Preface

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Version 3.2a

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Federal Communications Commission (FCC)

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.

- Increase the separation between the equipment and the receiver.
- Connect the equipment onto an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

Shielded interconnect cables and a shielded AC power cable must be employed with this equipment to ensure compliance with the pertinent RF emission limits governing this device. Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the system's manufacturer could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

Declaration of Conformity

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC rules. Operation is subject to the following conditions:

This device may not cause harmful interference, and

This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Canadian Department of Communications

This class B digital apparatus meets all requirements of the Canadian Interferencecausing Equipment Regulations.

Cet appareil numérique de la classe B respecte toutes les exigences du Réglement sur le matériel brouilieur du Canada.

About the Manual

The manual consists of the following:

| Chapter 1 Introducing the Mainboard | Describes features of the mainboard, and provides a shipping checklist. Go to \implies page 1 |
|--|---|
| Chapter 2 | Describes installation of mainboard components. |
| Installing the Mainboard | Go to \implies page 7 |
| Chapter 3 | Provides information on using the BIOS Setup Utility. |
| Using BIOS | Go to \implies page 27 |
| Chapter 4 | Describes the mainboard software. |
| Using the Mainboard Software | Go to \implies page 49 |

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Chapter 1 Introducing the Mainboard

Introduction

Thank you purchasing the L4S5A/DX+ mainboard. This mainboard has an ATX form factor that uses a 4-layer printed circuit board and measures 305 mm x 244 mm. The mainboard features an mPGA Socket 478 that accommodates Pentium 4 processors supporting system speeds up to 400/533 MHz.

The L4S5A/DX+ incorporates the **SiS645/DX** Northbridge and **SiS962** Southbridge chipsets and supports high-speed Double Data Rate (DDR) memory, providing maximum performance for memory-intensive applications.

This mainboard is equipped with five PCI, one CNR, and one 4X AGP connector for high-end 3D Graphics Adapters. It supports also six USB Ports, H/W Monitor, Integrated VGA and AC'97 audio codec.

Designed for the latest Socket 478-pin Pentium 4 processors, this mainboard offers the ideal platform for building powerful and professional desktop platform solution.

Note: SDRAM provides 800 MBps or 1 GBps data transfer depending on whether the bus is 100 MHz or 133 MHz. Double Data Rate SDRAM (DDR SDRAM) doubles the rate to 1.6 GBps or 2.7 GBps by transferring data on both the rising and falling edges of the clock. DDR SDRAM uses additional power and ground lines and requires 184-pin DIMM modules rather than the 168-pin DIMMs used by SDRAM.

Checklist

Compare the mainboard's package contents with the following checklist:

Standard Items

- One mainboard
- One diskette drive ribbon cable
- One IDE drive ribbon cable
- One auto-install software support CD
- One I/O panel
- One cooling fan retention module
- One 1394A bracket (optional)
- This user's manual

| Features | | |
|-----------------------|--|--|
| Processor | The L4S5A/DX+ mainboard uses a micro PGA 478-pin socket that has the following features: Supports 400/533 MHz system bus Accommodates Pentium 4 processors | |
| Chipset | The SiS645/DX and SiS962 chipsets are based on an innovative and scalable architecture with proven reliability and performance. A few of the chipset's advanced features are: A low 2.5-volt DDR SDRAM power consumption which makes it an excellent solution for notebooks and desktops with a small footprint Support for a 4xAGP interface providing vivid 3D graphics and video performance An ATA 133 interface on the chipset, which helps boost system performance by providing a high-speed connection to ATA 133 Hard Disk Drives, delivering maximum sustained data transfer rates of 100 MB/sec Built-in multithreaded I/O link used to enhance performance, providing enough I/O bandwidth for throughput up to 1.2 GB/s Additional key features include support for six USB ports, an AC 97 link for audio and modern, hardware monitoring, and ACPI/OnNow power management. | |
| Memory | The mainboard supports DDR up to 266/333 MHz SDRAM. It accommodates three unbuffered 2.5V 184-pin slots. Each slot supports up to 1 GB with a total maximum capacity of 3 GB. | |
| VGA | The L4S5A/DX+ includes a 4xAGP slot that provides four times the bandwidth of the original AGP specification. AGP technology provides a direct connection between the graphics sub-system and the processor so that the graphics do not have to compete for processor time with other devices on the PCI bus. | |
| AC' 97 Audio Codec | The AC' 97 Audio codec is compliant with the AC' 97 2.2 specification, and supports 18-bit ADC (Analog Digital Converter) and DAC (Digital Analog Converter) resolution as well as 18-bit stereo full-duplex codec with independent and variable sampling rates. Further features include support for four analog line-level stereo inputs. | |
| Expansion Options | The mainboard comes with the following expansion options: Five 32-bit PCI slots (PCI 5 and onboard RAID share) One 4xAGP slot A Communications Network Riser (CNR) slot (AC97 interface only) Two IDE connectors which support four IDE channels and a floppy disk drive interface IDE RAID 1, 0 supported by Promise PDC20265R controller (optional) RAID 0 and RAID 1 does not co-exist The L4S5A/DX+ supports Ultra DMA bus mastering with transfer rates of 33/66/100/133 MB/sec. | |

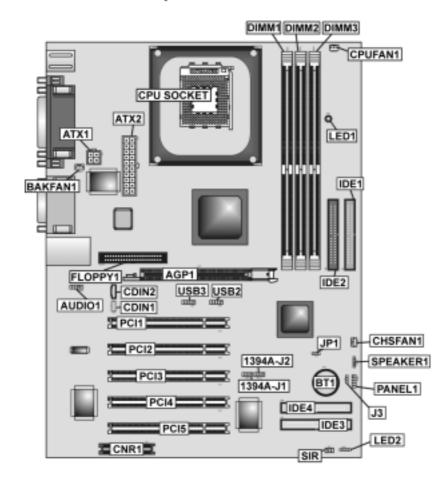
| Onboard LAN (optional) | The Realtek RTL8100B is incorporated in the chipset providing the mainboard with integrated Ethernet PCI LAN capabilities. |
|---|--|
| Promise 20265 (optional) | Supports Ultra ATA/100 drives and backward compatible with Ultra ATA/66/33 & EIDE drives (identical drives recommended) Supports IDE RAID 1 or 0 Supports UDMA 5/4/3/2/1/0, DMA 2/1/0, PIO 4/3/2/1/0 modes Two independent IDE channels support up to four UDMA/100/66/33 or EIDE drives |
| IEEE 1394 Con- troller Interface (optional) | Fully supports provisions of IEEE 1394-1995 and P1394A for high performance serial bus Provides three fully compliant cable ports at 100/200/400 Mbits and operates in one, two or three port mode Single 24.576 MHZ crystal provide transmit/receive data at 100/200/400 Mbits/s and LLC clock at 49.152 M Separate cable bias (TPBIAS) and driver termination voltage supply for each port Support power-down feature to conserve energy in battery powered applications |
| 10/100 LAN | The VT6103 is a Physical Layer device for Ethernet 10BASE-T and 100BASE-TX using category 5 Unshielded, Type 1 Shielded, and Fiber Optic cables. Dual Speed – 100/10 Mbps Half And Full Duplex Meet All Applicable IEEE 802.3, 10Base-T and 100Base-Tx Standards Adaptive Equalizer |
| Integrated I/O | The mainboard has a full set of I/O ports and connectors: Two PS/2 ports for mouse and keyboard Two serial port One parallel port One MIDI/game port Two USB ports One LAN port Audio jacks for microphone, line-in and line-out |
| BIOS Firmware | This mainboard uses Award BIOS that enables users to con- figure many system features including the following: |
| | Power management Wake-up alarms CPU parameters CPU and memory timing The firmware can also be used to set parameters for different processor clock speeds. |

Choosing a Computer Case

There are many types of computer cases on the market. The mainboard complies with the specifications for the ATX system case. Some features on the mainboard are implemented by cabling connectors on the mainboard to indicators and switches on the system case. Ensure that your case supports all the features required. The mainboard can support one or two floppy diskette drives and four enhanced IDE drives. Ensure that your case has sufficient power and space for all the drives that you intend to install.

Most cases have a choice of I/O templates in the rear panel. Make sure that the I/O template in the case matches the I/O ports installed on the rear edge of the mainboard.

This mainboard has an ATX form factor of 305 x 244 mm. Choose a case that accommodates this form factor.



Mainboard Components

| Label | Component | |
|-------------------------------------|--|--|
| AGP1 | Accelerated Graphics Port | |
| ATX1 | Auxiliary power connector for Pentium 4 CPUs | |
| ATX2 | Power connector | |
| AUDIO1 | Front audio connector | |
| BAKFAN1 | Case fan connector 2 | |
| BT1 | Three volt realtime clock battery | |
| CDIN1 | Primary CD-in connector | |
| CDIN2 | Secondary CD-in connector | |
| CHSFAN1 | Case fan connector 1 | |
| CNR1 | Communications Networking Riser slot | |
| CPU SOCKET | Micro PGA 478-pin socket for Pentium 4 CPUs | |
| CPUFAN1 | Cooling fan for CPU | |
| DIMM1~ DIMM3 | | |
| FLOPPY1 | Floppy disk drive connector | |
| IDE1 | Primary IDE channel | |
| IDE2 | Secondary IDE channel | |
| IDE3 | Third IDE channel for ATA 100 (RAID) | |
| IDE4 | Fourth IDE channel for ATA 100 (RAID) | |
| J3 | Single-color LED header | |
| JP1 | Clear CMOS jumper | |
| LED1 ¹ Memory module LED | | |
| LED2 | IDE3/IDE4 array controller active LED | |
| PANEL1 | Connector for case front panel switches and LED indicators | |
| PCI1 ~ PCI5 | II ~ PCI5 Five 32-bit add-on card slots | |
| SIR | Serial Infrared header | |
| SPEAKER1 | Speaker connector | |
| USB2 | Connector for front panel USB ports | |
| USB3 | Connector for front panel USB ports | |

This concludes Chapter 1. The next chapter explains how to install the mainboard.

¹ The red indicator LED1 turns on if your system is still powered, at which time memory modules cannot be installed or uninstalled.

Chapter 2 Installing the Mainboard

Safety Precautions

Follow these safety precautions when installing the mainboard:

- Wear a grounding strap attached to a grounded device to avoid damage from static electricity.
- Discharge static electricity by touching the metal case of a safely grounded object before working on the mainboard.
- Leave components in the static-proof bags they came in.
- Hold all circuit boards by the edges. Do not bend circuit boards.

Quick Guide

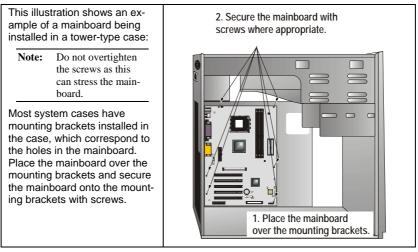
This Quick Guide suggests the steps you can take to assemble your system with the mainboards.

The following table provides a reference for installing specific components:

| Locating Mainboard Components | Go to page 5 |
|-------------------------------------|---------------|
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| Setting Jumpers | Go to page 8 |
| Installing Case Components | Go to page 10 |
| Installing the CPU | Go to page 13 |
| Installing Memory | Go to page 14 |
| Installing an HDD and CD-ROM Drive | Go to page 17 |
| Installing an FDD | Go to page 19 |
| Installing Add-on Cards | Go to page 19 |
| Connecting Options | Go to page 21 |
| Connecting Peripheral (I/O) Devices | Go to page 25 |

Installing the Mainboard in a Case

Refer to the following illustration and instructions for installing the mainboard in a case:



Ensure that your case has an I/O template that supports the I/O ports and expansion slots on your mainboard.

Checking Jumper Settings

This section explains how to set jumpers for correct configuration of the mainboard.

Setting Jumpers

Use the mainboard jumpers to set system configuration options. Jumpers with more than one pin are numbered. When setting the jumpers, ensure that the jumper caps are placed on the correct pins.

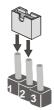
The illustrations below show a 2-pin jumper. When the jumper cap is placed on both pins, the jumper is SHORT. If you remove the jumper cap, or place the jumper cap on just one pin, the jumper is OPEN.

Short



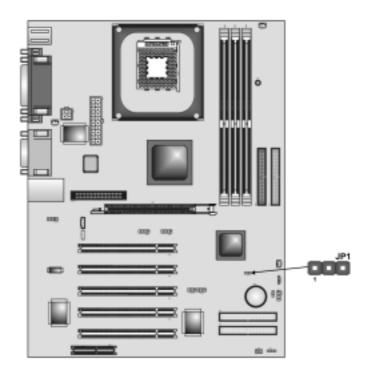
Open

This illustration shows a 3-pin jumper. Pins 1 and 2 are SHORT.



Checking Jumper Settings

The following illustration shows the location of the mainboard jumpers. Pin 1 is labeled.



Jumper Settings

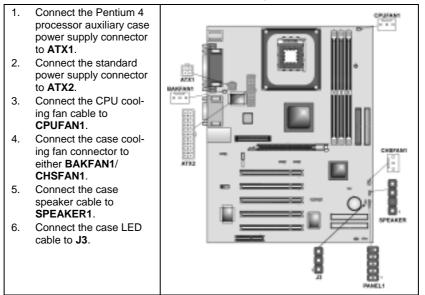
| Jumper | Туре | Description | Setting (default |) |
|--------|-------|-------------|--|-----------------|
| JP1 | 3-pin | Clear CMOS | 1-2: Normal 2-3: <i>Clear CM</i> OS | JP1 1 |

Jumper 1 – Enables you to clear the BIOS. Follow these instructions:

- 1. Turn the system off.
- 2. Short pins 1 and 2 on jumper 1.
- 3. Return the jumper to the normal setting.
- 4. Turn the system on. The BIOS is returned to the default settings.

Connecting Case Components

After you have installed the mainboard into a case, you can begin connecting the mainboard components. Refer to the following:



ATX1: ATX 12V Power Connector

| Pin | Signal Name |
|-----|-------------|
| 1 | +12V |
| 2 | +12V |
| 3 | Ground |
| 4 | Ground |

ATX2: ATX 20-pin Power Connector

| Pin | Signal Name | Pin | Signal Name |
|-----|-------------|-----|-------------|
| 1 | +3.3V | 11 | +3.3V |
| 2 | +3.3V | 12 | -12V |
| 3 | Ground | 13 | Ground |
| 4 | +5V | 14 | PS ON# |
| 5 | Ground | 15 | Ground |
| 6 | +5V | 16 | Ground |
| 7 | Ground | 17 | Ground |
| 8 | PWRGD | 18 | +5V |
| 9 | +5VSB | 19 | +5V |
| 10 | +12V | 20 | +5V |

CPUFAN1/BAKFAN1/CHSFAN1: FAN Power Connectors

| Pin | Signal Name | Function |
|-----|-------------|---------------|
| 1 | GND | System Ground |
| 2 | +12V | Power +12V |
| 3 | Sense | Sensor |

J3: Single color LED header

| Pin | Signal Name | Function |
|-----|-------------|-------------------|
| 1 | ACPI LED | MSG LED (-) green |
| 2 | ACPI LED | MSG LED (-) green |
| 3 | SB5V | Power LED (+) |

ACPI LED function:

| <u>J3</u> | S0 | S1 | S 3 | S4/S5 |
|-----------|-------|----------|------------|-------|
| 10 | Light | Blinking | Blinking | Dark |

SPEAKER1: Internal speaker

| Pin | Signal Name |
|-----|-------------|
| 1 | Signal |
| 2 | Key |
| 3 | Ground |
| 4 | VCC |

Front Panel Connector

The front panel connector (PANEL1) provides a standard set of switch and LED connectors commonly found on ATX or micro-ATX cases. Refer to the table below for information:

PANEL1

| 10 | 9 | Pin | Signal Name | Function |
|-----|---|-----|-------------|--|
| | | 1 | HD_LED_P | Hard disk LED pull up (330 ohm) to +5V |
| | | 2 | FP PWR/SLP | MSG LED pull up (330 ohm) to +5V |
| | | 3 | HD_LED_N | Hard disk active LED |
| | | 4 | GND | Ground |
| | | 5 | RST_SW_N | Reset Switch low reference pull down (100 ohm) to GND |
| | | 6 | PWR_SW_P | Power Switch high reference pull up (10000 ohm) to +5V |
| > - | | 7 | RST_SW_P | Reset Switch high reference pull up (1000 ohm) to +5V |
| | | 8 | PWR_SW_N | Power Switch high reference pull down (100 ohm) to GND |
| 2 | 1 | 9 | RSVD | Reserved (do not use) |
| | | 10 | NC | No pin |

Hard Drive Activity LED

Connecting pins 1 and 3 to a front panel mounted LED provides visual indication that data is being read from or written to the hard drive. For the LED to function properly, an IDE drive should be connected to the onboard IDE interface. The LED will also show activity for devices connected to the SCSI (hard drive activity LED) connector.

Power / Sleep / Message Waiting LED

Connecting pins 2 and 4 to a single- or dual-color, front panel mounted LED provides power on/off, sleep, and message waiting indication.

Reset Switch

Supporting the reset function requires connecting pins 5 and 7 to a momentary-contact switch that is normally open. When the switch is closed, the board resets and runs POST.

Power Switch

Supporting the power on/off function requires connecting pins 6 and 8 to a momentary-contact switch that is normally open. The switch should maintain contact for at least 50 ms to signal the power supply to switch on or off. The time requirement is due to internal debounce circuitry. After receiving a power on/off signal, at least two seconds elapses before the power supply recog-

nizes another on/off signal.

Installing Hardware

Installing the Processor

Caution: When installing a CPU heatsink and cooling fan make sure that you DO NOT scratch the mainboard or any of the surface-mount resistors with the clip of the cooling fan. If the clip of the cooling fan scrapes across the mainboard, you may cause serious damage to the mainboard or its components.

On most mainboards, there are small surface-mount resistors near the processor socket, which may be damaged if the cooling fan is carelessly installed.

Avoid using cooling fans with sharp edges on the fan casing and the clips. Also, install the cooling fan in a well-lit work area so that you can clearly see the mainboard and processor socket.

Before installing the Processor

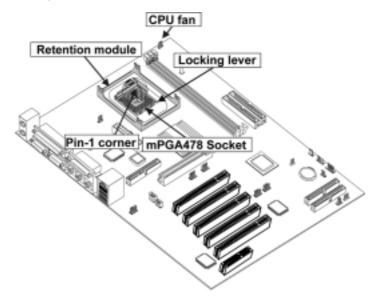
This mainboard automatically determines the CPU clock frequency and system bus frequency for the processor. You may be able to change these settings by making changes to jumpers on the mainboard, or changing the settings in the system Setup Utility. We strongly recommend that you do not overclock processors or other components to run faster than their rated speed.

Warning: Overclocking components can adversely affect the reliability of the system and introduce errors into your system. Overclocking can permanently damage the mainboard by generating excess heat in components that are run beyond the rated limits.

This mainboard has a Socket 478 processor socket. When choosing a processor, consider the performance requirements of the system. Performance is based on the processor design, the clock speed and system bus frequency of the processor, and the quantity of internal cache memory and external cache memory.

CPU Installation Procedure

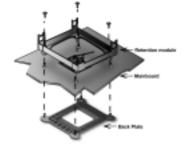
The following illustration shows CPU installation components:



Note: The pin-1 corner is marked with an arrow **▼**

Follow these instructions to install the Retention Module and CPU:

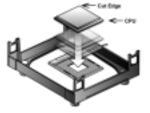
- 1. Remove the existing retention module (if applicable).
- 2. Position the back plate against the underside of the motherboard, secure the retention module on the topside with the 4 screws.



3. Install your CPU. Pull up the lever away from the socket and lift up to 90degree angle.



 Locate the CPU cut edge (the corner with the pinhole noticeably missing). Align and insert the CPU correctly.



- 5. Press the lever down.
- 6. Apply thermal grease on top of the CPU.
- Put the CPU Fan down on the retention module and snap the four retention legs of the cooling fan into place.



- 8. Flip the levers over to lock the heat sink in place.
- 9. Connect the CPU Cooling Fan power cable to the CPUFAN1 connector. This completes the installation.



Note: CPU fan and heatsink installation procedures may vary with the type of CPU fan/heatsink supplied. The form and size of fan/heatsink may also vary.

Installing Memory Modules

This mainboard accommodates three 184-pin 2.5V unbuffered Double Data Rate (DDR) SDRAM memory modules. The memory chips must be standard or registered SDRAM (Synchronous Dynamic Random Access Memory). The memory bus can run up to 166 MHz.

When you installed DDR333 memory modules, the memory bus can run up to 166 MHz. If you have DDR266, this can operate over a 133 MHz. For DDR200, it can only run up to 100 MHz.

The mainboard accommodates three memory modules. You must install at least one module in any of the three slots. Each module can be installed with 32 MB to 1 GB of memory; total memory capacity is 3 GB.



Do not remove any memory module from its antistatic packaging until you are ready to install it on the mainboard. Handle the modules only by their edges. Do not touch the components or metal parts. Always wear a grounding strap when you handle the modules.

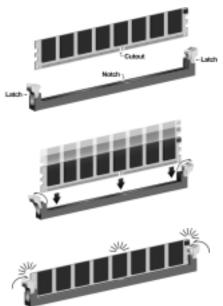
Installation Procedure

Refer to the following to install the memory modules.

1. This mainboard supports unbuffered DDR SDRAM only. Do not attempt to insert any other type of DDR SDRAM into the slots.



- 2. Push the latches on each side of the DIMM slot down.
- 3. Align the memory module with the slot. The DIMM slots are keyed with notches and the DIMMs are keyed with cutouts so that they can only be installed correctly.
- Check that the cutouts on the DIMM module edge connector match the notches in the DIMM slot.
- Install the DIMM module into the slot and press it firmly down until it seats correctly. The slot latches are levered upwards and latch on to the edges of the DIMM.



6. Install any remaining DIMM modules.

Installing a Hard Disk Drive/CD-ROM

This section describes how to install IDE devices such as a hard disk drive and a CD-ROM drive.

About IDE1 and IDE2 Devices

Your mainboard has a primary and secondary IDE channel interface (IDE1 and IDE2). An IDE ribbon cable supporting two IDE devices is bundled with the mainboard.

If you want to install more than two IDE devices, get a second IDE cable and you can add two more devices to the secondary IDE channel.

IDE devices have jumpers or switches that are used to set the IDE device as MASTER or SLAVE. Refer to the IDE device user's manual. When installing two IDE devices on one cable, ensure that one device is set to MASTER and the other device is set to SLAVE. The documentation of your IDE device explains how to do this.

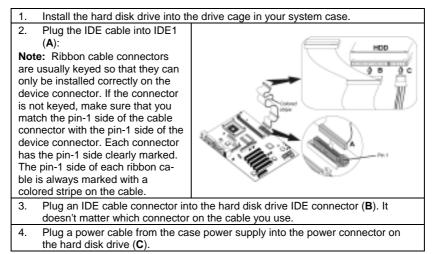
About IDE3 and IDE4 Devices (optional)

The third and fourth IDE channels are provided for IDE RAID function. These channels are booted by hard disk drive only. Other device such as CD-ROM and ZIP does not support this function. For installing devices on IDE3 and IDE4, follow the same procedures for IDE1 and IDE2 "Installing a Hard Disk Drive".

About UltraDMA

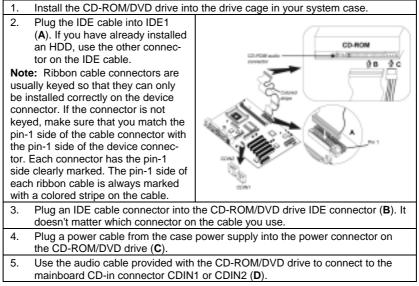
This mainboard supports UltraDMA 66/100/133. UDMA is a technology that accelerates the performance of devices in the IDE channel. To maximize performance, install IDE devices that support UDMA and use 80-pin IDE cables that support UDMA 66/100/133.

Installing a Hard Disk Drive



When you first start up your system, the BIOS should automatically detect your hard disk drive. If it doesn't, enter the Setup Utility and use the IDE Hard Disk Auto Detect feature to configure the hard disk drive that you have installed. See IDE HDD Auto-Detection on page 31 for more information.

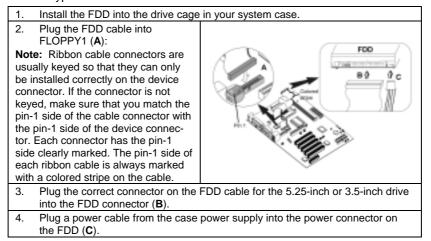
Installing a CD-ROM/DVD Drive



When you first start up your system, the BIOS should automatically detect your CD-ROM/DVD drive. If it doesn't, enter the Setup Utility and configure the CD-ROM/DVD drive that you have installed. See IDE Primary/Secondary Master/Slave (Auto) on page 31 for more information.

Installing a Floppy Diskette Drive

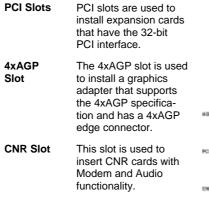
The mainboard has a floppy diskette drive (FDD) interface and ships with a diskette drive ribbon cable that supports one or two floppy diskette drives. You can install a 5.25-inch drive and a 3.5-inch drive with various capacities. The floppy diskette drive cable has one type of connector for a 5.25-inch drive and another type of connector for a 3.5-inch drive.

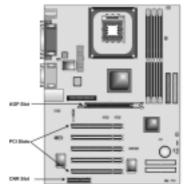


When you first start up your system, go immediately to the Setup Utility to configure the floppy diskette drives that you have installed. See Standard CMOS Features on page 30 for more information.

Installing Add-on Cards

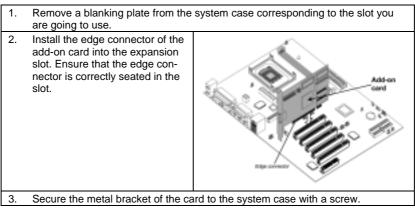
This mainboard has six 32-bit PCI (Peripheral Components Interconnect) expansion slots, one 4xAGP slot, and one Communications and Networking Riser (CNR) slot.

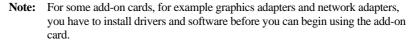




Note: Before installing an add-on card, check the documentation for the card carefully. If the card is not Plug and Play, you may have to manually configure the card before installation.

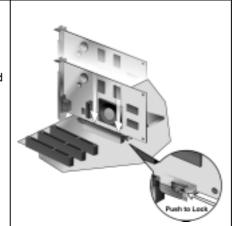
Follow these instructions to install an add-on card:





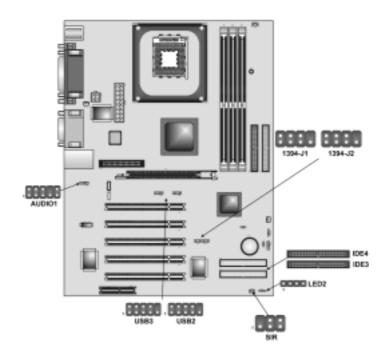
How to use the AGP slot:

- 1. To install the graphics card, slide the AGP lock to the right to unfasten it.
- 2. Insert the graphics card and make sure it sits firmly in the slot.
- 3. Push the AGP lock to the left to secure it.
- 4. To remove the graphics card, unlock it first before pulling out the graphics card.



Connecting Optional Devices

Refer to the following for information on connecting the mainboard's optional devices:



AUDIO1: Front Panel Audio header

This header allows the user to install auxiliary front-oriented microphone and line-out ports for easier access.

| Pin | Signal Name | Function |
|-----|--------------|---|
| 1 | AUD_MIC | Front Panel Microphone input signal |
| 2 | AUD_GND | Ground used by Analog Audio Circuits |
| 3 | AUD_MIC_BIAS | Microphone Power |
| 4 | AUD_VCC | Filtered +5 V used by Analog Audio Circuits |
| 5 | AUD_FPOUT_R | Right Channel Audio signal to Front Panel |
| 6 | AUD_RET_R | Right Channel Audio signal to Return from Front Panel |
| 7 | HP_ON | Reserved for future use to control Head- phone Amplifier |
| 8 | KEY | No Pin |
| 9 | AUD_FPOUT_L | Left Channel Audio signal to Front Panel |
| 10 | AUD_RET_L | Left Channel Audio signal Return from Front Panel |

USB2/USB3: Front panel USB connectors

The mainboard has two USB ports installed on the rear edge I/O port array. Additionally, some computer cases have USB ports at the front of the case. If you have this kind of case, use auxiliary USB connectors USB2 and USB3 to connect the front-mounted ports to the mainboard.

| FP_USBPWR0 _FP_USBPWR0 FP_P0- FP_P1- | Front Panel USB Power Front Panel USB Power USB Port 0 Negative Signal USB Port 1 Negative Signal |
|---|--|
| FP_P0- | USB Port 0 Negative Signal |
| - | <u> </u> |
| FP P1- | USB Port 1 Negative Signal |
| · · _· · | 5 - 5 - |
| FP_P0+ | USB Port 0 Positive Signal |
| FP_P1+ | USB Port 1 Positive Signal |
| | Ground |
| | Ground |
| | No pin |
| | Overcurrent signal |
| | FP OC0 |

Note: Please make sure that the USB cable has the same pin assignment as indicated above. A different pin assignment may cause damage or system hang-up.

SIR: Serial infrared port

The mainboard supports a Serial Infrared (SIR) data port. Infrared ports allow the wireless exchange of information between your computer and similarly equipped devices such as printers, laptops, Personal Digital Assistants (PDAs), and other computers.

| Pin | Signal Name | Function |
|-----|--------------|--------------------|
| 1 | Not assigned | Not assigned |
| 2 | KEY | No pin |
| 3 | +5V | IR Power |
| 4 | GND | Ground |
| 5 | IRTX | IrDA serial output |
| 6 | IRRX | IrDA serial input |

1394A-J1/1394A-J2: IEEE 1394A header

Use this header to connect to any IEEE 1394A interface.

| Pin | Signal Name | Pin | Signal Name |
|-----|-------------|-----|-------------|
| 1 | Cable-power | 5 | TPA- |
| 2 | GND | 6 | TPA+ |
| 3 | TPB- | 7 | Chassis GND |
| 4 | TPB+ | 8 | NC |

LED2: IDE3/IDE4 array controller active LED

This connector is used to show the activity of the IDE3/IDE4 HDD. The IDE LED is located on pins 1-4 of LED2. You can attach the hard drive LED cable to pins 1-2.

| Pin | Signal Name |
|-----|-------------|
| 1 | +5V |
| 2 | IDE active |
| 3 | IDE active |
| 4 | +5V |

IDE3/IDE4: Third/Fourth IDE connector (optional)

These connectors are for Promise PDC20265R controller only. Connect one cable to each of the IDE connectors of the mainboard (IDE3 & IDE4 connector). Please note the color orientation of the cable before attaching it to the mainboard. If you wish to use the IDE array controller, please refer to the optional "Promise Raid" user's manual.

Promise PDC20265R supports striping (RAID 0) or mirroring (RAID 1), separately.

With striping, identical drives can read and write data in parallel to increase performance. Mirroring increases read performance through load balancing and elevator sorting while creating a complete backup of your files.

It offers RAID 1 mirroring (for two drives) to protect data. Should a drive that is part of a mirrored array fail, Promise PDC20265R uses the mirrored drive (which contains identical data) to assume all data handling. When a new replacement drive is later installed, Promise PDC20265R rebuilds data to the new drive from the mirrored drive to restore fault tolerance.

RAID 0 (Striping)

Configures multiple drives so that sectors of data are interleaved within an array. When a disk member fails, it affects the entire array. Performance is better than a single drive since the workload is balanced between array members. This array mode is designed for high performance systems. Identical drives are recommended for performance as well as data storage efficiency. The disk array data capacity is equal to the number of drive members times the smallest member capacity.

RAID 1 (Mirroring)

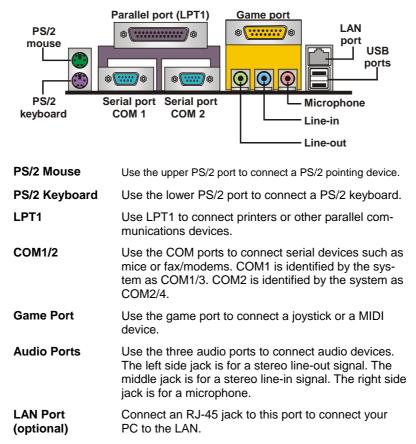
Configures an array of 2 drives to write duplicate data and read in parallel. It performs reads using advanced data handling techniques that distribute the workload in a more efficient manner than using a single drive. When a read request is made, it selects the drive positioned closest to the requested data, and then looks to the idle drive to perform the next read access.

Promise PDC20265R striped arrays can double the sustained data transfer rate of Ultra ATA/100 drives. Promise PDC20265R fully supports Ultra ATA/100 specification of up to 100 MB/sec per drive, depending on individual drive specifications.

Note: Please use an 80-wire, 40-pin cable when connecting an Ultra ATA/100 hard drive to the motherboard IDE3 & IDE4 controller.

Connecting I/O Devices

The backplane of the mainboard has the following I/O ports:



USB Ports Use the USB ports to connect USB devices.

External Connector Color Coding

Many connectors now use standard colors as shown in the table below.

| Connector | Color |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|
| Audio line-in | Light blue |
| Audio line-out | Lime |
| Digital monitor/flat panel | White |
| IEEE 1394 | Grey |
| Microphone | Pink |
| MIDI/game | Gold |
| Parallel | Burgundy |
| PS/2-compatible keyboard | Purple |
| PS/2-compatible mouse | Green |
| Serial | Teal or Turquoise |
| Speaker out/subwoofer | Orange |
| Right-to-left speaker | Brown |
| USB | Black |
| Video out | Yellow |
| SCSI, network, telephone, modem | None |

This concludes Chapter 2. The next chapter covers the BIOS.

Chapter 3 Using BIOS

About the Setup Utility

The computer uses the latest Award BIOS with support for Windows Plug and Play. The CMOS chip on the mainboard contains the ROM setup instructions for configuring the mainboard BIOS.

The BIOS (Basic Input and Output System) Setup Utility displays the system's configuration status and provides you with options to set system parameters. The parameters are stored in battery-backed-up CMOS RAM that saves this information when the power is turned off. When the system is turned back on, the system is configured with the values you stored in CMOS.

The BIOS Setup Utility enables you to configure:

- Hard drives, diskette drives, and peripherals
- Video display type and display options
- Password protection from unauthorized use
- Power management features

The settings made in the Setup Utility affect how the computer performs. Before using the Setup Utility, ensure that you understand the Setup Utility options.

This chapter provides explanations for Setup Utility options.

The Standard Configuration

A standard configuration has already been set in the Setup Utility. However, we recommend that you read this chapter in case you need to make any changes in the future.

This Setup Utility should be used:

- when changing the system configuration
- when a configuration error is detected and you are prompted to make changes to the Setup Utility
- when trying to resolve IRQ conflicts
- when making changes to the Power Management configuration
- when changing the password or making other changes to the Security Setup

Entering the Setup Utility

When you power on the system, BIOS enters the Power-On Self Test (POST) routines. POST is a series of built-in diagnostics performed by the BIOS. After the POST routines are completed, the following message appears:

Press DEL to enter SETUP

Pressing the delete key 📟 accesses the BIOS Setup Utility:

Phoenix – AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility

| Standard CMOS Features | ► Frequency/Voltage Control | | |
|---------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| ►Advanced BIOS Features | Load Fail-Safe Defaults | | |
| ►Advanced Chipset Features | Load Optimized Defaults | | |
| ►Integrated Peripherals | Set Supervisor Password | | |
| ► Power Management Setup | Set User Password | | |
| ► PnP/PCI Configurations | Save & Exit Setup | | |
| ►PC Health Status | Exit Without Saving | | |
| Esc : Quit F10 : Save & Exit Setup | $\uparrow \downarrow \rightarrow \leftarrow : \text{Select Item}$ | | |
| Time, Date, Hard Disk Type | | | |

BIOS Navigation Keys

The BIOS navigation keys are listed below:

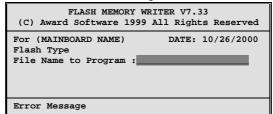
| Key | Function |
|--|---|
| Esc | Exits the current menu |
| $\leftarrow \uparrow \downarrow \rightarrow$ | Scrolls through the items on a menu |
| +/-/PU/PD | Modifies the selected field's values |
| F10 | Saves the current configuration and exits setup |
| F1 | Displays a screen that describes all key functions |
| F5 | Loads previously saved values to CMOS |
| F6 | Loads a minimum configuration for troubleshooting. |
| F7 | Loads an optimum set of values for peak performance |

Updating the BIOS

You can download and install updated BIOS for this mainboard from the manufacturer's Web site. New BIOS provides support for new peripherals, improvements in performance, or fixes for known bugs. Install new BIOS as follows:

1. If your mainboard has a BIOS protection jumper, change the setting to allow BIOS flashing.

- 2. If your mainboard has an item called Firmware Write Protect in Advanced BIOS features, disable it. (Firmware Write Protect prevents BIOS from being overwritten.)
- 3. Create a bootable system disk. (Refer to Windows online help for information on creating a bootable system disk.)
- 4. Download the Flash Utility and new BIOS file from the manufacturer's Web site. Copy these files to the system diskette you created in Step 3.
- 5. Turn off your computer and insert the system diskette in your computer's diskette drive. (You might need to run the Setup Utility and change the boot priority items on the Advanced BIOS Features Setup page, to force your computer to boot from the floppy diskette drive first.)
- 6. At the A:\ prompt, type the Flash Utility program name and press <Enter>. You see a screen similar to the following:



- 7. Type the filename of the new BIOS in the "File Name to Program" text box. Follow the onscreen directions to update the mainboard BIOS.
- 8. When the installation is complete, remove the floppy diskette from the diskette drive and restart your computer. If your mainboard has a Flash BIOS jumper, reset the jumper to protect the newly installed BIOS from being overwritten.

Using BIOS

When you start the Setup Utility, the main menu appears. The main menu of the Setup Utility displays a list of the options that are available. A highlight indicates which option is currently selected. Use the cursor arrow keys to move the highlight to other options. When an option is highlighted, execute the option by pressing <Enter>.

Some options lead to pop-up dialog boxes that prompt you to verify that you wish to execute that option. Other options lead to dialog boxes that prompt you for information.

Some options (marked with a triangle \blacktriangleright) lead to submenus that enable you to change the values for the option. Use the cursor arrow keys to scroll through the items in the submenu.

In this manual, default values are enclosed in parenthesis. Submenu items are denoted by a triangle \blacktriangleright .

Standard CMOS Features

This option displays basic information about your system.

Phoenix – AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility Standard CMOS Features

| Date (mm:dd:yy) Time (hh:mm:ss) | Tue, July 11 2001 12 : 8 : 59 | Item Help |
|--|---|---|
| IDE Primary Master IDE Primary Slave IDE Secondary Master IDE Secondary Slave | | Menu Level Change the day, month, year and century. |
| Drive A Drive B Floppy 3 Mode Support | [1.44M, 3.5 in.] [None] [Disabled] | |
| Video Halt On | [EGA/VGA] [All Errors] | |
| Base Memory Extended Memory Total Memory | 640K 31744K 32768K | |
| ↑↓→←: Move Enter: Select F5:Previous Values | +/-/PU/PD:Value: F10: Save F6:Fail-Safe Defaults | ESC: Exit F1:General Help F7:Optimized Defaults |

Date and Time

The Date and Time items show the current date and time on the computer. If you are running a Windows OS, these items are automatically updated whenever you make changes to the Windows Date and Time Properties utility.

► IDE Devices (None)

Your computer has two IDE channels (Primary and Secondary) and each channel can be installed with one or two devices (Master and Slave). Use these items to configure each device on the IDE channel.

Press <Enter> to display the IDE submenu:

| Phoenix – AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility |
|--|
| IDE Primary Master |

| IDE HDD Auto-Detection | [Press Enter] | Item Help |
|-----------------------------------|------------------|--|
| IDE Primary Master Access Mode | [Auto] [Auto] | Menu Level |
| Capacity | 0 MB | To auto-detect the HDD's size, head on |
| Cylinder | 0 | this channel |
| Head | 0 | |
| Precomp | 0 | |
| Landing Zone | 0 | |
| Sector | 0 | |

 ↑↓→←: Move
 Enter: Select
 +/-/PU/PD:Value:
 F10: Save
 ESC: Exit
 F1:General Help

 F5:Previous Values
 F6:Fail-Safe Defaults
 F7:Optimized Defaults

IDE HDD Auto-Detection

Press <Enter> while this item is highlighted to prompt the Setup Utility to automatically detect and configure an IDE device on the IDE channel.

Note: If you are setting up a new hard disk drive that supports LBA mode, more than one line will appear in the parameter box. Choose the line that lists LBA for an LBA drive.

IDE Primary/Secondary Master/Slave (Auto)

Leave this item at Auto to enable the system to automatically detect and configure IDE devices on the channel. If it fails to find a device, change the value to Manual and then manually configure the drive by entering the characteristics of the drive in the items described below.

Refer to your drive's documentation or look on the drive casing if you need to obtain this information. If no device is installed, change the value to None.

Note: Before attempting to configure a hard disk drive, ensure that you have the configuration information supplied by the manufacturer of your hard drive. Incorrect settings can result in your system not recognizing the installed hard disk.

Access Mode

This item defines ways that can be used to access IDE hard disks such as LBA (Large Block Addressing). Leave this value at Auto and the system will automatically decide the fastest way to access the hard disk drive.

Press <Esc> to return to the Standard CMOS Features page.

Drive A/Drive B (1.44M, 3.5 in./None)

These items define the characteristics of any diskette drive attached to the system. You can connect one or two diskette drives.

Floppy 3 Mode Support (Disabled)

Floppy 3 mode refers to a 3.5-inch diskette with a capacity of 1.2 MB. Floppy 3 mode is sometimes used in Japan.

Video (EGA/VGA)

This item defines the video mode of the system. This mainboard has a built-in VGA graphics system; you must leave this item at the default value.

Halt On (All Errors)

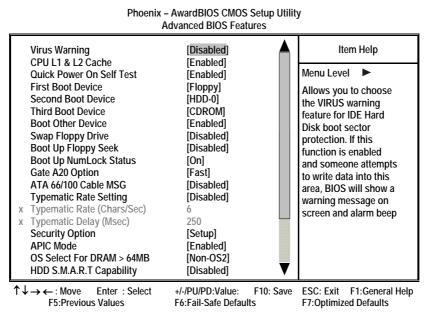
This item defines the operation of the system POST (Power On Self Test) routine. You can use this item to select which types of errors in the POST are sufficient to halt the system.

Base Memory, Extended Memory, and Total Memory

These items are automatically detected by the system at start up time. These are display-only fields. You cannot make changes to these fields.

Advanced BIOS Features

This option defines advanced information about your system.



Virus Warning (Disabled)

When enabled, this item provides protection against viruses that try to write to the boot sector and partition table of your hard disk drive. You need to disable this item when installing an operating system. We recommend that you enable this item as soon as you have installed an operating system.

Note: For complete protection against viruses, install virus software in your operating system and update the virus definitions regularly.

CPU L1 and L2 Cache (Enabled)

All processors that can be installed in this mainboard use internal level 1 (L1) and external level 2 (L2) cache memory to improve performance. Leave this item at the default value for better performance.

Quick Power On Self Test (Enabled)

Enable this item to shorten the power on testing (POST) and have your system start up faster. You might like to enable this item after you are confident that your system hardware is operating smoothly.

First/Second/Third Boot Device (Floppy/HDD-0/CDROM)

Use these three items to select the priority and order of the devices that your system searches for an operating system at start-up time.

Boot Other Device (Enabled)

When enabled, the system searches all other possible locations for an operat-

ing system if it fails to find one in the devices specified under the First, Second, and Third boot devices.

Swap Floppy Drive (Disabled)

If you have two floppy diskette drives in your system, this item allows you to swap the assigned drive letters so that drive A becomes drive B, and drive B becomes drive A.

Boot Up Floppy Seek (Disabled)

If this item is enabled, it checks the size of the floppy disk drives at start-up time. You don't need to enable this item unless you have a legacy diskette drive with 360K capacity.

Boot Up NumLock Status (On)

This item defines if the keyboard Num Lock key is active when your system is started.

Gate A20 Option (Fast)

This item defines how the system handles legacy software that was written for an earlier generation of processors. Leave this item at the default value.

ATA 66/100 Cable MSG (Disabled)

This item enables or disables the display of the ATA 66/100 Cable MSG.

Typematic Rate Setting (Disabled)

If this item is enabled, you can use the following two items to set the typematic rate and the typematic delay settings for your keyboard.

- **Typematic Rate (Chars/Sec):** Use this item to define how many characters per second are generated by a held-down key.
- Typematic Delay (Msec): Use this item to define how many milliseconds must elapse before a held-down key begins generating repeat characters.

Security Option (Setup)

If you have installed password protection, this item defines if the password is required at system start up, or if it is only required when a user tries to enter the Setup Utility.

APIC Mode (Enable)

This option is use to enabled or disabled APIC (Advanced Programmable Interrupt Controller) functionality. The APIC is an Intel chip that provides symmetric multiprocessing (SMP) for its Pentium systems.

OS Select For DRAM > 64 MB (Non-OS2)

This item is only required if you have installed more than 64 MB of memory and you are running the OS/2 operating system. Otherwise, leave this item at the default.

HDD S.M.A.R.T Capability (Disabled)

The S.M.A.R.T. (Self-Monitoring, Analysis, and Reporting Technology) system

is a diagnostics technology that monitors and predicts device performance. S.M.A.R.T. software resides on both the disk drive and the host computer.

The disk drive software monitors the internal performance of the motors, media, heads, and electronics of the drive. The host software monitors the overall reliability status of the drive. If a device failure is predicted, the host software, through the Client WORKS S.M.A.R.T applet, warns the user of the impending condition and advises appropriate action to protect the data.

Report No FDD For WIN95 (Yes)

If you are running a system with no floppy drive and using Windows 95, select Yes for this item to ensure compatibility with the Windows 95 logo certification. Otherwise, select No.

Small Logo (EPA) Show (Disabled)

Enables or disables the display of the EPA logo during boot.

Advanced Chipset Features

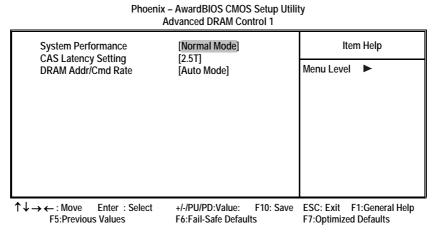
These items define critical timing parameters of the mainboard. You should leave the items on this page at their default values unless you are very familiar with the technical specifications of your system hardware. If you change the values incorrectly, you may introduce fatal errors or recurring instability into your system.

| Phoenix – AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility | |
|--|--|
| Advanced Chipset Features | |

| Advanced DRAM Control 1 Prefetch Caching Memory Hole at 15M-16M AGP Aperture Size Graphic Window WR Combin | [Press Enter] [Disabled] [Disabled] [128MB] [Enabled] | Item Help Menu Level ► |
|--|---|---------------------------|
| ↑↓→←: Move Enter: Select | +/-/PU/PD:Value: F10: Save | ESC: Exit F1:General Help |
| F5:Previous Values | F6:Fail-Safe Defaults | F7:Optimized Defaults |

Advanced DRAM Control 1

Scroll to this item and press <Enter> to view the following screen:



System Performance (Normal Mode)

This is the DRAM auto configuration option, which can be set to Safe Mode, Normal Mode, Fast Mode or Ultra Mode.

CAS Latency Setting (2.5T)

Enables you to select the CAS latency time in HCLKs of 2, 2.5, or 3. The value is set at the factory depending on the DRAM installed. Do not change the values in this field unless you change specifications of the installed DRAM or the installed CPU.

DRAM Addr/Cmd Rate (Auto Mode)

This option allows you to set the lead off DRAM read and write cycles. When set to Delay 1T, memory read/write commands are sent one clock cycle behind the memory address. When set to Normal, read/write and memory address commands are sent simultaneously.

Press <Esc> to return to the Advanced Chipset Features screen.

Prefetch Caching (Disabled)

Enables PCI slave prefetch caching. Enabling this increased performance.

Memory Hole at 15M-16M (Disabled)

This item is used to reserve memory space for ISA expansion cards that require it.

AGP Aperture Size (128MB)

This item defines the size of the aperture if you use an AGP graphics adapter. It refers to a section of the PCI memory address range used for graphics memory. We recommend that you leave this item at the default value.

Graphic Window WR Combin (Enabled)

This item determines whether the graphic windows base address is valid or not.

Integrated Peripherals

These options display items that define the operation of peripheral components on the system's input/output ports.

| Phoenix – AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility |
|--|
| Integrated Peripherals |

| SIS OnChip IDE Device SIS OnChip PCI Device | [Press Enter] [Press Enter] | Item Help |
|---|---|---------------------------|
| SIS OnChip PCI Device Onboard SuperIO Device USB Controller USB 2.0 Supports USB Keyboard Support Onboard RAID IDE HDD Block Mode Init Display First AGP Auto Calibration IDECHO Access Interface USB Access Interface USB2 Access Interface USB2.0 Access Interface | [Press Enter] [Press Enter] [Enabled] [16 Ports] [Enabled] [Disabled] [Enabled] [PCI Slot] [Enabled] [EDB Bus] [EDB Bus] [EDB Bus] [EDB Bus] [EDB Bus] [EDB Bus] [EDB Bus] | Menu Level |
| Audio Access Interface | [EDB Bus] | ESC: Exit E1:General Heln |

^{→ ← :} Move Enter : Select +/-/PU/PD:Value: F10: Save ESC: Exit F1:General Help F5:Previous Values F6:Fail-Safe Defaults F7:Optimized Defaults

SIS OnChip IDE Device

Scroll to this item and press <Enter> to view the following screen:

Phoenix – AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility SIS OnChip IDE Device

| Internal PCI/IDE IDE Primary Master PIO | [Both] [Auto] | Item Help |
|--|---|--|
| IDE Primary Master PIO IDE Secondary Master PIO IDE Secondary Slave PIO Primary Master UltraDMA Primary Slave UltraDMA Secondary Master UltraDMA Secondary Slave UltraDMA IDE DMA Transfer Access IDE Burst Mode | [Auto] [Auto] [Auto] [Auto] [Auto] | Menu Level ►► |
| $ \uparrow \downarrow \rightarrow \leftarrow : Move \qquad \text{Enter} : \text{Select} \\ F5: Previous Values} $ | +/-/PU/PD:Value: F10: Save F6:Fail-Safe Defaults | ESC: Exit F1:General Help F7:Optimized Defaults |

F6:Fail-Safe Defaults

Internal PCI/IDE (Both)

Use these items to enable or disable the internal PCI IDE channels that are integrated on the mainboard.

IDE Primary/Secondary Master/Slave PIO (Auto)

Each IDE channel supports a master device and a slave device. These four items let you assign which kind of PIO (Programmed Input/Output) is used by IDE devices. Choose Auto to let the system auto detect which PIO mode is best, or select a PIO mode from 0-4.

IDE Primary/Secondary Master/Slave UltraDMA (Auto)

Each IDE channel supports a master device and a slave device. This mainboard supports UltraDMA technology, which provides faster access to IDE devices.

If you install a device that supports UltraDMA, change the appropriate item on this list to Auto. You may have to install the UltraDMA driver supplied with this mainboard in order to use an UltraDMA device.

IDE DMA Transfer Access (Enabled)

This item allows you to enabled the transfer access of the IDE DMA.

IDE Burst Mode (Enabled)

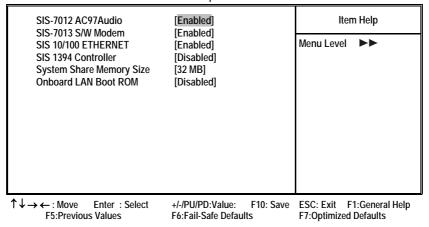
This option, when enabled will instruct the system to send every write transaction to the write buffer. Burstable transactions then burst onto the PCI bus and nonburstable transactions do not.

Press <Esc> to return to the Integrated Peripherals screen.

SIS OnChip PCI Device

Scroll to this item and press <Enter> to view the following screen:

Phoenix – AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility SIS OnChip PCI Device



SIS-7012 AC97 AUDIO (Enabled)

Enables and disables the onboard AC 97 audio function. Disable this item if

you are going to install a PCI audio add-on card.

SIS-7013 S/W Modem (Enabled)

Enables and disables the onboard modem. Disable this item if you are going to install an external modem.

SIS 10/100M ETHERNET (Enabled)

This option allows you to control the onboard LAN.

SIS 1394 Controller (Disabled)

Enables and disables the onboard 1394 controller.

System Share Memory Size (32MB)

This motherboard has a built-in graphics system that uses UMA (Unified Memory Architecture) so that the graphics reserves a part of main memory for video memory. Use this item to determine how much of the main memory can be used as video memory.

Onboard LAN Boot ROM (Disabled)

Use this item to enable and disable the booting from the onboard LAN or a network add-in card with a remote boot ROM installed.

Press <Esc> to return to the Integrated Peripherals screen.

Onboard SuperIO Device

Scroll to this item and press <Enter> to view the following screen:

Phoenix – AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility Onboard SuperIO Device

| Onboard FDC Controller Onboard Serial Port 1 Onboard Serial Port 2 UART Mode Select UR2 Duplex Mode Onboard Parallel Port Parallel Port Mode | [Enabled] [3F8/IRQ4] [2F8/IRQ3] [Normal] [Half] [378/IRQ7] [ECP] | Item Help Menu Level |
|--|--|--|
| ECP Mode Use DMA Game Port Address Midi Port Address Midi Port IRQ | [3] [201] [330] [10] | |
| | | |
| $ \uparrow \downarrow \rightarrow \leftarrow : Move Enter : Select F5:Previous Values $ | +/-/PU/PD:Value: F10: Save F6:Fail-Safe Defaults | ESC: Exit F1:General Help F7:Optimized Defaults |

Onboard FDC Controller (Enabled)

This option enables the onboard floppy disk drive controller.

Onboard Serial Port 1 (3F8/IRQ4)

This option is used to assign the I/O address and interrupt request (IRQ) for onboard serial port 1 (COM1).

Onboard Serial Port 2 (2F8/IRQ3)

This option is used to assign the I/O address and interrupt request (IRQ) for onboard serial port 2 (COM2).

UART Mode Select (Normal)

This field is available if the Onboard Serial Port 2 field is set to any option but Disabled. UART Mode Select enables you to select the infrared communication protocol-Normal (default), IrDA, or ASKIR. IrDA is an infrared communication protocol with a maximum baud rate up to 115.2K bps. ASKIR is Sharp's infrared communication protocol with a maximum baud rate up to 57.6K bps.

UR2 Duplex Mode (Half)

This field is available when UART 2 Mode is set to either ASKIR or IrDA. This item enables you to determine the infrared function of the onboard infrared chip. The options are Full and Half (default).

Full-duplex means that you can transmit and send information simultaneously. Half-duplex is the transmission of data in both directions, but only one direction at a time.

Onboard Parallel Port (378/IRQ7)

This option is used to assign the I/O address and interrupt request (IRQ) for the onboard parallel port.

Parallel Port Mode (ECP)

Enables you to set the data transfer protocol for your parallel port. There are four options: SPP (Standard Parallel Port), EPP (Enhanced Parallel Port), ECP (Extended Capabilities Port) and ECP+EPP.

SPP allows data output only. Extended Capabilities Port (ECP) and Enhanced Parallel Port (EPP) are bi-directional modes, allowing both data input and output. ECP and EPP modes are only supported with EPP- and ECP-aware peripherals.

ECP Mode Use DMA (3)

When the onboard parallel port is set to ECP mode, the parallel port can use DMA 3 or DMA 1.

Game Port Address (201)

This item sets the I/O address for the game port.

Midi Port Address (330)

This item sets the I/O address for the Midi function.

<u>Midi Port IRQ (10)</u>

This item sets the interrupt request for the Midi function.

Press <Esc> to return to the Integrated Peripherals screen.

USB Controller (Enabled)

Enable this item if you plan to use the Universal Serial Bus ports on this mainboard.

USB Keyboard Support (Disabled)

Enable this item if you plan to use a keyboard connected through the USB port in a legacy operating system (such as DOS) that does not support Plug and Play.

Onboard LAN RAID (Enabled)

Use this item to enable and disable the onboard RAID chip.

IDE HDD Block Mode (Enabled)

Enable this field if your IDE hard drive supports block mode. Block mode enables BIOS to automatically detect the optimal number of block read and writes per sector that the drive can support. It also improves the speed of access to IDE devices.

Init Display First (PCI Slot)

Use this item to specify whether your graphics adapter is installed in one of the PCI slots or is integrated on the mainboard.

AGP Auto Calibration (Enabled)

This item allows you to enable or disable the AGP buffer strength auto calibration through the chipset.

IDECHO/IDECH1 ACCESS INTERFACE (EDB Bus)

This item determines whether the IDE access interface is the PCI bus or the embedded bus.

USB0/USB1/USB2 ACCESS INTERFACE (EDB Bus)

This option determines whether the USB0/USB1/USB2 access interface is the embedded bus or the PCI bus.

USB2.0 ACCESS INTERFACE (Embedded BUS)

This option determines whether the USB2.0 access interface is the embedded bus or a PCI bus.

Audio ACCESS INTERFACE (Embedded BUS)

This option determines whether the audio access interface is the embedded bus or a PCI bus.

Power Management Setup

This option lets you control system power management. The system has various power-saving modes including powering down the hard disk, turning off the video, suspending to RAM, and software power down that allows the system to be automatically resumed by certain events.

Power Management Timeouts

The power-saving modes can be controlled by timeouts. If the system is inactive for a time, the timeouts begin counting. If the inactivity continues so that the timeout period elapses, the system enters a power-saving mode. If any item in the list of Reload Global Timer Events is Enabled, then any activity on that item will reset the timeout counters to zero.

Wake Up Calls

If the system is suspended, or has been powered down by software, it can be resumed by a wake up call that is generated by incoming traffic to a modem, a LAN card, a PCI card, or a fixed alarm on the system realtime clock,

Phoenix – AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility Power Management Setup

| ACP1 Suspend Type [ST(POS)] Video Off Option [Susp, Stby> Off] Video Off Method [DPMS Supported] MODEM Use IRQ [Auto] Hot Key Function as [Power Off] PS2KB Wakeup from S3 [Hot key] USB S3 Wakeup Function [Disabled] HDD Off After [Disabled] Power Button Override [Instant-Off] Power State Resume Control [Always Off] ▶ PM Wake Up Events Delay Prior to Thermal [None] | ACPI function | [Enabled] | Item Help |
|---|---|--|--------------|
| | Video Off Method MODEM Use IRQ Hot Key Function as PS2KB Wakeup from S3 USB S3 Wakeup Function HDD Off After Power Button Override Power State Resume Control MWake Up Events | [DPMS Supported] [Auto] [Power Off] [Hot key] [Disabled] [Disabled] [Instant-Off] [Always Off] [Press Enter] | Menu Level 🕨 |

ACPI Function (Enabled)

This mainboard supports ACPI (Advanced Configuration and Power management Interface). Use this item to enable or disable the ACPI feature.

Note: ACPI is a power management specification that makes hardware status information available to the operating system. ACPI enables a PC to turn its peripherals on and off for improved power management. It also allows the PC to be turned on and off by external devices, so that mouse or keyboard activity wakes up the computer.

ACPI Suspend Type (S1(POS))

Use this item to define how your system suspends. In the default, S1(POS), the suspend mode is equivalent to a software power down. If you select S3 (STR), the suspend mode is a suspend to RAM, i.e., the system shuts down with the exception of a refresh current to the system memory.

Video Off Option (Susp, Stby --> Off)

This option defines if the video is powered down when the system is put into suspend mode.

Video Off Method (DPMS Supported)

This item defines how the video is powered down to save power. This item is set to DPMS (Display Power Management Software) by default.

MODEM Use IRQ (Auto)

If you want an incoming call on a modem to automatically resume the system from a power-saving mode, use this item to specify the interrupt request line

(IRQ) that is used by the modem. You might have to connect the fax/modem to the mainboard Wake On Modem connector for this feature to work.

Hot Key Function As (Power Off)

This option allows you to set the Hot Key functionality to one of the following states: Disable (turn off Hot Key functionality), Power Off, Suspend.

PS2 KB Wakeup from S3 (Hot key)

Enables you to allow keyboard activity to awaken the system from power saving mode using hot keys.

USB S3 Wakeup Function (Disabled)

This option allows you to specify whether the system will be awakened from power saving modes when activity or input signal of the specified hardware peripheral or component is detected.

HDD Off After (Disable)

The IDE hard drive will spin down if it is not accessed within a specified length of time. Options are from 1 Min to 15 Min and Disable.

Power Button Override (Instant Off)

Under ACPI (Advanced Configuration and Power management Interface) you can create a software power down. In a software power down, the system can be resume by Wake Up Alarms. This item lets you install a software power down that is controlled by the power button on your system. If the item is set to Instant-Off, then the power button causes a software power down. If the item is set to Delay 4 Sec. then you have to hold the power button down for four seconds to cause a software power down.

Power State Resume Control (Always Off)

This sets the power state after a shutdown due to an unexpected interrupt of AC power.

Delay Prior to Thermal (None)

This sets the delay time before the CPU enters auto thermal mode.

PM Wake Up Events

Scroll to this item and press <Enter> to view the following screen:

CMOS Setup Utility – Copyright (C) 1984 – 2000 Award Software PM Wake Up Events

| | IRQ [3-7, 9-15], NMI IRQ 8 Break suspend | [Enabled] [Disabled] | Item Help |
|---|---|---|----------------|
| | Ring/WOL/WOM PowerUp Contl MACPME Power Up Control PCIPME Power Up Control Power Up by Alarm | [Disabled] [Disabled] [Enabled] [Disabled] | Menu Level 🕨 ► |
| х | Month Alarm | NA | |
| х | Date (of Month) | 0 | |
| Х | Time (hh:mm:ss) | 0 0 0 | |
| | ** Reload Global Timer Events ** | | |

 ↑↓→←: Move
 Enter: Select
 +/-/PU/PD:Value:
 F10: Save
 ESC: Exit
 F1:General Help

 F5:Previous Values
 F6:Fail-Safe Defaults
 F7:Optimized Defaults

This item opens a submenu that enables you to set events that will resume the system from a power saving mode.

IRQ [3-7, 9-15], NMI (Enabled)

This option determines whether any activity for IRQ 3-7/9-15 will cause the system to wake from a power saving mode.

IRQ 8 Break Suspend

Determines whether the system will monitor IRQ 8 activity and wake the system from a power saving mode when IRQ 8 is activated.

Ring/WOL/WOM PowerUp Contl (Disabled)

Use this item to enable LAN or modem activity to wakeup the system from a power saving mode.

MACPME Power Up Control (Disabled)

Use this item to enable MAC activity to wakeup the system from a power saving mode.

PCIPME Power Up Control (Enabled)

Use this item to enable PCI activity to wakeup the system from a power saving mode.

Power Up by Alarm (Disabled)

When set to Enabled, the following three fields become available: Month Alarm, Day of Month Alarm, and Time Alarm Upon arrival of the alarm time, it will instruct the system to wake up.

When set to 0 (zero) for the day of the month, the alarm will power on your system every day at the specified time.

** Reload Global Timer Events **

Global Timer (power management) events are I/O events whose occurrence can prevent the system from entering a power saving mode or can awaken the system from such a mode. In effect, the system remains alert for anything that occurs to a device that is configured as Enabled, even when the system is in a power-down mode.

Primary/Secondary IDE 1/0 (Disabled)

When these items are enabled, the system will restart the power-saving timeout counters when any activity is detected on any of the drives or devices on the primary or secondary IDE channels.

FDD, COM, LPT Port (Disabled)

When this item is enabled, the system will restart the power-saving timeout counters when any activity is detected on the floppy disk drive, serial ports, or the parallel port.

PCI PIRQ[A-D]# (Disabled)

When disabled, any PCI device set as the Master will not power on the system.

PWRON After PWR-Fail (Off)

This item enables your computer to automatically restart or return to its last operating status after power returns from a power failure.

Press <Esc> to return to the Power Management screen.

PNP/PCI Configurations

These options configure how PnP (Plug and Play) and PCI expansion cards operate in your system. Both the ISA and PCI buses on the Mainboard use system IRQs (Interrupt ReQuests) and DMAs (Direct Memory Access). You must set up the IRQ and DMA assignments correctly through the PnP/PCI Configurations Setup utility for the mainboard to work properly. Selecting PnP/PCI Configurations on the main program screen displays this menu:

Phoenix – AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility PnP/PCI Configurations

| | Reset Configuration Data | [Disabled] | Item Help |
|----------|---|--|---|
| х | Resources Controlled by IRQ Resources | [Auto(ESCD)] Press Enter | Menu Level 🕨 |
| | PCI/VGA Palette Snoop INT Pin 1 Assignment INT Pin 2 Assignment INT Pin 3 Assignment INT Pin 4 Assignment INT Pin 5 Assignment INT Pin 6 Assignment INT Pin 8 Assignment | [Disabled] [Auto] [Auto] [Auto] [Auto] [Auto] [Auto] [Auto] [Auto] | Default is Disabled. Select Enabled to reset Extended System Con- figuration Data (ESCD) when you exit Setup if you have installed a new add- on and the system recon- figuration has caused such a serious conflict that the OS cannot boot |
| ↑ | ↓→←: Move Enter: Select F5:Previous Values | +/-/PU/PD:Value: F10: Save F6:Fail-Safe Defaults | ESC: Exit F1:General Help F7:Optimized Defaults |

Reset Configuration Data (Disabled)

If you enable this item and restart the system, any Plug and Play configuration data stored in the BIOS Setup is cleared from memory.

Resources Controlled By (Auto(ESCD))

You should leave this item at the default Auto(ESCD). Under this setting, the system dynamically allocates resources to Plug and Play devices as they are required.

If you cannot get a legacy ISA (Industry Standard Architecture) expansion card to work properly, you might be able to solve the problem by changing this item to Manual, and then opening up the IRQ Resources submenu.

In the IRQ Resources submenu, if you assign an IRQ to Legacy ISA, then that Interrupt Request Line is reserved for a legacy ISA expansion card. Press <Esc> to close the IRQ Resources submenu.

PCI/VGA Palette Snoop (Disabled)

This item is designed to overcome problems that can be caused by some nonstandard VGA cards. This board includes a built-in VGA system that does not require palette snooping so you must leave this item disabled.

INT Pin 1-8 Assignment (Auto)

Identifies the interrupt request (IRQ) line assigned to a device connected to the PCI interface of your system.

PC Health Status

On mainboards that support hardware monitoring, this item lets you monitor the parameters for critical voltages, critical temperatures, and fan speeds.

> Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility PC Health Status

| Menu Level 🕨 |
|-------------------------------|
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| +//DLI/DD-1/alue: E10: Save E |

 \rightarrow \leftarrow : Move Enter : Select +/-/PU/PD:Value: F10: Save ESC: Exit F1:General Help Τ↓ **F5:Previous Values** F6:Fail-Safe Defaults F7:Optimized Defaults

Shutdown Temperature

Enables you to set the maximum temperature the system can reach before powering down.

System Component Characteristics

These fields provide you with information about the systems current operating status. You cannot make changes to these fields.

Frequency/Voltage Control

This item enables you to set the clock speed and system bus for your system. The clock speed and system bus are determined by the kind of processor you have installed in your system.

| Phoenix – AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility |
|--|
| Frequency/Voltage Control |

| CPU Clock Ratio Auto Detect DIMM/PCI Clk | [0 X] [Enabled] | Item Help |
|---|---|--|
| Auto Detect DIMM/PCI CIK Spread Spectrum CPU Host/SDRAM/PCI Clock | [Enabled] [Enabled] [Default] | Menu Level 🕨 |
| | | |
| $\uparrow \downarrow \rightarrow \leftarrow : Move \qquad \text{Enter } : \text{Select} \\ \text{F5:Previous Values}$ | +/-/PU/PD:Value: F10: Save F6:Fail-Safe Defaults | ESC: Exit F1:General Help F7:Optimized Defaults |

CPU Clock Ratio (0 X)

Use the CPU Host/SDRAM/PCI Clock to set the frontside bus frequency for the installed processor (usually 133 MHz, 100 MHz or 66 MHz). Then use *CPU Clock Ratio Jumpless* to set a multiple. The multiple times the frontside bus must equal the core speed of the installed processor e.g., **3.5 (multiple) x 100 MHz (frontside bus) = 350 MHz (installed processor clock speed)**.

Auto Detect DIMM/PCI Clk (Enabled)

When this item is enabled, BIOS will disable the clock signal of free DIMM and PCI slots.

Spread Spectrum (Enabled)

If you enable spread spectrum, it can significantly reduce the EMI (Electro-Magnetic Interference) generated by the system.

CPU Host/SDRAM/PCI Clock (Default)

Use the CPU Host Clock to set the frontside bus frequency for the installed processor (usually 133 MHz, 100 MHz or 66 MHz).

Load Fail-Safe Defaults Option

This option opens a dialog box that lets you install fail-safe defaults for all appropriate items in the Setup Utility:

Press <Y> and then <Enter> to install the defaults. Press <N> and then <Enter> to not install the defaults. The fail-safe defaults place no great demands on the system and are generally stable. If your system is not functioning correctly, try installing the fail-safe defaults as a first step in getting your system working properly again. If you only want to install fail-safe defaults for a specific option, select and display that option, and then press <F6>.

Load Optimized Defaults Option

This option opens a dialog box that lets you install optimized defaults for all appropriate items in the Setup Utility. Press <Y> and then <Enter> to install the defaults. Press <N> and then <Enter> to not install the defaults. The optimized defaults place demands on the system that may be greater than the performance level of the components, such as the CPU and the memory. You can cause fatal errors or instability if you install the optimized defaults when your hardware does not support them. If you only want to install setup defaults for a specific option, select and display that option, and then press <F7>.

Set Supervisor/User Password

When this function is selected, the following message appears at the center of the screen to assist you in creating a password.

ENTER PASSWORD

Type the password, up to eight characters, and press <Enter>. The password typed now will clear any previously entered password from CMOS memory. You will be asked to confirm the password. Type the password again and press <Enter>. You may also press <Esc> to abort the selection.

To disable password, just press <Enter> when you are prompted to enter password. A message will confirm the password being disabled. Once the password is disabled, the system will boot and you can enter BIOS Setup freely.

PASSWORD DISABLED

If you have selected "**System**" in "Security Option" of "BIOS Features Setup" menu, you will be prompted for the password every time the system reboots or any time you try to enter BIOS Setup.

If you have selected "**Setup**" at "Security Option" from "BIOS Features Setup" menu, you will be prompted for the password only when you enter BIOS Setup.

Supervisor Password has higher priority than User Password. You can use Supervisor Password when booting the system or entering BIOS Setup to modify all settings. Also you can use User Password when booting the system or entering BIOS Setup but can not modify any setting if Supervisor Password is enabled.

Save & Exit Setup Option

Highlight this item and press <Enter> to save the changes that you have made in the Setup Utility and exit the Setup Utility. When the Save and Exit dialog box appears, press <Y> to save and exit, or press <N> to return to the main menu:

Exit Without Saving

Highlight this item and press <Enter> to discard any changes that you have made in the Setup Utility and exit the Setup Utility. When the Exit Without Saving dialog box appears, press <Y> to discard changes and exit, or press <N> to return to the main menu.

Note: If you have made settings that you do not want to save, use the "Exit Without Saving" item and press <Y> to discard any changes you have made.

This concludes Chapter 3. Refer to the next chapter for information on the software supplied with the mainboard.

Chapter 4 Using the Mainboard Software

About the Software CD-ROM

The support software CD-ROM that is included in the mainboard package contains all the drivers and utility programs needed to properly run the bundled products. Below you can find a brief description of each software program, and the location for your mainboard version. More information on some programs is available in a README file, located in the same directory as the software.

Before installing any software, always inspect the folder for files named RE-ADME.TXT, INSTALL.TXT, or something similar. These files may contain important information that is not included in this manual

Auto-installing under Windows 98

The Auto-install CD-ROM makes it easy for you to install the drivers and software for your mainboard.

Note: If the Auto-install CD-ROM does not work on your system, you can still install drivers through the file manager for your OS (for example, Windows Explorer). Refer to Utility Folder Installation Notes later in this chapter.

The support software CD-ROM disc loads automatically under Windows 98. When you insert the CD-ROM disc in the CD-ROM drive, the autorun feature will automatically bring up the install screen. The screen has three buttons on it, Setup, Browse CD and Exit.



Note: If the opening screen doesn't appear, double-click the file "setup.exe" in the root directory.

Note: Never try to install software from a folder that is not specified for use with your mainboard.

Setup Tab

| Setup | Click the Setup button to run the software installation program. Select from the menu which software you want to install. |
|--------------|---|
| Browse CD | The Browse CD button is the standard Windows command that allows you to open Windows Explorer and show the contents of the support CD. |
| | Before installing the software from Windows Explorer, look for a file named README.TXT, INSTALL.TXT or something similar. This file may contain important information to help you install the software correctly. |
| | Some software is installed in separate folders for different oper- ating systems, such as DOS, WIN NT, or WIN98/95. Always go to the correct folder for the kind of OS you are using. |
| | To install the software, execute a file named SETUP.EXE or INSTALL.EXE by double-clicking the file and then following the instructions on the screen. |
| Exit | The Exit button closes the Auto Setup window. |

Application Tab

Lists the software utilities that are available on the CD.

Read Me Tab

Displays the path for all software and drivers available on the CD.

Running Setup

Follow these instructions to install device drivers and software for the mainboard:

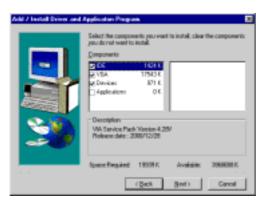
1. Click Setup. The installation program begins:



Note: The following screens are examples only. The screens and driver lists will be different according to the mainboard you are installing.

The mainboard identification is located in the upper left-hand corner.

2. Click Next. The following screen appears:



- 3. Check the box next to the items you want to install. The default options are recommended.
- 4. Click Next run the Installation Wizard. An item installation screen appears:



5. Follow the instructions on the screen to install the items.

Drivers and software are automatically installed in sequence. Follow the onscreen instructions, confirm commands and allow the computer to restart a few times to complete the installation.

Manual Installation

Insert the CD in the CD-ROM drive and locate the PATH.DOC file in the root directory. This file contains the information needed to locate the drivers for your mainboard.

Look for the chipset and mainboard model; then browse to the directory and path to begin installing the drivers. Most drivers have a setup program (SETUP.EXE) that automatically detects your operating system before installation. Other drivers have the setup program located in the operating system subfolder.

If the driver you want to install does not have a setup program, browse to the operating system subfolder and locate the readme text file (README.TXT or README.DOC) for information on installing the driver or software for your operating system.

Utility Software Reference

All the utility software available from this page is Windows compliant. They are provided only for the convenience of the customer. The following software is furnished under license and may only be used or copied in accordance with the terms of the license.

Note: These software(s) are subject to change at anytime without prior notice. Please refer to the support CD for available software.

AWARD Flash Memory Utility

This utility lets you erase the system BIOS stored on a Flash Memory chip on the mainboard, and lets you copy an updated version of the BIOS to the chip. Proceed with caution when using this program. If you erase the current BIOS and fail to write a new BIOS, or write a new BIOS that is incorrect, your system will malfunction. Refer to Chapter 3, *Using BIOS* for more information.

WinFlash Utility

The Award WinFlash utility is a Windows version of the DOS Award BIOS flash writer utility. The utility enables you to flash the system BIOS stored on a Flash Memory chip on the mainboard while in a Windows environment. This utility is currently available for WINXP\ME\2000\98SE. To install the WinFlash utility, run WINFLASH.EXE from the following directory:

\UTILITY\WINFLASH 1.51

PC-CILLIN

The PC-CILLIN software program provides anti-virus protection for your system. This program is available for Windows 2000/ME/98SE and Windows NT. Be sure to check the readme.txt and install the appropriate anti-virus software for your operating system.

We strongly recommend users to install this free anti-virus software to help protect your system against viruses.

MediaRing Talk – Telephony Software

To install the MediaRing Talk voice modem software for the built-in modem, go to the directory \UTILITY\MEDIARING TALK, then run MRTALK-SETUP72.EXE to install the application software.

Super Voice – Fax/Modem Software

To install the Super Voice voice, fax, data communication application for use with the built-in fax/modem, go the directory \UTILITY\SUPER_VOICE, then run PICSHELL.EXE to install the application software.

CD Ghost

The CD Ghost software enables you to create a virtual cabinet of CD-ROM drives on your system to help you categorize and organize your CD collection. A user-friendly interface assists you in quickly creating images of both CDs and DVDs onto your system. To install the software, run SETUP.EXE from the following directory:

\UTILITY\CDGHOST\ENG\CDGHOST

Recovery Genius

The Recovery Genius software program is an innovative windows application system that protects your Hard Disk Drive from virus intrusion, accidental deletions and from system corruption. To install the Recovery Genius software program run SETUP.EXE from the following directory:

\UTILITY\RECOVERY GENIUS\ENG\RECOVERYGENIUS

Language Genius

The Language Genius is a software –based product that helps you to learn new languages. To install the Language Genius software program run SETUP.EXE from the following directory:

\UTILITY\LANGUAGE GENIUS\ENG\LANGUAGEGENIUS

PageABC

The PageABC application software enables you to create your very own home page. To install the PageABC, go to the directory \UTILITYPageABC, and then run SETUP.EXE to install the application software.

This concludes Chapter 4.