

TABLE OF CONTENT

Chapter 1

| | |
|----------------------|---|
| 1-1 Preface..... | 1 |
| 1-2 Key Feature..... | 1 |

Chapter 2

| | |
|---|----------|
| Hardware Installation..... | 3 |
| 2-1 Unpacking..... | 3 |
| 2-2 The Diagram of 610BF/612BF..... | 4 |
| 2-3 Quick Reference for Jumpers, Connectors & Expansion Socket..... | 5 |
| 2-4 Installation Steps..... | 6 |
| 2-5 Jumper Settings..... | 6 |
| 2-6 System Memory (DRAM)..... | 8 |
| 2-7 Central Processing Unit (CPU)..... | 8 |
| 2-8 Expansion Cards..... | 9 |
| 2-9 External Connectors..... | 10 |

Chapter 3

| | |
|--|-----------|
| AWARD BIOS SETUP..... | 16 |
| 3-1 STANDARD CMOS SETUP..... | 17 |
| 3-2 BIOS FEATURES SETUP..... | 20 |
| 3-3 Advanced Chipset Features Setup..... | 22 |
| 3-4 Integrated Peripherals..... | 24 |
| 3-5 POWER MANAGE MENT SETUP | 27 |
| 3-6 PNP/PCI CONFIGURATION SETUP..... | 29 |
| 3-7 PC Health Status..... | 31 |
| 3-8 Frequency/Voltage Control..... | 31 |
| 3-9 Defaults Menu..... | 32 |
| 3-10 Supervisor/User Password Setting..... | 32 |
| 3-11 EXIT Selecting..... | 33 |
| 3-12 POST Messages..... | 33 |
| 3-13 POST Codes..... | 37 |

Chapter 4

| | |
|--|-----------|
| 610BF/612BF Driver Installation..... | 43 |
| 4-1 Software Installation | 43 |
| 4-2 Keyboard Password/Hot-Key/PS/2 Mouse Power On..... | 44 |

Chapter 1

1-1 Preface

Thank you for chosen [610BF/612BF](#) mainboard. It is a multifunction motherboard with most flexibility you can find in today's computer market. The motherboard integrate Celeron™ (PPGA) processor interface into a compact PC/AT compatible system along with PCI local bus and the most recent interface AMR (Audio/Modem/ Riser card). Moreover, this motherboard using newest DDM (Dynamic Display Memory) architecture to increase systems display performance and many other new feature that meets future specification.

1-2 Key Feature

The [610BF/612BF](#) are design for the PC user who wants highest possible quality and value in a small package . This motherboard include:

- **Support Jumpless solution,can setting Front Side Bus Frequency (CPU Host Clock) ,and CPU ratio in BIOS SETUP “Frequency / Volotage Control“.**
- **Built-In High performance 3D AGP VGA:**
 - * Support 1MB share memory for VGA.
 - * Include 4MB Display Cache (For [612BF](#) only).
 - * 3D Hyper Pipelined Architecture.
 - * 3D Graphics Visual Enhancements.
 - * 3D Graphics Texturing Enhancements.
 - * Up to 1600x1200 in 8-bit Color at 85Hz Refresh.
 - * H/W Motion Compensation Assistance for S/W MPEG2 Decode.
 - * Software DVD at 30fps.
- **Built-In High performance 3D Audio:**
 - * Fully Compliant AC97 Analog I/O Component.
 - * 48-Terminal TQFP package.
 - * Multibit $\Sigma\Delta$ Converter Arhitecture for improved S/N ratio greater than 90dB.
 - * 16-Bit Stereo Full-Duplex Codec.
 - * 4 Analog Line-Level Stereo Input.
 - * High Quality CD Input with Ground Sense.
 - * Stereo Line Level Output.
- **Multi-Speed Support :** Provide 66/75/83/95/100/112/117/124/133MHz Front Side Bus Frequency to support Intel Celeron PPGA on a ZIF socket 370 interface.
- **Chipset:** Intel 810L Chiset for [610BF](#); Intel 810 DC-100 Chipset for [612BF](#).
- **DRAM Memory Support:** support two 168-pin DIMMS(3.3V)from a memory size between 8MB to 256MB using 16Mb/64Mb technology (512MB using 128Mb technology).
- **AMR and PCI expansion Slots:** Provide one AMR slot, four PCI slot.
- **Super Multi-I/O:** Provides two high-Speed UART compatible serial ports and one parallel port with EPP and ECP capabilities. Two floppy drives of either 5.25” or 3.5” (1.44MB or 2.88MB) are also supported without an external card.

-
-
- **PCI Bus Master IDE Controller and ULTR DMA 33, 33/66 (for 612BF only)** : On-board PCI Bus Master IDE controller with two connectors that supports four IDE devices in two channels, provides faster data transfer rates, and supports Enhanced IDE devices such as Tape Backup, CD-ROM , ZIP、 LS-120 Drives. This controller also supports PIO Modes and Bus Master IDE DMA 33/66 MB/S.
 - **ACPI supporting for OS Directed Power Management**
 - Keyboard /PS/2 Mouse Power On:** When use ATX power supply and JP6 1-2 closed, choose power on function by password in BIOS , can control power supply on by keyboard instead of power button .
 - Ring-in Wake up:** When Ring-In the system can wake up from SMI Mode.
 - Ring-in Power On:** When Ring-In the system can power on automatic by this function.
 - Wake on Lan:** When Wake on Lan the system can power on automatic by this function.
 - RTC Power On:** Enabled RTC Power On function, you can setting RTC alarm to power on the system at the time length you setting .
 - Power Button:** Press the button will place the system power on/off.
 - Support Software Power OFF Function.**
 - **Power Support:** Efficient PWM switching power instead of traditional Linear Voltage Regulator to prevent power component from being burned-out.
 - **Meets PC99 Requirements.**
 - **Optional IRDA and PS/2:** This motherboard supports an dedicated 16C550 standard UART,supporting infrared communication module for wireless interface and PS/2 mouse cable set.
 - **USB Port Connector:** This motherboard supports two USB port connectors for USB devices.
 - **PC Health Monitoring** : To track PC CPU temperature, system voltage and fan speed. When current temperature over warning temperature system will have alarm to warning.
 - **AC recovery ON/OFF control by BIOS**
 - **Baby AT Form Factor:** Dimensions 22cm x 22cm.

Chapter 2

Hardware Installation

2-1 Unpacking

This mainboard package should contain the following:

- The 610BF/612BF mainboard
- USER'S MANUAL for mainboard
- Cable set for IDE x1, Floppy x1 ,COM x1
- CD for Drivers PACK

The mainboard contains sensitive electronic components which can be easily damaged by electron-static, so the mainboard should be left in its original packing until it is installed.

Unpacking and installation should be done on a grounded anti-static mat.

The operator should be wearing an anti static wristband, grounded at the same point as the anti-static mat.

Inspect the mainboard carton for obvious damage. Shipping and handling may cause damage to your board. Be sure there are no shipping and handling damages on the board before proceeding.

After opening the mainboard carton, extract the system board and place it only on a grounded anti-static surface component side up. Again inspect the board for damage.

Press down on all of the socket IC's to make sure that they are properly inserted. Do this only on with the board placed on a firm flat surface.

Warning: Do not apply power to the board if it has been damaged.

You are now ready to install your mainboard. The mounting hole pattern on the mainboard matches the IBM-AT system board.

It is assumed that the chassis is designed for a standard IBM™ XT/AT™ main board mounting. Place the chassis on the anti-static mat and remove the cover.

Take the plastic clips, Nylon stand-off and screws for mounting the system board, and keep them separate.

2-2 610BF/612BF Motherboard Diagram

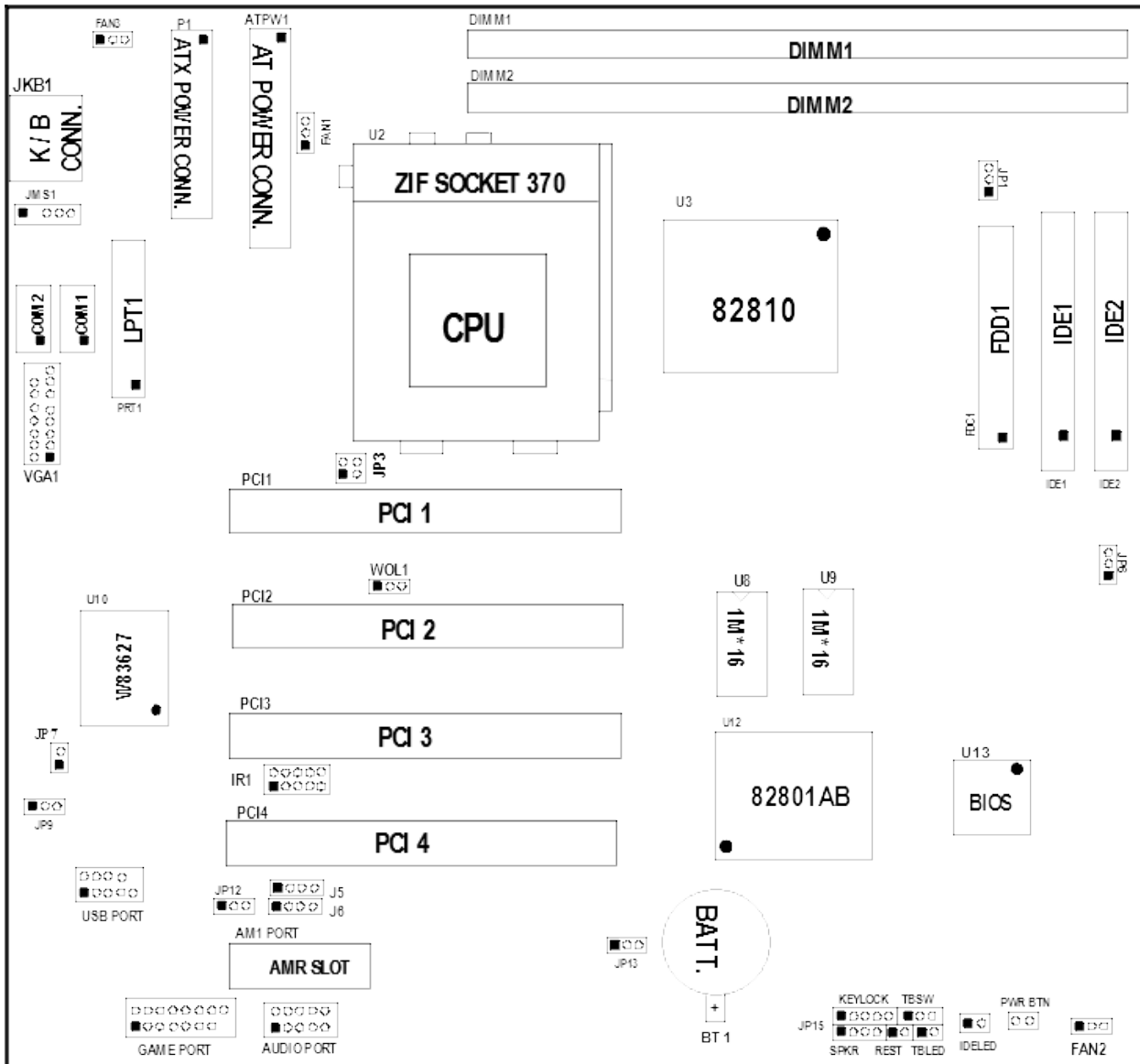


Figure 2-1

2.3 Quick Reference for Jumpers, Connectors & Expansion Socket

Jumpers

| Jumper | Name | Description | Page |
|--------|--|---|------|
| JP1 | CPU Bus Frequency Selection | 1-2 :100MHZ , 2-3:66MHz | p. 6 |
| JP3 | V I/O Voltage | 1- 2 :For V I/O 3.45V (Default) 3-4 :For V I/O 3.52V | p.7 |
| JP6 | Keyboard Power on Function (K.B.Voltage) | 1-2 : 5VSB for ATX Power Supply 2-3 : VCC | p. 8 |
| JP7 | Case cover open detection | 2-Pin Block | p. 7 |
| JP9 | Clear Keyboard Power On Password setting | 1-2 Default ; 2-3 Clear Password | p. 7 |
| JP12 | Codec Master/Slave Mode Control | 1-2 Master ; 2-3 slave | p. 7 |
| JP13 | CMOS RAM Clear | 1-2 Default for R.T.C. ; 2-3 Reset R.T.C. | p. 6 |

Connectors

| Connector | Name | Description | Page |
|-------------------|---------------------------|---|------|
| JKB1 | Keyboard Connector | 5-Pin Female | p.10 |
| USB PORT | USB Port Connector | 10-Pin Block | p.13 |
| JMS1 | PS/2 MouseConnector | 6-Pin Block | p.11 |
| COM1,COM2 | Serial Port COMA&COMB | 10-Pin Block | p.11 |
| LPT1 | Parallel Port Connector | 26-Pin Block | p.11 |
| FDD1 | Floppy Driver Connector | 34-Pin Block | p.11 |
| IDE1 | Primary IDE Connector | 40-Pin Block | p.12 |
| IDE2 | Secondary IDE Connector | 40-Pin Block | p.12 |
| VGA1 | VGA Connector | 16-pin Block | p.14 |
| FAN1 FAN2,FAN3 | FAN Connector | 1-2 12V Power Connector 2-3 ACPI FAN power control Connector | p.13 |
| IR1 | Infrared Module Connector | 10-Pin Block | p.13 |
| P1 | AT Power Connector | 12-Pin Block | p.10 |
| ATPW1 | ATX power Connector | 20-Pin Block | p.10 |
| IDELED | IDE activity LED | 2-Pin Connector | p.12 |
| JP15 | Front Panel Connector | 16-Pin Block | p.13 |
| PWRBTN | ATX power button | 2-pin Connector Connector | p.14 |
| Audio Port | Audio connector | 10-pin Connector | p.14 |
| Game Port | Game port connector | 16-pin connector | p.14 |
| J5 | CD-Audio/ Sony | 4-pin Block | p.15 |
| J6 | CD-Audio/ Panasonic | 4-pin Block | p.15 |
| WOL1 | Wake On Lan | 3-pin Block | P.15 |

Expansion Sockets

| Socket/Slot | Name | Description |
|-----------------------|--------------------|---|
| DIMM1,DIMM2, | DIMM Module Socket | 168-Pins DIMM SDRAM Module Expansion Socket |
| Zip Socket370 | CPU Socket | Celeron PPGA CPU Socket |
| AMR1 | AMR SLOT | Modem Riser Card |
| PCI1, PCI2,PCI3 ,PCI4 | PCI Slot | 32-bits PCI Local Bus Expansion slots |

2-4 Installation Steps

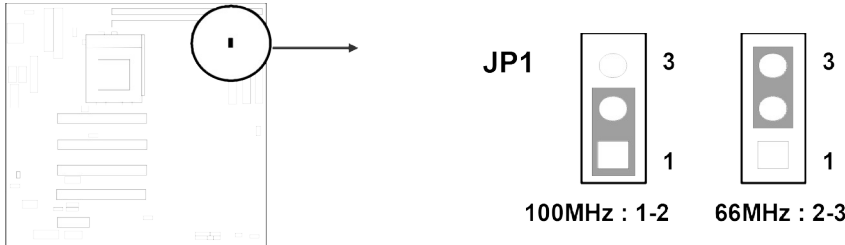
Before using your computer, you must follow the steps as follows:

1. Set Jumpers on the Motherboard
2. Install the CPU

3. Install DRAM Modules
4. Install Expansion card
5. Connect Cables, Wires, and Power Supply

2-5 Jumper Settings

1. CPU Bus Frequency Selection : JP1



- ※ Users also can setting the CPU Bus frequency and CPU ratio in the “Frequency / Voltage Control” of BIOS SETUP.

Table for the Socket370 Cpu

| CPU Type | CPU Clock | Ratio | CPU Frequency |
|------------------|-----------|-------|---------------|
| Celeron-300/300A | 66 MHz | 4.5X | 300 MHz |
| Celeron-333 | 66 MHz | 5.0X | 333 MHz |
| Celeron-366 | 66 MHz | 5.5X | 366 MHz |
| Celeron-400 | 66 MHz | 6.0X | 400 MHz |
| Celeron-433 | 66 MHz | 6.5X | 433 MHz |
| Celeron-466 | 66 MHz | 7.0X | 466 MHz |

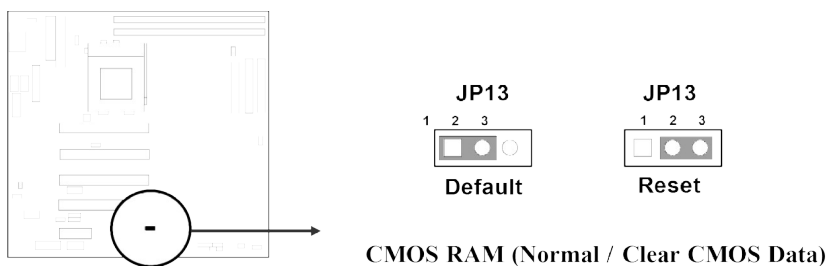
- ※ Before install CPU please check the CPU Sepecification , and setting the correct CPU Bus Frequency (Front Side Bus) and ratio in the “CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP” of BIOS SETUP.

2. CMOS RAM Clear: JP13 (Yellow color selector)

WARNING: Make sure your computer is POWER OFF when you CLEAR CMOS.

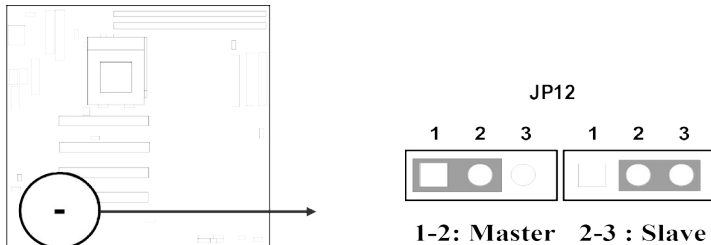
Connect a jumper Cap over this jumper for a few seconds, will clears information stored in the CMOS RAM Chip that input by user, such as hard disk information and passwords. After CLEAR CMOS, you must enter the BIOS setup (by holding down during power-up) to re-enter BIOS information (see BIOS SETUP).

| <u>Selections</u> | <u>JP13</u> | |
|-------------------|-------------|--------------------|
| Normal | 1-2 | Default for R.T.C. |
| Clear CMOS | 2-3 | Reset R.T.C. |

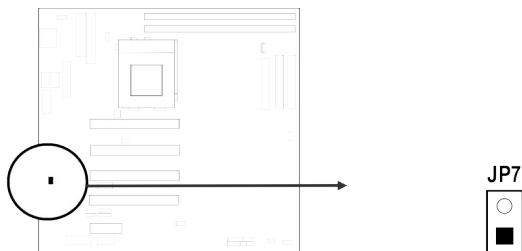


Note: You need clear keyboard Power On Password setting(JP9) before you clear CMOS data if you do not remember your password.

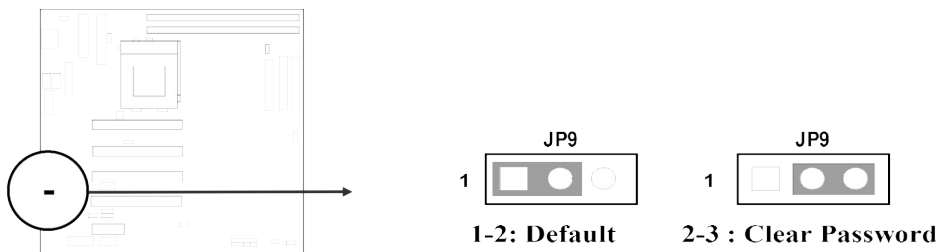
3. Codec Master / Slave Mode Control: JP12



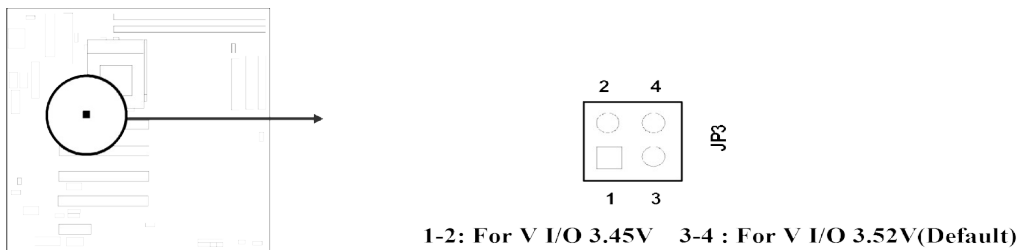
4. Case cover open detection: JP7



5. Clear Keyboard Power On Password setting: JP9

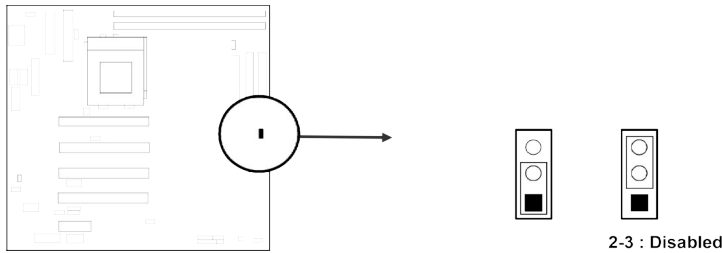


6. V I/O Voltage: JP3



7. Keyboard Power on Function: JP6

This function only support when use ATX power supply . When choose 1-2 closed and use ATX power supply , you can choice power on system by power button or keyboard in “Power On Function” item of “Integrated Peripherals Setup”.



2-6 System Memory (DRAM)

This main board supports two 168-pins DIMM modules, the Max Memory Size is 256MB(512MB using 128Mb technology).

| DIMM 1 | DIMM 2 | System can be Accept or Not |
|--------------|--------------|-----------------------------|
| 168-pin DIMM | × | Accept |
| 168-pin DIMM | 168-pin DIMM | Accept |
| × | 168-pin DIMM | Accept |

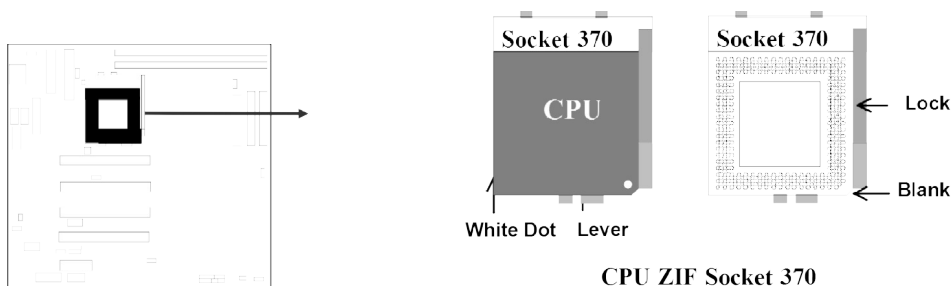
2-7 Central Processing Unit (CPU)

2-7-1 The mainboard provides a 370-pin ZIF Socket 370. The CPU on motherboard must have a fan attached to prevent overheating.

WARNING: *Without a fan or heat sink, the CPU will overheat and cause damage to both the CPU and the motherboard.*

To install a CPU, first turn off your system and remove its cover. Locate the ZIF socket and open it by first pulling the lever sideways away from the socket then upwards to a 90-degree right angle. Insert the CPU with the white dot as your guide. The white dot should point towards the end of the level. The CPU has a corner pin for three of the four corners, the CPU will only fit in the one orientation as shown as follow. With the added weight of the CPU fan, no force is required to insert the CPU. Once completely inserted, hold down on the fan and close the socket's lever.

IMPORTANT: *You can setting the CPU ratio and Host Frequency in the BIOS setup on page 30*



2-8 Expansion Cards

You must read the documentation come with expansion card for any hardware or software settings that may be required to setup your specific card.

Installation Procedure:

1. Read the documentation from your expansion card.
2. Set any necessary jumpers on your expansion card.
3. Remove your computer's cover.
4. Remove the bracket on the slot you intend to use.
5. Carefully align the card's connectors and press firmly.
6. Secure the card on the slot with the screw you remove in step 4.
7. Replace the computer's cover.
8. Setup the BIOS if necessary.
9. Install the necessary software drivers for your expansion card.

Assigning IRQs for Expansion Cards

Some expansion cards may require an IRQ to operate. Generally an IRQ must be exclusively assigned to only one device. In a standard design there are 16 IRQs available but most of them are occupied by the system and leaves 6 free for expansion cards.

With most recent device, the BIOS automatically assign an IRQ number to PCI expansion cards. Please make sure there are no any of two devices use same IRQs, otherwise your computer may experience some problems when those two devices are in use at the same time.

Assigning DMA Channels for Expansion Cards

Some devices may also need to use a DMA (Direct Memory Access) channel. DMA assignments for this motherboard are handled the same way as the IRQ assignment process described above. You can select a DMA channel in the PCI and PNP configuration section of the BIOS Setup utility.

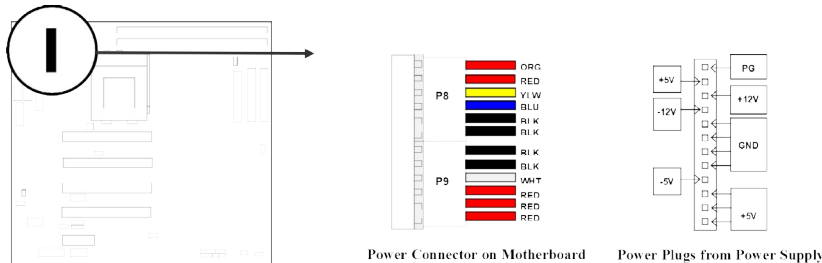
2-9 External Connectors

1. Power Connector: ATX Power Connector (12-pin block): P1

This connector connects to a standard AT power supply. To connect the leads from the power supply, ensure first that the power supply is not plugged. Most power supplies

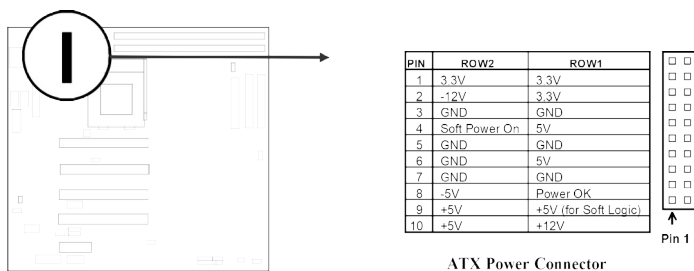
provide two plugs (P8 and P9), each containing six wires, two of which are black. Orient the connectors so that the black wires are located in the middle.

Using a slight angle, align the plastic guide pins on the lead to their receptacles on the connector. Once aligned, press the lead onto the connector until the lead locks into place.



2. Power Connector: ATX Power Connector (20-pin block): ATPW1

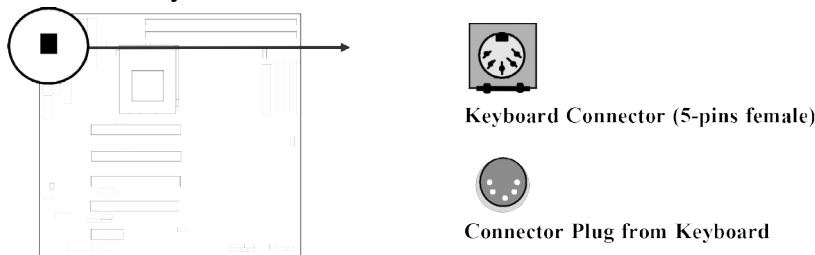
ATX Power Supply connector. This is a new defined 20-pins connector that usually comes with ATX case. The ATX Power Supply allows to use soft power on momentary switch that connect from the front panel switch to 2-pins Power On jumper pole on the motherboard. When the power switch on the back of the ATX power supply turned on, the full power will not come into the system board until the front panel switch is momentarily pressed. Press this switch again will turn off the power to the system board.



* Please don't turn off / on power supply too quickly ,we recommend at least wait 4sec before turn on the power , to protect the system

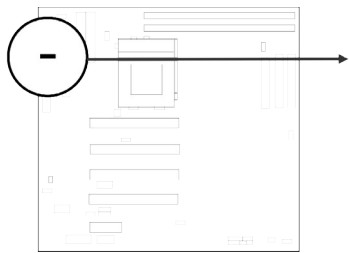
3. Keyboard Connector (5-pin female): JKB1

This connection is for a standard IBM-compatible keyboard. May also be known as a 101 enhanced keyboard.

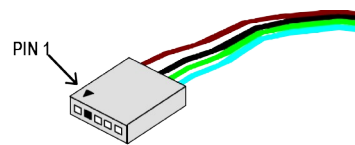


4. PS/2 Mouse Connector (5-pin block): JMS1

If you are using a PS/2 mouse, you must purchase an optional PS/2 mouse set which connects to the 5-pins block and mounts to an open slot on your computer's case.



| | |
|---|---------|
| □ | 1: DATA |
| ○ | 2: NC |
| ○ | 3: GND |
| ○ | 4: VCC |
| ○ | 5: CLK |
| ○ | 6: NC |

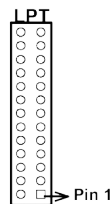
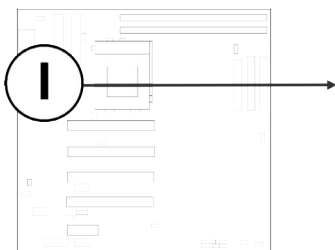


PS/2 Mouse Module Connector

5. Parallel Printer Connector (26-pin Block): LPT1

Connection for the enclosed parallel port ribbon cable with mounting bracket. Connect the ribbon cable to this connection and mount the bracket to the case on an open slot. It will then be available for a parallel printer cable.

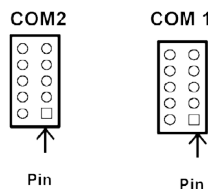
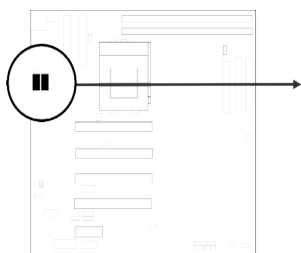
NOTE: Serial printers must be connected to the serial port. You can enable the parallel port and choose the IRQ through BIOS Setup.



Parallel Printer Connector

6. Serial port COMA and COMB Connector (Two 10-pin blocks): COM1, COM2

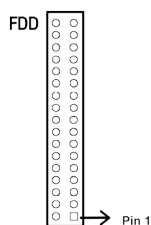
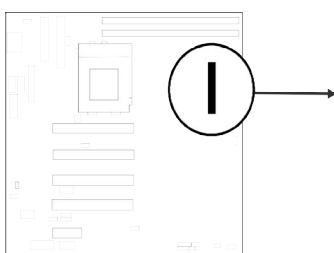
These connectors support the provided serial port ribbon cables with mounting bracket. Connect the ribbon cables to these connectors and mount the bracket to the case on an open slot. The two serial ports on the mounting bracket will then be used for pointing devices or other serial devices. See BIOS configuration of "Onboard Serial Port"



Serial port COMA and COMB Connector

7. Floppy drive Connector (34-pin block): FDD1

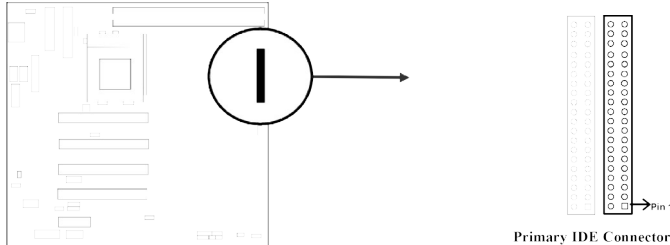
This connector supports the provided floppy drive ribbon cable. After connecting the single plug end to motherboard, connect the two plugs at other end to the floppy drives.



Floppy Drive Connector

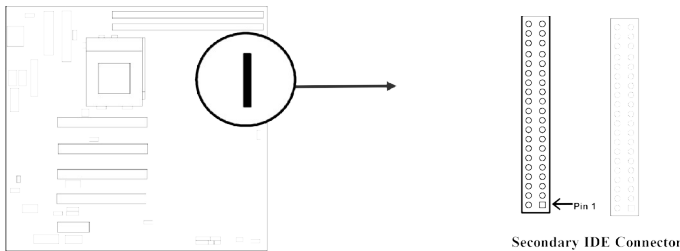
8. Primary IDE Connector (40-pin block): IDE1

This connector supports the provided IDE hard disk ribbon cable. After connecting the single plug end to motherboard, connect the two plugs at other end to your hard disk(s). If you install two hard disks, you must configure the second drive to Slave mode by setting its jumpers accordingly. Please refer to the documentation of your hard disk for the jumper settings.



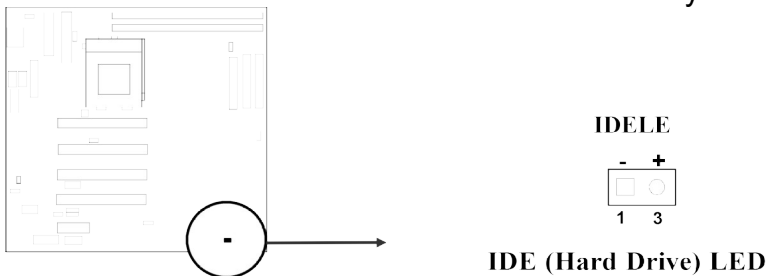
9. Secondary IDE Connector (40-pin block): IDE2

This connector connects to the next set of Master and Slave hard disks. Follow the same procedure described for the primary IDE connector. You may also configure two hard disks to be both Masters using one ribbon cable on the primary IDE connector and another ribbon cable on the secondary IDE connector.



1. IDE activity LED: IDELED

This connector connects to the hard disk activity indicator light on the case.



11. Front Panel connector: This 16-pin connector to connect to case front panel switch.

A. Turbo LED switch: TBLED

The motherboard's turbo function is always on. The turbo LED will remain constantly lit while the system power is on. You may also connect the Power LED from the system case to this lead. See the figure below.

B. Reset switch lead: RST

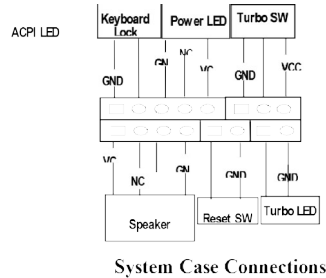
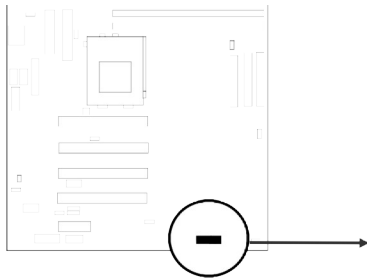
This 2-pin connector connects to the case-mounted reset switch for rebooting your computer without having to turn off your power switch. This is a preferred method of rebooting in order to prolong the life of the system's power supply. See the figure below.

C. Keyboard lock switch lead & Power LED: KEYLOCK & PWLED

This 5-pin connector connects to the case-mounted key switch for locking the keyboard for security purposes and Power LED together.

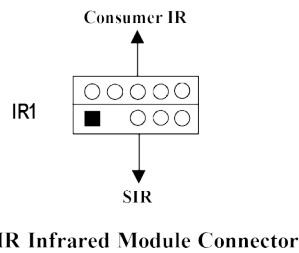
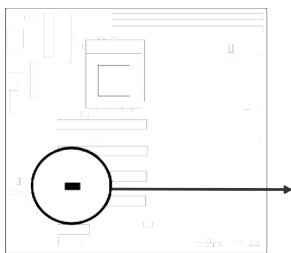
D. Speaker connector: SPKR

This 4-pin connector connects to the case-mounted speaker. See the figure below.

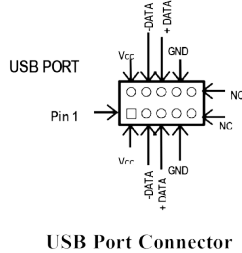
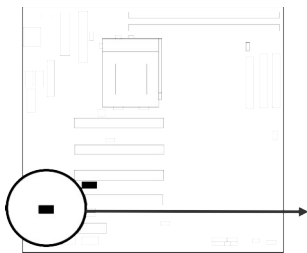


12. IR infrared module connector: IR1

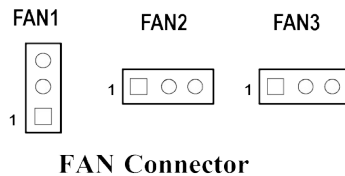
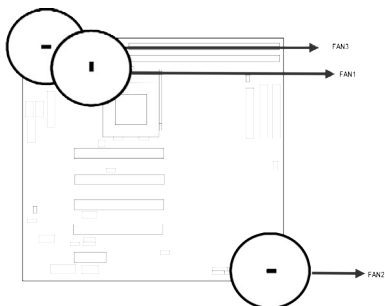
This connector supports the optional wireless transmitting and receiving infrared module. This module mounts to small opening on system cases that support this feature you must also configure the setting through BIOS setup. Use the five pins as shown on the Back View and connect a ribbon cable from the module to the motherboard according to the pin definitions.



13. USB Port connector: USB PORT



14. FAN connector: FAN1,FAN2,FAN3

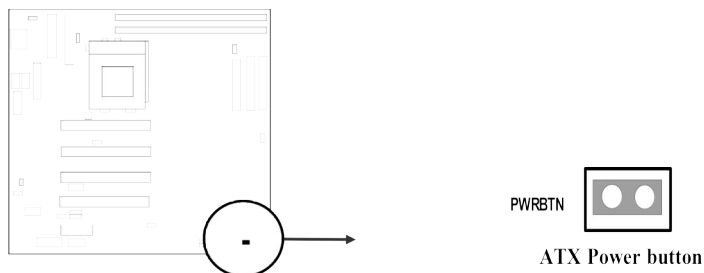


15. ATX Power button: PWRBTN

When using ATX power, the system power can be controlled by a momentary switch connected to PS-ON Pushing the button once will switch ON/OFF the system. The system Power LED will shows the status of the system's power.

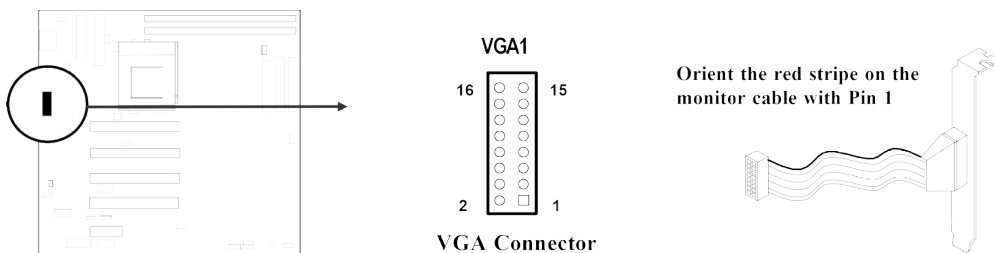
Selections

One touch Power ON/OFF

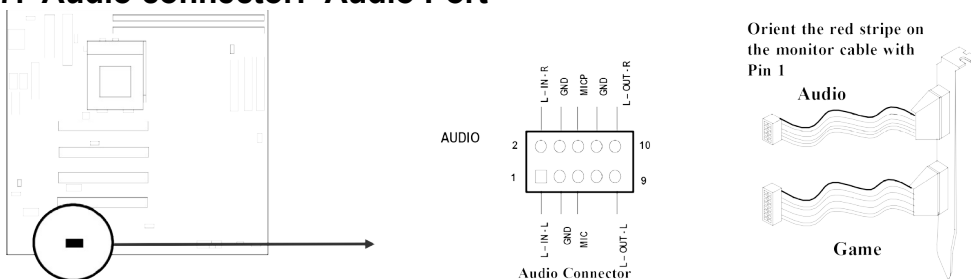


16. VGA connector: VGA1

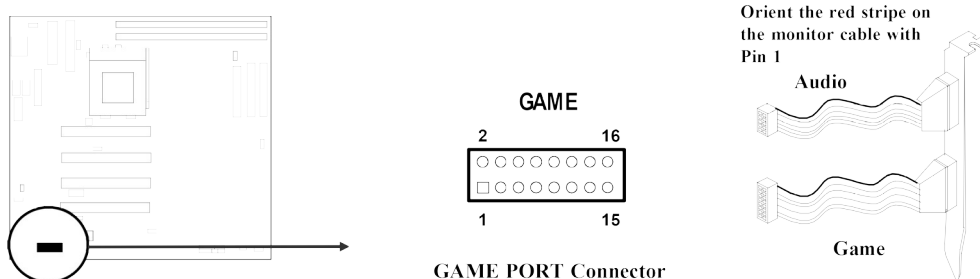
This connector supports the provided VGA cable with mounting bracket. Connect the ribbon cable to connector and mount the bracket to the case on an open slot .



17. Audio connector: Audio Port

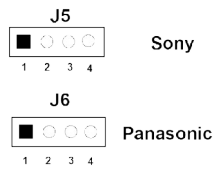
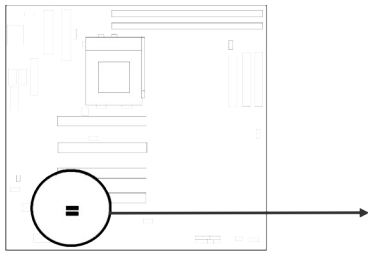


18. Game Port connector: GAME PORT



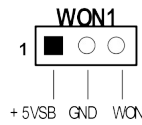
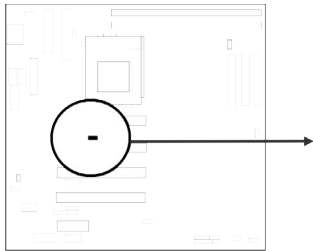
※ This conector able to support two Gome Ports.

19. CD-ROM Audio connector: J5,J6



CD-ROM Audio connector

20. Wake On Lan connector: WOL1



※ Wake On Lan function worked only when power supply support 5VSB more than 750mA current.

Chapter 3

AWARD BIOS SETUP

Once you enter the AwardBIOS™ CMOS Setup Utility, the Main Menu will appear on the screen. The Main Menu allows you to select from several setup functions and two exit choices. Use the arrow keys to select among the items and press <Enter> to accept and enter the sub-menu.

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| | |
|-----------------------|---------------------------|
| Standard CMOS Feature | Frequency/Voltage Control |
|-----------------------|---------------------------|

| | |
|---|---|
| Advanced BIOS Feature Advanced Chipset Feature Integrated Peripherals Power Management Setup PnP/PCI Configurations PC Health Status | Load Optimal Defaults Load Standard Defaults Set Supervisor Password Set User Password Save & Exit Setup Exit Without Saving |
| Esc : QUIT F10 : Save & Exit Setup | ↑↓ → ← : Select Item |
| Time, Date, Hard Disk Type.... | |

Figure 3-1

Note that a brief description of each highlighted selection appears at the bottom of the screen.

- ◆ **Setup Items:** The main menu includes the following main setup categories. Recall that some systems may not include all entries.
- ◆ **Standard CMOS Features:** Use this menu for basic system configuration. See Section 3-1 for the details.
- ◆ **Advanced BIOS Features:** Use this menu to set the Advanced Features available on your system. See Section 3-2 for the details.
- ◆ **Advanced Chipset Features:** Use this menu to change the values in the chipset registers and optimize your system's performance. See section 3-3 for the details.
- ◆ **Integrated Peripherals:** Use this menu to specify your settings for integrated peripherals. See section 3-4 for the details.
- ◆ **Power Management Setup:** Use this menu to specify your settings for power management. See section 3-5 for the details.
- ◆ **PnP / PCI Configuration:** This entry appears if your system supports PnP / PCI. See section 3-6 for the details.
- ◆ **PC Health Status:** Use this menu to show the temperature, FAN Speed, Voltage of the PC Health. See section 3-7 for detail.
- ◆ **Frequency/Voltage Control:** Use this menu to specify your settings for frequency/voltage control. See section 3-8 for the details.
- ◆ **Load Optimal Defaults:** Use this menu to load the Optimal default values for the higher performance for your system to operate. See section 3-8 for the details.
- ◆ **Load Standard Defaults:** Use this menu to load the BIOS default values that are factory settings for normal/stable performance system operations. While Award has designed the custom BIOS to normal/stable performance, the factory has the right to change these defaults to meet their needs. See section 3-9 for the details.
- ◆ **Supervisor / User Password:** Use this menu to set User and Supervisor Passwords. See

section 3-10 for the details.

- ◆ **Save & Exit Setup:** Save CMOS value changes to CMOS and exit setup. See section 3-11 for the details.
- ◆ **Exit Without Save:** Abandon all CMOS value changes and exit setup. See section 3-11 for the details.

3-1 STANDARD CMOS SETUP

The items in Standard CMOS Setup Menu are divided into 10 categories. Each category includes no, one or more than one setup items. Use the arrow keys to highlight the item and then use the <PgUp> or <PgDn> keys to select the value you want in each item.

| Standard CMOS Features | |
|--|---|
| Date: Mon, Feb 8 1999 Time: 16:19:20 > IDE Primary Master 2557 MB > IDE Primary Slave None > IDE Secondary Master None > IDE Secondary Slave None Drive A 1.44M, 3.5 in. None Video EGA/VGA Halt On All Errors Based Memory 640K Extended Memory 64512K Total Memory 65536K | Item Help <hr/> Menu Level > Change the day, month, year and century |
| ↑↓←→Move Enter: Select +/-/PU/PD: Value F10:Save ESC: Exit F1:General Help F5:Previous Values F6:Optimal defaults F7:Standard Defaults | |

Figure 3-2

| Item | Options | Description |
|----------------------|--|--|
| Date | Month DD YYYY | Set the system date. Note that the 'Day' automatically changes when you set the date |
| Time | HH : MM : SS | Set the system time |
| IDE Primary Master | Options are in its sub menu (described in Table 3) | Press <Enter> to enter the sub menu of detailed options |
| IDE Primary Slave | Options are in its sub menu (described in Table 3) | Press <Enter> to enter the sub menu of detailed options |
| IDE Secondary Master | Options are in its sub menu | Press <Enter> to enter the sub menu of detailed |

| | | |
|----------------------|--|---|
| | (described in Table 3) | options |
| IDE Secondary Master | Options are in its sub menu (described in Table 3) | Press <Enter> to enter the sub menu of detailed options |
| Drive A Drive B | None 360K, 5.25 in 1.2M, 5.25 in 720K, 3.5 in 1.44M, 3.5 in 2.88M, 3.5 in | Select the type of floppy disk drive installed in your system |
| Video | EGA/VGA CGA 40 CGA 80 MONO | Select the default video device |
| Halt On | All Errors No Errors All, but Keyboard All, but Diskette All, but Disk/Key | Select the situation in which you want the BIOS to stop the POST process and notify you |
| Base Memory | N/A | Displays the amount of conventional memory detected during boot up |
| Extended Memory | N/A | Displays the amount of extended memory detected during boot up |
| Total Memory | N/A | Displays the total memory available in the system |

- ◆ **IDE Adapters:** The IDE adapters control the hard disk drive. Use a separate sub menu to configure each hard disk drive.

Figure3-2-1 shows the IDE primary master sub menu.

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IDE Primary Master

| | | |
|--|----------------------|---|
| IDE HDD Auto-Detection | Press Enter | Item Help |
| IDE Primary Master Access Mode | Auto 2557 MB Auto | Menu Level >> |
| Cylinder | 4956 | To auto-detect the HDD's size, head... on this channel |
| Head | 16 | |
| Precomp | 0 | |
| Landing Zone | 4955 | |
| Sector | 63 | |
| ↑↓←→Move Enter: Select +/-/PU/PD: Value F10:Save ESC: Exit F1:General Help | | |

Figure3-1-1 IDE Primary Master sub menu

Use the legend keys to navigate through this menu and exit to the main menu. Use Table 3 to configure the hard disk.

| Item | Options | Description |
|---|-----------------------------------|---|
| IDE HDD Auto-detection | Press Enter | Press Enter to auto-detect the HDD on this channel. If detection is successful, it fills the remaining fields on this menu. |
| IDE Primary Master | None Auto Manual | Selecting 'manual' lets you set the remaining fields on this screen. Selects the type of fixed disk. "User Type" will let you select the number of cylinders, heads, etc. Note: RECOMP=65535 means NONE ! |
| Capacity | Auto Display your disk drive size | Disk drive capacity (Approximated). Note that this size is usually slightly greater than the size of a formatted disk given by a disk checking program. |
| Access Mode | Normal LBA Large Auto | Choose the access mode for this hard disk |
| The following options are selectable only if the 'IDE Primary Master' item is set to 'Manual' | | |
| Cylinder | Min = 0 Max = 65535 | Set the number of cylinders for this hard disk. |
| Head | Min = 0 Max = 255 | Set the number of read/write heads |
| Precomp | Min = 0 Max = 65535 | **** Warning: Setting a value of 65535 means no hard disk |
| Landing zone | Min = 0 Max = 65535 | **** |
| Sector | Min = 0 Max = 255 | Number of sectors per track |

Table 1 Hard disk selections

3-2 BIOS FEATURES SETUP

This section allows you to configure your system for basic operation. You have the opportunity to select the system's default speed, boot-up sequence, keyboard operation, shadowing and security.

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Advanced BIOS Features

| | | |
|---|----------|---------------------------|
| Virus Warning | Enabled | Item Help |
| CPU Internal Cache | Enabled | |
| External Cache | Enabled | |
| CPU L2 Cache ECC Checking | Enabled | Menu Level ➤ |
| Quick Power On Self Test | Disabled | |
| First Boot device | Floppy | Allows you to choose the |
| Second Boot device | HDD-0 | VIRUS warning feature for |
| Third Boot device | Floppy | IDE Hard Disk boot sector |
| Boot other device | Disabled | protection. If this |
| Swap Floppy Drive | Disabled | function is enabled and |
| Boot Up Floppy Seek | Disabled | someone attempt to write |
| Boot Up NumLock Status | Off | data into this area, BIOS |
| Gate A20 Option | Normal | will show a warning |
| Typematic Rate Setting | Disabled | message on screen and |
| Typematic Rate (Chars/Sec) | 6 | alarm beep |
| Typematic Delay (Msec) | 250 | |
| Security Option | Setup | |
| OS Select For DRAM > 64MB | Non-OS2 | |
| Report NO FDD For Win 95 | No | |
| ↑↓←→Move Enter: Select +/-/PU/PD: Value F10:Save ESC: Exit F1:General Help F5:Previous Values F6:Optimal defaults F7:Standard Defaults | | |

- ◆ **Virus Warning: Allows you to choose the VIRUS Warning feature for IDE Hard Disk boot sector protection. If this function is enabled and someone attempt to write data into this area, BIOS will show a warning message on screen and alarm beep.**

| | |
|----------|---|
| Enabled | Activates automatically when the system boots up causing a warning message to appear when anything attempts to access the boot sector or hard disk partition table. |
| Disabled | No warning message will appear when anything attempts to access the boot sector or hard disk partition table. |

- ◆ **CPU Internal Cache/External Cache:** These two categories speed up memory access. However, it depends on CPU/chipset design.
- ◆ **CPU L2 Cache ECC Checking:** This item allows you to enable/disable CPU L2 Cache ECC checking.
The choice: Enabled, Disabled.
- ◆ **Quick Power On Self Test: This category speeds up Power On Self Test (POST) after you power up the computer. If it is set to Enable, BIOS will shorten or skip some check items during POST.**

| | |
|----------|-------------------|
| Enabled | Enable quick POST |
| Disabled | Normal POST |

- ◆ **First/Second/Third/Other Boot Device:** The BIOS attempts to load the operating system from the devices in the sequence selected in these items.

The Choice: Floppy, LS/ZIP, HDD, SCSI, CDROM, Disabled.

- ◆ **Swap Floppy Drive:** If the system has two floppy drives, you can swap the logical drive name assignments.

The choice: Enabled/Disabled.

- ◆ **Boot Up Floppy Seek:** Seeks disk drives during boot up. Disabling speeds boot up.

The choice: Enabled/Disabled.

- ◆ **Boot Up NumLock Status:** Select power on state for NumLock.

The choice: Enabled/Disabled.

- ◆ Gate A20 Option: **Select if chipset or keyboard controller should control GateA20.**

| | |
|--------|---|
| Normal | A pin in the keyboard controller controls GateA20 |
| Fast | Lets chipset control GateA20 |

- ◆ **Typematic Rate Setting:** Key strokes repeat at a rate determined by the keyboard controller. When enabled, the typematic rate and typematic delay can be selected.

The choice: Enabled/Disabled.

- ◆ **Typematic Rate (Chars/Sec):** Sets the number of times a second to repeat a key stroke when you hold the key down.

The choice: 6, 8, 10, 12, 15, 20, 24, 30.

- ◆ **Typematic Delay (Msec):** Sets the delay time after the key is held down before it begins to repeat the keystroke.

The choice: 250, 500, 750, 1000.

- ◆ Security Option: **Select whether the password is required every time the system boots or only when you enter setup.**

| | |
|--------|---|
| System | The system will not boot and access to Setup will be denied if the correct password is not entered at the prompt. |
| Setup | The system will boot, but access to Setup will be denied if the correct password is not entered at the prompt. |

Note: To disable security, select PASSWORD SETTING at Main Menu and then you will be asked to enter password. Do not type anything and just press <Enter>, it will disable security. Once the security is disabled, the system will boot and you can enter Setup freely.

- ◆ **OS Select For DRAM > 64MB:** Select the operating system that is running with greater than 64MB of RAM on the system.

The choice: Non-OS2, OS2.

- ◆ **Report No FDD For Win 95:** Whether report no FDD for Win 95 or not.

The choice: Yes, No.

3-3 Advanced CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP

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Advanced Chipset Features

| | | |
|---|----------|--------------|
| SDRAM CAS Latency Time | 3 | Item Help |
| SDRAM Cycle Time Tras/Trc | 6/8 | |
| SDRAM RAS-to-CAS Delay | 3 | Menu Level → |
| SDRAM RAS Precharge Time | 3 | |
| System BIOS Cacheable | Enabled | |
| Video BIOS Cacheable | Enabled | |
| Memory Hole At 15M-16M | Disabled | |
| Delay Transaction | Enabled | |
| On-Chip Video Window Size | 64MB | |
| * Onboard Display Cache Setting * | | |
| CAS# Latency | 3 | |
| Paging Mode Control | Closed | |
| RAS-to-CAS Override | Closed | |
| RAS# Timing | Slow | |
| RAS# Precharge Timing | Slow | |
| ↑↓←→Move Enter: Select +/-/PU/PD: Value F10:Save ESC: Exit F1:General Help F5:Previous Values F6:Optimal defaults F7:Standard Defaults | | |

This section allows you to configure the system based on the specific features of the installed chipset. This chipset manages bus speeds and access to system memory resources, such as DRAM and the external cache. It also coordinates communications between the conventional ISA bus and the PCI bus. It must be stated that these items should never need to be altered. The default settings have been chosen because they provide the best operating conditions for your system. The only time you might consider making any changes would be if you discovered that data was being lost while using your system.

- ◆ **DRAM Settings:** The first chipset settings deal with CPU access to dynamic random access memory (DRAM). The default timings have been carefully chosen and should only be altered if data is being lost. Such a scenario might well occur if your system had mixed speed DRAM chips installed so that greater delays may be required to preserve the integrity of the data held in the slower memory chips.
- ◆ **SDRAM CAS Latency Time:** When synchronous DRAM is installed, the number of clock cycles of CAS latency depends on the DRAM timing.
The Choice: 2, 3
- ◆ **SDRAM Cycle Time Tras/Trc:** Select the number of SCLKs for an access cycle.
The Choice: 5/7, 6/8.
- ◆ **SDRAM RAS-to-CAS Delay:** This field lets you insert a timing delay between the CAS and RAS strobe signals, used when DRAM is written to, read from, or refreshed. *Fast* gives faster performance; and *Slow* gives more stable performance. This field applies only when synchronous DRAM is installed in the system.
The Choice: 2, 3.

-
-
- ◆ **SDRAM RAS Precharge Time:** If an insufficient number of cycles is allowed for the RAS to accumulate its charge before DRAM refresh, the refresh may be incomplete and the DRAM may fail to retain data. *Fast* gives faster performance; and *Slow* gives more stable performance. This field applies only when synchronous DRAM is installed in the system.
The Choice: 2, 3.
 - ◆ **System BIOS Cacheable:** Selecting *Enabled* allows caching of the system BIOS ROM at F0000h-FFFFFh, resulting in better system performance. However, if any program writes to this memory area, a system error may result.
The choice: Enabled, Disabled.
 - ◆ **Video BIOS Cacheable:** Select Enabled allows caching of the video BIOS , resulting in better system performance. However, if any program writes to this memory area, a system error may result.
The Choice: Enabled, Disabled.
 - ◆ **Memory Hole At 15M-16M:** You can reserve this area of system memory for ISA adapter ROM. When this area is reserved, it cannot be cached. The user information of peripherals that need to use this area of system memory usually discusses their memory requirements.
The Choice: Enabled, Disabled.
 - ◆ **Delay Transaction:** The chipset has an embedded 32-bit posted write buffer to support delay transactions cycles. Select *Enabled* to support compliance with PCI specification version 2.1.
The Choice: Enabled, Disabled.
 - ◆ **On-Chip Video Window Size:** Select the on-chip video window size for VGA drive use.
The Choice: 32MB, 64MB, Disabled.
 - ◆ **Onboard Display Cache Setting:** Setting the onboard display cache timing.
 - ◆ **CAS # Latency:** Select the local memory clock periods.
The Choice: 2, 3
 - ◆ **Paging Mode Control:** Select the paging mode control.
The Choice: Close, Open.
 - ◆ **RAS-to-CAS Override:** Select the display cache clock periods control.
The Choice: Close, Open.
 - ◆ **RAS# Timing:** This item controls RAS# active to Protegra, and refresh to RAS# active delay (in local memory clocks).
The Choice: Fast, Slow.
 - ◆ **RAS# Precharge Timing:** This item controls RAS# precharge (in local memory clocks).
The choice: Fast, Slow.

3-4 Integrated Peripherals

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Integrated Peripherals

| | | | |
|--|---------|-------------|--|
| OnChip Primary | PCI IDE | Enabled | Item Help <hr/> Menu Level ➤ If your IDE hard drive supports block mode select Enabled for automatic detection of the optimal number of block read/write per sector the drive can support |
| OnChip Secondary | PCI IDE | Enabled | |
| IDE Primary Master | PIO | Auto | |
| IDE Primary Slave | PIO | Auto | |
| IDE Secondary Master | PIO | Auto | |
| IDE Secondary Slave | PIO | Auto | |
| IDE Primary Master | UDMA | Auto | |
| IDE Primary Slave | UDMA | Auto | |
| IDE Secondary Master | UDMA | Auto | |
| IDE Secondary Slave | UDMA | Auto | |
| USB Controller | | Enabled | |
| USB Keyboard Support | | Disabled | |
| Init Display First | | PCI Slot | |
| AC97 Audio | | Enabled | |
| AC97 Modem | | Enabled | |
| IDE HDD Block Mode | | Enabled | |
| Power on Funtion | | BUTTON ONLY | |
| Onboard FDC Controller | | Enabled | |
| Onboard Serial Port 1 | | 3F8/IRQ4 | |
| Onboard Serial Port 2 | | 2F8/IRQ3 | |
| ↑↓←→ Move Enter: Select +/-/PU/PD: Value F10:Save ESC: Exit F1:General Help F5:Previous Values F6:Optimal defaults F7:Standard Defaults | | | |

- ◆ **OnChip Primary/Secondary PCI IDE:** The integrated peripheral controller contains an IDE interface with support for two IDE channels. Select *Enabled* to activate each channel separately.

The choice: Enabled, Disabled.

- ◆ **IDE Primary/Secondary Master/Slave PIO:** The four IDE PIO (Programmed Input/Output) fields let you set a PIO mode (0-4) for each of the four IDE devices that the onboard IDE interface supports. Modes 0 through 4 provide successively increased performance. In Auto mode, the system automatically determines the best mode for each device.

The choice: Auto, Mode 0, Mode 1, Mode 2, Mode 3, Mode 4.

- ◆ **IDE Primary/Secondary Master/Slave UDMA:** Ultra DMA/33 implementation is possible only if your IDE hard drive supports it and the operating environment includes a DMA driver (Windows 95 OSR2 or a third-party IDE bus master driver). If your hard drive and your system software both support Ultra DMA/33, select Auto to enable BIOS support.

The Choice: Auto, Disabled.

- ◆ **USB Controller:** Select *Enabled* if your system contains a Universal Serial Bus (USB) controller and you have USB peripherals.

The choice: Enabled, Disabled.

- ◆ **USB Keyboard Support:** Select *Enabled* if your system contains a Universal Serial Bus (USB) controller and you have a USB keyboard.

The choice: Enabled, Disabled.

- ◆ **Init Display First:** This item allows you to decide to active whether PCI Slot or on-chip VGA first

The choice: PCI Slot, Onboard .

- ◆ **AC97 Audio/Modem:** This item allows you to decide to enable/disable the 810 chipset family to support AC97 Audio/Modem.

The choice: Enabled, Disabled.

- ◆ **IDE HDD Block Mode:** Block mode is also called block transfer, multiple commands, or multiple sector read/write. If your IDE hard drive supports block mode (most new drives do), select Enabled for automatic detection of the optimal number of block read/writes per sector the drive can support.

The choice: Enabled, Disabled

- ◆ **Power on Function :** Select Keyboard (Hot Key / Pass word) / PS/2 Mouse Power on Function.

The choice : BUTTON ONLY , Keyboard 98 , Password , Hot Key , Mouse Left , Mouse Righer , Any Key.

- ◆ **Onboard FDC Controller:** Select Enabled if your system has a floppy disk controller (FDC) installed on the system board and you wish to use it. If you install and-in FDC or the system has no floppy drive, select Disabled in this field.

The choice: Enabled, Disabled.

- ◆ **Onboard Serial Port 1/Port 2:** Select an address and corresponding interrupt for the first and second serial ports.

The choice: 3F8/IRQ4, 2E8/IRQ3, 3E8/IRQ4, 2F8/IRQ3, Disabled, Auto.

- ◆ **UART Mode Select:** The Default setting is Normal.

IRDA: HP Standard Mode IR.

ASKIR: ASK standard Mode IR.

- **Onboard Parallel port:** This field allows the user to select the LPT port. The default value is 378H.

378H: Enable Onboard LPT port and address is 378H.

278H: Enable Onboard LPT port and address is 278H.

3BCH: Enable Onboard LPT port and address is 3BCH.

Disabled: Disable Onboard CHIP's LPT port.

NOTE: *Parallel Port address is 378H/3BCH that selects the routing of IRQ7 for LPT1.
Parallel Port address is 278H that selects the routing of IRQ5 LPT1.*

- **Onboard Parallel port Mode:** This field allows the user to select the parallel port mode. The default value is ECP + EPP.

Normal: Standard mode. IBM PC/AT Compatible bidirectional parallel port.

EPP: Enhanced Parallel Port mode.

ECP: Extended Capabilities Port mode.

-
-
- EPP+ECP:** ECP Mode & EPP Mode.
- **PWRON AFTER PWR-Fail:** AC Power Recovery ON/OFF system control.
 - Off :** Always turn OFF system power when AC recovery
 - On :** Always turn ON system power when AC recovery
 - Former-Sts :** Turn ON/OFF system depend on the last status of system if the system is on before Power-Loss , then will auto power on after power recovery.
 - ♦ **Game port Address:** Default setting is 201.
The choice: 201,209, Disabled.
 - ♦ **Midi Port Address:** On board Audio chip Midi port address setting , Default setting is 330.
The choice: 330,300,290,Disabled.
 - ♦ **Midi Port IR0:** On board Midi Port IR0 setting , Default etting is 5
The choice: 5 , 7

3-5 POWER MANAGEMENT SETUP

The Power Management Setup allows you to configure you system to most effectively save energy while operating in a manner consistent with your own style of computer use.

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Power Management Setup

| | | |
|---|----------------|--------------|
| ACPI function | Enabled | Item Help |
| Power Management | User Define | |
| Video Off Method | V/H SYNC_Blank | Menu Level ➤ |
| Video Off In Suspend | Suspend -> Off | |
| Suspend Type | Stop Grant | |
| MODEM Use IRQ | 3 | |
| Soft-Off by PWRBTN | Delay 4 Sec | |
| CPU THRM-Throttling | 25.0% | |
| ** Reload Global Timer Events ** | | |
| Primary IDE 0 | Disabled | |
| Primary IDE 1 | Disabled | |
| Secondary IDE 0 | Disabled | |
| Secondary IDE 1 | Disabled | |
| FDD, COM, LPT Port | Disabled | |
| PCI PIRQ [A-D]# | Disabled | |
| ↑↓←→Move Enter: Select +/-/PU/PD: Value F10:Save ESC: Exit F1:General Help F5:Previous Values F6:Optimal defaults F7:Standard Defaults | | |

Figure 3-5

- ◆ **ACPI Function:** This item allows you to enable/disable the Advanced Configuration and Power Management (ACPI).

The choice: Enabled, Disabled.

- ◆ **Power Management:** This category allows you to select the type (or degree) of power saving and is directly related to the following modes:

1. Suspend Mode
2. HDD Power Down

There are four selections for Power Management, three of which have fixed mode settings.

| | |
|-------------------|---|
| Disable (default) | No power management. Disables all four modes |
| Min. Power Saving | Minimum power management. hr., Suspend Mode = 1 hr., and HDD Power Down = 15 min. |
| Max. Power Saving | Maximum power management -- ONLY AVAILABLE FOR SL CPU's. Suspend Mode = 1 min., and HDD Power Down = 1 min. |
| User Defined | Allows you to set each mode individually. When not disabled, each of the ranges are from 1 min. to 1 hr. except for HDD Power Down which ranges from 1 min. to 15 min. and disable. |

- ◆ **Video Off Method:** **This determines the manner in which the monitor is blanked.**

| | |
|----------------|--|
| V/H SYNC+Blank | This selection will cause the system to turn off the vertical and horizontal synchronization ports and write blanks to the video buffer. |
| Blank Screen | This option only writes blanks to the video buffer. |
| DPMS | Initial display power management signaling. |

- ◆ **Video Off In Suspend:** This determines the manner in which the monitor is blanked.

The choice: Yes, No.

-
-
- ◆ **Suspend Type:** Select the Suspend Type.
The choice: PWRON Suspend, Stop Grant.
 - ◆ **MODEM Use IRQ:** This determines the IRQ in which the MODEM can use.
The choice: 3, 4, 5, 7, 9, 10, 11, NA.
 - ◆ **Suspend Mode:** When enabled and after the set time of system inactivity, all devices except the CPU will be shut off.
The choice: Enabled, Disabled.
 - ◆ **HDD Power Down:** When enabled and after the set time of system inactivity, the hard disk drive will be powered down while all other devices remain active.
The choice: Enabled, Disabled.
 - ◆ **Soft-Off by PWRBTN:** Pressing the power button for more than 4 seconds forces the system to enter the Soft-Off state when the system has “hung.”
The choice: Delay 4 Sec, Instant-Off.
 - ◆ **CPU THRM-Throttling:** Select the CPU THRM-Throttling rate.
The choice: 25.0%, 37.5%, 50.0%, 62.5%, 75.0%, 87.5%.
 - ◆ **PM Events:** PM events are I/O events whose occurrence can prevent the system from entering a power saving mode or can awaken the system from such a mode. In effect, the system remains alert for anything which occurs to a device which is configured as *Enabled*, even when the system is in a power down mode.
Primary IDE 0
Primary IDE 1
Secondary IDE 0
Secondary IDE 1
FDD, COM, LPT Port
PCI PIRQ[A-D] #

3-6 PNP/PCI CONFIGURATION SETUP

This section describes configuring the PCI bus system. PCI, or **P**ersonal **C**omputer **I**nterconnect, is a system which allows I/O devices to operate at speeds nearing the speed the CPU itself uses when communicating with its own special components. This section covers some very technical items and it is strongly recommended that only experienced users should make any changes to the default settings.

CMOS Setup Utility – Copyright © 1984-1998 Award Software
PnP/PCI Configurations

| | | |
|---|-------------|---|
| PnP OS Installed | No | Item Help |
| Reset Configuration Data | Disabled | |
| Resources Controlled By | Manual | Menu Level ➤ |
| ➤ IRQ Resources | Press Enter | Default is Disabled. Select Enabled to reset Extended System Configuration Data (ESCD) when you exit Setup if you have installed a new add-on and the system reconfiguration has caused such a serious conflict that the OS cannot boot |
| ➤ DMA Resources | Press Enter | |
| ➤ Memory Resources | Press Enter | |
| PCI/VGA Palette Snoop | Disabled | |
| ↑↓←→Move Enter: Select +/-/PU/PD: Value F10:Save ESC: Exit F1:General Help F5:Previous Values F6:Optimal defaults F7:Standard Defaults | | |

Figure 3-6

- ◆ **PNP OS Installed:** This item allows you to determine install PnP OS or not.
The choice: Yes, No.
- ◆ **Reset Configuration Data:** Normally, you leave this field Disabled. Select Enabled to reset Extended System Configuration Data (ESCD) when you exit Setup if you have installed a new add-on and the system reconfiguration has caused such a serious conflict that the operating system can not boot.
The choice: Enabled, Disabled .
- ◆ **Resource controlled by:** The Award Plug and Play BIOS has the capacity to automatically configure all of the boot and Plug and Play compatible devices. However, this capability means absolutely nothing unless you are using a Plug and Play operating system such as Windows®95. If you set this field to “manual” choose specific resources by going into each of the sub menu that follows this field (a sub menu is preceded by a “➤”).
The choice: Auto(ESCD), Manual.
- ◆ **IRQ Resources:** When resources are controlled manually, assign each system interrupt a type, depending on the type of device using the interrupt.
- ◆ **IRQ3/4/5/7/9/10/11/12/14/15 assigned to:** This item allows you to determine the IRQ assigned to the ISA bus and is not available to any PCI slot. Legacy ISA for devices compliant with the original PC AT bus specification, PCI/ISA PnP for devices compliant with the Plug and Play standard whether designed for PCI or ISA bus architecture.
The Choice: *Legacy ISA* and *PCI/ISA PnP*.

-
-
- ♦ **DMA Resources:** When resources are controlled manually, assign each system DMA channel a type, depending on the type of device using the DM channel.
 - ♦ **DMA 0/1/3/5/6/7 assigned to:** Legacy ISA for devices compliant with the original PC AT bus specification, PCI/ISA PnP for devices compliant with the Plug and Play standard whether designed for PCI or ISA bus architecture.

Choices are *Legacy ISA* and *PCI/ISA PnP*.

- ♦ **Memory Resources:** This sub menu can let you control the memory resource.
- ♦ **Reserved Memory Base:** Reserved a low memory for the legacy device(non-PnP device).

Choices are C800, CC00, D000, D800, DC00, D400, N/A.

- ♦ **Reserved Memory Length:** Reserved a low memory length for the legacy device(non-PnP device).

Choices are 8K, 16K, 32K, 64K.

- ♦ **PCI/VGA Palette Snoop:** Leave this field at *Disabled*.

Choices are Enabled, Disabled.

3.7 PC Health Status

CMOS Setup Utility – Copyright © 1984 – 1998 Award Software
Power Management Setup

| | | |
|--|-----------------|--------------|
| CPU Warning Temperature | Disabled | Item Help |
| Current System Temp. | 25 ° C/ 77 ° F | |
| Current CPU Temp. | 49 ° C/120 ° F | Menu Level ➤ |
| Current FAN1 Speed. | 4172 RPM | |
| Current FAN2 Speed. | 4358 RPM | |
| Current FAN3 Speed. | 4041 RPM | |
| Vcore | 2.0 V | |
| Vtt(V) | 1.55 V | |
| Vcc3.3 | 3.36 V | |
| +5V | 4.94 V | |
| +12V | 11.97 V | |
| -12V | - 12.11 V | |
| -5V | - 4.94 V | |
| VBAT(V) | 3.31 V | |
| 5VSB(V) | 5.34 V | |
| Shutdown Temperature | 75 ° C/ 167 ° F | |
| ↑↓←→ Move Enter: Select +/-/PU/PD: Value F10:Save ESC: Exit F1:General Help F5:Previous Values F6:Optimal defaults F7:Standard Defaults | | |

Figure 3-7

Cpu Warning Temperature: this item is to setting the Max. Temperature of CPU before it will have warning alarm.

Shutdown Temperature: this item is to setting the temperature for system shutdown , the choice: from 50 ° Cto 75 ° C

3.8 Frequency/Voltage Control

CMOS Setup Utility – Copyright © 1984-1998 Award Software
 Frequency/Voltage Control

| | | |
|--|---------|--------------|
| Auto Detect DIMM/PCI CLK | Enabled | Item Help |
| CPU Clock/Spread Spectrum | Default | |
| CPU Ratio | X3 | Menu Level ➤ |
| ↑↓←→ Move Enter: Select +/-/PU/PD: Value F10:Save ESC: Exit F1:General Help F5:Previous Values F6:Optimal defaults F7:Standard Defaults | | |

Figure 3-8

- ♦ **DIMM/PCI CLK:** This item allows you to enable/disable auto detect DIMM/PCI Clock.
 The choice: Enabled, Disabled.
- ♦ **CPU Clock/Spread Spectrum:** This item allows you to choice CPU clock/Spread Spectrum (ON,OFF) (66MHz,75MHz.....) enable/disable the spread spectrum modulate.
 The choice: Default (the CPU clock Depend on Jumper),66MHz/off , 66MHz/on , 75MHz/off ,

83MHz/off , 95MHz/off , 100MHz/off , 100MHz/on , 112MHz/off , 117MHz/on , 124MHz/off,
133MHz/off , 133MHz/on.

- ◆ **CPU Ratio:** This item allows you to select the CPU ratio.
From X3 to X8

3-9 Defaults Menu

Selecting “Defaults” from the main menu shows you two options which are described below

- ◆ **Load Optimal Defaults:**
When you press <Enter> on this item you get a confirmation dialog box with a message similar to:
Load Optimal Defaults (Y/N) ? **N**
Pressing ‘Y’ loads the BIOS default values for the most stable, normal-performance system operations.
- ◆ **Load Standard Defaults:**
When you press <Enter> on this item you get a confirmation dialog box with a message similar to:
Load Standard Defaults (Y/N) ? **N**
Pressing ‘Y’ loads the default values that are factory settings for optimal performance system operations.

3-10 Supervisor/User Password Setting

You can set either supervisor or user password, or both of them. The differences between are:

supervisor password : can enter and change the options of the setup menus.

user password : just can only enter but do not have the right to change the options of the setup menus. When you select this function, the following message will appear at the center of the screen to assist you in creating a password.

ENTER PASSWORD:

Type the password, up to eight characters in length, and press <Enter>. The password typed now will clear any previously entered password from CMOS memory. You will be asked to confirm the password. Type the password again and press <Enter>. You may also press <Esc> to abort the selection and not enter a password.

To disable a password, just press <Enter> when you are prompted to enter the password. A message will confirm the password will be disabled. Once the password is disabled, the system will boot and you can enter Setup freely.

PASSWORD DISABLED.

When a password has been enabled, you will be prompted to enter it every time you try to enter Setup. This prevents an unauthorized person from changing any part of your system configuration.

Additionally, when a password is enabled, you can also require the BIOS to request a password every time your system is rebooted. This would prevent unauthorized use of your computer.

You determine when the password is required within the BIOS Features Setup Menu and its Security option (see Section 3). If the Security option is set to "System", the password will be required both at boot and at entry to Setup. If set to "Setup", prompting only occurs when trying to enter Setup.

3-11 Exit Selecting

Save & Exit Setup

Pressing <Enter> on this item asks for confirmation:

Save to CMOS and EXIT (Y/N)? Y

Pressing "Y" stores the selections made in the menus in CMOS – a special section of memory that stays on after you turn your system off. The next time you boot your computer, the BIOS configures your system according to the Setup selections stored in CMOS. After saving the values the system is restarted again.

Exit Without Saving

Pressing <Enter> on this item asks for confirmation:

Quit without saving (Y/N)? Y

This allows you to exit Setup without storing in CMOS any change. The previous selections remain in effect. This exits the Setup utility and restarts your computer.

3-12 POST Messages

During the Power On Self-Test (POST), if the BIOS detects an error requiring you to do something to fix, it will either sound a beep code or display a message.

If a message is displayed, it will be accompanied by:

PRESS F1 TO CONTINUE, CTRL-ALT-ESC OR DEL TO ENTER SETUP

◆ POST Beep

Currently there are two kinds of beep codes in BIOS. This code indicates that a video error has occurred and the BIOS cannot initialize the video screen to display any additional information. This beep code consists of a single long beep followed by two short beeps. The other code indicates that your DRAM error has occurred. This beep code consists of a single long beep repeatedly.

◆ Error Messages

One or more of the following messages may be displayed if the BIOS detects an error during the POST. This list includes messages for both the ISA and the EISA BIOS.

◆ CMOS BATTERY HAS FAILED

CMOS battery is no longer functional. It should be replaced.

◆ CMOS CHECKSUM ERROR

Checksum of CMOS is incorrect. This can indicate that CMOS has become corrupt. This error may have been caused by a weak battery. Check the battery and replace if necessary.

◆ **DISK BOOT FAILURE, INSERT SYSTEM DISK AND PRESS ENTER**

No boot device was found. This could mean that either a boot drive was not detected or the drive does not contain proper system boot files. Insert a system disk into Drive A: and press <Enter>. If you assumed the system would boot from the hard drive, make sure the controller is inserted correctly and all cables are properly attached. Also be sure the disk is formatted as a boot device. Then reboot the system.

◆ **DISKETTE DRIVES OR TYPES MISMATCH ERROR - RUN SETUP**

Type of diskette drive installed in the system is different from the CMOS definition. Run Setup to reconfigure the drive type correctly.

◆ **DISPLAY SWITCH IS SET INCORRECTLY**

Display switch on the motherboard can be set to either monochrome or color. This indicates the switch is set to a different setting than indicated in Setup. Determine which setting is correct, and then either turn off the system and change the jumper, or enter Setup and change the VIDEO selection.

◆ **DISPLAY TYPE HAS CHANGED SINCE LAST BOOT**

Since last powering off the system, the display adapter has been changed. You must configure the system for the new display type.

**EISA Configuration Checksum Error
PLEASE RUN EISA CONFIGURATION UTILITY**

The EISA non-volatile RAM checksum is incorrect or cannot correctly read the EISA slot. This can indicate either the EISA non-volatile memory has become corrupt or the slot has been configured incorrectly. Also be sure the card is installed firmly in the slot.

**EISA Configuration Is Not Complete
PLEASE RUN EISA CONFIGURATION UTILITY**

The slot configuration information stored in the EISA non-volatile memory is incomplete.

| |
|---|
| Note: When either of these errors appear, the system will boot in ISA mode, which allows you to run the EISA Configuration Utility. |
|---|

ERROR ENCOUNTERED INITIALIZING HARD DRIVE

Hard drive cannot be initialized. Be sure the adapter is installed correctly and all cables are correctly and firmly attached. Also be sure the correct hard drive type is selected in Setup.

ERROR INITIALIZING HARD DISK CONTROLLER

Cannot initialize controller. Make sure the cord is correctly and firmly installed in the bus. Be sure the correct hard drive type is selected in Setup. Also check to see if any jumper needs to be set correctly on the hard drive.

FLOPPY DISK CNTRLR ERROR OR NO CNTRLR PRESENT

Cannot find or initialize the floppy drive controller. make sure the controller is installed correctly and firmly. If there are no floppy drives installed, be sure the Diskette Drive selection in Setup is set to NONE.

Invalid EISA Configuration

PLEASE RUN EISA CONFIGURATION UTILITY

The non-volatile memory containing EISA configuration information was programmed incorrectly or has become corrupt. Re-run EISA configuration utility to correctly program the memory.

| |
|--|
| NOTE: When this error appears, the system will boot in ISA mode, which allows you to run the EISA Configuration Utility. |
|--|

KEYBOARD ERROR OR NO KEYBOARD PRESENT

Cannot initialize the keyboard. Make sure the keyboard is attached correctly and no keys are being pressed during the boot.

If you are purposely configuring the system without a keyboard, set the error halt condition in Setup to HALT ON ALL, BUT KEYBOARD. This will cause the BIOS to ignore the missing keyboard and continue the boot.

Memory Address Error at ...

Indicates a memory address error at a specific location. You can use this location along with the memory map for your system to find and replace the bad memory chips.

Memory parity Error at ...

Indicates a memory parity error at a specific location. You can use this location along with the memory map for your system to find and replace the bad memory chips.

MEMORY SIZE HAS CHANGED SINCE LAST BOOT

Memory has been added or removed since the last boot. In EISA mode use Configuration Utility to reconfigure the memory configuration. In ISA mode enter Setup and enter the new memory size in the memory fields.

Memory Verify Error at ...

Indicates an error verifying a value already written to memory. Use the location along with your system's memory map to locate the bad chip.

OFFENDING ADDRESS NOT FOUND

This message is used in conjunction with the I/O CHANNEL CHECK and RAM PARITY ERROR messages when the segment that has caused the problem cannot be isolated.

OFFENDING SEGMENT:

This message is used in conjunction with the I/O CHANNEL CHECK and RAM PARITY ERROR messages when the segment that has caused the problem has been isolated.

PRESS A KEY TO REBOOT

This will be displayed at the bottom screen when an error occurs that requires you to reboot. Press any key and the system will reboot.

PRESS F1 TO DISABLE NMI, F2 TO REBOOT

When BIOS detects a Non-maskable Interrupt condition during boot, this will allow you to disable the NMI and continue to boot, or you can reboot the system with the NMI enabled.

RAM PARITY ERROR - CHECKING FOR SEGMENT ...

Indicates a parity error in Random Access Memory.

Should Be Empty But EISA Board Found

PLEASE RUN EISA CONFIGURATION UTILITY

A valid board ID was found in a slot that was configured as having no board ID.

NOTE; When this error appears, the system will boot in ISA mode, which allows you to run the EISA Configuration Utility.

Should Have EISA Board But Not Found

PLEASE RUN EISA CONFIGURATION UTILITY

The board installed is not responding to the ID request, or no board ID has been found in the indicated slot.

NOTE: When this error appears, the system will boot in ISA mode, which allows you to run the EISA Configuration Utility.

Slot Not Empty

Indicates that a slot designated as empty by the EISA Configuration Utility actually contains a board.

NOTE: When this error appears, the system will boot in ISA mode, which allows you to run the EISA Configuration Utility.

SYSTEM HALTED, (CTRL-ALT-DEL) TO REBOOT ...

Indicates the present boot attempt has been aborted and the system must be rebooted. Press and hold down the CTRL and ALT keys and press DEL.

Wrong Board In Slot

PLEASE RUN EISA CONFIGURATION UTILITY

The board ID does not match the ID stored in the EISA non-volatile memory.

NOTE: When this error appears, the system will boot in ISA mode, which allows you to run the EISA Configuration Utility.

FLOPPY DISK(S) fail (80) → Unable to reset floppy subsystem.

FLOPPY DISK(S) fail (40) → Floppy Type mismatch.

Hard Disk(s) fail (80) → HDD reset failed

Hard Disk(s) fail (40) → HDD controller diagnostics failed.

Hard Disk(s) fail (20) → HDD initialization error.

Hard Disk(s) fail (10) → Unable to recalibrate fixed disk.

Hard Disk(s) fail (08) → Sector Verify failed.

Keyboard is locked out - Unlock the key.

BIOS detect the keyboard is locked. P17 of keyboard controller is pulled low.

Keyboard error or no keyboard present.

Cannot initialize the keyboard. Make sure the keyboard is attached correctly and no keys are being pressed during the boot.

Manufacturing POST loop.

System will repeat POST procedure infinitely while the P15 of keyboard controller is pull low. This is also used for M/B burn in test.

BIOS ROM checksum error - System halted.

The checksum of ROM address F0000H-FFFFFFH is bad.

Memory test fail.

BIOS reports the memory test fail if the onboard memory is tested error.

3-13 POST Codes

| POST (hex) | Description |
|-------------------|---|
| CFh | Test CMOS R/W functionality. |
| C0h | Early chipset initialization: -Disable shadow RAM -Disable L2 cache (socket 7 or below) -Program basic chipset registers |
| C1h | Detect memory -Auto-detection of DRAM size, type and ECC. -Auto-detection of L2 cache (socket 7 or below) |
| C3h | Expand compressed BIOS code to DRAM |
| C5h | Call chipset hook to copy BIOS back to E000 & F000 shadow RAM. |
| 0h1 | Expand the Xgroup codes locating in physical address 1000:0 |
| 02h | Reserved |
| 03h | Initial Superio_Early_Init switch. |
| 04h | Reserved |
| 05h | 1. Blank out screen 2. Clear CMOS error flag |
| 06h | Reserved |
| 07h | 1. Clear 8042 interface 2. Initialize 8042 self-test |
| 08h | 1. Test special keyboard controller for Winbond 977 series Super I/O chips. 2. Enable keyboard interface. |
| 09h | Reserved |
| 0Ah | 1. Disable PS/2 mouse interface (optional). 2. Auto detect ports for keyboard & mouse followed by a port & interface swap (optional). 3. Reset keyboard for Winbond 977 series Super I/O chips. |
| 0Bh | Reserved |
| 0Ch | Reserved |
| 0Dh | Reserved |
| 0Eh | Test F000h segment shadow to see whether it is R/W-able or not. If test |

| POST (hex) | Description |
|------------|--|
| | fails, keep beeping the speaker. |
| 0Fh | Reserved |
| 10h | Auto detect flash type to load appropriate flash R/W codes into the run time area in F000 for ESCD & DMI support. |
| 11h | Reserved |
| 12h | Use walking 1's algorithm to check out interface in CMOS circuitry. Also set real-time clock power status, and then check for override. |
| 13h | Reserved |
| 14h | Program chipset default values into chipset. Chipset default values are MODBINable by OEM customers. |
| 15h | Reserved |
| 16h | Initial Early_Init_Onboard_Generator switch. |
| 17h | Reserved |
| 18h | Detect CPU information including brand, SMI type (Cyrix or Intel) and CPU level (586 or 686). |
| 19h | Reserved |
| 1Ah | Reserved |
| 1Bh | Initial interrupts vector table. If no special specified, all H/W interrupts are directed to SPURIOUS_INT_HDLR & S/W interrupts to SPURIOUS_soft_HDLR. |
| 1Ch | Reserved |
| 1Dh | Initial EARLY_PM_INIT switch. |
| 1Eh | Reserved |
| 1Fh | Load keyboard matrix (notebook platform) |
| 20h | Reserved |
| 21h | HPM initialization (notebook platform) |
| 22h | Reserved |
| 23h | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check validity of RTC value: e.g. a value of 5Ah is an invalid value for RTC minute. 2. Load CMOS settings into BIOS stack. If CMOS checksum fails, use default value instead. 3. Prepare BIOS resource map for PCI & PnP use. If ESCD is valid, take into consideration of the ESCD's legacy information. 4. Onboard clock generator initialization. Disable respective clock resource to empty PCI & DIMM slots. 5. Early PCI initialization: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Enumerate PCI bus number -Assign memory & I/O resource -Search for a valid VGA device & VGA BIOS, and put it into C000:0. |
| 24h | Reserved |
| 25h | Reserved |
| 26h | Reserved |
| 27h | Initialize INT 09 buffer |
| 28h | Reserved |
| 29h | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Program CPU internal MTRR (P6 & PII) for 0-640K memory address. 2. Initialize the APIC for Pentium class CPU. 3. Program early chipset according to CMOS setup. Example: onboard IDE controller. 4. Measure CPU speed. 5. Invoke video BIOS. |

| POST (hex) | Description |
|-------------------|--|
| 2Ah | Reserved |
| 2Bh | Reserved |
| 2Ch | Reserved |
| 2Dh | 1. Initialize multi-language 2. Put information on screen display, including Award title, CPU type, CPU speed |
| 2Eh | Reserved |
| 2Fh | Reserved |
| 30h | Reserved |
| 31h | Reserved |
| 32h | Reserved |
| 33h | Reset keyboard except Winbond 977 series Super I/O chips. |
| 34h | Reserved |
| 35h | Reserved |
| 36h | Reserved |
| 37h | Reserved |
| 38h | Reserved |
| 39h | Reserved |
| 3Ah | Reserved |
| 3Bh | Reserved |
| 3Ch | Test 8254 |
| 3Dh | Reserved |
| 3Eh | Test 8259 interrupt mask bits for channel 1. |
| 3Fh | Reserved |
| 40h | Test 8259 interrupt mask bits for channel 2. |
| 41h | Reserved |
| 42h | Reserved |
| 43h | Test 8259 functionality. |
| 44h | Reserved |
| 45h | Reserved |
| 46h | Reserved |
| 47h | Initialize EISA slot |
| 48h | Reserved |
| 49h | 1. Calculate total memory by testing the last double word of each 64K page 2. Program writes allocation for AMD K5 CPU. |
| 4Ah | Reserved |
| 4Bh | Reserved |
| 4Ch | Reserved |
| 4Dh | Reserved |
| 4Eh | 1. Program MTRR of M1 CPU 2. Initialize L2 cache for P6 class CPU & program CPU with proper cacheable range. 3. Initialize the APIC for P6 class CPU. 4. On MP platform, adjust the cacheable range to smaller one in case the cacheable ranges between each CPU are not identical. |
| 4Fh | Reserved |
| 50h | Initialize USB |
| 51h | Reserved |
| 52h | Test all memory (clear all extended memory to 0) |

| POST (hex) | Description |
|-------------------|---|
| 53h | Reserved |
| 54h | Reserved |
| 55h | Display number of processors (multi-processor platform) |
| 56h | Reserved |
| 57h | 1. Display PnP logo 2. Early ISA PnP initialization -Assign CSN to every ISA PnP device. |
| 58h | Reserved |
| 59h | Initialize the combined Trend Anti-Virus code. |
| 5Ah | Reserved |
| 5Bh | (Optional Feature) Show message for entering AWDFLASH.EXE from FDD (optional) |
| 5Ch | Reserved |
| 5Dh | 1. Initialize Init_Onboard_Super_IO switch. 2. Initialize Init_Onboard_AUDIO switch. |
| 5Eh | Reserved |
| 5Fh | Reserved |
| 60h | Okay to enter Setup utility; i.e. not until this POST stage can users enter the CMOS setup utility. |
| 61h | Reserved |
| 62h | Reserved |
| 63h | Reserved |
| 64h | Reserved |
| 65h | Initialize PS/2 Mouse |
| 66h | Reserved |
| 67h | Prepare memory size information for function call: INT 15h ax=E820h |
| 68h | Reserved |
| 69h | Turn on L2 cache |
| 6Ah | Reserved |
| 6Bh | Program chipset registers according to items described in Setup & Auto-configuration table. |
| 6Ch | Reserved |
| 6Dh | 1. Assign resources to all ISA PnP devices. 2. Auto assign ports to onboard COM ports if the corresponding item in Setup is set to "AUTO". |
| 6Eh | Reserved |
| 6Fh | 1. Initialize floppy controller 2. Set up floppy related fields in 40:hardware. |
| 70h | Reserved |
| 71h | Reserved |
| 72h | Reserved |
| 73h | (Optional Feature) Enter AWDFLASH.EXE if : -AWDFLASH is found in floppy drive. -ALT+F2 is pressed |
| 74h | Reserved |
| 75h | Detect & install all IDE devices: HDD, LS120, ZIP, CDROM..... |
| 76h | Reserved |
| 77h | Detect serial ports & parallel ports. |

| POST (hex) | Description |
|-------------------|--|
| 78h | Reserved |
| 79h | Reserved |
| 7Ah | Detect & install co-processor |
| 7Bh | Reserved |
| 7Ch | Reserved |
| 7Dh | Reserved |
| 7Eh | Reserved |
| 7Fh | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Switch back to text mode if full screen logo is supported. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -If errors occur, report errors & wait for keys -If no errors occur or F1 key is pressed to continue: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◆Clear EPA or customization logo. |
| 80h | Reserved |
| 81h | Reserved |
| 82h | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Call chipset power management hook. 2. Recover the text font used by EPA logo (not for full screen logo) 3. If password is set, ask for password. |
| 83h | Save all data in stack back to CMOS |
| 84h | Initialize ISA PnP boot devices |
| 85h | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. USB final Initialization 2. NET PC: Build SYSID structure 3. Switch screen back to text mode 4. Set up ACPI table at top of memory. 5. Invoke ISA adapter ROMs 6. Assign IRQs to PCI devices 7. Initialize APM 8. Clear noise of IRQs. |
| 86h | Reserved |
| 87h | Reserved |
| 88h | Reserved |
| 89h | Reserved |
| 90h | Reserved |
| 91h | Reserved |
| 92h | Reserved |
| 93h | Read HDD boot sector information for Trend Anti-Virus code |
| 94h | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Enable L2 cache 2. Program boot up speed 3. Chipset final initialization. 4. Power management final initialization 5. Clear screen & display summary table 6. Program K6 write allocation 7. Program P6 class write combining |
| 95h | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Program daylight saving 2. Update keyboard LED & typematic rate |
| 96h | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Build MP table 2. Build & update ESCD 3. Set CMOS century to 20h or 19h 4. Load CMOS time into DOS timer tick 5. Build MSIRQ routing table. |
| FFh | Boot attempt (INT 19h) |

Chapter 4

610BF/612BF Driver Installation

Preparation

1. You must have more than 33MB memory on your system in order to install VGA driver.
2. If you are using Windows 95, you must update to Windows 95 OSR2.1 or later version.
3. If you are using Windows NT, you must update to Server Pack 4 or later version.
4. We are assuming your CD-ROM is X drive.
5. If you don't have Modem/Riser card, you will find a PCI card with a “!” mark in “OTHER DEVICE “under” Device Manager”. You can solve this problem by disable “AC97 Modem” under “Integrated Peripherals” option of the BIOS.
6. Multi language supported for both VGA and Sound drivers installation.

4-1 Software Installation

VGA Driver

Windows95/Windows98 : Run X : \INTEL810\VGA\WIN9X\GRAPHICS\SETUP.EXE

Windows NT 4.0 : Run X : \INTEL810\VGA\NT4\GRAPHICS\SETUP.EXE

Please follow on screen instruction to complete your installation.

Sound Driver

82801/82802 INF DRIVER

Windows 95 :

1. Install USB Supportment Driver From win95 CD Driver (OSR2.1 Support USB Need).
2. Run X : \INTEL810\INF\INF\SETUP.EXE and choose “Windows 95 OSR2.1”.
3. Install X : \INTEL810\INF\INF\INST\SETUP.EXE and follow on screen instruction.
4. After re-start your computer; just simply click NEXT to choose Windows default driver.

Windows 98 :

1. Run X : \INTEL810\INF\INF\SETUP.EXE and choose “Windows 98”.
2. Install X : \INTEL810\INF\INF\INST\SETUP.EXE and follow on screen instruction.
3. After re-start your computer; at prompt of asking for ICHxIDE.CAT, please points to C:\WINDOWS\CATROOT , otherwise just simply click NEXT to choose Windows default driver.

For Windows 95/98 user, before you install Sound Driver, please remove PCI Multimedia Audio Device under “OTHER DEVICE” of “DEVICE MANAGER”.

Windows 95 : Run X : \INTEL810\SOUND\WIN95\SETUP.EXE

Windows 98 : Run X : \INTEL810\SOUND\WIN98\SETUP.EXE

Windows NT 4.0 : Run X : \INTEL810\SOUND\NT4\SETUP.EXE

AUDIO RACK : Run X : \INTEL810\SOUND\ADRACK\SETUP.EXE

Please follow on screen instruction to complete your installation.

PC Health Software

Windows 95 : Run X : \INTEL810\HEALTH4\SETUP.EXE

Windows 98 : Run X : \INTEL810\HEALTH4\SETUP.EXE

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| NOTES | <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. For Windows 95 user : You must run SETUP.EXE twice in order to complete this installation. The computer will install device identification at first time when you run SETUP.EXE. When you finish, you need re-start your computer manually and run SETUP.EXE once again to install correspond driver.2. <i>Please follow on screen instruction to complete your installation.</i>3. Please refer to HELP for Windows 95/98 relate questions. |
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4-2 Keyboard Password/Hot-key / PS/2 Mouse Power On

This Mother board has two ways to Power On System, one is use power button the other is use keyboard. This document description how to use keyboard to control Power On function.

Function 1:

Use Power Button Power On.

Please setting both JP4 2-3 closed (see Figure A). In this condition the system will ignore the BIOS SETUP “Power On Function” under “INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS”, system only can power on by Power Button.

Function 2:

Use Keyboard Password/ Hot-key /PS/2 Mouse Power On (Default setting).

You have to setting both JP4 1-2 closed (see Figure A). In this setting you can change BIOS SETUP to “Password”

or "Hot-key" "PS/2 Mouse" in "Power On Function" item under "INTEGRATED PERIPHERAL SETUP".

A: When choose "Password", then user can setting your password in "KB Power On Password" item. After save CMOS SETUP, the next time want to power on, you have to key in your password to power on, otherwise the system will not power on.

B: When choose "Hot-key" or "PS/2 Mouse", then user can choose by key in Hot-key or Push Mouse button, or use Power button to power on system.

Question and Answer:

Q1: When you forget password or the system can not power on by power button?

Answer: There has two solution of this problem:

sol 1: 1st : Turn off the Power Supply by ON/OFF switch.

2nd: Clear CMOS by JP4 1-2 closed about 10 sec and remove the Jumper to 2-3 closed for Normal use.

3rd: Switch ON the Power Supply by ON/OFF switch.

4th: Follow Function 1 or Function 2 to setting to setting your Power On Function.

sol 2: Change the Jumper setting both JP4 2-3 closed . Let you can use power button to Power On your system, and you can setting BIOS again. In this condition you can choose use Function 1 (use Power Button Power On) or use Function 2 (Use Keyboard Password/ Hot-key Power On) to setting your system.

Q2: When use Function 2 use keyboard Password/Hot-key Power On, there has keyboard error problem?

Answer: This is the Power Supply 5V stand by current too small can not drive the keyboard.

sol: If your Power Supply 5V Stand By current is not enough to driver keyboard. You can not use keyboard password/Hot-key power on Function, Please change the Jumper setting JP6 2-3 closed only can use Function 1: Power Button Power On.

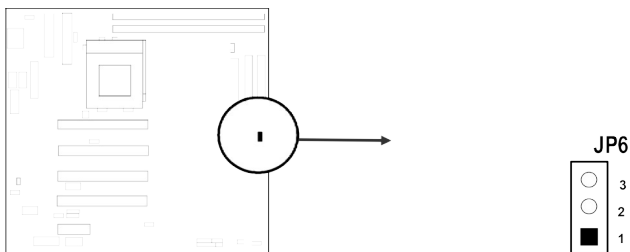


Figure A