Revision 1.0

S1469 Pentium Class 75 thru 200MHz 430VX PCI-ISA System Board User's Manual

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1. Introduction

1.1 Overview

The S1469 is a quality, high performance mainboard based on the powerful Intel Pentium microprocessors. This mainboard is designed around the latest and fastest Intel 430VX chipset and can support CPU speeds of 75MHz through 200MHz. S1469 will also support the Cyrix M1/6x86 CPU's and the Intel multimedia Pentium P55C.

The S1469's PCI Local Bus provides high performance capabilities that are ideal for a wide range of demanding applications such as: CAD, CAM, CAE, networking, multi-user environments, database management, desktop publishing, image processing and 3D animation.

This integrated system board achieves the highest reliability and yet is small enough for all of its features to be supported in a "Baby-AT" form-factor. Some of the features included are: on-board dual channel PCI IDE, on-board floppy controller, on-board high speed I/O, and support for pipeline-burst SRAM.

Flexibility and expandibility have been designed into the S1469. With I/O and drive controller support built on-board, the four PCI and four ISA (One ISA and one PCI as a shared slot) slots are free for any add-on expansion cards.

Remember to take a look at Tyan Computers web site located at http://www.tyan.com. Here you can find information on all of Tyan's products along with FAQ's, distributors list, drivers and CMOS setting explanations.

Notice

This board uses the Intel 430VX chipset. According to Intel, the USB function in this chipset is not guaranteed because compatibility tests cannot be conducted for USB at this time due to no availability of such devices.





1.2 Hardware Specifications/Features

◆CPU Intel Pentium 75 MHz thru 200 MHz (Socket 7)

Intel Pentium P55C

Cyrix/IBM/SGS M1/6x86 CPU

◆Speed 50/60/66 MHz system bus

25/30/33 MHz PCI bus 7.5/8.33 MHz ISA bus speed

◆DRAM 3 double banks of 72 pin SIMM sockets

Supports 5V or 3.3V memory

Supports EDO(Exended Data Out) DRAMs Supports SDRAM(Synchronous DRAM) Supports Fast Page Mode DRAMs Supports 8MB to 128MB of DRAMs

◆L2 Cache 16KB cache memory included in Pentium

256/512KB on board 2nd level cache memory

Supports synchronous pipeline-burst

•EIDE Controller Primary and secondary PCI EIDE channels on

board for support of up to four EIDE Mode $\boldsymbol{0}$

through Mode 4 drives.

◆Enhanced I/O Multi-mode bi-directional parallel port that

supports standard, EPP and ECP modes.

Supports 16550 compatible Uarts for on-board

high speed serial ports.

Support for an IrDA comliant Infra Red inter-

face.

On-board floppy controller

On-board Universal Serial Port(Titan VX+ only)

◆I/O Bus Slots 4 Master/Slave PCI-Bus

4 ISA Bus (One ISA and one PCI shared slot)

◆Mouse On-board PS/2 mouse connector.





◆BIOS Award or AMI BIOS

AT CMOS setup, BIOS/CHIPSET setup,

and hard disk utility included.

Support for easy BIOS upgrades with flash

EPROM chip.

◆O.S. Operates with MS-DOS, Windows 3.x, Windows

for Work Group 3.x, Windows 95, Windows NT OS/2, Novell Netware, Novell UnixWare1.1, and

SCO Unix.

1.3 Environment

Ambient Temperature 0 to +50 C (operating)
Relative Humidity 0 to +85% (operating)
Altitude 0 to 10,000 feet (operating)

Vibration 0 to 1,000 Hz Voltage 4.9 to 5.2 V

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2. Board Installation

2.1 Unpacking

The mainboard package should contain the following:

- ◆S1469 Mainboard
- ◆One IDE 40 pin cables
- ◆Two serial cables
- ◆One parallel cable
- ◆One 34 pin floppy cable
- ◆User's Manual

The mainboard contains sensitive electric components which can be easily damaged by static electricity, so the mainboard should be left in its original packaging until it is ready to be installed.

Touch an unpainted area of the system chassis befor handling the mainboard or any component. Doing so discharges the static charge your body may have built.

After opening the mainboard carton, extract the system board and place it only on a grounded anti-static surface, component side up. Inspect the board for damage. Press down on all of the socket IC's to make sure that they are properly seated. Do this only with the board placed on an anti-static mat.

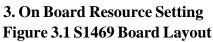
DO NOT APPLY POWER TO THE BOARD IF IT HAS BEEN DAMAGED!

2.2 Installation

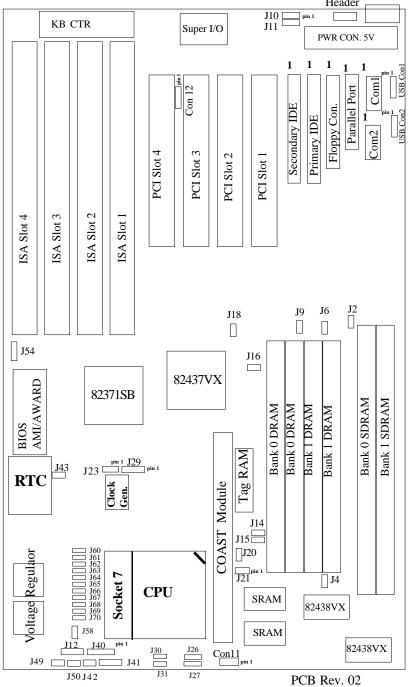
You are now ready to install your mainboard. The mounting hole pattern of the S1469 matches the "Baby AT" system board spec. It is assumed that the chassis is designed for a standard IBM XT/AT.







PS/2 Keyboard Mouse CON Header



3.2 Jumper Settings

CPU Speed Settings for Pentium P54C and P55C:

seeings for reneralities and recei				
J29	J30	J31	CPU Speed	
1-2, 3-4	Off	Off	75 MHz	
3-4	Off	Off	90 MHz	
1-2	Off	Off	100 MHz	
3-4	On	Off	120 MHz	
1-2	On	Off	133 MHz	
3-4	On	On	150 MHz	
1-2	On	On	166 MHz	
1-2	Off	On	200 MHz	

CPU Speed Settings for Cyrix/SGS/IBM 6x86/M1:

J29	J30	J31	CPU Speed	CPU ID
1-2, 3-4	On	Off	100MHz	P120+
3-4	On	Off	120MHz	P150+
1-2	On	Off	133MHz	P166+

CPU Voltage Regulator Settings:

Pentium MMX requires two voltage sources, J60, J61, & J62 are settings for one source. J63, J64 and J65 are settings for the second voltage source. The default setting is for P54C/Cyrix CPU's.

P54C(Pentium) & Cyrix

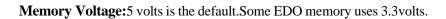
			, J
	3.6V	3.5V	3.3V
J60	on	off	off
J61	off	off	on
J62	off	on	off
J58 off	f		*
J63 off	f		
J64 off	f		
J65 off	f Defa	ult settin	gs
J66 of	f for P	54C and	Cyrix
J67 on			•
J68 on			
J69 on			
J70 on			

P55C(Pentium MMX)

	F 33C(rennam	IVIIVIA)
	3.0V	2.85V	2.65V
J63	off	off	on
J64	off	on	off
J65	on	off	off
J58 on			
J66 on			
J67 off	f	Settings	s for
J68 off		P55C o	nly
J69 off	f		
J70 off	f		







Damage to system can result if these are set incorrectly!

	Volts	J2	J6	J9	J16	J4	J14	J15
Default	5V	On	On	On	On	Off	Off	Off
	3.3V	Off	Off	Off	Off	On	On	On

Tag RAM Setting: J20

	J20
Enable on-board Tag	on
Disable on-board Tag	off
(When using COAST I	Module)

SRAM Select: J21

	J21
Use on-board SRAM	2-3
Use COAST Module	1-2

CPU Multiplier: J30 and J31

J30	J31	Multiplier
off	off	x1.5
on	off	x2
on	on	x2.5
off	on	x3

Host Bus Setting: J29

	J29	Host Speed	PCI Speed
	1-2,3-4	50MHz	25MHz
	1-2	66.67MHz	33.33MHz
	3-4	60MHz	30MHz
- 1			







Pinout	Assignment
1	Power Good
2	Ground

Turbo LED Connector: J50

Pinout Assignment		
1	Cathode	
2	Anode	

Flash EPROM: J54

This jumpers should be left at the factory default.

J54 1-2

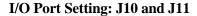
Keylock Connector: J40

Pinou	t Assignments
1	Led Output
2	No Connect
3	Ground
4	Keylock
5	Ground

CMOS Resest/Password Reset: J43(Default off)

If you forget your CMOS password or need to reset the CMOS registers, just power off the system and close jumper J43 for five seconds. Then open jumper J43 and power on the system. This will set the CMOS and password back to the system default.





	J10	J11
For Serial Port	1-2	1-2
For IR Port	2-3	2-3

Speaker Connector: J41

Pinou	ıt Assignments
1	Speaker out
2	Ground
3	Ground
4	+ 5V

Turbo Switch: J42

Non-Turbo mode not supported by chipset.

Open for Turbo Close for Non-Turbo

HDD LED: J12 (Only pins 1 and 2 are used)

Pinout Assignments		
1	Cathode	
2	Anode	

Infra Red Interface: Con11 and Con12

Pinout	Assignment
1	Signal In
2	Gnd
3	Signal Out
4	VCC





3.3 CMOS RTC

CMOS RTC includes an internal battery and Real Time Clock circuit. It provides the date and the time for the system. Normally the life span of a RTC internal battery is 10 years. When replacing, you should use the same model.

3.4 Speaker Connector Installation

S1469 provides a 4-Pin header (J41) to connect the speaker. The polarity can go either way.

3.5 Turbo Switch

The front panel on your case may have a turbo switch to control system speed when slower program execution is required for software developed in the old XT days.

You can connect the chassis turbo switch to J42 on the mainboard. The 430VX chipset doesn't support a hardware turbo function so this switch will only turn on or off the turbo LED.

3.6 Turbo LED Connector Installation

The TURBO LED on the front case panel can indicate the current speed status of the system. The TURBO LED connector should be installed to J50 in the correct direction.





3.7 Hardware Reset Switch Connector Installation

The RESET switch on your cases' display panel provides users with the HARDWARE RESET function which is the same as power on/off. The system will do a cold start after the RESET switch is pushed by the user. The RESET switch is a 2 pin connector and should be installed on jumper J49.

3.8 Flash EPROM-Jumper J54

The S1469 uses flash memory to store BIOS programs. It can be updated as new versions of the BIOS becomes available. The flash utility will guide you through the process step by step.

J54 determines which type of EPROM is used. This jumpers has been set to match the on board BIOS chip. The factory default for the S1469 is on pins 1-2. Depending on the type of EPROM used, some boards will have J54 on pins 2-3.

Refer to chapter 5 for Flash EPROM upgrade procedures.

3.9 Hardware CMOS & Password Reset

(The following steps are valid provided the board has a DS12887A RTC)

If you have been locked out of your system because you forgot your password or set the CMOS incorrectly, follow the instructions below.

- a. Power off the system
- b. Short jumper J43.
- d. Wait for 5 seconds then remove the jumper from J43.
- e.Then power on the system again.

By doing the above procedures, your password will be erased and the CMOS will be reset to the BIOS default.



3.10 DRAM Installation

The S1469 uses a 64-bit data path from memory to CPU and can accommodate up to 128 MB of RAM. The mainboard supports Fast Page Mode, and EDO (Extended Data Out) 72 pin SIMMs. SDRAM(Synchronous) are also supported in the DIMM slots. DIMM's must be of the unbuffered variety. All installed memory will be automatically detected so there is no need to set jumpers.

- •SIMM modules must be installed in pairs.
- •Each pair of SIMMs must be of the same size and type.
- ◆The mainboard supports 1, 2, 4 and 8MBx32 SIMMs.
- ◆SIMM bank 0 and 1 can use either double or single sided SIMMs.
- ◆Two SIMMs or One unbuffered DIMM must be installed for the system to POST.
- ◆SDRAM DIMMs can be installed one at a time.
- ◆The mainboard supports 1, 2 and 4Mx 64 DIMM modules.
- ◆SIMM bank 0 and DIMM bank 0 cannot be used at the same time. SIMM bank 1 and DIMM bank 1 cannot be used at the same time. You can use SIMM bank 0 with DIMM bank 1.

You can use SIMM bank 1 with DIMM bank 0.

• The following table shows some of the available memory configurations.

DRAM Bank	DRAM	SDRAM Bank	SDRAM Bank	Total
0	Bank 1	0	1	
4MB x2	none	none	none	8MB
none	none	8MB x1	none	8MB
none	none	16MB x1	none	16MB
8MB x2	none	none	none	16MB
4MB x2	4MB x2	none	none	16MB
8MB x2	8MB x2	none	none	32MB
16MB x2	none	none	none	32MB
none	none	16MB x1	none	32MB
32MB x2	none	none	none	64MB
16MB x2	16MB x2	none	none	64MB
16MB x2	none	none	32MB x1	64MB
none	none	32MB x1	32MB x1	64MB
32MB x2	16MB x2	none	none	96MB
32MB x2	none	none	32MB x1	96MB
32MB x2	32MB x2	none	none	128MB



3.11 CPU Installation

Several types of CPUs (75 thru 200MHz) can be used on S1469. Please refer to the previous pages for the correct CPU jumper settings for your board.

- The CPU is a sensitive electronic component and it can be easily damaged by static electricity. Do not touch the CPU pins with your fingers.
- When installing the CPU into the socket, match the CPU pins to the socket pins.
- Before the CPU is installed, the mainboard must be placed on a flat plane in order to avoid being broken by the pressure of CPU insertion.
- A cooling fan and heat sink assembly is required to protect the CPU from being damaged.
- 1. Make sure the ZIF socket lever is up. To raise the lever, pull it out to the side a little and raise it as far as it will go. The top plate will slide back.
- 2. Align the CPU and socket Pin 1 corners. The pins on the bottom should align with the rows of holes in the socket.
- 3. Insert the CPU in the socket. It should insert easily. If it does not, adjust the position of the lever a little.
- 4. Press the lever down. The top plate will slide forward. You will feel some resistance as the pressure starts to secure the CPU in the socket. This is normal and will not damage the CPU. When the CPU is installed, the lever should snap into place at the side of the socket.





3.12 Upgrading Cache Memory

The S1469 has 256Kb of on-board pipelined burst SRAM and can be upgraded to 512Kb by adding a Tyan approved 256Kb cache module. Please refer to your vendor for the approved upgrade modules.

- ◆Refer to page 9 for the cache jumper settings.
- ◆When using the "COAST" module, the Tag RAM socket must be empty. You must also open jumper J20.
- ◆Only use Tyan approved "COAST" modules when upgrading.
- ◆The "COAST Module" will only fit in the "Coast Socket" one way and should install easily.
- ◆ You cannot disable the onboard cache and install a 512Kb "COAST" module to get 512Kb of cache. The onboard cache is always used.





3.13 Peripheral Device Installation

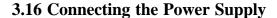
After all the jumpers on the mainboard have been set, then it can be mounted into the case. Then proceed to install the display card and any other peripheral devices.

If a PCI-Bus interface card is to be installed in the system, any one of the five PCI-Bus slots can support either a Master or a Slave device.

After installing the peripheral controllers, the user should check everything again, and prepare to power-on the system.







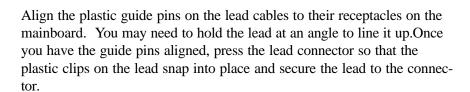
The system power supply connectors on the mainboard is for a 5 volt power supply. Incorrect installation of the power supply could result in serious damage to the system board and connected peripherals.

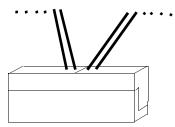
Pin 1		
	Good 1	Power Signal
	VCC	
	+12V	5 volt
	-12V	power
	GND	connector
	GND	pinout
	GND	
	GND	
	-5V	
	VCC	
	VCC	
	VCC	

To connect the leads from either voltage power supply, you should first make sure the power supply is unplugged. Most power supplies have two leads. Each lead has six wires, two of which are black.

Orient the connectors so the black wires are in the middle of the 5V power supply.

Caution: Some power supplies also include "3V" connectors. The connection wires normally have two colors with 3 black wires on one side. Please be very careful. Don't to use the wrong connector.





Connecting 5V power supply





4. BIOS Configuration

Award's BIOS has a built in setup program that allows the user to modify the basic system configuration. This type of information is stored in the battery-backed CMOS SRAM. Entering incorrect information or forgetting your password can lock you out of your system. (refer to 3.9 for resetting of CMOS)

4.1. Entering Setup

Power ON the computer and press immediately and you will enter Setup. The other way to enter setup is to power on the computer, when the below message appears briefly at the bottom of the screen during the post (Power On Self Test), press key or simultaneously press <Ctrl>, <Alt>, and <Esc> keys.

* TO ENTER SETUP BEFORE BOOT PRESS CTRL-ALT-ESC OR DEL KEY

If the message disappears before you respond and you wish to enter Setup, restart the system by turning it OFF then ON or by pressing "Reset" on the system case. You may also restart by simultaneously pressing <Ctrl>, <Alt>, and keys. If you do not press the keys at the correct time, the system will not boot and an error message will appear on the screen. You will be asked to.

* PRESS F1 TO CONTINUE, CTRL-ALT-ESC OR DEL TO ENTER SETUP.

Figure 4.1 will appear on the sceen. The Main Menu allows you to select from the 8 setup functions and 2 exit choices. Use the arrow keys to select among the items and press <Enter> to accept or enter each sub-menu.





4.2. Control Keys

PgUp key	Increases the numeric value or make changes
PgDn key	Decreases the numeric value or make changes
F1 key	General help, only for Status Page Setup menu
	and Option Page Setup Menu
F2 key	Change color from a total of 16 colors
F3 key	Calendar, only for Status Page Setup Menu
F4 key	Reserved
F5 key	Restore the previous CMOS value, only for Option
	Page Setup Menu
F6 key	Load defaults
F8 key	Reserved
F9 key	Reserved
F10 key	Save all CMOS changes, only for Main Menu





4.3. Getting Help

4.3.1. Main Menu

The on-line description of the highlighted setup function is displayed at the bottom of the screen.

4.3.2. Setup Page menu/Option Page Setup Menu

Press F1 to pop up a small help window that describes the appropriate keys to use and the possible selections for the highlighted items. To exit the Help Window, press <Esc>.

4.4. The Main Menu

Once you enter the Award BIOS CMOS Setup Utility, the Main Menu (Figure 4.1) will appear on the screen. The Main Menu allows you to select from the eight setup functions and 2 exit choices. Use the arrow keys to select among the items and press <Enter> to accept or enter the sub-menu.

Figure 4.1: Main Menu

ROM ISA BIOS (2A59CT51) CMOS SETUP UTILITY AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.

Time, Date, Hard Disk Type,		
ESC : Save & Exit Setup F10 : Quit		
ESC : Sava & Evit Satur	A 1 > 4 0.1 · T	
LOAD BIOS DEFAULTS	EXIT WITHOUT SAVING	
PNP/PCI CONFIGURATION	SAVE AND EXIT	
POWER MANAGEMENT	IDE HDD AUTO DETECT	
CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP	USER PASSWORD	
BIOS FEATURED SETUP	SUPERVISOR PASSWORD	
STANDARD CMOS SETUP	INTEGRATED PERIPHERAL	





Standard CMOS setup

This setup page includes all the items in a standard compatible BIOS.

• BIOS features setup

This setup page includes all of the enhanced features of Award's BIOS.

• Chipset features setup

This setup page includes all the items of the 430HX chipset features.

• Power Management setup

Change, set, or disable system power management options

◆ PNP/PCI Configuration

This setup page allows you to modify the configuration of PCI slot parameters.

Load setup defaults

BIOS defaults indicate the most appropriate values of each system parameter for your system.

◆ Supervisor/User Password

Change, set, or disable password. It allows you to limit access to the system and Setup.

• Integrated Peripherals

This option lets the you enable or disable on board FDD, HDD, and I/O options.

• IDE HDD auto detection

Automatically configure hard disk parameters.

• Save and exit setup

Save changes to CMOS and exit setup

• Exit without saving

Abandon all CMOS changes and exit setup.





4.5. Standard CMOS Setup Menu

The items in Standard CMOS Setup Menu (Figure 4.2) are divided into 9 categories. Each category includes one or more setup items. Use the arrows to highlight the item and use the <PgUp> or <PgDn> keys to select the value you want for each item.

Figure 4.2: Standard CMOS Setup Menu

rigure 4.2. Standard Civios Sett	1		
ROM ISA BIOS (2A59CT51)			
STANDARD	CMOS SETU	JP	
AWARD SOF	TWARE, IN	C.	
Date (mm:dd:yy) : Tue, Dec 7 1995			
Time (hh:mm:ss) : 18 : 01 : 38			
Type Size CYLS.	HEADS. PRECO	MP. LANDZONE	SECTORS
Primary Master: none 0mb 0	0 0	0	0
	0 0	0	0
Secondary Master: none 0mb 0	0	0	0
Secondary Slave: none 0mb 0	0 0	0	0
Drive A: 1.44 M, 3.5 in.	Ras	e Memory: 6	40 K
Drive B: 1.2 M, 5.25 in.		ended Memory: 7	-
Expanded 1		anded Memory: 0	
Video : EGA/VGA Other Memory: 384 K			84 K
Halt On: All errors	Tota	al Memory: 8	192 K

ESC: Quit $\uparrow \Rightarrow \downarrow \leftarrow$: Select Item PU/PD/+/-: Modify F1: Help (Shift)F2: Change Color F3: Toggle Calendar

• Date

The date format is <month>, <day>, <year>. Press <F3> to show the calendar.

• Time

The time format is <hours>, <minutes>, <seconds>. The time is calculated based on the 24-hour military-time clock. For example 1 p.m. is 13:00:00.

Day	The day, from Sun to Sat, Determined by the BIOS date,
	month and year entries.
Date	The date, from 1 to 31 (or maximum allowed in a month)
Month	The month, Jan to Dec.
Year	The year, from 1900 to 2099





• Primary/Secondary Drive type

This category identifies the types of hard disk drives that have been installed in the computer. There are 46 predefined types and a user definable type.

Press PgUp or PgDn to select a numbered hard disk type or type a number and press <Enter>. Note that the specifications of your drive must match with the drive table. The hard disk will not work properly if you enter improper information for this category. If your hard disk type is not listed, you can Type User to define your own drive manually.

If you select Type User, you will be asked to enter the following info. Enter the paramters directly from the keyboard and press <Enter>. The hard disk information should be provided in the documentation from the hard disk vendor or the system manufacturer.

CYLS	number of cylinders
HEADS	number of heads
PRECOMP	written precom
LANDZONE	landing zone
SECTORS	number of sectors

If a hard disk has not been installed or you have a CD-ROM/Tape drive connected to an IDE channel, select NONE and press <Enter>.

• Drive A type/Drive B type

This category identifies the types of floppy disk drive A or B, that have been installed in your computer.

None	No floppy drive installed
360K, 5.25 in.	5-1/4 inch PC-type standard drive; 360 kilobyte capacity
1.2M,5.25 in.	5-1/4 inch AT-type high-density drive; 1.2 megabyte capacity
720K, 3.5 in.	3-1/2 inch double-sided drive; 720 kilobyte capacity
1.44M, 3.5 in.	3-1/2 inch double-sided drive; 1.44 megabyte capacity
2.88M, 3.5 in.	3-1/2 inch double-sided drive; 2.88 megabyte capacity





• Video

This category detects the type of graphics adapter used for the primary display system. It must match your video display card and monitor. Although secondary monitors are supported, you do not have to select that type in setup.

EGA/VGA	Enhanced Graphics Adapter/Video Graphics Array. For VGA,SVGA, or PGA monitor adapters.
CGA 40	Color Graphics Adapter, power up in 40 column mode.
CGA 80	Color Graphics Adapter, power up in 80 column mode.
Mono	Monochrome adapter, includes hi-res monochrome.

• Halt On

The category determines whether the computer will stop if an error is detected during power up.

No errors	Whenever the BIOS has detected a non-fatal error, the system will be stopped and you will be promted.
All errors	The system boot will not be stopped for any errors that are detected.
All, but Keyboard	The system boot will not stop for a keyboard error;it will stop for all other errors.
All, but Diskette	The system boot will not stop for disk errors; it will stop for all other errors.
All, but Disk/Key	The system boot will not stop for a keyboard or disk error; it will stop for all other errors.

Memory

The category is for display-only and it is determined by POST Power On Self Test of the BIOS.

Base Memory

The POST of the BIOS will determine the amount of base (or conventional) memory installed in the system. The value of the base memory is typically 640K.

Extended Memory

The BIOS determines how much extended memory is present during the POST. This is the amount of memory located above 1MB in the CPU's memory address map.





Expanded Memory

Expanded Memory (EMS) defines a 64 K page frame in the area between 640K and 1Mb containing four 16K pages that are windows into the EMS memory. Programs issue requests to the EMS manager to switch the page to any part of EMS memory. Extended memory can be converted to emulate EMS by useing a memory manager such as EMM386 that ships with Windows and DOS.

Other Memory

This refers to memory located in the 640K to 1024K ad dress space. This memory can be used for different applications. DOS uses this area to load device drivers to keep as much conventional memory free for application programs as possible.

4.6. BIOS FEATURES SETUP

ROM ISA BIOS BIOS FEATURES SETUP AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.

Virus Warning CPU Internal Cache External Cache Boot Sequence Swap Floppy Drive Boot Up Floppy Seek Boot Up NumLock Status Memory Parity Check Gate A20 Option Typematic Rate Setting	:Enabled :Enabled :A,C :Disabled :Enabled :On :Enabled :Fast :Disabled	Video BIOS Shadow :Enabled C8000-CBFFF Shadow :Disabled CC000-CFFFF Shadow :Disabled D0000-D3FFF Shadow :Disabled D4000-D7FFF Shadow :Disabled D8000-DBFFF Shadow :Disabled DC000-DFFFF Shadow :Disabled
Typematic Rate (Chars/sec) Typematic Delay (msec) Security Option	:6 :250 :Setup	ESC: Quit \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ :Select Item F1: Help PU/PD/+/-: Modify F5: Old Values (Shift)F2: Color F6: Load BIOS Defaults F7: Load Setup Defaults





Virus warning

This category flashes on screen. During and after the system boot up, any attempt to write to the boot sector or the partition table of the hard disk drive will halt the system and the following error message will appear. In the meantime, you can run an anti-virus program to locate the problem. Default value is Enabled.

Enabled	Activate automatically when the system boots up causing a warning
	message to appear when anything attemps to access the boot sector
	or hard disk partition table.
Disable	No warning message to appear when anything attemps to access the
	boot sector or hard disk partition table.

• CPU Internal Cache/External Cache

These two categories speed up the memory access. However, it depends on the CPU/Chipset design. Default value is Enabled.

Enabled
sabled

• Boot Sequence

This category determines which drive the computer searches first for the disk operating system (i.e. DOS). Default value is A,C.

	System											
C,A	System	will	first	search	for	hard	disk	drive	then	floppy	disk	drive

• Swap Floppy Drive

Default value is Disabled

Enabled	Floppy	Α	&	В	will	be	swappe	d under	DOS			
Disable	Floppy	Α	&	В	will	be	normal	definition	١.			





• Boot Up Floppy Seek

During POST, the BIOS will determine if the floppy disk drive installed is 40 or 80 tracks. 360K type is 40 tracks while 720K, 1.2M and 1.44M are all 80 tracks. Default value is Enabled

Enabled	BIOS searches for floppy disk drive to determind if it is 40 or 80
	tracks. Note that the BIOS cannot tell from 720k, 1.2M or 1.44M
	drive type as they are all 80 tracks
Disabled	BIOS will not search for the type of floppy disk drive by track
	number. Note that there will not be any warning messages if the
	drive installed is 360K

• Boot Up NumLock Status

Default value is On

On	Keypad	is	number keys
Off	Keypad i	is	arrow keys

• Memory Parity Check

The default value is disabled

• Gate A20 Option

Gate A20 controls the ability to access memory addresses above 1 MB by enabling (Fast) or disabling (Normal) access to the processor. Default value is Fast

• Typematic Rate Setting, Typematic Rate (char/sec), and Typematic Delay.

Typematic Rate Setting enables or disables the following two options. The Typematic Rate (6, 8, 10, 12, 15, 20, 24, or 30 characters per second) and Typematic Rate Delay (250, 500, 750, or 1000 milliseconds) control the speed at which the keystroke is repeated. The selected character is displayed when a key is held down after a delay set by the Typematic Rate Delay. It then repeats at a rate set by the Typematic Rate.





• Security Option

This category allows you to limit access to the system setup, or just setup. Default value is Setup

System	The system will not boot and access to Setup will be denied if the
	correct password is not entered at the prompt
Setup	The system will boot, but access to setup will be denied if the
	password is not entered at the prompt

Video BIOS Shadow

It determines whether Video BIOS will be copied to RAM, however, it is an optional chipset design. Default is Enabled.

4.7 Chipset Features Setup

This screen controls the settings for the board's chip set. The controls for this screen are the same as the previous screen.

The Chipset Features Screen

ROM ISA BIOS CHIPSET SETUP UTILITY AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.

Auto Configuration DRAM Timing	:Enabled :70ns	More Information on these settings
DRAM RAS# Precharge Time DRAM R/W Leadoff Timing DRAM RAS to CAS Delay DRAM Read Burst Timing DRAM Write Burst Timing	e:3 :6 :3 :x2222/x3333 :x2222	can be found at Tyan's web site. http://www.tyan.com
System BIOS Cacheable Video BIOS Cacheable 8 bit I/O Recovery Time 16 bit I/O Recovery Time Memory Hole at 15M/16M Peer Concurrency	:Enabled :Enabled :1 :1 :Disabled :Enabled	ESC :Quit ↑↓→ ← :Select Item F1 :Help PU/PD/+/- :Modify F5 :Old Values (Shift)F2 :Color F6 :Load BIOS Defaults F7 :Load Setup Defaults







ROM ISA BIOS POWER MANAGEMENT SETUP AWARD SOFTWARE, INC

Power Management	:Disabled	IRQ3 (Com2)	:Off
PM Control By APM	:No	IRQ4 (Com1)	:Off
Video Off Method	:Blank Screen	IRQ5 (LPT2)	:Off
		IRQ6 (Floppy Disk)	:Off
Doze Mode	:Disabled	IRQ7 (LPT1)	:Off
Standby Mode	:Disabled	IRQ8 (RTC Timer)	:Off
Suspend Mode	:Disabled	IRQ9 (IRQ2 Redir)	:Off
HDD Power Down	:Disabled	IRQ10 (Reserved)	:Off
		IRQ11 (Reserved)	:Off
IRQ3 (Wake-Up Event)	:Off	IRQ12 (PS/2 Mouse)	:Off
IRQ4 (Wake-Up Event)	:Off	IRQ13 (Coprocessor)	:Off
IRQ8 (Wake-Up Event)	:Off	IRQ14 (Hard Disk)	:Off
IRQ12 (Wake-Up Event)	:Off	IRQ15 (Reserved)	:Off
Power Down Activities			
Com Ports Accessed	:Off		
LPT Ports Accessed	:Off		
Drive Ports Accessed	:Off		
1			

◆ Power Management

Options are disabled, user defined, Min saving, and Max saving.

◆PM Control by APM

Options are "Yes" and "No". When set for "No", system BIOS will ignore APM when power managing the system. If set on "Yes" the system BIOS will wait for APM's prompt before it enters any PM mode, e.g. Doze, Standby or Suspend.

◆Video Off Method

The "Blank Screen" option will let the system BIOS blanks the screen when disabling video. V/H SYNC+Blank will let the BIOS turn off the V-SYNC and H-SYNC signals from the VGA card to the monitor.





◆ Doze Mode

Defines the continous idle time before the system enters Doze mode.

◆Standby Mode

Defines the continous idle time before the system enters Standby mode.

◆Power Down Activities

Defines the the activities that can cause the PM timers to reload. (Breaking out of PM Mode)







ROM ISA BIOS PCI SLOT CONFIGURATION AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.

Resource Controlled Reset Configuration	•	PCI IRQ Activated By: Level PCI IDE IRQ Map To: Auto Primary IDE INT#: A
IRQ3 assigned to IRQ4 assigned to IRQ5 assigned to IRQ7 assigned to IRQ9 assigned to IRQ10 assigned to IRQ11 assigned to	:legacy ISA :legacy ISA :PCI/PnP :legacy ISA :PCI/PnP :PCI/PnP :PCI/PnP	Secondary IDE INT#: B
IRQ12 assigned to IRQ14 assigned to IRQ15 assigned to DMA0 assigned to DMA1 assigned to DMA3 assigned to DMA5 assigned to DMA6 assigned to DMA7 assigned to	:PCI/PnP :PCI/PnP :PCI/PnP	ESC: Quit \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \

• PCI Slot 1/Slot 2/Slot 3/slot 4 INT#

• For Default Setting.

1 of Default Setting.			
	Connect to PCI System INT#		
PCI Slot1 INTA	INTA		
PCI Slot1 INTB	INTB		
PCI Slot1 INTC	INTC		
PCI Slot1 INTD	INTD		
PCI Slot2 INTA	INTB		
PCI Slot2 INTB	INTC		
PCI Slot2 INTC	INTD		
PCI Slot2 INTD	INTA		
PCI Slot3 INTA	INTC		
PCI Slot3 INTB	INTD		
PCI Slot3 INTC	INTA		
PCI Slot3 INTD	INTB		
PCI Slot4 INTA	INTD		
PCI Slot4 INTB	INTA		
PCI Slot4 INTC	INTB		
PCI Slot4 INTD	INTC		





• Resources Controlled By

The Award Plug and Play BIOS can automatically configure all the boot and Plug and Play compatible devices. If you seelect Auto, all the interrupt request and DMA assignment fields disappear, as the BIOS automatically assigns them.

◆IRQ n assigned to

When resources are controlled manually, assign each system interrupt as one of the following types, depending on the type of device using the interrupt.

Legacy ISA

Devices compliant with the original PC AT bus specification.

PCI/ISA PnP

Devices compliant with the Plug and Play standard, whether designed for the PCI or ISA bus architecture.

◆PCI IRQ Activated By:

Select the PCI IRQ Active scheme either LEVEL or EDGE. *Default value is LEVEL.*

•PCI IDE IRQ Map To:

Select the IDE IRQ Map to ISA IRQ#.

◆Primary IDE INT#

Select the PCI INT# that the Primary IDE controller will use. *Default value is A.*

Secondary IDE INT#

Select the PCI INT# that the Secondary IDE controller will use. *Default value is B*





4.9 Integrated Peripherals

C	d Peripherals	
Tiward 50	ntware, me.	
IDE HDD Block Mode	:Enabled	
IDE Primary Master PIO	:Auto	
IDE Primary Slave PIO	:Auto	
IDE Secondary Master PIO	:Auto	
IDE Secondary Slave PIO	:Auto	
On-Chip Primary PCI-IDE	:Enable	
On-Chip Secondary PCI-IDE	:Enable	
PCI Slot IDE 2nd Channel	:Enable	
On-Board FDC Controller	:Enable	
On-Board Serial Port 1	:Com1/3F8	
On-Board Serial Port 2	:Com2/2F8	
On-Board Parallel Port	:378/IRQ7	
Parallel Port Mode	:Normal	

The Settings in the Integrated Peripherals lets the user enable or disable on-board device. You can also configure the I/O and IRQ settings of the on-board serial and parallel ports.







ROM ISA BIOS CMOS SETUP UTILITY AWARD SOFTWARE INC.

STANDAR	D CMOS SETUP	PASSWORD S	SETTING
BIOS FEATURES SETUP		IDE HDD AUTO DETECTION	
CHIPSET F	Load Setup Defa	nults (Y/N)? N	SETUP
PCI SLOT		(=/= // = /	T SAVING
LOAD SET	UP DEFAULTS		
ESC : Save & Exit S F10 : Quit	Setup		:Select Item :Change Color
Load SETUP Defaults except standard CMOS SETUP			

• Load SETUP defaults

To load SETUP default values to CMOS SRAM, enter "Y". If not, enter "N" $\,$

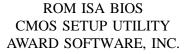
◆ If any problem has occurred, loading the SETUP DEFAULTS is recommended.

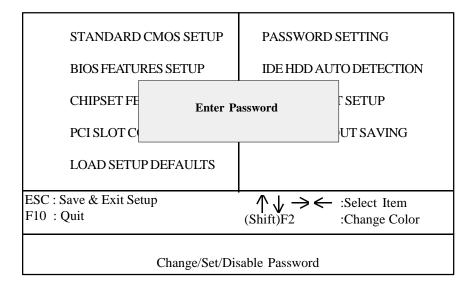
4.10. PASSWORD SETTING

When you select this function, the following message will appear at the center of the screen to assist you in creating a password.

ENTER PASSWORD







Type the password, up to eight characters, and press <Enter>. The password typed now will clear the previously entered password from CMOS memory. You will be asked to confirm the password. Type the password again and press <Enter>. You may also just press <Esc> to abort the selection and not enter a password.

To disable the password, just press <Enter> when you are prompted to enter a password. A message will confirm that the password has been disabled, the system will boot and you can enter Setup freely.

PASSWORD DISABLED

If you select System at Security Option of BIOS Features Setup Menu, you will be prompted for the password every time the system is rebooted or any time you try to enter setup. If you select Setup at Security Option of BIOS Features Setup Menu, you will be prompted only when you try to enter setup.





4.11. IDE HDD AUTO DETECTION

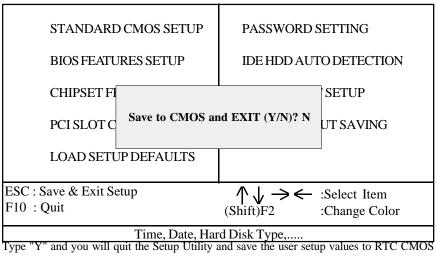
ROM ISA BIOS CMOS SETUP UTILITY AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.

CYLS. HEAD PRECOMP LANZONE SECTORS Drive C: (202 Mb)35 989 12 65535 989 Do you want to accept this as drive C (Y/N)? Esc:Skip

Type "Y" to accept the H.D.D parameter reported by BIOS. Type "N" to keep the old H.D.D parameter info.

4.12. SAVE & EXIT SETUP

ROM ISA BIOS CMOS SETUP UTILITY AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.



SRAM. Type "N" to return to Setup Utility.



5.0 Flash Writer Utility

You can upgrade the BIOS of your mainboard by using a "Flash Memory Writer" (FMW) utility. This utility can be downloaded from the factory's BBS (Consult your system vendor for the phone #). The system BIOS is stored on a 'flash' EPROM ROM chip on the mainboard which can be erased and reprogrammed by the FMW. The following three files make up the FMW.

AWDFLASH.EXE -The Flash Memory Writer utility for

Award to Award upgrade.

AMIFLASH.COM -The Flash Memory Writer utility for

AMI to AMI upgrade.

README -A text file of instructions

*S69AWXX.BIN -XX-A 2-digit version number.

Flash memory writer records (or 'programs') a new BIOS onto the flash memory chip. You cannot upgrade an Award BIOS to a AMI BIOS or a AMI BIOS to an Award BIOS.

*This file name is subject to change and can have either a "bin" or a "rom" extention.

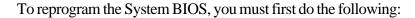
Note

You should ALWAYS clear your CMOS after flashing a BIOS. This will clear out any stray settings from your old BIOS which may have been carried over from the flashing process. Most problems encounterd after flashing a BIOS will be solved by this simple procedure.









1. Check jumper J54.(Default pins 1-2)

The S1469 uses a 5V Flash EPROM so jumper J54 should be left in the default postion on pins 1 and 2. This jumper should never be moved.

2. Make sure the CPU is running in 'real mode'.

FMW will not run if the CPU is operating in a protected or virtual mode. This means that you can not run it with Windows running or with any memory manager software. You must disable any memory manager first. The easiest way to do this is to:

- a. Boot your system from a bootable floppy disk with no CONFIG.SYS or AUTOEXEC.BAT files, and then run Flash Memory Writer from a backup copy of your support disk. You can make your back-up floppy bootable when you format it, and use one disk for both purposes.
- b. If you are using MS-DOS 6.x, you can use the feature that allows you to bypass the CONFIG.SYS and AUTOEXEC.BAT file. You do this while pressing <F5> while the "Starting MS-DOS..." line is on the screen.

There are other ways to accomplish the same result. The main point is to make sure no memory managers are running. If you are not sure, try running FMW. If it runs, then you have succeeded. If it displays a warning message about the CPU mode, you will have to try again.





Once you have satisfied the two requirements mentioned above, you can run FMW. You can copy the contents of the "Flash" directory to your hard drive, or you can run the utility from a backup of the support floppy disk. Make sure the new BIOS file is in the same directory as the FMW utility.

To run FMW, change to the "Flash" directory if you are not already in it. Type "Awdflash" at the DOS command line and press the <Enter> key. The following screen will appear.

5.1 The Flash Memory Writer Utility Screen (Award)

FLASH MEMORY WRITER V3.0 Copyright (C) 1993, AWARD Software Inc.,			
For FX/E	IX-2A59CT51	Date:4/13/95	
File Name to Program:			
Error Message:			

Type in the whole file name, e.g. A61AW10.BIN and confirm that you want to program the BIOS. The utility will then 'Blank', 'Erase', and then 'Program' the flash memory on the mainboard with the new BIOS file. You should choose "yes" to save the original system BIOS to a floppy diskette before you program the new BIOS. This leaves you with a backup of your original BIOS in case you need to reinstall it. This option is highly recommended. If you can not successfully program the BIOS file for whatever reason, re-install you original BIOS from the backup file. Always reset the CMOS with jumper J43 after flashing to a new BIOS.

Warning: If you do not successfully install a complete BIOS file in the flash memory on the Mainboard, your system may not be able to boot. If this happens, it will require service by your system vendor. Follow the requirements and instructions in this section precisely to aviod inconvenience.









6.0 System Resource

6.1. TIMER & DMA CHANNEL MAP

TIMER MAP: TIMER Channel-0 system timer interrupt

TIMER Channel-1 DRAM REFRESH request TIMER Channel-2 SPEAKER tone generator

DMA CHANNELS: DMA Channel-0 Available

DMA Channel-1 Available

DMA Channel-2 FLOPPY DISK adapter

DMA Channel-3 Available

DMA Channel-4 Cascade for DMA controller 1

DMA Channel-5 Available DMA Channel-6 Available DMA Channel-7 Available

6.2 INTERRUPT MAP

NMI: Parity check error

IRQ (H/W) 0 System TIMER interrupt from TIMER-0

1 KEYBOARD output buffer full

2 Cascade for IRQ 9-15

3 SERIAL port 2

4 SERIAL port 1

5 PARALLEL port 2

6 FLOPPY DISK adapter

7 PARALLEL port 1

8 RTC clock

9 Available

10 Available

11 Available

12 PS/2 Mouse

13 MATH co-processor

14 Primary IDE

15 Secondary IDE

