted successfully. Click **Yes** to reboot the system when prompted for the changes to take effect. Click **No** to reboot the system later.

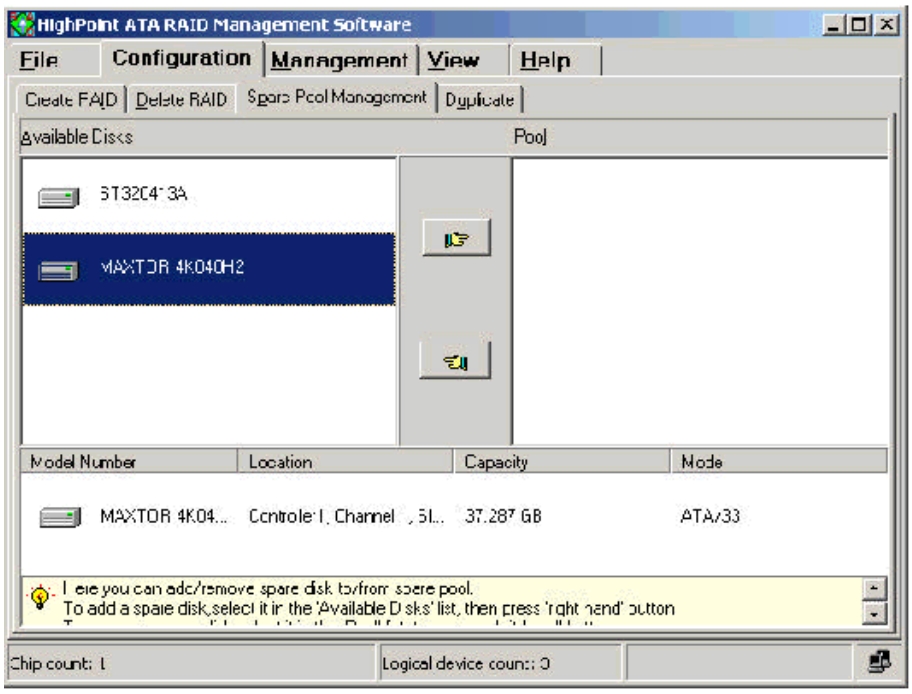
You can also delete an array in the System View window. See the **System View** section.

Managing a Spare Pool

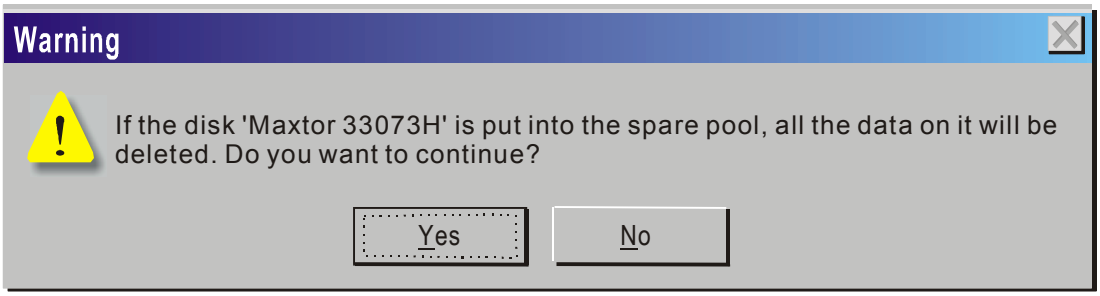
With a spare disk, you can enhance security of RAID 1 and RAID 0/1 array. If one of the disks in the array fails, the system will rebuild the array using a spare disk automatically. **HighPoint ATA RAID Management Software** provides you the function of managing a spare pool. You can add one disk to the spare pool or remove it from the pool one time.

To add/remove a disk to/from the spare pool, follow these steps:

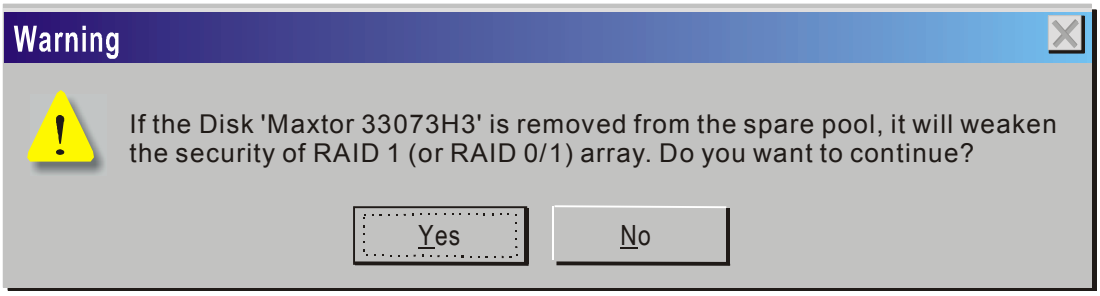
1. Click **Configuratio**n- > **Spare Pool Management** in the main window, the Spare Pool Management window appears.



2. To add a disk to the spare pool, select a disk from the **Available Disks** list box and click the " right hand" button to add it to the **Pool** list box. Or double click a disk in the **Available Disks** list box. A confirmation screen will pop up, inquiring you if you are sure to add the selected disk to the spare pool. Click **Yes** to continue or **No** to cancel the addition.



To remove a disk from the spare pool, select a disk from the **Pool** list box and click the " left hand" button to return it back to the **Available Disks** list box. Or double click a disk in the **Pool** list box. A confirmation screen will pop up, inquiring you if you are sure to remove the selected disk from the spare pool. Click **Yes** to continue or **No** to cancel.



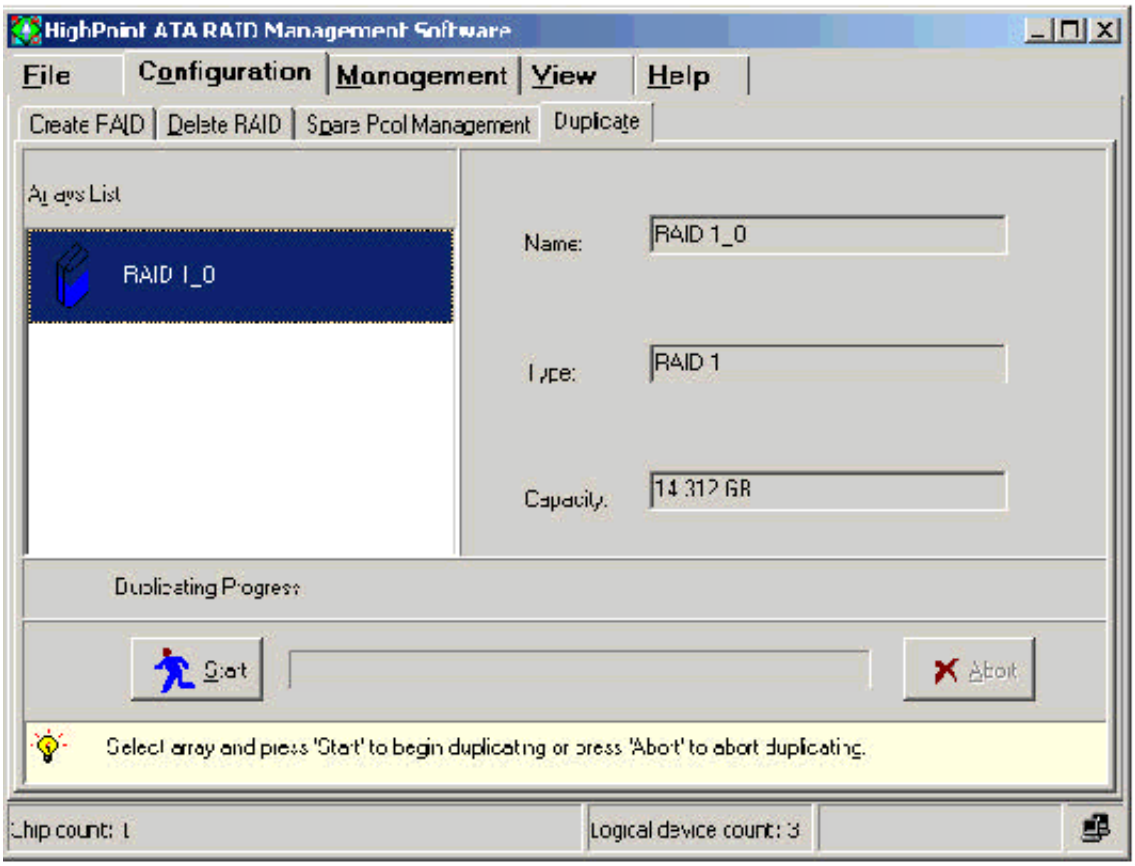
Once you click a disk in the **Available Disks** list box or the **Pool** list box, the device information for that disk appears, including **Model Number**, **Location**, **Capacity** and **Mode**. It will help you to determine which disks will be added/removed to/from the spare pool.

You may also refer to the brief help information at the bottom of the Spare Pool Management window.

Note:

1. When a disk is added/removed to/from the spare pool, the software will ask you to reboot the system, you can reboot at once or later.
2. When there is no RAID 1 or RAID 0/1 array, if you want to add a disk to spare pool, the spare disk will not take effect when the array is broken.

3. When the capacity of spare disk can’ t fit all the RAID 1 or RAID 0/1 arrays, the spare disk will not take effect when the arrays are broken.

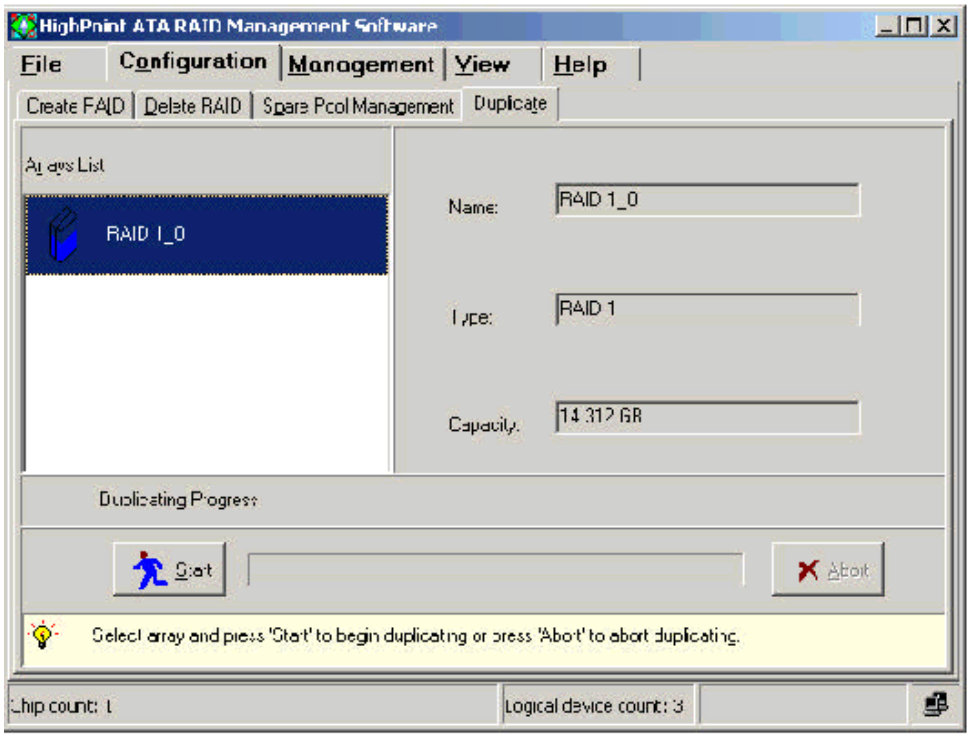


Duplicating an Array

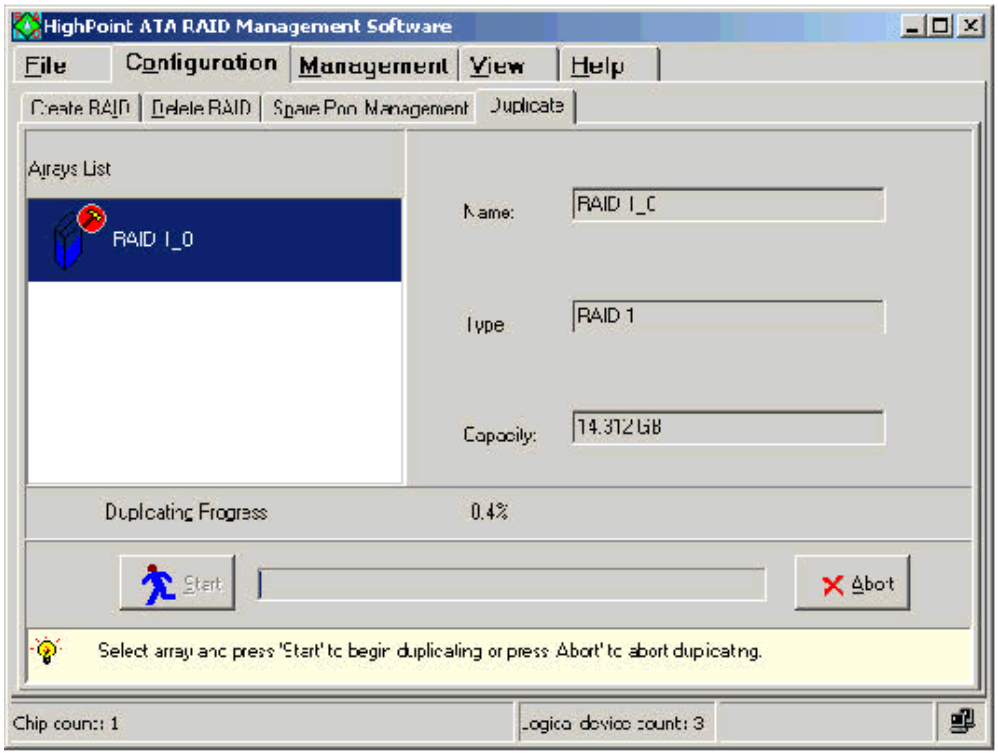
Duplicating will copy data from the source disk to the target disk to ensure data consistency on the mirroring array. This operation will be performed when a failed array member is replaced. Only RAID 1 array and RAID 0/1 array can be duplicated.

To duplicate an array, follow these steps:

1. Click **Configuration** - > **Duplicate** in the main window, the Duplicate window appears.



2. Select one of the arrays from the **Array List** box. The array information will display on the right pane, including **Name**, **Type** and **Capacity**
3. Click **Start**. A progress indicator will appear, showing duplicating in progress. Click **Abort** to abort the duplication.



You may also refer to the brief help information at the bottom of the Duplicate window.

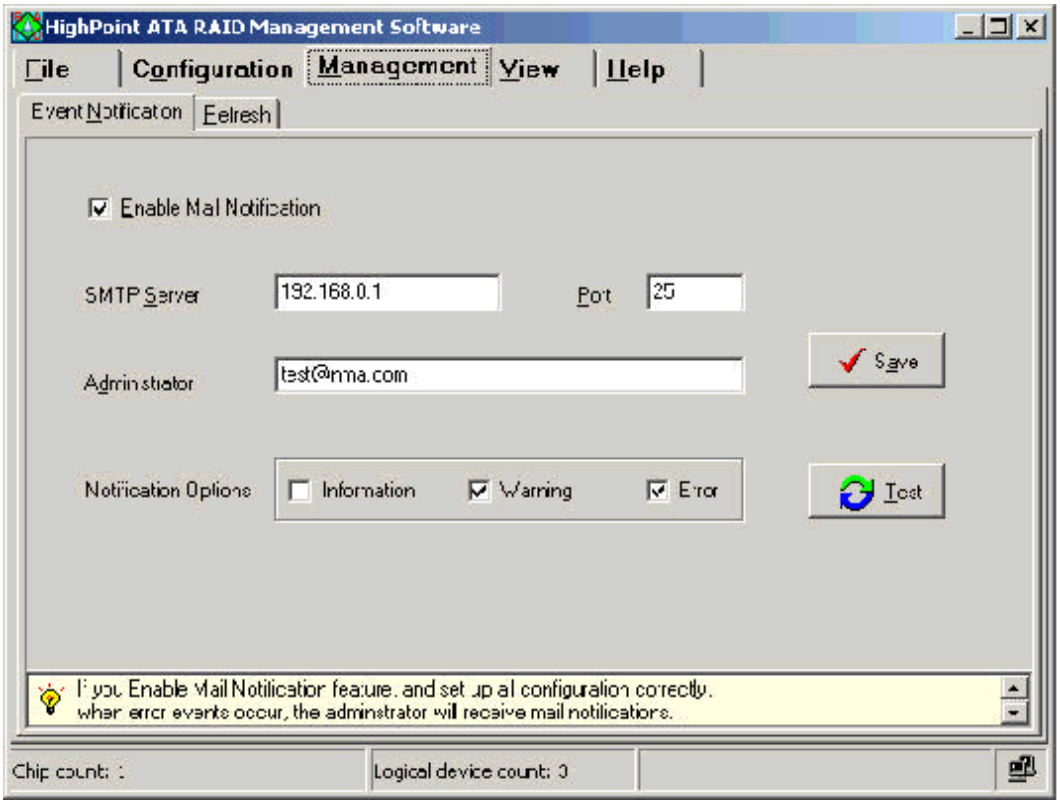
Setting Event Notification

HPT ATA RAID Management Software supports event notification function.

When a specified event occurs, the administrator will receive an email in time.

To set an event notification, follow these steps.

1. Click on the **Management** tab in the main window, the Management window appears. There are two sub-tabs in this screen. The **Event Notification** window is the active screen by default.



2. Select the **Enable Mail Notification** check box to enable mail notification function.
3. Select the different **Notification Options**.

Information-Select this option to send a common event to the administrator.
Warning-Select this option to send a warning event to the administrator.
Error-Select this option to send a critical event to the administrator.

You may also select one or more of the three options at one time.

4. Set the other layout options as follows:

SMTP Server - You will type the name of your outgoing mail server (SMTP). This setting is provided to you by your Internet Service Provider (ISP).
Port – You will type the server port number. The default is 25.

Administrator – You will type the administrator' s e- mail address that you want to notify in this option.

After you fill out all options in this window, you can click **Test** to send a testing mail to the relevant people. If the pop-up message reports success, click **Save** to save the settings. Otherwise, the **Error** dialog will be displayed:

Fail to send the mail to the administrator.
Click **OK** to return to the **Event Notification** window to modify the options in it.

You may also refer to the brief help information at the bottom of the **Event Notification** window.

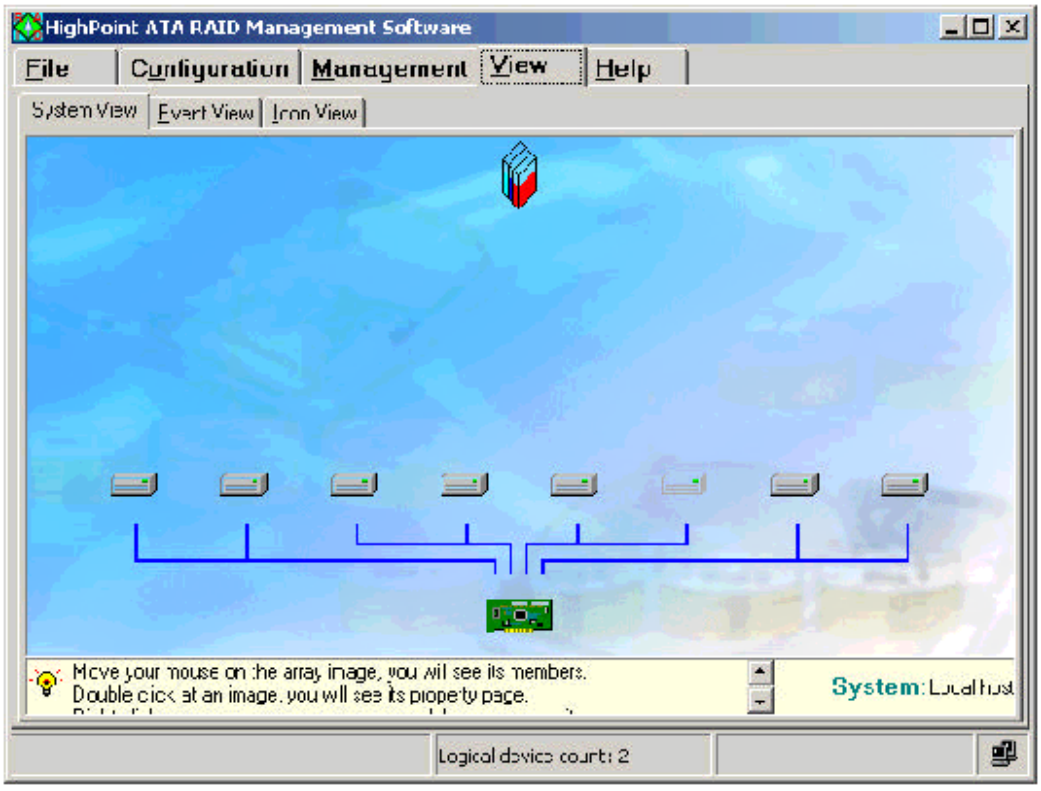
Refresh

When you click on the **Refresh** tab in the Management window, the **Refresh** window will not appear. The system will rescan all devices and jump to the **System View** window automatically at the same time.

You can also rescan all devices in the System View window. See the **System View** section.

Viewing System Information

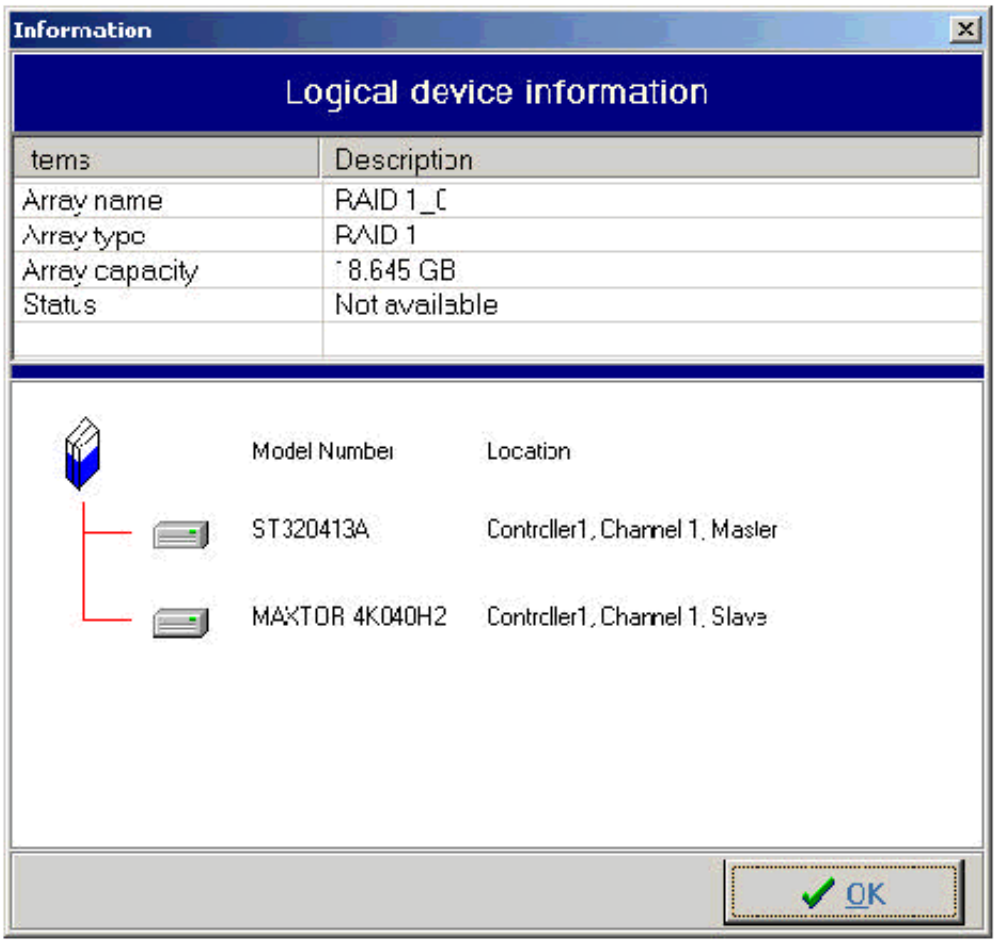
To run **HighPoint ATA RAID Management Software**, double-click the icon on the desktop. After the Welcome window, the main window appears. It has five tabs: **File**, **Configuration**, **Management**, **View** and **Help**. The **View** window is the active screen by default. And the **System View** window is the default screen in it. The devices that the system auto-detected show in this window, including the logical devices, the physical devices and the controllers. The status bar displays information about **Chip count**, **Logical device count**, etc. You'll get additional info when moving you mouse over an icon for a while.



You can perform the following operations in this window.

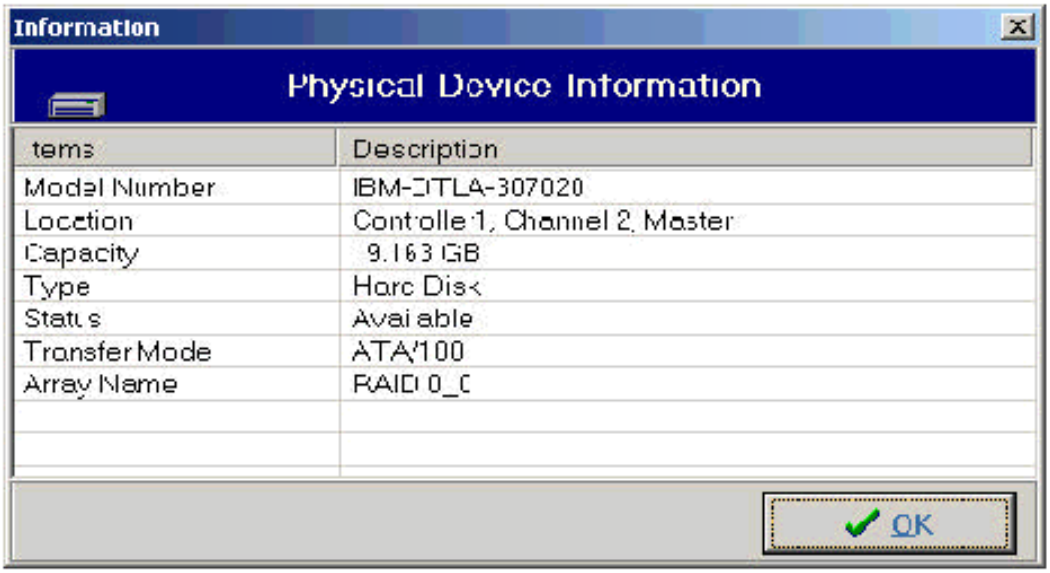
1. Viewing Device Information

(1) Viewing Logical Device Information



Double-click one of the array icons will pop up the **Logical Device Information** window, listing the following items with their corresponding descriptions and the structure information for that array. Those items include **Array Name**, **Array Type**, **Array Capacity** and **Status**. The structure displays the member disks of the array with their **Model Number** and **Location** information. Click **OK** to return to the **System View** window.

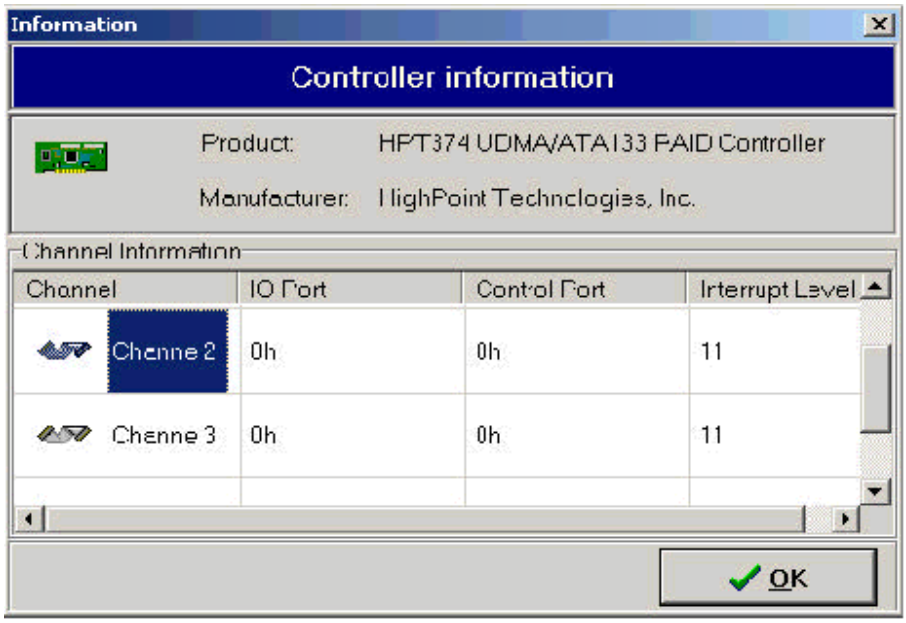
(2) Viewing Physical Device Information



Double-click one of the physical device icons will invoke the **Physical Device Information** window, listing the following items with their relevant descriptions.

Those items include **Model Number**, **Location**, **Capacity**, **Type**, **Status**, **Transfer Mode** and **Array Name**. Click **OK** to return to the **System View** window.

(3) Viewing Controller Information



Double-click on one of the controller icons will bring up the **Controller Information** window, listing the **Controller Information** and **Channel Information** items. The Controller Information item includes the **Product** and **Manufacturer** info and the Channel Information item includes **Channe**l, **I/O Port**, **Control Port** and **Interrupt Level** info. Click **OK** to return to the **System View** window.

2. Viewing Device Relationship

(1) Viewing Relationship between Logical Device and Physical Device When you move your mouse on a logical device, a red line between the specified array and a group of physical device appears. These physical devices are the array members.

(2) Viewing Relationship between Physical Device and Controller
The blue lines represent data channels between the physical devices and the controllers.

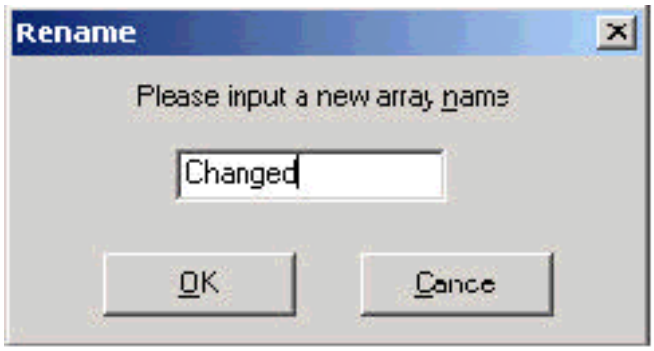
3. Deleting a RAID array

Right click the array icon you want to delete, you will activate a drop-down menu. Choose the **Delete** item on the menu. A warning message box appears, prompting you all data will be deleted. Click **Yes** to confirm deletion and click **No** to cancel this operation. After the deletion of the array, you will be prompted to reboot the system. Choose **Yes**, the system will be rebooted and the changes will take effect. Choose **No** to reboot later.

You can also delete an array in the Delete RAID window. See the **Delete a RAID Array** section.

Note: If the array is bootable and being duplicated, it can not be deleted. You can delete it in BIOS.

4. Renaming a RAID Array



Right click the array icon you want to rename will activate a drop-down menu. Choose the **Rename** item on the menu. The **Rename** message will appear. Enter the new array name, and then click **OK**.

Note: If the array is broken or disabled or being duplicated, it can not be renamed.

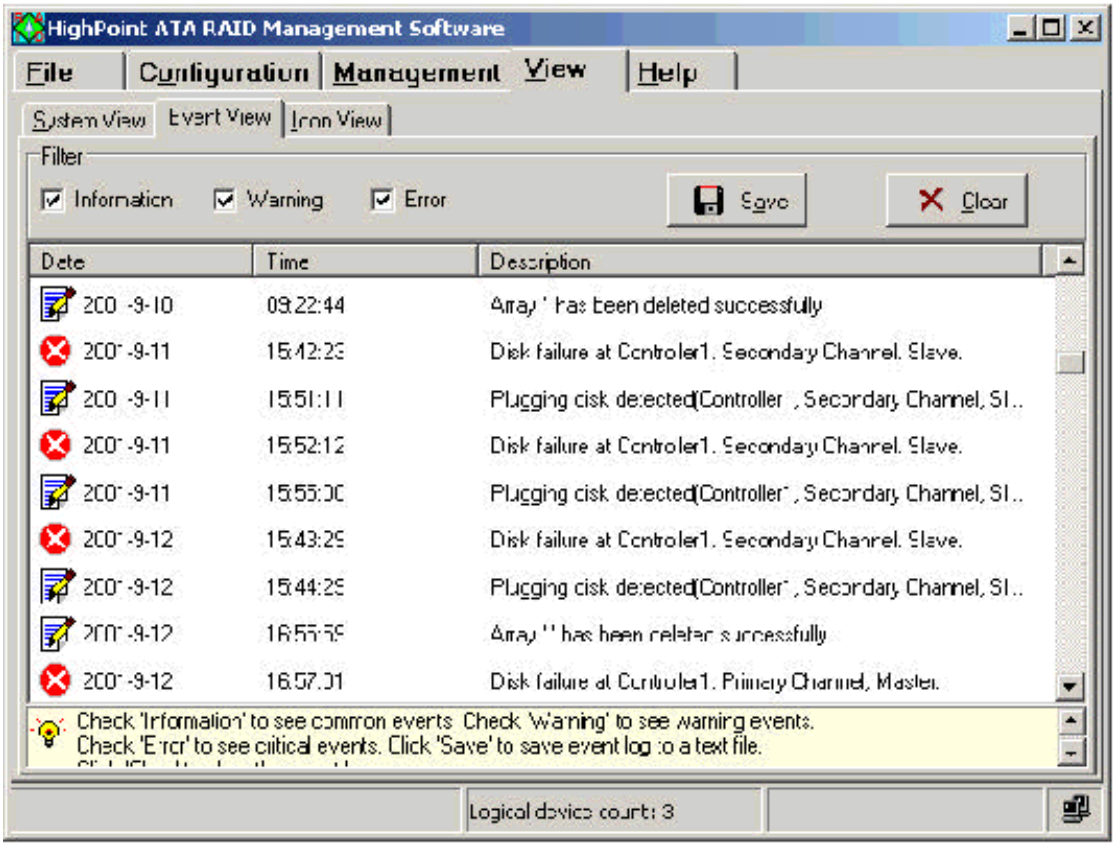
5. Refreshing System Devices

Right click your mouse on the blank place in the **System View** window will appear the Refresh menu. Click the menu to refreshing the system devices.

You may also refer to the brief help information at the bottom of the System View window.

Viewing Events

Click **View**-> **Event View** to open the **Event View** window.



All events are logged in this window. The filter divides them into three types:
Information, **Warning** and **Error**.
Select the **Information** check box to view common events.

Select the **Warning** check box to view warning events.

Select the **Error** check box to view critical events.

Or you may select all the three check boxes to view all events info at one time.

The filtered events will be displayed in the lower pane, including **Date**, **Time** and the corresponding **Description**. You can drag the slider up and down in the scrolling bar to view the contents in the event window.

After selection of the events, click **Save** to save the filtered event logs to a test file or **Clear** to clear all events logs in the system.

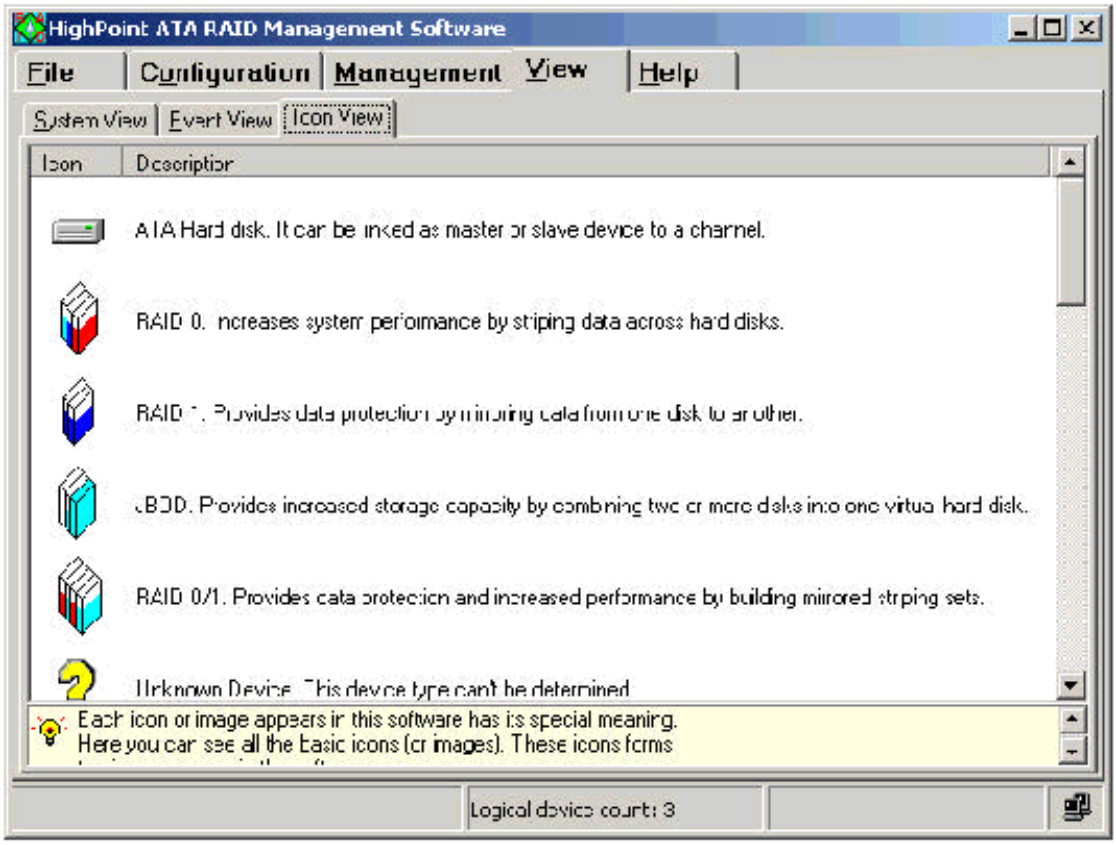
You may also refer to the brief help information at the bottom of the Event View window.

Note:
You can enable mail notification function when an event occurs. See the **Setting Event Notification** section.

Viewing Icon Legend

Each icon has its unique meaning in **HighPoint ATA RAID Management Software**. You can get its meaning from the **Icon View** window.

Click **View**- > **Icon View** tab to open the **Icon View** window. All icons and their descriptions appear in this software.



Other Features

Besides the above functions, HighPoint ATA RAID Management Software includes the following additional features, which can keep maximum data integrity and consistency in arrays.

Auto-detect hot-plug disks

If a disk is removed when it is running I/O operations or when some I/O errors occur in this disk, users will be informed. When the disk doesn't run read/write operations, users can use the refresh function to scan the system. Similarly, when you insert a new disk, refresh it, the software will find the disk.

Auto-rebuild RAID 1 or RAID 0/1 array

HighPoint ATA RAID Management Software supports the auto-rebuild function in the sense that data in the source disk will be copied to the mirror disk.

This software can help users to auto-rebuild RAID 1 or RAID 0/1 array under the following 2 conditions.

1. A spare disk exists in the spare pool. When a source disk in a RAID 1 array fails, a mirror disk will replace it automatically and the spare disk will become the mirror disk. If a mirror disk fails, the spare disk will auto-replace it to be the mirror disk.
2. When a disk is added to a RAID 1 or RAID 0/1 array and the array resumes normal, the auto-rebuild function will be started.

Add disks to broken arrays

If a RAID 1 or RAID 0/1 array is broken and there is an idle physical disk, you can add it to the array. The system will auto-rebuild the array at the same time.

You can use the above 3 features together. For example, insert a hard disk, refresh the system, the software will prompt you to add the disk to broken arrays. If you select one, the disk will be added to the broken array and the rebuild procedure will auto-start in the meantime.

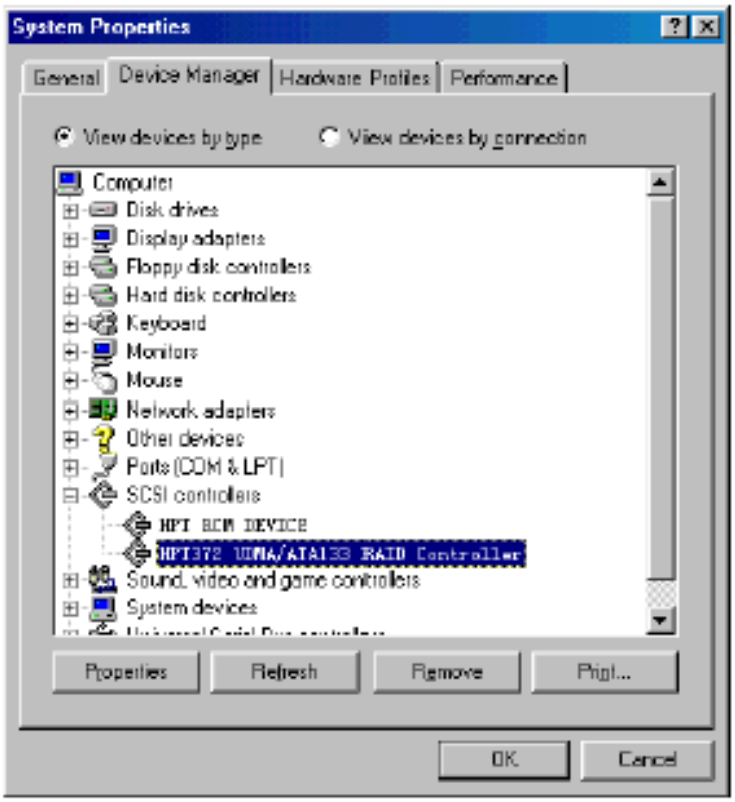
How to Verify if the HPT372 RAID Controller Setup is Successful

Verify Installation on Windows 98/98SE/ME

When the driver has been successfully installed and the computer restarted:

1. Right-click **My Computer** icon on desktop, and then select **Property** item from the popup menu.
2. Select **Device Manager** item from the popup window.

If there is an HPT370/HPT372 item under **SCSI Controllers**, it indicates that the driver has been installed properly.

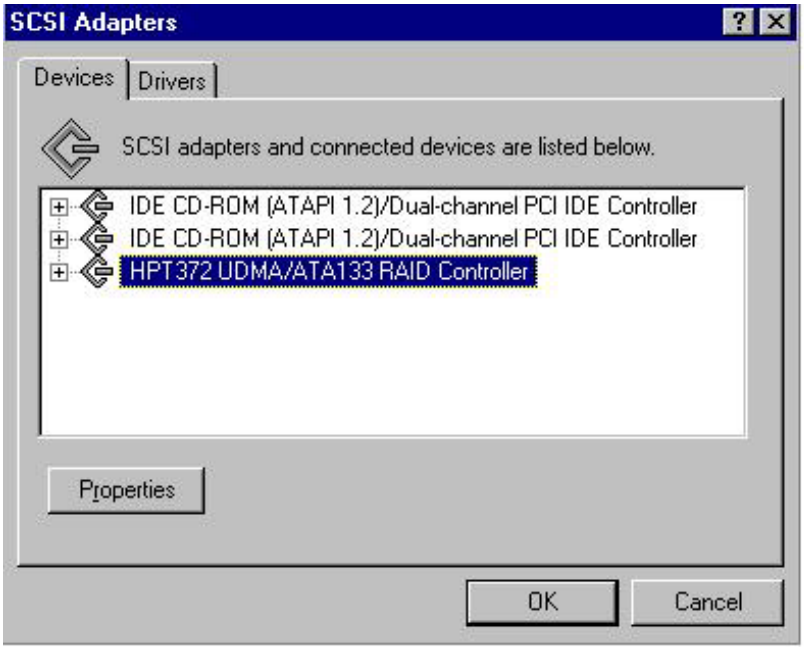


If you cannot find these two above-mentioned device items, or there are **?** or **!** on device icon, it indicates that the driver has not been correctly installed and needs reinstallation.

Verify Installation on Windows NT 4.0

When the driver has been successfully installed and the computer restarted:

1. Click **Start**-->**Setup**-->**Control Panel**, and then double-click **SCSI Adapter** item.
2. If there is **HPT370/HPT372 UDMA/ATA RAID Controller** item in the popup window, it indicates that the driver has been successfully installed. Otherwise, users need to reinstall the driver.



Verify Installation on Windows 2000

When the driver has been successfully installed and the computer restarted:

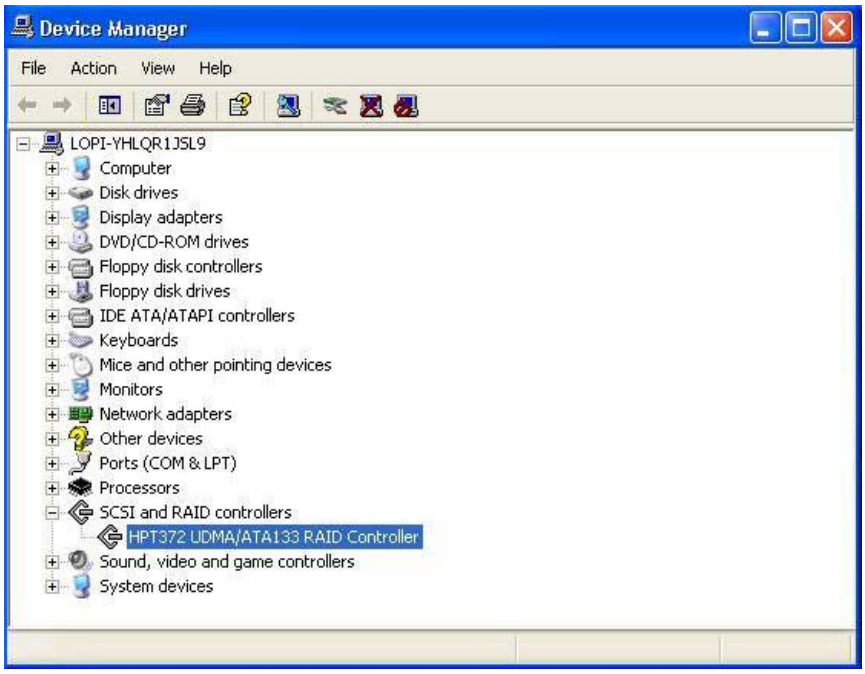
1. Right-click **My Computer** icon, select **Property** item in the popup menu.
2. In the popup window, select **Hardware** item and then click **Device Manager** button.

If there is **HPT370/HPT372 UDMA/ATA RAID Controller** item in the popup **Device Manager** window, it indicates that the driver has been successfully installed. Otherwise, please reinstall the driver.

Verify Installation on Windows XP

After the driver has been installed and the computer restarted:

1. Right-click **My Computer** icon, then select **Property** item from the popup menu
2. In the popup window, select **Hardware** tab and then click **Device Manager** button.



If **an HPT370/HPT372 UDMA/ATA RAID Controller and HighPoint RCM Device item exists** in the popup **Device Manager** window (see above), it indicates that the driver has been successfully installed.

Otherwise, if user cannot find these four device items, or there is **?** or **!** markings on device icon, it indicates that the driver has not been correctly installed and user needs to delete the devices and reinstall the drivers.

APPENDIX B

C-Media Sound Solution

OVERVIEW AND ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

C-Media 6 Channel Audio offers a new generation in audio solution: it utilizes the state-of-the-art CRL® 3D Audio technology (HRTF 3D positional audio), and supports Microsoft® DirectSound ® 3D and Aureal®'s A3D® interfaces. Better yet, it supports 2/4/6 speakers and DLS based (DownLoadable Sound) wave table music synthesizer which supports the DirectMusic®. Besides being legacy audio SB pro® compatible and providing professional SPDIF IN/OUT non-distortion digital interface, it also supports MPU-401 interface, dual game ports, etc. What we provide at the side card are line-in/rear speaker jack, microphone jack, audio output jack, SPDIF/OUT jack, and 15pin D-SUB multiplexed joystick/MIDI

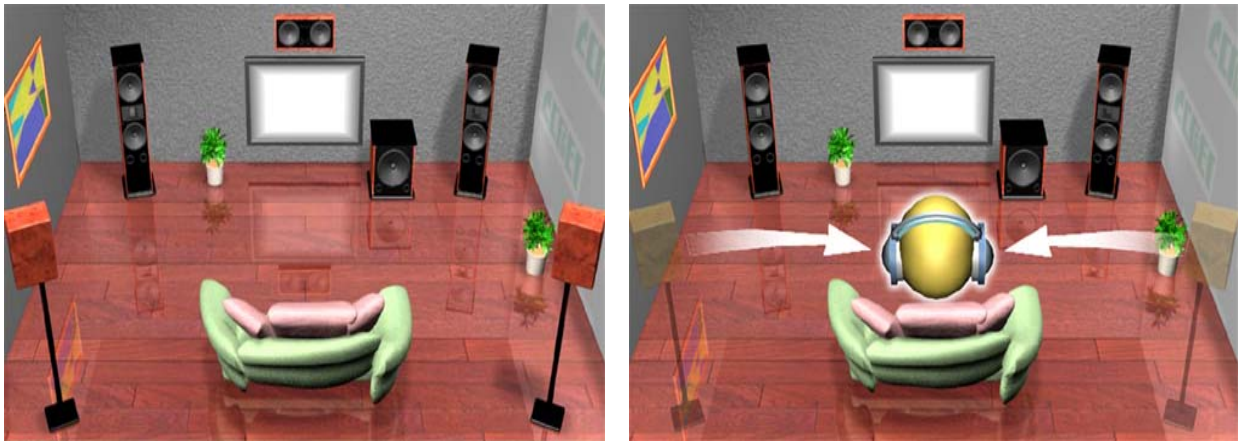
In additional, CMI8738 plus C-Media XeaR technology to brings forth a true earphone revolution in the way sound is heard and enjoyed in the multi-channel audio environment. Simply via an open-aired ear/headphone-like structure device, C-Media XeaR technology is capable of providing virtual rear sound effect compensation for the multi-channel audio system. For other virtues, C-Media XeaR technology helps to eliminate installation works (for example, speaker placement and installations), reduce the cost for purchasing rear speakers, and above all, retain major vintage benefits provide by the multi-channel audio system (accurate HRTF 3D, impressive EAXTM effects, to name a few).

Trademark Acknowledgements

Microsoft, Windows, DirectSound 3D, and DirectMusic are trademarks of Microsoft Corporation. Sound Blaster is a trademark of Creative Technology, Ltd. Sensaura EnvironmentFX™ is a trademark of Sensaura, Ltd. Aureal is a trademark of Aureal Inc. A3D is a registered trademark of Aureal Inc. C3DX™ is a trademark of C-Media electronics Inc. All other trademarks and registered trademarks mentioned in this manual are the property of

their respective holders and are hereby acknowledged.

World's 1st Earphone-like Apparatus for Compensating Rear Sound Effects



C-Media ***XeaR technology*** is capable of providing virtual rear sound effect compensation for the multi-channel audio system. For other virtues, C-Media ***XeaR technology*** helps to eliminate installation works (for example, speaker placement and installations), reduce the cost for purchasing rear speakers, and above all, retain major vintage benefits provide by the multi-channel audio system (accurate HRTF 3D, impressive EAX™ effects, to name a few). By way of software technology, ***XeaR*** supply all customers of C-Media Audio solution to enjoy this function. Moreover, its can unrestricted any brand of headphone and base on your budget to choice any device what you like.

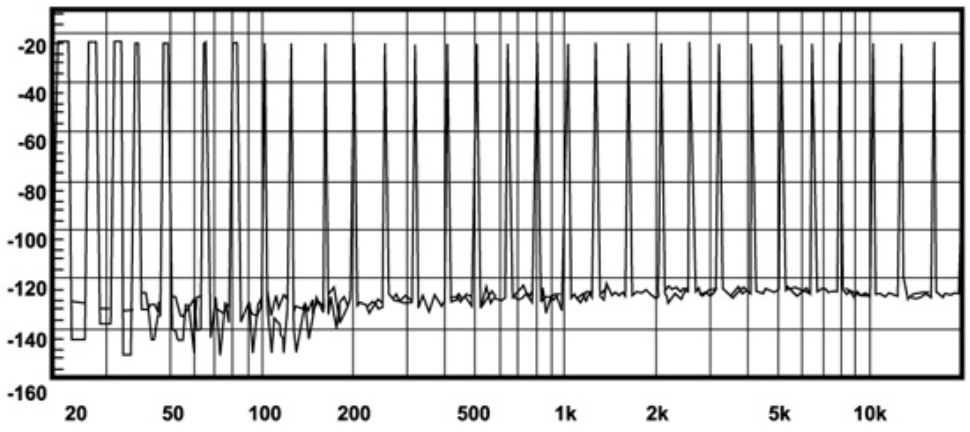
Special Features

- Full-duplex playback and recording. Built-in 16-bit CODEC.
- HRTF-based 3D positional audio (C3DX™) for earphone and 4/6 CH speakers output, supporting both DirectSound 3D® & A3D® interfaces.
- Comprehensive driver support: Windows 98/98SE, Windows ME, Windows 2000, Windows XP and Windows NT 4.0 Linux, BeOS, etc.…

- MPU-401 Game/Midi port and legacy audio SB Pro support.
- Downloadable Wave Table Synthesizer, supporting Direct Music®.
- Professional digital interface, supporting 24-bit SPDIF IN/OUT (Hardware 44.1K and 48K in/out).
- Microphone echo and Karaoke ascending/descending key effects.
- CMI8738/PCI-6CH with ***XeaR technology*** support.

Digital Audio (SPDIF IN/OUT)

- Up to 24-bit stereo 44KHz sampling rate; voice playback/ recording.
- Full-duplex playback and recording. 120dB audio quality measured.
- Auto detectable SPDIF/IN signal level from 0.5V to 5V.



120dB audio quality in playback, recording, and bypass modes.

Stereo Mixer

- Stereo analog mixing from CD-Audio and Line-in
- Stereo digital mixing from Voice, FM/Wave-table, and Digital CD-Audio
- Mono mixing from MIC Software adjustable volume.

Game and MIDI Interface

- Fully compatible with MPU-401 Midi UART and Sound Blaster Midi mode/Standard IBM PC joystick/game port (dual channels)

Driver Installation/Un-installation Procedure

DOS INSTALLATION

Before the installation, please make sure that your hard disk has sufficient space (min. 4MB). Insert the Driver CD into the CD-ROM Drive.

❶Change directory to PCI audio DOS drivers folder (ex. D:\Audio\cmi8738_6Ch\Dosdrv) at DOS prompt, and type:

INSTALL [Enter]

❷Type the DOS utilities path you want to install the file in.

❸Program will expand the file to the path you've specified.

❹Install program will add initial drivers into AUTOEXEC.BAT file.

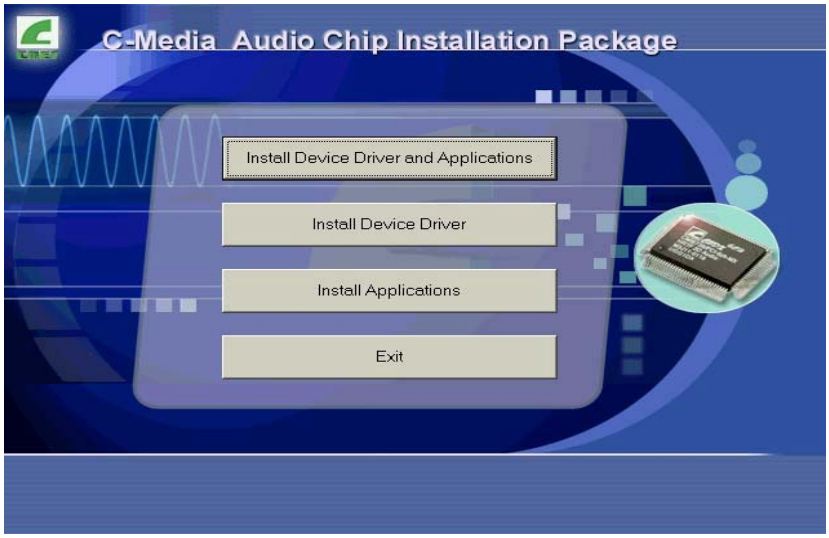
WIN95/98/98SE/ME/2000/XP INSTALLATION

C-Media audio device driver and software media application provide much more than your imagination. When you insert installation CD, set up program will automatically pop up installation dialog box and user can follow the program step by step to completed set up.

❶Insert SOYO driver CD

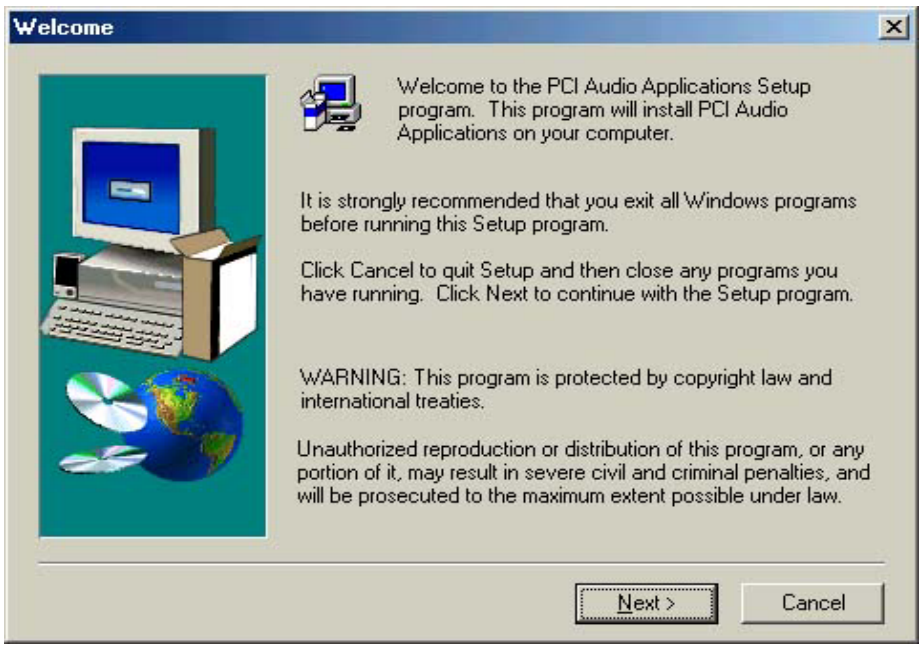
❷Set up program will pop up dialog box as follow:

❸You can select to install both driver and application or one of them.

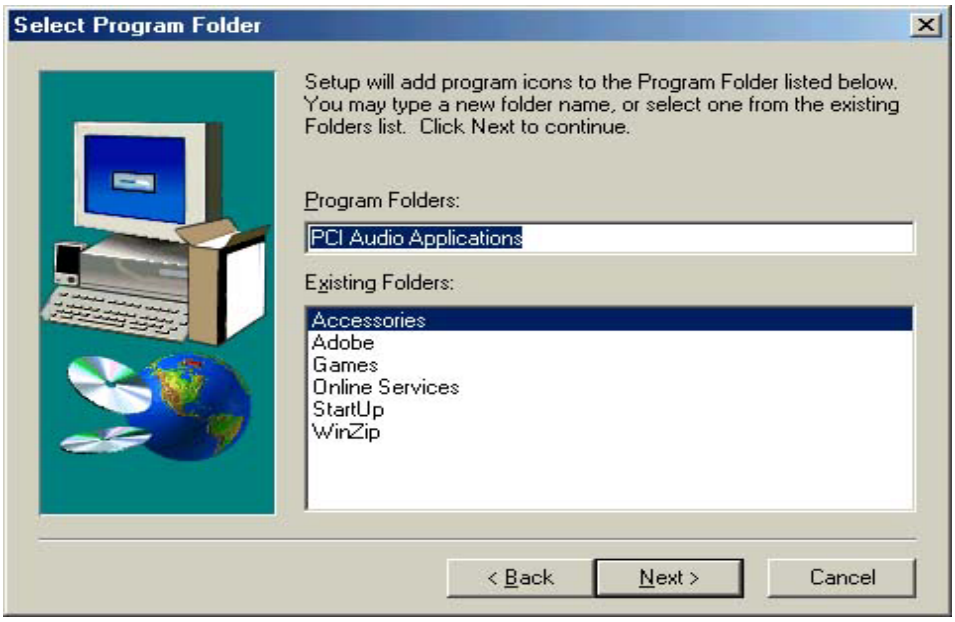


❹User can choose favorite language

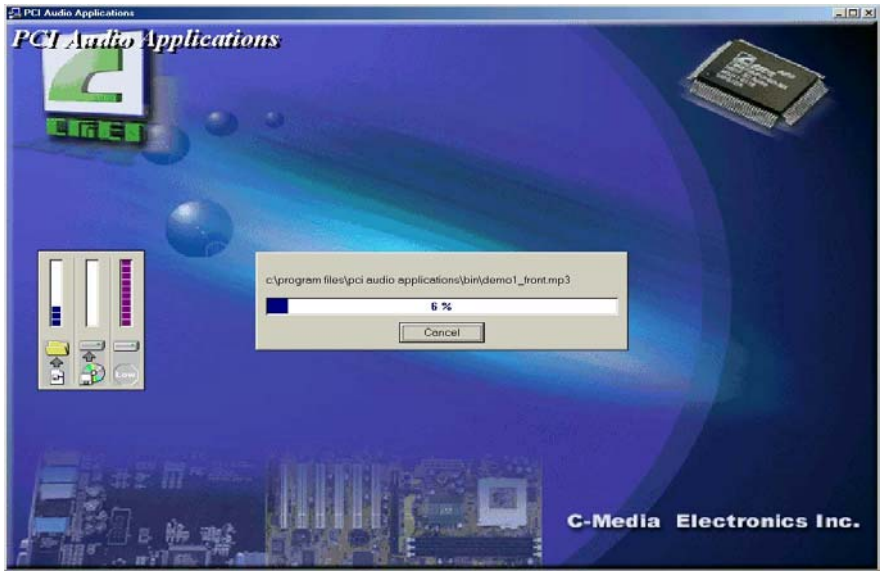
❺This dialog box was reminded you some information about agreement.



❻Select folder to set up program. (Recommend select as default setting)



❼Proceeding install procedure (Include components copy and device search…)



❽Setup program will extract Microsoft DirectX and Direct media components.

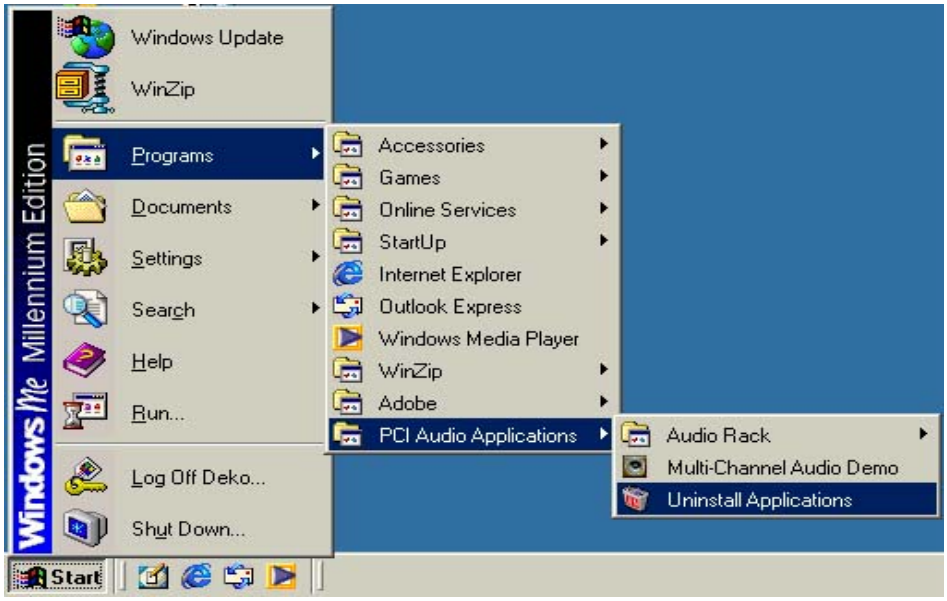
❾After copy and extracting, set up program will install device driver and this step will take some time, please be patient.

❿When finished set up the program will pop up a dialog picture to show multi-channel speaker environment. User should select which speaker mode he or she wants.

After whole installation procedure has finish, you will need to restart your computer for enable driver and application functions.

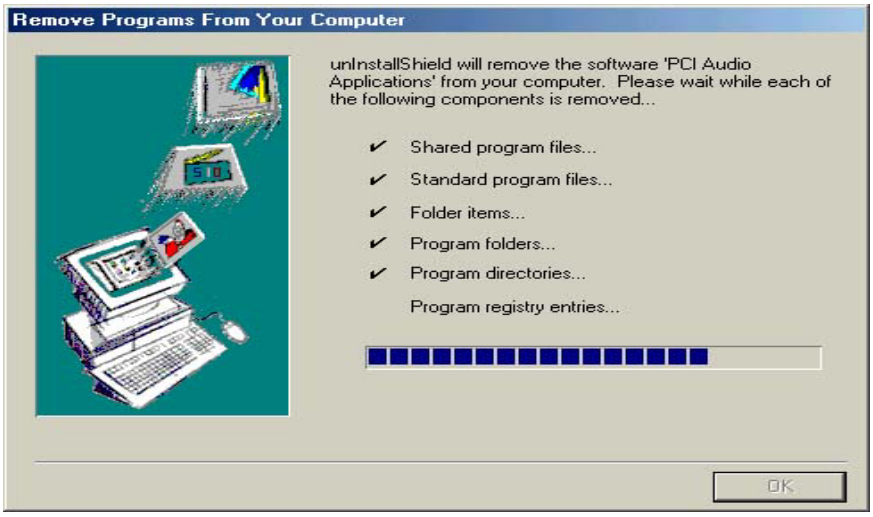
WIN95/98/98SE/ME/2000/XP UN-INSTALLATION

❶If you want to remove audio driver or application you can use uninstall function on “PCI Audio Application”.



❷The uninstall program will confirm your step. If you want to remove those programs then click “Yes”.

❸When you click “Yes”, program will remove files and components.



WINDOWS NT 4.0 INSTALLATION

We recommend that you install Windows NT 4.0 before you install this PCI audio card, and you not install any other sound card device drivers in your current system.

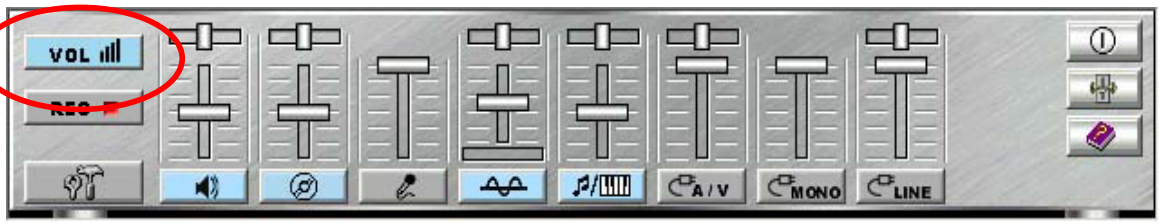
1. Click “Start”, move the highlight bar to “Setting”, and select the “Control Panel”.
2. Double-click “Multimedia”.
3. Select “Devices”, and press “Add”.
4. Select “Unlisted or Updated Driver” in “List of Drivers”.

5. Specify the drive path where NT drivers are in (such as D:\Audio\cmi8738_6Ch\NT40\Drv).
6. Select “C-Media CM8738,” and press “OK”.
7. Select proper I/O value.
8. Press “OK.”
9. Restart the system when being asked.
10. Now, you have already installed the PCI Audio Adapter under Microsoft Windows NT 4.0 successfully. if you want to install the Windows applications, continue the following steps:
11. Click “Start”.
12. Select “Run”.
13. Key in drive path where the Windows NT application installation program are in; for example, “D:\Audio\ cmi8738_6Ch\NT40\Drv\APP\SETUP.EXE”
14. Click “OK” to start the installation procedure, and follow the on-screen instructions to complete the installation. When all of application software has been installed, shut down the Windows NT system, and then reboot your system.

C-Media Power Mixer

❶Volume Control

For each output signal, the control slider regulates the loudness whereas a horizontal slider the balance between the two speakers. The mute button can temporarily stop the output without changing slider positions. A button with a lit LED means the output is available, and vice versa. Several output signals can usually be enabled at once.



Volume: This is the master control over all outputs. The power of an outputRe signal is determined by both of the volume slider and the slider for the individual output. To modify all the outputs, adjust the volume slider. To change individual output(s), adjust its(their) slider(s).

CD: Regulates the CD drive audio input level.

MIC: Regulates the input level of microphone.

WAVE: Regulates wave (voice) playback levels.

MIDI: Regulates the MIDI music play level.

AUX IN: Regulates the Auxiliary input play level.

LINE IN: Regulates the Line-In levels.

Advanced: Regulates the advanced settings.

❷Recording Control

For each input signal, a control slider regulates the loudness whereas a horizontal slider the balance between the two channels. The select button can temporarily select input signal without changing slider positions. A button with a lit LED means it is available, and vice versa.

CD: Regulates the CD drive audio input level.

MIC: Regulates the input level of microphone.

WAVE: Regulates wave (voice) playback level.

FM: Regulates the FM music play level.

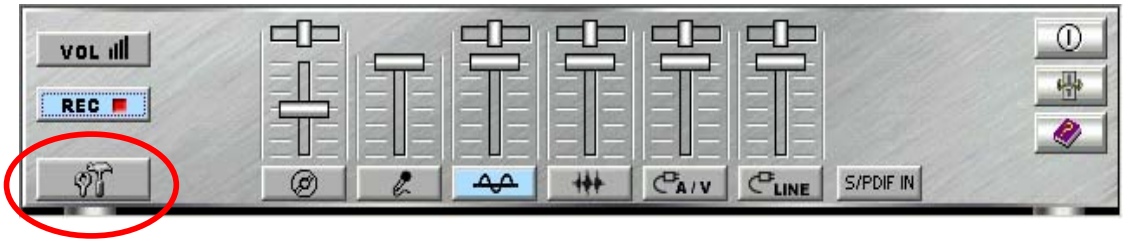
AUX IN: Regulates the Auxiliary input play level.

LINE IN: Regulates the Line-In level.

SPDIF IN: Enables the recording from SPDIF in. SPDIF-in is mutually exclusive with other input signals.

Advanced: Regulates the advanced settings.

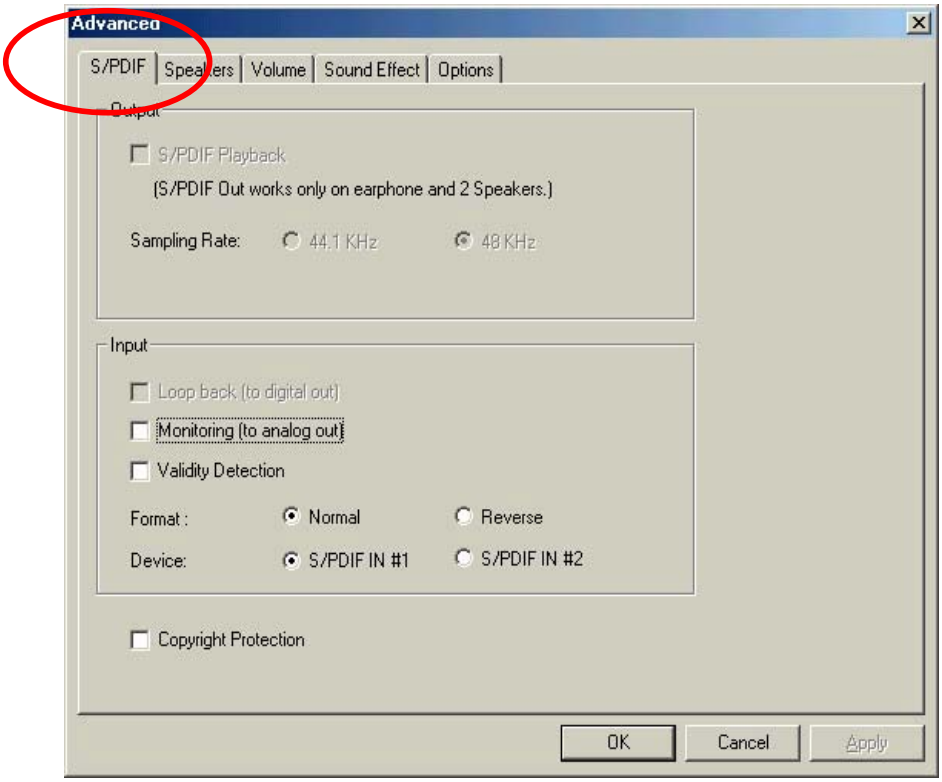
❸Advanced Dialog Box



➢Advanced – SPDIF (Sony/Philips Digital Interface)

SPDIF dialog provides a full control over SPDIF IN/OUT functions. You can use these settings to connect your computer to other pieces of audio device, such as: Mini Disc players, amplifiers…etc.

1. To enable **SPDIF-OUT** should be under 2-channel speaker mode since SPDIF standard only supports 2ch PCM audio data. If users would like to transmit multi-channels audio through SPDIF, users should choose AC-3 Dolby encoded format or DTS like DVD titles. Users can choose **44.1K or 48K Hz** sampling rate of PCM data when using SPDIF-Out.
2. SPDIF Input **Loopback** is used for digital-in to digital-out.
3. **Monitoring** is used for digital-in to analog-out.
4. **Validity Detection** is for data validity/correction check.
5. **Format** option is reserved for input digital data phase inverse since some source data may has reverse phase.
6. **Device** option is for choosing SPDIF input channel (8738 supports two SPDIF-In channels).
7. The **Copyright Protection** is to enable SPDIF Copyright bit. Then recording copyright- protected input data will be not available. For more information of SPDIF, please refer to the Appendixes C and D.

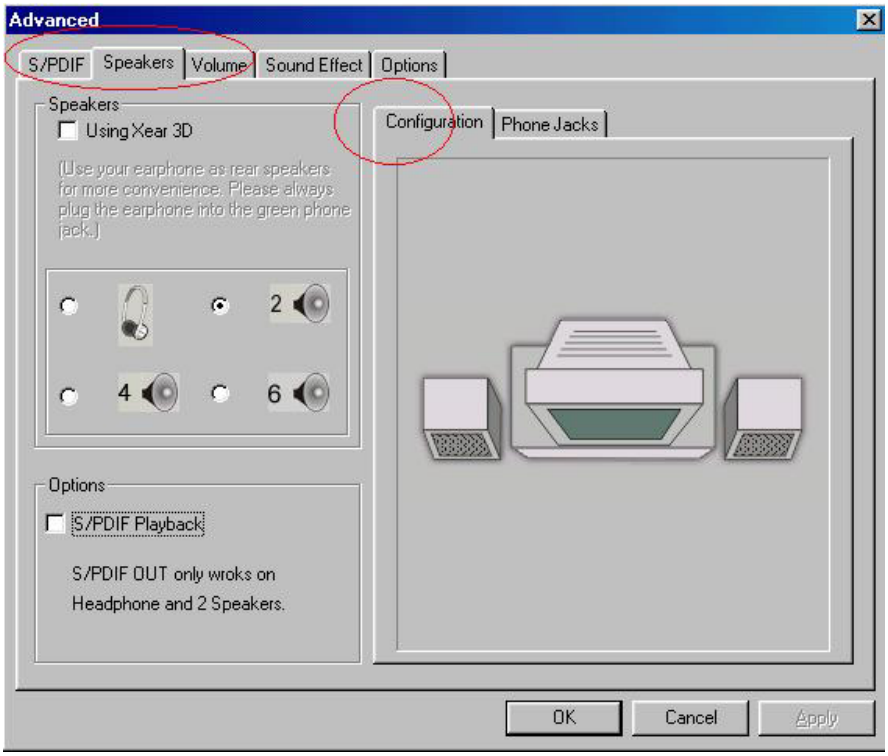


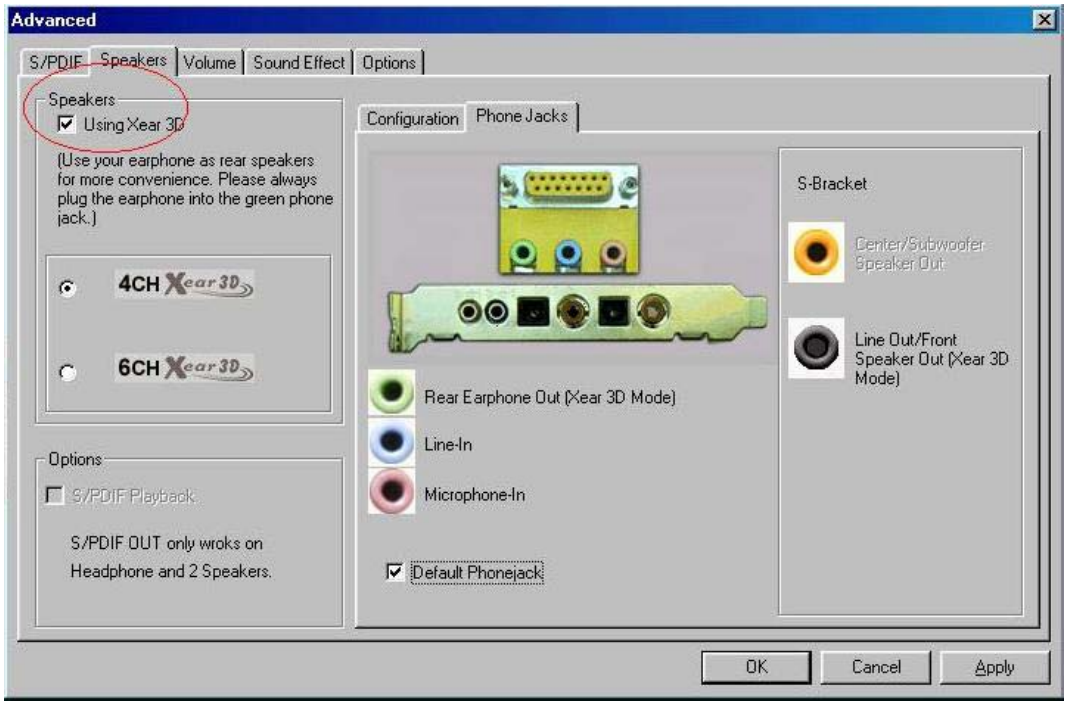
Advanced –Speakers (General Mode)

Speakers dialog box provides an interface allowing you to set your speaker mode. CMI8738-6ch supports earphone, 2ch, 4ch, and 5.1ch mode.

1. The "**Configuration**" tag shows the speakers figure corresponding to your setting.
2. The "**Phone Jacks**" tag shows the correct phone jack configuration for your Motherboard/sound card.

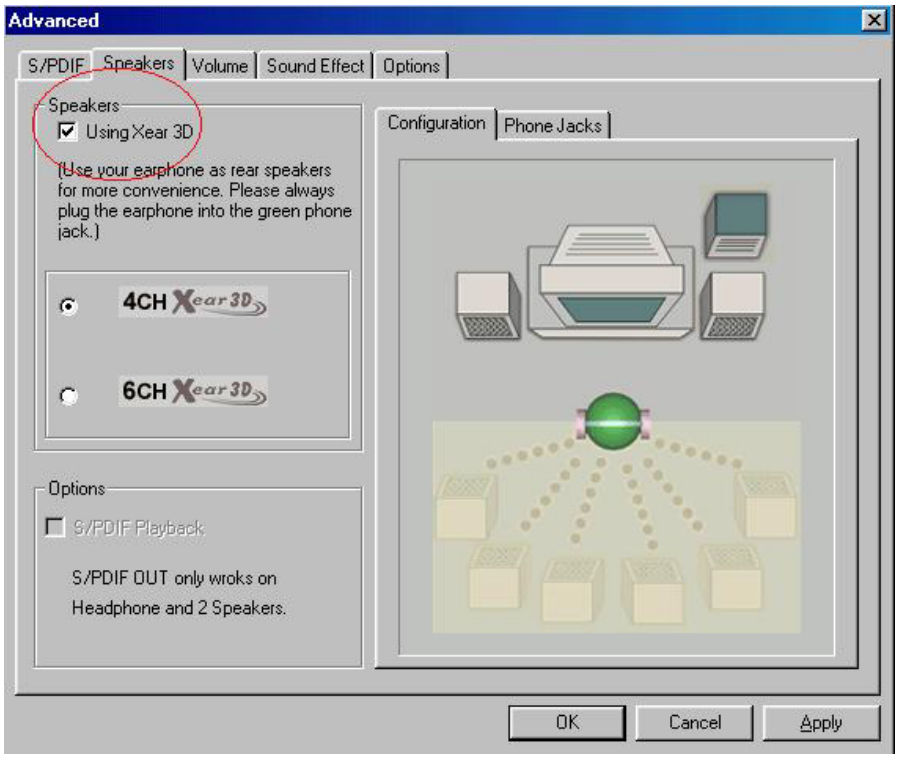
First, you should make sure what type your speakers are, and what the correct configurations are. You can always refer to this to make sure whether or not the connections of your speakers and plugs are correct.


Advanced
S/PDIF
Speakers
Volume
Sound Effect
Options
Speakers
Using Xear 3D
(Use your earphone as rear speakers for more convenience. Please always plug the earphone into the green phone jack.)
2
4
6
Options
S/PDIF Playback
S/PDIF OUT only wroks on Headphone and 2 Speakers.
Configuration
Phone Jacks
OK
Cancel
Apply


Advanced
S/PDIF
Speakers
Volume
Sound Effect
Options
Speakers
Using Xear 3D
(Use your earphone as rear speakers for more convenience. Please always plug the earphone into the green phone jack.)
4CH Xear 3D
6CH Xear 3D
Options
S/PDIF Playback
S/PDIF OUT only wroks on Headphone and 2 Speakers.
Configuration
Phone Jacks
S-Bracket
Center/Subwoofer Speaker Out
Line Out/Front Speaker Out (Xear 3D Mode)
Rear Earphone Out (Xear 3D Mode)
Line-In
Microphone-In
Default Phonejack
OK
Cancel
Apply

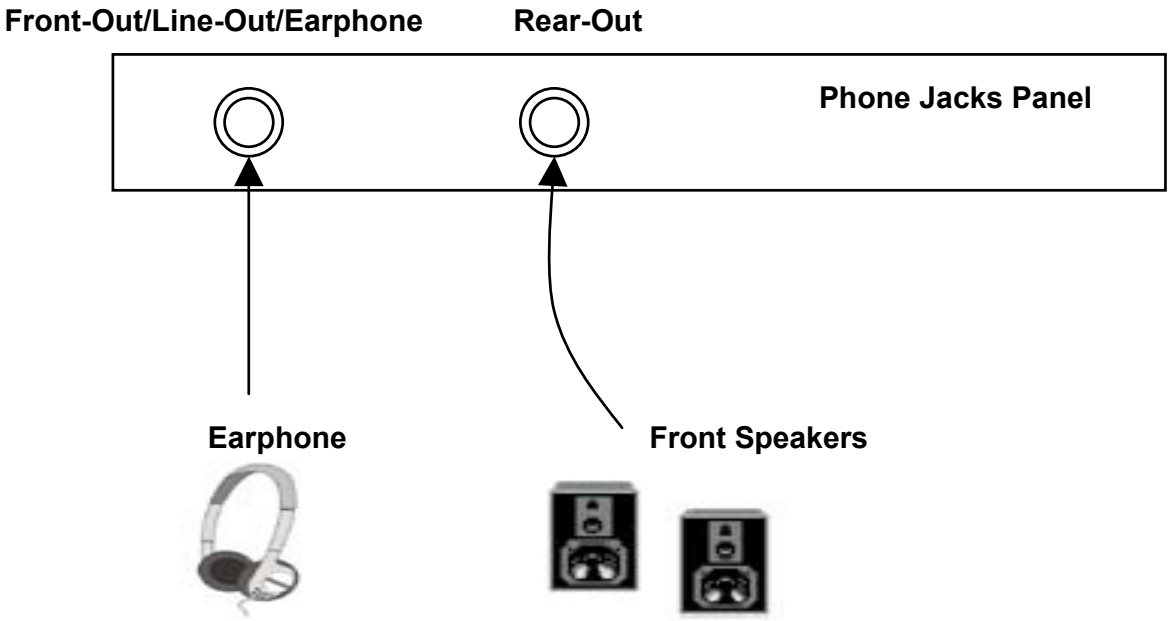
Advanced – Speakers (XeaR Mode)

XeaR technology provides a different multi-channel listening method and environment setting. Users can use general open-style earphones to replace rear speakers so that users will hear rear-out sounds from the earphone. Without rear speakers, users will need less setup-up effort, cost and space using XeaR technology. It will be also convenient for gamers to enjoy multi-channel 3D sound effect when playing games especially in Internet Cafés, which usually have less space.



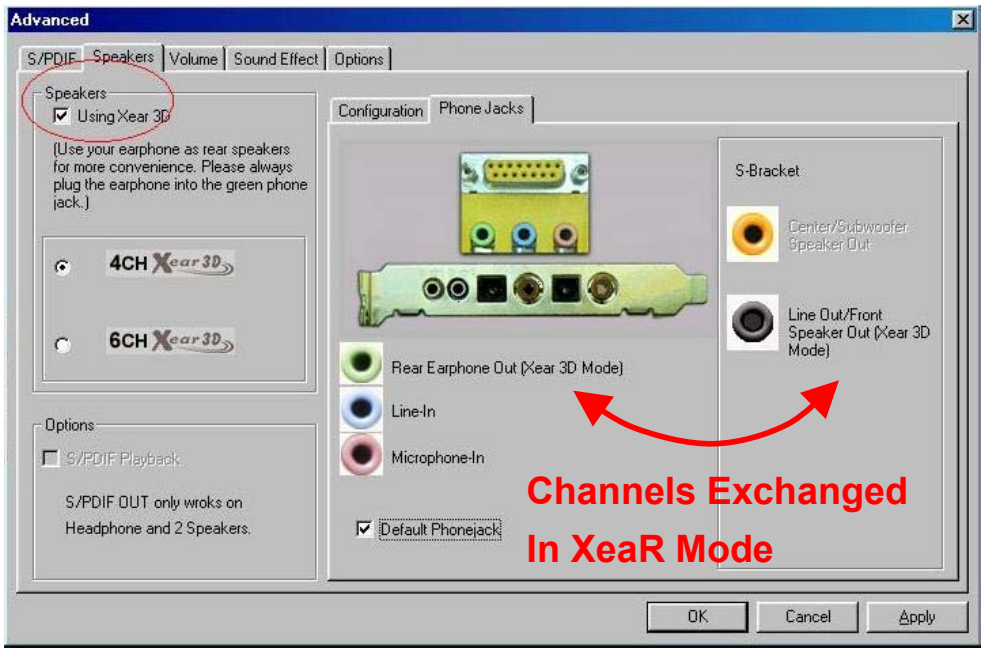
By clicking “Using XeaR” option, you can enter into XeaR Mode. **When choosing XeaR Mode, the driver will exchange the output channels of Front-Out and Rear-Out since the Rear-Out channels do not have earphone driving power. Therefore, users need to plug the front speakers into original Rear-Out phone jack and plug the XeaR earphone into Front-Out/Line-Out or Earphone jack as follows.**

XeaR Mode



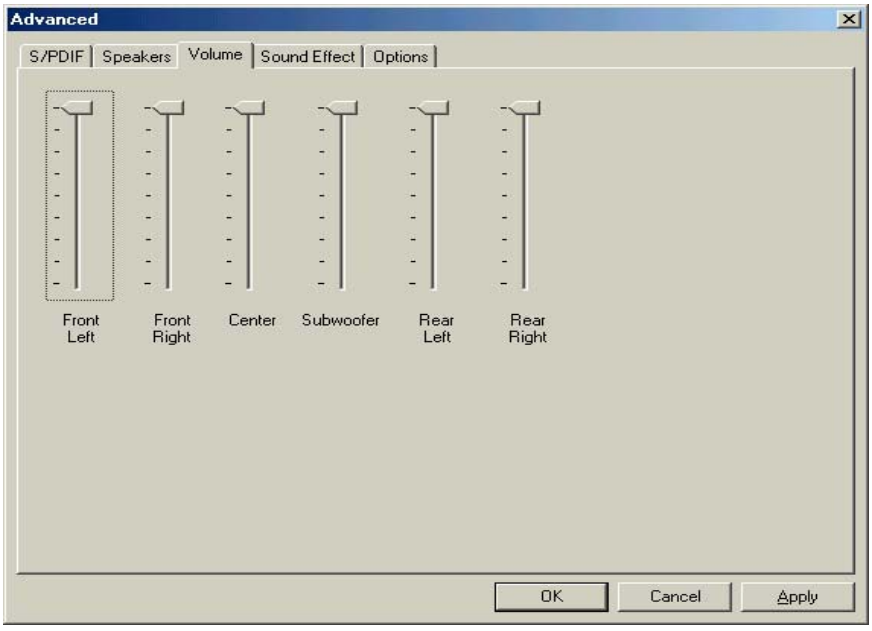
Please also refer to the phone jack tag in the mixer that will show you how to connect the speakers and your earphone in your machine and then enjoy your XeaR listening experience.

To reduce the inconvenience of manual changing plugs, it's recommended for users to always choose XeaR mode to enjoy personal listening environment and do not need to adjust plugging.



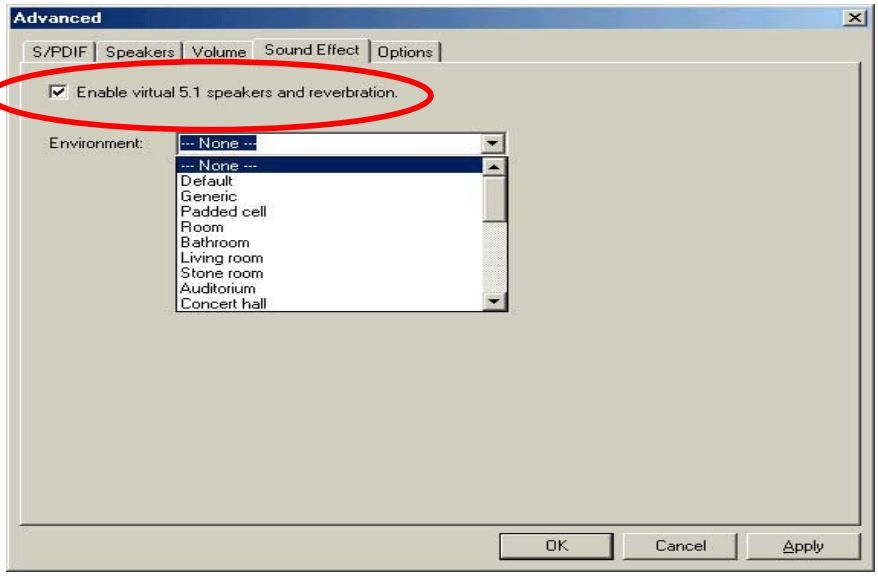
Advanced – Volume

Volume dialog provides a full control over the volume of the six channels digital output. You can adjust the volume of sounds from your respective speakers in this dialog. **It will be also useful in XeaR mode to optimize the best 3D sound effects.** Please note that the volume of analog path is not controlled by this function.



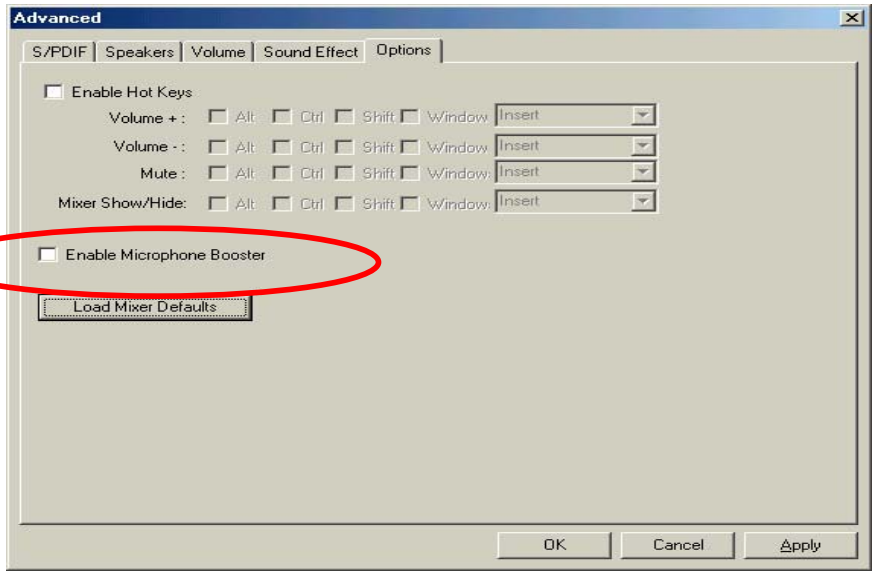
Advanced - Sound effects

Sound effects dialog allows you to modify the special environment sound effects of the song and game being played. Currently, these effectors can only be used for the player or the game which utilizes DirectSound 2D and 3D to playback their music. **Virtual 5.1** option will try to simulate surround sounds even your digital audio sources are only 2 channels.



Advanced - Options

Options dialog provides a hot key setting to control the Mixer in an easy way. Please note that this might affect other applications if you use the same hot key setting. Please use '**Load Mixer Defaults**' to change all settings to default values. "**Enable Microphone Booster**" will enable +12dB microphone input signal gain.



1. Windows Applications—Audio Rack

Audio Rack (for WDM driver)

By means of a user-friendly interface (as easy as operating your home stereo system), this PCI audio rack provides you with control over your PC's audio functions, including the advantage of 4/6 speakers mode enable/disable, and perfect digital sound (SPDIF) input /output control.

Control Center

Control Center: Controls the display of the PCI Audio Rack components.

This Audio Rack consists of several major components:

CD Player can play standard audio CDs, and allow you to create your own playlist.

MIDI Player can play MIDI files, *.mid/*.rmi, and allow you to create your own playlist.

MP3/Wave Player can play mp3, wave, and MPEG-1 files. It provides EAX and equalizer to improve the sound effects when you playback the audio files. If you want to sing a song, MP3/Wave Player also provides a Karaoke function. MP3/Wave Player can record input signals and save it in a wave file as well.

Mixer controls the volume level of your audio inputs and outputs.

Showing or Hiding Audio Rack Components

To show or hide a component from the display, click the component button(s) listed on the top.

❶ CD Player

CD Player: Plays standard audio CDs, and allows you to create your own playlist.

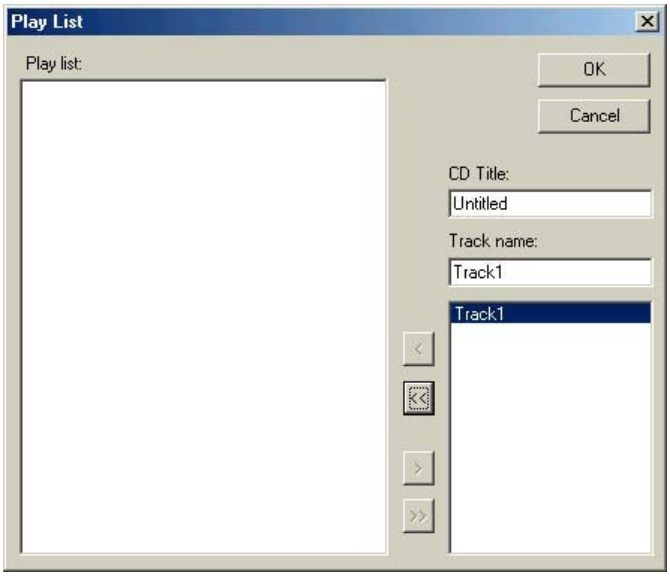
Current Track field shows the number of the currently selected CD track.

CD title and track name field shows CD title and track name. You can modify CD title and track name in [Playlist] function.

Total length field displays the total length of the selected track in minutes and seconds.

Playback time field displays the current playback time.

Button Function

	Playlist: You can select or move tracks of audio CD from and into the playlist. The title of CD and the name of tracks can be modified as well. Playlist dialog will save and show them automatically when you want to play the same CD. 
	Previous song: Loads the previous track of playlist. If current track is the first track, the last track will become the current track.
	***Next song*:** Loads the next track of playlist. If current track is the last track, the first track will become the current track.
	Playback: Starts to playback the current track.
	Pause/Restart: Pauses or restarts the current playback action.
	Stop: Stops playback.
	***Playback backward for 10 seconds*:** Playback the current to 10 seconds before.
	***Playback forward for 10 seconds*:** Playback the current to 10 seconds after.
	Loop: Playbacks the tracks over and over again.
	Eject: Opens the CD-ROM drive to change the audio CD.

	Setting: Selects the CD-ROM drive which analog output is connected to the Analog-CD in of your sound card. If your CD-ROM does not connect to the analog CD input wire, please use device manager to change the property of your CD-ROM.
	Help: Shows the help screen for detailed button function descriptions.
	About: Shows software version and copyright information.
	Exit: Stops and leaves the CD player.

❷ MIDI Player

MIDI Player can play MIDI files, *.mid/*.rmi, and allow you to create your own playlist.

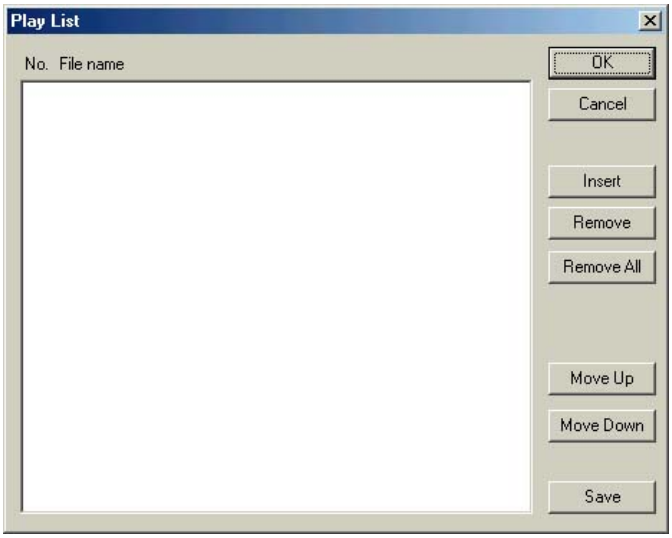
Current file field shows the number of the currently selected MIDI files.

File name field shows the file name.

Total length field displays the total length of the selected file in minutes and seconds.

Playback time field displays the current playback time.

Button Function

	Playlist: allows you to insert, remove, and record the MIDI files into and from the playlist. You can save the playlist into a file as well. 
	Previous song: Loads the previous MIDI file of playlist. If current file is the first MIDI file, the last one will become the current selection.
	Next song: Loads the next MIDI file of playlist. If current file is the last one, the first file will become the current selection.
	Playback: Starts to playback the current MIDI file.
	Pause/Restart: Pauses or restarts the current playback action.
	Stop: Stops playback.
	***Playback Backward for 10 seconds*:** Playback the current to 10 seconds before.
	***Playback Forward 10 seconds*:** Playback the current to 10 seconds after.
	Loop: Playbacks the MIDI files of the playlist over and over again.

	Setting: Selects the output device you want to use to playback the MIDI files.
	Help: Shows the help screen for detailed button function descriptions.
	About: Shows software version and copyright information.
	Exit: Stops and leaves the MIDI Player.

❸ MP3/Wave Player

MP3/Wave Player can play mp3, wave, and MPEG-1 files. It provides EAX and equalizer to improve the sound effects when you playback the audio files. MP3/ Wave Player can record input signals and save it into a wave file as well.

Current file field shows the number of the currently selected audio files in the playlist.

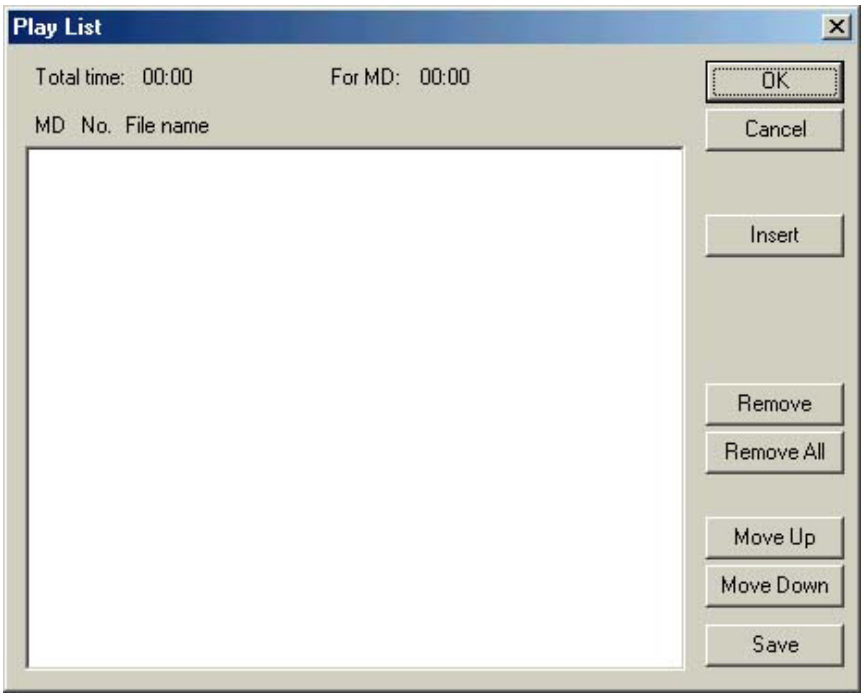
Frequency display field shows the frequency distribution.

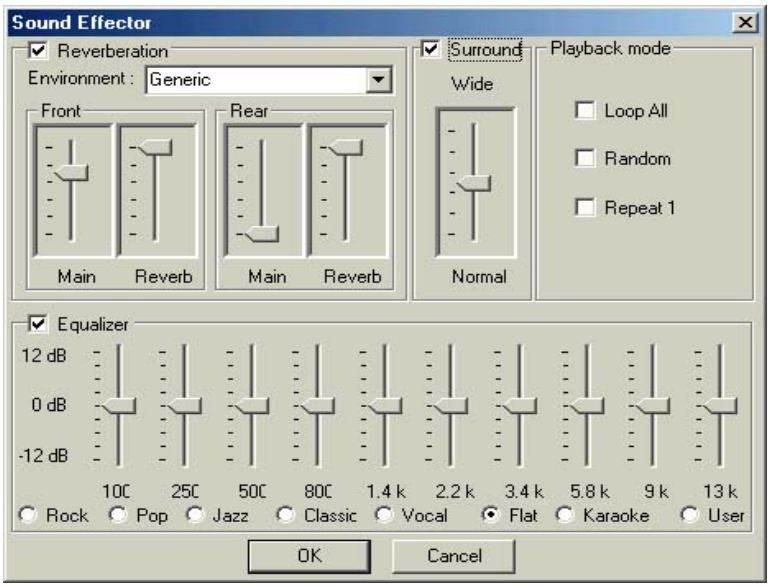
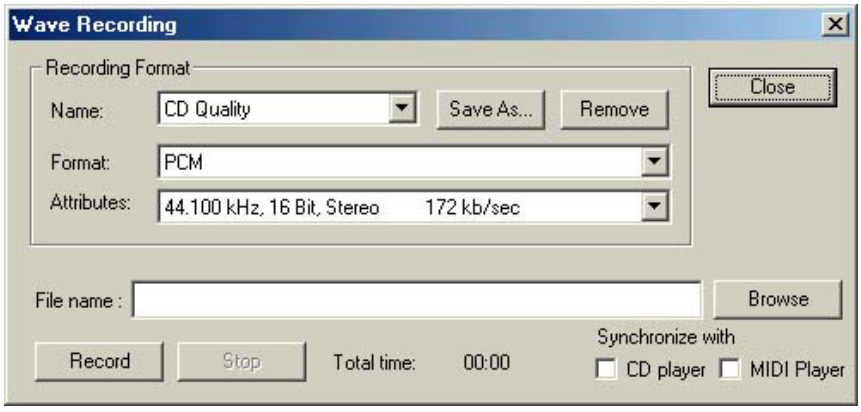
Total length field displays the total length of the currently selected file in minutes and seconds.

Playback time field displays the current playback time.

File name and status field displays the file name, audio format, sound effects selection, playback mode, Karaoke mode, and SPDIF status.

Button Function

	Playlist**:** Playlist allows you to insert, remove, and record the audio files into and from the playlist. The audio files include wave, MP3, and MPEG-1 encoding files. 
	Previous song: Loads the previous audio file of playlist. If current file is the first file, the last one will become the current selection.
	Next song: Loads the next audio file of playlist. If current file is the last one, the first file will become the current selection.
	Playback: Starts to playback the current audio file.
	Pause/Restart: Pauses or restarts the current playback action.
	Stop: Stops playback.
	Playback backward for 10 seconds**:** Playback the current to 10 seconds before.

	***Playback forward for 10 seconds*:** Playback the current to 10 seconds after.
	***Sound effector*:** You can use this function to modify the special effect of the song being played. Currently, these effectors can only be used for 44.1 KHz, 16-bit format. 
	***Recording*:** You can use this function to record a wave file from any recording channel. 
	***Setting*:** You can use this dialog to set the playback parameters and the status of SPDIF IN/OUT. For more information of SPDIF, please refer to the Appendixes C and D.

	Help: Shows the help screen for detailed button function descriptions.
	About: Shows software version and copyright information.
	Exit: Stops and leaves the MP3 player.

Multi-Channel Audio Demo

CMI8738 PCI-Based C3DX Audio Chip provides many advanced functions, such as:

- HRTF-based CRL® 3D extensional/positional audio; API compatible with Microsoft® DirectSound® 3D and Aureal® A3D API.
- Supports rear side speakers;
- C3DX positional audio in 4/6CH speakers mode. (5.1 CH, DVD AC-3® home theater available).
- Compatible with EAX™ (Environment Audio eXtention).
- KARAOKE ascending/descending keys, Echo.
- Supports Center/Subwoofer side speakers. (for chip model 039 and the following models).

To let everyone avail himself/herself of the above functions, a user-friendly interface (Multi-Channel Audio Demo) was designed with the following functions:

❶4 CH speakers mode, including Demo1 and Demo2.

❷EAX™ (Environment Audio eXtention) support.

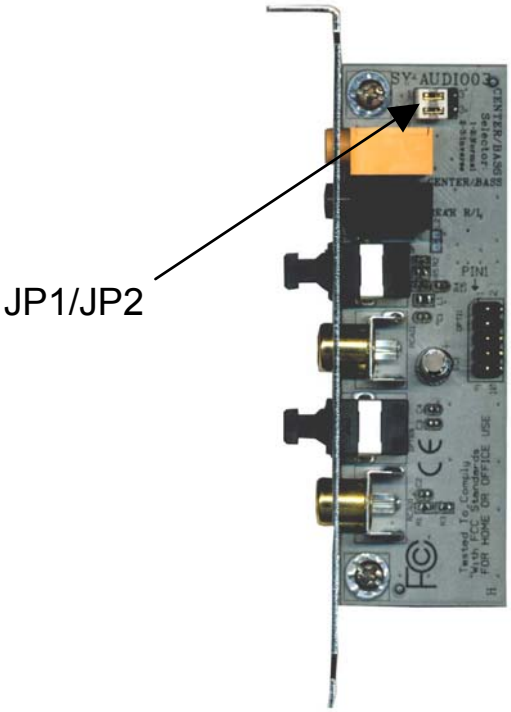
❸HRTF-based CRL® 3D extensional/positional audio.

❹KARAOKE ascending/descending keys, Echo, and microphone ascending/descending keys.

❺6 CH speakers mode, including Demo1 and Demo2. (for chip models 039 and the following models).

Speakers and Microphone Connection

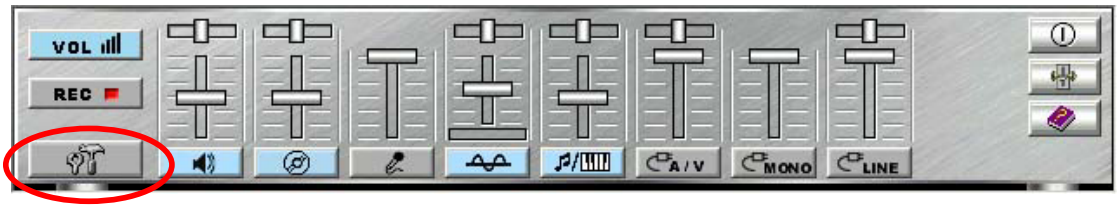
Before running this demo program to feeling the C-Media's Sound Banquet, you have to connect the speakers and the microphone to the correct phone jacks.

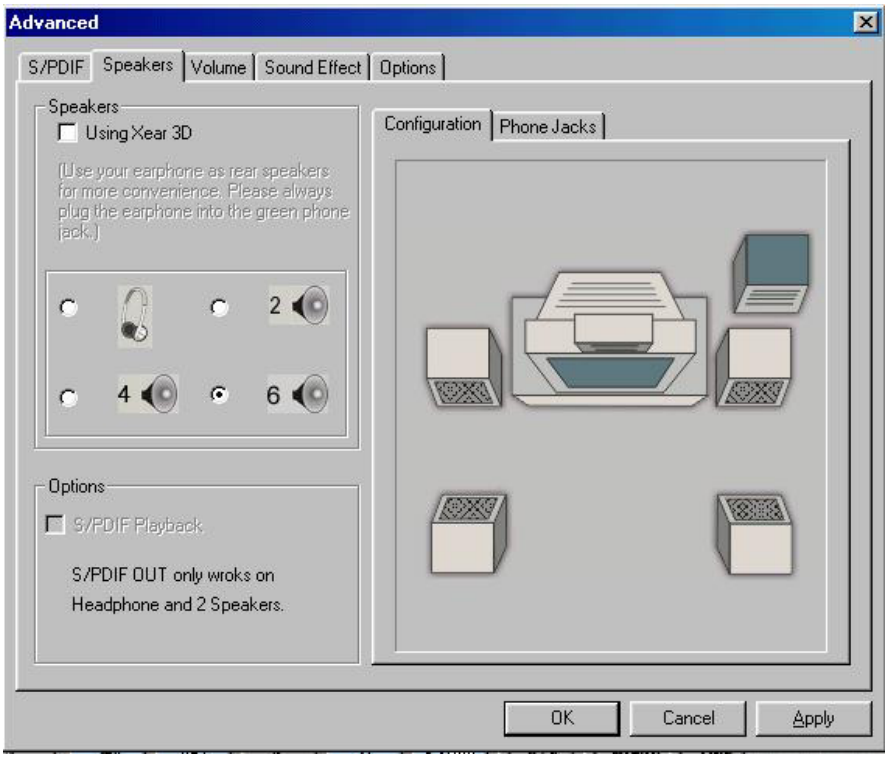


Note: Some 5.1 speaker have different center/base assignment. Please use the C-media Multi-Channel Audio demo software to check if sounds coming from the center/base speaker are correct. If not, short pin 2-3 of JP1 and JP2.

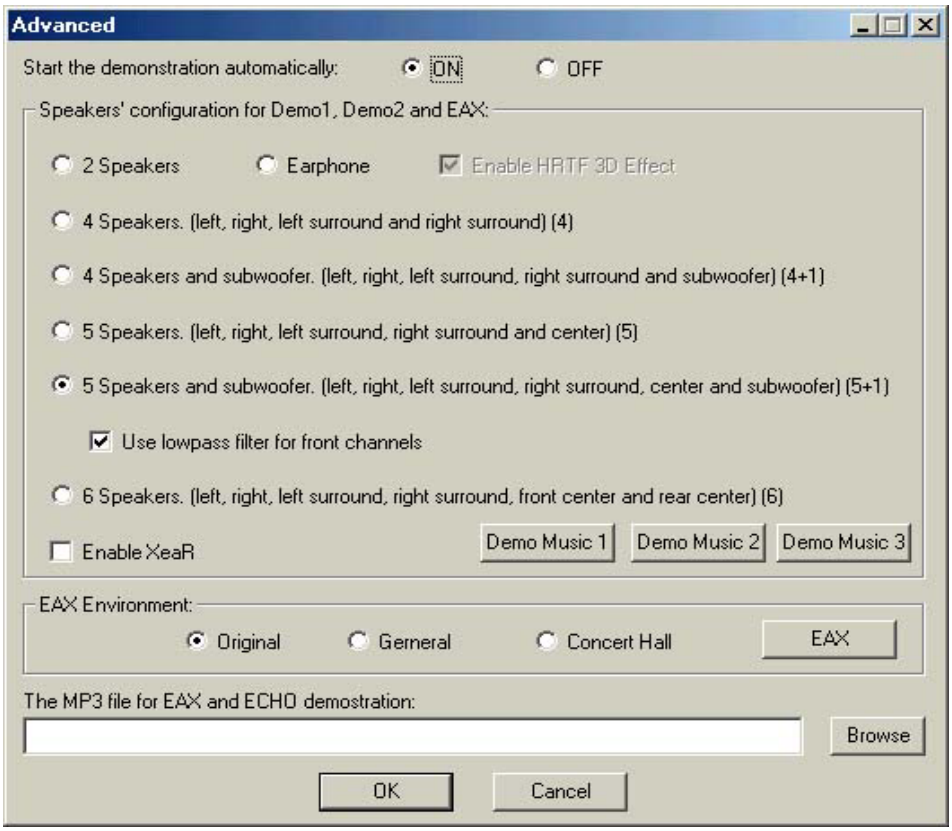
How to Enable 4/ 5/ 5.1 Speakers

You have to activate the "Mixer" program and click "Advanced" button. Then you can open speakers page and selected "4-Speaker", "5 Speakers", or "5.1 Speakers" mode to let the audio driver recognize your rear or center/subwoofer speakers, and have the front/rear/center/subwoofer speakers work. The audio driver will activate the audio chip to output different sounds from the front/rear/center/subwoofer speakers based on different playback formats. For more information, please refer to the "9 C-Media Power Mixer".



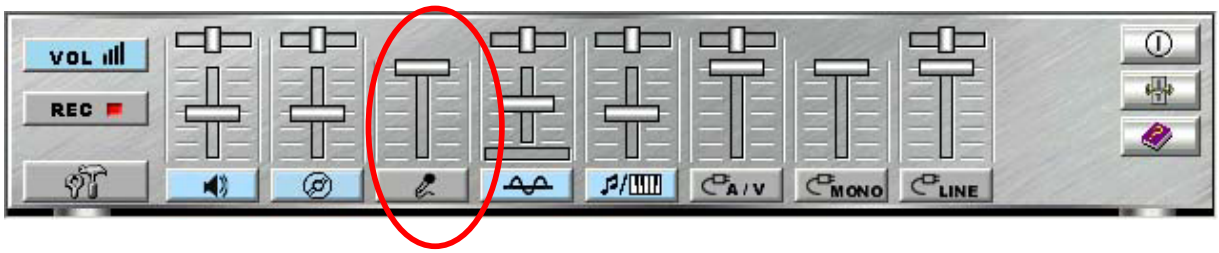


Beside this, you can open multi-channel audio program and click the “TV” on home theater graphic picture. The program will pop up a dialog box to set up advanced setting.



How to Adjust the Microphone Volume

You have to use the microphone when availing yourself of the "Echo" function. If the microphone is on and is very close to the speakers, it will cause feedback between the two. Also, unusual high frequencies or buzzing sounds might be heard from the speakers. To avoid this, you have to adjust the microphone volume in both recording and playback. Sometimes you might have to adjust the main and Wave volume as well. Please left-click the mouse to adjust the microphone (MIC) in both Volume and Recording Control.



Test Your Speakers Connection

To make sure that the front and the rear speakers are correctly connected, you can use the following program to testify individual speaker output. Move cursor to whichever speaker you want to test and left-click the mouse. If the setup is correct, you can hear music coming from that speaker alone. Each music output is different for distinction.

You can move your mouse on any speaker, which at the graphic user interface. When you click speaker then its will sound from correct channel.

Demonstrations

C-Media provided three music melodies, which are specially designed for Multi-channel speakers system demonstration. Select Music by left-clicking the mouse. Sit back and relax, and let the music take control.

How was it like? Isn't it fantastic??? If you don't have multi-channel speaker system, hurry up and buy yourself one right away!

EAX

Monotonous footsteps generate distinctive sound effects in different environments. In this Demo, you can hear a lady wearing high heels walk in different surroundings: generic environment, bathroom, sewer pipe, and underwater. Left-click the mouse to activated this Demo and feel the differences.

HRTF

HRTF stands for Head Related Transfer Functions, and it is a set of audio filters varying locations of sound effects (spatial hearing cues) in three-dimension measured from the listener's eardrum.

This technology and special digital signal processing are used to recreate spatial hearing cues, making our ears hear realistic and three-dimensional sounds coming from a pairs of loud speakers or headphones.

When you activate this Demo, you can simply shooting, fire missile and fly helicopter.

Echo

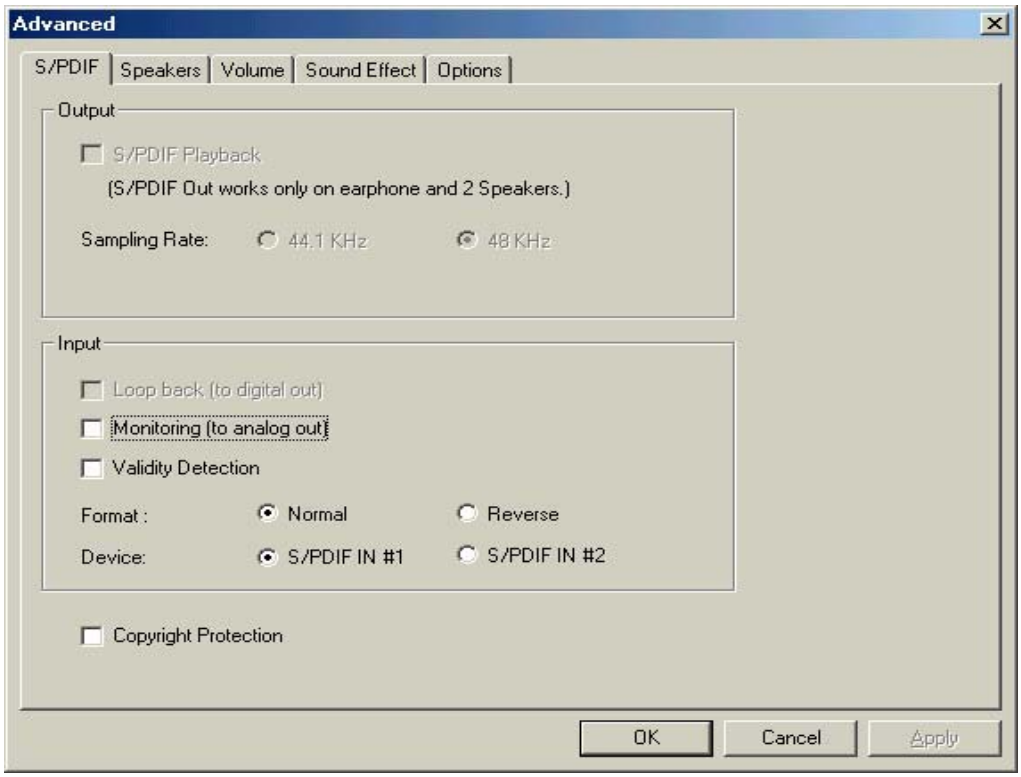
Like to sing along with Karaoke? It might occur to you to use your PC for this. However, when you turn on the microphone, play the song, and ready to sing, you see that the effect is not as good as expected. Why? Echo is the answer. To help you solve this problem, this demo is designed to include the Echo function. Please left-click the upper right of the demo screen as shown below, and choose your own music file to play. Please note the file type has to be MP3 file.

Please left-click "Echo" to activate the function. For pitch adjustment, please use ↑ and ↓ keys on the keyboard. For microphone pitch adjustment, please use "+" and "-" keys on the numeric keyboard. To resume the original, please use← and → keys.

Using MP3/Wave Player to Work With Mini Disc Recording

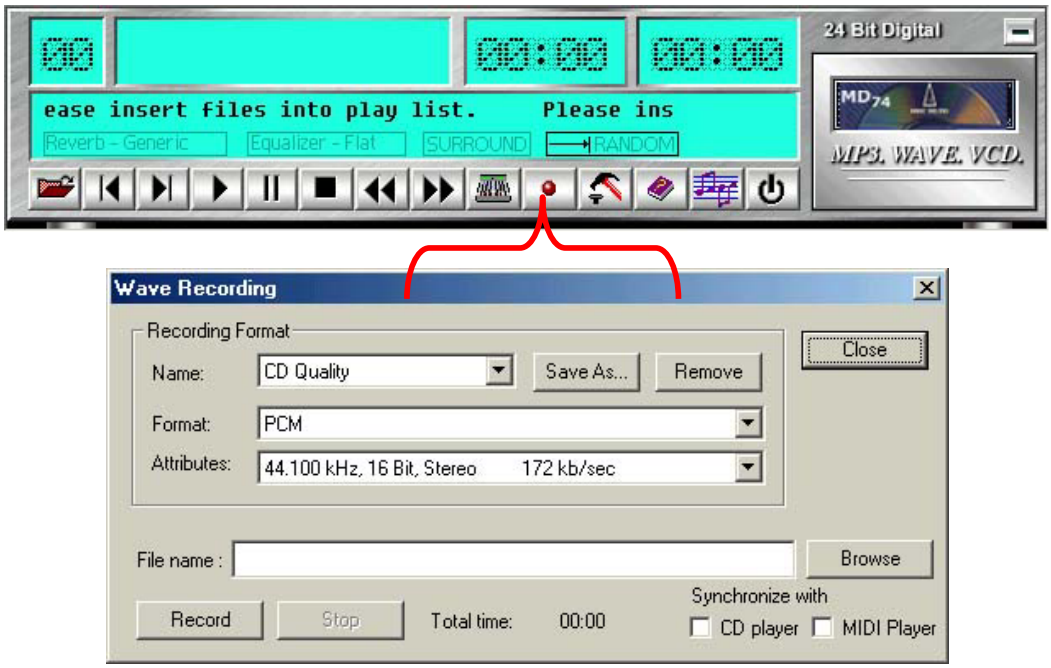
MP3/Wave Player is an easy and powerful tool for Mini Disc recording. Besides allowing you to create your own playlist, it also provides a control interface of SPDIF IN/OUT of C-Media's sound card. The following 4 steps can help you create your album into Mini Disc easily.

STEP 1. Using optical fiber to connect the sound card and the MD player. MD player will start to do the recording and turning on the SYNC mode. (See above 1. Output A. PC to MD player)



STEP 2. To execute MP3/Wave Player and modify the playlist. You should select those files whose format can be recognized by the MD Player. You can also change the sound effects if you like. (See also 5.1.4.)

STEP 3. In 'Setting' dialog, check 'Enable SPDIF-OUT', input the playback delay time, and select 5 Vp-p (Optical). Please note that in playback, if there is no lapse longer than three seconds between each track, the MD player cannot recognize the tracks and will record all of them into one. It is recommended that you set the lapse time to 3~5 seconds to meet all type of MD player requirements.



STEP 4. Start to play the songs. You will see that the MD player starts to do the recording as well.

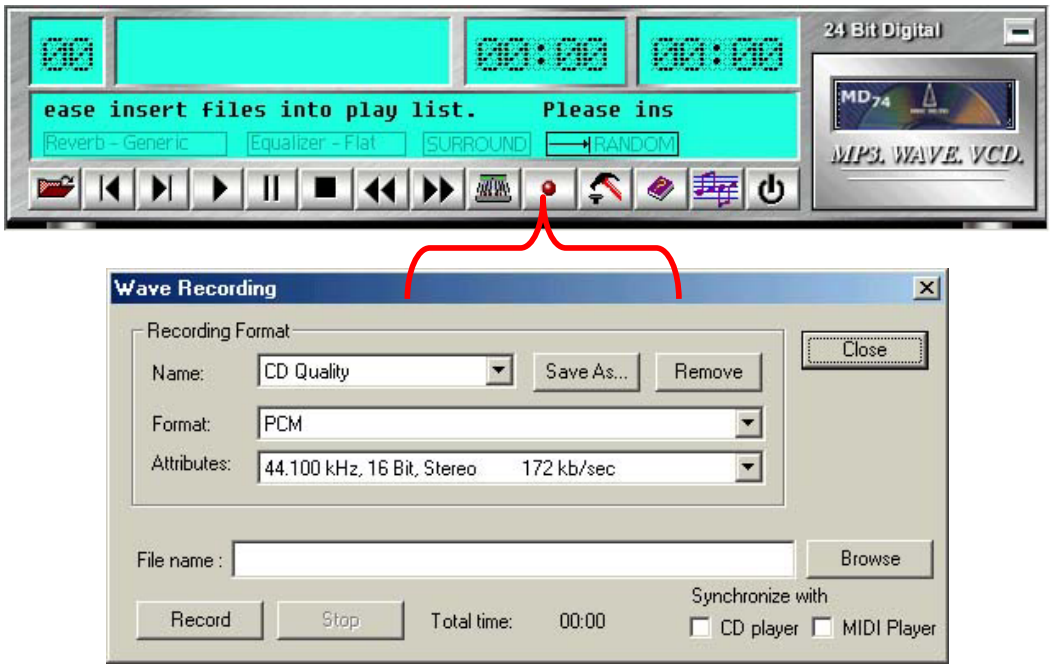
Recording From SPDIF-In

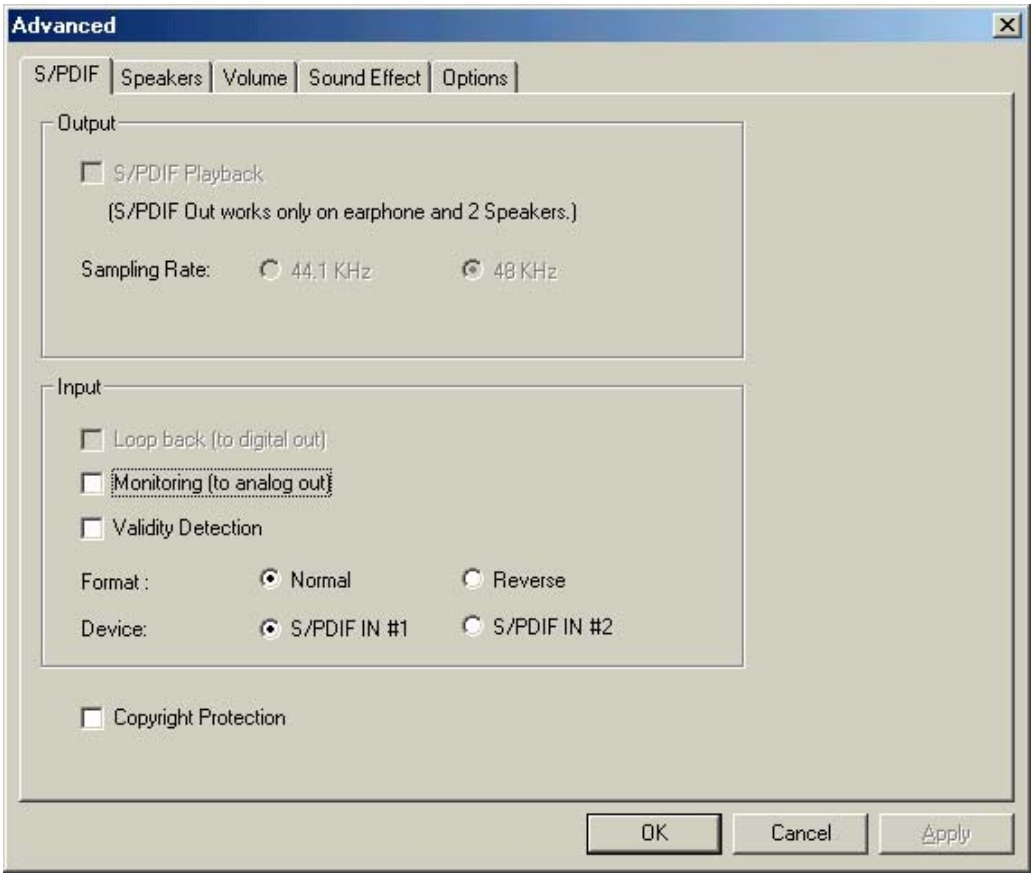
The optical module can be connected to SPDIF-IN device, such as the portable CD-ROM player, the CD-ROM drive, the MD Player, to name a few. The Windows application and the MP3/Wave player can be used to do the recording of the signal from SPDIF-IN. The recording steps are as follows:

STEP 1. Use optical fiber or coaxial to connect the sound card and SPDIF-IN device. (See also Appendix C 2. Input)

STEP 2. Execute MP3/Wave Player. In 'Setting' dialog, select 5 Vp-p (Optical) or 0.5 Vp-p (Coaxial).

STEP 3. In 'Wave Recording' dialog, you should select the recording format and SPDIF-IN recording channel. Then input the file name. Before recording, please turn on your SPDIF-IN device and start to playback. Finally, press 'Record' to start the recording process.




Advanced
S/PDIF
Speakers
Volume
Sound Effect
Options
Output
S/PDIF Playback
(S/PDIF Out works only on earphone and 2 Speakers.)
Sampling Rate:
44.1 KHz
48 KHz
Input
Loop back (to digital out)
Monitoring (to analog out)
Validity Detection
Format :
Normal
Reverse
Device:
S/PDIF IN #1
S/PDIF IN #2
Copyright Protection
OK
Cancel
Apply

APPENDIX C

Troubleshooting at First Start

Boot-up Issues

The system does not power-up, no beeping sound heard and the CPU fan does not turn on.

1. Check if the power cord is plug into the power source.
2. Check if the power is connected to the M/B.
3. Check if the cable of the case power button is connected to the M/B power button connector (see Connectors and Plug-ins section in the manual for more info).
4. Make sure the power supply is not defective. Change the power supply. The minimum should be a 350 watts AMD recommended power supply.
5. Remove the M/B from the case and test the system. The M/B might be shorted to the case.

The system powers-up, but no video, or beeping sound heard. The CPU fan is turning.

1. Clear CMOS battery. (JP5 connector, see this manual for more info on how to clear the CMOS).
2. Check all the jumper settings on the M/B.
3. Check if the CPU is ok, by using another CPU (check this manual for CPU supported on this M/B).
4. Check if the power supply is ok. The minimum should be 350 watts, AMD approved.
5. Make sure the CPU fan is connected to CPUFAN1 connector.
6. Remove the M/B from the case and test the system. The M/B might be shorted to the case.

The system power-up, no video, beeping heard.

1. Clear CMOS battery. (JP5 connector, see this manual for more info on how to clear the CMOS).
2. Check all the jumper settings on the M/B.
3. Check if the memory module and the VGA card are inserted properly in the M/B.
4. If yes, change the memory module, it might be defective. Make sure the memory specification is supported by the M/B. (for more info on this, check our FAQ on the website).
5. Change the VGA card.

The system turns on for some seconds then shutdown by itself.

1. Check if the CPU fan is connected to the CPUFAN1 connector.
2. The CPU might be overheating. Check the CPU fan if it is defective, also see if the CPU fan is in contact with the CPU.
3. Clear CMOS battery. (JP5 connector, see this manual for more info on how to clear the CMOS).
4. Make sure the power supply you have on your system support the M/B specification. Example. If you have a P4 M/B, you need to use a P4 power supply.
5. If you already checked the power supply specification, change the power supply it might be defective. The minimum is 350 watts AMD approved.

When I boot up my system, everything works fine, it sees my CPU and memory, detects my hard drive, floppy drive and CD-ROM but locks up at "Verify DMI pool data... ". If doesn't boot go any further. What should I do?

1. Clear CMOS battery. (JP5 connector, see this manual for more info on how to clear the CMOS).
2. If still has the problem, remove all other add-on cards except video card see if it boots further. Then put peripherals in one by one to identify which one of them causes the lockup.
3. Change the CPU.

During Boot-up, my computer says CMOS memory Checksum error. What can be the problem?

1. Clear CMOS memory.
2. Re-flash BIOS. Check on how to flash BIOS on the later part of this manual.
3. Change the CMOS battery, the battery might be drained.
4. The BIOS chip might be failing.

I hear a 1-2 beeping sound and then the system shut down, what is the problem?

Verify that the CPU fan is connected to the CPUFAN1 connector.

Stability Issue

My system intermittently locks up, very unstable

1. Check the CPU Temp., your CPU might be overheating. Change the CPU FAN.
2. Do not over clock your CPU
3. Check the specification of the memory module, maybe the M/B does not support it.
4. Go to BIOS setup and load fail safe settings. Please check if the system performance in the BIOS setup is set to Turbo/Maximum. Set it to normal if this is the case
5. Check the website for the latest BIOS update.
6. Check the website for FAQ's regarding instability issues.
7. Change the memory module or CPU.
8. The power supply might not have enough wattage to support all the peripherals. If your system has other peripherals connected, like CD-RW, extra HDD, etc. disconnect them, or use a power supply with a higher wattage.
9. Install the VIA 4 in 1 driver set.

My system intermittently locks up, during Windows installation.

1. Go to BIOS and load the "load optimized defaults".
2. Check the website for any BIOS updates.

3. If you still have the problem, remove all other add-on cards except for CPU/ Memory/ Video card/Hard disk. See if you can finish Windows installation. Then put peripherals in one by one to identify which one causes the lockup.

My system will not boot-up when I set my CPU to 133MHz FSB. It works with 100MHz FSB

1. Make sure to put some thermal paste on the CPU.
2. CPU might be defective.
3. Use an AMD approved power supply of at least 350 watts. If the problem persists, try booting with only VGA/harddisk/memory and see if the problem disappears. If it does, likely you need a power supply that has a higher wattage.

BIOS Issue

Where can I find the BIOS revision of my mainboard?

It will be displayed on the upper-left corner of the screen during boot-up. It will show as your board type followed by the revision number, such as kvxa_2BA1 (meaning BIOS revision 2BA1 for the SY-K7V Dragon plus! mainboard) or 6BA+ IV_2AA2 which means SY-6BA+ IV motherboard, with a 2AA2 BIOS.

Where can I find the latest BIOS of my motherboard?

Please go to the technical support page of one of the SOYO websites (Taiwan: www.soyo.com.tw, US: www.soyousa.com), and look up your motherboard to find the latest BIOS revision.

How can I flash the BIOS?

1. Download the BIOS on our support website.
2. Make a bootable floppy disk with out any memory manager loaded (i.e. himem, emm386, etc…).
3. Copy the BIOS file and awdflash utility to the diskette.
4. On the CMOS setup and disable CIH 4-way protection.
5. Type "awdflash biosname.bin /sn /py".
6. Reboot.

After flashing the BIOS, my system will not boot-up.

1. Try clearing the CMOS.
2. The BIOS chip is defective due to an unsuccessful flash, contact your nearest SOYO branch for re-flashing.

Is there a way to reprogram my BIOS after an unsuccessful flash?

No other way, you need to send back the BIOS ROM to your nearest SOYO branch for re-flashing.

I'm using a 133MHz FSB CPU, I cannot find the DDR 100MHz option in the BIOS, why?

The DDR speed should not be lower than the CPU FSB speed.

VGA Issue

I cannot set my VGA to go higher than 16 color (640x 480).

1. Make sure that you have installed the VIA 4 in 1 driver set.
2. Install/ re-install the VGA driver.

After waking up from Suspend to RAM or Standby mode, the screen has no display but I can hear the hard disk operating

1. Install the VIA 4 in 1 driver set.
2. Check the VGA card manufacturer for a driver update, and make sure the VGA card supports the Suspend to Ram function.
3. Update your VGA card's BIOS. Check your VGA card manufacturer for more details.

Audio Issue

How can I disable the on-board Audio?

Go to the SOYO Combo Feature in the BIOS setup, then set the "onboard 6CH H/W audio" to disable.

I cannot get the sound working on my system.

1. Check if the speaker wire is connected to the line out connector on the M/B.
2. Check if the speaker power is powered on.
3. Install the audio driver supplied on our driver disc.

4. Check BIOS setup if "onboard 6CH H/W audio" is enabled.
5. If sound already installed, check our website for audio driver update.

I cannot get the sound working using 5.1 channel speakers.

1. Install the audio driver and application. Check driver installation for more info.
2. Check if the settings in the 5.1 speaker control box are correct, like if you have a SPDIF connector but the setup in the speaker box is set to analog.
3. Check if the speaker connection to the M/B is correct.
4. Make sure the software setup is correct. Check the manual for more info.

The sound is working in my system, but when I play CD music from the CD-ROM, I do not get any sound. What is wrong?

This is because the 3-wire audio cable from the CD-ROM to the on-board CDIN1 connector in the M/B is not connected. See the beginning of this manual for the location of CDIN1.

The sound and everything else works fine except that the recorder and microphone do not work. What is wrong?

1. Please go to sound properties and check if the recorder and microphone in are enabled.
2. Check if the Microphone is ok.

Hard disk/FDD/ CD-ROM issue

My Western digital HDD is not detected during boot-up

Change the jumper settings to cable select or single.

Sometimes the system finds my CD-ROM, sometimes not

1. Check CD-ROM if it is working properly.
2. The power supply might not have enough wattage to support all the peripherals. If your system has other peripherals connected, like CD-RW, extra HDD, etc. disconnect them.

When I boot up my new computer I get "floppy boot failure" and the LED on the floppy stays on

Make sure the red wire of floppy ribbon cable goes to Pin1 on the floppy drive side (don't trust the "key lock" or "notch") and use the end-connector of the cable (don't use middle one).

RAID issue

Windows do not detect the on-board RAID.

1. Enable the on-board RAID function in the BIOS.
2. install the RAID driver, see chapter 6 for more info

Can I use my CD-ROM or other IDE device (except HDD) on IDE 3 & 4?

No, HPT 372 only support Hard disk.

Can I use IDE 3 & 4 as a normal IDE channel?

Yes, no need to change any settings in the BIOS. Just make sure to install the driver, check Chapter 6 for more info.

I cannot get the HDD to boot from IDE 3 or IDE 4, why?

Make sure that the 1st boot device in the BIOS is set to SCSI.

Boot-up from my IDE3/4, I get blue screen upon entering Windows system

Make sure the raid option in the BIOS is enabled.

LAN Issues

During LAN driver installation, the system hangs on 75%, why?

Enable the onboard LAN in the BIOS setup.

I have problem installing Novell NetWare v.50

Disable the APIC option in the BIOS.

For updated FAQs, please check http://www.soyo.com.tw/faq.htm **or** http://www.soyousa.com/faqs.html

APPENDIX D

How to contact us:

- If you are interested in our products, please contact the SOYO sales department in the region you live.
- If you require Technical Assistance, please contact our Technical Support in the region you live.

SOYO prefers Email as communication medium, remember to *always add to the email the country that you live in*.

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