

# ***IB3***

## ***USER'S MANUAL***

### ***3D-AGP VGA / 3D-Audio M/B***

### ***FOR SOCKET 370 Processor***

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***NO. G03-IB3R1A***

**Release date: JAN 2001**

**\*\* Year 2000 compliant \*\***

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# TABLE OF CONTENT

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<b>USER'S NOTICE</b> .....	<b>ii</b>
<b>MANUAL REVISION INFORMATION</b> .....	<b>1</b>
<b>THERMAL SOLUTIONS</b> .....	<b>1</b>
<b>CHAPTER 1 INTRODUCTION OF MOTHERBOARD</b>	
1-1 FEATURE OF MOTHERBOARD.....	2
1-2 SPECIFICATION.....	3
1-3 MOTHERBOARD DIAGRAM.....	4
1-4 QUICK REFERENCE FOR JUMPERS, CONNECTORS & EXPANSION SOCKET.....	5
<b>CHAPTER 2 HARDWARE INSTALLATION</b>	
2-1 HARDWARE INSTALLATION STEPS.....	6
2-2 CHECKING MOTHERBOARD'S JUMPER SETTING.....	6
2-3 INSTALL CPU.....	8
2-3-1 GLOSSARY.....	8
2-3-2 SETTING CPU BUS CLOCK & MEMORY CLOCK JUMPER.....	10
2-3-3 INSTALL CPU.....	10
2-3-4 OVERCLOCK RUNNING.....	11
2-4 INSTALL MEMORY.....	12
2-5 EXPANSION CARDS.....	12
2-5-1 PROCEDURE FOR EXPANSION CARD INSTALLATION.....	12
2-5-2 ASSIGNING IRQ FOR EXPANSION CARD.....	13
2-5-3 INTERRUPT REQUEST TABLE FOR THIS MOTHERBOARD.....	13
2-6 CONNECTORS, HEADERS.....	14
<b>CHAPTER 3 INTRODUCING BIOS</b>	
3-1 ENTERING SETUP.....	21
3-2 GETTING HELP.....	22
3-3 THE MAIN MENU.....	22
3-4 STANDARD CMOS FEATURES.....	24
3-5 ADVANCED BIOS FEATURES.....	25
3-6 ADVANCED CHIPSET FEATURES.....	27
3-7 INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS.....	29
3-7-1 ON-CHIP IDE FUNCTION.....	29
3-7-2 ON-CHIP SIO FUNCTION.....	30
3-7-3 ON-CHIP DEVICE FUNCTION.....	31
3-8 POWER MANAGEMENT SETUP.....	32
3-8-1 RELOAD TIMER EVENTS.....	34
3-9 PNP/PCI CONFIGURATION SETUP.....	35
3-10 PC HEALTH STATUS.....	36
3-11 MISCELLANEOUS CONTROL.....	37
3-12 LOAD STANDARD/OPTIMIZED DEFAULTS.....	37
3-13 SET SUPERVISOR/USER PASSWORD.....	38

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## CHAPTER 4 DRIVER & FREE PROGRAM INSTALLATION

MAGIC INSTALL SUPPORTS WINDOWS 95/98/98SE/NT4.0/2000.....	39
4-1 INF INSTALL INTEL 810E CHIPSET SYSTEM DRIVER.....	40
4-2 IDE INSTALL ULTRA ATA33 OR ULTRA ATA66 DRIVER.....	41
4-3 VGA INSTALL ON-BOARD VGA DRIVER.....	42
A. For WINDOWS 95/98/98SE/NT4.0.....	42
B. For WINDOWS 2000.....	42
4-4 PC-HEALTH INSTALLS PC HEALTH MONITOR III SOFTWARE FOR HARDWARE MONITORING DEVICE.....	44
4-5 AC97 SOUND DRIVER AND THE PROGRAM INSTALL FOR EDITING/PLAYBACK.....	45
4-6 PC-CILLIN INSTALL PC-CILLIN 2000 ANTI-VIRUS PROGRAM.....	46
4-7 HOW TO UTILIZE ALSRACK EDITING & PLAYBACK UTILITY..	47
4-8 HOW TO UTILIZE PC-HEALTH.....	48
4-9 HOW TO DISABLE ON-BOARD SOUND.....	49
4-10 HOW TO UPDATE BIOS.....	49

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## Manual Revision Information

Reversion	Revision History	Date
1.0	First Release	Jan 2001

### Item Checklist

- Motherboard
- Cable for IDE/Floppy
- CD for motherboard utilities
- Cable for USB Port (Option)
- Cable for COM1/COM2
- Cable for Audio/Game Port
- Cable for Parallel Port/PS2\_Mouse
- User's Manual

## Intel® Processor Family Thermal Solutions

As processor technology pushes to faster speeds and higher performance, thermal management becomes increasingly crucial when building computer systems. Maintaining the proper thermal environment is key to reliable, long-term system operation. The overall goal in providing the proper thermal environment is keeping the processor below its specified maximum case temperature. Heatsinks induce improved processor heat dissipation through increased surface area and concentrated airflow from attached fans. In addition, interface materials allow effective transfers of heat from the processor to the heatsink. For optimum heat transfer, Intel recommends the use of thermal grease and mounting clips to attach the heatsink to the processor.

When selecting a thermal solution for your system, please refer to the website below for collection of heatsinks evaluated and recommended by Intel for use with Intel processors.

Vendor list for heatsink and fan of **Pentium® !!! processor**, please visit :

<http://developer.intel.com/design/Pentiumiii/components/index.htm>

Vendor list for heatsink and fan of **Intel® Celeron™ processor**, please visit :

<http://developer.intel.com/design/celeron/components/index.htm>

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# Chapter 1

## Introduction of IB3 Motherboard

### 1-1 Feature of motherboard

The IB3 motherboard is design for use Intel's new generation Pentium processors, which utilize the Socket 370 design and the memory size expandable to 256MB (or 512MB by using 128Mb technology).

This motherboard using newest DDM (Dynamic Display Memory) architecture to increase systems display performance and many other new feature that meets future specification. With integrated 3D Graphic Acceleration, makes this board lower cost alternative to a video card

This board support Auto setting and Jump-less solution, users install CPU don't need change any jumper and also can setting Front Side Bus Frequency (CPU Host Clock), CPU ratio in BIOS SETUP "Miscellaneous Control", makes user over-clocking possibility.

This motherboard use Intel 810E chipset, whose 133MHz front side bus interface delivers a clear upgrade path to the future generation of 133MHz processors and PC100/ PC-133 SDRAM. It offers ULTRA DMA 66MB/sec (ATA 66) to provide speedier HDD throughout that boosts overall system performance.

This board also integrated AC'97 2.1 CODEC on board which is fully compatible with Sound Blaster Pro<sup>®</sup> that gives you the best sound quality and compatibility. With USB control as well as capability of expanding to 2 USB connectors, which guarantees this board to meet future USB demand. Moreover, this motherboard has built-in hardware monitor function that capable of monitor and protect your computer.

When use ATX Power Supply this board also support RTC Alarm, Ring-In Wake Up, Wake On LAN, Keyboard/Mouse Power On, Auto power on after AC recovery power management function.

This motherboard provides high performance & meets future specification demand. It is really wise choice for your computer.

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## 1-2 Specification

<b>Spec</b>	<b>Description</b>
<b>Design</b>	* Baby AT form factor 4 layers PCB size: 22 x 17 cm
<b>Chipset</b>	* INTEL 810E Chipset
<b>Clock Generator</b>	* Winbond 83194AR-We * Support 66/100/133MHz system Bus Clock (CPU Bus Clock) * Support CPU Frequency setting in BIOS Setup
<b>CPU Socket</b>	* Support Pentium® III 500~1GHz processor * Support Celeron™ 300~800MHz processor * Support 66, 100 and 133MHz CPU Bus clock processors * Reserves support for future Intel Pentium® III processors * Support Cyrix MIII processors
<b>Memory Socket</b>	* 168-pin DIMM socket x2 * PC-100/PC-133 SDRAM expandable to 512MB * Support 3.3V SDRAM DIMM
<b>Expansion Slot</b>	32-bit PCI slot x3
<b>Integrate VGA</b>	* 3D graphic acceleration * 8MB Frame Buffer DVMT (Dynamic Video Memory Technology) * 3D Hyper Pipelined Architecture * 3D Graphics Visual /Texturing Enhancements * Up to 1600 x 1200 in 8-bit Color at 85Hz Refresh. * H/W Motion Compensation Assistance for S/W MPEG2 decode * Software DVD at 30fps
<b>Integrate IDE</b>	* 2 channel of Bus Master IDE port supporting ULTRA DMA 33/66 mode devices, supports Enhanced IDE devices such as Tape Backup, CD-ROM 、ZIP 、LS-120 Drives
<b>Audio</b>	* AC'97 Digital Audio controller integrated * AC'97 Audio CODEC on board * Audio driver and utility included
<b>BIOS</b>	* Award 2Mb Flash ROM
<b>Multi I/O</b>	* Keyboard and PS/2 mouse connectors * Floppy disk drive connector x1 * Parallel port x1 * Serial port x2 * USB connector x2 * Audio connector (Line-in, Line-out, MIC & Game Port)

## 1-3 Motherboard Diagram

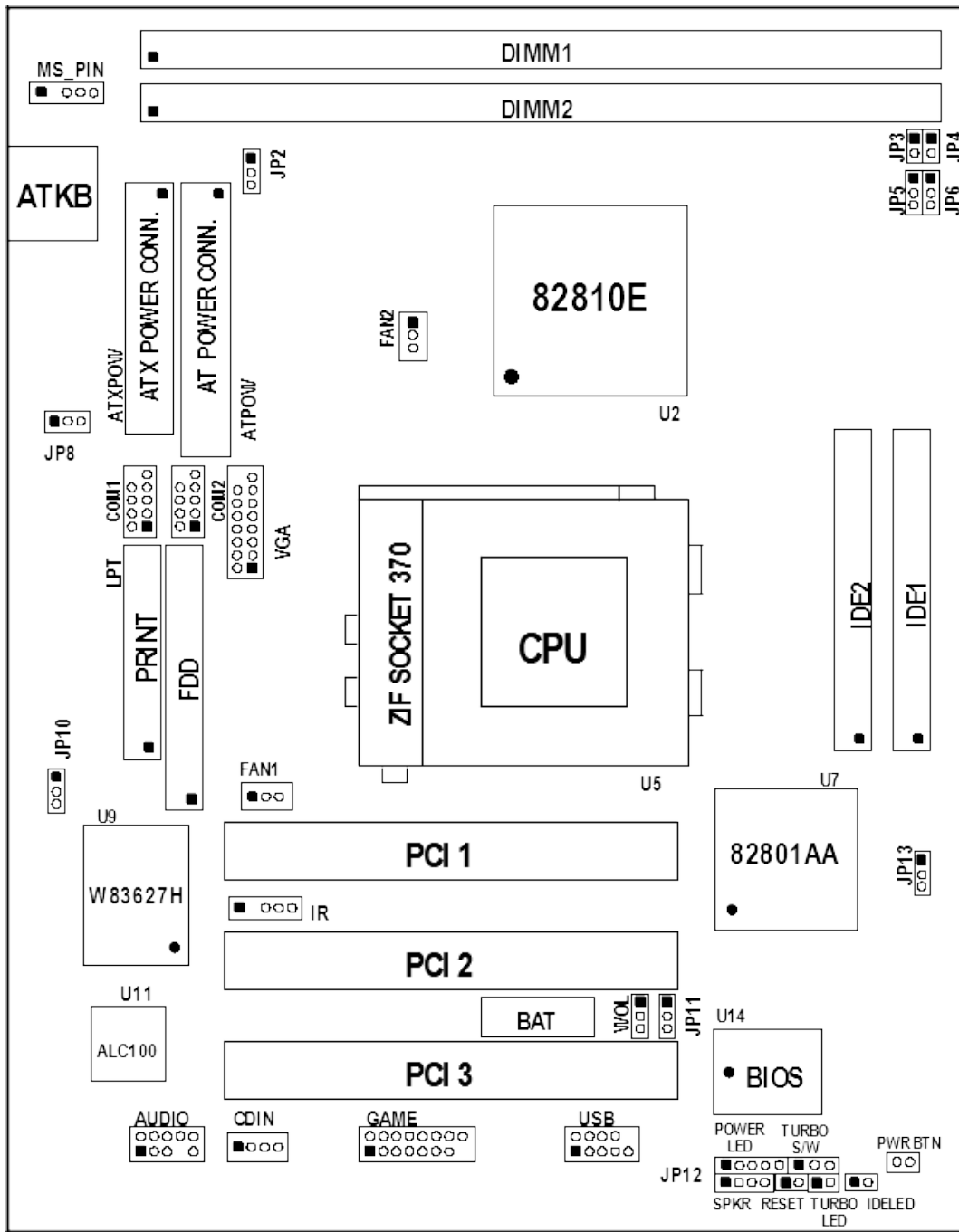


Figure 1-1

## 1-4 Quick Reference for Jumpers, Connectors & Expansion Socket

## Jumpers

Jumper	Name	Description	Page
JP3, JP4, JP5, JP6	CPU Bus/SDRAM Frequency Selection	<i>Auto</i> JP3:ON, JP4:ON, JP5:1-2, JP6:1-2 <i>66Mhz</i> JP3:Off, JP4:Off, JP5:2-3, JP6:2-3 <i>100Mhz</i> JP3:Off, JP4:Off, JP5:1-2, JP6:2-3 <i>133Mhz</i> JP3:Off, JP4:Off, JP5:1-2, JP6:1-2	p.6
JP2	V I/O Voltage	1-2 : For V I/O 3.3V (Default) 2-3 : For V I/O 3.45V	p.7
JP8	Keyboard Power on Function (K.B. Voltage)	1-2 : Enabled (Only for ATX Power ) 2-3 : Disabled	p.7
JP10	Clear Keyboard Power On Password setting	1-2 : Default 2-3 : Clear Password	p.7
JP11	CMOS RAM Clear	1-2 Default for R.T.C. ; 2-3 Reset R.T.C.	p.8

## Connectors

Connector	Name	Description	Page
ATPOW	AT Power Connector	12-Pin Block	p.14
ATXPOW	ATX power Connector	20-Pin Block	p.14
ATKB	Keyboard Connector	5-Pin Female	p.14
MS_PIN	PS/2 Mouse Connector	6-Pin Block	p.15
LPT	Parallel Port Connector	26-Pin Block	p.15
COM1, COM2	Serial Port COMA&COMB	10-Pin Block	p.15
FDD	Floppy Driver Connector	34-Pin Block	p.16
IDE1	Primary IDE Connector	40-Pin Block	p.16
IDE2	Secondary IDE Connector	40-Pin Block	p.16
IDELED	IDE activity LED	2-Pin Connector	p.17
FPC	Front Panel Connector	16-Pin Block	p.17
IR	Infrared Module Connector	5-Pin Block	p.18
USB	USB Port Connector	10-Pin Block	p.18
FAN1, FAN2	FAN Connector	1-2 12V Power Connector 2-3 ACPI FAN power control Connector	p.18
PWR_BTN	ATX power button/Soft power button	2-pin Connector	p.18
VGA	VGA Connector	16-pin Block	p.19
Audio	Audio Connector	10-pin Connector	p.19
Game	Game port Connector	16-pin Connector	p.19
CDIN	CD-Audio/ Sony	4-pin Block	p.20
WOL	Wake On LAN	3-pin Block	p.20

## Expansion Sockets

Socket/Slot	Name	Description
DIMM1, DIMM2	DIMM Module Socket	168-Pin DIMM SDRAM Module Expansion Socket
Zip Socket370	CPU Socket	Celeron PPGA / Coppermine FC-PGA CPU Socket
PCI1, PCI2, PCI3	PCI Slot	32-bit PCI Local Bus Expansion Slots

# Chapter 2

## Hardware installation



## 2-1 Hardware installation Steps

Before using your computer, you had better complete the following steps:

1. Check motherboard setting
2. Install CPU
3. Install Memory
4. Install Expansion cards
5. Connect Ribbon cables, Panel wires, and power supply
6. Setup BIOS
7. Install software driver & utility

## 2-2 Checking Motherboard's Jumper Setting

### 1. CPU Host/SDRAM Clock setting (3-pin) : JP3, JP4, JP5, JP6

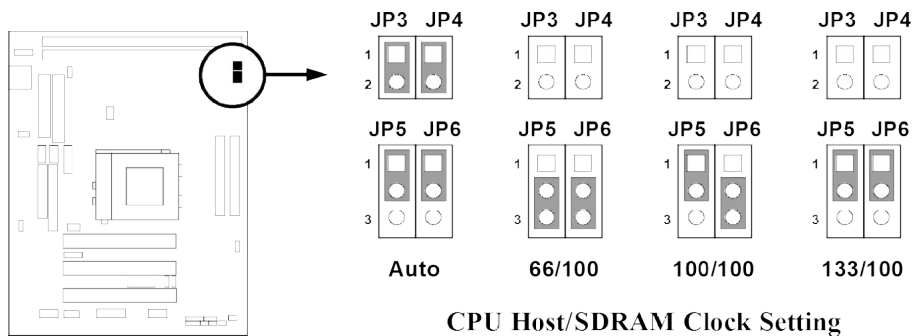
The motherboard's CPU & SDRAM memory clock adjusted through jumper JP3, JP4, JP5, JP6. Table as below:

CPU/SDRAM (MHz)	JP3	JP4	JP5	JP6
<b>Auto</b>	<b>ON</b>	<b>ON</b>	<b>1-2</b>	<b>1-2 (Default)</b>
66/100	OFF	OFF	2-3	2-3
100/100	OFF	OFF	1-2	2-3
133/100	OFF	OFF	1-2	1-2

Table for the Pentium III and Celeron Socket 370 CPU

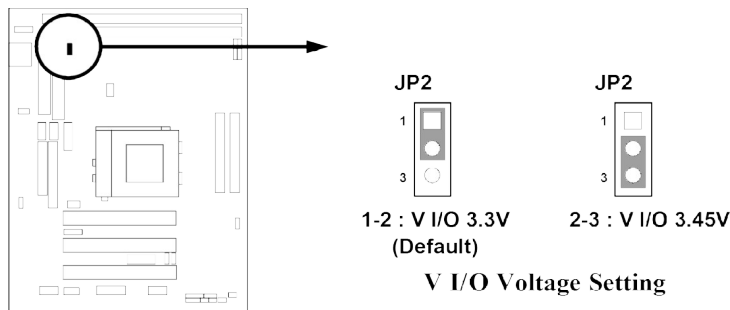
Celeron			Pentium III			Pentium III		
Speed	Bus	Ratio	Speed	Bus	Ratio	Speed	Bus	Ratio
300/66	66MHz	4.5x	400/100	100MHz	4x	750/100	100MHz	7.5x
333/66	66MHz	5.0x	450/100	100MHz	4.5x	800EB/133	133MHz	6.0x
366/66	66MHz	5.5x	500/100	100MHz	5.0x	800/100	100MHz	8.0x
400/66	66MHz	6.0x	500E/100	100MHz	5.0x	850/100	100MHz	8.5x
433/66	66MHz	6.5x	533B/133	133MHz	4.0x	866/133	133MHz	6.5x
466/66	66MHz	7.0x	533EB/133			933/133	133MHz	7.0x
500/66	66MHz	7.5x	550/100	100MHz	5.5x	1.0 GHz/133	133MHz	7.5x
533/66	66MHz	8.0x	550E/100	100MHz	5.5x			
566/66	66MHz	8.5x	600E/100	100MHz	6.0x			
600/66	66MHz	9.0x	600B/133	133MHz	4.5x			
633/66	66MHz	9.5x	600EB/133					
667/66	66MHz	10.0x	650/100	100MHz	6.5x			
700/66	66MHz	10.5x	667/133	133MHz	5.0x			
766/66	66MHz	11.5x	700/100	100MHz	7.0x			
800/100	100MHz	8x	733/133	133MHz	5.5x			

\* *Because the Ratio are fixed by CPU Manufacture, users don't need to setting ratio any more, this table just for reference use.*



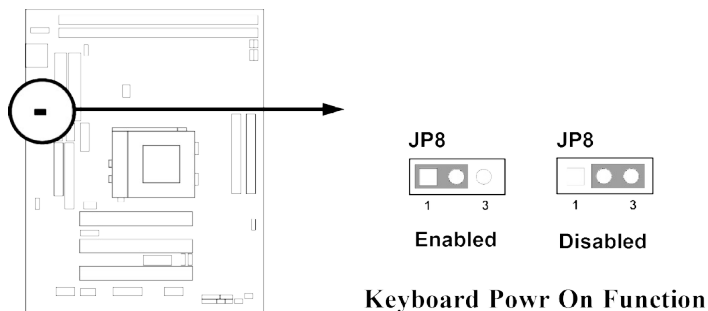
*In “Miscellaneous Control” section of CMOS setup Utility, you can setting the CPU clock by BIOS setting please refer [page 11](#).*

**2. V I/O Voltage setting (3-pin) : JP2**



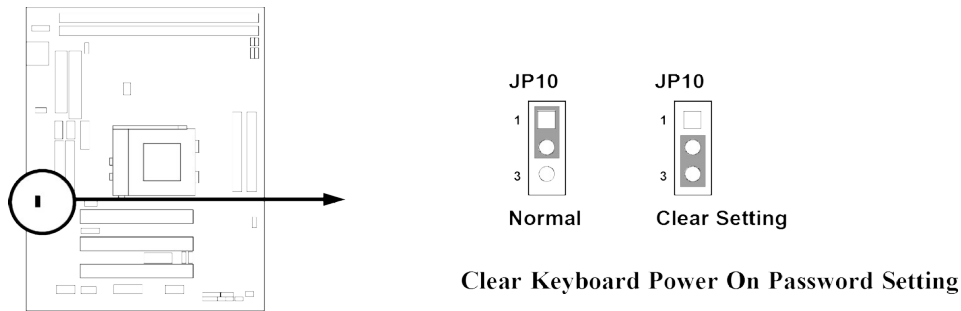
**3. Keyboard Power On Function setting (3-pin) : JP8**

This allows you to disable the keyboard power on function. Set the jumper to enabled or disabled if you wish to use your keyboard (by pressing < >) to power on your computer, this feature requires an ATX power supply that can supply at least 300mA on the +5VSB lead. The default is set on disable.



**4. Clear Keyboard Power On password setting (3-pin) : JP10**

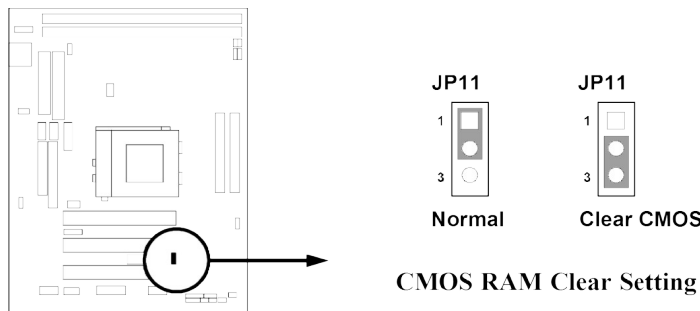
You can set keyboard power on function password to assure computer security to setting password through BIOS SETUP, and you can clear keyboard power on password by JP10.



## 5. CMOS RAM Clear (3-pin) : JP11

A battery must be used to retain the motherboard configuration in CMOS RAM short 1-2 pins of JP11 to store the CMOS data.

*Note: You can clear CMOS by shorting 2-3 pin, while the system is off. Then return to 1-2 pin position. Avoid clearing the CMOS while the system is on, it will damage the motherboard always unplug the power cord from the wall socket.*



## 2-3 Install CPU

### 2-3-1 Glossary

**Chipset (core logic)** - two or more integrated circuits which control the interfaces between the system processor, RAM, I/O devices, and adapter cards.

**Processor socket** - the socket used to mount the system processor on the motherboard.

**Slot (AGP, PCI, ISA, RAM)** - the slots used to mount adapter cards and system RAM.

**AGP - Accelerated Graphics Port** - a high speed interface for video cards; runs at 1X (66MHz), 2X (133MHz), or 4X (266MHz).

**PCI - Peripheral Component Interconnect** - a high speed interface for video cards, sound cards, network interface cards, and modems; runs at 33MHz.

**Serial Port** - a low speed interface typically used for mouse and external modems.

**Parallel Port** - a low speed interface typically used for printers.

**PS/2** - a low speed interface used for mouse and keyboards.

**USB - Universal Serial Bus** - a medium speed interface typically used for mouse, keyboards, scanners, scanners, and some digital cameras.

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**Sound** (interface) - the interface between the sound card or integrated sound connectors and speakers, mic, game controllers, and MIDI sound devices.

**BIOS (Basic Input/Output System)** - the program logic used to boot up a computer and establish the relationship between the various components.

**Driver** - software, which defines the characteristics of a device for use by another device or other software.

**Processor** - the "Central Processing Unit" (CPU); the principal integrated circuit used for doing the "computing" in "personal computer"

### **Front Side Bus Frequency**

The working frequency of the motherboard, which is generated by the clock generator for CPU, DRAM and PCI BUS.

### **CPU L2 Cache**

The flash memory inside the CPU, normally Pentium III CPU has 256K or above, while Celeron CPU will have 128K.

### **The way to recognize the specification of CPU from the packing Pentium III 370 pins FC-PGA**

On the surface of the CPU as shown on the right picture, under the word of "PENTIUM III" the code is:

#### **RB 80526 P2 866 256**

**RB** : FC-PGA packing

**P2** : P2-133MHz front side bus frequency  
PY-100MHz front side bus frequency

**866** : CPU internal frequency, where here is 866MHz

**256** : the size of L2 cache, where here is 256K



#### **Celeron FC-PGA**

On the surface of the CPU as shown on the right picture, under the word of "Celeron" the code is:

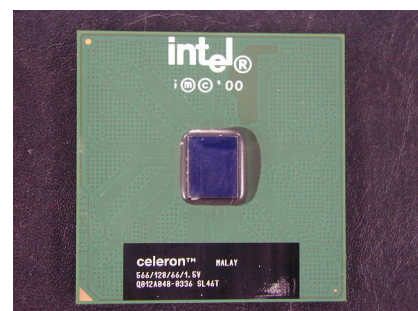
#### **566/128/66/1.5V**

**566** : CPU internal frequency, where here is 566MHz

**128** : the size of L2 cache, where here is 128K

**66** : front side bus frequency, where here is 66MHz

**1.5V** : the voltage for the CPU



## **2-3-2 Setting CPU Bus Clock & Memory Clock Jumper**

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### Setting the front side bus frequency and SDRAM frequency

The motherboard uses jumper JP3, JP4, JP5, JP6 for the front side bus frequency and SDRAM frequency setting as shown from the table below:

CPU/SDRAM (MHz)	JP3	JP4	JP5	JP6
Auto	ON	ON	1-2	1-2 (Default)
66/100	OFF	OFF	2-3	2-3
100/100	OFF	OFF	1-2	2-3
133/100	OFF	OFF	1-2	1-2

**Example:** Using a Pentium® III 866 CPU with front side bus frequency of 133MHz and PC-133 SDRAM module, the setting of JP3 ON, JP4 ON, JP5 1-2, and JP6 1-2. Will form CPU BUS CLOCK be 133MHz and SDRAM CLOCK be 100MHz.

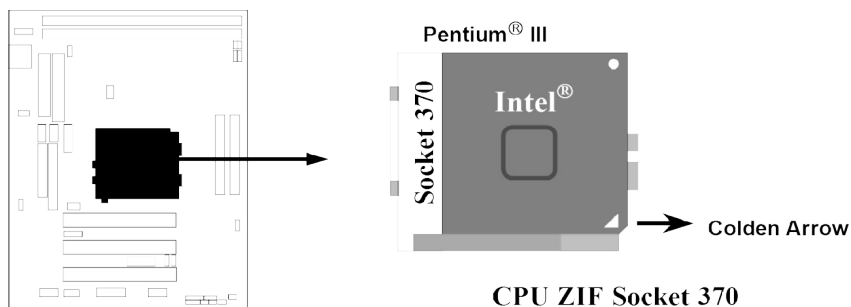
*For experience user looking for over clocking, please refer to sec 2-3-4*

### 2-3-3 Install CPU

This motherboard provides a ZIF socket 370. The CPU that comes with the motherboard should have a cooling FAN attached to prevent overheating. If this is not the case, then purchase a correct cooling FAN before you turn on your system.

**WARNING!** Be sure that there is sufficient air circulation across the processor's heatsink and CPU cooling FAN is working correctly, otherwise it may cause the processor and motherboard overheat and damage, you may install an auxiliary cooling FAN, if necessary.

To install a CPU, first turn off your system and remove its cover. Locate the ZIF socket and open it by first pulling the level sideways away from the socket then upward to a 90-degree angle. Insert the CPU with the correct orientation as shown below. The notched corner should point toward the end of the level. Because the CPU has a corner pin for two of the four corners, the CPU will only fit in the orientation as shown.



When you put the CPU into the ZIF socket. No forces require to insert of the CPU, then press the level to locate position slightly without any extra force.

### 2-3-4 Over clock Running

**WARNING!** This section is for experienced motherboard installer only. Over clocking can result in system instability or even shortening life of the processor.

After setting the Jumper JP3, JP4, JP5, JP6 you can choose over clock running by BIOS CMOS SETUP UTILITY. When you entered CMOS SETUP UTILITY, choose “Miscellaneous Control.” you will see the screen as below then.

You can choose the situation you want to try.

CPU/SDRAM (MHz)	JP3	JP4	JP5	JP6
<b>Auto</b>	<b>ON</b>	<b>ON</b>	<b>1-2</b>	<b>1-2 (Default)</b>
66/100	OFF	OFF	2-3	2-3
100/100	OFF	OFF	1-2	2-3
133/100	OFF	OFF	1-2	1-2

CMOS Setup Utility - Copyright(C) 1984-2001 Award Software  
Miscellaneous Control

Auto Detect DIMM/PCI Clk	Enabled	Item Help												
Spread Spectrum	Disabled													
CPU Host/SDRAM Clock	[Default]													
CPU Clock Ratio	X 3													
<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th colspan="2">CPU Host/SDRAM Clock</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Default</td> <td>[ ]</td> </tr> <tr> <td>133/100 MHz.....</td> <td>[ ]</td> </tr> <tr> <td>138/103 MHz.....</td> <td>[ ]</td> </tr> <tr> <td>140/105 MHz.....</td> <td>[ ]</td> </tr> <tr> <td>150/112 MHz.....</td> <td>[ ]</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		CPU Host/SDRAM Clock		Default	[ ]	133/100 MHz.....	[ ]	138/103 MHz.....	[ ]	140/105 MHz.....	[ ]	150/112 MHz.....	[ ]	Menu Level >
CPU Host/SDRAM Clock														
Default	[ ]													
133/100 MHz.....	[ ]													
138/103 MHz.....	[ ]													
140/105 MHz.....	[ ]													
150/112 MHz.....	[ ]													
↑↓:Move ENTER:Accept ESC:Abort														
↑ ↓ → ← Move Enter:Select Item +/-/PU/PD:Value F10:Save ESC:Exit F1:General Help F5:Previous Values F6:Optimized Defaults F7:Standard Defaults														

By press PageDown/PageUp key you can change the CPU Host/SDRAM/PCI Clock  
 When jumper setting CPU Host Clock 66MHz you can choose 66/100, 75/112, 83/124  
 When jumper setting CPU Host Clock 100MHz you can choose 95/95, 100/100, 117/117, 124/124  
 When jumper setting CPU Host Clock 133MHz you can choose 133/100, 138/103, 140/105, 150/112

**NOTE!** Again we don't suggest user running over clock.

## 2-4 Install Memory

This motherboard provides [two](#) 168-pin DUAL INLINE MEMORY MODULES (DIMM)

sites for memory expansion available from minimum memory size of 32MB to maximum memory size of 512MB SDRAM.

DIMM 1	DIMM 2	System can be Accept or Not
168-pin DIMM	×	Accept
168-pin DIMM	168-pin DIMM	Accept
×	168-pin DIMM	Accept

Generally, installing SDRAM modules to your motherboard is very easy, you can refer to figure 2-4 to see what a 168-Pin PC100 & PC133 SDRAM module looks like.

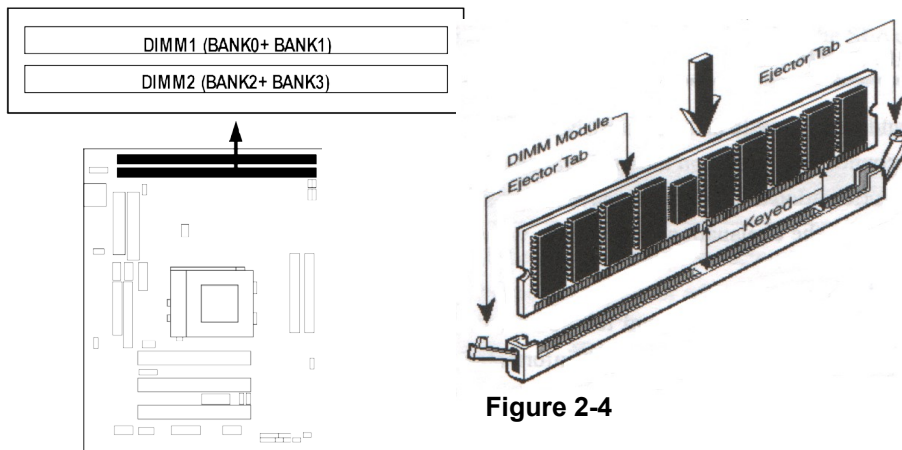


Figure 2-4

**NOTE!** When you install DIMM module fully into the DIMM socket the eject tab should be locked into the DIMM module very firmly and fit into its indentation on both sides.

## 2-5 Expansion Cards

**WARNING!** Turn off your power when adding or removing expansion cards or other system components. Failure to do so may cause severe damage to both your motherboard and expansion cards.

### 2-5-1 Procedure For Expansion Card Installation

1. Read the documentation for your expansion card and make any necessary hardware or software setting for your expansion card such as jumpers.
2. Remove your computer's cover and the bracket plate on the slot you intend to use.
3. Align the card's connectors and press firmly.
4. Secure the card on the slot with the screen you remove above.
5. Replace the computer system's cover.
6. Set up the BIOS if necessary.
7. Install the necessary software driver for your expansion card.

### 2-5-2 Assigning IRQs For Expansion Card

Some expansion cards need an IRQ to operate. Generally, an IRQ must exclusively assign to one use. In a standard design, there are 16 IRQs available but most of them are already in use.

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## Standard Interrupt Assignments

IRQ	Priority	Standard function
0	1	System Timer
1	2	Keyboard Controller
2	N/A	Programmable Interrupt
3 *	11	Communications Port (COM2)
4 *	12	Communications Port (COM1)
5 *	13	Sound Card (sometimes LPT2)
6	14	Floppy Disk Controller
7 *	15	Printer Port (LPT1)
8	3	System CMOS/Real Time Clock
9 *	4	ACPI Mode when enabled
10 *	5	IRQ Holder for PCI Steering
11 *	6	IRQ Holder for PCI Steering
12 *	7	PS/2 Compatible Mouse Port
13	8	Numeric Data Processor
14 *	9	Primary IDE Channel
15 *	10	Secondary IDE Channel

\* These IRQs are usually available for ISA or PCI devices.

### 2-5-3 Interrupt Request Table For This Motherboard

Interrupt request are shared as shown the table below:

	INT A	INT B	INT C	INT D
Slot 1	√			
Slot 2			√	
Slot 3				√
Onboard VGA				
Onboard USB				√
AC97/MC97		√		

**IMPORTANT!** If using PCI cards on shared slots, make sure that the drivers support “Shared IRQ” or that the cards don’t need IRQ assignments. Conflicts will arise between the two PCI groups that will make the system unstable or cards inoperable.

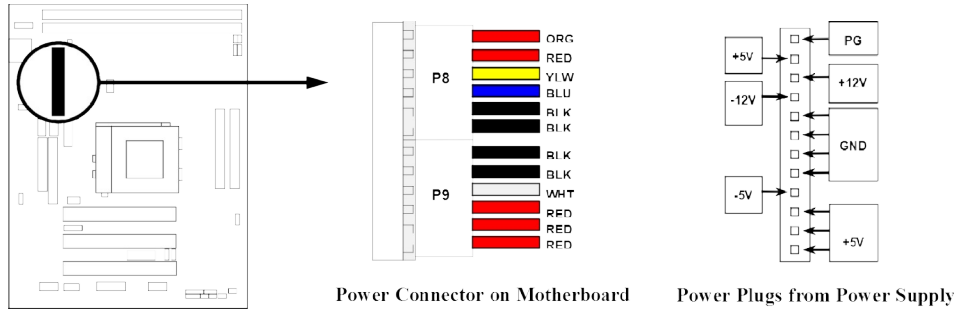
## 2-6 Connectors, Headers

### 1. Power Connector: AT Power Connector (12-pin block): ATPOW



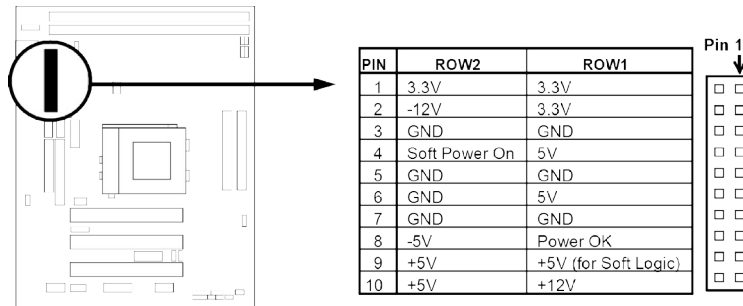
This connector connects to a standard AT power supply. To connect the leads from the power supply, ensure first that the power supply is not plugged. Most power supplies provide two plugs (P8 and P9), each containing six wires, two of which are black. Orient the connectors so that the black wires are located in the middle.

Using a slight angle, align the plastic guide pins on the lead to their receptacles on the connector. Once aligned, press the lead onto the connector until the lead locks into place.



## 2. Power Connector: ATX Power Connector (20-pin block): ATXPOW

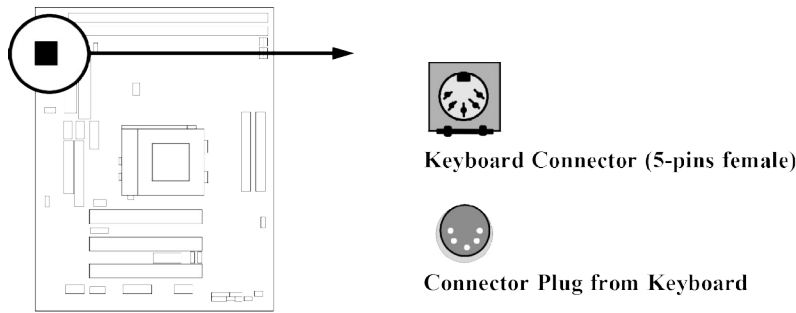
ATX Power Supply connector. This is a new defined 20-pins connector that usually comes with ATX case. The ATX Power Supply allows to use soft power on momentary switch that connect from the front panel switch to 2-pins Power On jumper pole on the motherboard. When the power switch on the back of the ATX power supply turned on, the full power will not come into the system board until the front panel switch is momentarily pressed. Press this switch again will turn off the power to the system board.



\* Please don't turn off/on power supply too quickly, we recommend at least wait 4sec before turn on the power, to protect the system.

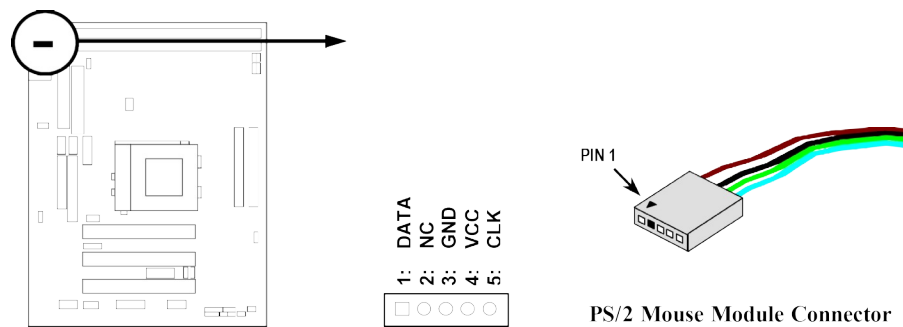
## 3. Keyboard Connector (5-pin female): ATKB

This connection is for a standard IBM-compatible keyboard. May also be known as a 101 enhanced keyboard.



**4. PS/2 Mouse Connector (5-pin block): MS\_PIN**

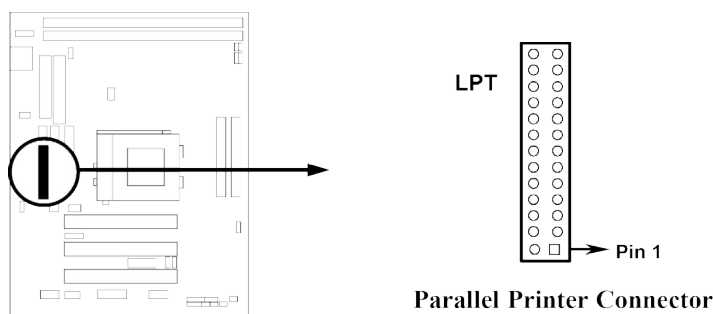
If you are using a PS/2 mouse, you must purchase an optional PS/2 mouse set which connects to the 5-pins block and mounts to an open slot on your computer's case.



**5. Parallel Printer Connector (26-pin Block): LPT**

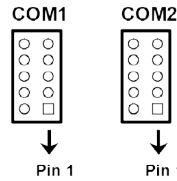
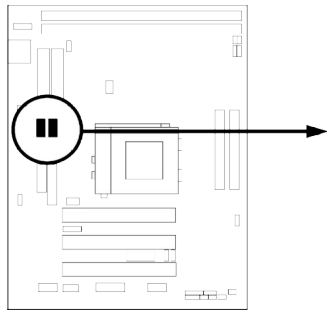
Connection for the enclosed parallel port ribbon cable with mounting bracket. Connect the ribbon cable to this connection and mount the bracket to the case on an open slot. It will then be available for a parallel printer cable.

**NOTE:** *Serial printers must be connected to the serial port. You can enable the parallel port and choose the IRQ through BIOS Setup.*



**6. Serial port COMA and COMB Connector (Two 10-pin blocks): COM1, COM2**

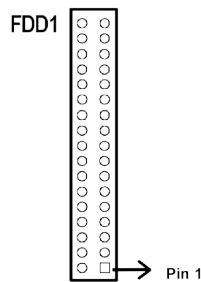
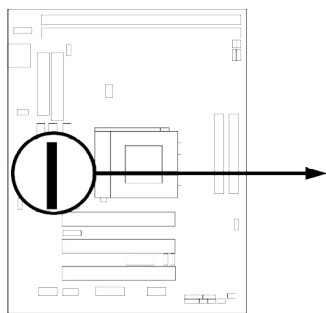
These connectors support the provided serial port ribbon cables with mounting bracket. Connect the ribbon cables to these connectors and mount the bracket to the case on an open slot. The two serial ports on the mounting bracket will then be used for pointing devices or other serial devices. See BIOS configuration of "Onboard Serial Port"



Serial port COMA and COMB Connector

### 7. Floppy drive Connector (34-pin block): FDD

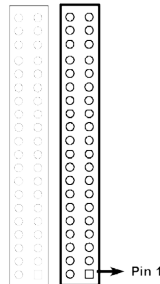
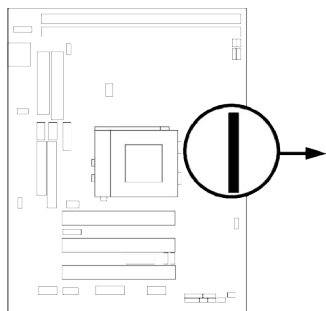
This connector supports the provided floppy drive ribbon cable. After connecting the single plug end to motherboard, connect the two plugs at other end to the floppy drives.



Floppy Drive Connector

### 8. Primary IDE Connector (40-pin block): IDE1

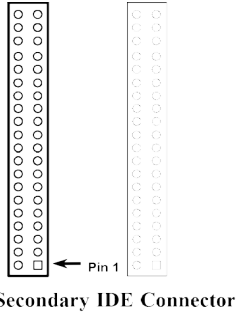
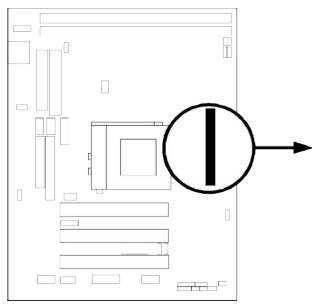
This connector supports the provided IDE hard disk ribbon cable. After connecting the single plug end to motherboard, connect the two plugs at other end to your hard disk(s). If you install two hard disks, you must configure the second drive to Slave mode by setting its jumpers accordingly. Please refer to the documentation of your hard disk for the jumper settings.



Primary IDE Connector

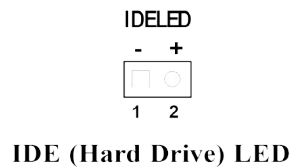
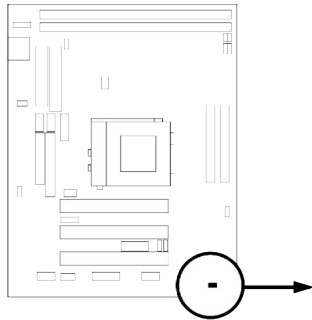
### 9. Secondary IDE Connector (40-pin block): IDE2

This connector connects to the next set of Master and Slave hard disks. Follow the same procedure described for the primary IDE connector. You may also configure two hard disks to be both, Masters using one ribbon cable on the primary IDE connector and another ribbon cable on the secondary IDE connector.



## 10. IDE activity LED: IDELED

This connector connects to the hard disk activity indicator light on the case.



**11. Front Panel connector:** This 16-pin connector to connect to case front panel switch.

### A. Turbo LED switch: TURBO LED

The motherboard's turbo function is always on. The turbo LED will remain constantly lit while the system power is on. You may also to connect the Power LED from the system case to this lead. See the figure below.

### B. Reset switch lead: RESET

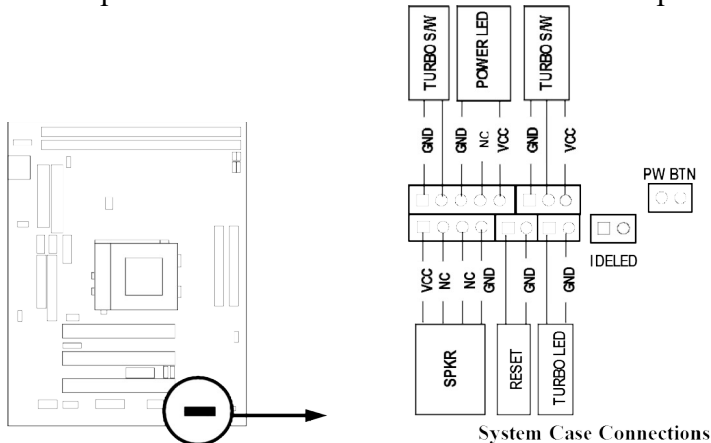
This 2-pin connector connects to the case-mounted reset switch for rebooting your computer without having to turn off your power switch. This is a preferred method of rebooting in order to prolong the life of the system's power supply. See the figure below.

### C. Keyboard lock switch lead & Power LED: KEYLOCK & POWER LED

This 5-pin connector connects to the case-mounted key switch for locking the keyboard for security purposes and Power LED together.

### D. Speaker connector: SPKR

This 4-pin connector connects to the case-mounted speaker. See the figure below.

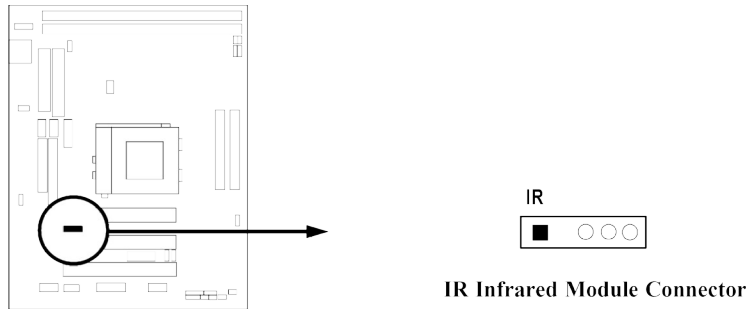


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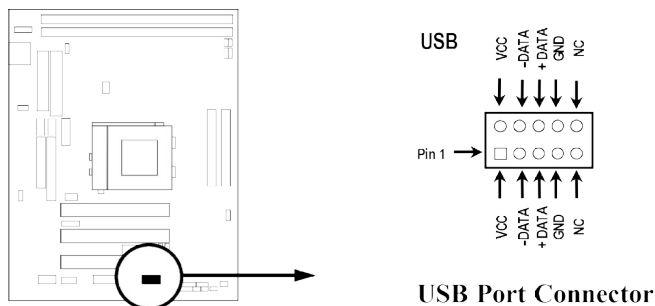
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## 12. IR infrared module connector: IR

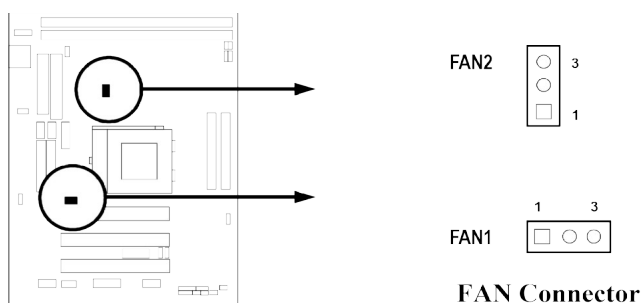
This connector supports the optional wireless transmitting and receiving infrared module. This module mounts to small opening on system cases that support this feature you must also configure the setting through BIOS setup. Use the five pins as shown on the Back View and connect a ribbon cable from the module to the motherboard according to the pin definitions.



## 13. USB Port connector: USB



## 14. FAN connector: FAN1, FAN2

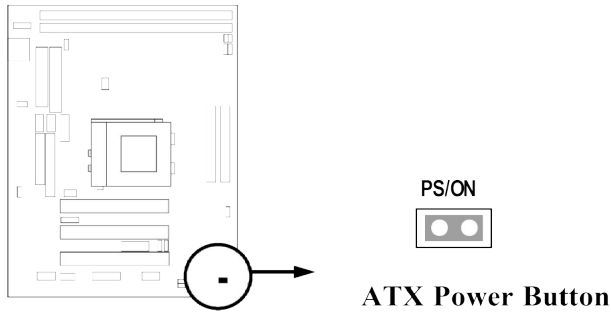


## 15. ATX Power button: PWR\_BTN

When using ATX power, the system power can be controlled by a momentary switch connected to PS-ON. Pushing the button once will switch ON/OFF the system. The system Power LED will show the status of the system's power.

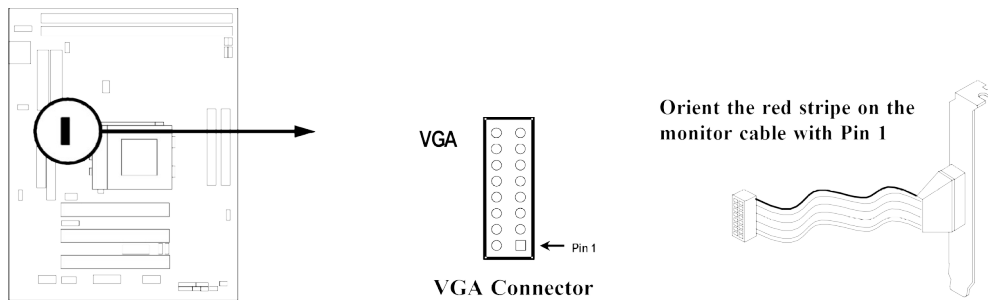
### Selections

One touch Power ON/OFF

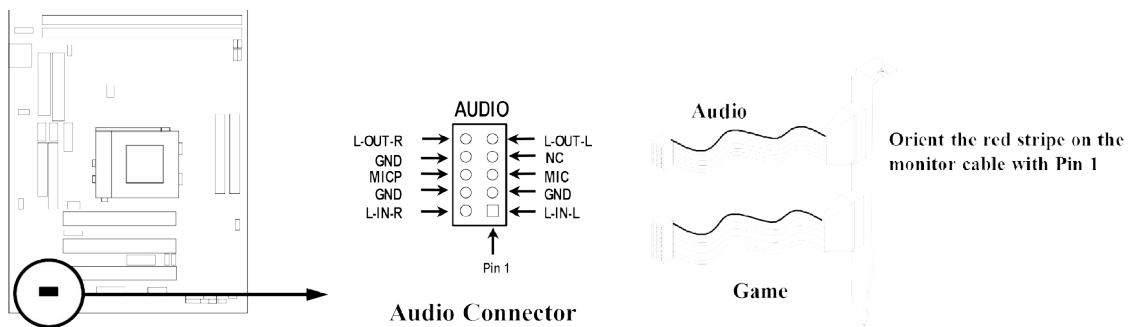


### 16. VGA connector: VGA

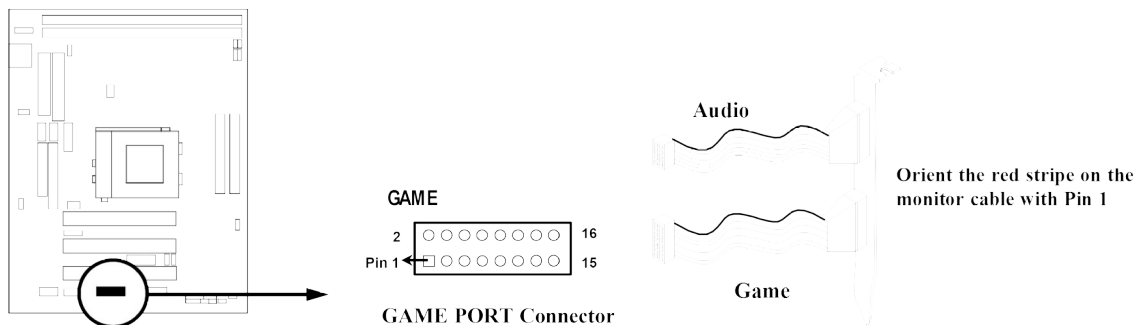
This connector supports the provided VGA cable with mounting bracket. Connect the ribbon cable to connector and mount the bracket to the case on an open slot.



### 17. Audio connector: Audio

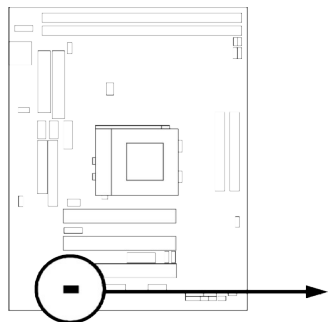


### 18. Game Port connector: GAME



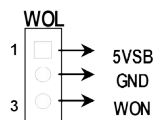
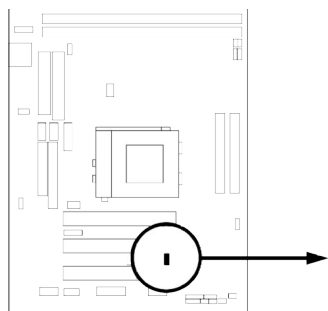
※ This connector able to support two Game Ports.

### 19. CD-ROM Audio connector: CDIN



CD-ROM Audio Connector

**20. Wake On LAN connector: WOL**



Wake On LAN Connector

※ Wake On LAN function worked only when power supply support 5VSB more than 750mA current.

## Chapter 3

### Introducing BIOS

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The BIOS is a program located on a Flash Memory on the motherboard. This program is a bridge between motherboard and operating system. When you start the computer, the BIOS program gain control. The BIOS first operates an auto-diagnostic test called POST (power on self test) for all the necessary hardware, it detects the entire hardware device and configures the parameters of the hardware synchronization. Only when these tasks are completed done it gives up control of the computer to operating system (OS). Since the BIOS is the only channel for hardware and software to communicate, it is the key factor for system stability, and in ensuring that your system performance as its best.

In the BIOS Setup main menu of Figure 3-1, you can see several options. We will explain these options step by step in the following pages of this chapter, but let us first see a short description of the function keys you may use here:

- Press <Esc> to quit the BIOS Setup.
- Press ↑↓←→ (up, down, left, right) to choose, in the main menu, the option you want to confirm or to modify.
- Press <F10> when you have completed the setup of BIOS parameters to save these parameters and to exit the BIOS Setup menu.
- Press Page Up/Page Down or +/- keys when you want to modify the BIOS parameters for the active option.

## 3-1 Entering Setup

Power on the computer and by pressing <Del> immediately allows you to enter Setup.

If the message disappears before your respond and you still wish to enter Setup, restart the system to try again by turning it OFF then ON or pressing the “RESET” button on the system case. You may also restart by simultaneously pressing <Ctrl>, <Alt> and <Delete> keys. If you do not press the keys at the correct time and the system does not boot, an error message will be displayed and you will again be asked to

**Press <F1> to continue, <Ctrl-Alt-Esc> or <Del> to enter Setup**

## 3-2 Getting Help

### Main Menu





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### **Power Management Setup**

Use this menu to specify your settings for power management.

### **PnP/PCI configurations**

This entry appears if your system supports PnP/PCI.

### **PC Health Status**

This entry shows your PC health status.

### **Miscellaneous Control**

Use this menu to specify your settings for Miscellaneous Control.

### **Load Optimized Defaults**

Use this menu to load the BIOS default values that are factory settings for optimal performances system operations.

### **Load Standard Defaults**

Use this menu to load the BIOS default values for the minimal/stable performance system operation.

### **Set Supervisor/User Password**

Use this menu to set User and Supervisor Passwords.

### **Save & Exit Setup**

Save CMOS value changes to CMOS and exit setup.

### **Exit Without Saving**

Abandon all CMOS value changes and exit setup.

## **3-4 Standard CMOS Features**

The items in Standard CMOS Setup Menu are divided into several categories. Each

category includes no, one or more than one setup items. Use the arrow keys to highlight the item and then use the <PgUp> or <PgDn> keys to select the value you want in each item.

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Standard CMOS Features

Date (mm:dd:yy)	Tue, Jan, 16 2001	Item Help
Time (hh:mm:ss)	20 : 12 : 36	
IDE Primary Master	Press Enter None	Menu Level >  Change the day, moth, year and century
IDE Primary Slave	Press Enter None	
IDE Secondary Master	Press Enter None	
IDE Secondary Slave	Press Enter None	
Drive A	1.44M, 3.25 in.	
Drive B	None	
Video	EGA/VGA	
Halt On	All Errors	
Base Memory	640K	
Extended Memory	64512K	
Total Memory	65536K	
↑ ↓ → ← Move Enter:Select Item +/-/PU/PD:Value F10:Save ESC:Exit F1:General Help F5:Previous Values F6:Optimized Defaults F7:Standard Defaults		

**Date**

The date format is <day><month><date><year>.

- Day** Day of the week, from Sun to Sat, determined by BIOS. Read-only.
- Month** The month from Jan. through Dec.
- Date** The date from 1 to 31 can be keyed by numeric function keys.
- Year** The year depends on the year of the BIOS.

**Time**

The time format is <hour><minute><second>.

**Primary Master/Primary Slave**

**Secondary Master/Secondary Slave**

Press PgUp/<+>or PgDn/<->to select Manual, None, Auto type. Note that the specifications of your drive must match with the drive table. The hard disk will not work properly if you enter improper information for this category. If your hard disk drive type is not matched or listed, you can use Manual to define your own drive type manually.

If you select Manual, related information is asked to be entered to the following items. Enter the information directly from the keyboard. This information should be provided in the documentation from your hard disk vendor or the system manufacturer.

If the controller of HDD interface is SCSI, the selection shall be "None".

If the controller of HDD interface is CD-ROM, the selection shall be "None"

**Access Mode** The settings are Auto Normal, Large, and LBA.

<b>Cylinder</b>	number of cylinders
<b>Head</b>	number of heads
<b>Precomp</b>	write precomp
<b>Landing Zone</b>	landing zone
<b>Sector</b>	number of sectors

### 3-5 Advanced BIOS Features

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#### Advanced BIOS Features

		Item Help
Anti-Virus Protection	Disabled	<b>Menu Level &gt;</b>  Allows you to choose the VIRUS warning feature for IDE Hard disk boot sector protection. If this function is enabled and someone attempt to write data into this area, BIOS will show a warning message on screen and alarm beep
CPU Internal Cache	Enabled	
External Cache	Enabled	
CPU L2 Cache ECC Checking	Disabled	
Processor Number Feature	Enabled	
Quick Power On Self Test	Enabled	
First Boot Device	Floppy	
Second Boot Device	HDD-0	
Third Boot Device	LS120	
Fourth Boot Device	Enabled	
Swap Floppy Drive	Disabled	
Boot Up Floppy Seek	Enabled	
Boot Up NumLock Status	On	
Gate A20 Option	Fast	
Typematic Rate Setting	Disabled	
x Typematic Rate (Chars/Sec)	6	
x Typematic Delay (Msec)	250	
Security Option	Setup	
OS Select For DRAM > 64MB	Non-OS2	
HDD S.M.A.R.T. Capability	Disabled	
Report No FDD For WIN95	No	
↑ ↓ → ← Move Enter:Select Item +/-/PU/PD:Value F10:Save ESC:Exit F1:General Help F5:Previous Values F6:Optimized Defaults F7:Standard Defaults		

#### Anti-Virus Protection

Allow you to choose the VIRUS Warning feature for IDE Hard Disk boot sector protection. If this function is enabled and someone attempt to write data into this area, BIOS will show a warning message on screen and alarm beep.

**Disabled** (default) No warning message to appear when anything attempts to access the boot sector or hard disk partition table.

**Enabled** Activates automatically when the system boots up causing a warning message to appear when anything attempts to access the boot sector of hard disk partition table.

#### CPU Internal Cache

The default value is Enabled.

**Enabled** (default) Enable cache

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**Disabled**            Disable cache

*Note: The internal cache is built in the processor.*

### **External Cache**

Choose Enabled or Disabled. This option enables the Level 2 cache memory.

### **CPU L2 Cache ECC Checking**

Choose Enabled or Disabled. This option enables the Level 2 cache memory ECC (error check correction).

### **Processor Number Feature**

This option is for Pentium® III processor. During Enabled, this will check the CPU Serial number. Disabled this option if you don't want the system to know the Serial number.

### **Quick Power On Self-Test**

This category speeds up Power On Self Test (POST) after you power on the computer. If this is set to Enabled. BIOS will shorten or skip some check items during POST.

**Enabled** (default)    Enable quick POST

**Disabled**            Normal POST

### **First/Second/Third/Fourth Boot Device**

The BIOS attempts to load the operating system from the devices in the sequence selected in these items. The settings are Floppy, LS/ZIP, HDD-0/HDD-1/HDD-3, SCSI, CDROM, LAN and Disabled.

### **Swap Floppy Drive**

Switches the floppy disk drives between being designated as A and B. Default is Disabled.

### **Boot Up Floppy Seek**

During POST, BIOS will determine if the floppy disk drive installed is 40 or 80 tracks. 360K type is 40 tracks while 760K, 1.2M and 1.44M are all 80 tracks.

### **Boot Up NumLock Status**

The default value is On.

**On** (default)    Keypad is numeric keys.

**Off**            Keypad is arrow keys.

### **Gate A20 Option**

**Normal**        The A20 signal is controlled by keyboard controller or chipset hardware.

**Fast** (default)    The A20 signal is controlled by port 92 or chipset specific method.

### **Typematic Rate Setting**

Keystrokes repeat at a rate determined by the keyboard controller. When enabled, the typematic rate and typematic delay can be selected. The settings are: Enabled/Disabled.

### **Typematic Rate (Chars/Sec)**

Sets the number of times a second to repeat a keystroke when you hold the key down. The settings are: 6, 8, 10, 12, 15, 20, 24, and 30.

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### Typematic Delay (Msec)

Sets the delay time after the key is held down before it begins to repeat the keystroke. The settings are 250, 500, 750, and 1000.

### Security Option

This category allows you to limit access to the system and Setup, or just to Setup.

- System**            The system will not boot and access to Setup will be denied if the correct password is not entered at the prompt.
- Setup (default)** The system will boot, but access to Setup will be denied if the correct password is not entered at the prompt.

### OS Select For DRAM > 64MB

Allows OS2<sup>®</sup> to be used with >64MB of DRAM. Settings are Non-OS/2 (default) and OS2. Set to OS/2 if using more than 64MB and running OS/2<sup>®</sup>.

### Report No FDD For Win 95

Whether report no FDD for Win 95 or not. The settings are: Yes, No.

## 3-6 Advanced Chipset Features

The Advanced Chipset Features Setup option is used to change the values of the chipset registers. These registers control most of the system options in the computer.

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### Advanced Chipset Features

SDRAM CAS Latency Time	3	Item Help
SDRAM Cycle Time Tras/Trc	6/8	
SDRAM RAS-to-CAS Delay	3	
SDRAM RAS Precharge Time	3	
Special Buffer Strength	Enabled	
System BIOS Cacheable	Enabled	
Video BIOS Cacheable	Enabled	
Memory Hole at 15M-16M	Disabled	
CPU Latency Timer	Disabled	
Delayed Transaction	Disabled	
On-Chip Video Window Size	64MB	
Menu Level >		
↑ ↓ → ← Move Enter:Select Item +/-/PU/PD:Value F10:Save ESC:Exit F1:General Help F5:Previous Values F6:Optimized Defaults F7:Standard Defaults		

*Note: Change these settings only if you are familiar with the chipset.*

### SDRAM CAS Latency Time

When synchronous DRAM is installed, the number of clock cycles of CAS latency depends on the DRAM timing. The settings are: 2 and 3.

### SDRAM Cycle Time Tras/Trc

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Select the number of SCLKs for an access cycle. The settings are: 5/7 and 6/8.

#### **SDRAM RAS-to-CAS Delay**

This field let's you insert a timing delay between the CAS and RAS strobe signals, used when DRAM is written to, read from, or refreshed. *Fast* gives faster performance; and *Slow* gives more stable performance. This field applies only when synchronous DRAM is installed in the system. The settings are: 2 and 3.

#### **SDRAM RAS Precharge Time**

If an insufficient number of cycles is allowed for the RAS to accumulate its charge before DRAM refresh, the refresh may be incomplete and the DRAM may fail to retain date. *Fast* gives faster performance; and *Slow* gives more stable performance. This field applies only when synchronous DRAM is installed in the system. The settings are: 2 and 3.

#### **System BIOS Cacheable**

Selecting Enabled allows caching of the system BIOS ROM at F0000h-FFFFFh, resulting in better system performance. However, if any program writes to this memory area, a system error may result. The settings are: Enabled and Disabled.

#### **Video BIOS Cacheable**

Select Enabled allows caching of the video BIOS, resulting in better system performance. However, if any program writes to this memory area, a system error may result. The settings are: Enabled and Disabled.

#### **Memory Hole At 15M-16M**

You can reserve this area of system memory for ISA adapter ROM. When this area is reserved, it cannot be cached. The user information of peripherals that need to use this area of system memory usually discusses their memory requirements. The settings are: Enabled and Disabled.

#### **CPU Latency Timer**

During Enabled, A deferrable CPU cycle will only be Deferred after it has been in a Snoop Stall for 31 clocks and another ADS# has arrived. During Disabled, A deferrable CPU cycle will be deferred immediately after the GMCH receives another ADS#.

#### **Delayed Transaction**

The chipset has an embedded 32-bit posted write buffer to support delay transactions cycles. Select Enabled to support compliance with PCI specification version 2.1. The settings are: Enabled and Disabled.

#### **On-Chip Video Window Size**

This option enabled/disabled the on-chip video windows size for VGA driver use. The settings are: enabled, Disabled.

## **3-7 Integrated Peripherals**

> OnBoard IDE Function <u>Press Enter</u> > OnBoard PCI DEVICE <u>Press Enter</u> > Winbond SuperIO Device <u>Press Enter</u> Init Display First <u>PCI Slot</u>	Item Help
	Menu Level >
↑ ↓ → ← Move Enter:Select Item +/-/PU/PD:Value F10:Save ESC:Exit F1:General Help F5:Previous Values F6:Optimized Defaults F7:Standard Defaults	

### OnBoard IDE Function

Please refer to section 3-7-1

### OnBoard PCI Device

Please refer to section 3-7-2

### Winbond SuperIO Device

Please refer to section 3-7-3

### Init Display First

This item allows you to decide to activate whether PCI Slot or AGP VGA first. The settings are: PCI Slot, AGP Slot.

## 3-7-1 OnBoard IDE Function

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### OnBoard IDE Function

On-Chip Primary    PCI IDE <u>Enabled</u> On-Chip Secondary PCI IDE            Enabled IDE Primary Master PIO                Auto IDE Primary Slave PIO                 Auto IDE Secondary Master PIO              Auto IDE Secondary Slave PIO               Auto IDE Primary Master UDMA               Auto IDE Primary Slave UDMA                Auto IDE Secondary Master UDMA            Auto IDE Secondary Slave UDMA             Auto IDE HDD Block Mode                    Enabled	Item Help
	Menu Level >>
↑ ↓ → ← Move Enter:Select Item +/-/PU/PD:Value F10:Save ESC:Exit F1:General Help F5:Previous Values F6:Optimized Defaults F7:Standard Defaults	

### On-Chip IDE Primary/Secondary PCI IDE

The integrated peripheral controller contains an IDE interface with support for two IDE channels. Select *Enabled* to activate each channel separately. The settings are: Enabled and Disabled.

### IDE Primary/Secondary Master/Slave PIO



The four IDE PIO (Programmed Input/Output) fields let you set a PIO mode (0-4) for each of the four IDE devices that the onboard IDE interface supports. Modes 0 through 4 provide successively increased performance. In Auto mode, the system automatically determines the best mode for each device. The settings are: Auto, Mode 0, Mode 1, Mode 2, Mode 3, Mode 4.

### IDE Primary/Secondary Master/Slave UDMA

Ultra DMA/33 implementation is possible only if your IDE hard drive supports it and the operating environment includes a DMA driver (Windows 95 OSR2 or a third-party IDE bus master driver). If your hard drive and your system software both support Ultra DMA/33 and Ultra DMA/66, select Auto to enable BIOS support. The settings are: Auto, Disabled.

### IDE HDD Block Mode

Block mode is also called block transfer, multiple commands, or multiple sector read/write. If your IDE hard drive supports block mode (most new drives do), select Enabled for automatic detection of the optimal number of block read/writes per sector the drive can support. The settings are: Enabled, Disabled.

## 3-7-2 OnBoard PCI DEVICE

CMOS Setup Utility - Copyright(C) 1984-2001 Award Software

### OnBoard PCI DEVICE

USB Controller	Enabled	Item Help
USB Keyboard Support	Disabled	
** AC97 Codec is ALC100/200 **		
AC97 Audio	Auto	Menu Level >>
Game Port Address	201	
Midi Port Address	330	
Midi Port IRQ	10	
↑ ↓ → ← Move Enter:Select Item +/-/PU/PD:Value F10:Save ESC:Exit F1:General Help F5:Previous Values F6:Optimized Defaults F7:Standard Defaults		

### USB Controller

Select *Enabled* if your system contains a Universal Serial Bus (USB) controller and you have USB peripherals. The settings are: Enabled, Disabled.

### USB Keyboard Support

Select *Enabled* if your system contains a Universal Serial Bus (USB) controller and you have a USB keyboard. The settings are: Enabled, Disabled.

### AC97 Audio

This item allows you to decide to enable/disable the OnBoard AC 97' Codec chip to support Audio function. The settings are: Auto, Disabled.

### Game Port Address/Midi Port Address

This will determine which Address the Game Port/Midi Port will use

### 3-7-3 Winbond SuperIO Device

CMOS Setup Utility - Copyright(C) 1984-2001 Award Software  
Winbond SuperIO Device

POWER ON Function	BUTTON ONLY	Item Help
KB Power ON Password	Enter	
HOT Key Power ON	Ctrl-F1	
Oboard FDC Controller	Enable	Menu Level >>
Onboard Serial Port 1	3F8/IRQ4	
Onboard Serial Port 2	2F8/IRQ3	
UART Mode Select	Normal	
RxD , TxD Active	Hi,Lo	
IR Transmission Delay	Enabled	
UR2 Duplex Mode	Half	
Use IR Pins	IR-Rx2Tx2	
Onboard Parallel Port	378/IRQ7	
Parallel Mode	SPP	
EPP Mode Select	EPP1.7	
ECP Mode Use DMA	3	
PWRON After PWR-Fail	Off	

↑ ↓ → ← Move Enter:Select Item +/-/PU/PD:Value F10:Save ESC:Exit F1:General Help  
F5:Previous Values F6:Optimized Defaults F7:Standard Defaults

#### Onboard FDC Controller

Select Enabled if your system has a floppy disk controller (FDD) installed on the system board and you wish to use it. If you install add-on FDC or the system has no floppy drive, select Disabled in this field. The settings are: Enabled and Disabled.

#### Onboard Serial Port 1/Port 2

Select an address and corresponding interrupt for the first and the second serial ports. The settings are: 3F8/IRQ4, 2E8/IRQ3, 3E8/IRQ4, 2F8/IRQ3, Disabled, Auto.

#### UART Mode Select

This item allows you to determine which InfraRed(IR) function of the onboard I/O chip, this functions uses.

#### Onboard Parallel Port

There is a built-in parallel port on the on-board Super I/O chipset that Provides Standard, ECP, and EPP features. It has the following option:

##### Disabled

(3BCH/IRQ7)/ Line Printer port 0

(278H/IRQ5)/ Line Printer port 2

(378H/IRQ7) Line Printer port 1

#### Onboard Parallel Mode

SPP : Standard Parallel Port

EPP : Enhanced Parallel Port

ECP : Extended Capability Port

**SPP/EPP/ECP/ECP+EPP**

To operate the onboard parallel port as Standard Parallel Port only, choose “SPP.” To operate the onboard parallel port in the EPP modes simultaneously, choose “EPP.” By choosing “ECP”, the onboard parallel port will operate in ECP mode only. Choosing “ECP+EPP” will allow the onboard parallel port to support both the ECP and EPP modes simultaneously. The ECP mode has to use the DMA channel, so choose the onboard parallel port with the ECP feature. After selecting it, the following message will appear: “ECP Mode Use DMA” at this time, the user can choose between DMA channels 3 to 1. The onboard parallel port is EPP Spec. compliant, so after the user chooses the onboard parallel port with the EPP function, the following message will be displayed on the screen: “EPP Mode Select.” At this time either EPP 1.7 spec. or EPP 1.9 spec. can be chosen.

### PWRON After PWR-Fail

This option will determine how the system will power on after a power failure

## 3-8 Power Management Setup

The Power Management Setup allows you to configure your system to most effectively save energy saving while operating in a manner consistent with your own style of computer use.

CMOS Setup Utility - Copyright(C) 1984-2001 Award Software  
Power Management Setup

ACPI Function	<u>Enabled</u>	Item Help
Power Management	User Define	
Video off Method	V/H SYNC+Blank	
Video Off In Suspend	Yes	Menu Level >
Suspend Type	Stop Grant	
MODEM Use IRQ	3	
Suspend Mode	Disabled	
HDD Power Down	Disabled	
Soft-off by PWR-BTTN	Instant-Off	
Wake-Up by PCI Card	Disabled	
Power On by Ring	Disabled	
CPU Thermal-Throttling	50.0%	
Resume by Alarm	Disabled	
x Date (of Month) Alarm	0	
x Time (hh:mm:ss) Alarm	0 : 0 : 0	
> Reload Timer Events	Press Enter	
↑ ↓ → ← Move Enter:Select Item +/-/PU/PD:Value F10:Save ESC:Exit F1:General Help F5:Previous Values F6:Optimized Defaults F7:Standard Defaults		

### ACPI Function

This item allows you to Enabled/Disabled the Advanced Configuration and Power Management (ACPI). The settings are Enabled and Disabled.

### Power Management

This category allows you to select the type (or degree) of power saving which is directly related to the following modes:

**User Define**(default) Allows you to set each mode individually. When not disabled, each

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**Min Saving**

of the ranges is from 1 min. to 1hr. except for HDD Power Down that ranges from 1 min. to 15 min. and disable.

Minimum power management. Doze Mode 1H, Suspend Mode=1 hr., Power Down=15 min.

**Max Saving**

Maximum power management. Doze Mode 1H, Suspend Mode=1 min., Power Down=1 min.

**HDD Power Down**

When enabled and after setting time of system inactivity, the hard disk drive will be powered down while all the other devices remain active.

The settings are: 1/2/3/4/5/6/7/8/9/10/11/12/13/14/15 Min and Disabled.

**Suspend Mode**

When enabled and after the set time of system inactivity, all devices except the CPU will be shut off.

The settings are: 1/2/4/8/12/20/30/40 Min, 1 Hour, and Disabled.

**Video Off Option**

This determines the manner in which the monitor is blanked. The choice are Suspend → off, All Modes → Off, and Always On.

**Video Off Method**

This determines the manner in which the monitor is blanked.

**DPMS (default)** Initial display power management signaling.

**Blank Screen** This option only writes blanks to the video buffer.

**V/H SYNC+Blank** This selection will cause the system to turn off the vertical and horizontal synchronization ports and write blanks to the video buffer.

**Modem Use IRQ**

This determines the IRQ in which the MODEM can use.

The settings are: 3, 4, 5, 7, 9, 10, 11, NA.

**Soft-off by PWR-BTTN**

Pressing the power button for more than 4 seconds forces the system to enter the Soft-Off state. The settings are: Delay 4 Sec, Instant-Off.

**Wake Up by PCI card**

This will enable the system to wake up to PCI Lan Card.

The settings are: Enabled and Disabled.

**Power On by Ring**

During Disabled, the system will ignore any incoming call from the modem. During Enabled, the system will boot up if there's an incoming call from the modem.

**CPU Thermal-Throttling**

Select the CPU THRM-Throttling rate. The settings are: 12.5%, 25.0%, 37.5%, 50.0%, 62.5%, 75.0%, 87.5%.

**Resume by Alarm**

This function is for setting date and time for your computer to boot up. During Disabled, you cannot use this function. During Enabled, choose the Date and Time Alarm:

**Date(of month) Alarm**

You can choose which month the system will boot up. Set to 0, to boot every day.

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### Time(hh:mm:ss) Alarm

You can choose what hour, minute and second the system will boot up.

**Note:** If you have change the setting, you must let the system boot up until it goes to the operating system, before this function will work.

### Reload Timer Events

Please refer to section 3-8-1

## 3-8-1 Reload Timer Events

CMOS Setup Utility - Copyright(C) 1984-2001 Award Software  
Reload Timer Events

Primary IDE 0	Disabled	Item Help
Primary IDE 1	Disabled	
Secondary IDE 0	Disabled	
Secondary IDE 1	Disabled	Menu Level >>
FDD, COM, LPT Port	Disabled	
PCI PIRQ[A-D] #	Disabled	

↑ ↓ → ← Move Enter:Select Item +/-/PU/PD:Value F10:Save ESC:Exit F1:General Help  
F5:Previous Values F6:Optimized Defaults F7:Standard Defaults

### Reload Timer Events

Reload Global Timer events are I/O events whose occurrence can prevent the system from entering a power saving mode or can awaken the system from such a mode. In effect, the system remains alert for anything that occurs to a device which is configured as *Enabled*, even when the system is in a power down mode.

**Primary IDE 0**

**Primary IDE 1**

**Secondary IDE 0**

**Secondary IDE 1**

**FDD, COM, LPT Port**

**PCI PIRQ[A-D] #**

## 3-9 PnP/PCI Configuration Setup

This section describes configuring the PCI bus system. PCI, or Personal Computer Interconnect, is a system which allows I/O devices to operate at speeds nearing the speed the CPU itself uses when communicating with its own special components. This section covers some very technical items and it is strongly recommended that only experienced users should make any changes to the default settings.

CMOS Setup Utility - Copyright(C) 1984-2001 Award Software

PnP/PCI Configurations

Reset Configuration Data	<b>Disabled</b>	Item Help
Resources Controlled By x IRQ Resources	Manual Press Enter	Menu Level >
PCI/VGA Palette Snoop	Disabled	Default is Disabled. Select Enabled to reset Extended System Configuration Data ESCD) when you exit Setup if you have installed a new add-on and the system reconfiguration has caused such a serious conflict that the OS cannot boot
↑ ↓ → ← Move Enter:Select Item +/-/PU/PD:Value F10:Save ESC:Exit F1:General Help F5:Previous Values F6:Optimized Defaults F7:Standard Defaults		

### Resource Controlled By

The Award Plug and Play BIOS has the capacity to automatically configure all of the boot and Plug and Play compatible devices. However, this capability means absolutely nothing unless you are using a Plug and Play operating system such as Windows®95/98. If you set this field to “manual” choose specific resources by going into each of the sub menu that follows this field (a sub menu is preceded by a “>”).

The settings are: Auto (ESCD), Manual.

### IRQ Resources

When resources are controlled manually, assign each system interrupt a type, depending on the type of device using the interrupt.

### PCI/VGA Palette Snoop

Leave this field at *Disabled*. The settings are Enabled, Disabled.

## 3-10 PC Health Status

This section shows the Status of you CPU, Fan, Warning for overall system status. This is only available if there is Hardware Monitor onboard.

Show PC Health in Post <b>Enabled</b> CPU Warning Temperatyre                Disabled Warning_Beep                                Enabled Shutdown Temperature                    Disabled Current System Temp.                    25 ° C/77 ° F Current CPU Temperature                49 ° C/120 ° F Current FAN1    Speed.                4172 RPM Current FAN2    Speed.                4358 RPM Vcore                                        2.0 V Vtt(V)                                        1.55 V Vcc3.3                                        3.36 V +5V    4.94 V +12V                                        11.97 V -12V                                        -12.11 V -5V    - 4.94 V VBAT (V)                                    3.31 V 5VSB (V)                                    5.34 V	Item Help
Menu Level >	
↑ ↓ → ← Move Enter:Select Item +/-/PU/PD:Value F10:Save ESC:Exit F1:General Help F5:Previous Values F6:Optimized Defaults F7:Standard Defaults	

### Show PC Health in Post

During Enabled, it displays information list below. The choice is either Enabled or Disabled

### Current CPU Temperature/Current System Temp/Current FAN1, FAN2 Speed/Vcore/Vtt/Vcc3.3/+5V/+12V/-12V/-5V (V)

This will show the CPU/FAN/System voltage chart and FAN Speed.

### Shutdown Temperature

This option is for setting the Shutdown temperature level for the processor. When the processor reaches the temperature you set, this will shutdown the system.

## 3-11 Miscellaneous Control

This section is for setting CPU Frequency Control.

CMOS Setup Utility - Copyright(C) 1984-2001 Award Software

### Miscellaneous Control

Auto Detect DIMM/PCI Clk <b>Enabled</b> Spread Spectrum                            Disabled CPU Host/SDRAM Clock                    Default	Item Help
---	-----------

CPU Clock Ratio	X 3	Menu Level >
↑ ↓ → ← Move Enter:Select Item +/-/PU/PD:Value F10:Save ESC:Exit F1:General Help F5:Previous Values F6:Optimized Defaults F7:Standard Defaults		

### Auto Detect DIMM/PCI Clk

This item allows you to enable/disable auto detect DIMM/PCI Clock.  
The settings are: Enabled, Disabled.

### Spread Spectrum

This item allows you to set the Spread Spectrum.

### CPU/SDRAM Clock

This item allows you to select the CPU/SDRAM Clock, refer to [Page 11](#).

### CPU Clock Ratio

This item allows you to select the CPU ratio.

## 3-12 Load Standard/Optimized Defaults

### Load Standard Defaults

When you press <Enter> on this item, you get confirmation dialog box with a message similar to:

Load Standard Defaults (Y/N)? N

Pressing <Y> loads the BIOS default values for the most stable, minimal-performance system operations.

### Load Optimized Defaults

When you press <Enter> on this item, you get a confirmation dialog box with a message similar to:

Load Optimized Defaults (Y/N)? N

Pressing <Y> loads the default values that are factory settings for optimal performance system operations.

## 3-13 Set Supervisor/User Password

You can set either supervisor or user password, or both of them. The differences are:

**Supervisor password:** Can enter and change the options of the setup menus.

**User password:** Can only enter but do not have the right to change the options of the setup menus. When you select this function, the following message will appear at the center of the screen to assist you in creating a



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password.

**ENTER PASSWORD:**

Type the password, up to eight characters in length, and press <Enter>. The password typed now will clear any previously entered password from CMOS memory. You will be asked to confirm the password. Type the password again and press <Enter>. You may also press <Esc> to abort the selection and not enter a password.

To disable a password, just press <Enter> when you are prompted to enter the password. A message will confirm that the password will be disabled. Once the password is disabled, the system will boot and you can enter Setup freely.

**PASSWORD DISABLED.**

When a password has been enabled, you will be prompted to enter it every time you try to enter Setup. This prevents an unauthorized person from changing any part of your system configuration.

Additionally, when a password is enabled, you can also require the BIOS to request a password every time your system is rebooted. This would prevent unauthorized use of your computer.

You determine when the password is required within the BIOS Features Setup Menu and its Security option. If the Security option is set to “System”, the password will be required both at boot and at entry to Setup. If set to “Setup”, prompting only occurs when trying to enter Setup.

## **Chapter 4**

### **DRIVER & FREE PROGRAM INSTALLATION**

Check your package and there is A MAGIC INSTALL CD included. This CD consists of all DRIVERS you need and some free application programs and utility programs. In addition, this CD also include an auto detect software which can tell you which hardware is installed, and which DRIVERS needed so that your system can function properly. We call this auto

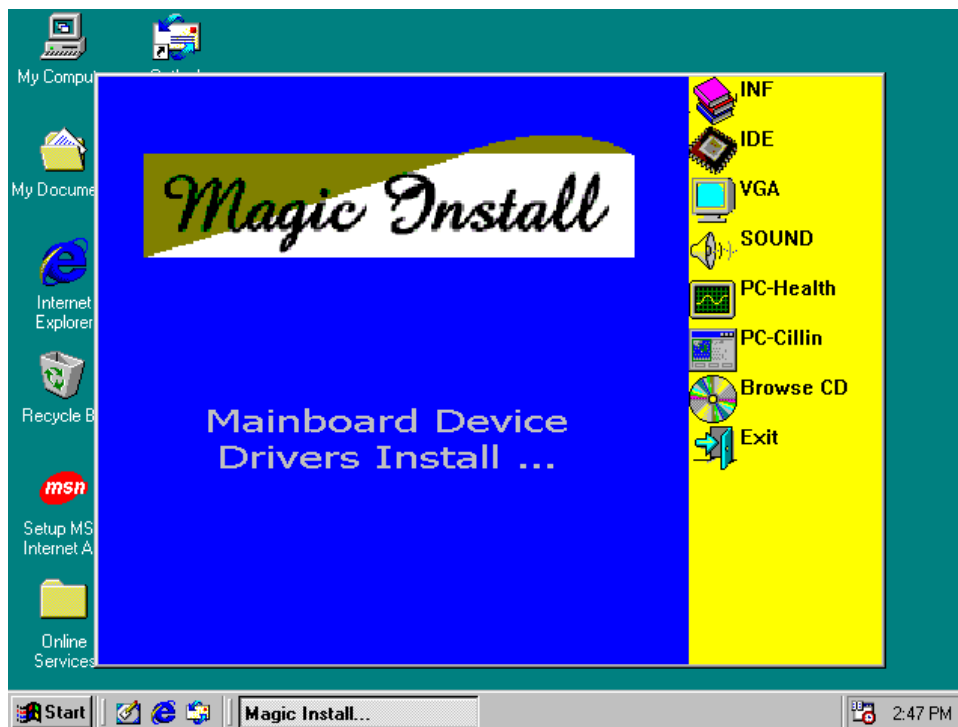
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detect software MAGIC INSTALL.

## MAGIC INSTALL supports WINDOWS 95/98/98SE/NT4.0/2000

Insert CD into your CD-ROM drive and the MAGIC INSTALL Menu should appear as below. If the menu does not appear, double-click MY COMPUTER / double-click CD-ROM drive or click START / click RUN / type X:\SETUP.EXE (assuming X is your CD-ROM drive).



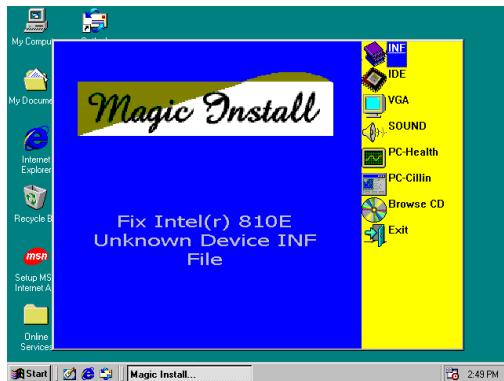
### From MAGIC INSTALL MENU you may make 8 selections:

- |              |  |
|--------------|--|
| 1. INF       | install INTEL 810E chipset system driver                               |
| 2. IDE       | install ULTRA ATA33 or ULTRA ATA 66 driver                             |
| 3. VGA       | install on-board VGA driver  |
| 4. PC-HEALTH | install PC-Health Monitor IIII software for hardware monitoring device |
| 5. SOUND     | install AC97 sound driver and the program for editing/playback         |
| 6. PC-CILLIN | install PC-CILLIN98 anti-virus program                                 |
| 7. BROWSE CD | to browse the contents of the CD                                       |
| 8. EXIT      | to exit from MAGIC INSTALL menu  |

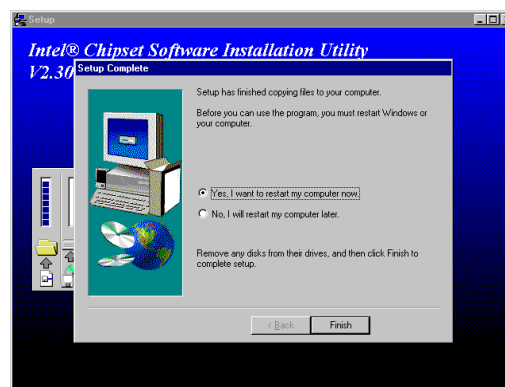
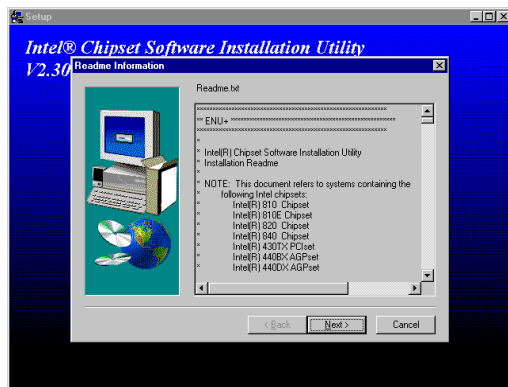
Each selection is illustrated as below:

## 4-1 INF install INTEL 810E chipset system driver

After you have completed the installation of your operation system (WINDOWS 95/98/98SE). You will find an UNKNOWN DEVICE in the device manager (START/SETTING/CONTROL PANEL/SYSTEM/DEVICE MANAGER). You have to install INF driver as shown below:



1. Click INF in the MAGIC INSTALL MENU
2. Click NEXT when Chipset Software Install Utility appears

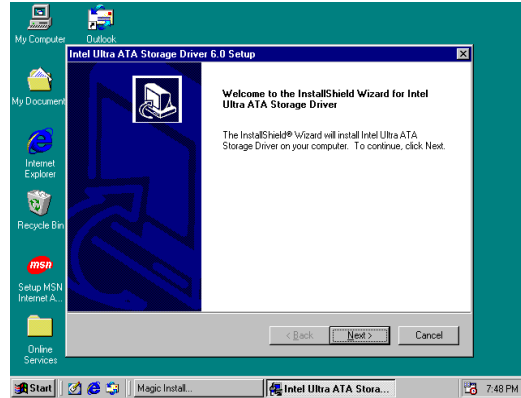
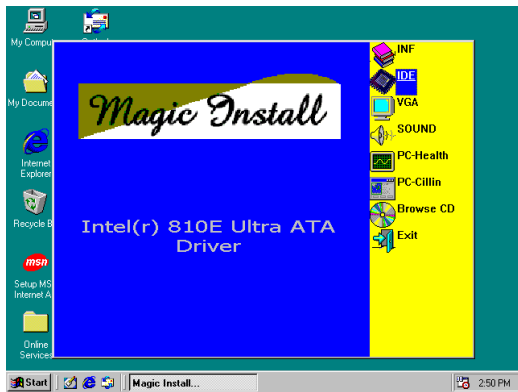


3. This chart shows motherboards supported by the driver click NEXT
4. Select if you want computer re-started click Finish

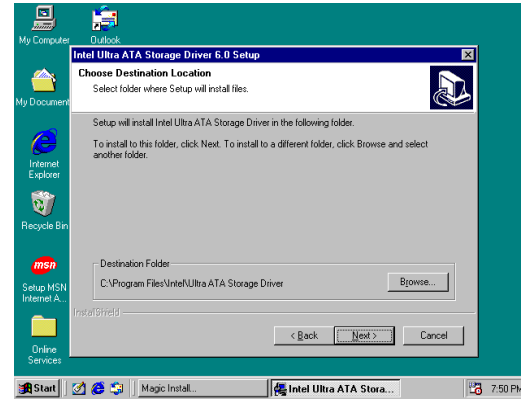
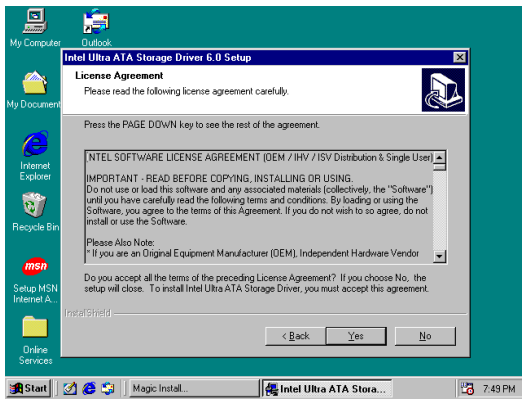
**NOTE: MAGIC INSTALL will auto detect file path X:\INTEL810\INF\INFINST.EXE**

**This driver supports WINDOWS 95/98/98SE/2000 (NT4.0 do not require)**

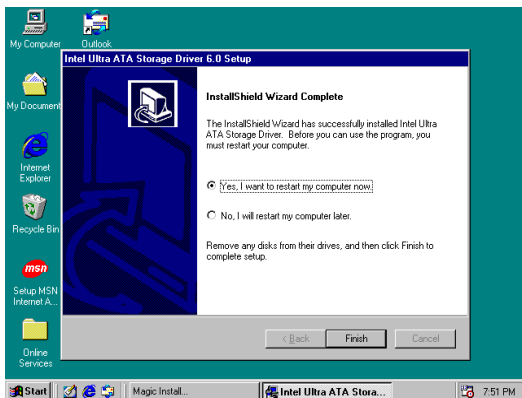
## 4-2 IDE install ULTRA ATA33 or ULTRA ATA 66 driver



1. Click IDE when MAGIC INSTALL MENU appears
2. Click NEXT when INTEL Ultra ATA Storage Wizard appears



3. This is to announce the Copy Right click NEXT
4. Click NEXT or BROWSE to change the path you want the driver stored



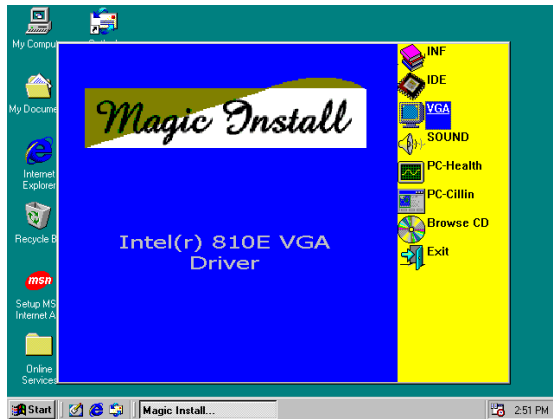
5. Select if you want to re-start your computer and click Finish
6. You may choose to remove the driver or you may remove it at ADD/REMOVE PROGRAMS

**NOTE: MAGIC INSTALL will auto detect file path X:\INTEL810\Ide\SETUP.EXE**

**This driver supports WINDOWS 95/98/98SE/NT4.0/2000**

**4-3 VGA install on-board VGA driver**

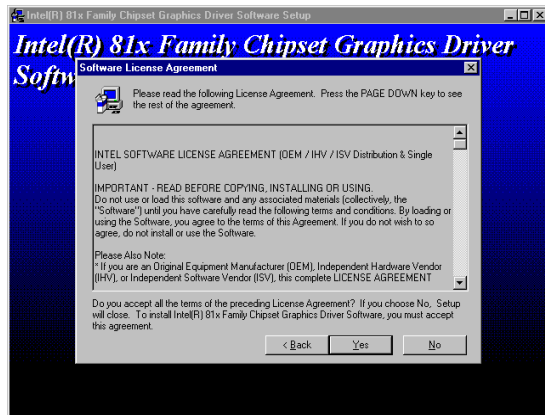
## A. For WINDOWS 95/98/98SE/NT4.0



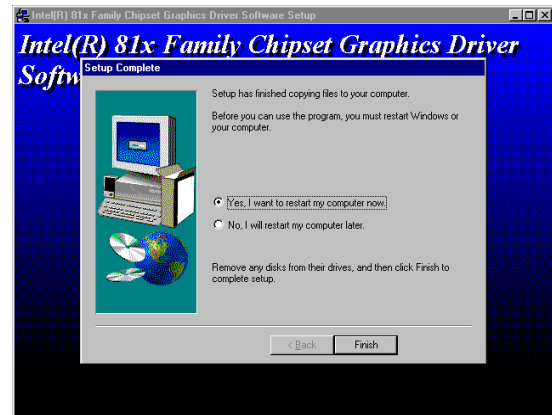
1. Click VGA when MAGIC INSTALL MENU appears



2. Click when INTEL 81X Family Chipset Graphics Driver Software appears



3. Click NEXT, this is to announce Copy Right



4. Select if you want to re-start computer and click Finish

**NOTE:** The path of the file

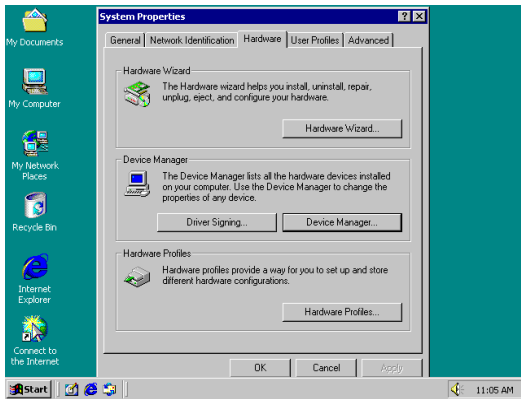
for WIN95 is X:\INTEL810\VGA\WIN95\SETUP.EXE

for WIN98 and WIN98SE is X:\INTEL810\VGA\WIN9X\SETUP.EXE

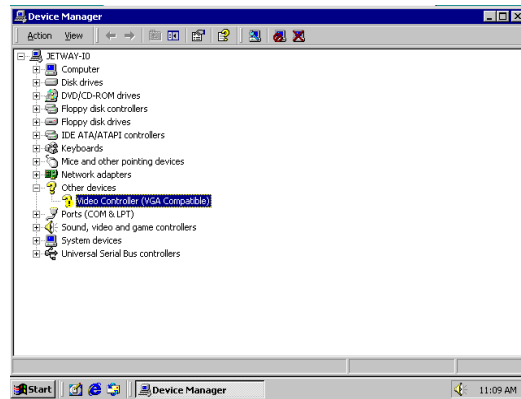
for NT4.0 is X:\INTEL810\VGA\NT40\SETUP.EXE

## B. For WINDOWS 2000

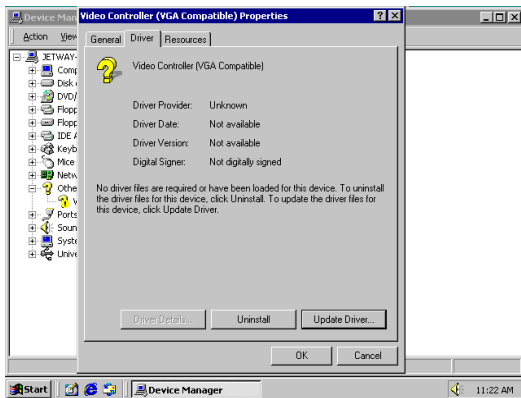
Auto detects function for Windows 2000 is not provided, please load the VGA driver as follow:



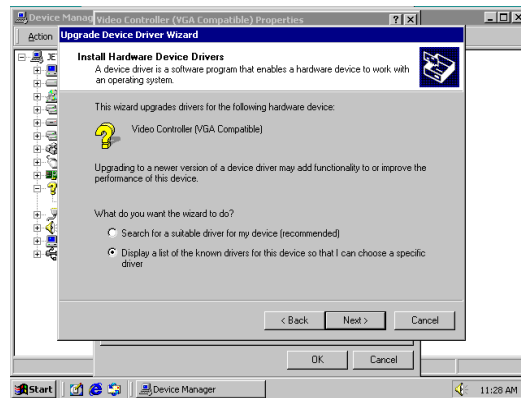
1. When WINDOWS 2000 appears, Double click MY COMPUTER/CONTROL PANEL/ SYSTEM/HARDWARE/ DEVICE MANAGER



2. Click OTHER DEVICE/VIDEO CONTROLLER (VGA COMPATIBLE)



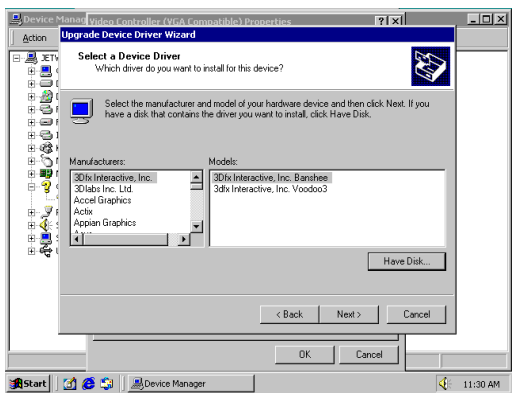
3. Click DRIVER/UPDATE DRIVER



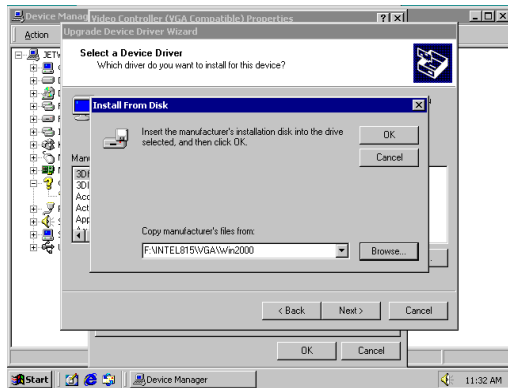
4. Click Next when update driver wizard appears. Then choose DISPLAY A LIST OF THE KNOWN DRIVERS FOR THIS DEVICE SO THAT I CAN CHOOSE A SPECIFIC DRIVER. Then click NEXT



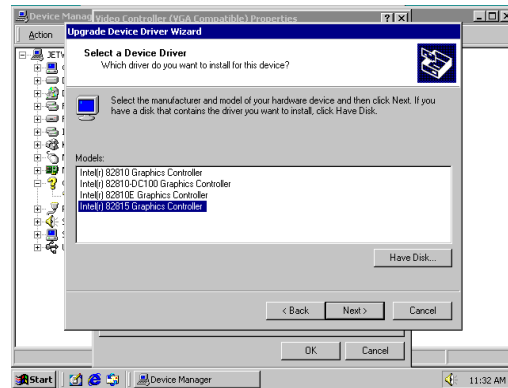
5. Choose DISPLAY ADAPTERS from HARDWARE TYPE then click NEXT



6. Choose HAVE DISK from DEVICE DRIVER

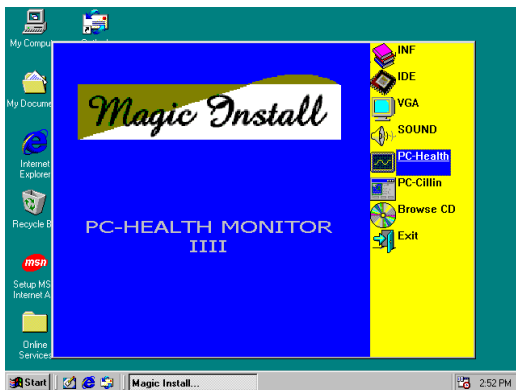


- When INSTALL FROM DISK appears, type X:\INTEL810\VGA\WIN2000, then click NEXT

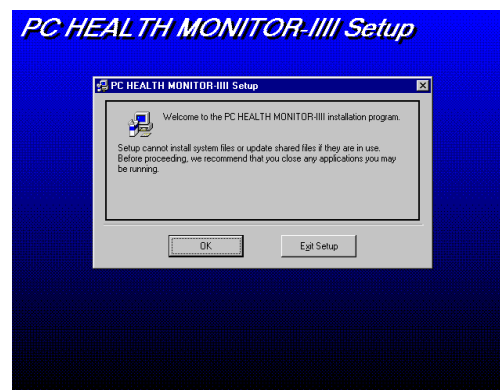


- Choose INTEL® 82810E GRAPHICS CONTROLLER from DRIVER LIST, then click NEXT. After Installation click NEXT, click FINISH and then Re-start the computer

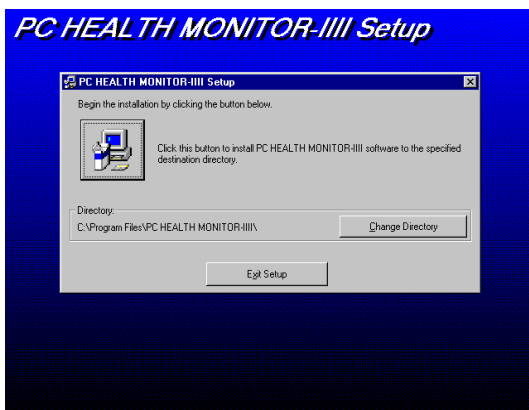
#### 4-4 PC-HEALTH installs PC HEALTH MONITOR IIII software for hardware monitoring device



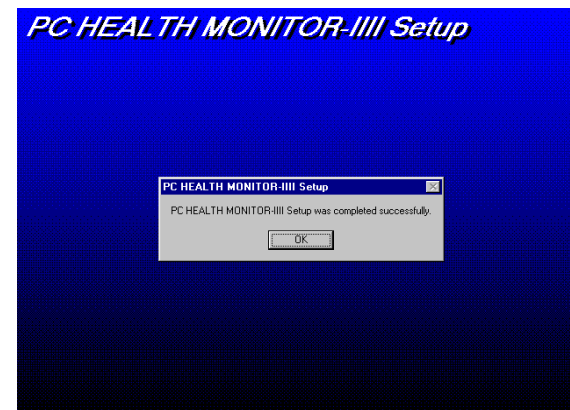
- Click PC-HEALTH when MAGIC INSTALL MENU appears



- Click OK when PC HEALTH MONITOR IIII Setup appears



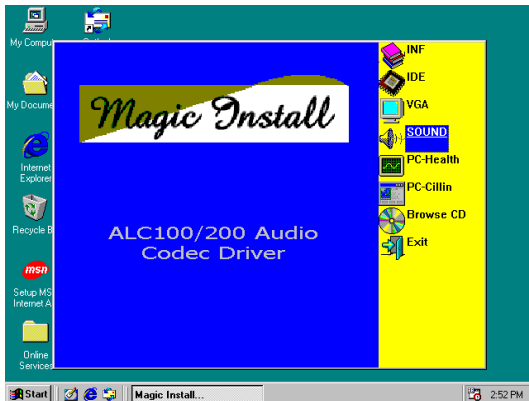
- Click the Button to start installation



- Click OK after setup complete

**NOTE: MAGIC INSTALL will auto detect file path X:\INTEL810\HEALTH\SETUP.EXE  
This driver supports WINDOWS 95/98/98SE**

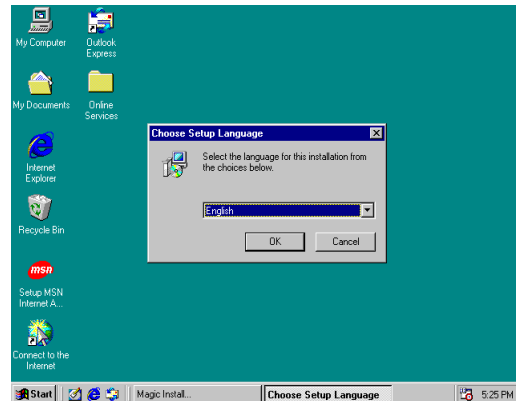
## 4-5 AC97 sound driver and the program Install for editing/playback



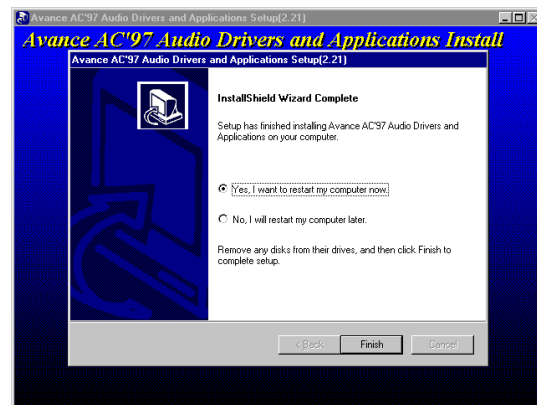
1. Click SOUND when MAGIC INSTALL MENU appears



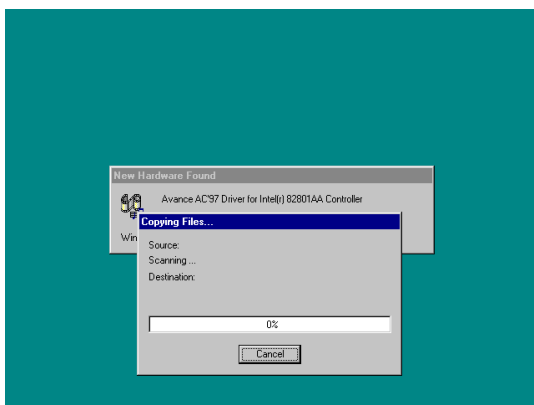
3. When ask Remove old device driver, Click OK, Click GO



2. Then auto detect operation system language edition, click OK, start to install DRIVER



4. Click Finish and Restart Windows

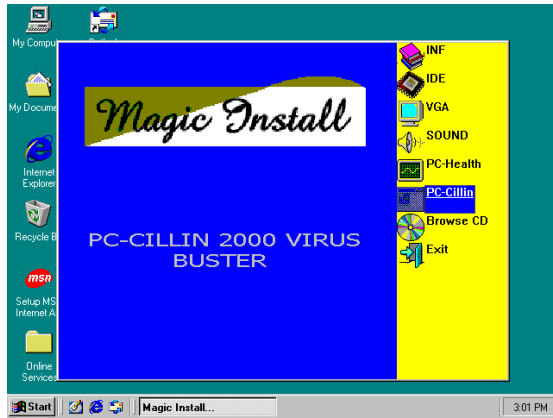


5. Restart Windows will auto detect Advance AC97 Driver for 82801AA Controller Intel® 82801AA controller

**NOTE:** MAGIC INSTALL will auto detect file path:  
**X:\CODEC\ALC200\WIN95\SETUP.EXE (for WINDOWS 95)**  
**X:\CODEC\ALC200\WIN98\SETUP.EXE (for WINDOWS 98/98SE)**  
**X:\CODEC\ALC200\WINNT\SETUP.EXE (for WINDOWS NT4.0)**



**X:\CODEC\ALC200\WIN2000\SETUP.EXE (for WINDOWS 2000)**  
**4-6 PC-CILLIN Install PC-CILLIN 2000 Anti-virus program**



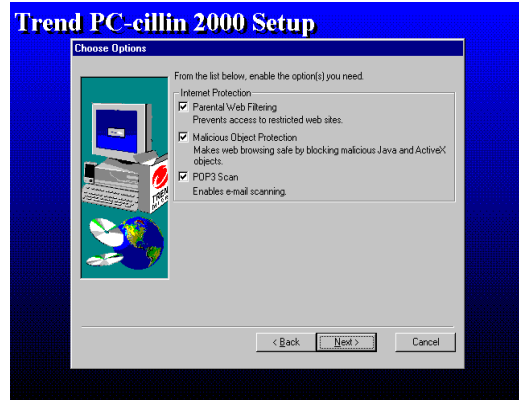
1. Click PC-CILLIN when MAGIC INSTALL MENU Appears



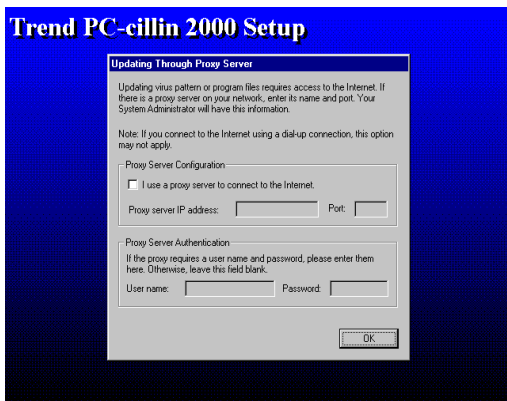
2. Click NEXT when PC-CILIN 2000 SETUP APPEARS. Then click YES when the announcement of copywrite appears. Software is starting to detect HD for virus



3. Click NEXT and Enter User Information, Click NEXT or choose BROWSE to change the path For the file to be stored



4. Click NEXT and Choose all Internet Protection

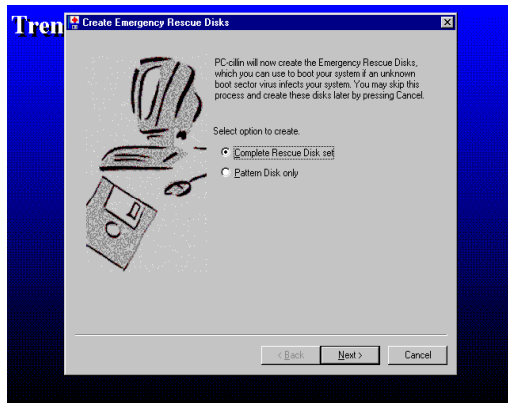


5. Click OK and If You Have Proxy Server,

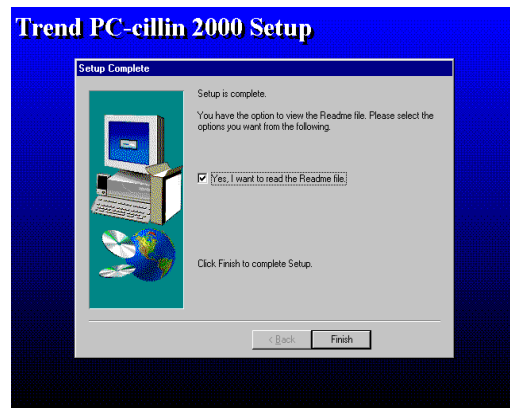


6. Click NEXT when Start Copy Files, Start to

Enter Your Setting.

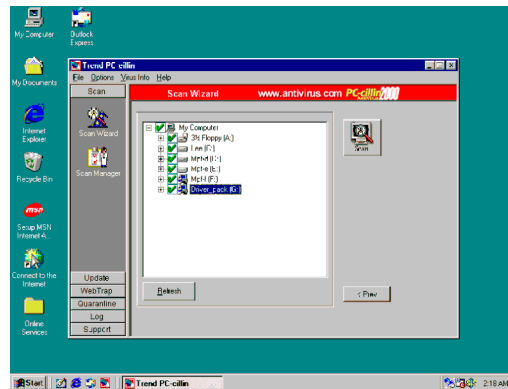
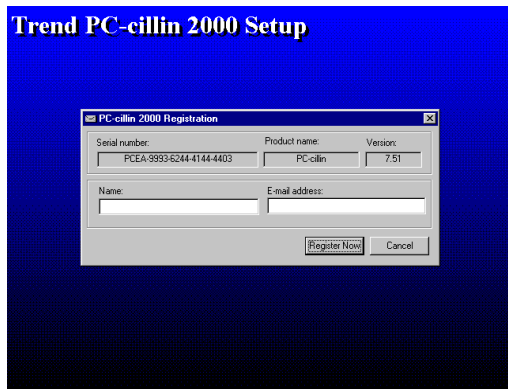


install the software.



7. If you want to make a rescue disc, insert a 1.44 MB disc

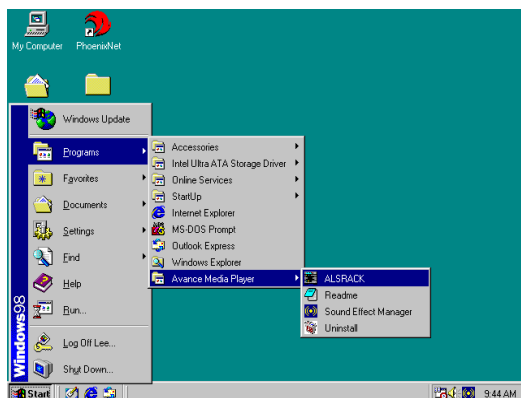
8. Setup Complete and click Finish



9. Enter Your name and E-mail address Register PC-cillin 2000 or Click Cancel Register Later

10. After install PC-cillin 2000 complete we recommend select update item to download newest virus code and setting Auto refresh virus code

## 4-7 HOW TO UTILIZE ALSRACK EDITING & PLAYBACK UTILITY



1. Click START/PROGRAMS/AVANCE MEDIA PLAYER/ALSRACK. Then ALSRACK appears



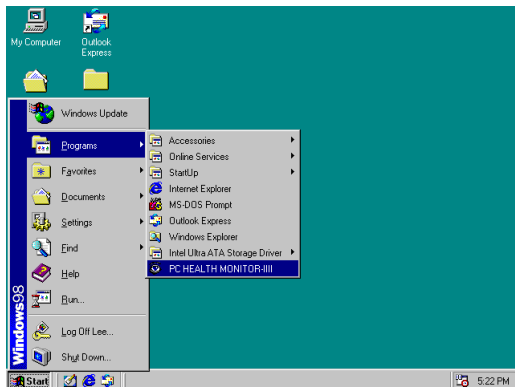
2. This utility it can play from CD the effect just like HI-FI stereo system, also it can play \*.WAN, \*.MID format file

3. This is a sound environment simulator offering massive simulation including environment of opera pub stadium

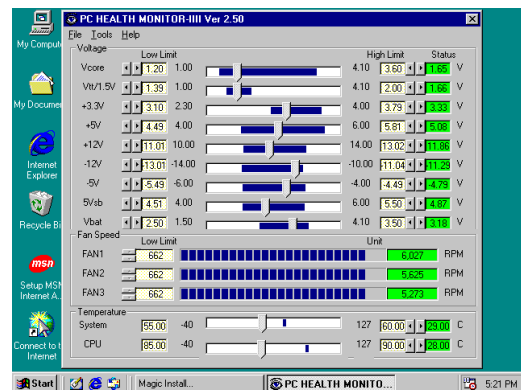
KARAOK playing having high low KEY tuning. Also BASS high low eight tune tuning and TREBLE high low eight tune tuning.

**PS:** After altering the options, there will be changes on the sound effect, user has to reset all the option in order to have the original sound effects.

## 4-8 HOW TO UTILIZE PC-HEALTH



1. Click Program → PC HEALTH MONITOR III the PC HEALTH MONITOR III utility will appears, You can remove the Utility in Control Panel → Add/Remove Program icon



2. After executing PC HEALTH MONITOR III it supports system voltage, Fan speed and CPU/SYSTEM Temperature. Because this is a On-time Monitoring program therefore the value will change after it detected, if the value is over default setting the system will have warning picture and beeps

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## 4-9 HOW TO DISABLE ON-BOARD SOUND

Enter BIOS SETUP choose INTEGRATE PERIPHERALS choose ON-CHIP DEVICE FUNCTION choose AC97 AUDIO Disable on-board sound function by press PAGE DOWN KEY to Disable

## 4-10 HOW TO UPDATE BIOS

**STEP 1.** Prepare a boot disc. (you may make one by click START click RUN type SYS A: click OK)

**STEP 2.** Copy utility program to your boot disc. You may copy from DRIVER CD X:\FLASH\AWDFLASH.EXE or download from our web site.

**STEP 3.** Copy latest BIOS for IB3 from our web site to your boot disc.

**STEP 4.** Insert your boot disc into A;

start the computer, type "Awdflash A:\IB3xxx.BIN /SN/PY/CC/R"

IB3xxx.BIN is the file name of latest BIOS it can be IB3A03.BIN or IB3B02.BIN

SN means don't save existing BIOS data

PY means renew existing BIOS data

CC means clear existing CMOS data

R means restart computer

**STEP 5.** Push ENTER and the BIOS will be updated, computer will be restarted automatically.