

Preface

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Version 5.0

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Federal Communications Commission (FCC)

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and the receiver.
- Connect the equipment onto an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

Shielded interconnect cables and a shielded AC power cable must be employed with this equipment to ensure compliance with the pertinent RF emission limits governing this device. Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the system's manufacturer could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

Declaration of Conformity

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC rules. Operation is subject to the following conditions:

- This device may not cause harmful interference, and
- This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Canadian Department of Communications

This class B digital apparatus meets all requirements of the Canadian Interference-causing Equipment Regulations.

Cet appareil numérique de la classe B respecte toutes les exigences du Règlement sur le matériel brouilleur du Canada.

About the Manual

The manual consists of the following:

Chapter 1 Introducing the Mainboard	Describes features of the mainboard, and provides a shipping checklist. Go to ⇒ page 1
Chapter 2 Installing the Mainboard	Describes installation of mainboard components. Go to ⇒ page 6
Chapter 3 Using BIOS	Provides information on using the BIOS Setup Utility. Go to ⇒ page 24
Chapter 4 Using the Mainboard Software	Describes the mainboard software. Go to ⇒ page 36

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Chapter 1

Introducing the Mainboard

Introduction

Thank you for choosing K7S5A Pro mainboard. This mainboard has a Socket-A processor socket for the type of AMD K7 processors. You can install any one of these processors on the mainboard. The mainboard supports front-side bus speeds of 266MHz.

This mainboard uses the SiS735 chipset supporting a 4X AGP slot for highly graphics display, 100/133 MHz DDR/SDR, and Ultra DMA 33/66/100 function to provide outstanding high system performance under all types of system operations. The mainboard has a built-in AC97 Codec, provides an AMR (Audio Modem Riser) slot to support Audio and Modem application, and has a built-in 10BaseT/100BaseTX Network Interface. In addition, the mainboard has an extended set of ATX I/O Ports including PS/2 keyboard and mouse ports, one parallel port, and one serial port. Supports maximum ten USB ports— four back-panel ports (USB2.0) and onboard USB header JUSB1~3 (USB1.1) providing six extra ports by connecting the Extended USB Module to the mainboard.

This mainboard has all the features you need to develop a powerful multimedia workstation. The board is ATX size and has power connectors for an ATX power supply.

Checklist

Compare the mainboard's package contents with the following checklist:

Standard Items

- One mainboard
- One diskette drive ribbon cable
- One IDE drive ribbon cable
- Software support CD
- The User's Manual

Features

Processor	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Supports AMD Athlon XP/Athlon/Duron processors • Supports 266 MHz Front-Side Bus <hr/> <p>Note: Processors are automatically configured using firmware and a synchronous Host/DRAM Clock Scheme.</p>
Memory	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Two 168-pin DIMM slots for SDRAM memory modules • Two 184-pin DIMM slots for DDR memory modules • Support SDRAM up to 133 MHz and DDR up to 266 MHz memory bus • Maximum installed memory is 1GB <hr/> <p>Note: You cannot use SDRAM and DDR simultaneously.</p>
Expansion Slots	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • One AMR slot for a special audio/modem riser card • One AGP slot for AGP 2.0-compliant interface (supports 1.5V AGP card only) • Five 32-bit PCI slots for PCI 2.2-compliant bus interface <hr/> <p>Note: The PCI1 slot does not concurrently work with USB 2.0 controller (VT6202). Therefore, you must disable the USB 2.0 controller through BIOS setup before using the PCI1 slot.</p>
Onboard IDE channels	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Primary and Secondary PCI IDE channels • Support for PIO (programmable input/output) modes • Support for Multiword DMA modes • Support for Bus Mastering and Ultra DMA 33/66/100 modes
Power Supply and Power Management	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ATX power supply connector • Meets ACPI 1.0b and APM 1.2 requirements, keyboard power on/off • Supports RTC Alarm, Wake On Modem, AC97 Wake-Up and USB Wake-Up
Audio	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Compliant with AC'97 2.2 specification • Full-duplex Codec with independent and variable sampling rate • Earphone Buffer Built-In, SNR up to 90db • 2Ch DAC, support 2-channel speak-out • Advanced power management support
Built-in Ethernet LAN (optional)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Built-in 10BaseT/100BaseTX Ethernet LAN • LAN controller integrates Fast Ethernet MAC and PHY compliant with IEEE802.3u 100BASE-TX, 10BASE-T and ANSI X3.263 TP-PMD standards • Compliant with ACPI 1.0 and the Network Device Class Power Management 1.0 • High Performance provided by 100Mbps clock generator and data recovery circuit for 100Mbps receiver

Onboard I/O Ports	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Two PS/2 ports for mouse and keyboard • One serial port • One parallel port • Ten USB ports (four back-panel USB2.0 ports, onboard USB headers providing six extra USB1.1 ports) • Audio jacks for microphone, line-in and line-out
Hardware Monitoring	Built-in hardware monitoring for CPU & System temperatures, fan speeds and mainboard voltages.
Onboard Flash ROM	Supports Plug and Play configuration of peripheral devices and expansion cards.

Choosing a Computer Case

There are many types of computer cases on the market. The mainboard complies with the specifications for the ATX system case. Some features on the mainboard are implemented by cabling connectors on the mainboard to indicators and switches on the system case. Ensure that your case supports all the features required. The mainboard can support one floppy diskette drive and four enhanced IDE drives. Ensure that your case has sufficient power and space for all the drives that you intend to install.

Most cases have a choice of I/O templates in the rear panel. Make sure that the I/O template in the case matches the I/O ports installed on the rear edge of the mainboard.

This mainboard has an ATX form factor of 30.5 x 22 cm. Choose a case that accommodates this form factor.

This concludes Chapter 1. The next chapter explains how to install the mainboard.

Mainboard Components

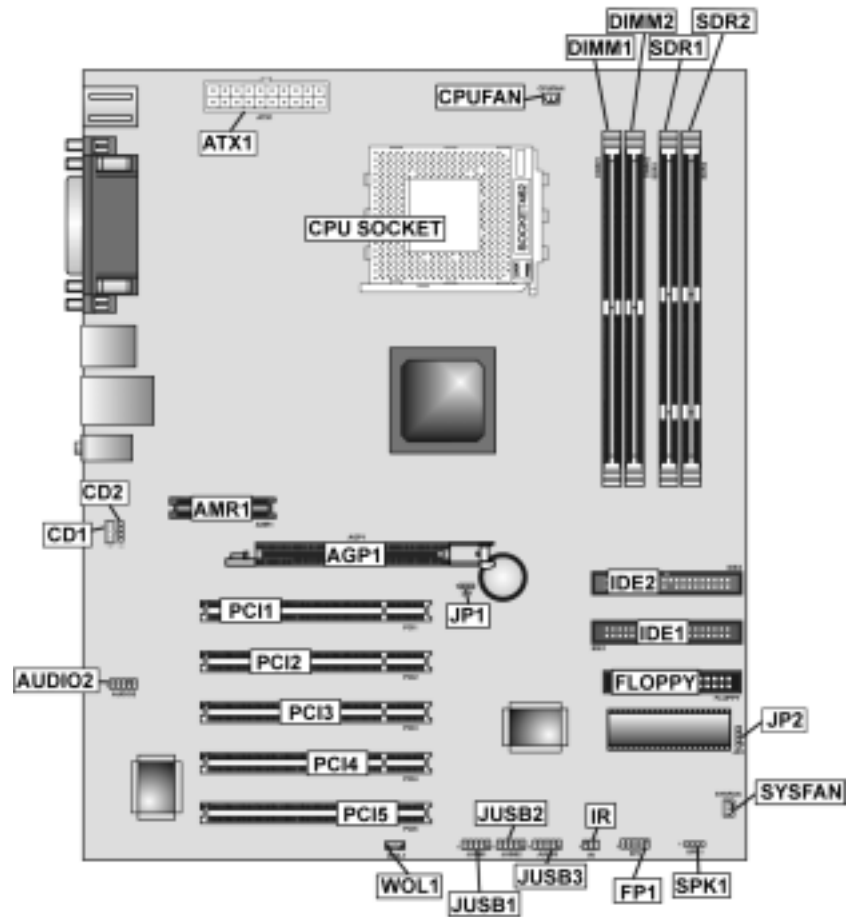


Table of Mainboard Components

Label	Component
AGP1	Accelerated Graphics Port slot
ATX1	Standard 20-pin ATX power connector
AMR1	Audio Modem Riser slot
AUDIO2	Front panel MIC/Speaker Out header
BAT1	Three volt realtime clock battery
CD1	Primary CD-in connector
CD2	Secondary CD-in connector
CPUFAN	Cooling fan for CPU
CPU Socket	Socket 462 for AMD Athlon/Duron CPUs
DDR1 ~ DDR2	Two 184-pin DDR memory modules
FLOPPY	Floppy disk drive connector
FP1	Panel connector for case switches and LEDs
IDE1	Primary IDE channel
IDE2	Secondary IDE channel
IR1	Infrared cable header
JP1	Clear CMOS Memory Jumper
JP2	Onboard LAN LED Connector
JUSB1 ~ JUSB3	Connectors for front panel USB ports
PCI1 ~ PCI5	Five 32-bit add-on card slots
SDR1 ~ SDR2	Two 168-pin SDRAM memory modules
SPK1	Internal speaker connector
SYSFAN	System Fan connector
WOL1	Wake On LAN header

This concludes Chapter 1. The next chapter explains how to install the mainboard.

Chapter 2

Installing the Mainboard

Safety Precautions

Follow these safety precautions when installing the mainboard:

- Wear a grounding strap attached to a grounded device to avoid damage from static electricity.
- Discharge static electricity by touching the metal case of a safely grounded object before working on the mainboard.
- Leave components in the static-proof bags they came in.
- Hold all circuit boards by the edges. Do not bend circuit boards.

Quick Guide

This Quick Guide suggests the steps you can take to assemble your system with the mainboards.

The following table provides a reference for installing specific components:

Locating Mainboard Components	Go to page 4
Installing the Mainboard in a Case	Go to page 7
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Installing the CPU	Go to page 12
Installing Memory	Go to page 14
Installing an HDD and CD-ROM Drive	Go to page 15
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Connecting Options	Go to page 19
Connecting Peripheral (I/O) Devices	Go to page 22

Installing the Mainboard in a Case

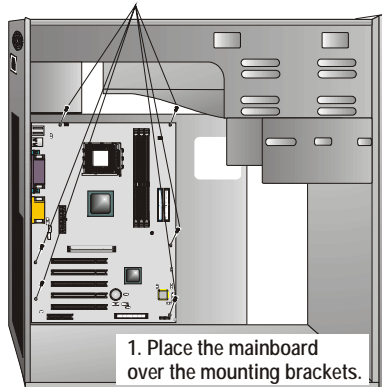
Refer to the following illustration and instructions for installing the mainboard in a case:

This illustration shows an example of a mainboard being installed in a tower-type case:

Note: Do not overtighten the screws as this can stress the mainboard.

Most system cases have mounting brackets installed in the case, which correspond to the holes in the mainboard. Place the mainboard over the mounting brackets and secure the mainboard onto the mounting brackets with screws.

2. Secure the mainboard with screws where appropriate.



Ensure that your case has an I/O template that supports the I/O ports and expansion slots on your mainboard.

Checking Jumper Settings

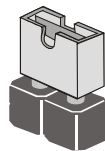
This section explains how to set jumpers for correct configuration of the mainboard.

Setting Jumpers

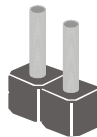
Use the mainboard jumpers to set system configuration options. Jumpers with more than one pin are numbered. When setting the jumpers, ensure that the jumper caps are placed on the correct pins.

The illustrations below show a 2-pin jumper. When the jumper cap is placed on both pins, the jumper is SHORT. If you remove the jumper cap, or place the jumper cap on just one pin, the jumper is OPEN.

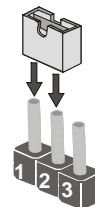
This illustration shows a 3-pin jumper. Pins 1 and 2 are SHORT.



Short

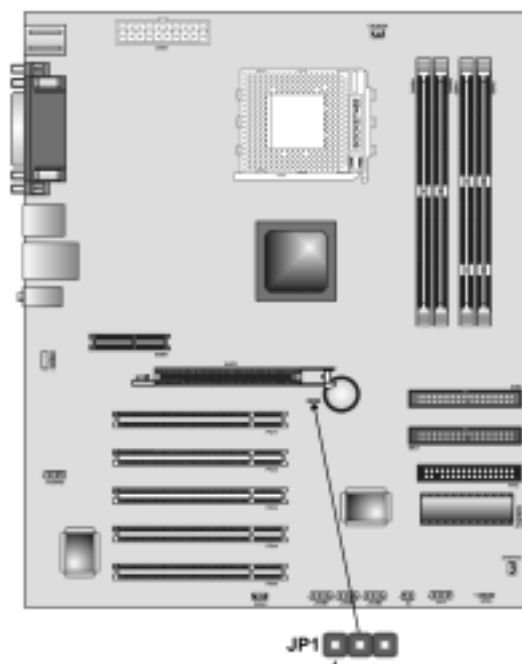


Open




Checking Jumper Settings

The following illustration shows the location of the mainboard jumpers. Pin 1 is labeled.



Jumper Settings

Jumper	Type	Description	Setting (default)
JP1	3-pin	Clear CMOS jumper	1-2: Clear CMOS 2-3: Normal

JP1
1 

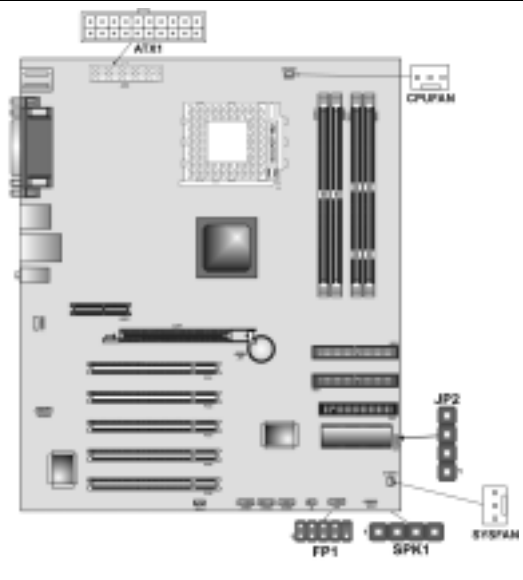
JP1: Clear CMOS Jumper

Use this jumper to clear the contents of the CMOS memory. You may need to clear the CMOS memory if the settings in the Setup Utility are incorrect and prevent your mainboard from operating. To clear the CMOS memory, disconnect all the power cables from the mainboard and then move the jumper cap into the CLEAR setting for a few seconds.

Connecting Case Components

After you have installed the mainboard into a case, you can begin connecting the mainboard components. Refer to the following:

1. Connect the standard power supply connector to **ATX1**.
2. Connect the CPU cooling fan cable to **CPUFAN**.
3. If there is a cooling fan installed in the system chassis, connect the cable from the cooling fan to the **SYSFAN** fan power connector on the mainboard.
4. Connect the case LAN LED cable to **JP2**.
5. Connect the case switches and indicator LEDs to the **FP1**.
6. Connect the case speaker cable to **SPK1**.



ATX1: ATX 20-pin Power Connector

Pin	Signal Name	Pin	Signal Name
1	+3.3V	11	+3.3V
2	+3.3V	12	-12V
3	Ground	13	Ground
4	+5V	14	PS ON#
5	Ground	15	Ground
6	+5V	16	Ground
7	Ground	17	Ground
8	PWRGD	18	+5V
9	+5VSB	19	+5V
10	+12V	20	+5V

CPUFAN/SYSFAN: FAN Power Connectors

Pin	Signal Name	Function
1	GND	System Ground
2	+12V	Power +12V
3	Sense	Sensor

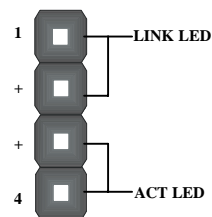
SPK1: Internal speaker header

Pin	Signal Name
1	SPKR
2	NC
3	Ground
4	+5V

JP2: LAN LED Indicator

This connector is attached to LAN device that needs a LED indicator.

Device	Pins
Link LED	1, +2
ACT LED	+3, 4



Note: The plus sign (+) indicates a pin which must be connected to a positive voltage.

Front Panel Connector

The front panel connector (FP1) provides a standard set of switch and LED connectors commonly found on ATX or micro-ATX cases. Refer to the table below for information:



FP1

Pin	Signal	Function	Pin	Signal	Function
1	HD_LED_P	Hard disk LED (positive)	2	FP PWR/SLP	MSG LED [dual color or single color (+)]
3	HD_LED_N	Hard disk active LED (negative)	4	FP PWR/SLP	MSG LED [dual color or single color (-)]
5	RST_SW_N	Reset Switch	6	PWR_SW_P	Power Switch
7	RST_SW_P	Reset Switch	8	PWR_SW_N	Power Switch
9	RSVD	Reserved	10	NC	No pin

Hard Drive Activity LED

Connecting pins 1 and 3 to a front panel mounted LED provides visual indication that data is being read from or written to the hard drive. For the LED to function properly, an IDE drive should be connected to the onboard IDE interface. The LED will also show activity for devices connected to the SCSI (hard drive activity LED) connector.

Power / Sleep / Message Waiting LED

Connecting pins 2 and 4 to a single- or dual-color, front panel mounted LED provides power on/off, sleep, and message waiting indication.

Reset Switch

Supporting the reset function requires connecting pins 5 and 7 to a momentary-contact switch that is normally open. When the switch is closed, the board resets and runs POST.

Power Switch

Supporting the power on/off function requires connecting pins 6 and 8 to a momentary-contact switch that is normally open. The switch should maintain contact for at least 50 ms to signal the power supply to switch on or off. The time requirement is due to internal debounce circuitry. After receiving a power on/off signal, at least two seconds elapses before the power supply recognizes another on/off signal.

Installing Hardware

Installing the Processor

Caution: When installing a CPU heatsink and cooling fan make sure that you DO NOT scratch the mainboard or any of the surface-mount resistors with the clip of the cooling fan. If the clip of the cooling fan scrapes across the mainboard, you may cause serious damage to the mainboard or its components.

On most mainboards, there are small surface-mount resistors near the processor socket, which may be damaged if the cooling fan is carelessly installed.

Avoid using cooling fans with sharp edges on the fan casing and the clips. Also, install the cooling fan in a well-lit work area so that you can clearly see the mainboard and processor socket.

Before installing the Processor

This mainboard automatically determines the CPU clock frequency and system bus frequency for the processor. You may be able to change these settings by making changes to jumpers on the mainboard, or changing the settings in the system Setup Utility. We strongly recommend that you do not overclock processors or other components to run faster than their rated speed.

Warning: Overclocking components can adversely affect the reliability of the system and introduce errors into your system. Overclocking can permanently damage the mainboard by generating excess heat in components that are run beyond the rated limits.

This mainboard has a Socket 462 processor socket. When choosing a processor, consider the performance requirements of the system. Performance is based on the processor design, the clock speed and system bus frequency of the processor, and the quantity of internal cache memory and external cache memory.

The following processors are currently supported by this mainboard.

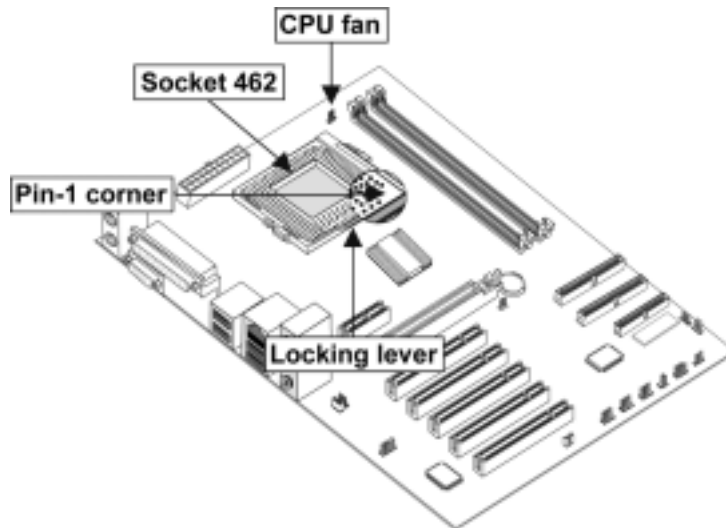
Athlon XP: up to 2600+, FSB: 266 MHz

Athlon: 650 MHz~1.4 GHz, FSB: 200 MHz, 266 MHz

Duron: 550 MHz~1.2GHz, FSB: 200 MHz

CPU Installation Procedure

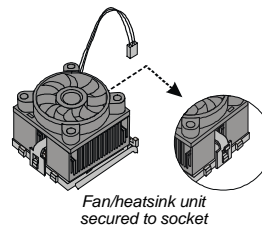
The following illustration shows CPU installation components:

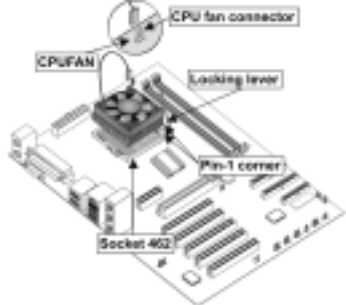


Note: The pin-1 corner is marked with an arrow ▼

Follow these instructions to install the CPU:

1.	Pull the CPU socket locking lever away from the socket to unhook it and raise the locking lever to the upright position.
2.	Match the corner on the CPU marked with an arrow with pin A-1 on the CPU socket (the corner with the pinhole noticeably missing). Insert the processor into the socket. Do not use force.
3.	Swing the locking lever down and hook it under the latch on the edge of the socket.
4.	Apply thermal grease to the top of the CPU.
5.	Lower the CPU cooling fan/heatsink assembly onto the CPU
6.	Secure the two retention clips on either side of the fan/heatsink unit onto the Socket 462 base.



<p>7. Connect the CPU Cooling Fan power cable connector to the CPUFAN connector.</p>	
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- Notes:**
- To achieve better airflow rates and heat dissipation, we suggest that you use a high quality fan with 4800 rpm at least.
 - CPU fan and heatsink installation procedures may vary with the type of CPU fan/heatsink supplied. The form and size of fan/heatsink may also vary.

Installing Memory Modules

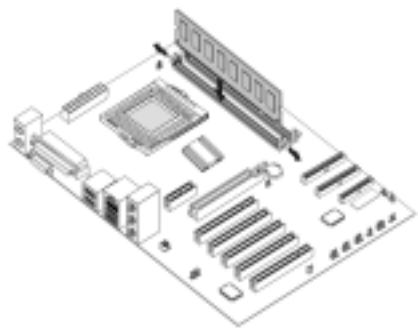
The mainboard has two 168-pin/184-pin DIMM sockets for SDRAM/DDR (Double Data Rate) SDRAM system memory modules. The maximum memory size is 1GB.

DDR SDRAM provides 800 MBps or 1 GBps data transfer depending on whether the bus is 100 MHz or 133 MHz. It doubles the rate to 1.6 GBps and 2.1 GBps by transferring data on both the rising and falling edges of the clock. DDR SDRAM uses additional power and ground lines and requires 184-pin 2.5V unbuffered DIMM module rather than the 168-pin 3.3V unbuffered DIMMs used by SDRAM.



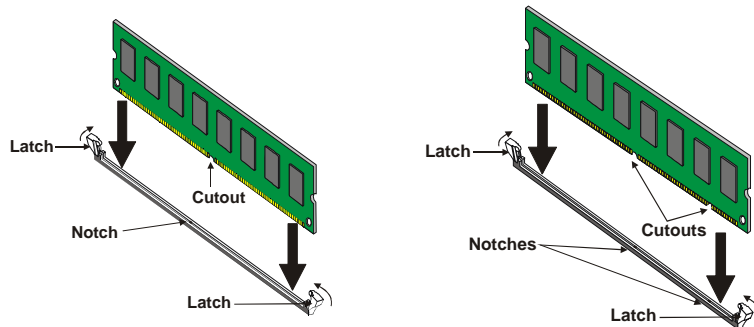
Do not remove any memory module from its antistatic packaging until you are ready to install it on the mainboard. Handle the modules only by their edges. Do not touch the components or metal parts. Always wear a grounding strap when you handle the modules.

Installation Procedure

<p>You must install at least one memory module in order to use the mainboard.</p> <hr/> <p>Note: You cannot use DDR SDRAM and SDRAM simultaneously.</p> <hr/>	
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Refer to the following to install the memory modules.

1. Push the latches on each side of the DIMM slot down.
2. Align the memory module with the slot. The DIMM slots are keyed with notches and the DIMMs are keyed with cutouts so that they can only be installed correctly.
3. Check that the cutouts on the DIMM module edge connector match the notches in the DIMM slot:



DDR SDRAM Module

SDRAM Module

4. Install the DIMM module into the slot and press it firmly down until it seats correctly. The slot latches are levered upwards and latch on to the edges of the DIMM.
5. Install any remaining DIMM modules.

Installing a Hard Disk Drive/CD-ROM

This section describes how to install IDE devices such as a hard disk drive and a CD-ROM drive.

About IDE Devices

Your mainboard has a primary and secondary IDE channel interface (IDE1 and IDE2). An IDE ribbon cable supporting two IDE devices is bundled with the mainboard.

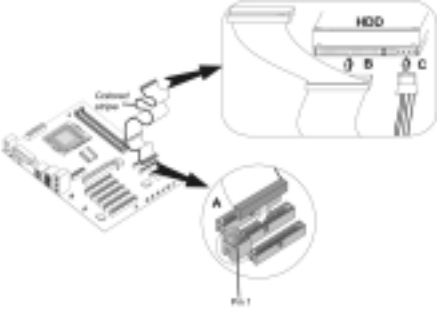
If you want to install more than two IDE devices, get a second IDE cable and you can add two more devices to the secondary IDE channel.

IDE devices have jumpers or switches that are used to set the IDE device as MASTER or SLAVE. Refer to the IDE device user's manual. When installing two IDE devices on one cable, ensure that one device is set to MASTER and the other device is set to SLAVE. The documentation of your IDE device explains how to do this.

About UltraDMA

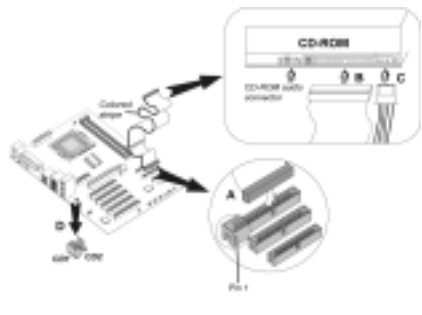
This mainboard supports UltraDMA 66/100. UDMA is a technology that accelerates the performance of devices in the IDE channel. To maximize performance, install IDE devices that support UDMA and use 80-pin IDE cables that support UDMA 66/100.

Installing a Hard Disk Drive

1. Install the hard disk drive into the drive cage in your system case.	
2. Plug the IDE cable into IDE1 (A): Note: Ribbon cable connectors are usually keyed so that they can only be installed correctly on the device connector. If the connector is not keyed, make sure that you match the pin-1 side of the cable connector with the pin-1 side of the device connector. Each connector has the pin-1 side clearly marked. The pin-1 side of each ribbon cable is always marked with a colored stripe on the cable.	
3. Plug an IDE cable connector into the hard disk drive IDE connector (B). It doesn't matter which connector on the cable you use.	
4. Plug a power cable from the case power supply into the power connector on the hard disk drive (C).	

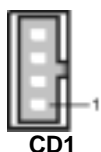
When you first start up your system, the BIOS should automatically detect your hard disk drive. If it doesn't, enter the Setup Utility and use the IDE Hard Disk Auto Detect feature to configure the hard disk drive that you have installed.

Installing a CD-ROM/DVD Drive

1. Install the CD-ROM/DVD drive into the drive cage in your system case.	
2. Plug the IDE cable into IDE1 (A). If you have already installed an HDD, use the other connector on the IDE cable. Note: Ribbon cable connectors are usually keyed so that they can only be installed correctly on the device connector. If the connector is not keyed, make sure that you match the pin-1 side of the cable connector with the pin-1 side of the device connector. Each connector has the pin-1 side clearly marked. The pin-1 side of each ribbon cable is always marked with a colored stripe on the cable.	
3. Plug an IDE cable connector into the CD-ROM/DVD drive IDE connector (B). It doesn't matter which connector on the cable you use.	

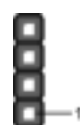
- | | |
|----|--|
| 4. | Plug a power cable from the case power supply into the power connector on the CD-ROM/DVD drive (C). |
| 5. | Use the audio cable provided with the CD-ROM/DVD drive to connect to the mainboard CD-in connector CD1 or CD2 (D). |

When you first start up your system, the BIOS should automatically detect your CD-ROM/DVD drive. If it doesn't, enter the Setup Utility and configure the CD-ROM/DVD drive that you have installed.



CD1

Pin	Signal Name
1	GND
2	CD IN R
3	GND
4	CD IN L



CD2

Pin	Signal Name
1	CD IN L
2	GND
3	GND
4	CD IN R

Installing a Floppy Diskette Drive

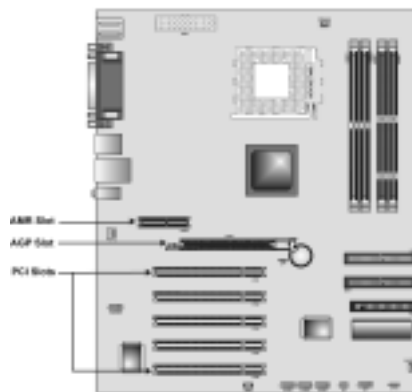
The mainboard has a floppy diskette drive (FLOPPY) interface and ships with a diskette drive ribbon cable that supports one or two floppy diskette drives. You can install a 5.25-inch drive and a 3.5-inch drive with various capacities. The floppy diskette drive cable has one type of connector for a 5.25-inch drive and another type of connector for a 3.5-inch drive.

- | | | |
|----|---|--|
| 1. | Install the FDD into the drive cage in your system case. | |
| 2. | Plug the FDD cable into FLOPPY (A):
Note: Ribbon cable connectors are usually keyed so that they can only be installed correctly on the device connector. If the connector is not keyed, make sure that you match the pin-1 side of the cable connector with the pin-1 side of the device connector. Each connector has the pin-1 side clearly marked. The pin-1 side of each ribbon cable is always marked with a colored stripe on the cable. | |
| 3. | Plug the correct connector on the FDD cable for the 5.25-inch or 3.5-inch drive into the FDD connector (B). | |
| 4. | Plug a power cable from the case power supply into the power connector on the FDD (C). | |

When you first start up your system, go immediately to the Setup Utility to configure the floppy diskette drives that you have installed.

Installing Add-on Cards

The slots in this mainboard are designed to hold expansion cards and connect them to the system bus. Expansion slots are a means of adding or enhancing the mainboard's features and capabilities. With these efficient facilities, you can increase the mainboard's capabilities by adding hardware which performs tasks that are not part of the basic system.



AGP Slot The AGP slot is used to install a graphics adapter that supports the 4xAGP specifications and has a 4xAGP edge connector.

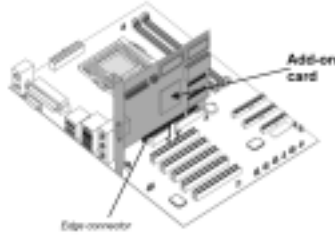
Note: The above layout is for reference only. The AGP slot may be different from your mainboard. Please refer to actual shipment.

PCI Slots PCI slots are used to install expansion cards that have the 32-bit PCI interface.

AMR Slot The AMR (Audio Modem Riser) slot is an industry standard slot that allows for the installation of a special audio/modem riser card. Different territories have different regulations regarding the specifications of a modem card. You can purchase an AMR card that is approved in your area and install it directly into the AMR slot.

Note: Before installing an add-on card, check the documentation for the card carefully. If the card is not Plug and Play, you may have to manually configure the card before installation.

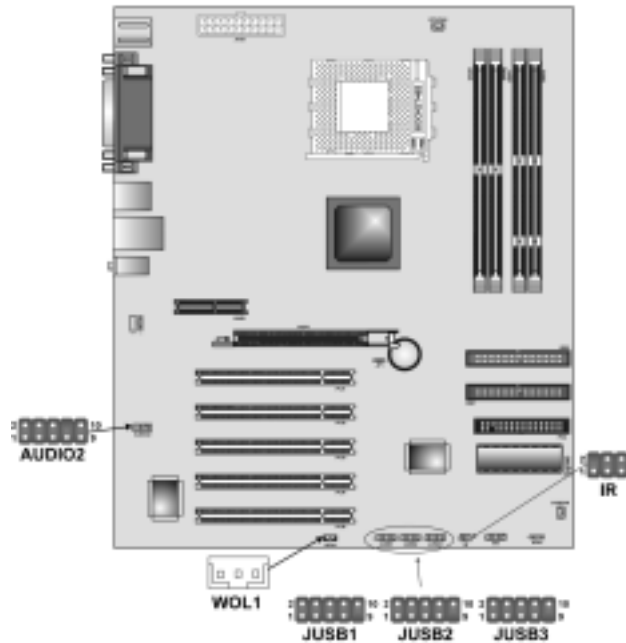
Follow these instructions to install an add-on card:

1. Remove a blanking plate from the system case corresponding to the slot you are going to use.	
2. Install the edge connector of the add-on card into the expansion slot. Ensure that the edge connector is correctly seated in the slot.	
3. Secure the metal bracket of the card to the system case with a screw.	

Note: For some add-on cards, for example graphics adapters and network adapters, you have to install drivers and software before you can begin using the add-on card.

Connecting Optional Devices

Refer to the following for information on connecting the mainboard's optional devices:



AUDIO2: Front Panel Audio header

This header allows the user to install auxiliary front-oriented microphone and line-out ports for easier access.

Pin	Signal Name	Function
1	AUD_MIC	Front Panel Microphone input signal
2	AUD_GND	Ground used by Analog Audio Circuits
3	AUD_MIC_BIAS	Microphone Power
4	AUD_VCC	Filtered +5 V used by Analog Audio Circuits
5	AUD_FPOUT_R	Right Channel Audio signal to Front Panel
6	AUD_RET_R	Right Channel Audio signal to Return from Front Panel
7	HP_ON	Reserved for future use to control Head-phone Amplifier
8	KEY	No Pin
9	AUD_FPOUT_L	Left Channel Audio signal to Front Panel
10	AUD_RET_L	Left Channel Audio signal Return from Front Panel

JUSB1/JUSB2/JUSB3: Front panel USB ports

The mainboard has four USB ports installed on the rear edge I/O port array. Additionally, some computer cases have USB ports at the front of the case. If you have this kind of case, use auxiliary USB connectors JUSB1, JUSB2 and JUSB3 to connect the front-mounted ports to the mainboard.

Pin	Signal Name	Function
1	VREG_FP_USBPWRO	Front Panel USB Power
2	VREG_FP_USBPWRO	Front Panel USB Power
3	USB_FP_P0-	USB Port 0 Negative Signal
4	USB_FP_P1-	USB Port 1 Negative Signal
5	USB_FP_P0+	USB Port 0 Positive Signal
6	USB_FP_P1+	USB Port 1 Positive Signal
7	GND	Ground
8	GND	Ground
9	KEY	No pin
10	USB_FP_OC0	Overcurrent signal

Note: Please make sure that the USB cable has the same pin assignment as indicated above. A different pin assignment may cause damage or system hang-up.

WOL1: Wake On LAN

If you have installed a LAN card, use the cable provided with the card to plug into the mainboard WOL1 connector. This enables the Wake On LAN (WOL) feature. When your system is in a power-saving mode, any LAN signal automatically resumes the system. You must enable this item using the Power Management page of the Setup Utility.

Pin	Signal Name	Function
1	5VSB	+5V stand by power
2	GND	Ground
3	Ring#	Wake up signal (high active)

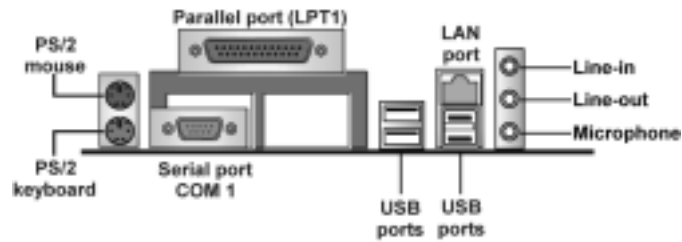
IR1: Infrared port

The mainboard supports an Infrared (IR1) data port. Infrared ports allow the wireless exchange of information between your computer and similarly equipped devices such as printers, laptops, Personal Digital Assistants (PDAs), and other computers.

Pin	Signal Name	Function
1	Not assigned	Not assigned
2	KEY	No pin
3	+5V	IR Power
4	GND	Ground
5	IRTX	IrDA serial output
6	IRRX	IrDA serial input

Connecting I/O Devices

The backplane of the mainboard has the following I/O ports:



PS/2 Mouse	Use the upper PS/2 port to connect a PS/2 pointing device.
PS/2 Keyboard	Use the lower PS/2 port to connect a PS/2 keyboard.
LPT1	Use LPT1 to connect printers or other parallel communications devices.
COM1	Use the COM ports to connect serial devices such as mice or fax/modems. COM1 is identified by the system as COM1/3. COM2 is identified by the system as COM2/4.
Audio Ports	Use the three audio ports to connect audio devices. The first jack is for stereo line-in signal. The second jack is for stereo line-out signal. The third jack is for microphone.
LAN Port	Connect an RJ-45 jack to the LAN port to connect your computer to the Network.
USB Ports	Use the USB ports to connect USB devices.

External Connector Color Coding

Many connectors now use standard colors as shown in the table below.

Connector	Color
Audio line-in	Light blue
Audio line-out	Lime
Digital monitor/flat panel	White
IEEE 1394	Grey
Microphone	Pink
MIDI/game	Gold
Parallel	Burgundy
PS/2-compatible keyboard	Purple
PS/2-compatible mouse	Green
Serial	Teal or Turquoise
Speaker out/subwoofer	Orange
Right-to-left speaker	Brown
USB	Black
Video out	Yellow
SCSI, network, telephone, modem	None

This concludes Chapter 2. The next chapter covers the BIOS.

Chapter 3

Using BIOS

About the Setup Utility

The computer uses the latest AMI BIOS with support for Windows Plug and Play. The CMOS chip on the mainboard contains the ROM setup instructions for configuring the mainboard BIOS.

The BIOS (Basic Input and Output System) Setup Utility displays the system's configuration status and provides you with options to set system parameters. The parameters are stored in battery-backed-up CMOS RAM that saves this information when the power is turned off. When the system is turned back on, the system is configured with the values you stored in CMOS.

The BIOS Setup Utility enables you to configure:

- Hard drives, diskette drives, and peripherals
- Video display type and display options
- Password protection from unauthorized use
- Power management features

The settings made in the Setup Utility affect how the computer performs. Before using the Setup Utility, ensure that you understand the Setup Utility options.

This chapter provides explanations for Setup Utility options.

The Standard Configuration

A standard configuration has already been set in the Setup Utility. However, we recommend that you read this chapter in case you need to make any changes in the future.

This Setup Utility should be used:

- when changing the system configuration
- when a configuration error is detected and you are prompted to make changes to the Setup Utility
- when trying to resolve IRQ conflicts
- when making changes to the Power Management configuration
- when changing the password or making other changes to the Security Setup

Running the Setup Utility

Each time your computer starts, before the operating system loads, a message appears on the screen that prompts you to “Hit if you want to run SETUP”. When you see this message, press the **Delete** key and the Main menu page of the Setup Utility appears on your monitor.

AMBIOS SIMPLE SETUP UTILITY – VERSION 1.21.11
(C) 2000 American Megatrends, Inc. All Rights Reserved

Standard CMOS Setup	Features Setup
Advanced Setup	CPU PnP Setup
Power Management Setup	Hardware Monitor
PCI / Plug and Play Setup	Change Password
Load Optimal Settings	Exit
Load Best Performance Settings	
Esc : Quit ↑ ↓ ← →: Select Item (Shift)F2 : Change Color F5 : Old Values F6 : Optimal values F7 : Best performance values F10 : Save&Exit	
Standard CMOS setup for changing time, date, hard disk type, etc.	

BIOS Navigation Keys

The BIOS navigation keys are listed below:

Key	Function
Esc	Exits the current menu
←↑↓→	Scrolls through the items on a menu
+/-/PU/PD	Modifies the selected field's values
F10	Saves the current configuration and exits setup
F1	Displays a screen that describes all key functions
F5	Loads previously saved values to CMOS
F6	Loads a minimum configuration for troubleshooting.
F7	Loads an optimum set of values for peak performance

Using BIOS

When you start the Setup Utility, the main menu appears. The main menu of the Setup Utility displays a list of the options that are available. A highlight indicates which option is currently selected. Use the cursor arrow keys to move the highlight to other options. When an option is highlighted, execute the option by pressing <Enter>.

Some options lead to pop-up dialog boxes that prompt you to verify that you wish to execute that option. Other options lead to dialog boxes that prompt you for information.

Some options (marked with a triangle ►) lead to submenus that enable you

to change the values for the option. Use the cursor arrow keys to scroll through the items in the submenu.

In this manual, default values are enclosed in parenthesis. Submenu items are denoted by a triangle ►.

Standard CMOS Features

Use this page to set basic information such as the date, the time, the IDE devices, and the diskette drives. If you press the F3 key, the system will automatically detect and configure the hard disks on the IDE channels.

AMIBIOS SETUP – STANDARD CMOS SETUP									
(C) 2000 American Megatrends, Inc. All Rights Reserved									
Date (mm/dd/yy) : Tue Dec 17, 2002									
Time (hh/mm/ss) : 18:56:30									
	Type	Size	Cyln	Head	WPcom	LBA	Blk	PIO	32Bit
Pri Master	: Auto				On	Sec	Mode	Mode	Mode
Pri Slave	: Auto				On				
Sec Master	: Auto				On				
Sec Slave	: Auto				On				
Floppy Drive A : 1.44 MB 3 1/2									
Floppy Drive B : Not Installed									
Month : Jan – Dec					ESC : Exit				
Day : 01 – 31					↑↓ : Select Item				
Year : 1901 – 2099					PU/PD/+/- : Modify				
					(Shift)F2 : Color				
					F3 : Detect All HDD				

Date & Time

Use these items to set the system date and time

Pri Master/Pri Slave/Sec Master/Sec Slave

Use these items to configure devices connected to the Primary and Secondary IDE channels. To configure an IDE hard disk drive, choose *Auto*. If the *Auto* setting fails to find a hard disk drive, set it to *User*, and then fill in the hard disk characteristics (Size, Cyls, etc.) manually. If you have a CD-ROM drive, select the setting *CDROM*. If you have an ATAPI device with removable media (e.g. a ZIP drive or an LS-120) select *Floptical*.

Floppy Drive A/Floppy Drive B

Use these items to set the size and capacity of the floppy diskette drive(s) installed in the system.

Advanced Setup Page

Use this page to set more advanced information about your system. Take some care with this page. Making changes can affect the operation of your computer.

AMIBIOS SETUP – ADVANCED SETUP (C) 2000 American Megatrends, Inc. All Rights Reserved			
Quick Boot	Enabled	Spread Spectrum	Disabled
1 st Boot Device	IDE-0	DOS Flat Mode	Disabled
2 nd Boot Device	Floppy	DRAM Driver Slow Rating	Disabled
3 rd Boot Device	CDROM	S2K I/O Compensation	Disabled
Try Other Boot Devices	Yes	Memory Termination	Disabled
S.M.A.R.T. for Hard Disks	Disabled		
BootUp Num-Lock	On		
Floppy Drive Swap	Disabled		
Floppy Drive Seek	Disabled		
Password Check	Setup		
Boot To OS/2 > 64MB	No	ESC : Quit	↑↓←→ : Select Item
L1 Cache	Enabled	F1 : Help	PU/PD/+/- : Modify
L2 Cache	Enabled	F5 : Old Values	(Shift)F2 : Color
System BIOS Cacheable	Enabled	F6 : Load BIOS Defaults	
Timing Setting Mode	Normal	F7 : Load Setup Defaults	
SDR/DDR CAS Latency	SPD		
Auto Detect DIMM/PCI Clk	Disabled		
Clk Gen Spread Spectrum	Disabled		

Quick Boot

If you enable this item, the system starts up more quickly by elimination of some of the power on test routines.

1st Boot Device/2nd Boot Device/3rd Boot Device

Use these items to determine the device order the computer uses to look for an operating system to load at start-up time.

Try Other Boot Device

If you enable this item, the system will also search for other boot devices if it fails to find an operating system from the first two locations.

S.M.A.R.T. for Hard Disks

Enable this item if any IDE hard disks support the S.M.A.R.T. (Self-Monitoring, Analysis and Reporting Technology) feature.

BootUp Num-Lock

This item determines if the Num Lock key is active or inactive at system start-up time.

Floppy Drive Swap

If you have two diskette drives installed and you enable this item, drive A becomes drive B and drive B becomes drive A.

Floppy Drive Seek

If you enable this item, your system will check all floppy disk drives at start up.

Disable this item unless you are using an old 360KB drive.

Password Check

If you have entered a password for the system, use this item to determine if the password is required to enter the Setup Utility (*Setup*) or required both at start-up and to enter the Setup Utility (*Always*).

Boot to OS/2 > 64MB

Enable this item if you are booting the OS/2 operating system and you have more than 64MB of system memory installed.

L1/L2 Cache

Leave these items enabled since all the processors that can be installed on this board have internal cache memory.

System BIOS Cacheable

If you enable this item, a segment of the system BIOS will be cached to main memory for faster execution.

Timing Setting Mode

Use this item to determine the timing setting mode of the memory. We recommend that you leave this item at the default value.

SDR/DDR CAS Latency

This item determines the operation of the SDRAM /DDR memory CAS (column address strobe). We recommend that you leave this item at the default value. The 2T setting requires faster memory that specifically supports this mode.

Auto Detect DIMM/PCI Clk

Use this item to enable the DIMMs or PCI slots to detect automatically device then generating clock.

Clk Gen Spread Spectrum

Use this item to enable the clock to generate spread spectrum.

DOS Flat Mode

This item enables BIOS to enter the DOS protected mode without other software supporting under the DOS operating system. We recommend you leave this item at the default value.

DRAM Driver Slow Rating

This item is to maintain the system stability. We recommend you to leave this item at the default value.

S2K I/O Compensation

This item is to maintain the system stability. We recommend you to leave this item at the default value.

Memory Termination

This item is to maintain the system stability. We recommend you to leave this

item at the default value.

Power Management Setup Page

This page sets some of the parameters for system power management operation.

AMIBIOS SETUP – POWER MANAGEMENT SETUP (C) 2000 American Megatrends, Inc. All Rights Reserved		
ACPI Aware O/S	Yes	
Power Management	Enabled	
Suspend Time Out	Disabled	
Hard Disk Time Out	Disabled	
PowerOn by LAN/Ring	Disabled	
RTC Alarm Power On	Disabled	ESC : Quit ↑↓←→ : Select Item
RTC Alarm Date	Every Day	F1 : Help PU/PD/+/- : Modify
RTC Alarm Hour	12	F5 : Old Values (Shift)F2 : Color
RTC Alarm Minute	30	F6 : Load Optimal values
RTC Alarm Second	00	F7 : Load Best performance values
KeyBoard PowerOn Function	Disabled	

ACPI Aware O/S

Enable this item if you are using an O/S that supports ACPI function such as Windows 98/ME /2000.

Power Management

Use this item to select a power management scheme. Both APM and ACPI are supported.

Suspend Time Out

This sets the timeout for Suspend mode in minutes. If the time selected passes without any system activity, the computer will enter power-saving Suspend mode.

Hard Disk Time Out

This sets the timeout to power down the hard disk drive, if the time selected passes without any hard disk activity.

PowerOn by LAN/Ring

The system can be turned off with a software command, and enter a software power down. Enable this item that the system can automatically resume if there is an incoming call on the Fax/Modem, or there is traffic on the network adapter.

RTC Alarm Power On / Date / Hour / Minute / Second

The system can be turned off with a software command. If you enable this item, the system can automatically resume at a fixed time based on the system's RTC (realtime clock). Use the items below this one to set the date and time of the wake-up alarm. You must use an ATX power supply in order to use this feature.

KeyBoard Power On Function

If you enable this item, you can turn the system on and off by pressing hot keys on the keyboard. You must enable the Keyboard Power On jumper and use an ATX power supply in order to use this feature.

PCI / Plug and Play Setup

This page sets some of the parameters for devices installed on the PCI bus and devices that use the system plug and play capability.

AMIBIOS SETUP - PCI / PLUG AND PLAY SETUP (C) 2000 American Megatrends, Inc. All Rights Reserved	
Plug and Play Aware O/S	Yes
AGP 4X Control	Enabled
Primary Graphics Adapter	AGP
Allocate IRQ to PCI VGA	Yes
PCI IDE BusMaster	Disabled
ESC : Quit ↑↓←→ : Select Item	
F1 : Help PU/PD/+/- : Modify	
F5 : Old Values (Shift)F2 : Color	
F6 : Load BIOS Defaults	
F7 : Load Setup Defaults	

Plug and Play Aware O/S

Enable this item if you are using an O/S that supports Plug and Play such as Windows 95/98/ME.

AGP 4X Control

This item enables or disables the AGP 4X function.

Primary Graphics Adapter

This item indicates if the primary graphics adapter uses the PCI or the AGP bus. The default PCI setting still lets the onboard display work and allows the use of a second display card installed in a PCI slot.

Allocate IRQ to PCI VGA

If this item is enabled, an IRQ will be assigned to the PCI VGA graphics system. You set this value to No to free up an IRQ.

PCI IDE BusMaster

This item enables or disables the DMA under DOS mode. We recommend you to leave this item at the default value.

Load Optimal Settings

If you select this item and press **Enter** a dialog box appears. If you press **Y**, and then **Enter**, the Setup Utility loads a set of fail-safe default values. These default values are not very demanding and they should allow your system to function with most kinds of hardware and memory chips.

Note: It is highly recommended that users enter this option to load optimal values for accessing the best performance.

Load Best Performance Settings

If you select this item and press **Enter** a dialog box appears. If you press **Y**, and then **Enter**, the Setup Utility loads a set of best-performance default values. These default values are quite demanding and your system might not function properly if you are using slower memory chips or other low-performance components.

Features Setup Page

This page sets some of the parameters for peripheral devices connected to the system.

AMBIOS SETUP – FEATURES SETUP (C) 2000 American Megatrends, Inc. All Rights Reserved		
OnBoard FDC	Enabled	
OnBoard Serial PortA	3F8h/COM1	
OnBoard Serial PortB	2F8h/COM2	
Serial Port2 Mode	Normal	
OnBoard Parallel Port	378h	
Parallel Port Mode	SPP	
Parallel Port IRQ	7	
Parallel Port DMA	N/A	
OnBoard Game Port	201h	ESC : Quit ↑↓←→ : Select Item
OnBoard MIDI Port	300h	F1 : Help PU/PD/+/- : Modify
MIDI Port IRQ	10	F5 : Old Values (Shift) F2 : Color
OnBoard PCI IDE	Both	F6 : Load BIOS Defaults
OnBoard AC'97 Sound	Enabled	F7 : Load Setup Defaults
OnBoard AC'97 Modem	Enabled	
OnBoard LAN	Enabled	
USB Function Support	Enabled	
USB Function for DOS	Disabled	
ThumbDrive Support for DOS	Disabled	

OnBoard FDC

Use this item to enable or disable the onboard floppy disk drive interface.

OnBoard Serial PortA/B

Use these items to enable or disable the onboard COM1/2 serial port, and to assign a port address.

Serial Port2 Mode

Use this item to allocate the resources of the second serial port. Under Normal, the resources are allocated to the onboard serial port. Under ASKIR or

IrDA, the resources are allocated to the onboard IR port.

Onboard Parallel Port

Use this item to enable or disable the onboard LPT1 parallel port, and to assign a port address. The Auto setting will detect and available address.

Parallel Port Mode

Use this item to set the parallel port mode. You can select SPP (Standard Parallel Port), ECP (Extended Capabilities Port), EPP (Enhanced Parallel Port), or ECP + EPP.

Parallel Port IRQ

Use this item to assign either IRQ 5 or 7 to the parallel port.

Parallel Port DMA

Use this item to assign a DMA channel to the parallel port. The options are 0, 1 and 3.

OnBoard Game Port

Use this item to enable or disable the onboard Game port.

OnBoard MIDI Port

Use this item to enable or disable the onboard MIDI port, and to assign a port address.

MIDI Port IRQ

Use this item to assign an IRQ to the MIDI port.

Onboard PCI IDE

Use this item to enable or disable either or both of the onboard Primary and Secondary IDE channels.

Onboard AC'97 Sound

This item enables or disables the onboard AC'97 audio chip.

Onboard AC'97 Modem

This item enables or disables the onboard AC'97 modem chip.

Onboard LAN

This item enables or disables the onboard Ethernet LAN.

USB Function Support

Enable this item if you plan to use the USB ports on this mainboard.

USB Function for DOS

Enable this item if you plan to use the USB ports on this mainboard in a DOS environment.

ThumbDrive Support for DOS

Enable this item to make a small portion of memory storage device for the USB ports.

CPU PnP Setup Page

This page lets you manually configure the mainboard for the CPU. The system will automatically detect the kind of CPU that you have installed and make the appropriate adjustments to the items on this page.

AMIBIOS SETUP – CPU PnP Setup Page (C) 2000 American Megatrends, Inc. All Rights Reserved	
CPU Brand	AMD K7
CPU Type	Athlon
CPU Speed	700MHz
CPU Core Voltage	1.700 V
CPU Ratio	7.0
CPU Frequency	100MHz
DRAM Frequency	100MHz
ESC : Quit ↑↓←→ : Select Item F1 : Help PU/PD/+/- : Modify F5 : Old Values (Shift)F2 : Color F6 : Load Optimal values F7 : Load Best performance values	

CPU Brand/Type/Core Voltage/Ratio/Frequency

These items show the kind, core voltage, ratio and frequency of CPU that has installed in your system.

CPU Speed

Use this item to set the CPU speed that has installed in your system.

DRAM Frequency

Use this item to set the frequency of DRAM that has installed in your system.

Note: If you manually set the wrong speed and the system won't run properly, press the **Page Up** key while the system is booting and a default setting will replace the incorrect CPU setting.

Hardware Monitor Page

This page sets some of the parameters for the hardware monitoring function of this mainboard.

AMIBIOS SETUP – Hardware Monitor Page (C) 2000 American Megatrends, Inc. All Rights Reserved		
--- System Hardware ---		
Vcore	2.000 V	
Vcc2.5V	2.500 V	
Vcc3.3V	3.300 V	
Vcc5V	5.000 V	
+12V	12.000 V	
SB3V	3.300 V	
SB5V	5.000 V	
VBAT	3.300 V	
System Fan Speed		ESC : Quit ↑↓←→ : Select Item
CPU Fan Speed		F1 : Help PU/PD/+/- : Modify
System Temperature		F5 : Old Values (Shift)F2 : Color
CPU Temperature	30°C/86°F	F6 : Load Optimal values
		F7 : Load Best Performance Values

Voltage Measurements & FAN Speeds

These items indicate cooling fan speeds in RPM and the various system voltage measurements.

System / CPU Temperature

These items display CPU and system temperature measurement.

Change Password

If you highlight this item and press **Enter**, a dialog box appears which lets you enter a Supervisor password. You can enter no more than six letters or numbers. Press **Enter** after you have typed in the password. A second dialog box asks you to retype the password for confirmation. Press **Enter** after you have retyped it correctly. The password is then required to access the Setup Utility or for that and at start-up, depending on the setting of the Password Check item in Advanced Setup.

Change or Remove the Password

Highlight this item, press **Enter** and type in the current password. At the next dialog box, type in the new password, or just press **Enter** to disable password protection.

Exit

Highlight this item and press **Enter** to save the changes that you have made in the Setup Utility configuration and exit the program. When the Save and Exit dialog box appears, press **Y** to save and exit, or press **N** to exit without

Chapter 4

Using the Mainboard Software

About the Software CD-ROM

The support software CD-ROM that is included in the mainboard package contains all the drivers and utility programs needed to properly run the bundled products. Below you can find a brief description of each software program, and the location for your mainboard version. More information on some programs is available in a README file, located in the same directory as the software.

Note: Never try to install software from a folder that is not specified for use with your mainboard.

Before installing any software, always inspect the folder for files named README.TXT, INSTALL.TXT, or something similar. These files may contain important information that is not included in this manual.

Auto-installing under Windows 98/ME/2000/XP

The Auto-install CD-ROM makes it easy for you to install the drivers and software for your mainboard.

Note: If the Auto-install CD-ROM does not work on your system, you can still install drivers through the file manager for your OS (for example, Windows Explorer). Refer to Utility Folder Installation Notes later in this chapter.

The support software CD-ROM disc loads automatically under Windows 98/ME/2000/XP. When you insert the CD-ROM disc in the CD-ROM drive, the autorun feature will automatically bring up the install screen. The screen has three buttons on it, Setup, Browse CD and Exit.



Note: If the opening screen doesn't appear, double-click the file "setup.exe" in the root directory.

Setup Tab

Setup	Click the Setup button to run the software installation program. Select from the menu which software you want to install.
Browse CD	<p>The Browse CD button is the standard Windows command that allows you to open Windows Explorer and show the contents of the support CD.</p> <p>Before installing the software from Windows Explorer, look for a file named README.TXT, INSTALL.TXT or something similar. This file may contain important information to help you install the software correctly.</p> <p>Some software is installed in separate folders for different operating systems, such as DOS, WIN NT, or WIN98/95. Always go to the correct folder for the kind of OS you are using.</p> <p>To install the software, execute a file named SETUP.EXE or INSTALL.EXE by double-clicking the file and then following the instructions on the screen.</p>
Exit	The Exit button closes the Auto Setup window.

Application Tab

Lists the software utilities that are available on the CD.

Read Me Tab

Displays the path for all software and drivers available on the CD.

Running Setup

Follow these instructions to install device drivers and software for the mainboard:

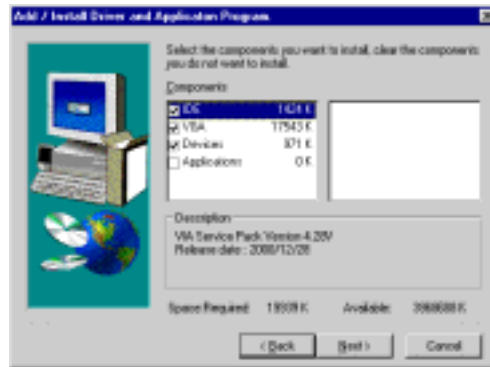
1. Click **Setup**. The installation program begins:



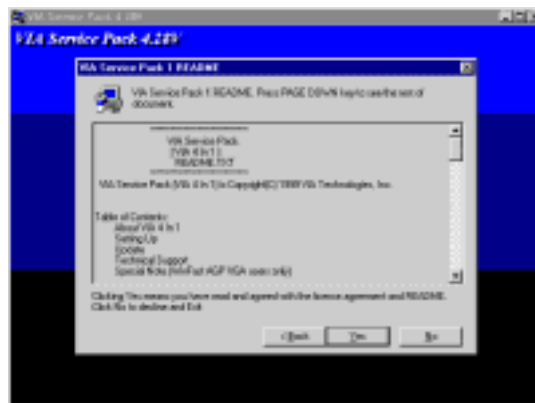
Note: The following screens are examples only. The screens and driver lists will be different according to the mainboard you are installing.

The mainboard identification is located in the upper left-hand corner.

2. Click **Next**. The following screen appears:



3. Check the box next to the items you want to install. The default options are recommended.
4. Click **Next** run the Installation Wizard. An item installation screen appears:



5. Follow the instructions on the screen to install the items.

Drivers and software are automatically installed in sequence. Follow the on-screen instructions, confirm commands and allow the computer to restart a few times to complete the installation.

Manual Installation

Insert the CD in the CD-ROM drive and locate the PATH.DOC file in the root directory. This file contains the information needed to locate the drivers for your mainboard.

Look for the chipset and mainboard model; then browse to the directory and path to begin installing the drivers. Most drivers have a setup program (SETUP.EXE) that automatically detects your operating system before installation. Other drivers have the setup program located in the operating system subfolder.

If the driver you want to install does not have a setup program, browse to the operating system subfolder and locate the readme text file (README.TXT or README.DOC) for information on installing the driver or software for your operating system.

Utility Software Reference

All the utility software available from this page is Windows compliant. They are provided only for the convenience of the customer. The following software is furnished under license and may only be used or copied in accordance with the terms of the license.

Note: These software(s) are subject to change at anytime without prior notice. Please refer to the support CD for available software.

AWARD Flash Memory Utility

This utility lets you erase the system BIOS stored on a Flash Memory chip on the mainboard, and lets you copy an updated version of the BIOS to the chip. Proceed with caution when using this program. If you erase the current BIOS and fail to write a new BIOS, or write a new BIOS that is incorrect, your system will malfunction. Refer to Chapter 3, *Using BIOS* for more information.

WinFlash Utility

The Award WinFlash utility is a Windows version of the DOS Award BIOS flash writer utility. The utility enables you to flash the system BIOS stored on a Flash Memory chip on the mainboard while in a Windows environment. This utility is currently available for WINXP\ME\2000\98SE. To install the WinFlash utility, run WINFLASH.EXE from the following directory:

UTILITY\WINFLASH 1.51

PC-CILLIN 2002

The PC-CILLIN 2002 software program provides anti-virus protection for your system. This program is available for Windows 2000/ME/98SE/XP and Windows NT. Be sure to check the readme.txt and install the appropriate anti-virus software for your operating system.

We strongly recommend users to install this free anti-virus software to help protect your system against viruses.

MediaRing Talk – Telephony Software

To install the MediaRing Talk voice modem software for the built-in modem, go to the directory \UTILITY\MEDIARING TALK, then run MRTALK-SETUP72.EXE to install the application software.

Super Voice – Fax/Modem Software

To install the Super Voice voice, fax, data communication application for use with the built-in fax/modem, go the directory \UTILITY\SUPER_VOICE, then run PICSHELL.EXE to install the application software.

PageABC

The PageABC application software enables you to create your very own home page. To install the PageABC, go to the directory \UTILITYPageABC, and then run SETUP.EXE to install the application software.

This concludes Chapter 4.