GA-880GA-UD3H

AM3 socket motherboard for AMD Phenom[™] II processor/AMD Athlon[™] II processor

User's Manual

Rev. 3001 12ME-880GA3H-3001R



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Documentation Classifications

In order to assist in the use of this product, GIGABYTE provides the following types of documentations:

- For quick set-up of the product, read the Quick Installation Guide included with the product.
- For detailed product information, carefully read the User's Manual.

For product-related information, check on our website at: http://www.gigabyte.com

Identifying Your Motherboard Revision

The revision number on your motherboard looks like this: "REV: X.X." For example, "REV: 1.0" means the revision of the motherboard is 1.0. Check your motherboard revision before updating motherboard BIOS, drivers, or when looking for technical information.

Example:

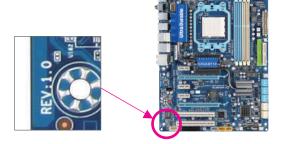


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Box Contents

- GA-880GA-UD3H motherboard
- Motherboard driver disk
- ☑ User's Manual
- Quick Installation Guide
- ☑ One IDE cable
- ✓ Two SATA cables
- ☑ I/O Shield

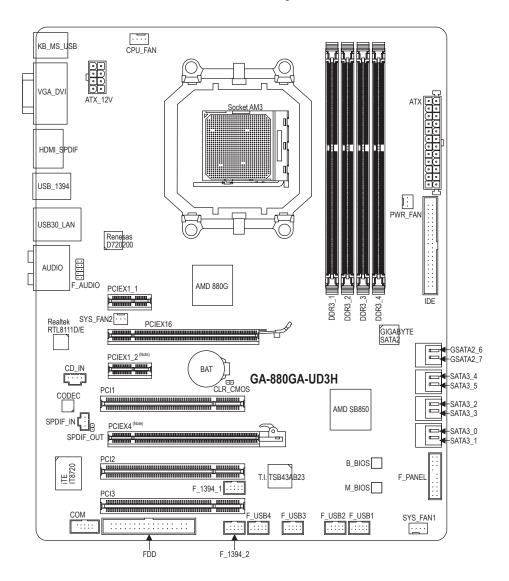


- The box contents above are for reference only and the actual items shall depend on the product package you obtain. The box contents are subject to change without notice.
- The motherboard image is for reference only.

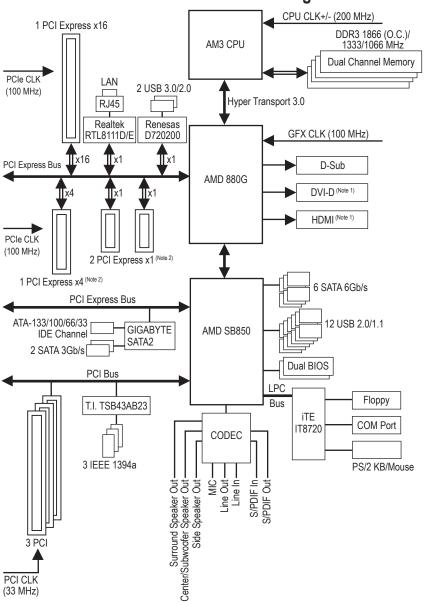
Optional Items

- □ Floppy disk drive cable (Part No. 12CF1-1FD001-7*R)
- 2-port USB 2.0 bracket (Part No. 12CR1-1UB030-5*R)
- 2-port IEEE 1394a bracket (Part No. 12CF1-1IE008-0*R)
- □ 2-port SATA power cable (Part No. 12CF1-2SERPW-0*R)
- S/PDIF In cable (Part No. 12CR1-1SPDIN-0*R)
- COM port cable (Part No. 12CF1-1CM001-3*R)

GA-880GA-UD3H Motherboard Layout



(Note) The PCIEX1_2 slot shares bandwidth with the PCIEX4 slot. When the PCIEX4 slot is populated with a x4 card, the PCIEX1_2 slot becomes unavailable.



GA-880GA-UD3H Motherboard Block Diagram

(Note 1) Simultaneous output for DVI-D and HDMI is not supported.

(Note 2) The PCIEX1_2 slot shares bandwidth with the PCIEX4 slot. When the PCIEX4 slot is populated with a x4 card, the PCIEX1_2 slot becomes unavailable.

Chapter 1 Hardware Installation

1-1 Installation Precautions

The motherboard contains numerous delicate electronic circuits and components which can become damaged as a result of electrostatic discharge (ESD). Prior to installation, carefully read the user's manual and follow these procedures:

- Prior to installation, do not remove or break motherboard S/N (Serial Number) sticker or warranty sticker provided by your dealer. These stickers are required for warranty validation.
- Always remove the AC power by unplugging the power cord from the power outlet before installing or removing the motherboard or other hardware components.
- When connecting hardware components to the internal connectors on the motherboard, make sure they are connected tightly and securely.
- When handling the motherboard, avoid touching any metal leads or connectors.
- It is best to wear an electrostatic discharge (ESD) wrist strap when handling electronic components such as a motherboard, CPU or memory. If you do not have an ESD wrist strap, keep your hands dry and first touch a metal object to eliminate static electricity.
- Prior to installing the motherboard, please have it on top of an antistatic pad or within an electrostatic shielding container.
- Before unplugging the power supply cable from the motherboard, make sure the power supply has been turned off.
- Before turning on the power, make sure the power supply voltage has been set according to the local voltage standard.
- Before using the product, please verify that all cables and power connectors of your hardware components are connected.
- To prevent damage to the motherboard, do not allow screws to come in contact with the motherboard circuit or its components.
- Make sure there are no leftover screws or metal components placed on the motherboard or within the computer casing.
- Do not place the computer system on an uneven surface.
- Do not place the computer system in a high-temperature environment.
- Turning on the computer power during the installation process can lead to damage to system components as well as physical harm to the user.
- If you are uncertain about any installation steps or have a problem related to the use of the product, please consult a certified computer technician.

CPU	Support for AM3 processors:
	AMD Phenom [™] II processor/ AMD AthIon [™] II processor
	(Go to GIGABYTE's website for the latest CPU support list.)
Hyper Transport	• 5200 MT/s
🖤 Bus	• 5200 Wi1/S
Chipset	North Bridge: AMD 880G
Chipset	South Bridge: AMD SB850
Memory	 4 x 1.5V DDR3 DIMM sockets supporting up to 16 GB of system memory [*] Due to Windows 32-bit operating system limitation, when more than 4 GB of physical memory is installed, the actual memory size displayed will be less than 4 GB.
	Dual channel memory architecture
	 Support for DDR3 1866 (O.C.)/1333/1066 MHz memory modules
	(Go to GIGABYTE's website for the latest supported memory speeds and memory
	modules.)
Onboard	North Bridge:
Graphics	- 1 x D-Sub port
	 1 x DVI-D port, supporting a maximum resolution of 2560x1600 * The DVI-D port does not support D-Sub connection by adapter.
	- 1 x HDMI port, supporting a maximum resolution of 1920x1200
	* Simultaneous output for DVI-D and HDMI is not supported.
Audio	Realtek ALC892/889 codec
	High Definition Audio
	• 2/4/5.1/7.1-channel
	Support for Dolby® Home Theater
	Support for S/PDIF In/Out
	Support for CD In
	• 1 x Realtek RTL8111D/E chip (10/100/1000 Mbit)
Expansion Slots	 1 x PCI Express x16 slot, running at x16 (PCIEX16) * For optimum performance, if only one PCI Express graphics card is to be installed, be sure to install it in the PCIEX16 slot.
	 1 x PCI Express x16 slot, running at x4 (PCIEX4)
	2 x PCI Express x1 slots
	* The PCIEX1_2 slot shares bandwidth with the PCIEX4 slot. When the PCIEX4 slot is populated with a x4 card, the PCIEX1_2 slot becomes unavailable.
	 (All PCI Express slots conform to the PCI Express 2.0 standard.) 3 x PCI slots
Multi Crophice	
Multi-Graphics Technology	Support for ATI Hybrid CrossFireX [™] technology
Storage Interface	South Bridge:
	- 6 x SATA 6Gb/s connectors (SATA3_0~SATA3_5) supporting up to 6 SATA
	6Gb/s devices
	- Support for SATA RAID 0, RAID 1, RAID 5, RAID 10, and JBOD

1-2 Product Specifications

Storage Interface	 1 x IDE connector supporting ATA-133/100/66/33 and up to 2 IDE devices 2 x SATA 3Gb/s connectors (GSATA2_6, GSATA2_7) supporting up to 2 SATA 3Gb/s devices Support for SATA RAID 0, RAID 1, and JBOD iTE IT8720 chip:
	- 1 x floppy disk drive connector supporting up to 1 floppy disk drive
USB USB	 South Bridge: Up to 12 USB 2.0/1.1 ports (4 on the back panel, 8 via the USB brackets connected to the internal USB headers)
	Renesas D720200 chip:
	- Up to 2 USB 3.0/2.0 ports on the back panel
ि IEEE 1394	 T.I. TSB43AB23 chip: Up to 3 IEEE 1394a ports (1 on the back panel, 2 via the IEEE 1394a brackets connected to the internal IEEE 1394a headers)
Internal	 1 x 24-pin ATX main power connector
Connectors	 1 x 8-pin ATX 12V power connector
	1 x floppy disk drive connector
	1 x IDE connector
	6 x SATA 6Gb/s connectors
	2 x SATA 3Gb/s connectors
	1 x CPU fan header
	2 x system fan headers
	1 x power fan header
	1 x front panel header
	 1 x front panel audio header
	1 x CD In connector
	1 x S/PDIF In header
	1 x S/PDIF Out header
	 4 x USB 2.0/1.1 headers
	2 x IEEE 1394a headers
	1 x serial port header
	1 x clearing CMOS jumper
Back Panel	1 x PS/2 keyboard/mouse port
Connectors	1 x D-Sub port
	1 x DVI-D port
	1 x HDMI port
	1 x optical S/PDIF Out connector
	• 4 x USB 2.0/1.1 ports
	 2 x USB 3.0/2.0 ports
	1 x IEEE 1394a port
	 1 x RJ-45 port
	6 x audio jacks (Center/Subwoofer Speaker Out/Rear Speaker Out/Side Speaker Out/Line In/Line Out/Microphone)

I/O Controller	iTE IT8720 chip
Hardware	System voltage detection
Monitor	CPU/System temperature detection
	CPU/System/Power fan speed detection
	CPU overheating warning
	CPU/System/Power fan fail warning
	CPU/System fan speed control * Whether the CPU/system fan speed control function is supported will depend on the CPU/system cooler you install.
BIOS	2 x 8 Mbit/16 Mbit flash
	Use of licensed AWARD BIOS
	Support for DualBIOS [™]
	PnP 1.0a, DMI 2.0, SM BIOS 2.4, ACPI 1.0b
Unique Features	Support for @BIOS
	Support for Q-Flash
	Support for Xpress BIOS Rescue
	Support for Download Center
	Support for Xpress Install
	Support for Xpress Recovery2
	Support for EasyTune
	* Available functions in EasyTune may differ by motherboard model.
	Support for Easy Energy Saver
	Support for Smart Recovery
	Support for Auto Green
	Support for ON/OFF Charge
	Support for Cloud OC
	Support for Q-Share
Bundled Software	Norton Internet Security (OEM version)
Operating System	◆ Support for Microsoft® Windows 7/Vista/XP
Form Factor	ATX Form Factor; 30.5cm x 24.4cm

* GIGABYTE reserves the right to make any changes to the product specifications and product-related information without prior notice.

1-3 Installing the CPU and CPU Cooler

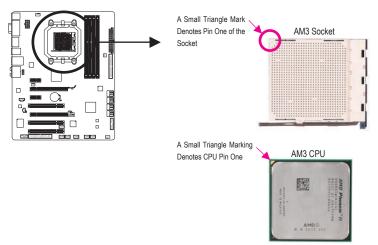
Read the following guidelines before you begin to install the CPU:

• Make sure that the motherboard supports the CPU.

- (Go to GIGABYTE's website for the latest CPU support list.)
- Always turn off the computer and unplug the power cord from the power outlet before installing the CPU to prevent hardware damage.
- Locate the pin one of the CPU. The CPU cannot be inserted if oriented incorrectly. (Or you may locate the notches on both sides of the CPU and alignment keys on the CPU socket.)
- · Apply an even and thin layer of thermal grease on the surface of the CPU.
- Do not turn on the computer if the CPU cooler is not installed, otherwise overheating and damage of the CPU may occur.
- Set the CPU host frequency in accordance with the CPU specifications. It is not recommended
 that the system bus frequency be set beyond hardware specifications since it does not meet the
 standard requirements for the peripherals. If you wish to set the frequency beyond the standard
 specifications, please do so according to your hardware specifications including the CPU, graphics card, memory, hard drive, etc.

1-3-1 Installing the CPU

A. Locate the pin one (denoted by a small triangle) of the CPU socket and the CPU.

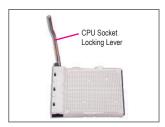


B. Follow the steps below to correctly install the CPU into the motherboard CPU socket.



Before installing the CPU, make sure to turn off the computer and unplug the power cord from the power outlet to prevent damage to the CPU.

• Do not force the CPU into the CPU socket. The CPU cannot fit in if oriented incorrectly. Adjust the CPU orientation if this occurs.



Step 1: Completely lift up the CPU socket locking lever.



Step 2:

Align the CPU pin one (small triangle marking) with the triangle mark on the CPU socket and gently insert the CPU into the socket. Make sure that the CPU pins fit perfectly into their holes. Once the CPU is positioned into its socket, place one finger down on the middle of the CPU, lowering the locking lever and latching it into the fully locked position.

1-3-2 Installing the CPU Cooler

Follow the steps below to correctly install the CPU cooler on the CPU. (The following procedure uses the GIGABYTE cooler as the example.)



Step 1:

Apply an even and thin layer of thermal grease on the surface of the installed CPU.



Step 3:

Hook the CPU cooler clip to the mounting lug on one side of the retention frame. On the other side,push straight down on the the CPU cooler clip to hook it to the mounting lug on the retention frame.



Step 2: Place the CPU cooler on the CPU.





Turn the cam handle from the left side to the right side (as the picture above shows) to lock into place. (Refer to your CPU cooler installation manual for instructions on installing the cooler.)



Step 5:

Finally, attach the power connector of the CPU cooler to the CPU fan header (CPU_FAN) on the motherboard.



Use extreme care when removing the CPU cooler because the thermal grease/tape between the CPU cooler and CPU may adhere to the CPU. Inadequately removing the CPU cooler may damage the CPU.

1-4 Installing the Memory



Read the following guidelines before you begin to install the memory:

Make sure that the motherboard supports the memory. It is recommended that memory of the same capacity, brand, speed, and chips be used.

(Go to GIGABYTE's website for the latest supported memory speeds and memory modules.)

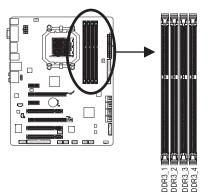
- Always turn off the computer and unplug the power cord from the power outlet before installing the memory to prevent hardware damage.
- Memory modules have a foolproof design. A memory module can be installed in only one direction. If you are unable to insert the memory, switch the direction.

1-4-1 Dual Channel Memory Configuration

This motherboard provides four DDR3 memory sockets and supports Dual Channel Technology. After the memory is installed, the BIOS will automatically detect the specifications and capacity of the memory. Enabling Dual Channel memory mode will double the original memory bandwidth.

The four DDR3 memory sockets are divided into two channels and each channel has two memory sockets as following:

- → Channel 0: DDR3_1, DDR3_2
- ▶ Channel 1: DDR3_3, DDR3_4



▶ Dual Channel Memory Configurations Table

	DDR3_1	DDR3_2	DDR3_3	DDR3_4
Two Modules	DS/SS		DS/SS	
		DS/SS		DS/SS
Four Modules	DS/SS	DS/SS	DS/SS	DS/SS

(SS=Single-Sided, DS=Double-Sided, "- -"=No Memory)

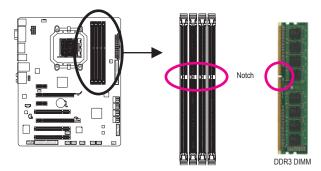
Due to CPU limitations, read the following guidelines before installing the memory in Dual Channel mode.

- 1. Dual Channel mode cannot be enabled if only one DDR3 memory module is installed.
- When enabling Dual Channel mode with two or four memory modules, it is recommended that memory of the same capacity, brand, speed, and chips be used and installed in the same colored DDR3 sockets for optimum performance.

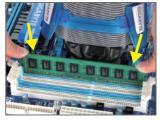
1-4-2 Installing a Memory

Before installing a memory module, make sure to turn off the computer and unplug the power cord from the power outlet to prevent damage to the memory module.

DDR3 and DDR2 DIMMs are not compatible to each other or DDR DIMMs. Be sure to install DDR3 DIMMs on this motherboard.



A DDR3 memory module has a notch, so it can only fit in one direction. Follow the steps below to correctly install your memory modules in the memory sockets.



Step 1:

Note the orientation of the memory module. Spread the retaining clips at both ends of the memory socket. Place the memory module on the socket. As indicated in the picture on the left, place your fingers on the top edge of the memory, push down on the memory and insert it vertically into the memory socket.



Step 2:

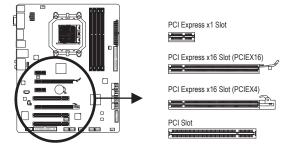
The clips at both ends of the socket will snap into place when the memory module is securely inserted.

1-5 Installing an Expansion Card



Read the following guidelines before you begin to install an expansion card:

- Make sure the motherboard supports the expansion card. Carefully read the manual that came with your expansion card.
- Always turn off the computer and unplug the power cord from the power outlet before installing an expansion card to prevent hardware damage.



Follow the steps below to correctly install your expansion card in the expansion slot.

- 1. Locate an expansion slot that supports your card. Remove the metal slot cover from the chassis back panel.
- 2. Align the card with the slot, and press down on the card until it is fully seated in the slot.
- 3. Make sure the metal contacts on the card are completely inserted into the slot.
- 4. Secure the card's metal bracket to the chassis back panel with a screw.
- 5. After installing all expansion cards, replace the chassis cover(s).
- Turn on your computer. If necessary, go to BIOS Setup to make any required BIOS changes for your expansion card(s).
- 7. Install the driver provided with the expansion card in your operating system.

Example: Installing and Removing a PCI Express Graphics Card:



• Installing a Graphics Card:

Gently push down on the top edge of the card until it is fully inserted into the PCI Express slot. Make sure the card is securely seated in the slot and does not rock.



Removing the Card from the PCIEX16 slot: Gently push back on the lever on the slot and then lift the card straight out from the slot.



Removing the Card from the PCIEX4 slot: Press the white latch at the end of the slot to release the card and then lift the card straight out from the slot.

1-6 Setup of the ATI Hybrid CrossFireX[™] Configuration

Combining the onboard GPU with a discrete graphics card, ATI Hybrid CrossFireX can provide significantly advanced display performance for AMD platform. Read the following instructions on configuring an ATI Hybrid CrossFireX system.

A. System Requirements

- Windows 7/Vista operating system
- An ATI Hybrid CrossFireX-supported motherboard and correct driver
- An ATI Hybrid CrossFireX-supported graphics card (Note 1)

B. Connecting the Graphics Cards

Step 1:

Observe the steps in "1-5 Installing an Expansion Card" and install an ATI Hybrid CrossFireX-supported graphics card on the PCIEX16 slot.

Step 2:

Plug the display cable into the onboard graphics port on the back panel.

C. BIOS Setup

Enter BIOS Setup to set the following items under the Advanced BIOS Features menu:

- Set Internal Graphics Mode to UMA. (Note 2)
- Set UMA Frame Buffer Size to 256MB or 512MB. (Note 2)
- Set Surround View to Disabled.
- Set Init Display First to OnChipVGA.

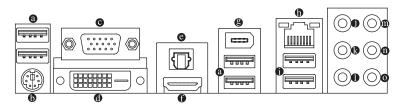
D. Configuring the Graphics Driver

After installing the motherboard driver in the operating system, go to the ATI Catalyst[™] Control Center. Select CrossFire[™] on the Graphics menu on the upper left corner and ensure the Enable CrossFire[™] check box is selected.



- (Note 1) You do not have to install the graphics card driver if the motherboard chipset driver has been installed.
- (Note 2) To change the Internal Graphics Mode or UMA Frame Buffer Size setting in BIOS Setup, be sure to disable the CrossFire function in the operating system first.

1-7 Back Panel Connectors



O USB 2.0/1.1 Port

The USB port supports the USB 2.0/1.1 specification. Use this port for USB devices such as a USB keyboard/mouse, USB printer, USB flash drive and etc.

PS/2 Keyboard or PS/2 Mouse Port

Use this port to connect a PS/2 keyboard or PS/2 mouse.

O D-Sub Port

The D-Sub port supports a 15-pin D-Sub connector. Connect a monitor that supports D-Sub connection to this port.

DVI-D Port (Note 1) (Note 2)

The DVI-D port conforms to the DVI-D specification and supports a maximum resolution of 2560x1600 (the actual resolutions supported depend on the monitor being used). Connect a monitor that supports DVI-D connection to this port.

Optical S/PDIF Out Connector

This connector provides digital audio out to an external audio system that supports digital optical audio. Before using this feature, ensure that your audio system provides an optical digital audio in connector.

HDMI Port (Note 2)

The HDMI (High-Definition Multimedia Interface) provides an all-digital audio/video interface to transmit the uncompressed audio/video signals and is HDCP compliant. Connect the HDMI audio/video device to his port. The HDMI Technology can support a maximum resolution of 1920x1200 but the actual resolutions supported depend on the monitor being used.



- After installing the HDMI device, make sure the default device for sound playback is the HDMI device. (The item name may differ by operating system. The following screen is from Windows Vista.)
- Please note the HDMI audio output only supports AC3, DTS and 2-channel-LPCM formats. (AC3 and DTS require the use of an external decoder for decoding.)

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In Windows Vista, select Start>Control Panel>Sound, select Realtek HDMI Output and then click Set Default.

(Note 1) The DVI-D port does not support D-Sub connection by adapter.

(Note 2) Simultaneous output for DVI-D and HDMI is not supported.

A. Dual Display Configurations:

This motherboard provides three ports for video output: DVI-D, HDMI and D-Sub. The table below shows the supported dual display configurations.

Dual	Combination	Supported or Not
Display	DVI-D + D-Sub	Yes
	DVI-D + HDMI	No
	HDMI + D-Sub	Yes

B. Playback of HD DVD and Blu-ray Discs:

In order to get better playback quality, when playing the HD DVD or Blu-ray discs, refer to the recommended system requirements (or better) below.

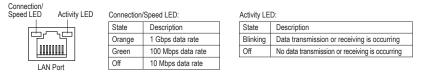
- Memory: Two 1 GB DDR3 1066 memory modules with dual channel mode enabled
- BIOS Setup: At least 256 MB of UMA Frame Buffer Size (refer to Chapter 2, "BIOS Setup," "Advanced BIOS Features," for more information)
- Playback software: CyberLink PowerDVD 8.0 or later (Note: Please ensure Hardware Acceleration is enabled.)
- HDCP compliant monitor(s)

IEEE 1394a Port

The IEEE 1394 port supports the IEEE 1394a specification, featuring high speed, high bandwidth and hotplug capabilities. Use this port for an IEEE 1394a device.

RJ-45 LAN Port

The Gigabit Ethernet LAN port provides Internet connection at up to 1 Gbps data rate. The following describes the states of the LAN port LEDs.



• USB 3.0/2.0 Port

The USB 3.0 port supports the USB 3.0 specification and is compatible to the USB 2.0/1.1 specification. Use this port for USB devices such as a USB keyboard/mouse, USB printer, USB flash drive and etc.



- When removing the cable connected to a back panel connector, first remove the cable from your device and then remove it from the motherboard.
- When removing the cable, pull it straight out from the connector. Do not rock it side to side to prevent an electrical short inside the cable connector.

Center/Subwoofer Speaker Out Jack (Orange)

Use this audio jack to connect center/subwoofer speakers in a 5.1/7.1-channel audio configuration.

Rear Speaker Out Jack (Black)

Use this audio jack to connect rear speakers in a 7.1-channel audio configuration.

Side Speaker Out Jack (Gray)

Use this audio jack to connect side speakers in a 4/5.1/7.1-channel audio configuration.

Line In Jack (Blue)

The default line in jack. Use this audio jack for line in devices such as an optical drive, walkman, etc.

Line Out Jack (Green)

The default line out jack. Use this audio jack for a headphone or 2-channel speaker. This jack can be used to connect front speakers in a 4/5.1/7.1-channel audio configuration.

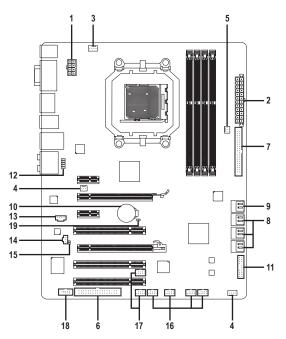
Mic In Jack (Pink)

The default Mic in jack. Microphones must be connected to this jack.



In addition to the default speakers settings, the • ~ • audio jacks can be reconfigured to perform by different functions via the audio software. Only microphones still MUST be connected to the default Mic in jack (•). Refer to the instructions on setting up a 2/4/5.1/7.1-channel audio configuration in Chapter 5, "Configuring 2/4/5.1/7.1-Channel Audio."

1-8 Internal Connectors



1)	ATX_12V	11)	F_PANEL
2)	ATX	12)	F_AUDIO
3)	CPU_FAN	13)	CD_IN
4)	SYS_FAN1/SYS_FAN2	14)	SPDIF_IN
5)	PWR_FAN	15)	SPDIF_OUT
6)	FDD	16)	F_USB1/F_USB2/F_USB3/F_USB4
7)	IDE	17)	F_1394_1/F_1394_2
8)	SATA3_0/1/2/3/4/5	18)	СОМ
9)	GSATA2_6/7	19)	CLR_CMOS
10)	BAT		



Read the following guidelines before connecting external devices:

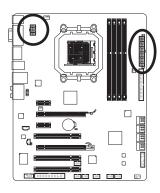
- First make sure your devices are compliant with the connectors you wish to connect.
- Before installing the devices, be sure to turn off the devices and your computer. Unplug the
 power cord from the power outlet to prevent damage to the devices.
 - After installing the device and before turning on the computer, make sure the device cable has been securely attached to the connector on the motherboard.

1/2) ATX_12V/ATX (2x4 12V Power Connector and 2x12 Main Power Connector)

With the use of the power connector, the power supply can supply enough stable power to all the components on the motherboard. Before connecting the power connector, first make sure the power supply is turned off and all devices are properly installed. The power connector possesses a foolproof design. Connect the power supply cable to the power connector in the correct orientation. The 12V power connector mainly supplies power to the CPU. If the 12V power connector is not connected, the computer will not start.



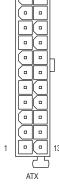
To meet expansion requirements, it is recommended that a power supply that can withstand high power consumption be used (500W or greater). If a power supply is used that does not provide the required power, the result can lead to an unstable or unbootable system.





ATX_12V:	
Pin No.	Definition
1	GND (Only for 2x4-pin 12V)
2	GND (Only for 2x4-pin 12V)
3	GND
4	GND
5	+12V (Only for 2x4-pin 12V)
6	+12V (Only for 2x4-pin 12V)
7	+12V
8	+12V

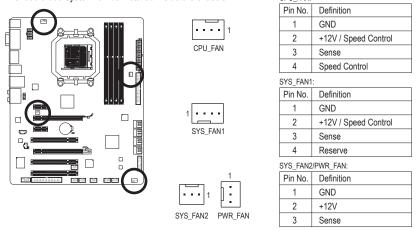
	ATX:			
4	Pin No.	Definition	Pin No.	Definition
	1	3.3V	13	3.3V
	2	3.3V	14	-12V
	3	GND	15	GND
	4	+5V	16	PS_ON (soft On/Off)
	5	GND	17	GND
	6	+5V	18	GND
	7	GND	19	GND
	8	Power Good	20	-5V
	9	5VSB (stand by +5V)	21	+5V
	10	+12V	22	+5V
	11	+12V (Only for 2x12-pin ATX)	23	+5V (Only for 2x12-pin ATX)
3	12	3.3V (Only for 2x12-pin ATX)	24	GND (Only for 2x12-pin ATX)



12 0 0 24

3/4/5) CPU_FAN/SYS_FAN1/SYS_FAN2/PWR_FAN (Fan Headers)

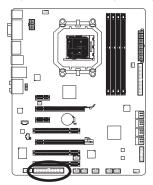
The motherboard has a 4-pin CPU fan header (CPU_FAN), a 3-pin (SYS_FAN2) and a 4-pin (SYS_FAN1) system fan headers, and a 3-pin power fan header (PWR_FAN). Most fan headers possess a foolproof insertion design. When connecting a fan cable, be sure to connect it in the correct orientation (the black connector wire is the ground wire). The motherboard supports CPU fan speed control, which requires the use of a CPU fan with fan speed control design. For optimum heat dissipation, it is recommended that a system fan be installed inside the chassis.

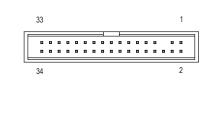


- Be sure to connect fan cables to the fan headers to prevent your CPU and system from overheating. Overheating may result in damage to the CPU or the system may hang.
 These fan headers are not configuration jumper blocks. Do not place a jumper cap on the
 - These fan headers are not configuration jumper blocks. Do not place a jumper cap on the headers.

6) FDD (Floppy Disk Drive Connector)

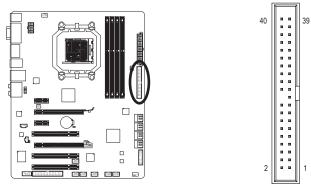
This connector is used to connect a floppy disk drive. The types of floppy disk drives supported are: 360 KB, 720 KB, 1.2 MB, 1.44 MB, and 2.88 MB. Before connecting a floppy disk drive, be sure to locate pin 1 of the connector and the floppy disk drive cable. The pin 1 of the cable is typically designated by a stripe of different color. For purchasing the optional floppy disk drive cable, please contact the local dealer.





7) IDE (IDE Connector)

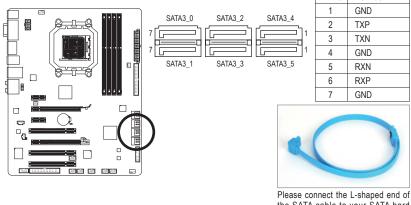
The IDE connector supports up to two IDE devices such as hard drives and optical drives. Before attaching the IDE cable, locate the foolproof groove on the connector. If you wish to connect two IDE devices, remember to set the jumpers and the cabling according to the role of the IDE devices (for example, master or slave). (For information about configuring master/slave settings for the IDE devices, read the instructions from the device manufacturers.)



8) SATA3_0/1/2/3/4/5 (SATA 6Gb/s Connectors, Controlled by AMD SB850)

The SATA connectors conform to SATA 6Gb/s standard and are compatible with SATA 3Gb/s and SATA 1.5Gb/s standards. Each SATA connector supports a single SATA device. The AMD SB850 controller supports RAID 0, RAID 1, RAID 5, RAID 10, and JBOD. Refer to Chapter 5, "Configuring SATA Hard Drive(s)," for instructions on configuring a RAID array.

 Pin No.
 Penintion



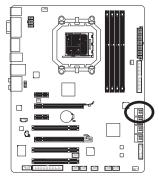
Please connect the L-shaped end of the SATA cable to your SATA hard drive.



- A RAID 0 or RAID 1 configuration requires at least two hard drives. If more than two hard drives are to be used, the total number of hard drives must be an even number.
- A RAID 5 configuration requires at least three hard drives. (The total number of hard drives does not have to be an even number.)
- A RAID 10 configuration requires four hard drives.

9) GSATA2_6/7 (SATA 3Gb/s Connectors, Controlled by GIGABYTE SATA2)

The SATA connectors conform to SATA 3Gb/s standard and are compatible with SATA 1.5Gb/s standard. Each SATA connector supports a single SATA device. The GIGABYTE SATA2 supports RAID 0, RAID 1 and JBOD. Refer to Chapter 5, "Configuring SATA Hard Drive(s)," for instructions on configuring a RAID array.





Pin No.	Definition
1	GND
2	TXP
3	TXN
4	GND
5	RXN
6	RXP
7	GND

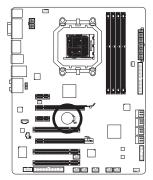


A RAID 0 or RAID 1 configuration requires two hard drives.

Please connect the L-shaped end of the SATA cable to your SATA hard drive.

10) BAT (Battery)

The battery provides power to keep the values (such as BIOS configurations, date, and time information) in the CMOS when the computer is turned off. Replace the battery when the battery voltage drops to a low level, or the CMOS values may not be accurate or may be lost.





You may clear the CMOS values by removing the battery:

- 1. Turn off your computer and unplug the power cord.
- Gently remove the battery from the battery holder and wait for one minute. (Or use a metal object like a screwdriver to touch the positive and negative terminals of the battery holder, making them short for 5 seconds.)
- 3. Replace the battery.
- 4. Plug in the power cord and restart your computer.

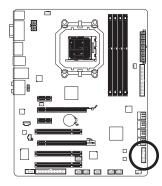


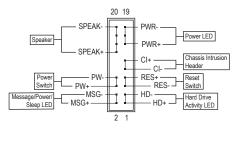
Always turn off your computer and unplug the power cord before replacing the battery. Replace the battery with an equivalent one. Danger of explosion if the battery is replaced with

- an incorrect model.
- Contact the place of purchase or local dealer if you are not able to replace the battery by yourself or uncertain about the battery model.
- When installing the battery, note the orientation of the positive side (+) and the negative side (-)
 of the battery (the positive side should face up).
- · Used batteries must be handled in accordance with local environmental regulations.

11) F_PANEL (Front Panel Header)

Connect the power switch, reset switch, speaker, chassis intrusion switch/sensor and system status indicator on the chassis to this header according to the pin assignments below. Note the positive and negative pins before connecting the cables.





• MSG/PWR (Message/Power/Sleep LED, Yellow/Purple):

System Status	LED	Cc
S0	On	is
S1	Blinking	ter
S3/S4/S5	Off	sta

connects to the power status indicator on the chassis front panel. The LED is on when the system is operating. The LED keeps blinking when the system is in S1 sleep state. The LED is off when the system is in S3/S4 sleep tate or powered off (S5).

• PW (Power Switch, Red):

Connects to the power switch on the chassis front panel. You may configure the way to turn off your system using the power switch (refer to Chapter 2, "BIOS Setup," "Power Management Setup," for more information).

• SPEAK (Speaker, Orange):

Connects to the speaker on the chassis front panel. The system reports system startup status by issuing a beep code. One single short beep will be heard if no problem is detected at system startup. If a problem is detected, the BIOS may issue beeps in different patterns to indicate the problem. Refer to Chapter 5, "Troubleshooting," for information about beep codes.

• HD (Hard Drive Activity LED, Blue)

Connects to the hard drive activity LED on the chassis front panel. The LED is on when the hard drive is reading or writing data.

- RES (Reset Switch, Green): Connects to the reset switch on the chassis front panel. Press the reset switch to restart the computer if the computer freezes and fails to perform a normal restart.
- CI (Chassis Intrusion Header, Gray):

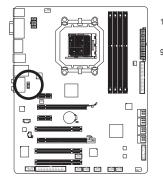
Connects to the chassis intrusion switch/sensor on the chassis that can detect if the chassis cover has been removed. This function requires a chassis with a chassis intrusion switch/sensor.



The front panel design may differ by chassis. A front panel module mainly consists of power switch, reset switch, power LED, hard drive activity LED, speaker and etc. When connecting your chassis front panel module to this header, make sure the wire assignments and the pin assignments are matched correctly.

12) F AUDIO (Front Panel Audio Header)

The front panel audio header supports Intel High Definition audio (HD) and AC'97 audio. You may connect your chassis front panel audio module to this header. Make sure the wire assignments of the module connector match the pin assignments of the motherboard header. Incorrect connection between the module connector and the motherboard header will make the device unable to work or even damage it.



For HD F	ront Panel Aud
Pin No.	Definition
1	MIC2_L
2	GND
3	MIC2_R
4	-ACZ_DET
5	LINE2_R
6	GND
7	FAUDIO_J
8	No Pin
9	LINE2_L
10	GND
	Pin No. 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

idio:	For AC'97	Front Panel Au
	Pin No.	Definition
	1	MIC
	2	GND
	3	MIC Power
	4	NC
	5	Line Out (R)
	6	NC
D	7	NC
	8	No Pin
	9	Line Out (L)
	10	NC

Audio:

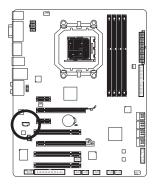


The front panel audio header supports HD audio by default. If your chassis provides an AC'97 front panel audio module, refer to the instructions on how to activate AC'97 functionality via the audio software in Chapter 5, "Configuring 2/4/5.1/7.1-Channel Audio."

- · Audio signals will be present on both of the front and back panel audio connections simultaneously. If you want to mute the back panel audio (only supported when using an HD front panel audio module), refer to Chapter 5, "Configuring 2/4/5.1/7.1-Channel Audio."
- Some chassis provide a front panel audio module that has separated connectors on each wire instead of a single plug. For information about connecting the front panel audio module that has different wire assignments, please contact the chassis manufacturer.

13) CD_IN (CD In Connector)

You may connect the audio cable that came with your optical drive to the header.

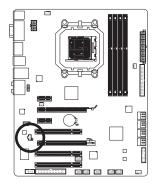




Pin No.	Definition
1	CD-L
2	GND
3	GND
4	CD-R

14) SPDIF_IN (S/PDIF In Header)

This header supports digital S/PDIF In and can connect to an audio device that supports digital audio out via an optional S/PDIF In cable. For purchasing the optional S/PDIF In cable, please contact the local dealer.

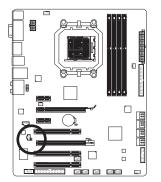




Pin No.	Definition
1	Power
2	SPDIFI
3	GND

15) SPDIF_OUT (S/PDIF Out Header)

This header supports digital S/PDIF Out and connects a S/PDIF digital audio cable (provided by expansion cards) for digital audio output from your motherboard to certain expansion cards like graphics cards and sound cards. For example, some graphics cards may require you to use a S/PDIF digital audio cable for digital audio output from your motherboard to your graphics card if you wish to connect an HDMI display to the graphics card and have digital audio output from the HDMI display at the same time. For information about connecting the S/PDIF digital audio cable, carefully read the manual for your expansion card.

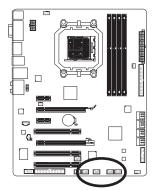


1

Pin No.	Definition
1	SPDIFO
2	GND

16) F_USB1/F_USB2/F_USB3/F_USB4 (USB Headers)

The headers conform to USB 2.0/1.1 specification. Each USB header can provide two USB ports via an optional USB bracket. For purchasing the optional USB bracket, please contact the local dealer.



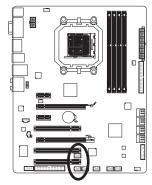
	Pin No.	Definition
1	1	Power (5V)
1	2	Power (5V)
2	3	USB DX-
	4	USB DY-
	5	USB DX+
	6	USB DY+
	7	GND
	8	GND
	9	No Pin
	10	NC

When the system is in S4/S5 mode, only the USB ports routed to the F_USB1 header can support the ON/OFF Charge function.

- Do not plug the IEEE 1394 bracket (2x5-pin) cable into the USB header.
- Prior to installing the USB bracket, be sure to turn off your computer and unplug the power cord from the power outlet to prevent damage to the USB bracket.

17) F_1394_1/F_1394_2 (IEEE 1394a Headers)

The headers conform to IEEE 1394a specification. The IEEE 1394a header can provide one IEEE 1394a port via an optional IEEE 1394a bracket. For purchasing the optional IEEE 1394a bracket, please contact the local dealer.





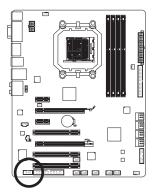
Pin No.	Definition
1	TPA+
2	TPA-
3	GND
4	GND
5	TPB+
6	TPB-
7	Power (12V)
8	Power (12V)
9	No Pin
10	GND



- Do not plug the USB bracket cable into the IEEE 1394a header.
- Prior to installing the IEEE 1394a bracket, be sure to turn off your computer and unplug the power cord from the power outlet to prevent damage to the IEEE 1394a bracket.
- To connect an IEEE 1394a device, attach one end of the device cable to your computer and then attach the other end of the cable to the IEEE 1394a device. Ensure that the cable is securely connected.

18) COM (Serial Port Header)

The COM header can provide one serial port via an optional COM port cable. For purchasing the optional COM port cable, please contact the local dealer.

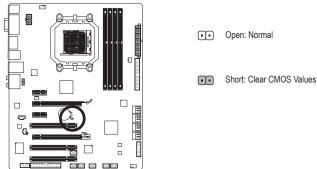


9 10	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1
10	••••	2

Pin No.	Definition
1	NDCD-
2	NSIN
3	NSOUT
4	NDTR-
5	GND
6	NDSR-
7	NRTS-
8	NCTS-
9	NRI-
10	No Pin

19) CLR_CMOS (Clearing CMOS Jumper)

Use this jumper to clear the CMOS values (e.g. date information and BIOS configurations) and reset the CMOS values to factory defaults. To clear the CMOS values, place a jumper cap on the two pins to temporarily short the two pins or use a metal object like a screwdriver to touch the two pins for a few seconds.





- Always turn off your computer and unplug the power cord from the power outlet before clearing the CMOS values.
- After clearing the CMOS values and before turning on your computer, be sure to remove the jumper cap from the jumper. Failure to do so may cause damage to the motherboard.
- After system restart, go to BIOS Setup to load factory defaults (select Load Optimized Defaults) or manually configure the BIOS settings (refer to Chapter 2, "BIOS Setup," for BIOS configurations).

Hardware Installation

Chapter 2 BIOS Setup

BIOS (Basic Input and Output System) records hardware parameters of the system in the CMOS on the motherboard. Its major functions include conducting the Power-On Self-Test (POST) during system startup, saving system parameters and loading operating system, etc. BIOS includes a BIOS Setup program that allows the user to modify basic system configuration settings or to activate certain system features. When the power is turned off, the battery on the motherboard supplies the necessary power to the CMOS to keep the configuration values in the CMOS.

To access the BIOS Setup program, press the <Delete> key during the POST when the power is turned on. To see more advanced BIOS Setup menu options, you can press <Ctrl> + <F1> in the main menu of the BIOS Setup program.

To upgrade the BIOS, use either the GIGABYTE Q-Flash or @BIOS utility.

- Q-Flash allows the user to quickly and easily upgrade or back up BIOS without entering the operating system.
- @BIOS is a Windows-based utility that searches and downloads the latest version of BIOS from the Internet and updates the BIOS.

For instructions on using the Q-Flash and @BIOS utilities, refer to Chapter 4, "BIOS Update Utilities."



- Because BIOS flashing is potentially risky, if you do not encounter problems using the current version of BIOS, it is recommended that you not flash the BIOS. To flash the BIOS, do it with caution. Inadequate BIOS flashing may result in system malfunction.
- BIOS will emit a beep code during the POST. Refer to Chapter 5, "Troubleshooting," for the beep codes description.
- It is recommended that you not alter the default settings (unless you need to) to prevent system
 instability or other unexpected results. Inadequately altering the settings may result in system's
 failure to boot. If this occurs, try to clear the CMOS values and reset the board to default values.
 (Refer to the "Load Optimized Defaults" section in this chapter or introductions of the battery/
 clearing CMOS jumper in Chapter 1 for how to clear the CMOS values.)

2-1 Startup Screen

The following screens may appear when the computer boots.

A. The LOGO Screen (Default)







Function Keys:

<TAB>: POST SCREEN

Press the <Tab> key to show the BIOS POST screen. To show the BIOS POST screen at system startup, refer to the instructions on the **Full Screen LOGO Show** item on page 47.

: BIOS SETUP\Q-FLASH

Press the <Delete> key to enter BIOS Setup or to access the Q-Flash utility in BIOS Setup.

<F9>: XPRESS RECOVERY2

If you have ever entered Xpress Recovery2 to back up hard drive data using the driver disk, the <F9> key can be used for subsequent access to Xpress Recovery2 during the POST. For more information, refer to Chapter 4, "Xpress Recovery2."

<F12>: BOOT MENU

Boot Menu allows you to set the first boot device without entering BIOS Setup. In Boot Menu, use the up arrow key <1> or the down arrow key <1> to select the first boot device, then press <Enter> to accept. To exit Boot Menu, press <Esc>. The system will directly boot from the device configured in Boot Menu. Note: The setting in Boot Menu is effective for one time only. After system restart, the device boot order will still be based on BIOS Setup settings. You can access Boot Menu again to change the first boot device setting as needed.

<END>: Q-FLASH

Press the <End> key to access the Q-Flash utility directly without having to enter BIOS Setup first.

2-2 The Main Menu

Once you enter the BIOS Setup program, the Main Menu (as shown below) appears on the screen. Use arrow keys to move among the items and press <Enter> to accept or enter a sub-menu.

(Sample BIOS Version: F3b)

	CMOS Setup Utility-Copyright (C) 1984-2010 Award Software				
•	MB Intelligent Tweaker(M.I.T.)		Load Fail-Safe Defaults		
▶	Standard CMOS Features		Load Optimized Defaults		
▶	Advanced BIOS Features		Set Supervisor Password		
▶	 Integrated Peripherals 		Set User Password		
▶	Power Management Setup		Save & Exit Setup		
▶	PnP/PCI Configurations		Exit Without Saving		
▶	PC Health Status				
ESC: Quit		↑↓→←: Select It	Item F11: Save CMOS to BIOS		
F8	3: Q-Flash	F10: Save & Exi	it Setup F12: Load CMOS from BIOS		
	Change CPU's Clock & Voltage				

BIOS Setup Program Function Keys

< $>><$ >>> Move the selection bar to select an item		
<enter></enter>	Execute command or enter the submenu	
<esc></esc>	Main Menu: Exit the BIOS Setup program	
	Submenus: Exit current submenu	
<page up=""></page>	Increase the numeric value or make changes	
<page down=""></page>	Decrease the numeric value or make changes	
<f1></f1>	Show descriptions of the function keys	
<f2></f2>	Move cursor to the Item Help block on the right (submenus only)	
<f5></f5>	Restore the previous BIOS settings for the current submenus	
<f6></f6>	Load the Fail-Safe BIOS default settings for the current submenus	
<f7></f7>	Load the Optimized BIOS default settings for the current submenus	
<f8></f8>	Access the Q-Flash utility	
<f9></f9>	Display system information	
<f10></f10>	Save all the changes and exit the BIOS Setup program	
<f11></f11>	Save CMOS to BIOS	
<f12></f12>	Load CMOS from BIOS	

Main Menu Help

The on-screen description of a highlighted setup option is displayed on the bottom line of the Main Menu.

Submenu Help

While in a submenu, press <F1> to display a help screen (General Help) of function keys available for the menu. Press <Esc> to exit the help screen. Help for each item is in the Item Help block on the right side of the submenu.



- If you do not find the settings you want in the Main Menu or a submenu, press <Ctrl>+<F1> to access more advanced options.
- When the system is not stable as usual, select the Load Optimized Defaults item to set your system to its defaults.
- The BIOS Setup menus described in this chapter are for reference only and may differ by BIOS version.

■ The Functions of the <F11> and <F12> keys (For the Main Menu Only)

F11: Save CMOS to BIOS

This function allows you to save the current BIOS settings to a profile. You can create up to 8 profiles (Profile 1-8) and name each profile. First enter the profile name (to erase the default profile name, use the SPACE key) and then press <Enter> to complete.

▶ F12: Load CMOS from BIOS

If your system becomes unstable and you have loaded the BIOS default settings, you can use this function to load the BIOS settings from a profile created before, without the hassles of reconfiguring the BIOS settings. First select the profile you wish to load, then press <Enter> to complete.

MB Intelligent Tweaker(M.I.T.)

Use this menu to configure the clock, frequency and voltages of your CPU, memory, etc.

Standard CMOS Features

Use this menu to configure the system time and date, hard drive types, floppy disk drive types, and the type of errors that stop the system boot, etc.

Advanced BIOS Features

Use this menu to configure the device boot order, advanced features available on the CPU, and the primary display adapter.

Integrated Peripherals

Use this menu to configure all peripheral devices, such as IDE, SATA, USB, integrated audio, and integrated LAN, etc.

Power Management Setup

Use this menu to configure all the power-saving functions.

PnP/PCI Configurations

Use this menu to configure the system's PCI & PnP resources.

PC Health Status

Use this menu to see information about autodetected system/CPU temperature, system voltage and fan speed, etc.

Load Fail-Safe Defaults

Fail-Safe defaults are factory settings for the most stable, minimal-performance system operations.

Load Optimized Defaults

Optimized defaults are factory settings for optimal-performance system operations.

Set Supervisor Password

Change, set, or disable password. It allows you to restrict access to the system and BIOS Setup. A supervisor password allows you to make changes in BIOS Setup.

Set User Password

Change, set, or disable password. It allows you to restrict access to the system and BIOS Setup. A user password only allows you to view the BIOS settings but not to make changes.

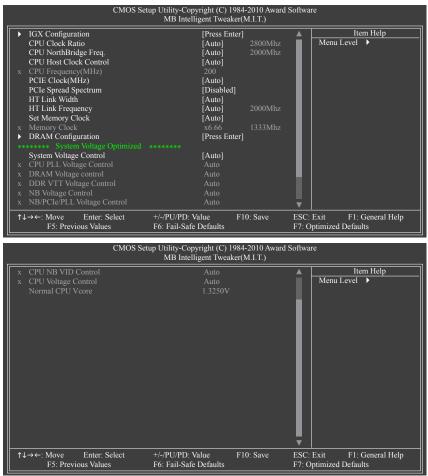
Save & Exit Setup

Save all the changes made in the BIOS Setup program to the CMOS and exit BIOS Setup. (Pressing <F10> can also carry out this task.)

Exit Without Saving

Abandon all changes and the previous settings remain in effect. Pressing <Y> to the confirmation message will exit BIOS Setup. (Pressing <Esc> can also carry out this task.)

2-3 MB Intelligent Tweaker(M.I.T.)





Whether the system will work stably with the overclock/overvoltage settings you made is dependent on your overall system configurations. Incorrectly doing overclock/overvoltage may result in damage to CPU, chipset, or memory and reduce the useful life of these components. This page is for advanced users only and we recommend you not to alter the default settings to prevent system instability or other unexpected results. (Inadequately altering the settings may result in system's failure to boot. If this occurs, clear the CMOS values and reset the board to default values.)

• When the System Voltage Optimized item blinks in red, it is recommended that you set the System Voltage Control item to Auto to optimize the system voltage settings.

☞ IGX Configuration

CMOS Setup Utility-Copyright (C) 1984-2010 Award Software IGX Configuration					
Internal Graphics Mode UMA Frame Buffer Size × Surround View Onboard VGA output connect VGA Core Clock control × VGA Core Clock(MHz)	[UMA] [Auto] Disabled [Auto] [Auto] 560	ttem Help Menu Level ≯			
↑↓→←: Move Enter: Select F5: Previous Values	+/-/PU/PD: Value F10: Save F6: Fail-Safe Defaults	ESC: Exit F1: General Help F7: Optimized Defaults			

∽ Internal Graphics Mode

Allows you to determine whether to allocate system memory for the onboard graphics controller.

Disabled Disables the onboard graphics controller.

>> UMA Allocates memory for the onboard graphics controller from the system memory. (Default)

○ UMA Frame Buffer Size

Frame buffer size is the total amount of system memory allocated solely for the onboard graphics controller. MS-DOS, for example, will use only this memory for display. Options are: Auto (default), 128MB, 256MB, 512MB.

Surround View

Enables or disables the Surround View function. This option is configurable only if **Init Display First** under **Advanced BIOS Features** is set to **PEG** and an ATI graphics card is installed. (Default: Disabled)

∽ Onboard VGA output connect

Specifies the graphics display of the onboard graphics output from the D-SUB/DVI-D or D-SUB/HDMI. Auto BIOS automatically determines the primary display port for output, depending on to which port the display device is connected, D-SUB/DVI-D or D-SUB/HDMI. (Default)

► D-SUB/DVI Sets the D-SUB/DVI-D as the graphics display.

▶ D-SUB/HDMI Sets the D-SUB/HDMI as the graphics display.

☞ VGA Core Clock control

Allows you to determine whether to manually set the VGA Core clock. (Default: Auto)

☞ VGA Core Clock(MHz)

Allows you to manually set the VGA Core clock. The adjustable range is from 200 MHz to 2000 MHz. This item is configurable only if the **VGA Core Clock control** option is enabled.

CPU Clock Ratio

Allows you to alter the clock ratio for the installed CPU. The adjustable range is dependent on the CPU being used.

∽ CPU NorthBridge Freq.

Allows you to alter the North Bridge controller frequency for the installed CPU. The adjustable range is dependent on the CPU being used.

CPU Host Clock Control

Enables or disables the control of CPU host clock. Auto (default) allows the BIOS to automatically adjust the CPU host frequency. Manual allows the CPU Frequency (MHz) item below to be configurable. Note: If your system fails to boot after overclocking, please wait for 20 seconds to allow for automated system reboot, or clear the CMOS values to reset the board to default values.

→ CPU Frequency(MHz)

Allows you to manually set the CPU host frequency. The adjustable range is from 200 MHz to 500 MHz. This option is configurable only when **CPU Host Clock Control** is set to **Manual**.

Important It is highly recommended that the CPU frequency be set in accordance with the CPU specifications.

☞ PCIE Clock(MHz)

Allows you to manually set the PCIe clock frequency. The adjustable range is from 100 MHz to 150 MHz. Auto sets the PCIe clock frequency to standard 100 MHz. (Default: Auto)

PCIe Spread Spectrum

Enables or disables PCIe Spread Spectrum. (Default: Disabled)

→ HT Link Width

Allows you to manually set the width for the HT Link between the CPU and chipset.

- ➤ Auto BIOS will automatically adjust the HT Link Width. (Default)
- ✤ 8 bit Sets HT Link Width to 8 bit.
- ▶ 16 bit Sets HT Link Width to 16 bit.

HT Link Frequency

Allows you to manually set the frequency for the HT Link between the CPU and chipset.

Auto BIOS will automatically adjust the HT Link Frequency. (Default)

★ x1~x10
 Sets HT Link Frequency to x1~x10 (200 MHz~2.0 GHz).

Set Memory Clock

Determines whether to manually set the memory clock. Auto lets BIOS automatically set the memory clock as required. Manual allows the memory clock control item below to be configurable. (Default: Auto)

Memory Clock

This option is configurable only when Set Memory Clock is set to Manual.

- → X4.00 Sets Memory Clock to X4.00.
- ➤ X5.33 Sets Memory Clock to X5.33.
- ➡ X6.66 Sets Memory Clock to X6.66.
- → X8.00 Sets Memory Clock to X8.00.

☞ DRAM Configuration

CMOS S	etup Utility-Copyright (DRAM Cont		d Software
Ír		nguration	
DCTs Mode DDR3 Timing Items x CAS# latency x RAS to CAS R/W Delay x Row Precharge Time x Minimum RAS Active Time x Tf/2T Command Delay x Trfc0 for DIMM1 x Trfc2 for DIMM2 x Trfc1 for DIMM3 x Trfc3 for DIMM4 x Write Recovery Time x Row Cycle Time x RAS to RAS Delay **DCTs Drive Strength** ProcOdt(ohms)		 5T 33T 4T DCT1 Auto] 240	▲ Item Help Menu Level ▶
DQS Drive Strength ↑↓→←: Move Enter: Select F5: Previous Values	[Auto] 1.0x [+/-/PU/PD: Value F6: Fail-Safe Default	Auto] 1.5x F10: Save	ESC: Exit F1: General Help F7: Optimized Defaults
	the Helliter Committee	C) 1004 2010 4	1.0 - 0
<u>6</u>	etup Utility-Copyright (DRAM Cont [Auto] 1.0x [d Software
CMOS S Data Drive Strength MEMCLK Drive Strength Addr/Cmd Drive Strength CS/0DT Drive Strength CKE Drive Strength Bank Interleaving Channel Interleave	DRAM Cont [Auto] 1.0x [[Auto] 1.5x [figuration	

∽ DCTs Mode

Allows you to set memory control mode.

➡ Ganged Sets memory control mode to single dual-channel.

>> Unganged Sets memory control mode to two single-channel. (Default)

→ DDR3 Timing Items

Manual allows all DDR3 Timing items below to be configurable. Options are: Auto (default), Manual.

→ CAS# latency

Options are: Auto (default), 4T~12T.

CAS TO CAS R/W Delay

Options are: Auto (default), 5T~12T.

Ċ	Row Precharge Time
	Options are: Auto (default), 5T~12T.
Ċ	Minimum RAS Active Time
	Options are: Auto (default), 15T~30T.
Ċ	1T/2T Command Timing
	Options are: Auto (default), 1T, 2T.
Ċ	TwTr Command Delay
	Options are: Auto (default), 4T~7T.
Ċ	Trfc0 for DIMM1
	Options are: Auto (default), 90ns, 110ns, 160ns, 300ns, 350ns.
Ċ	
	Options are: Auto (default), 90ns, 110ns, 160ns, 300ns, 350ns.
Ċ	Trfc1 for DIMM3
~	Options are: Auto (default), 90ns, 110ns, 160ns, 300ns, 350ns.
Ċ	Trfc3 for DIMM4
~	Options are: Auto (default), 90ns, 110ns, 160ns, 300ns, 350ns. Write Recovery Time
\sim	Options are: Auto (default), 5T~8T, 10T, 12T.
õ	
	Options are: Auto (default), 4T~7T.
Ċ	
	Options are: Auto (default), 11T~42T.
Ċ	RAS to RAS Delay
	Options are: Auto (default), 4T~7T.
_	
	CTs Drive Strength**
Ċ	ProcOdt(ohms)
	Options are: Auto (default), 240 ohms, 120 ohms, 60 ohms.
Ċ	
~	Options are: Auto (default), 0.75x, 1.0x, 1.25x, 1.5x.
Ċ	Data Drive Strength
Ċ	Options are: Auto (default), 0.75x, 1.0x, 1.25x, 1.5x. MEMCLK Drive Strength
\sim	Options are: Auto (default), 0.75x, 1.0x, 1.25x, 1.5x.
Ċ	Addr/Cmd Drive Strength
0	Options are: Auto (default), 1.0x, 1.25x, 1.5x, 2.0x.
Ţ	
	Options are: Auto (default), 1.0x, 1.25x, 1.5x, 2.0x.
Ċ	CKE Drive Strength
	Options are: Auto (default). 1.0x. 1.25x. 1.5x. 2.0x.

☞ Bank Interleaving

Enables or disables memory bank interleaving. **Enabled** allows the system to simultaneously access different banks of the memory to increase memory performance and stability. (Default: Enabled)

Channel Interleave

Enables or disables memory channel interleaving. **Enabled** allows the system to simultaneously access different channels of the memory to increase memory performance and stability. (Default: Enabled)

******** System Voltage Optimized ********

System Voltage Control

Determines whether to manually set the system voltages. Auto lets the BIOS automatically set the system voltages as required. Manual allows all voltage control items below to be configurable. (Default: Auto)

CPU PLL Voltage Control

Allows you to set the CPU PLL voltage.

➤ Normal Supplies the CPU PLL voltage as required. (Default)

▶ 2.220V ~ 3.100V The adjustable range is from 2.220V to 3.100V.

Note: Increasing CPU voltage may result in damage to your CPU or reduce the useful life of the CPU.

→ DRAM Voltage control

Allows you to set memory voltage.

Normal Supplies the memory voltage as required. (Default)

▶ 1.275V ~ 2.445V The adjustable range is from 1.275V to 2.445V.

Note: Increasing memory voltage may result in damage to the memory or reduce the useful life of the memory.

C DDR VTT Voltage Control

Allows you to set the memory VTT voltage.

✤ Normal Supplies the memory VTT voltage as required. (Default)

▶ 0.720V ~ 1.050V The adjustable range is from 0.720V to 1.050V.

Note: Increasing memory voltage may result in damage to the memory or reduce the useful life of the memory.

∽ NB Voltage Control

Allows you to set the North Bridge voltage.

➤ Normal Supplies the North Bridge voltage as required. (Default)

▶ 1.000V ~ 1.600V The adjustable range is from 1.000V to 1.600V.

∽ NB/PCIe/PLL Voltage Control

Allows you to set the North Bridge PCIe PLL voltage.

✤ Normal Supplies the North Bridge PCIe PLL voltage as required. (Default)

 \blacktriangleright 1.450V ~ 2.100V The adjustable range is from 1.450V to 2.100V.

CPU NB VID Control

Allows you to set the CPU North Bridge VID voltage. **Auto** sets the CPU North Bridge VID voltage as required. The adjustable range is dependent on the CPU being installed. (Default: Normal) Note: Increasing CPU voltage may result in damage to your CPU or reduce the useful life of the CPU.

☞ CPU Voltage Control

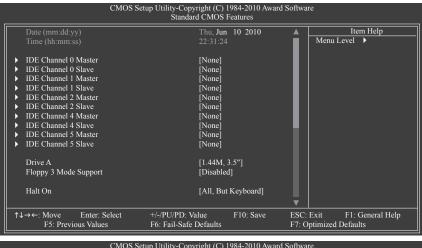
Allows you to set the CPU voltage. Auto sets the CPU voltage as required. The adjustable range is dependent on the CPU being installed. (Default: Normal)

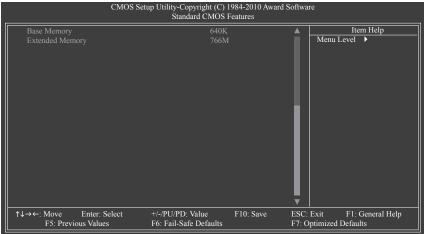
Note: Increasing CPU voltage may result in damage to your CPU or reduce the useful life of the CPU.

Ormal CPU Vcore

Displays the normal operating voltage of your CPU.

2-4 Standard CMOS Features





∽ Date (mm:dd:yy)

Sets the system date. The date format is week (read-only), month, date and year. Select the desired field and use the up arrow or down arrow key to set the date.

Time (hh:mm:ss)

Sets the system time. For example, 1 p.m. is 13:0:0. Select the desired field and use the up arrow or down arrow key to set the time.

☞ IDE Channel 0, 1 Master/Slave

► IDE HDD Auto-Detection

Press <Enter> to autodetect the parameters of the IDE/SATA device on this channel.

▶ IDE Channel 0, 1 Master/Slave

Configure your IDE/SATA devices by using one of the two methods below:

- Auto Lets the BIOS automatically detect IDE/SATA devices during the POST. (Default)
 None If no IDE/SATA devices are used, set this item to **None** so the system will skip
 - the detection of the device during the POST for faster system startup.
- Access Mode Sets the hard drive access mode. Options are: Auto (default), CHS, LBA, Large.

∽ IDE Channel 2, 4, 5 Master/Slave

► IDE Auto-Detection

Press <Enter> to autodetect the parameters of the IDE/SATA device on this channel.

➡ Extended IDE Drive

Configure your IDE/SATA devices by using one of the two methods below:

- Auto Lets the BIOS automatically detect IDE/SATA devices during the POST. (Default)
- None If no IDE/SATA devices are used, set this item to **None** so the system will skip the detection of the device during the POST for faster system startup.
- Access Mode Sets the hard drive access mode. Options are: Auto (default), Large.

The following fields display your hard drive specifications. If you wish to enter the parameters manually, refer to the information on the hard drive.

- Capacity Approximate capacity of the currently installed hard drive.
- Cylinder Number of cylinders.
- Precomp Write precompensation cylinder.
- ➡ Landing Zone Landing zone.
- ✤ Sector Number of sectors.

ー Drive A

Allows you to select the type of floppy disk drive installed in your system. If you do not install a floppy disk drive, set this item to **None**. Options are: None, 360K/5.25", 1.2M/5.25", 720K/3.5", 1.44M/3.5", 2.88M/3.5".

☞ Floppy 3 Mode Support

Allows you to specify whether the installed floppy disk drive is 3-mode floppy disk drive, a Japanese standard floppy disk drive. Options are: Disabled (default), Drive A.

ー Halt On

Allows you to determine whether the system will stop for an error during the POST.

- ➤ All Errors Whenever the BIOS detects a non-fatal error the system boot will stop.
- ✤ No Errors The system boot will not stop for any error.
- ✤ All, But Keyboard The system boot will not stop for a keyboard error but stop for all other errors. (Default)
- ➡ All, But Diskette The system boot will not stop for a floppy disk drive error but stop for all other errors.
- ➤ All, But Disk/Key The system boot will not stop for a keyboard or a floppy disk drive error but it will stop for all other errors.

ං Memory

These fields are read-only and are determined by the BIOS POST.

- Base Memory Also called conventional memory. Typically, 640 KB will be reserved for the MS-DOS operating system.
- ➡ Extended Memory The amount of extended memory.

2-5 Advanced BIOS Features

_	CMOS Setup Utility-Copyright (C) 1984-2010 Award Software Advanced BIOS Features					
	 IGX Configuration AMD C1E Support 	· · · · · ·				
	Virtualization	[Disabled]				
	AMD K8 Cool&Quiet control	[Auto]				
	CPU Unlock (Note)	[Disabled]				
	CPU core Control	[Auto]				
	x CPU core 0	Enabled				
	x CPU core 1	Enabled				
	x CPU core 2/3/4/5 ^(Note)	Enabled				
	Hard Disk Boot Priority	[Press Enter]	1 1			
	First Boot Device Second Boot Device	[Floppy]				
	Third Boot Device	[Hard Disk] [CDROM]	1 1			
	Password Check	[Setup]				
	HDD S.M.A.R.T. Capability	[Disabled]				
	Away Mode	[Disabled]				
	Full Screen LOGO Show	[Enabled]				
	Backup BIOS Image to HDD	[Disabled]				
	Init Display First	[PCI Slot]				
	↑↓→←: Move Enter: Select F5: Previous Values		: Exit F1: General Help Dptimized Defaults			

IGX Configuration

The settings in this submenu are synchronous to those under the same items on the MB Intelligent Tweaker(M.I.T.) main menu.

AMD C1E Support

Enables or disables the C1E CPU power-saving function in system halt state. When enabled, the CPU core frequency and voltage will be reduced during system halt state to decrease power consumption. (Default: Disabled)

Virtualization

Virtualization allows a platform to run multiple operating systems and applications in independent partitions. With virtualization, one computer system can function as multiple virtual systems. (Default: Disabled)

→ AMD K8 Cool&Quiet control

► Auto Lets the AMD Cool'n'Quiet driver dynamically adjust the CPU clock and VID to reduce heat output from your computer and its power consumption. (Default) ➡ Disabled

Disables this function.

☞ CPU Unlock^(Note)

Allows you to determine whether unlock hidden CPU cores. (Default: Disabled)

∽ CPU core Control

Allows you to determine whether to manually enable/disable CPU Core 1/2/3/4/5.

- ➡ Auto Lets the BIOS to enable all CPU cores (number of cores available depends on the CPU being used). (Default)
- Manual Allows you to individually enable/disable CPU Core 1/2/3/4/5.

○ CPU core 0

This setting is fixed. CPU Core 0 is always enabled.

· CPU core 1, 2/3/4/5 (Note)

Enables or disables CPU Core 1/2/3/4/5. (Default: Enabled)

(Note) This item is present only if you install a CPU that supports this feature.

☞ Hard Disk Boot Priority

Specifies the sequence of loading the operating system from the installed hard drives. Use the up or down arrow key to select a hard drive, then press the plus key <+> (or <PageUp>) or the minus key <-> (or <PageDown>) to move it up or down on the list. Press <Esc> to exit this menu when finished.

☞ First/Second/Third Boot Device

Specifies the boot order from the available devices. Use the up or down arrow key to select a device and press <Enter> to accept. Options are: Floppy, LS120, Hard Disk, CDROM, ZIP, USB-FDD, USB-ZIP, USB-CDROM, USB-HDD, Legacy LAN, Disabled.

Password Check

Specifies whether a password is required every time the system boots, or only when you enter BIOS Setup. After configuring this item, set the password(s) under the **Set Supervisor/User Password** item in the BIOS Main Menu.

Setup A password is only required for entering the BIOS Setup program. (Default)

System A password is required for booting the system and for entering the BIOS Setup program.

☞ HDD S.M.A.R.T. Capability

Enables or disables the S.M.A.R.T. (Self Monitoring and Reporting Technology) capability of your hard drive. This feature allows your system to report read/write errors of the hard drive and to issue warnings when a third party hardware monitor utility is installed. (Default: Enabled)

🗢 Away Mode

Enables or disables Away Mode in Windows XP Media Center operating system. Away Mode allows the system to silently perform unattended tasks while in a low-power mode that appears off. (Default: Disabled)

☞ Full Screen LOGO Show

Allows you to determine whether to display the GIGABYTE Logo at system startup. **Disabled** displays normal POST message. (Default: Enabled)

☞ Backup BIOS Image to HDD

Allows the system to copy the BIOS image file to the hard drive. If the system BIOS is corrupted, it will be recovered from this image file. (Default: Disabled)

☞ Init Display First

Specifies the first initiation of the monitor display from the installed PCI graphics card, PCI Express graphics card, or the onboard graphics.

- ▶ PCI Slot Sets the PCI graphics card as the first display. (Default)
- ➤ OnChipVGA Sets the onboard graphics as the first display.
- ▶ PEG Sets the PCI Express graphics card on the PCIEX16 slot as the first display.
- ▶ PEG1 Sets the PCI Express graphics card on the PCIEX4 slot as the first display.

2-6 Integrated Peripherals

	CMOS Setup Utility-Copyright (C) 1984-2010 Award Software Integrated Peripherals					
x x x		[Enabled] [Native IDE] IDE Enabled [Enabled] [Enabled] [IDE] [Enabled] [Press Enter] [Enabled] [Enabled] [Enabled] [Enabled] [Enabled] [Enabled] [Enabled] [Enabled] [Enabled] [Enabled]	Item Help Menu Level ➤			
1	•↓→←: Move Enter: Select F5: Previous Values	+/-/PU/PD: Value F10: Save F6: Fail-Safe Defaults	ESC: Exit F1: General Help F7: Optimized Defaults			

☞ OnChip SATA Controller (AMD SB850, SATA3_0~SATA3_5 connectors)

Enables or disables the integrated SATA controller. (Default: Enabled)

OnChip SATA Type (AMD SB850, SATA3_0~SATA3_3 connectors)

Configures the operating mode of the integrated SATA3_0~SATA3_3 controller.

Native IDE Allows the SATA controller to operate in Native IDE mode. (Default)
Enable Native IDE mode if you wish to install operating systems that support Native
mode.

- ➡ RAID Enables RAID for the SATA controller.
- AHCI Configures the SATA controllers to AHCI mode. Advanced Host Controller Interface (AHCI) is an interface specification that allows the storage driver to enable advanced Serial ATA features such as Native Command Queuing and hot plug.

OnChip SATA Port4/5 Type (AMD SB850, SATA3_4~SATA3_5 connectors)

This option is configurable only when **OnChip SATA Type** is set to **RAID** or **AHCI**. Configures the operating mode of the integrated SATA3_4/SATA3_5 connectors.

► IDE Disables RAID for the SATA controller and configures the SATA controller to PATA mode. (Default)

▶ As SATA Type The mode depends on the OnChip SATA Type settings.

OnChip SATA RAID5 Support (AMD SB850, SATA3_0~SATA3_5 connectors)

Enables or disables RAID 5 support for the SATA controller integrated in the AMD SB850 South Bridge. This option is configurable only when **OnChip SATA Type** is set to **RAID**.

OnChip SATA3.0 Support (AMD SB850, SATA3_0~SATA3_5 connectors)

Enables or disables the SATA 6Gb/s function integrated in the Chipset. When set to **Disabled**, the SATA controller will operate in SATA 3Gb/s mode. (Default: Enabled)

Onboard SATA/IDE Ctrl (GIGABYTE SATA2 Chip, IDE and GSATA2_6/7 Connectors)

Enables or disables the IDE and SATA controller integrated in the GIGABYTE SATA2 chip. (Default: Enabled)

☞ Onboard SATA/IDE Ctrl Mode (GIGABYTE SATA2 Chip, GSATA2_6/7 Connectors)

Enables or disables RAID for the SATA controller integrated in the GIGABYTE SATA2 chip or configures the SATA controller to AHCI mode.

► IDE Configures the SATA controller to IDE mode. (Default)

➤ AHCI Configures the SATA controller to AHCI mode. Advanced Host Controller Interface (AHCI) is an interface specification that allows the storage driver to enable advanced Serial ATA features such as Native Command Queuing and hot plug.

➡ RAID/IDE Enables RAID for the SATA controller; the IDE controller still operates in IDE mode.

∽ Onboard LAN Function

Enables or disables the onboard LAN function. (Default: Enabled) If you wish to install a 3rd party add-in network card instead of using the onboard LAN, set this item to **Disabled**.

Onboard LAN Boot ROM

Allows you to decide whether to activate the boot ROM integrated with the onboard LAN chip. (Default: Disabled)

☞ SMART LAN (LAN Cable Diagnostic Function)

•·····································				
CMOS Setup Utility-Copyright (C) 1984-2010 Award Software SMART LAN				
Start detecting at Port Part1-2 Status = Open / Length = Part3-6 Status = Open / Length = Part4-5 Status = Open / Length = Part7-8 Status = Open / Length =	= 0m = 0m		Item Help Menu Level D	
↑↓→←: Move Enter: Select F5: Previous Values	+/-/PU/PD: Value F6: Fail-Safe Defaults		ESC: Exit F1: General Help F7: Optimized Defaults	

This motherboard incorporates cable diagnostic feature designed to detect the status of the attached LAN cable. This feature will detect cabling issue and report the approximate distance to the fault or short. Refer to the following information for diagnosing your LAN cable:

∽ When No LAN Cable Is Attached...

If no LAN cable is attached to the motherboard, the **Status** fields of all four pairs of wires will show **Open** and the **Length** fields show **0m**, as shown in the figure above.

∽ When LAN Cable Is Functioning Normally...

If no cable problem is detected on the LAN cable connected to a Gigabit hub or a 10/100 Mbps hub, the following message will appear:



→ Link Detected Displays transmission speed.

➤ Cable Length Displays the approximate length of the attached LAN cable.

Note: The Gigabit hub will only operate at a speed of 10/100 Mbps in MS-DOS mode; it will operate at a normal speed of 10/100/1000 Mbps in Windows mode or when the LAN Boot ROM is activated.

☞ When a Cable Problem Occurs...

If a cable problem occurs on a specified pair of wires, the **Status** field will show **Short** and then length shown will be the approximate distance to the fault or short.

Example: Part1-2 Status = Short / Length = 2m

Explanation: A fault or short might occur at about 2m on Part 1-2.

Note: Part 4-5 and Part 7-8 are not used in a 10/100 Mbps environment, so their **Status** fields will show **Open**, and the length shown is the approximate length of the attached LAN cable.

∽ Onboard Audio Function

Enables or disables the onboard audio function. (Default: Enabled) If you wish to install a 3rd party add-in audio card instead of using the onboard audio, set this item to **Disabled**.

∽ Onboard 1394 Function

Enables or disables the onboard IEEE 1394 function. (Default: Enabled)

∽ Onboard USB 3.0 Controller (Renesas D720200 USB Controller)

Enables or disables the Renesas D720200 USB controller. (Default: Enabled)

USB Controllers

Enables or disables the integrated USB controllers. (Default: Enabled) **Disabled** will turn off all of the USB functionalities below.

□ USB Legacy Function

Allows USB keyboard to be used in MS-DOS. (Default: Enabled)

☞ USB Storage Function

Determines whether to detect USB storage devices, including USB flash drives and USB hard drives during the POST. (Default: Enabled)

○ Onboard Serial Port 1

Enables or disables the first serial port and specifies its base I/O address and corresponding interrupt. Options are: Auto, 2F8/IRQ3, 3F8/IRQ4(default), 3E8/IRQ4, 2E8/IRQ3, Disabled.

2-7 Power Management Setup

CMOS Setup Utility-Copyright (C) 1984-2010 Award Software Power Management Setup					
ACPI Suspend Type Soft-Off by Power button USB Wake Up from S3 Modem Ring Resume PME Event Wake Up HPET Support ^(Neee) Power On By Mouse Power On By Keyboard X KB Power ON Password AC Back Function Power-On by Alarm X Date (of Month) Resume Time (hh:mm:ss) ErP Support	[S3(STR)] [Instant-off] [Enabled] [Disabled] [Enabled] [Enabled] [Disabled] [Disabled] Enter [Soft-Off] [Disabled] Everyday 0:0:0 [Disabled]	Item Help Menu Level ➤			
↑↓→←: Move Enter: Select F5: Previous Values	+/-/PU/PD: Value F10: Save F6: Fail-Safe Defaults	ESC: Exit F1: General Help F7: Optimized Defaults			

ACPI Suspend Type

Specifies the ACPI sleep state when the system enters suspend.

➡ S1(POS)	Enables the system to enter the ACPI S1 (Power on Suspend) sleep state.
	In S1 sleep state, the system appears suspended and stays in a low power mode.
	The system can be resumed at any time.
➡ S3(STR)	Enables the system to enter the ACPI S3 (Suspend to RAM) sleep state (default).
	In S3 sleep state, the system appears to be off and consumes less power than in
	the S1 state. When signaled by a wake-up device or event, the system resumes to
	its working state exactly where it was left off.

∽ Soft-Off by Power button

Configures the way to turn off the computer in MS-DOS mode using the power button.

Instant-Off Press the power button and then the system will be turned off instantly. (Default)
 Delay 4 Sec. Press and hold the power button for 4 seconds to turn off the system. If the power button is pressed for less than 4 seconds, the system will enter suspend mode.

☞ USB Wake Up from S3

Allows the system to be awakened from ACPI S3 sleep state by a wake-up signal from the installed USB device. (Default: Enabled)

∽ Modem Ring Resume

Allows the system to be awakened from an ACPI sleep state by a wake-up signal from a modem that supports wake-up function. (Default: Disabled)

☞ PME Event Wake Up

Allows the system to be awakened from an ACPI sleep state by a wake-up signal from a PCI or PCIe device. Note: To use this function, you need an ATX power supply providing at least 1A on the +5VSB lead. (Default: Enabled)

(Note) Supported on Windows 7/Vista operating system only.

→ HPET Support (Note)

Enables or disables High Precision Event Timer (HPET) for Windows 7/Vista operating system. (Default: Enabled)

☞ Power On By Mouse

Allows the system to be turned on by a PS/2 mouse wake-up event.

Note: To use this function, you need an ATX power supply providing at least 1A on the +5VSB lead.

- ➡ Disabled Disables this function. (Default)
- ➤ Double Click Double click on left button on the PS/2 mouse to turn on the system.

Power On By Keyboard

Allows the system to be turned on by a PS/2 keyboard wake-up event.

Note: you need an ATX power supply providing at least 1A on the +5VSB lead.

- Disabled Disables this function. (Default)
- ▶ Password Set a password with 1~5 characters to turn on the system.
- ➤ Any KEY Press any key on the keyboard to turn on the system.

▶ Keyboard 98 Press POWER button on the Windows 98 keyboard to turn on the system.

CHI KB Power ON Password

Set the password when **Power On by Keyboard** is set to **Password**. Press <Enter> on this item and set a password with up to 5 characters and then press <Enter> to accept. To turn on the system, enter the password and press <Enter>.

Note: To cancel the password, press <Enter> on this item. When prompted for the password, press <Enter> again without entering the password to clear the password settings.

→ AC Back Function

Determines the state of the system after the return of power from an AC power loss.

- Soft-Off The system stays off upon the return of the AC power. (Default)
- ➡ Full-On The system is turned on upon the return of the AC power.
- Memory The system returns to its last known awake state upon the return of the AC power.

∽ Power-On by Alarm

Determines whether to power on the system at a desired time. (Default: Disabled) If enabled, set the date and time as following:

>> Date (of Month): Turn on the system at a specific time on each day or on a specific day in a month.

➤ Resume Time (hh: mm: ss): Set the time at which the system will be powered on automatically. Note: When using this function, avoid inadequate shutdown from the operating system or removal of the AC power, or the settings may not be effective.

☞ ErP Support

Determines whether to let the system consume less than 1W power in S5 (shutdown) state. (Default: Disabled)

Note: When this item is set to **Enabled**, the following four functions will become unavailable: PME event wake up, power on by mouse, power on by keyboard, and wake on LAN.

(Note) Supported on Windows 7/Vista operating system only.

2-8 PnP/PCI Configurations

CMOS Setup Utility-Copyright (C) 1984-2010 Award Software PnP/PCI Configurations					
PCI1 IRQ Assignment	[Auto]		Item Help		
PCI2 IRQ Assignment	[Auto]		Menu Level 🕨		
$\uparrow \downarrow \rightarrow \leftarrow$: Move Enter: S	elect +/-/PU/PD: Value	F10: Save ESC:	Exit F1: General Help		
F5: Previous Values	F6: Fail-Safe Defaults	s F7: C	ptimized Defaults		

☞ PCI1 IRQ Assignment

► Auto

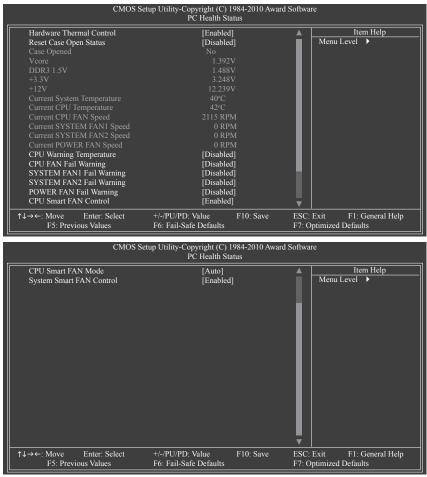
BIOS auto-assigns IRQ to the first PCI slot. (Default) Assigns IRQ 3,4,5,7,9,10,11,12,14,15 to the first PCI slot.

▶ 3,4,5,7,9,10,11,12,14,15 PCI2 IRQ Assignment

➤ Auto➤ 3,4,5,7,9,10,11,12,14,15

BIOS auto-assigns IRQ to the second PCI slot. (Default) Assigns IRQ 3,4,5,7,9,10,11,12,14,15 to the second PCI slot.

2-9 PC Health Status



∽ Hardware Thermal Control

Enables or disables the CPU overheating protection function. When enabled, the CPU core voltage and ratio will be reduced when the CPU is overheated. (Default: Enabled)

Reset Case Open Status

Keeps or clears the record of previous chassis intrusion status. **Enabled** clears the record of previous chassis intrusion status and the **Case Opened** field will show "No" at next boot. (Default: Disabled)

Case Opened

Displays the detection status of the chassis intrusion detection device attached to the motherboard CI header. If the system chassis cover is removed, this field will show "Yes", otherwise it will show "No". To clear the chassis intrusion status record, set **Reset Case Open Status** to **Enabled**, save the settings to the CMOS, and then restart your system.

∽ Current Voltage(V) Vcore/DDR3 1.5V/+3.3V/+12V

Displays the current system voltages.

Current System/CPU Temperature
 Displays current system/CPU temperature.

∽ Current CPU/SYSTEM/POWER FAN Speed (RPM)

Displays current CPU/system/power fan speed.

∽ CPU Warning Temperature

Sets the warning threshold for CPU temperature. When CPU temperature exceeds the threshold, BIOS will emit warning sound. Options are: Disabled (default), 60°C/140°F, 70°C/158°F, 80°C/176°F, 90°C/194°F.

∽ CPU/SYSTEM/POWER FAN Fail Warning

Allows the system to emit warning sound if the CPU/system/power fan is not connected or fails. Check the fan condition or fan connection when this occurs. (Default: Disabled)

∽ CPU Smart FAN Control

Enables or disables the CPU fan speed control function. **Enabled** allows the CPU fan to run at different speed according to the CPU temperature. You can adjust the fan speed with EasyTune based on system requirements. If disabled, the CPU fan runs at full speed. (Default: Enabled)

∽ CPU Smart FAN Mode

Specifies how to control CPU fan speed. This item is configurable only if **CPU Smart FAN Control** is set to **Enabled**.

- ✤ Auto Lets the BIOS automatically detect the type of CPU fan installed and sets the optimal CPU fan control mode. (Default)
- ✤ Voltage Sets Voltage mode for a 3-pin CPU fan.
- ▶ PWM Sets PWM mode for a 4-pin CPU fan.

∽ System Smart FAN Control

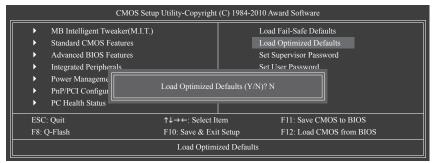
Enables or disables the system fan speed control function. **Enabled** allows the system fan to run at different speed according to the system temperature. If disabled, system fan runs at full speed. (Default: Enabled)

2-10 Load Fail-Safe Defaults

	CMOS Setup Utility-Copyright (C) 1984-2010 Award Software				
► N	MB Intelligent Tweaker(M.I.T.)			Load Fail-Safe Defaults	
► s	Standard CMOS Features			Load Optimized Defaults	
► A	Advanced BIOS Features			Set Supervisor Password	
► Ir	ntegrated Peripherals			Set User Password	
► P	Power Manageme PnP/PCI Configur	Load Fail Safa D		'N)? N	
▶ P	PC Health Status				
ESC: Q	Quit	↑↓→←: Select It	em	F11: Save CMOS to BIOS	
F8: Q-F	Flash	F10: Save & Exi	t Setup	F12: Load CMOS from BIOS	
Load Fail-Safe Defaults					

Press <Enter> on this item and then press the <Y> key to load the safest BIOS default settings. In case system instability occurs, you may try to load Fail-Safe defaults, which are the safest and most stable BIOS settings for the motherboard.

2-11 Load Optimized Defaults



Press <Enter> on this item and then press the <Y> key to load the optimal BIOS default settings. The BIOS defaults settings help the system to operate in optimum state. Always load the Optimized defaults after updating the BIOS or after clearing the CMOS values.

2-12 Set Supervisor/User Password

	CMOS Setup Utility-Copyright (C) 1984-2010 Award Software				
•	MB Intelligent Tweaker(M	M.I.T.)		Load Fail-Safe Defaults	
►	Standard CMOS Features			Load Optimized Defaults	
►	Advanced BIOS Features			Set Supervisor Password	
▶ .	Integrated Peripherals			Set User Password	
▶	Power Manageme PnP/PCI Configu	Enter Password:			
	PC Health Status				
ESC:	Quit	↑↓→←: Select It	em	F11: Save CMOS to BIOS	
F8: Q	-Flash	F10: Save & Exi	Setup	F12: Load CMOS from BIOS	
	Change/Set/Disable Password				

Press <Enter> on this item and type the password with up to 8 characters and then press <Enter>. You will be requested to confirm the password. Type the password again and press <Enter>.

The BIOS Setup program allows you to specify two separate passwords:

Supervisor Password

When a system password is set and the **Password Check** item in **Advanced BIOS Features** is set to **Setup**, you must enter the supervisor password for entering BIOS Setup and making BIOS changes. When the **Password Check** item is set to **System**, you must enter the supervisor password (or user password) at system startup and when entering BIOS Setup.

User Password

When the **Password Check** item is set to **System**, you must enter the supervisor password (or user password) at system startup to continue system boot. In BIOS Setup, you must enter the supervisor password if you wish to make changes to BIOS settings. The user password only allows you to view the BIOS settings but not to make changes.

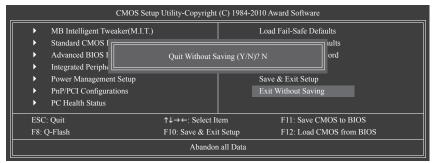
To clear the password, press <Enter> on the password item and when requested for the password, press <Enter> again. The message "PASSWORD DISABLED" will appear, indicating the password has been cancelled.

2-13 Save & Exit Setup

	CMOS Setup Utility-Copyright (C) 1984-2010 Award Software				
	MB Intelligent Tweaker(M.I.T.)			Load Fail-Safe Defa	ults
	 Standard CMOS 1 				ults
	Advanced BIOS I	Save to CMOS ar	nd EXIT (Y	/N)? Y	ord
	 Integrated Periphe 				
	 Power Management Setup 			Save & Exit Setup	
	 PnP/PCI Configurations 			Exit Without Saving	5
	 PC Health Status 				
E	ESC: Quit	↑↓→←: Select It	em	F11: Save CM	AOS to BIOS
F	F8: Q-Flash	F10: Save & Exi	t Setup	F12: Load CM	MOS from BIOS
	Save Data to CMOS				

Press <Enter> on this item and press the <Y> key. This saves the changes to the CMOS and exits the BIOS Setup program. Press <N> or <Esc> to return to the BIOS Setup Main Menu.

2-14 Exit Without Saving



Press <Enter> on this item and press the <Y> key. This exits the BIOS Setup without saving the changes made in BIOS Setup to the CMOS. Press <N> or <Esc> to return to the BIOS Setup Main Menu.

Chapter 3 Drivers Installation



Before installing the drivers, first install the operating system.

After installing the operating system, insert the motherboard driver disk into your optical drive. The driver Autorun screen is automatically displayed which looks like that shown in the screen shot below. (If the driver Autorun screen does not appear automatically, go to My Computer, double-click the optical drive and execute the **Run**.exe program.)

3-1 Installing Chipset Drivers



After inserting the driver disk, "Xpress Install" will automatically scan your system and then list all the drivers that are recommended to install. You can click the **Install All** button and "Xpress Install" will install all the recommended drivers. Or click **Install Single Items** to manually select the drivers you wish to install.

Chipset	Install Chipset Drivers	vers listed below for your motherboard. Please click "install Ail" to	instal of the de-
Drivers	automatically	vers inseed below for your mother board. Please crick install Air to	motas as the un-
Application Software	Xpress Install	Install Single Items	
Technical Manuals		Install All	
	🖉 Easy Energy Saver		-
Contact	Version 1.0 Rize 3 65MB		
System	design of GIGABYTE Easy Energy S workload	ced proprietary hardware and software design, the unique multi-gear powe laver allows for the most efficient switching of power phases depending or	r phase VCPU
Download	Browser Configuration Utilit	X	
Center	Version 1 1 11 0	The second s	
	Bize:3.84MB		
Auto	This utility optimizes the internet sea your system	rch experience based on your country and language, and adds online gar	nes to
(di cent)	ATI 8-Series VGA Driver		
	Version: 8.71		
	Bize 289 63MB		
	ATi 8-Series VGA Driver		
	Realtek HD Audio Driver		
	Version:R2.44(6066)		



- Please ignore the popup dialog box(es) (e.g. the **Found New Hardware Wizard**) displayed when "Xpress Install" is installing the drivers. Failure to do so may affect the driver installation.
- Some device drivers will restart your system automatically during the driver installation. After the system restart, "Xpress Install" will continue to install other drivers.
- After "Xpress Install" installs all of the drivers, a dialog box will appear asking whether to install new GIGABYTE utilities. Click Yes to automatically install the utilities. Or click No if you want to manually select the utilities to install on the Application Software page later.
- For USB 2.0 driver support under the Windows XP operating system, please install the Windows XP Service Pack 1 or later. After installing the SP1 (or later), if a question mark still exists in Universal Serial Bus Controller in Device Manager, please remove the question mark (by right-clicking your mouse and select Uninstall) and restart the system. (The system will then autodetect and install the USB 2.0 driver.)

3-2 Application Software

This page displays all the utilities and applications that GIGABYTE develops and some free software. You can click the **Install** button on the right of an item to install it.

Chipset Drivers	Install Application Programs Click the "Install" button on the right of a	in application to install it.	
pplication	Install GIGABYTE Utilities	Install Application Software	Install New Utilities
Software	G.O.M. (Cigstyte Online Manager) Size 9 11MB		
Vanuals	A web-based system management top	I that allows client system hardware information suc d and much more to be monitored or controlled via a	h Install
Contact	Early Tunio 6 Bize 12 43MB		
System	and a series of the series of	m enhancement utility allowing quick access to a	Install
	DMI Viewer		
Download Center	Size 2.89MB		Install
	DMI Viewer provides a management to	ol for viewing motherboard hardware information	
Auto	Face-Wizard		1
areen	Bize 3.02MB		Install
	Face Wizard provides utility for custom	nzing BIDS boot up screen.	
	08105		

3-3 Technical Manuals

This page provides GIGABYTE's application guides, content descriptions for this driver disk, and the motherboard manuals.

set ers	Technical Manuals		
	Application Guides	Driver Disk Contents	User's Manual
ication			
=	 DES2(Dynamic Energy Saver 2) 		
unical	 EasyTune 6 		
	gelos G.O.M. (GIGABYTE Online Manage		
	G.D.M. (GIGABYTE Online Manage G.Share	ŋ	
act	Smat 6		
	 Xpress Recover 2 		
	 Easy Energy Saver 		
em	 Realtek Ethemet Diagnostic Utility 		
_			
nload			
er			
rto			
een)			

3-4 Contact

For the detailed contact information of the GIGABYTE Taiwan headquarter or worldwide branch offices, click the URL on this page to link to the GIGABYTE website.

IGABYTE		
Chipset Drivers	Contact	
Application Software Technical Manuals	GIGA-BYTE TECHNOLOGY COLTD. NO.6 Bau Chiang Road/Hsin-Tien Taipei Hsien Taiwan Taib86-24912 4000 Pax:686-24912 4003 http://www.gigabyta.com.tw	
Contact System		
Download Center	1 5-20	

3-5 System

This page provides the basic system information.

Chipset Drivers	System Information You can save, print, or e-mail the s	ystem information by clicking the buttons below.
Application Software	System Information List	
Technical	List	
Manuals Contect System Download Center	MB Namé: BIOS version CPU Name: Memocy unformation OS information CD version information:	Glaphyle Technology Co., Ltil GA-800GA-UDSH GA-80GA-UDSH E4 AMD Phenom(tm) I X425 Processor Total physical memory 784 M8 Wrvdows Visia (TMI Utimate AMD 8-Series Datify DVD 1.1 B10.0328.1
Green		Save Print GOTS

3-6 Download Center

To update the BIOS, drivers, or applications, click the **Download Center** button to link to the GIGABYTE website. The latest version of the BIOS, drivers, or applications will be displayed.

Chipset Drivers	Install Chipset Drivers We recommend that you install the drivers listed below for your motherboard. Please click "Instal AIP to instal all automatically
Application Software	Xpress Install Install Single Items
Technical Manuals	Install All
	🖬 Easy Energy Saver
Contact	Version 1.0 Bize 3 65MB
System	(DIGAEYTE Easy Energy Share is a revolutionary technology that delives unparallelised power exergs with the simple click of a burne. Featuring an advanced reportation prevatives and observe solsen; the impound source phase datage of GIGAEYTE Easy Energy Share allows for the most efficient switching of power phases depending on CPU workload
Download	Browser Cooligaration Utility
Center	Version 1.1.1.0
	Size:3 84MB
Auto	This utility optimizes the internet search experience based on your country and language, and adds online gemes to your system.
Green	ATI 8-Series VSA Driver
	Version 8 71
	Bize 289 63MB

3-7 New Utilities

This page provides a quick link to GIGABYTE's lately developed utilities for users to install. You can click the **Install** button on the right of an item to install it.

Drivers	Install Application Progr Click the "Install" button or	n the right of ar	application to install it.		
Application	Install GIGABYTE	Utilities	Install Application Software	Insta	II New Utilities
Technical	Auto Green	Size 8 12MB			
Manuals	Green	configured as the	m energy saving via Bluetoath If your co e Auto Green key, you will not be able to h devicers) when Auto Green is enabled	use it to connect	Install
Contact					
System					
Download					
Auto					
and the second second					
Green					

Chapter 4 Unique Features

4-1 Xpress Recovery2



Xpress Recovery2 is a utility that allows you to quickly compress and back up your system data and perform restoration of it. Supporting NTFS, FAT32, and FAT16 file systems, Xpress Recovery2 can back up data on PATA and SATA hard drives and restore it.

Before You Begin:

- Xpress Recovery2 will check the first physical hard drive (Note) for the operating system. Xpress Recovery2 can only back up/restore the first physical hard drive that has the operating system installed.
- As Xpress Recovery2 will save the backup file at the end of the hard drive, make sure to leave enough unallocated space in advanced (10 GB or more is recommended; actual size requirements vary, depending on the amount of data).
- It is recommended to back up your system soon after the operating system and drivers are installed.
- The amount of data and hard drive access speed may affect the speed at which the data is backed up/ restored.
- · It takes longer to back up a hard drive than to restore it.

System Requirements:

- · At least 512 MB of system memory
- · VESA compatible graphics card
- · Windows XP with SP1 or later, Windows Vista



- Xpress Recovery and Xpress Recovery2 are different utilities. For example, a backup file created
- with Xpress Recovery cannot be restored using Xpress Recovery2.
- USB hard drives are not supported.
- · Hard drives in RAID/AHCI mode are not supported.

Installation and Configuration:

Turn on your system to boot from the Windows Vista setup disk.

A. Installing Windows Vista and Partitioning the Hard Drive

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Dist 0 Unstanded Spec	4 4	inada i	an a



Step 1:

Click New.

Click Drive options.

(Note) Xpress Recovery2 checks the first physical hard drive in the following sequence: The first PATA IDE connector, the second PATA IDE connector, the first SATA connector, the second SATA connector and so forth. For example, when hard drives are attached to the first IDE and the first SATA connectors, the hard drive on the first IDE connector is the first physical drive. When hard drives are attached to the first and second SATA connectors, the hard drive on the first SATA connector is the first physical drive.

THESE.		Tata/Size	Pastaros	Tast:
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Citle O Grafforetad Talera		10.000	10.008	
a bernera	× Calebr	at trees	· Pres	

Step 3:

When partitioning your hard drive, make sure to leave unallocated space (10 GB or more is recommended; actual size requirements vary, depending on the amount of data) and begin the installation of the operating system.





After the operating system is installed, right-click the **Computer** icon on your desktop and select **Manage**. Go to **Disk Management** to check disk allocation.

Constanting of the second seco		Hand Yan Alamad Ann Pang Kan San San San San San San San San San S	Alter Stationer Stationer
	line .	Register of table and a to the set	1
	dia sant Tin	1000 St	

Step 5:

Xpress Recovery2 will save the backup file to the unallocated space (black stripe along the top). Please note that if there is no enough unallocated space, Xpress Recovery2 cannot save the backup file.

B. Accessing Xpress Recovery2

- Boot from the motherboard driver disk to access Xpress Recovery2 for the first time. When you see the following message: Press any key to startup Xpress Recovery2, press any key to enter Xpress Recovery2.
- After you use the backup function in Xpress Recovery2 for the first time, Xpress Recovery2 will stay
 permanent in your hard drive. If you wish to enter Xpress Recovery2 later, simply press <F9> during the
 POST.

C. Using the Backup Function in Xpress Recovery2



Step 1:

Select **BACKUP** to start backing up your hard drive data.

E faitheat	(There are a second	South Tax (South 1 and		2016openi	1
a laten	Xn	ress Recovery2	will auton	natically c	reat
distant solution		•			
A Doveration	nev	v partition to stor	e the backi	up image fi	le.
	<u> </u>		1		
	-				
	1000	No. of Street,	and a subscription		
	Tan Pan	Al and a set of the se	127 ann an		

Step 2:

When finished, go to **Disk Management** to check disk allocation.

D. Using the Restore Function in Xpress Recovery2



Select **RESTORE** to restore the backup to your hard drive in case the system breaks down. The **RESTORE** option will not be present if no backup is created before.

E. Removing the Backup



Step 1:

If you wish to remove the backup file, select **REMOVE**.



Step 2:

After the backup file is removed, no backup image file will be present in **Disk Management** and hard drive space will be freed up.



F. Exiting Xpress Recovery2

Select **REBOOT** to exit Xpress Recovery2.

4-2 **BIOS Update Utilities**

GIGABYTE motherboards provide two unique BIOS update tools, Q-Flash[™] and @BIOS[™]. GIGABYTE Q-Flash and @BIOS are easy-to-use and allow you to update the BIOS without the need to enter MS-DOS mode. Additionally, this motherboard features the DualBIOS[™] design, which enhances protection for the safety and stability of your computer by adding one more physical BIOS chip.



What is DualBIOS[™]?

Motherboards that support DualBIOS have two BIOS onboard, a main BIOS and a backup BIOS. Normally, the system works on the main BIOS. However, if the

main BIOS is corrupted or damaged, the backup BIOS will take over on the next system boot and copy the BIOS file to the main BIOS to ensure normal system operation. For the sake of system safety, users cannot update the backup BIOS manually.



What is Q-Flash[™]?

With Q-Flash you can update the system BIOS without having to enter operating systems like MS-DOS or Window first. Embedded in the BIOS, the Q-Flash tool frees you from the hassles of going through complicated BIOS flashing process.



What is @BIOS[™]?

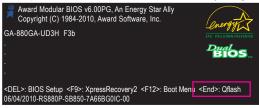
@BIOS allows you to update the system BIOS while in the Windows environment. @BIOS will download the latest BIOS file from the nearest @BIOS server

site and update the BIOS.

4-2-1 Updating the BIOS with the Q-Flash Utility

A. Before You Begin

- 1. From GIGABYTE's website, download the latest compressed BIOS update file that matches your motherboard model.
- 2. Extract the file and save the new BIOS file (e.g. 88GAUD32.F1) to your floppy disk, USB flash drive, or hard drive. Note: The USB flash drive or hard drive must use FAT32/16/12 file system.
- 3. Restart the system. During the POST, press the <End> key to enter Q-Flash. Note: You can access Q-Flash by either pressing the <End> key during the POST or pressing the <F8> key in BIOS Setup. However, if the BIOS update file is saved to a hard drive in RAID/AHCI mode or a hard drive attached to an independent IDE/SATA controller, use the <End> key during the POST to access Q-Flash.



Because BIOS flashing is potentially risky, please do it with caution. Inadequate BIOS flashing may result in system malfunction.

Unique Features

B. Updating the BIOS

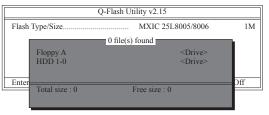
When updating the BIOS, choose the location where the BIOS file is saved. The following procedure assumes that you save the BIOS file to a floppy disk.

Step 1:

1. Insert the floppy disk containing the BIOS file into the floppy disk drive. In the main menu of Q-Flash, use the up or down arrow key to select **Update BIOS from Drive** and press <Enter>.



- The Save Main BIOS to Drive option allows you to save the current BIOS file.
- Q-Flash only supports USB flash drive or hard drives using FAT32/16/12 file system.
- If the BIOS update file is saved to a hard drive in RAID/AHCI mode or a hard drive attached to an independent IDE/SATA controller, use the <End> key during the POST to access Q-Flash.
- 2. Select Floppy A and press <Enter>.



3. Select the BIOS update file and press <Enter>.



Make sure the BIOS update file matches your motherboard model.

Step 2:

The process of the system reading the BIOS file from the floppy disk is displayed on the screen. When the message "Are you sure to update BIOS?" appears, press <Enter> to begin the BIOS update. The monitor will display the update process.



- Do not turn off or restart the system when the system is reading/updating the BIOS.
- o Do not remove the floppy disk, USB flash drive, or hard drive when the system is updating the BIOS.

Step 3:

When the update process is complete, press any key to return to the main menu.

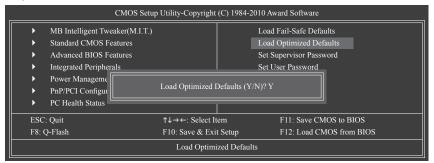


Step 4:

Press <Esc> and then <Enter> to exit Q-Flash and reboot the system. As the system boots, you should see the new BIOS version is present on the POST screen.

Step 5:

During the POST, press <Delete> to enter BIOS Setup. Select Load Optimized Defaults and press <Enter> to load BIOS defaults. System will re-detect all peripheral devices after a BIOS update, so we recommend that you reload BIOS defaults.



Press <Y> to load BIOS defaults

Step 6:

Select **Save & Exit Setup** and then press <Y> to save settings to CMOS and exit BIOS Setup. The procedure is complete after the system restarts.

4-2-2 Updating the BIOS with the @BIOS Utility

A. Before You Begin

- 1. In Windows, close all applications and TSR (Terminate and Stay Resident) programs. This helps prevent unexpected failures when performing a BIOS update.
- During the BIOS update process, ensure the Internet connection is stable and do NOT interrupt the Internet connection (for example, avoid a power loss or switching off the Internet). Failure to do so may result in a corrupted BIOS or a system that is unable to start.
- 3. Do not use the G.O.M. (GIGABYTE Online Management) function when using @BIOS.
- GIGABYTE product warranty does not cover any BIOS damage or system failure resulting from an inadequate BIOS flashing.

B. Using @BIOS

@BIOS		
Flash Memory Type :	MXIC 25L8005/8006	Update BIOS from GIGABYTE Server
Flash Memory Size :	8M bits	Update BIOS from File
BIOS Sign on Message :	GA-880GA-UD3H E4	Save Current BIOS to File
BIOS Vendor :	AWARD BIOS	Save current bios to File
		About @BIOS
	******************************	GIGABYTE

1. Instance of the BIOS Using the Internet Update Function:

Click **Update BIOS from GIGABYTE Server**, select the @BIOS server site closest to your location and then download the BIOS file that matches your motherboard model. Follow the on-screen instructions to complete.

If the BIOS update file for your motherboard is not present on the @BIOS server site, please manually download the BIOS update file from GIGABYTE's website and follow the instructions in "Update the BIOS without Using the Internet Update Function" below.

2. Update the BIOS without Using the Internet Update Function:

Click **Update BIOS from File**, then select the location where you save the BIOS update file obtained from the Internet or through other source. Follow the on-screen instructions to complete.

3. Several bids to fare Save the Current BIOS File:

Click Save Current BIOS to File to save the current BIOS file.

4. Stored CMOS default after BIOS update Load BIOS Defaults after BIOS Update:

Select the Load CMOS default after BIOS update check box and then the system will automatically load BIOS defaults after BIOS update and after the system restarts.

C. After Updating the BIOS

Restart your system after updating the BIOS.



Make sure that the BIOS file to be flashed matches your motherboard model. Updating the BIOS with an incorrect BIOS file could cause your system not to boot.

4-3 EasyTune 6

GIGABYTE's EasyTune 6 is a simple and easy-to-use interface that allows users to fine-tune their system settings or do overclock/overvoltage in Windows environment. The user-friendly EasyTune 6 interface also includes tabbed pages for CPU and memory information, letting users read their system-related information without the need to install additional software.

The EasyTune 6 Interface

Constanting	Voltage Care Ros	-	***] ()	Node Rese	Adverse
CPU :	Power On 2800.00 MHz	Target (BOB BB MHz		Settings	Reset
FSB	200 MHz	200 MHz	-0	-	+ 0
Rate	x14.0	(x14.0	ŧ.		
stamory	1332 MHz	1332 MHz.			
POLE	100 MHz	100 MHz			
PCI	33 UH2	33 MHz	Ē.		
Eas	sy Boost	Lasy Rosstlic an over Editor CPUs and a Surface Analytic action	dian to	CPU to be me	(D Mack entroled

Tabs Information

Tab	Function
CPU CPU	The CPU tab provides information on the installed CPU and motherboard.
Marnory	The Memory tab provides information on the installed memory module(s). You can select memory module on a specific slot to see its information.
O fimer	 The Tuner tab allows you to change system clock settings and voltages. Easy mode allows you to adjust the CPU FSB only. Advanced mode allows you to individually change system clock settings and voltages settings using the sliders. Easy Boost is an easy-to-use auto-overclocking function ^(Note 1). When activated, the system automatically experiments all sorts of overclocking configurations till it hangs. After restart, the system will operate with the optimum configurations tested to let the CPU reach the best overclocking performance. Core Boost is configurable only in Advanced mode. With Core Boost ^(Note 2). Save allows you to save the current settings to a new profile (.txt file). Load allows you to load previous settings from a profile. After making changes in Easy mode/Advanced mode, be sure to click Set for these changes to take effect or click Default to restore to default values.
Geephics	The Graphics tab allows you to change the core clock and memory clock for your ATI or NVIDIA graphics card.
i Smart	The Smart tab allows you to specify a Smart Fan mode. Smart Fan Advanced mode allows the CPU fan speed to be changed linearly based on the CPU temperature thresholds you set.
Hill Monitor	The HW Monitor tab allows you to monitor hardware temperature, voltage and fan speed and set temperature/fan speed alarm. You can choose the alert sound from the buzzer or use your own sound file (.wav file).

(Note 1) Before enabling Easy Boost, right-click the EasyTune 6 icon with the optimum overclock ast tune on the next reboot to allow the system to work with the optimum overclocking configuration after restart.

(Note 2) Restart the computer after enabling Core Boost for the settings to take effect.

(Note 3) The number of CPU cores that can be enabled/disabled depends on the CPU being used.

Available functions in EasyTune 6 may differ by motherboard model. Grayed-out area(s) indicates that the item is not configurable or the function is not supported.



not configurable or the function is not supported. Incorrectly doing overclock/overvoltage may result in damage to the hardware components such as CPU, chipset, and memory and reduce the useful life of these components. Before you do the overclock/overvoltage, make sure

that you fully know each function of EasyTune 6, or system instability or other unexpected results may occur.

Unique Features

4-4 Easy Energy Saver

GIGABYTE Easy Energy Saver is a revolutionary technology that delivers unparalleled power savings with a click of the button. Featuring an advanced proprietary software design, GIGABYTE Easy Energy Saver is able to provide exceptional power savings and enhanced power efficiency without sacrificing computing performance.

The Easy Energy Saver Interface

A. Meter Mode

In Meter Mode, GIGABYTE Easy Energy Saver shows how much power they have saved in a set period of time.



Meter Mode - Button Information Table

	Button Description
1	Easy Energy Saver On/Off Switch (Default: Off)
2	Dynamic CPU Frequency Function On/Off Switch (Default: Off) (Note 1)
3	CPU Throttling Display
4	CPU Voltage Display
5	3-Level CPU Voltage Switch (Default:1) (Note 2)
6	Current CPU Power Consumption
7	Meter Time
8	Power Saving (Calculate power savings based on time)
9	Meter/Timer Reset Switch
10	Meter Mode Switch
11	Total Mode Switch
12	Close (Application will enter Stealth Mode)
13	Minimize (Application will continue to run in taskbar)
14	INFO/Help
15	Live Utility Update (Check for the latest utility version)

• The above data is for reference only. Actual performance may vary depending on motherboard model.

• CPU Power and Power Scores are for reference only. Actual results may vary based on testing method.

B. Total Mode

In Total Mode, users are able to see how much total power savings they have accumulated in a set period of time since activating Easy Energy Saver for the first time (Note 3).



Total Mode - Button Information Table

	Button Description
1	Easy Energy Saver On/Off Switch (Default: Off)
2	Dynamic CPU Frequency Function On/Off Switch (Default: Off) (Note 1)
3	CPU Throttling Display
4	CPU Voltage Display
5	3-Level CPU Voltage Switch (Default:1) (Note 2)
6	Current CPU Power Consumption
7	Time/Date Easy Energy Saver Enabled
8	Total Power Savings (Total power saving with Easy Energy Saver enabled) (Note 4)
9	Meter Mode Switch
10	Total Mode Switch
11	Close (Application will enter Stealth Mode)
12	Minimize (Application will continue to run in taskbar)
13	INFO/Help
14	Live Utility Update (Check for the latest utility version)

C. Stealth Mode

In Stealth Mode, the system continues to work with the user-defined power saving settings, even after the system is restarted. Re-enter the application only if you want to make any changes or completely close the application.

- (Note 1) Maximize system power saving with Dynamic CPU Frequency Function; system performance may be affected.
- (Note 2) 1: Normal Power Saving (default); 2: Advanced Power Saving; 3: Extreme Power Saving.
- (Note 3) The total amount of power saved will be recorded until re-activated when only the Easy Energy Saver is under the enable status, and power savings meter is unable to reset to zero.
- (Note 4) Easy Energy Saver Meter will automatically reset when the total power saving reaches 99999999 Watts.

Unique Features

4-5 Q-Share

Q-Share is an easy and convenient data sharing tool. After configuring your LAN connection settings and Q-Share, you are able to share your data with computers on the same network, making full use of Internet resources.

GIGABYTE	5J
1	Q-Share
	Ver.1.0

Directions for using Q-Share

After installing Q-Share from the motherboard driver disk, go to Start>All Programs>GIGABYTE>Q-Share. exe to launch the Q-Share tool. Find the **Q-Share** icon **i** in the notification area and right-click on this icon to configure the data sharing settings.

		Connect
Enable Incoming Folder	Disable Incoming Folder	Incoming folder 🕨
Open Incoming Folder : C:\Q-ShareFolder	Open Incoming Folder : C:\Q-ShareFolder	Update Q-Share
Change Incoming Folder : C:\Q-ShareFolder		About O-Share
		Exit

Figure 1. Data Sharing Disabled

Figure 2. Data Sharing Enabled

Options Descriptions

Option	Description
Connect	Displays the computers with data sharing enabled
Enable Incoming Folder	Enables data sharing
Disable Incoming Folder	Disables data sharing
Open Incoming Folder :	Accesses the shared data folder
C:\Q-ShareFolder	
Change Incoming Folder :	Changes the data folder to be shared (Note)
C:\Q-ShareFolder	
Update Q-Share	Updates Q-Share online
About Q-Share	Displays the current Q-Share version
Exit	Exits Q-Share

(Note) This option is available only when data sharing is NOT enabled.

4-6 SMART Recovery

With SMART Recovery, users can quickly create backups of changed data files (Note 1) or copy files from a specific backup on PATA and SATA hard drives (partitioned on NTFS file system) in Windows Vista.

2 Enable	
Schedule	
Set the daily achequile for one	eting a restore pont.
Deuting Time : 12:00:00 AM	1 101
Carserts	
Set the matmum percentage	of dak webs on each drue
Set the mecmum percentage for storing restore point. The	of dek space on each drue recommend value is 30 percent.
Set the macmum percentage	
Set the macmum percentage for storing restore point. The	
Set the macmum percentage for storing resize point. The D	
Set the mechanic percentage for storing restore point. The D	epotrend value is 10 pecert.

Instructions:

In the main menu, click the **Config** button to open the **Smart Recovery Preference** dialog box.

The Smart Recovery Preference dialog box:

Button	Function
Enable	Enables automatic daily backup (Note 2)
Schedule	Sets a daily backup schedule
Capacity	Sets the percentage of hard drive space used for
	saving backups (Note 3)



• The hard drive must have more than 1 GB of capacity.

 Each partition can accommodate up to 64 backups (the actual limit depends on the size of each partition). When this limit is reached, the oldest backup will be ovewritten.



Instructions for copying files/folders from a backup:

To browse through your backups made at different time, select a backup time using the time scroll bar on the right or at the bottom of the screen. If you want to copy back a file/folder, select the file/folder you wish to copy and click the **Copy** button.

The files/folders listed on the screen are read-only so you cannot edit their contents.

(Note 1) The changed data refers to the data that has been modified, deleted, or newly added since the last backup.

- (Note 2) The system will make an automatic backup on changed data only once everyday. If the computer is turned on for a long time, the backup will be performed at the scheduled backup time. If the computer is turned off before the scheduled backup time, the backup will be performed on the next boot.
- (Note 3) We recommend that you preserve at least 25 percent of the hard drive space to optimize the storage space for the backups. The backups of the changed data will be stored in the original partition of the data.

Unique Features

4-7 Auto Green

Auto Green is an easy-to-use tool that provides users with simple options to enable system power savings via a Bluetooth cell phone. When the phone is out of the range of the computer's Bluetooth receiver, the system will enter the specified power saving mode.



8

The Configuration dialog box:

First, you have to set your Bluetooth cell phone as a portable key. On the Auto Green main menu, click **Configure** and then click **Configure BT devices**. Select the Bluetooth cell phone that you want to use as the portable key ^(New 1). (If the screen doesn't display your Bluetooth cell phone, click **Refresh** to let Auto Green re-detect the device.)

Before creating a Bluetooth cell phone key, make sure your motherboard has a Bluetooth receiver and you have turned on the search and Bluetooth functions on your phone.

Configuring the Bluetooth cell phone key:

After you select a cell phone, the **Add Bluetooth Device Wizard** as shown on the left will appear. Enter a passkey (8~16 digits recommended) which will be used for pairing with the cell phone. Then enter the same passkey on your cell phone.

Configuring other Bluetooth settings:

14450	69.96	- 14		
Configure I	IT device	E	Other Se	nitings
Device Scan T	ime (sec)	Rescar	Times@ibe	previous scan l
5	۲	2		3
Turn of HD				
Atter 3 minis			Set	dia.

is use a caseline, unless your device does not exacut one. We gla partitive that a little 18 data long. The impartmentation the

Ten Ters Croe

On the **Other Settings** tab, you can set how much time it takes to scan your Bluetooth cell phone key, how many times to rescan the key to make sure it is in range of your computer, and when to turn off the hard drive if the system energy saving state lasts over the predetermined period of time. After completing the settings, click **Set** for the settings to take effect and then click **Exit** to quit.

Device Scan Time (sec.):

Set the length of time Auto Green scans your Bluetooth cell phone key, ranging from 5 to 30 seconds in 5-second increment. Auto Green searches for the key based on the length of time you set.

Rescan Times:

Set how many times Auto Green will rescan your Bluetooth cell phone key if it does not detect it, ranging from 2 to 5 times. Auto Green will keep rescanning according to the times you set. When the times limit is reached and your Bluetooth cell phone key is still not detected, the system will enter the selected energy saving mode.

Turn off HD:

Set when to turn off the hard drive. If the system inactivity time exceeds the specified time limit, the hard drive will be turned off.



Selecting a system energy saving mode:

Depending on your needs, select a system power saving mode on the Auto Green main menu and click **Save** to save the settings.

Button	Description
Standby	Enters Power on Suspend mode
Suspend	Enters Suspend to RAM mode
Disable	Disables this function

The Bluetooth dongle included in the motherboard package^{Nete 2} allows you to wake up the system from Suspend to RAM mode without the need to press the power button first.

- (Note 1) If your cell phone has been configured as the Auto Green key, you'll not be able to use it to connect to other Bluetooth device(s) when Auto Green is enabled.
- (Note 2) Whether the Bluetooth dongle is included depends on the motherboard models. Before installing the Bluetooth dongle, be sure to turn off other Bluetooth receiver on your computer.

4-8 Cloud OC



Cloud OC (Note 1) is an easy-to-use overclocking utility designed for system overclocking via virtually any Internet-connected device, such as a smart phone, iPhone, notebook PC, etc. By simply connecting to an Internet browser via LAN, wireless LAN, or

Bluetooth (Note 2) and logging in to the Cloud OC server, you can easily access three major functions of Cloud OC, including Tuner (system tweaking), System Info (system monitoring), and Control (system status control).

A. Launching Cloud OC

Step 1:

The first time you launch Cloud OC, the system will request you to set up a password which will be required for login to the Cloud OC server.





Find the Cloud OC icon P in the notification area and right click the icon to select Start Server to launch the Cloud OC server. The Cloud OC server will provide a dedicated IP and you can enter this IP address in an



When the Cloud OC web page appears, click **Login**, enter the previously configured pass-

word, and then click **Send** and you will be able to view your system status.

Internet-connected browser to log in to the Cloud OC server later.

B. Directions for use (Note 3)



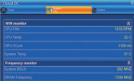
Tuner (System Tweaking):

System Info (System Monitoring):

perature.

The **Tuner** tab provides a full range of tweaking options that include CPU, memory, graphics, and PCIe frequencies and voltages. Click the <+> or <-> button under an item you want to configure or directly enter a value, and click **Set XXXX** to complete.

The **System Info** tab enables real time PC system status monitoring for values such as CPU temperature, cooling fan speeds, CPU VCore and system tem-





Control (System Status Control):

The **Control** tab allows for controlling system power states with restart, power off, suspend, and hibernate options.

(Note 1) Supported on Windows 7, Vista, and XP. For Windows XP, be sure to update Internet Explorer to version 7.0 or later. When using Cloud OC, make sure the Internet connection is normal. Cloud OC will be unable to connect to the remote computer when the Internet is disconnected or when the remote computer is in power off, standby, or hibernation mode.

- (Note 2) Bluetooth PAN (Personal Area Network) support is required.
- (Note 3) Available functions may differ by motherboard model.

Unique Features

Chapter 5 Appendix

5-1 Configuring SATA Hard Drive(s)

To configure SATA hard drive(s), follow the steps below:

- A. Install SATA hard drive(s) in your computer.
- B. Configure SATA controller mode in BIOS Setup.
- C. Configure a RAID array in RAID BIOS. (Note 1)
- D. Make a floppy disk containing the SATA RAID/AHCI driver for Windows XP. (Note 2)
- E. Install the SATA RAID/AHCI driver (Note 2) and operating system.

Before you begin

Please prepare:

- At least two SATA hard drives (to ensure optimal performance, it is recommended that you use two hard drives with identical model and capacity). If you do not want to create RAID, you may prepare only one hard drive.
- · An empty formatted floppy disk.
- Windows Vista/XP setup disk.
- Motherboard driver disk.

5-1-1 Configuring AMD SB850 SATA Controller

A. Installing SATA hard drive(s) in your computer

Attach one end of the SATA signal cable to the rear of the SATA hard drive and the other end to available SATA port on the motherboard. If there is more than one SATA controller on your motherboard, refer to "Chapter 1," "Hardware Installation," to identify the SATA controller for the SATA port. (For example, on this motherboard, the SATA_0-SATA_5 ports are supported by the AMD SB850 South Bridge.) Then connect the power connector from your power supply to the hard drive.

(Note 1) Skip this step if you do not want to create RAID array on the SATA controller. (Note 2) Required when the SATA controller is set to AHCI or RAID mode.

B. Configuring SATA controller mode in BIOS Setup

Make sure to configure the SATA controller mode correctly in system BIOS Setup.

Step 1:

Turn on your computer and press <Delete> to enter BIOS Setup during the POST (Power-On Self-Test). Make sure **OnChip SATA Controller** is enabled. To enable RAID for the SATA3_0/1/2/3 connectors, set **OnChip SATA Type** to **RAID**. To enable RAID for the SATA3_4/5 connectors, set **OnChip SATA Type** to **RAID** and set **OnChip SATA Port4/5 Type** to **As SATA Type** (Figure 1). To enable support for RAID 5, set **OnChip SATA RAID5 Support** to **Enabled**.

 CMOS Set	up Utility-Copyright (C) 1984-201 Integrated Peripherals	0 Award Softwar	re
OnChip SATA Controller OnChip SATA Type OnChip SATA AType OnChip SATA ADT4/5 Type OnChip SATA AAID5 Support Onboard SATA/IDE Ctrl Onboard SATA/IDE Ctrl Onboard LAN Function Onboard LAN Boot ROM SMART LAN Onboard Audio Function Onboard Audio Function Onboard USB 3.0 Controller USB Legacy Function USB Legacy Function USB Storage Function Onboard Serial Port 1	[Enabled] [RAID] [As SATA Type] [Enabled] [Enabled] [IDE] [Enabled] [Disabled] [Press Enter] [Enabled] [Enabled] [Enabled] [Enabled] [Enabled] [Enabled] [Safs/IRQ4]		Item Help Menu Level ►
↑↓→←: Move Enter: Select F5: Previous Values	+/-/PU/PD: Value F10: S F6: Fail-Safe Defaults		Exit F1: General Help ptimized Defaults

Figure 1

Step 2: Save changes and exit BIOS Setup.



The BIOS Setup menus described in this section may differ from the exact settings for your motherboard. The actual BIOS Setup menu options you will see shall depend on the motherboard you have and the BIOS version.

C. Configuring RAID set in RAID BIOS

Enter the RAID BIOS setup utility to configure a RAID array. Skip this step and proceed with the installation of Windows operating system for a non-RAID configuration.

Step 1:

After the POST memory test begins and before the operating system boot begins, look for a message which says "Press <Ctrl-F> to enter RAID Option ROM Utility" (Figure 2). Press <Ctrl> + <F> to enter the RAID BIOS setup utility.



Step 2:

Main Menu

This is the first option screen when you enter the BIOS RAID Setup utility. (Figure 3).

To view the disk drives assigned to arrays, press <1> to enter the View Drive Assignments window.

To create an array, press <2> to enter the LD View/LD Define Menu window.

To delete an array, press <3> to enter the **Delete LD Menu** window.

To view controller settings, press <4> to enter the Controller Configuration window.

Option ROM Utility (c) 2009 Advanced Micro Devices, Inc.	
- [Main Menu]	
View Drive Assignments [1]	
LD View/ LD Define Menu [2]	
Delete LD Menu [3]	
Controller Configuration [4]	
[Keys Available]	
Press 14 to Select Option [ESC] Exit	

Figure 3

Create Arrays Manually

To create a new array, press <2> to enter the LD View Menu window (Figure 4). To create an array, press <Ctrl+C> to access the LD Define Menu.

Option ROM Utility (c) 2009 Advanced Micro Devices, Inc.
[LD View Menu]
< There is no any LD >
[[Keys Available] [[1] Up [4] Down [PaUp/PaDn] Switch Page [Ctrl+C] Detine LD [Enter] View LD [Ctrl+V] View Single Disk [ESC] Exit

Figure 4

In the LD Define Menu, use the up or down arrow key to move to an item for further configuration (Figure 5).

LD No LE	Name		RAID Mode	Drv	
LD 1 Lo	gical Drive 1		RAID 0		
Stripe Block: Gigabyte Bo			Fast Init: Cache Mode:	ON WriteThru	
	·				
Port:ID	Drive Model	Capabilities	s Capacit	y (GB)	Assignment
	WDC WD800JD-22LSA0				
	WDC WD800JD-22LSA0				
		= [Keys Available] =	 		
[↑] Up [↓] Down [Ctrl+Y] Save [E	1 [PaUp/PaDn] Switch Page	[Space] Change Option			

Figure 5

In the following procedure, we'll create RAID 0 as an example.

- 1. Under the RAID Mode section, press the <SPACE> key to select RAID 0.
- 2. Set the Stripe Block size. 64 KB is the default.
- 3. Under the Drives Assignments section, press the up or down arrow key to highlight a drive.
- Press the <SPACE> key or <Y>to change the Assignment option to Y. This action adds the drive to the disk array. The Drv section will show the number of disks assigned.
- 5. Press <Ctrl>+<Y> keys to save the information. The message in Figure 6 will appear. Press <Ctrl+Y> to input the array name. If you do not input the array name, the default array name will be used.

Please press Ctrl-Y key to input the LD name or press any key to exit. If you do not input any LD name, the default LD name will be used.
Figure 6

When the next message appears, press <Ctrl>+<Y> to clear the MBR or press other keys to ignore this option.





7. Then, the message in Figure 8 will appear. Press <Ctrl>+<Y> to set the capacity of the RAID array or press other keys to set the array to its maximum capacity.



Figure 8

- After the creation is complete, the screen will return to LD View Menu where you will see the newlycreated array.
- 9. Press <Esc> to return to Main Menu and press <Esc> again if you want to exit the RAID BIOS utility.

View Drive Assignments

The View Drive Assignments option in the Main Menu displays whether the attached hard drives are assigned to a disk array or are unassigned. Under the Assignment column, drives are labeled with their assigned disk array or shown as Free if unassigned.

Option ROM U	tility (c) 2009 Advanced Micro		Assignments] =====		
Port:ID 01:00	Drive Model WDC WD800JD-22LSA0	Capabilities SATA 3G	Capacity (GB) 79.89	Assignment	
02:00	Extent 1 WDC WD800JD-22LSA0 Extent 1	SATA 3G	79.82 80.2 80.02	LD 1-1 LD 1-2	
[↑] Up [↓]] [ESC] Exit	Down [PaUp/PaDn] Switch P		wailable] cure Erase		

Figure 9

Delete an Array

The Delete Array menu option allows for deletion of disk array assignments.

Deleting an existing disk array could result in loss of data. Record all array information including the array type, the disk members, and stripe block size in case you wish to undo a deletion.

- 1. To delete an array, press <3> in the **Main Menu** to enter the **Delete LD Menu**. Then highlight the array you wish to delete and press the <Delete> key or the <Alt>+<D> keys.
- The View LD Defination Menu will appear (as shown in Figure 10) showing which drives are assigned to this array. Press <Ctrl>+<Y> if you are sure to delete the array or other keys to abort.
- 3. When the array is deleted, the screen will return to Delete LD Menu. Press <Esc>to return to Main Menu.

otion ROM Utility	(c) 2009 Advanced Micro Devices,	Inc.			
LD No LD	Name		AID Mode	Drv	Capacity(GB)
LD 1 GE	3T	I	RAID 0		
Stripe Block:	64 KB		Cache Mode:	WriteTh	
Port:ID 01:00 02:00	Drive Model WDC WD800JD-22LSA0 WDC WD800JD-22LSA0	Capabilities SATA 3G SATA 3G	Capacity 79.8 80.0		
	Press Ctrl-Y to de or press any other	lete the data in the dis	k!		
		Figure 10			

Appendix

5-1-2 Configuring GIGABYTE SATA2 SATA Controller

A. Installing SATA hard drive(s) in your computer

Attach one end of the SATA signal cable to the rear of the SATA hard drive and the other end to available SATA port on the motherboard. See the table below for the SATA controllers and their corresponding SATA ports. Then connect the power connector from your power supply to the hard drive.

B. Configuring SATA controller mode in BIOS Setup

Make sure to configure the SATA controller mode correctly in system BIOS Setup.

Step 1:

Turn on your computer and press <Delete> to enter BIOS Setup during the POST (Power-On Self-Test). Make sure **OnChip SATA/IDE Ctrl** under the **Integrated Peripherals** menu is enabled (Figure 1). To create RAID, set **OnChip SATA/IDE Ctrl Mode** to **RAID/IDE**. (Default: IDE)

CMOS Set	up Utility-Copyright (C) 1984-2010 Award Softwa Integrated Peripherals	re
OnChip SATA Controller OnChip SATA Type x OnChip SATA Port4/5 Type x OnChip SATA RAID5 Support OnChip SATA Q Support	[Enabled] [Native IDE] IDE Enabled [Enabled]	Item Help
Onboard SATA/IDE Ctrl Onboard SATA/IDE Ctrl Mode Onboard LAN Punction Onboard LAN Punction	Enabled] [RAID/IDE] [Enabled] [Dirachted]	
Onboard LAN Boot ROM SMART LAN Onboard Audio Function Onboard 1394 Function Onboard USB 3.0 Controller USB Controllers	[Disabled] [Press Enter] [Enabled] [Enabled] [Enabled] [Enabled]	
USB Legacy Function USB Storage Function Onboard Serial Port 1	[Enabled] [Enabled] [Enabled] [3F8/IRQ4]	
↑↓→←: Move Enter: Select F5: Previous Values	+/-/PU/PD: Value F10: Save ESC: F6: Fail-Safe Defaults F7: C	Exit F1: General Help Optimized Defaults

Figure 1

Step 2: Save changes and exit BIOS Setup.



The BIOS Setup menus described in this section may differ from the exact settings for your motherboard. The actual BIOS Setup menu options you will see shall depend on the motherboard you have and the BIOS version.

C. Configuring a RAID array in RAID BIOS

Enter the RAID BIOS setup utility to configure a RAID array. Skip this step and proceed to the installation of Windows operating system for a non-RAID configuration.

After the POST memory test begins and before the operating system boot begins, look for a message which says "Press <Ctrl-G> to enter RAID Setup Utility" (Figure 2). Press <Ctrl> + <G> to enter the RAID setup utility.



Figure 2

In the main screen of the RAID setup utility (Figure 3), use the up or down arrow key to highlight through choices in the **Main Menu** block. Highlight the item that you wish to execute and press <Enter>.

Gigaby	te Technology Corp. RAID Setup Utility v1	.07.16G	
[Main Menu]	[Hard Disk Drive List] =		
Create RAID Disk Drive Delete RAID Disk Drive Revert HDD to Non-RAID Solve Miror Conflict Rebuild Mirror Drive Save And Exit Setup Exit Without Saving	Model Name HDD0: ST3120026AS HDD1: ST3120026AS	Capacity 120 GB 120 GB	Type/Status Non-RAID Non-RAID
[RAID Disk Drive List]			
[←→TAB]-Switch Window	[↑↓]-Select ITEM [ENTER]	-Action	[ESC]-Exit
	Figure 3		

Note: In the main screen, you can select a hard drive in the Hard Disk Drive List block and press <Enter> to see detailed information about the selected hard drive.

Create a RAID Array:

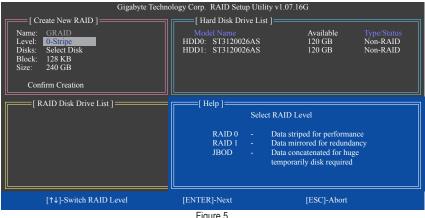
In the main screen, press <Enter> on the Create RAID Disk Drive item. Then the Create New RAID screen appears (Figure 4).

Gigabyte Techno	logy Corp. RAID Setu	p Utility v1.07.16G	
[Create New RAID]	[Hard Disk Driv	ve List]	
Name: GRAID_ Level: 0-Stripe Disks: Select Disk Block: 128 KB Size: 240 GB Confirm Creation	Model Name HDD0: ST3120020 HDD1: ST3120020		Type/Status Non-RAID Non-RAID
]
[RAID Disk Drive List]	in length fo	Enter RAID Name ng between 1 to 16 character or the created RAID drive to by system BIOS or OS.	
[←→]-Move Cursor [DEL,BS]-Delete	Character	[ENTER]-Next	[ESC]-Abort
	Figure 4		

The Create New RAID block displays all the items that need to be set for creating an array (Figure 5).

Steps:

- 1. Enter Array Name: Under the Name item, enter an array name with 1~16 letters (letters cannot be special characters) and press <Enter>.
- Select RAID Mode: Under the Level item, use up or down arrow key to select RAID 0 (Stripe), RAID 1 (Mirror) or JBOD (Figure 5). Then press <Enter> to move onto the next step.

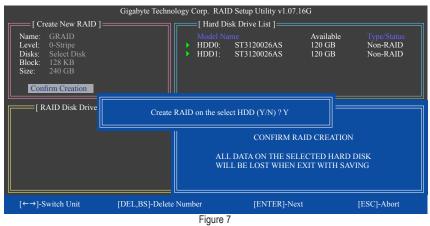


- 85 -

- Assign Array Disks: After a RAID mode is selected, RAID BIOS automatically assigns the two hard drives installed as the RAID drives.
- Set Block Size (RAID 0 only): Under the Block item, use the up or down arrow key to select the stripe block size (Figure 6), ranging from 4 KB to 128 KB. Press <Enter>.

Gigabyte Tech	nology Corp. RAID Setup Utility v1.07.16G
[Create New RAID] Name: GRAID Level: 0-Stripe Disks: Select Disk Block: 128 KB Size: 240 GB Confirm Creation	[Hard Disk Drive List] Model Name Available Type/Status HDD0: ST3120026AS 120 GB Non-RAID HDD1: ST3120026AS 120 GB Non-RAID
[RAID Disk Drive List]	[Help] Setting Stripe Block Select a stripe size which will be used to divide data from/to seperate RAID members. The following are typical values: RAID 0-128KB
[↑↓]-Switch RAID Block Size	[ENTER]-Next [ESC]-Abort
	Figure 6

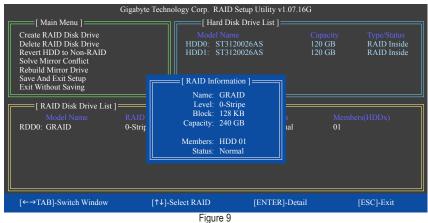
- 5. Set Array Size: Under the Size item, enter the size of the array and press <Enter>.
- Confirm Creation: After all of the items above are configured, the selection bar automatically jumps to the Confirm Creation item. Press <Enter>. When prompted to confirm your selection (Figure 7), press <Y> to confirm or <N> to abort.



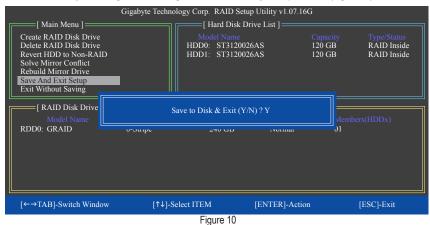
when tinished, the new RAID	anay win be us		JISK DIIVE LI	St DIOCK (I IGU	ne o).
	Gigabyte Technolo	ogy Corp. RAID Setup U	tility v1.07.16C	ì	
[Main Menu]		[Hard Disk Drive	List]		
Create RAID Disk Drive		Model Name		Capacity	Type/Status
Delete RAID Disk Drive Revert HDD to Non-RAID		HDD0: ST3120026A HDD1: ST3120026A		120 GB 120 GB	RAID Inside RAID Inside
Solve Mirror Conflict					
Rebuild Mirror Drive Save And Exit Setup					
Exit Without Saving					
[RAID Disk Drive List]					
Model Name	RAID Level	Capacity	Status	Member	s(HDDx)
RDD0: GRAID	0-Stripe	240 GB	Normal	01	
[←→TAB]-Switch Window	[↑↓]-Sel	ect ITEM [F	NTER]-Action		ESC]-Exit
		Figure 8			

When finished, the new RAID array will be displayed in the RAID Disk Drive List block (Figure 8).

To check more detailed information about the array, use the <Tab> key while in the **Main Menu** block to move the selection bar to the **RAID Disk Drive List** block. Select the array and press <Enter>. A small window displaying the array information will appear in the center of the screen (Figure 9).



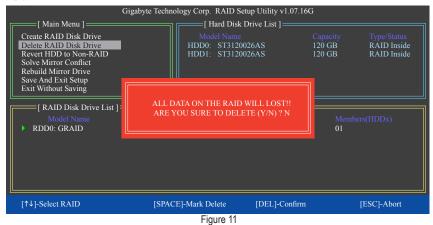
 Save and Exit Setup: After configuring the RAID array, select the Save And Exit Setup item in the main screen to save your settings before exiting the RAID BIOS utility, then press <Y> (Figure 10).



Now, you may proceed to create the SATA RAID/AHCI driver diskette and the installation of the SATA RAID/ AHCI driver and operating system.

Delete the RAID Array:

To delete the array, select **Delete RAID Disk Drive** in the main menu and press <Enter>. The selection bar will move to the **RAID Disk Drive List** block. Press the <SPACE> key on the array to be deleted; a small triangle will appear to mark the selected array. Press <Delete>. When prompted to confirm your selection (Figure 11), press <Y> to confirm or <N> to cancel.



5-1-3 Making a SATA RAID/AHCI Driver Diskette

(Required for AHCI and RAID Mode)

To successfully install operating system onto SATA hard drive(s) that is/are configured to RAID/AHCI mode, you need to install the SATA controller driver during the OS installation. Without the driver, the hard drive may not be recognized during the Windows setup process. First of all, copy the driver for the SATA controller from the motherboard driver disk to a floppy disk. For installing Windows Vista, you also can copy the SATA controller driver disk to a USB flash drive. See the instructions below about how to copy the driver in MS-DOS and Windows mode.

In MS-DOS mode:

Prepare a startup disk that has CD-ROM support and a blank formatted floppy disk. Steps:

- 1: Boot from the startup disk.
- 2: Remove the startup disk and insert the prepared floppy disk and the motherboard driver disk (here we assume that the drive letter for your optical drive is D:\).
- 3: At the A:\> prompt, type the following command. Press <Enter> after the command:
 - For the AMD SB850, type (Figure 1): (Note 1)
 - A: >copy d: \bootdrv\SBxxx\x86*.*
 - For the GIGABYTE SATA2, type (Figure 2): (Note 2) A: >copy d: bootdrv<gsata</pre>

Artydis in drivn A is GIOMBYTE Volume Serial Number is 1980-3259 Directory of Ary Rite due Rosed Artyactor Mandelevyshoccysd6/se	A::Nda Bullanne in Ariue A is GIOADFYE Wolane Serial Number is 1880-3259 Directory of A:\ A::Ncopy d:NauddruNgsataN32bitN*.*_
Figure 1	Figure 2

(Note 1) Type the driver directory based on the operating system to be installed. Refer to the following table for the SATA driver directories for different Windows operating systems.

Operating System	Directory
Windows XP 32-bit	Bootdrv\SBxxx\x86
Windows XP 64-bit	Bootdrv\SBxxx\x64
Windows Vista 32-bit (AHCI mode)	Bootdrv\SBxxxV\AHCI\LHx86
Windows Vista 32-bit (RAID mode)	Bootdrv\SBxxxV\RAID\LH
Windows Vista 64-bit (AHCI mode)	Bootdrv\SBxxxV\AHCI\LHx64
Windows Vista 64-bit (RAID mode)	Bootdrv\SBxxxV\RAID\LH64A
Windows 7 32-bit (AHCI mode)	Bootdrv\SBxxxW7\AHCI\Win7x86
Windows 7 32-bit (RAID mode)	Bootdrv\SBxxxW7\RAID\W7
Windows 7 64-bit (AHCI mode)	Bootdrv\SBxxxW7\AHCI\Win7x64
Windows 7 64-bit (RAID mode)	Bootdrv\SBxxxW7\RAID\W764A

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(Note 2) Change the directory from \32bit to \64bit for copying the Windows 64-bit driver.

In Windows mode:

Steps:

- 1: Use an alternative system and insert the motherboard driver disk.
- 2: From your optical drive folder, double click the **Menu.exe** file in the **BootDrv** folder (Figure 3). A Command Prompt window will open similar to that in Figure 4.
- 3: Insert the blank formatted disk. Depending on the operating system to be installed, select the controller driver by pressing the corresponding letter from the menu and press <Enter>. For example, from the menu in Figure 4,
 - For the AMD SB850, select 3) ATI AHCI/RAID Driver for XP for Windows XP operating system.
 - For the GIGABYTE SATA2, select 1) GIGABYTE GSATA driver for 32bit system for Windows 32-bit operating system.

Your system will then automatically copy the driver files to the floppy disk. Press any key to exit when finished.

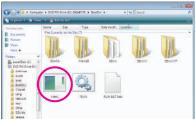


Figure 3



Figure 4

5-1-4 Installing the SATA RAID/AHCI Driver and Operating System

With the SATA RAID/AHCI driver diskette and correct BIOS settings, you are ready to install Windows Vista/ XP onto your hard drive(s). The followings are examples of Windows XP and Vista installation.

A. Installing Windows XP

Step 1:

Restart your system to boot from the Windows XP setup disk and press <F6> as soon as you see the message "Press F6 if you need to install a 3rd party SCSI or RAID driver" (Figure 1). A screen will then appear asking you to specify additional device.

Windows Setup
Press F6 if you need to install a third party SCSI or RAID driver.
Figure 1

Step 2:

For the AMD SB850:

Insert the floppy disk containing the SATA RAID/AHCI driver and press <S>. Then a controller menu similar to Figure 2 below will appear. Select **AMD AHCI Compatible RAID Controller-x86 platform** and press <Enter>.

You have chosen to configure a SCSI Adapter for use with Windows, using a device support disk provided by an adapter manufacturer. Select the SCSI Adapter you want from the following list, or press ESC to return to the previous screen. AMD AHCI Compatible RAID Controller-x86 platform AMD AHCI Compatible RAID Controller-x64 platform	Windows Setup
to return to the previous screen. AMD AHCI Compatible RAID Controller-x86 platform	
ENTER=Select F3=Exit Figure 2	

For the GIGABYTE SATA2:

Insert the floppy disk containing the SATA RAID/AHCI driver and press <S>. Then a controller menu similar to Figure 3 below will appear. Select **RAID/AHCI Driver for GIGABYTE GBB36X Controller (x32)** and press <Enter>.

Windows Setup
You have chosen to configure a SCSI Adapter for use with Windows, using a device support disk provided by an adapter manufacturer.
Select the SCSI Adapter you want from the following list, or press ESC to return to the previous screen.
RAID/AHCI Driver for GIGABYTE GBB36X Controller (x32)
,
ENTER=Select F3=Exit
Figure 3

Step 3:

On the next screen, press <Enter> to continue the driver installation. After the driver installation, you can proceed with the Windows XP installation.

B. Installing Windows Vista

The procedure below assumes that only one RAID array exists in your system.

For the AMD SB850:

Step 1:

Restart your system to boot from the Windows Vista setup disk and perform standard OS installation steps. When a screen similar to that below appears (RAID hard drive will not be detected at this stage), select **Load Driver** (Figure 4).

	Nerre	Total Size	Free Space Type
€a Be	iesh d Drivery		Drive options (gdvariced)

Figure 4

Step 2:

Insert the motherboard driver disk (Method A) or the removable storage device such as USB flash drive that contains the SATA RAID/AHCI driver (Method B), then specify the location of the driver (Figure 5). Note: For users using a SATA optical drive, be sure to copy the driver files from the motherboard driver disk to a USB flash drive before installing Windows Vista (go to the **BootDrv** folder and save the whole **SBxxxV** folder to the USB flash drive). Then use Method B to load the driver.

Method A:

Insert the motherboard driver disk into your system and browse to the following directory:

\BootDrv\SBxxxV\RAID\LH

For Windows Vista 64-bit, browse to the LH64A folder.

Method B:

Insert the USB flash drive containing the driver files and browse to the LH (for Windows Vista 32-bit) or LH64A (for Windows Vista 64-bit) folder.

	Browse for Folder Browse to the driver(s); and then dids OK	×
	The Compatibility at up from Data Data (A) at up from Data Data (A) at up from Data (D) (200 CPRE_PL_D) at up Root(N)	
P Hide drivers	nut.	1



Step 3:

When a screen as shown in Figure 6 appears, select AMD AHCI Compatible RAID Controller and click Next.

Select the driver to be installed.	
And Articl Comparise Kich Comparise	
	nguter.
	nputer.
F Hide drivers that are not compatible with hardware on this cor	

Step 4:

After the driver is loaded, the RAID drive will appear. Select the RAID drive and then click **Next** to continue the OS installation (Figure 7).

Name	Total Size	Free Space Type
🚙 Disk O Unallocated Space	\$0.0 GB	60.0 GB

Figure 7

For the GIGABYTE SATA2:

Step 1:

Restart your system to boot from the Windows Vista setup disk and perform standard OS installation steps. When a screen similar to that below appears (RAID/AHCI hard drive(s) will not be detected at this stage), select **Load Driver** (Figure 8).

	Herre	Total Size Free Space Type
. Belle	sh	Drive options (gdvariced)

Figure 8

Step 2:

Insert the motherboard driver disk (Method A) or the floppy disk/USB flash drive that contains the SATA RAID/ AHCI driver (Method B), then specify the location of the driver (Figure 9). Note: For users using a SATA optical drive, be sure to copy the driver files from the motherboard driver disk to a USB flash drive before installing Windows Vista (go to the **BootDrv** folder and save the whole **GSATA** folder to the USB flash drive). Then use Method B to load the driver.

Method A:

Insert the motherboard driver disk into your system and browse to the following directory: $\ensuremath{\mbox{loc}}\xspace{\mb$

For Windows Vista 64-bit, browse to the 64Bit folder.

Method B:

Insert the USB flash drive containing the driver files and browse to \GSATA\32Bit (for Windows Vista 32-bit) or \GSATA\64Bit (for Windows Vista 64-bit).

Browse for Folder Browse to the driver(s), and then did: OK	×
Execution E. (1) Proper Data Drive (A.) E. (2) Proper Data Drive (A.) E. (2) Proper Divide Divide (A.) E. (2) Drive Divide Divid	
_	

Figure 9

Step 3:

When a screen as shown in Figure 10 appears, select GIGABYTE GBB36X Controller and click Next.

GIGABYTE GB836X Controller (A:\xraid_f.inf)	
₩ Hide drivers that are not compatible with hardware on this o	amputes.

Step 4:

After the driver is loaded, select the RAID/AHCI drive(s) where you want to install the operating system and then click **Next** to continue the OS installation (Figure 11).

Name	Total Size	Free Space: Type
Disk 0 Unallocated Space	\$0.0 GB	80.0 GB
Befreste		Drive options (goverced)

Figure 11

Rebuilding an Array:

Rebuilding is the process of restoring data to a hard drive from other drives in the array. Rebuilding applies only to fault-tolerant arrays such as RAID 1, RAID 5, or RAID 10. To replace the old drive, make sure to use a new drive of equal or greater capacity. The procedures below assume a new drive is added to replace a failed drive to rebuild a RAID 1 array.

For the AMD SB850:

While in the operating system, make sure the chipset drivers have been installed from the motherboard driver disk. Then launch the **AMD RAIDXpert** from **All Programs** in the **Start Menu**.



Step 1:

Enter the login ID and password (default: "admin"), and then click **Sign in** to launch **AMD RAIDXpert**.



Step 3:

Select one available drive and click **Start Now** to start the rebuilding process.





Select the RAID array to be rebuilt under Logical Drive View and click the Rebuild tab in the Logical Drive Information pane.





The rebuilding progress is displayed on the screen and you can select **Pause/Resume/ Abort/Restart** during the rebuilding process.



Step 5:

When done, the array's status on the **Information** page in the **Logical Drive Information** pane will display as **Functional**.

For the GIGABYTE SATA2:

Turn off your computer and replace the failed hard drive with a new one. Use either the RAID setup utility or the GIGABYTE RAID CONFIGURER utility in the operating system to perform the rebuild.

• Rebuilding with the RAID setup utility

Step 1:

When the message "Press <Ctrl-G> to enter RAID Setup Utility" appears, press <Ctrl> + <G> to enter the utility. In the **Main Menu** block, select **Rebuild Mirror Drive** and press <Enter>. The selection bar will move to the degraded array. Press <Enter> again.

	Gigabyte Technolo	ogy Corp. RAID Setu	p Utility v1.07.16	G	
[Main Menu]		[Hard Disk Dr	ive List]]
Create RAID Disk Drive Delete RAID Disk Drive Revert HDD to Non-RAID Solve Mirror Conflict Rebuild Mirror Drive Save And Exit Setup Exit Without Saving		Model Name HDD0: ST312002/ HDD1: ST312002/		Capacity 120 GB 120 GB	Type/Status RAID Inside Non-RAID
[RAID Disk Drive List]					
Model Name RDD0: GRAID					s(HDDx)
[←→TAB]-Switch Window	[↑↓]-Sel	ect RAID	[ENTER]-Action	n [ESC]-Exit

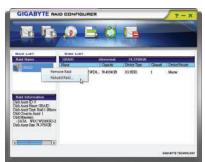
Step 2:

The selection bar will then move to new hard drive in the **Hard Disk Drive List** block. Press <Enter> to start the RAID rebuilding process. The rebuilding progress is displayed at the bottom of the screen. When done, the status of the array will display as **Normal**.

		Gigabyte Technol	ogy Corp. RAID Setup Uti	lity v1.07.16	G	
	[Main Menu]		[Hard Disk Drive L	.ist]		
	Create RAID Disk Drive Delete RAID Disk Drive Revert HDD to Non-RAID Solve Mirror Conflict Rebuild Mirror Drive Save And Exit Setup Exit Without Saving		Model Name HDD0: ST3120026AS HDD1: ST3120026AS		Capacity 120 GB 120 GB	Type/Status RAID Inside Non-RAID
Б	[RAID Disk Drive List]					
		RAID Level I-Mirror				s(HDDx)
	Rebuilding35%, please wait.					

· Rebuilding in the operating system

Make sure the GIGABYTE SATA2 SATA controller driver has been installed from the motherboard driver disk. Launch the GIGABYTE RAID CONFIGURER from **All Programs** in the **Start** menu.



Step 1:

In the GIGABYTE RAID CONFIGURER screen, right-click on the array to be rebuilt in the **RAID LIST** block. Select **Rebuild Raid**. (Or click the **Rebuild** icon **()** in the tool bar.)



Step 3:

Select a drive to rebuild the array and click Next.



Step 5:

The rebuilding progress is displayed at the bottom of the screen.



Step 2:

When the Rebuilding RAID Wizard appears, click **Next**.



Step 4:

Click Finish to start the RAID rebuilding process.



When finished, restart your system.

5-2 Configuring Audio Input and Output

5-2-1 Configuring 2/4/5.1/7.1-Channel Audio

The motherboard provides six audio jacks on the back panel which support 2/4/5.1/7.1-channel $^{\rm (Note)}$ audio. The picture to the right shows the default audio jack assignments.

The integrated HD (High Definition) audio provides jack retasking capability that allows the user to change the function for each jack through the audio driver.



For example, in a 4-channel audio configuration, if a Side speaker is plugged into the default Center/Subwoofer speaker out jack, you can retask the Center/Subwoofer speaker out jack to be Side speaker out.



- To install a microphone, connect your microphone to the Mic in jack and manually configure the jack for microphone functionality.
- Audio signals will be present on both of the front and back panel audio connections simultaneously. If you want to mute the back panel audio (only supported when using an HD front panel audio module), refer to instructions on the next page.

High Definition Audio (HD Audio)

HD Audio includes multiple high quality digital-to-analog converters (DACs) that support 44.1KHz/48KHz/ 96KHz/192KHz sampling rate. HD Audio features multistreaming capabilities that allow multiple audio streams (in and out) to be simultaneously processed. For example, users can listen to MP3 music, have an Internet chat, make a telephone call over the Internet, and etc. all at the same time.

A. Configuring Speakers

(The following instructions use Windows Vista as the example operating system.)

Step 1:

After installing the audio driver, the **HD Audio Manager** icon area. Double-click the icon to access the **HD Audio Manager**.





(Note) 2/4/5.1/7.1-Channel Audio Configurations:

Refer to the following for multi-channel speaker configurations.

- 2-channel audio: Headphone or Line out.
- · 4-channel audio: Front speaker out and Side speaker out.
- 5.1-channel audio: Front speaker out, Side speaker out, and Center/Subwoofer speaker out.
- 7.1-channel audio: Front speaker out, Rear speaker out, Center/Subwoofer speaker out, and Side speaker out.

Step 2:

Connect an audio device to an audio jack. The **The current connected device is** dialog box appears. Select the device according to the type of device you connect. Then click **OK**.

Step 3:

On the **Speakers** screen, click the **Speaker Configuration** tab. In the **Speaker Configuration** list, select **Stereo**, **Quadraphonic**, **5.1 Speaker**, or **7.1 Speaker** according to the type of speaker configuration you wish to set up. Then the speaker setup is completed.



B. Configuring Sound Effect

You may configure an audio environment on the Sound Effects tab.

C. Activating an AC'97 Front Panel Audio Module

If your chassis provides an AC'97 front panel audio module, to activate the AC'97 functionality, click the tool icon on the **Speaker Configuration** tab. On the **Connector Settings** dialog box, select the **Disable front panel jack detection** check box. Click **OK** to complete.





D. Muting the Back Panel Audio (For HD Audio Only)

Click Device advanced settings on the top right corner on the Speaker Configuration tab to open the Device advanced settings dialog box. Select the Mute the rear output device, when a front headphone plugged in check box. Click OK to complete.

114444	nced settings
Photock Des	ice
@ PL + 14	rear output device, when a front headphone plugged in.
U Hote fro	it and rear output devices playback two different audio streams surly.
Recording De	uite
😑 Te up sa	ve type of input jadis, i.e. line-in or microphone, as an input device.
	all input jacks as independent input devision.
	OK Canod

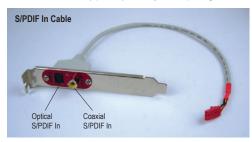


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5-2-2 Configuring S/PDIF In/Out

A. S/PDIF In

The S/PDIF In cable (optional) allows you to input digital audio signals to the computer for audio processing.



1. Installing the S/PDIF In Cable:



Step 1:

First, attach the connector at the end of the cable to the SPDIF_IN header on your motherboard.



Step 2: Secure the metal bracket to the chassis back panel with a screw.

2. Configuring S/PDIF In:

On the Digital Input screen, click the Default Format tab to select the default format. Click OK to complete.



(Note) The actual locations of the S/PDIF In and S/PDIF Out connectors may differ by model.

B. S/PDIF Out

The S/PDIF Out jacks can transmit audio signals to an external decoder for decoding to get the best audio quality.

1. Connecting a S/PDIF Out Cable:



S/PDIF Optical Cable

Connect a S/PDIF optical cable to an external decoder for transmitting the S/PDIF digital audio signals.

2. Configuring S/PDIF Out:

On the **Digital Output(Optical)** screen^(Note), click the **Default Format** tab and then select the sample rate and bit depth. Click **OK** to complete.



(Note) Enter the Digital Output(Optical) screen to configure further settings if you use the S/PDIF Out connector(s) on the back panel for digital audio output or enter the Digital Output screen if you use the internal S/PDIF Out connector (SPDIF_OUT) for digital audio output.

5-2-3 Enabling the Dolby Home Theater Function



Before Dolby Home Theater is enabled, you get only 2-channel playback output (from the front speakers) when playing 2-channel stereo sources. You must play 4-, 5.1-, or 7.1- channel content to get 4-, 5.1-, or 7.1- channel audio effects. With Dolby Home Theater enabled, 2-channel stereo content will be transformed into multi-channel audio, creating a virtual surround sound environment ^(Note).

Install the Dolby GUI Software driver from the motherboard driver disk. Click the Start icon 2. Point to All Programs, Dolby Control Center to access the utility.

(The following illustration demonstrates a 7.1-speaker configuration as an example.)



1. Dolby Pro Logic IIx

Click Dolby Pro Logic IIx. The system will expand 2-channel audio for a 7.1-channel surround sound playback.

2. Natural Bass Click Natural Bass to enable speaker bass effect.

(Note) When Dolby Digital Live is enabled, only digital audio output (S/PDIF) is working, and you will not hear any sound from analog speakers or headphone.

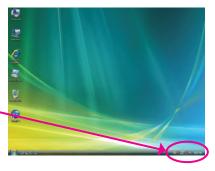
Appendix

5-2-4 Configuring Microphone Recording

Step 1:

After installing the audio driver, the HD Audio Manager icon 🗿 will appear in the notification area. Double-click the icon to access the HD Audio Manager.





Step 2:

Connect your microphone to the Mic in jack (pink) on the back panel or the Mic in jack (pink) on the front panel. Then configure the jack for microphone functionality.

Note: The microphone functions on the front panel and back panel cannot be used at the same time.



Step 3:

Go to the Microphone screen. Do not mute the recording volume, or you'll not be able to record the sound. To hear the sound being recorded during the recording process, do not mute the playback volume. It is recommended that you set the volumes at a middle level.





If you want to change the current sound input Gefault device to microphone, right-click on Microphone and select Set Default Device.



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Appendix

Step 4:

To raise the recording and playback volume for the microphone, click the **Microphone Boost** icon 😰 on the right of the **Recording Volume** slider and set the Microphone Boost level.

Scrophone Boost	0	+10.0 dB

Image: Section of the section of t

Step 5:

After completing the settings above, click **Start**, point to **All Programs**, point to **Accessories**, and then click **Sound Recorder** to begin the sound recording.



* Enabling Stereo Mix

If the HD Audio Manager does not display the recording device you wish to use, refer to the steps below. The following steps explain how to enable Stereo Mix (which may be needed when you want to record sound from your computer).

Step 1:

Locate the **Volume** icon **M** in the notification area and right-click on this icon. Select **Recording Devices**.

🎲 i 📑 🌒 🛛 🛃 🕪 5:45 PM



Step 2:

On the **Recording** tab, right-click on an empty space and select **Show Disabled Devices**.



Step 3:

When the **Stereo Mix** item appears, right-click on this item and select **Enable**. Then set it as the default device.

Tend a rec	ording, deate below to mode Autoaphonie Roadlak, thigh Dailantaja Aut Ball artigent be	100100-0	
2	Unafa Roshtek High Delivetives Aus Hat alugged in	der .	
2	Realistick Digital largest Nontran High Defending Au- Working CO Audio:		
۰.	Seatter High Defention Au Disabase Stareo Me Restor right Defaulter Au		
ALC: N			
Contant	Destad	Enable Let al Default	

Step 4:

Now you can access the HD Audio Manager to configure Stereo Mix and use Sound Recorder to record the sound.

Date of the other	canto (De character (De	Table Start, or an About the	Sector advanced patricipa
According Solution 1		(eff) (ettab	attimus Bennos
		· [4]	testes
	Level for and a set of degree to a	Dichanal ad-dar overge stant	BRZTH.
GIGABYTE			

5-2-5 Using the Sound Recorder



A. Recording Sound

- 1. Make sure you have connected the sound input device (e.g. microphone) to the computer.
- 2. To record the audio, click the Start Recording button Int Recording.
- 3. To stop recording audio, click the Stop Recording button Stop Recording.

Be sure to save the recorded audio file upon completion.

B. Playing the Recorded Sound

You can play your recording in a digital media player program that supports your audio file format.

5-3 Troubleshooting

5-3-1 Frequently Asked Questions

To read more FAQs for your motherboard, please go to the **Support & Downloads\FAQ** page on GIGABYTE's website.

- Q: In the BIOS Setup program, why are some BIOS options missing?
- A: Some advanced options are hidden in the BIOS Setup program. Press <Delete> to enter BIOS Setup during the POST. In the Main Menu, press <Ctrl>+<F1> to show the advanced options.
- Q: Why is the light of my keyboard/optical mouse still on after the computer shuts down?
- A: Some motherboards provide a small amount of standby power after the computer shuts down and that's why the light is still on.
- Q: How do I clear the CMOS values?
- A: For motherboards that have a CMOS_SW button, press this button to clear the CMOS values (before doing this, please turn off the computer and unplug the power cord). For motherboards that have a clearing CMOS jumper, refer to the instructions on the CLR_CMOS jumper in Chapter 1 to short the jumper to clear the CMOS values. If your board doesn't have this jumper, refer to the instructions on the motherboard battery in Chapter 1. You can temporarily remove the battery from the battery holder to stop supplying power to the CMOS, which will clear the CMOS values after about one minute.
- Q: Why do I still get a weak sound even though I have turned my speaker to the maximum volume?
- A: Make sure your speaker is equipped with an internal amplifier. If not, try a speaker with power/amplifier.
- Q: Why cannot I install the onboard HD audio driver successfully? (For Windows XP only)
- A: Step 1: First, make sure Service Pack 1 or Service Pack 2 has been installed (check in My Computer > Properties > General > System). If not, please update it from Microsoft's website. Then make sure the Microsoft UAA Bus Driver for High Definition Audio has been installed successfully (check in My Computer > Properties > Hardware > Device Manager > System Devices).
 - Step 2: Check if Audio Device on High Definition Audio Bus or Unknown device is present in Device Manager or Sound, video, and game controllers. If yes, please disable this device. (If not, skip this step.)
 - Step 3: Then go back to My Computer > Properties > Hardware > Device Manager > System devices and right-click on Microsoft UAA Bus Driver for High Definition Audio and select Disable and Uninstall.
 - Step 4: In Device Manager, right-click on the computer name and select Scan for hardware changes. When the Add New Hardware Wizard appears, click Cancel. Then install the onboard HD audio driver from the motherboard driver disk or download the audio driver from GIGABYTE's website to install.

For more details, go to the Support & Downloads/FAQ page on our website and search for "onboard HD audio driver."

- Q: What do the beeps emitted during the POST mean?
- A: The following Award BIOS beep code descriptions may help you identify possible computer problems.

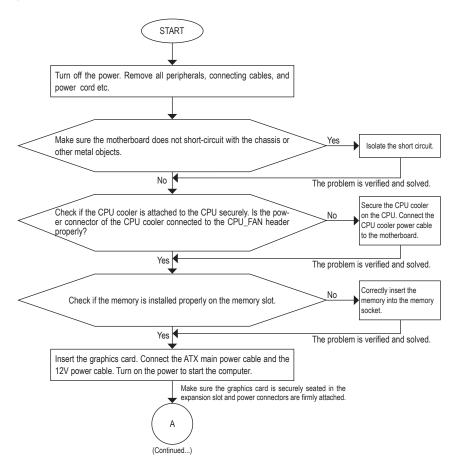
(For reference only.)

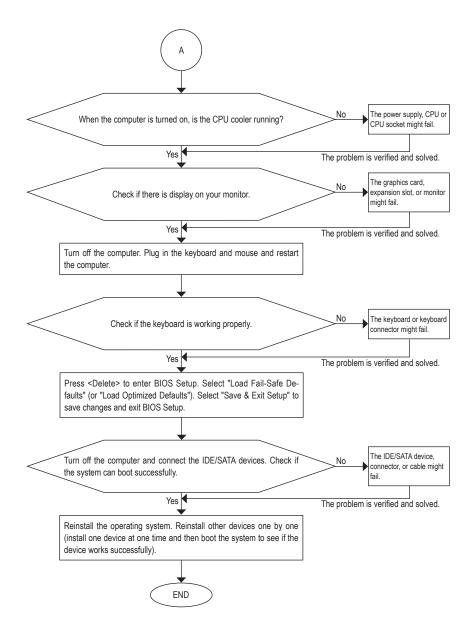
- 1 short: System boots successfully
- 2 short: CMOS setting error
- 1 long, 1 short: Memory or motherboard error
- 1 long, 2 short: Monitor or graphics card error
- 1 long, 3 short: Keyboard error

1 long, 9 short: BIOS ROM error Continuous long beeps: Graphics card not inserted properly Continuous short beeps: Power error

5-3-2 Troubleshooting Procedure

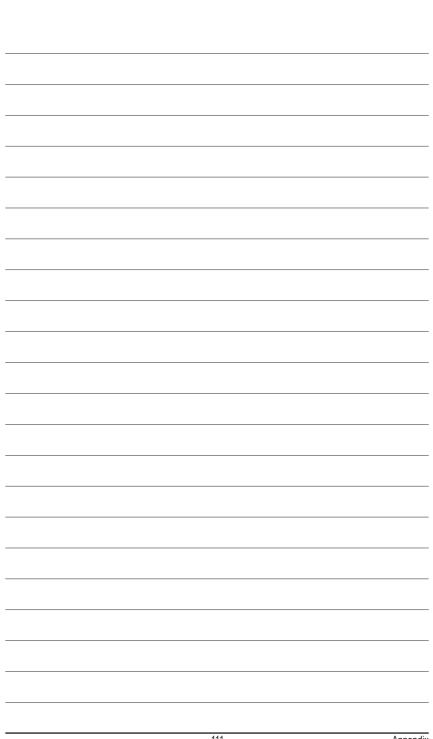
If you encounter any troubles during system startup, follow the troubleshooting procedure below to solve the problem.







If the procedure above is unable to solve your problem, contact the place of purchase or local dealer for help. Or go to the **Support & Downloads\Technical Support** page to submit your question. Our customer service staff will reply you as soon as possible.



Appendix

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Appendix

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Czech Republic	You may go to the GIGABYTE website, select your language
WEB address : http://www.gigabyte.cz	in the language list on the top right corner of the website.

GIGABYTE Global Service System



To submit a technical or non-technical (Sales/Marketing) question, please link to: http://ggts.gigabyte.com.tw Then select your language to enter the system.