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1.1 A Thank-you Note Before You Get Start

First of all, we would like to express our gratitude for purchasing AOpen products. Once again, this motherboard is designed uniquely to meet all your personal needs with our great industry-designing ability and our everlasting perseverance to the quality of all our products.

This manual will introduce you how this motherboard is installed. Please keep it well for your future reference. If you lost your printed manual, you may also go to our website at http://www.aopen.com to download the updated file.

Now, we would like to invite you to personally experience this user-friendly manual and all of the powerful functions this AOpen product offers.

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1.2 Features of This Manual

To help you grab the useful information of this motherboard and aware of certain conditions that you might need to know, you will see the icons below frequently:



This contains knowledge you should know in process of assembling, or some helpful tips.



Please be careful when you see this mark. It highlights mistakes that occur often during assembling, or something you need to pay attention to.



This tip tells you some useful information that will make your installation smoothly.

1.3 Safety Information



Please wear a wrist strap and attach it to a metal part of the system unit before handling a component. Alternatively, you can also touch an object that is of ground connection or with metal surface.



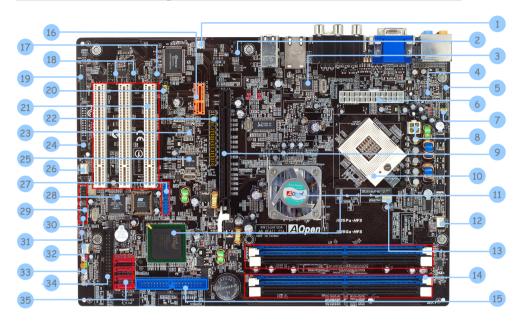
Always unplug the power before you make any jumper setting.



Before you install or remove any components on the motherboard, please make sure to disconnect the power first in case of damaging motherboard or other components.

Chapter 2 Introduction to This Motherboard

2.1 How does your motherboard look like?



1. Power Temperature Connector	19. Printer Port connector
2. CD_IN Connector	20. JP28 PS2 KB/Mouse Wakeup Jumper
3. Marvell PCI-Express Gigabit LAN	21. 32-bits PCI Expansion Slot
4. Azalia Audio codec	22. PCI Express VGA Card Enable Jumpers
5. S/PDIF Connector	23. DVI Controller 7307
6. ATX Power Connector	24. IrDA Connector
7. Front Audio Connector	25. TV-OUT Controller 7021
8. 4-pin 12V ATX Power Connector	26. Power FAN Connector
9. PCI Express x16 Slot	27. USB Connector
10. 479-pin CPU socket supporting Intel Pentium M CPU	28. 1394 Controller Agere FW3226
11. Intel 915G/ICH6 Chipsets	29. 1394 Connector
12. CPU FAN Connector	30. Case Open Connector
13. System FAN1 Connector	31. JP14 Clear CMOS Jumper
14. 240-pins DIMMs x 4 (DDRII)	32. SYSTEM FAN2 Connector
15. IDE Connector	33. Front Panel Connector
16. PCI Express x1 Slot	34. FDD Connector
17. PS/2 Mouse & Keyboard Connector	35. Serial ATA Ports x 4
18. COM1/COM2 Connectors	

2.2 Specification

Here is the main function of your motherboard.

Models	i915Ga-HFS
Models	Intel Pentium M (Dothan) CPU
CPU	Socket 479
	533MHz
Chipset	Intel 915G/ICH6
Chipset	Dual Channel DDRII DIMM x 4, DDRII400/533
Main Memory	DIMM Type: 256/512MB & 1GB
Main Memory	Max Memory: 4GB
	Integrated VGA Engine in Chipset
Graphics	PCI Express x 16 Graphic Slot
	Integrated ATA100 and Serial ATA Controller
IDE	Max Disk: 144,000,000GB [by 48 bits LBA Spec.]
LAN	Marvell Gigabit PCI Express LAN Chip
	Intel High Definition Audio on Board
Sound	Support 7.1 Channel and above
USB	Integrated in chipset, USB 2.0 x 8
IEEE 1394	Agere 1394 Control Chip
	PCI Express x16 Graphics Slot x 1
Slots	PCI Express x1 Slot x 1
	PCI Slots x 3
	USB Ports x 4, LAN Port x 1
	VGA Port x 1, DVI Port x 1
	Standard Video Port x 1
Back Panel I/O	YPbPr Video Port x 1
	D Connector (D1, D2, D3, D4) (For Japanese version only)
	Line_In x 1, Speaker_Out x 1, MIC_In x 1
	Rear SUR x 1, Center/Subwoofer x 1, Side SUR x 1
	Floppy Drive Connector x 1 IDE Channel: ATA100 x 1
	Serial ATA Channel x 4
	Front Panel x 1
	Front Audio x 1
	USB2.0 Connector x 2
	CPU FAN x 1
	System FAN x 2
	Power FAN x 1
On Board Connector	Power Temperature Connector x 1
	Case Open Connector x 1
	S/PDIF Connector x 1
	CD_IN x 1
	IrDA x 1
	Printer Connector x 1
	PS2 Keyboard Connector x 1 COM1 Connector x 1
	COM2 Connector x 1
	IEEE 1394 x 2
BIOS	Award PnP 4Mb Flash ROM BIOS
Board Size	305 mm x 220 mm

2.3 Block Diagram PCI Express x 1 500MB/s Socket 479 Slot x 1 Intel Pentium M VGA Onboard CPU PCI Bus 32-bit PCI Slot x 3 Standard Video 533MHz 150MB/s Serial ATA Port x 4 System Bus ATA 33/66/100 IDE Drives x 2 PCI Express x 16 **Graphics Slot** Intel 915G Chrontel RealTek **DVI** Connector Chipset 7307 Azalia CODEC Chrontel YPbPr Connector 7021 ICH6 DDRII DIMM x 4 DDRII 400/533 RAM Up to 4GB 4Mbits Flash Marvell **EEPROM** PCI Express Gigabit LAN Chip USB Port x 8 Agere IEEE LAN connect IEEE 1394 x 2 1394 Component Controller Parallel Port Winbond Floppy Disk

Super I/O

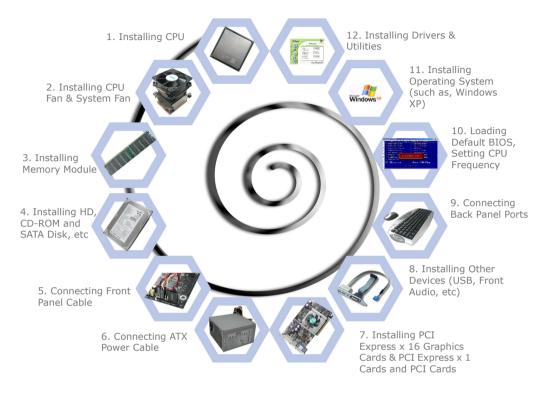
8

Drive

Serial Port x2

Chapter 3 Hardware Installation

3.1 Quick Installation Procedure

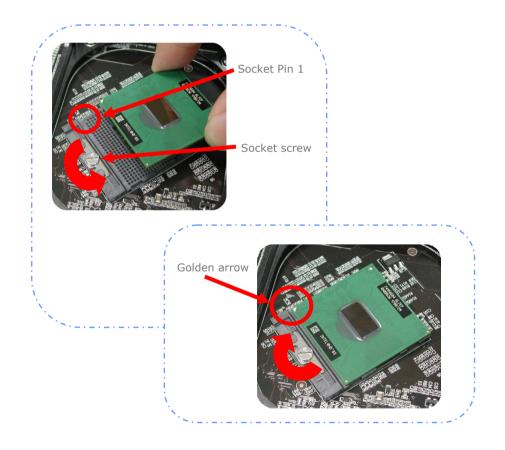


3.2 Installation You Have to Know

Installing CPU

This socket supports uFCPGA & uFCBGA package CPU, which is the latest CPU package developed by Intel. Other forms of CPU package are impossible to be fitted in.

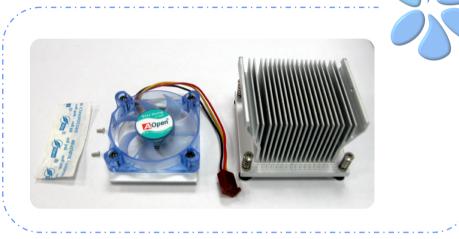
- 1. Unscrew the socket screw counter-clockwise.
- 2. Locate Pin 1 in the socket and look for a golden arrow on the CPU upper interface. Match Pin 1 and golden arrow. Then insert the CPU into the socket.
- 3. Lock the CPU socket screw clockwise to fasten CPU.



Installing CPU Cooler

This motherboard comes with a special CPU cooler designed by AOpen, please follow the following steps to install CPU cooler.

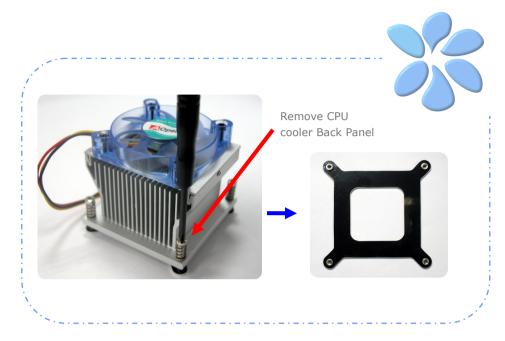
1. First, please check the all parts are in the CPU cooler's box. You might get one thermal compound, two screws, CPU Fan, and the thermal heat sink. If you didn't get any of them, please contact with local AOpen technical support team directly.



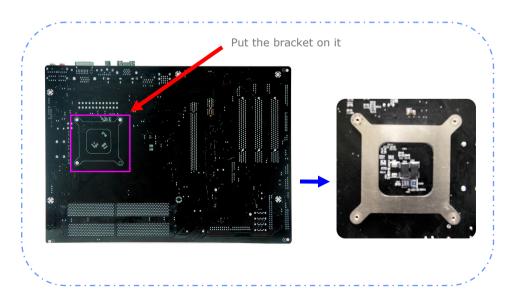
2. Plug the CPU Fan into the top of the heat sink. After that, please lock the screws between the CPU Fan and heat sink.



3. Remove the four screws of the heat sink and let the bracket drop.



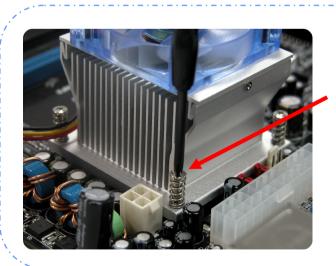
4. Lock the bracket on the back of the motherboard.



5. Smear over the thermal compound under the heat sink smoothly and let it be well mixed.

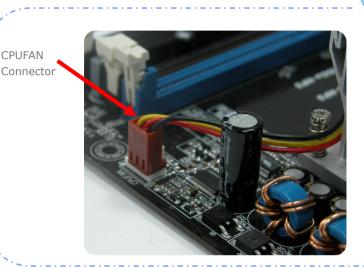


6. Put the CPU cooler on the processor and lock the four screws of the heat sink. Please make sure the screws are well tied between the motherboard and heat sink.



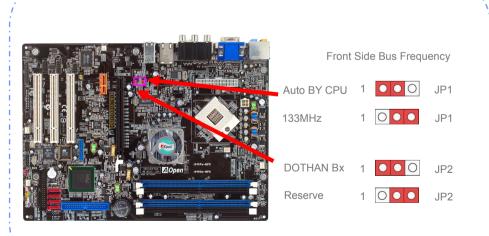
Screw onto the hole

7. Let the CPU Cooler's power cord connect to the CPU FAN Connector. Then it's done.



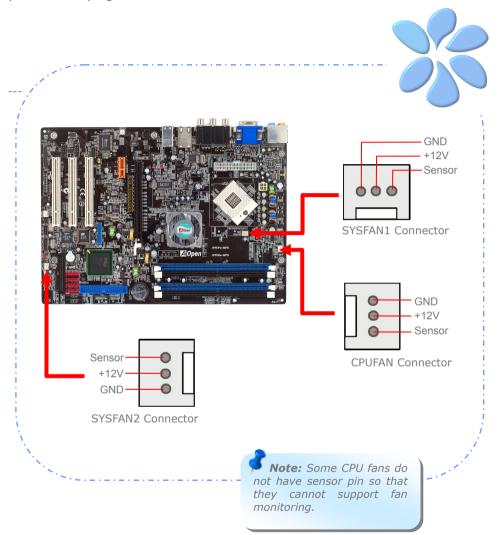
8. Adjust the jumper for your CPU.

CPUFAN



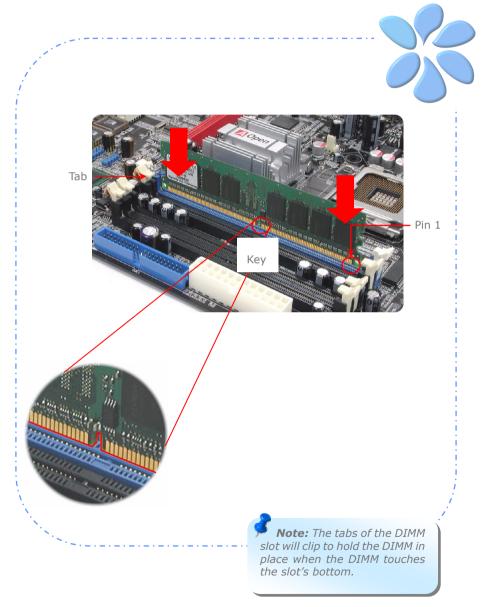
Installing CPU and System Fans

Plug the CPU fan cable to the 3-pin CPU FAN connector. If you have chassis fan, you can also plug it in SYSFAN2 connector.



Installing Memory Modules

DIMM slots are designed in black and navy blue which are very easy to recognize. Insert the module straight down to the DIMM slot with both hands and press down firmly until the DIMM module is securely in place.



Maximum The Performance of the Dual Channel

To obtain the highest performance of Dual Channel, the configuration of DIMM must meet the following conditions.

Matched DIMM configuration in each channel

■ Same density (128MB~1GB)

As long as you insert memory modules of same density into Channel 1 (DIMM1 & DIMM3) and Channel 2 (DIMM2 & DIMM4), dual channel mode will be enabled.

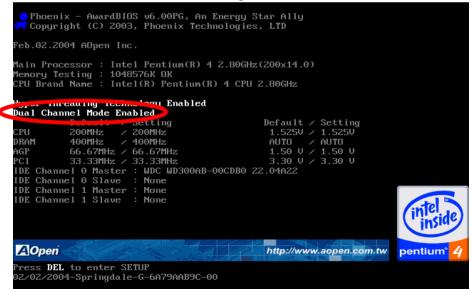
DIMM1 + DIMM3 = DIMM2 + DIMM4

Ex: if you insert 1GB memory module into DIMM1 and DIMM3, dual channel mode will be enabled when DIMM2 + DIMM4 = 1GB

- Same DRAM bus width (x8 or x16)
- Either single-sided or double-sided

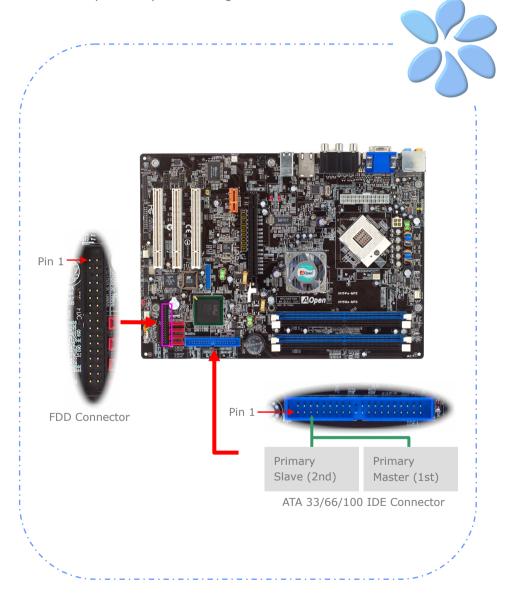


When dual channel mode is successfully enabled, the screen will show "Dual Channel Mode Enabled" while entering POST screens.



Connecting IDE and Floppy Cables

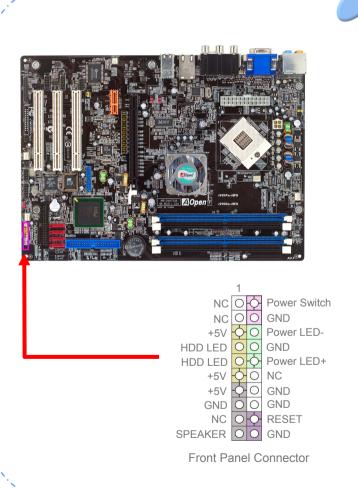
Connect the 34-pin floppy cable and 40-pin, 80-wire IDE cable to floppy connector and IDE connector. Be careful of the pin1 orientation. Wrong orientation may cause system damage.



Connecting Front Panel Cable

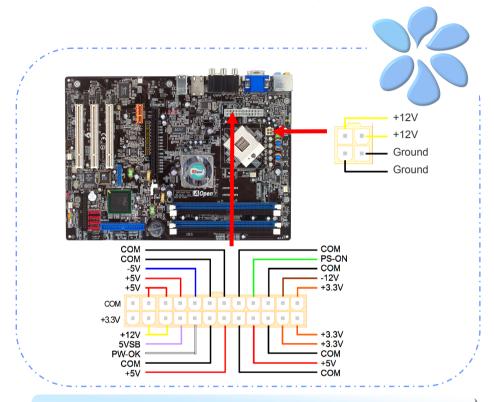
Attach the power LED, speaker and reset switch connectors to the corresponding pins. If you enable "Suspend Mode" item in BIOS Setup, the ACPI & Power LED will keep flashing while the system is in suspend mode.

Locate the power switch cable from your housing, which is a 2-pin female connector from the housing front panel. Plug this connector to the soft-power switch connector marked SPWR.

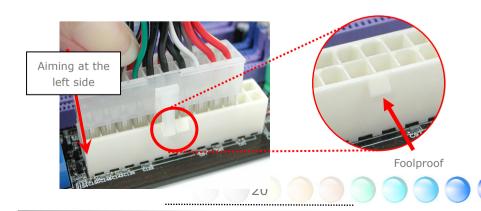


Connecting ATX Power Cables

This motherboard comes with a 24-pin and 4-pin ATX power connector as shown below. Make sure you plug them in the right direction. We strongly recommend you to insert the 4-pin connector before connecting the 20-pin connector.



Note: Please aim the power plug at the **left side** of the 24-pin ATX power connector when the foolproof design faces you as shown.



3.3 Other Installation for Your Reference

Setting CPU Voltage and Frequency

Setting CPU Core Voltage

This motherboard supports Voltage ID (VID) function to detect CPU voltage automatically during power-on.

Setting CPU Frequency

This motherboard is CPU jumper-less design, you can set CPU frequency through 1 MHz stepping CPU Overclocking in the BIOS. CPU Core Frequency = CPU External Frequency x CPU Ratio. However, all CPU now selling in the market belong to "Fixed Multiplier". That means users can not adjust the CPU Ratio but only change CPU FSB clock to achieve overclocking.

(Users do the overclocking at their own risk!!)

BIOS Setup > Frequency / Voltage Control > CPU Bus Frequency

CPU Ratio	4x, 7x 17x, 18x, 20x					
CPU FSB	FSB = 100MHz - 400MHz by 1MHz					
(Adjustment manually)	Stepping CPU Overclocking					

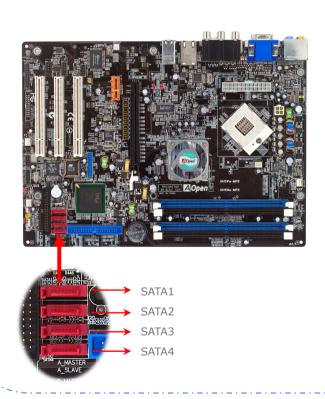
Processor Number	Architecture	Clock Speed	Front Side Bus	Cache	Ratio
Pentium M 770	90nm	2.13GHz	533MHz	2MB L2	16x
Pentium M 760	90nm	2.00GHz	533MHz	2MB L2	15x
Pentium M 750	90nm	1.86GHz	533MHz	2MB L2	14x
Pentium M 740	90nm	1.73GHz	533MHz	2MB L2	13x
Pentium M 730	90nm	1.60GHz	533MHz	2MB L2	12x
Pentium M 765	90nm	2.10GHz	400MHz	2MB L2	21x
Pentium M 755	90nm	2.00GHz	400MHz	2MB L2	20x
Pentium M 745	90nm	1.80GHz	400MHz	2MB L2	18x
Pentium M 735	90nm	1.70GHz	400MHz	2MB L2	17x
Pentium M 725	90nm	1.60GHz	400MHz	2MB L2	16x
Pentium M 715	90nm	1.50GHz	400MHz	2MB L2	15x
Pentium M 705	130nm	1.50GHz	400MHz	1MB L2	15x
Celeron M 370	90nm	1.50GHz	400MHz	1MB L2	15x
Celeron M 360	90nm	1.40GHz	400MHz	1MB L2	14x
Celeron M 350	90nm	1.30GHz	400MHz	1MB L2	13x
Celeron M 340	130nm	1.50GHz	400MHz	512KB L2	15x
Celeron M 330	130nm	1.40GHz	400MHz	512KB L2	15x

Note: With CPU speed changing rapidly, there might be faster CPU on the market by the time you received this installation guide. This table is kindly for your references only.

Warning: Intel 915G chipset support maximum 533MHz (133MHz*4) system bus; higher clock setting may cause serious system damage.

Connecting Serial ATA

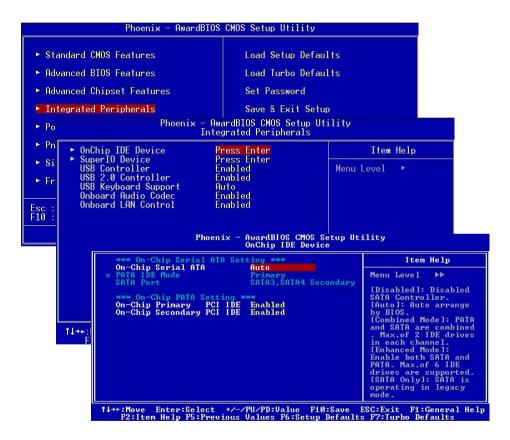
To connect a serial ATA disk, you have to have a 7-pin serial ATA cable. Connect two ends of the serial ATA cable to the serial ATA header on the motherboard and the disk. Like every other traditional disk, you also have to connect a power cable. Please be noted that it is a jumper free implement; you don't need to set jumpers to define a master or slave disk. When serial ATA hard disks are installed on serial ATA ports, the one connected on Port0 (SATA1) will be set as the first boot device automatically.



Adjusting your Hard Disk Setting

Except its original 1 set of parallel IDE, this motherboard supports the latest serial ATA hard disk. If you are unable to find your newly installed serial ATA hard disks on your operating system after having them installed, the problem may lie in the BIOS setting. You can simply adjust BIOS settings to have them work properly.

After installing your hard disks properly, you can directly go to BIOS setting screen for adjustment. Simply pressing "Integrated Peripherals → OnChip IDE Device → On-Chip Serial ATA" to choose your preferable mode. If you have no intention of changing its original setting, the default would be Auto.





If you desire to change the default setting, press Enter for selection list:

Disabled: You can choose this item if there are only traditional IDE hard disks had been installed on your system. Disabling this item will also cancel the detection of serial ATA hard disks during POST, which will theoretically speed up your boot-up time a little bit; however,

please remember to re-adjust the setting here if you want to use serial ATA hard disk later.

<u>Auto:</u> This is factory default setting on this motherboard. Basically, if your system functions properly, it is no necessary to change it. The system will automatically recognize PATA (IDE) as primary..

<u>Combined Mode:</u> If you have traditional IDE hard disks and serial ATA hard disks installed at the same time, then you can choose this mode. Under this mode, you can randomly choose either IDE hard disks or serial ATA had disk as your first boot device. But please note, IDE will exist with serial ATA in a mapping way, which means it will occupy one of the serial Channel and leave you one serial Channel only. When PATA Mode is set to primary, SATA3 and SATA4 will be set to secondary, and when PATA Mode is set to secondary, SATA1 and SATA2 will be set to primary.

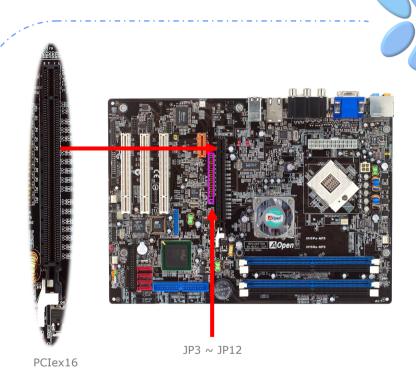
Enhanced Mode: If you are using the latest operating system (say, Windows XP, Windows.NET Server), it is highly recommended that you select Enhanced Mode. Under this mode the system will detect all six devices (traditional IDE \times 2, Serial ATA \times 4) completely and function perfectly. But please note that PATA Mode is set to primary under this mode.

Note: According to practical lab tests of us, there are no obvious problems or mistakes happened when we set this mode under Windows2000 operating system; however, it is not recommended by Intel.

SATA Only: You may select this mode if you install serial ATA hard disks only.

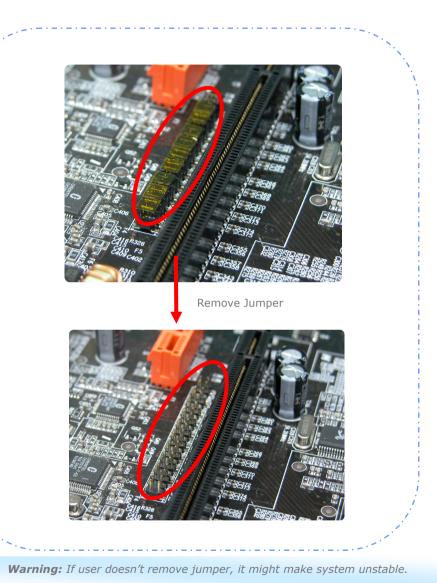
Connecting PCI express x16 Graphics Slot

This motherboard provides a PCI Express \times 16 Graphics slot, a black slot having the latest PCI Express \times 16 specification on motherboard. The PCI Express \times 16 is a bus interface targeted for high-performance 3D graphic. Traditionally AGP used both rising and falling edge of the 66MHz clock for 8X AGP, and the data transfer rate could achieve 2.1GB/s. Now PCI Express \times 16 is moving to higher data transfer rate, which is upgraded to 8.0GB/s (250MB/s \times 16 \times 2, it's 4.0GB/s per direction)..



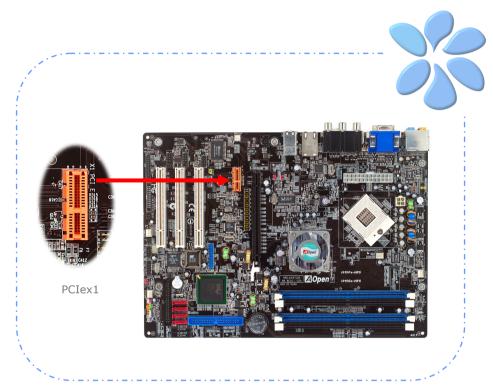
	JP3	JP4	JP5	JP6	JP7	JP8	JP9	JP10	JP11	JP12
HDTV	On	On	On							
PCIeX16	Off	Off	Off							

If user plugs a PCI Express x 16 Graphics, you must remove jumpers beside PCI Express x 16 Slot.



Connecting PCI Express x 1 Slot

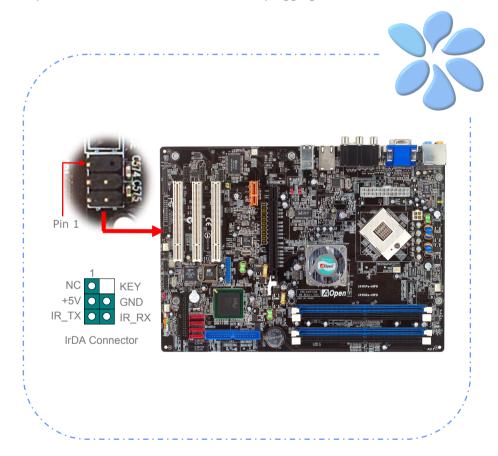
This motherboard provides one PCI Express x 1 slot, which is located between the PCI Express x 16 and traditional PCI slot. In order to go with the step of today's and tomorrow's processors, PCI Express x 1 provides higher I/O bandwidth. The transfer data rate could achieve 500MB/s concurrently (it's 250MB/s per direction), which is nearly 4 times faster than the traditional PCI. You could install any PCI Express x 1 device in these slots for your preference.



Connecting IrDA

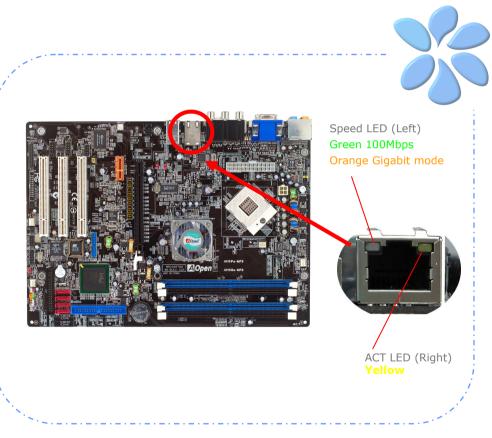
The IrDA connector can be configured to support wireless infrared module, with this module and application software such as Laplink or Windows Direct Cable Connection, user can transfer files to or from laptops, notebooks, PDA devices and printers. This connector supports both HPSIR (115.2Kbps, 2 meters) and ASK-IR (56Kbps).

Install an infrared module onto the IrDA connector and enable the infrared function from BIOS Setup, UART Mode, you can use this function. Please make sure you connect correct orientation when plugging IrDA module.



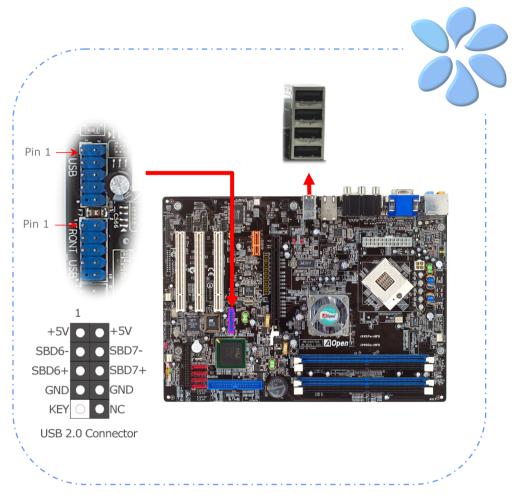
10/100/1000Mbps LAN Supported

On the strength of Marvell Gigabit LAN controller on board, this motherboard provides 10/100/1000Mbps Ethernet for office and home use. The Ethernet RJ45 connector is located on the top of USB connectors. The right hand side LED indicates link mode; it lights in yellow when linking to network. The left hand side LED indicates the transfer mode and will light in green when data is transferring at 100Mbps (never lights while at 10Mbps), but will light in orange when transferring in Gigabit's mode. To enable or disable this function, you may simply adjust it through BIOS. To enable LAN wakeup function, you have to set the "Wake on PCI Card" enable in the BIOS "Power Management Setup" section.



Connecting USB2.0

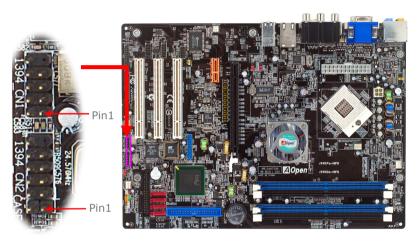
This motherboard provides eight USB 2.0 ports to connect USB devices such as mouse, keyboard, modem, printer, etc. There are four ports on the back panel. You can use proper cables to connect Front USB connector to USB modules or chassis front panel.

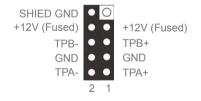


Connecting 1394

With IEEE1394 Chip on board (AGERE 1394), having its data transfer rate up to 400Mb/s, this interface can connect to devices that require high data transferring performance such as digital camera, scanner or others IEEE 1394 devices. Please use appropriate cables to connect IEEE1394 devices.





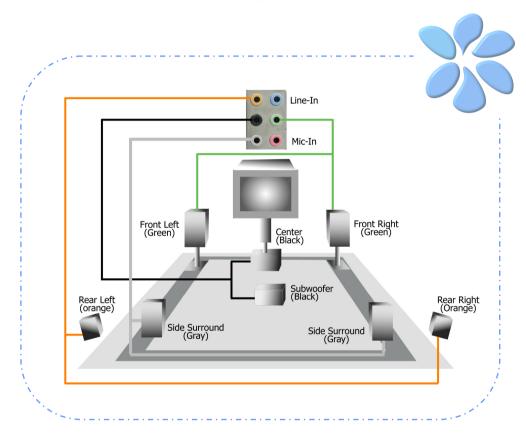


IEEE 1394 Connector

Warning: Please note that Hot-Plug is not allowed on IEEE 1394 headers; doing so will burn the controller IC and damage the motherboard.

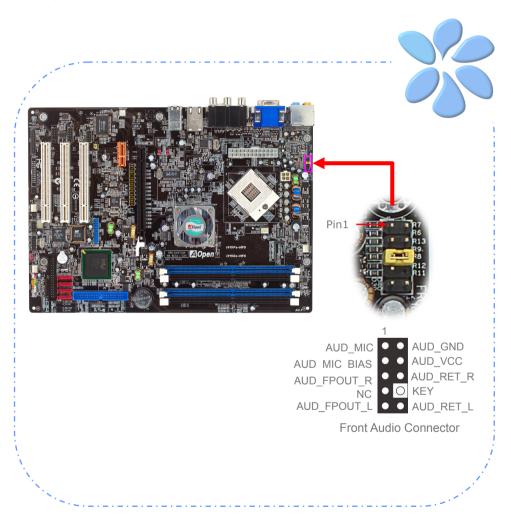
Super 7.1 Channel Audio Effect

This motherboard comes with an ALC880 CODEC, which supports the latest 7.1 Channel with high quality of audio effects, bringing you a brand new audio experience. This motherboard provides 7.1 Channel ports shown as below. Picture represents the standard location of all speakers in 7.1 Channel sound tracks. Please connect the plug of your front speakers to the green "Speaker out" port, rear surround speakers to orange port, side surround speakers to gray port and both of the center and subwoofer speakers to black port on the back panel.



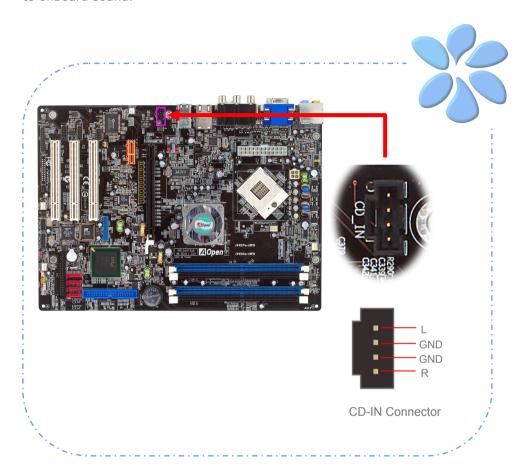
Connecting Front Audio

If the housing is designed with an audio port on the front panel, you'll be able to connect onboard audio to front panel through this connector. By the way, please remove the jumper cap from the Front Audio Connector before you connect the cable. Do not remove this yellow jumper cap if your housing doesn't have an audio port on the front panel.



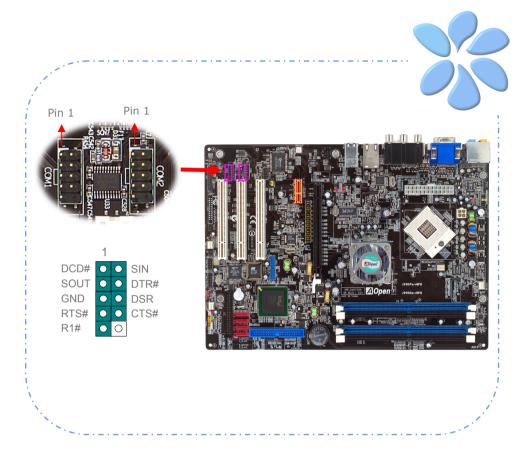
Connecting CD_IN

This connector is designed to connect CD Audio cable from CDROM or DVD drive to onboard sound.



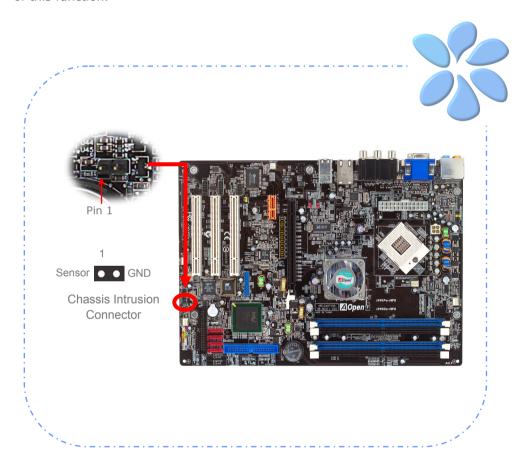
Connecting COM1/COM2

This motherboard provides two serial ports. All of them are on the left of PCI32 slot. With proper cable, you can connect it to the back panel of chassis.



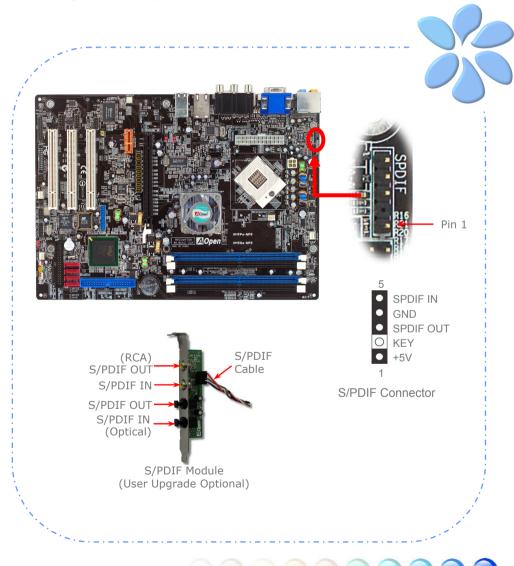
Connecting Case Open

The "CASE OPEN" header provides chassis intrusion-monitoring function. To make this function work, you have to enable it in the system BIOS, connect this header to a sensor somewhere on the chassis. So, whenever the sensor is triggered by lights or by the opening of the chassis, the system will beep to inform you. Please be informed that this useful function only applies to advanced chassis; you may purchase an extra sensor, attach it on your chassis and make a good use of this function.



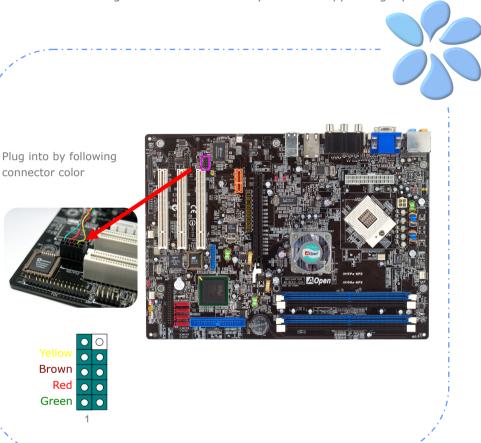
Connecting S/PDIF (Sony/Philips Digital Interface)

S/PDIF (Sony/Philips Digital Interface) is a newest audio transfer file format, which provides impressive audio quality through optical fiber and allows you to enjoy digital audio instead of analog audio. Through a specific converter, you can connect the S/PDIF connector to other end of the S/PDIF audio module, which bears S/PDIF digital input/output. However, you must have an S/PDIF supported speaker/amplifier/decoder with S/PDIF digital input/output to connect to the S/PDIF digital input/output to make the most out of this function.



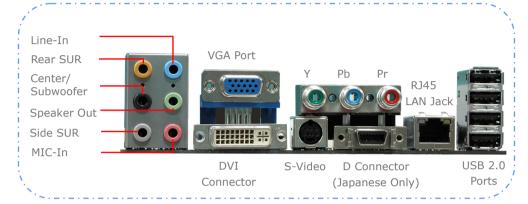
Connecting PS2 Keyboard

This connector is designed to connect PS2 Keyboard to support legacy device.



Colored Coded Back Panel

The onboard I/O devices have AC'97 sound, VGA Port, DVI Connector, YPbPr Connector, S-Video, RJ-45 LAN Connector and USB Port. The view angle of drawing shown here is from the back panel of the housing.



<u>Line-In:</u> Comes from the signal sources, such as CD/Tape

player.

Rear SUR: For rear surround speaker.

<u>Center/Subwoofer:</u> For center & subwoofer speaker.

Speaker Out: To External Speaker, Earphone or Amplifier.

Side SUR: For side surround speaker.

MIC-In: For Microphone.

VGA Connector: To connect with PC monitor.

DVI Connector: To connect with monitor which support DVI input.

YPbPr Connector: To connect with TV which support YPbPr input.

Standard Video : To connect with TV which support SVideo input.

RJ-45 LAN Port: To connect Ethernet for home or office use.

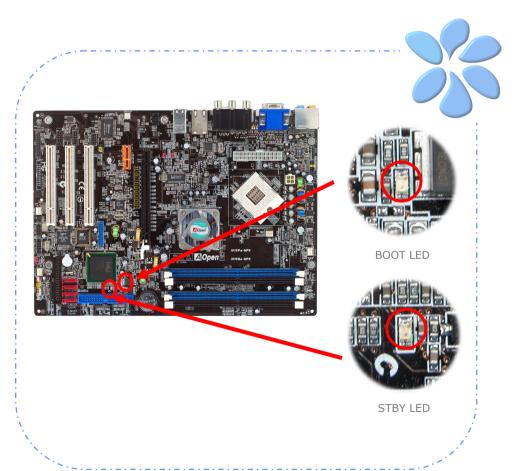
USB Port: Available for connecting USB devices.

LED Indication

LED indication including Standby LED and BOOT LED are AOpen's considerate designs that aim at providing you friendly system information.

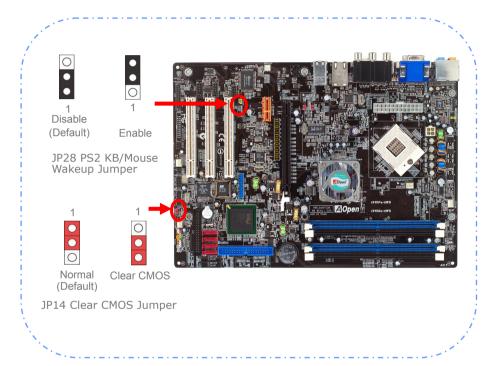
STBY LED will light up when power is provided to the motherboard, giving you a convenient indication check the system power status in circumstances such as power on/off, stand-by mode and RAM power status during Suspend to RAM mode.

BOOT LED will keep blinking when you power the system on and when your system is under POST (Power-On Self Test). After POST diagnoses everything all right and finishes the booting, the LED will stay on otherwise it will remain flashing to warn you that mistakes have occurred during POST.



3.4 Jumper Settings

JP28 Keyboard / Mouse Wakeup Jumper This motherboard provides PS2 keyboard / mouse wake-up function.



JP14 Clear CMOS Data

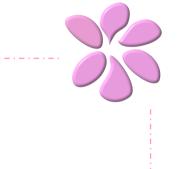
You can clear CMOS to restore system default setting. To clear the CMOS, follow the procedure below.

- 1. Turn off the system and unplug the AC power.
- 2. Remove ATX power cable from connector PWR2.
- 3. Locate JP14 and short pins 2-3 for a few seconds.
- 4. Return JP14 to its normal setting by shorting pin 1 & pin 2.
- 5. Connect ATX power cable back to connector PWR2.

Chapter 4 Special Features and Utilities

4.2 Other Useful Features

With excellent design ability of R&D team, AOpen boasts for its various powerful and handy features that come with our product like follows. You are welcomed to visit our technical website to learn more about those features. http://english.aopen.com.tw/tech/techinside



























Chapter 5 Setting BIOS

5.1 Introduction

System parameters can be modified by going into BIOS Setup menu; this menu allows you to configure the system parameters and save the configuration into the 128 bytes CMOS area (normally in the RTC chip or in the main chipset).

The Phoenix-Award $BIOS^{TM}$ that installed in the Flash ROM of the motherboard is a custom version of an industry standard BIOS. The BIOS provides critical low-level support for standard devices such as hard disk drives, serial and parallel ports.

AOpen's R&D engineering team had optimized most BIOS settings of this motherboard. However, some default settings of BIOS cannot fine-tune those sections that controlled by chipset. Therefore, this chapter is intended to guide you and help you to configure some other settings.

To enter BIOS setup menu, press when POST (Power-On Self Test) screen is shown on your monitor.

Note: Because BIOS code is the most often changed part on motherboard, the BIOS information contained in this manual may be different from the BIOS version that comes with your motherboard.

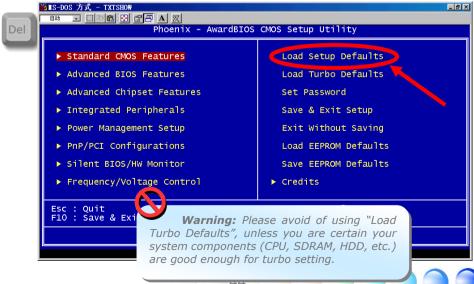
5.2 How To Use Phoenix-Award™ BIOS Setup Program

Generally, you can use arrow keys to highlight items that you want to choose, press <Enter> key to select, and use <Page Up> and <Page Down> keys to change setting values. You can press <Esc> key to quit Phoenix-Award $^{\text{TM}}$ BIOS setup program. The following table provides details about how to use keyboard in the Phoenix-Award $^{\text{TM}}$ BIOS setup program.

Key	Description
Page Up or +	Change setting to next value or increase the value.
Page Down or -	Change setting to previous value or decrease value.
Enter	Select the item.
Esc	In main menu: Quit without saving any changes. In sub menu: Exit current menu to main menu.
Up Arrow	Highlight previous item.
Down Arrow	Highlight next item.
Left Arrow	Move the light bar to left side of menu.
Right Arrow	Move the light bar to right side of menu.
F6	Load Setup Default setting value from CMOS.
F7	Load turbo setting value from CMOS.
F10	Save changed settings and exit setup program.

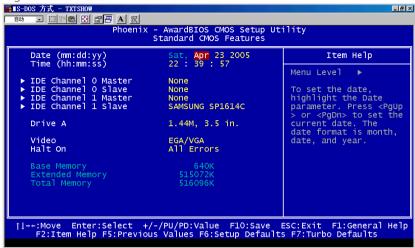
5.3 How To Enter BIOS Setup

After finishing the jumper settings and connecting cables, you can power on and enter the BIOS Setup. Press during POST (Power-On Self Test) and choose "Load Setup Defaults" for recommended optimal performance.



Standard CMOS Features

The "Standard CMOS Setup" sets the basic system parameters such as the date, time, and the hard disk type. Use the arrow keys to highlight an item and <PgUp> or <PgDn> to select the value for each item.



Standard CMOS Features > Date

To set the date, highlight the Date parameter. Press <PgUp> or <PgDn> to set the current date. The date format is month, date, and year.

Standard CMOS features > Time

To set the time, highlight the Time parameter. Press <PgUp> or <PgDn> to set the current time in hour, minute, and second format. The time is based on the 24 hour military clock.

Standard CMOS features > Primary Master

Standard CMOS features > Primary Slave

Standard CMOS features > Secondary Master

Standard CMOS features > Secondary Slave

This item lets you select the IDE hard disk parameters that your system supports. These parameters are Size, Number of Cylinder, Number of Head, Start Cylinder for Pre-compensation, Cylinder number of Head Landing Zone and Number of Sector per Track. The default setting is **Auto**, which enables BIOS to automatically detect the parameters of installed HDD (Hard Disk Drive) at POST (Power-On Self Test). If you prefer to enter HDD parameters manually, select Manual.

IDE HDD Auto-Detection	Press Enter	Item Help
IDE Channel O Master Access Mode	Auto Auto	Menu Level ▶▶ To auto-detect the
Capacity		HDD's size, head
Cylinder Head	65535 16	enra enamer
Precomp Landing Zone	0 65534	
Sector	255	

IDE HDD Auto-Detection: Press "Enter" to auto-detect parameters of HDD **IDE Channel 0 Master (Slave)**: Define the parameters of IDE devices in Channel 0 (Master or Slave). Available options:

- None: if there is no device, please select "None" for speeding boot up.
- Auto: enable BIOS to auto-detect parameters of IDE device. (Default)
- Manual: allow users to define parameter of IDE device.

Access Mode: Set the using mode of HDD. Available options: **CHS** / **LBA** / **Large** / **Auto** (default). User can select the mode according to the label on HDD.

Cylinder: Enter cylinder number

Head: Enter head number

Precomp: Write precompensation **Landing Zone:** Location of head

Sector: Sector Number

Standard CMOS features > Drive A

This item allows user select the floppy drive type. Available items: **None / 360KB 5.25" / 1.2MB 5.25" / 720KB 3.5" / 1.44MB 3.5" / 2.88MB 3.5"**

Standard CMOS features > Vedio

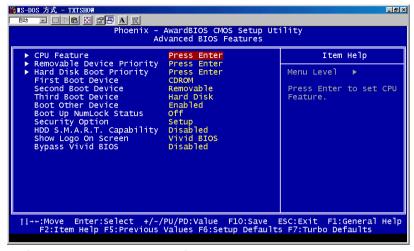
This item specifies the type of video card in use. The default setting is **VGA/EGA**. Since current PCs use VGA only, this function is almost useless and may be disregarded in the future.

Standard CMOS features > HaltOn

This parameter enables you to control the system stops in case of Power-On Self Test (POST) error. Available items: **No errors / All errors / All, But Keyboard / All, But Diskette / All, But Disk/Key**

Advanced BIOS Features

This screen appears when you select the option "Advanced BIOS Features" from the main menu.



Advanced BIOS Features > CPU feature

Thermal Monitor. Available options: **4 Min / 8 Min / 16 Min / 32 Min Thermal Management:** Set the function of CPU internal Thermal Management. When CPU supports Thermal Monitor 1 (TM1) and Thermal Monitor 2 (TM2), user could select TM1 or TM2. But if CPU doesn't Support TM2, it will be fixed On TM1. When TM2 is enabled, and a high temperature situation is detected, it will cause the CPU to adjust its operating frequency via the core to bus ratio and input voltage via the VID signals. **TM2 Bus Ratio** and **TM2 Bus VID** show the CPU default value for TM2.

Delay Prior to Thermal: Select delay time periods prior to enabling the



Advanced BIOS Features > Removable Device Priority

Advanced BIOS Features > Hard Disk Boot Priority

Advanced BIOS Features > CD-ROM Boot Priority

This parameter allows you to specify the system boot up search sequence.

Advanced BIOS Features > First Boot Device

Advanced BIOS Features > Second Boot Device

Advanced BIOS Features > Third Boot Device

This parameter allows you to specify the system boot up search sequence. Available options:

Removable: Floppy, USB, ZIP...etc
 Hard Disk: Hard Disk Drives

CD-ROM: CD-ROM, DVD-ROM...etc
 LAN: LAN Card with boot ROM

• Disabled:

Advanced BIOS Features > Boot Other Device

This parameter allows you to enable other system boot up devices that is not described above.

Advanced BIOS Features > Boot Up NumLock Status

Set this parameter to "On" to enable the numeric function of the numeric keypad. Set this parameter to "Off" to disabling the numeric function allows you to use the numeric keypad for cursor control.

Advanced BIOS Features > Security Option

The "**System"** option limits access to both the System boot and BIOS setup. A prompt asking you to enter your password appears on the screen every time you boot the system.

The "Setup" option limits access only to BIOS setup.

To disable the security option, select Password Setting from the main menu, don't type anything and just press <Enter>

Advanced BIOS Features > HDD S.M.A.R.T Capability

This item allows user to enable S.M.A.R.T. (Self-Monitoring Analysis & Reporting Technology) capability for HDD. This function could predict the possibility of HDD failure. The default is "**Disabled**".

Advanced BIOS Features > Show Logo On Screen

This item allows user to select to show or hide "Full Screen logos" or "Vivid BIOS logos".

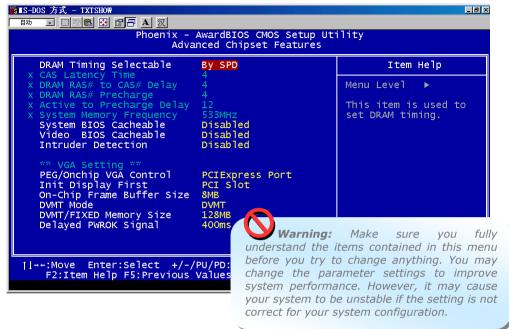
Advanced BIOS Features > Bypass Vivid BIOS

This item allow user to bypass Vivid BIOS or not when booting up.



Advanced Chipset Features

The "Advanced Chipset Features" includes settings for the chipset dependent features. These features are related to system performance.



Advanced Chipset features > DRAM Timing Selectable

Available options:

- **By SPD:** System will define timing according to default of Dram. (Default)
- Manual: Allow user to define timing himself.

Advanced Chipset features > CAS Latency Time

When synchronous DRAM is installed, the number of clock cycles of CAS latency depends on the DRAM timing. Available options: **2**, **2.5**, **3**

Advanced Chipset features > DRAM RAS# to CAS# Delay

This field lets user to insert a timing delay between the CAS and RAS strobe signals, used when RAM is written to, read from, or refreshed. Fast gives fater performance; and Slow give more stable performance. This field applies only when synchronous DRAM is installed in the system. Available options: 2, 3, 4, 5

Advanced Chipset features > DRAM RAS# Precharge

If an insufficient number of cycles are allowed for the RAS to accumulate its charge before DRAM refresh, the refresh may be incomplete and the DRAM may fail to retain data. Fast give faster performance; and Slow gives more stable performance. This field applies only when synchronous DRAM is installed in the system. Available options: 2, 3, 4, 5

Advanced Chipset features > Active to Precharge Delay

Select the operating system that is active to precharge delay. Available options: 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15

Advanced Chipset features > System Memory Frequency

This item is used to set DRAM timing.

Available options: DDR: 333 MHz, DDRII400 MHz, 533 MHz

Advanced Chipset features > System BIOS cacheable

Allow the system BIOS to be cached to allow faster system performance.

Available options: Disabled, Enabled

Advanced Chipset features > Video BIOS cacheable

Allow the video BIOS to be cached to allow faster video performance.

Available options: Disabled, Enabled

Advanced Chipset features > Intruder Detection

This item allow user to detect the housing is opened or not. It works only when the housing is designed with CASE OPEN cable and connected to motherboard.

Available options: **Disabled**, **Enabled**

Advanced Chipset features > PEG/On Chip VGA Control

This item is used to select display first from onboard VGA or PCI ExpressGraphic card.

Advanced Chipset features > Boot Display

This item is used to set booting display. Available options: Auto, CRT, TV, EFP

Advanced Chipset features > Init Display First

If you installed a PCI VGA card, this item lets you decide which one is the initial display card.

Advanced Chipset features > On-Chip Video Memory Size

This item allows user to control the on-chip frame buffer size, fixed memory size, DVMT.

Advanced Chipset features > On-Chip Frame Buffer Size

Advanced Chipset features > FIXED Memory Size

Advanced Chipset features > DVMT Memory Size

Advanced Chipset features > TV Format

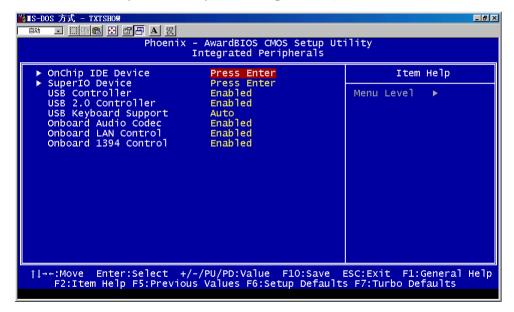
Available options: Auto, NTSC_M, NTSC_M_J, NTSC_433, NTSC_N, PAL_B, PAL_G, PAL_D, PAL_H, PAL_I, PAL_M, PAL_N, PAL_60, SECAM_L, SECAM_L1, SECAM_B, SECAM_D, SECAM_G, SECAM_H, SECAM_K, SECAM_K1.

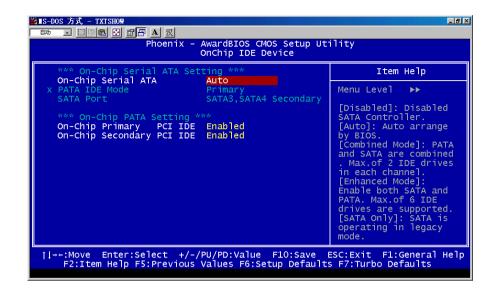
Advanced Chipset features > Delayed PWROK Signal

This item is used to add the compatibility between motherboard and power supply for avoiding booting up failed. Available options: **400ms** (default) / **300ms** / **200ms** / **100ms** / **Disabled**

Integrated Peripherals

This submenu appears if you select the option "Integrated Peripherals" from the main menu. This option allows you to configure the I/O features.





Integrated peripherals > OnChip IDE Device

Integrated peripherals > OnChip IDE Device > On-Chip Serial ATA

This item allows you to select work mode between SATA and PATA.

Available options: **Disabled:** Disabled SATA Controller

Auto: Auto arrange by BIOS

Combined Mode: PATA and SATA are combine. Max. of 2

IDE drives in each channel.

Enhanced Mode: Enable both SATA and PATA. Max. of 6 IDE

drives are supported.

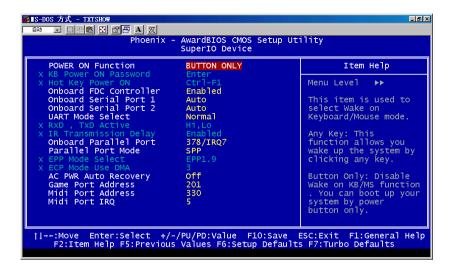
SATA only: SATA is operating in legacy mode...

Integrated peripherals > OnChip IDE Device > PATA IDE Mode

When On-chip SATA is selected to "Combined Mode", this item allows you to set PATA to primary or secondary.

Integrated peripherals > OnChip IDE Device > SATA Port

Integrated peripherals > OnChip IDE Device > On-Chip PATA Setting This parameter allows you to "Enable" or "Disable" the IDE device connected to the primary or secondary IDE connector.



Integrated peripherals > SuperIO Device

This item allows you to set SuperIO device.

Power ON Function: This item is used to select Wake on Keyboard/Mouse mode.

- Any Key: This function allows you wake up the system by clicking any key.
- Button Only: Disable Wake on KB/MS function. You can boot up your system by power button only.
- **Keyboard 98:** If selecting this option, you can boot up the system by power button and the "Wake" key on Keyboard 98.
- **Password:** Disable the function of power button and let the system can only be powered on through the preset keys (like a password).
- Hot Key: If selecting this option, you also need to specify the hot key from "Hot Key Power On" item.
- Mouse Left: This function allows you wake up the system by clicking left mouse button twice successively.
- **Mouse Right:** This function allows you wake up the system by clicking right mouse button twice successively.

Note:

- Whenever you change this item, it will only take effect after you restart the system and successfully boot the Windows or DOS.
- ♦ Wake on Mouse function applies to PS/2 mouse only.
- ♦ If you set a password but forget it, please clear CMOS.

 If you want to use Wake on Mouse function in DOS, it is necessary to install the DOS driver of the mouse.

KB Power ON Password: You can specify 1-5 keys as a password.

Hot Key Power On: If you select "Hot Key" option in "Power On Function" Item, you need to specify a hot key here.

Onboard FDC Controller: Setting this parameter to **"Enabled"** allowing you to connect your floppy disk drives to the onboard floppy disk connector instead of a separate controller card. Change the setting to Disabled if you want to use a separate controller card.

Onboard Serial Port 1: This item allows you to assign address and interrupt for the board serial port. The default is "**Auto**".

Onboard Serial Port 2: This item allows you to assign address and interrupt for the board serial port. The default is "**Auto**".

UART Mode Select: This item is configurable only if the "Onboard Serial Port 2" is enabled. This allows you to specify the mode of serial port2. Available options:

- Normal: Sets serial port 2 to operate in normal mode. This is the default setting.
- IrDA (SIR): This setting allows infrared serial communication at a maximum baud rate of 115.2K baud.
- ASKIR: This setting allows infrared serial communication at a maximum baud rate of 57.6K baud.

RXD, TXD Active: This item is used to select RxD (Receive Data) and TxD (Transmit Data) mode for UART, for instance, IR device, modem, etc. Normally, we suggest you keep the default setting. Please see the documentation that comes with your device. Available options: **Hi, Hi / Hi, Lo IR Transmission Delay:** If **"Enabled"** is selected, there will be a 4 character delay when SIR is changed from TX mode to RX mode.

Onboard Parallel Port: This item controls the onboard parallel port address and interrupt. Available options: **3BC/IRQ7**, **3BC/IRQ7**, **3BC/IRQ7**, **Disabled**

Parallel Port Mode: This item lets you set the parallel port mode. The mode options are SPP (Standard and Bidirection Parallel Port), EPP (Enhanced Parallel Port) and ECP (Extended Parallel Port). Available options:

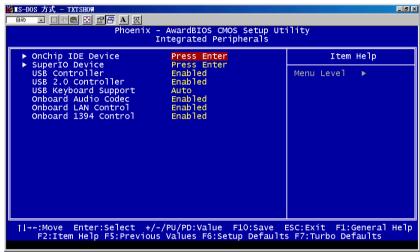
- SPP (Standard and Bidirection Paralell Port): SPP is the IBM AT and PS/2 compatible mode.
- **EPP** (**Enhanced Parallel Port**): **EPP** enhances the parallel port throughput by directly writing/reading data to/from parallel port without latch.
- **ECP (Extend Parallel Port): ECP** supports DMA and RLE (Run Length Encoded) compression and decompression.
- ECP + EPP

EPP Mode Select: This item lets you select EPP mode protocol.

Available options: **EPP 1.7**, **EPP 1.9**

ECP Mode Use DMA: This item lets you set the DMA channel of ECP mode. Available options: **3**, **1**

AC Power Auto Recovery: A traditional ATX system should remain at power off stage when AC power resumes from power failure. This design is inconvenient for a network server or workstation, without an UPS, that needs to keep power-on. This item is used to solve this problem. Selecting On enabling system to automatically power-on after AC power resumes; in the other hand, the system will remain power-off if you select Off. If Former-Sts (former status) option is selected, the system will power-on or power-off based on the original state. Available options: **Former-Sts**, **On**, **Off**



Integrated peripherals > USB Controller: This item lets you enable or disable the USB controller.

Integrated peripherals > USB 2.0 Controller: This item lets you enable or disable the USB 2.0 controller.

Integrated peripherals > USB Keyboard Support: This item lets you enable or disable the USB keyboard driver within the onboard BIOS. The keyboard driver simulates legacy keyboard command and let you use USB keyboard during POST or after boot if you don't have USB driver in the operating system.

Integrated peripherals > On Board Audio Codec: This item is used to enable or disable the onboard audio.

Integrated peripherals > Onboard 1394 Control: This item lets you enable or disable onboard 1394.

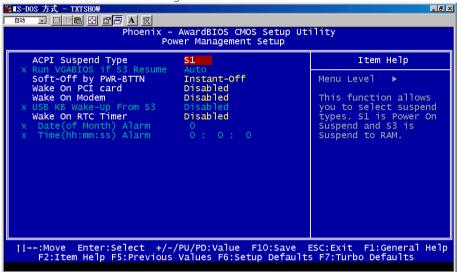
Integrated peripherals > Onboard LAN1 Control: This item lets you enable or disable onboard LAN.

Integrated peripherals > Onboard LAN2 Control: This item lets you enable or disable onboard LAN.

Integrated peripherals > Onboard SATA Control: This item lets you enable or disable onboard SATA.

Power Management Setup

The Power Management Setup screen enables you to control the motherboard green features. See the following screen.



Power Management > ACPI Suspend Type

This function allows you to select suspend types. S1 is Power On Suspend and S3 is Suspend to RAM. Available Options: **S1**, **S3**, **S1 & S3**

Power Management > Soft-off by PWR-BTTN

This is a specification of ACPI and supported by hardware. When Delay 4 sec. is selected, the soft power switch on the front panel can be used to control power On, Suspend and Off. If the switch is pressed for less than 4 seconds during power On, the system will go into Suspend mode. If the switch is pressed for longer than 4 seconds, the system will be turned Off. The default setting is Instant-Off. If Instant-Off is selected the soft power switch is only used to control On and Off, so there is no need to press it for 4 seconds, and there is no Suspend.

Available Options: **Delay 4 sec.**, **Instant-Off**

Power Management > Wake On PCI card

This is a function of PCI specification 2.2. PCI bus supports standby current to PCI card and PCI card can wakeup system if it detects certain activity.

Available options: Disabled, Enabled

Power Management > Wake On Modem

This option lets you specify enable or disable Wake On Modem function.

Available options: Disabled, Enabled

Power Management > Wake On RTC Timer

The Wake Up Timer is more like an alarm, which wakes up and powers on your system at a pre-defined time for a specific application. It can be set to wake up everyday or on specific date within a month. The date/time is accurate to within a second. This option lets you enable or disable the RTC Wake Up function.

Available options: By Date, By Week, Disabled

Power Management > Date (of Month) Alarm

This item is displayed when you enable the Wake On RTC Timer option. Here you can specify what date you want to wake up the system. For Example, setting to 15 will wake up the system on the 15th day of every month.

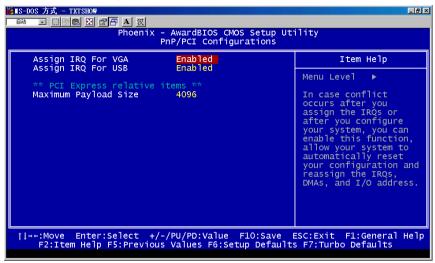
Tip: Setting this item to 0 will wake up the system on the specified time (which can be set in the Wake On RTC Timer) every day.

Power Management > Time (hh:mm:ss) Alarm

This item is displayed when you enable the Wake On RTC Timer option. Here you can specify what time you want to wake up the system.

PNP/PCI Configurations

The PNP / PCI Configuration Setup allows you to configure the ISA and PCI devices installed in your system. The following screen appears if you select the option "PNP/PCI Configuration Setup" from the main menu.



PNP/PCI Configurations > Assign IRQ For VGA

In case conflict occurs after you assign the IRQs or after you configure your system, you can enable this function, allow your system to automatically reset your configuration and reassign the IRQs, DMAs, and I/O address.

Available options: **Disabled**, **Enabled**

PNP/PCI Configurations > Assign IRQ For USB

In case conflict occurs after you assign the IRQs or after you configure your system, you can enable this function, allow your system to automatically reset your configuration and reassign the IRQs, DMAs, and I/O address.

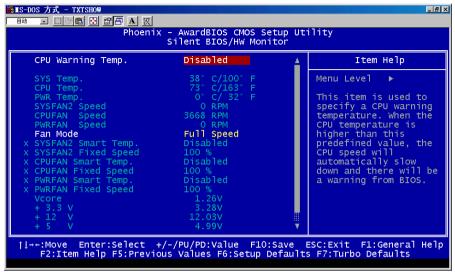
Available options: Disabled, Enabled

PNP/PCI Configurations > Maximum Payload Size

This item allows you to set TLP (Transaction Layer Package) size. Available options: 128, 256, 512, 1024, 2048, 4096

Silent BIOS/HW Monitor

This submenu displays Silent BIOS / HW monitor status and provides some basic control function.



Silent BIOS/HW Monitor > CPU Warning Temperature

This item is used to specify a CPU warning temperature. When the CPU's temperature is higher than this predefined value, the CPU's speed will automatically slow down and there will be a warning from BIOS.

Silent BIOS/HW Monitor > Fan Mode

This item allows user to select the mode of Fan Speed. Available options:

- Full Speed: All fans will operate in full speed.
 - 1. If CPUFAN doesn't be connected or operate, there would be Warning Beep.
 - 2. When SystemFAN or PowerFAN is connected to motherboard, if SystemFAN or PowerFAN doesn't work, there would be Warning Beep.
- **Smart Control:** User could set critical temperature for each fan. If the temperature is under critical temperature, fan wouldn't operate; on the contrary fan would operate.
 - If Power Temperature connector isn't be connected, Smart Control.mode for Power Fan will be disabled.
- **Fixed Speed:** User could define the voltage of each fan to make fan operate in a fixed speed.
 - 1. If CPUFAN doesn't be connected or operate, there would be Warning Beep.
 - 2. When SystemFAN or PowerFAN is connected to motherboard, if SystemFAN or PowerFAN doesn't work, there would be Warning Beep.

Frequency/Voltage Control

This submenu allows you to configure the CPU and memory clock.



Frequency/Voltage Control > CPU Bus Frequency

This item allows user to overclock the bus frequency of CPU. The range is from 100 to 400.

Tip: When you fail to overclock, you could: Clear CMOS (JP14) to restore the default setting. After turning power on, press "Home" immediately until the screen appears.

Frequency/Voltage Control > Clock Spread Spectrum

This item is used to set the value of clock Spread Spectrum. BIOS will determine the adjustable value according to the CPU installed, not all items will be showed. This function only works when CPU Bus frequency is at 100MHz.

Available options: 0.70% Center / 1.00% Center / 1.20% Center / Spread Off

Frequency/Voltage Control > CPU Voltage Default

This item shows the default voltage of the CPU installed.

Frequency/Voltage Control > CPU Voltage Setting

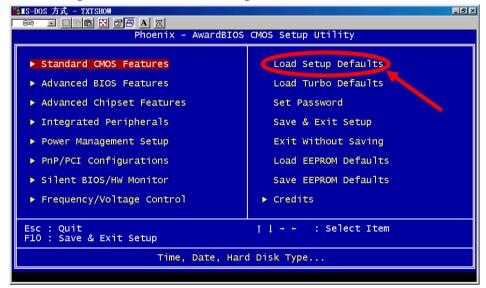
This item allows user to adjust CPU Vcore voltage, BIOS will determine the adjustable value according to the CPU installed.

Frequency/Voltage Control > N/B Voltage Setting

This item allows user to adjust North Bridge voltage, BIOS will determine the adjustable value according to the North Bridge default.

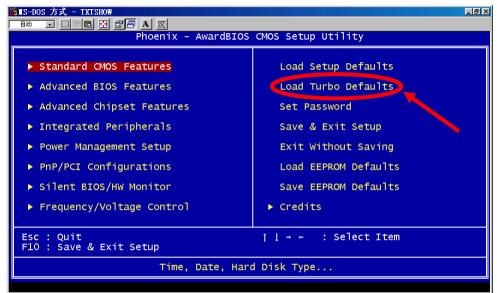
Load Setup Defaults

The "Load Setup Defaults" option loads optimized settings for optimum system performance. Optimal settings are relatively safer than the Turbo settings. All the product verification, compatibility/reliability test report and manufacture quality control are based on "Load Setup Defaults". We recommend using these settings for normal operation. "Load Setup Defaults" is not the slowest setting for this motherboard. If you need to verify an unstable problem, you may manually set the parameter in the "Advanced BIOS Features" and "Advanced Chipset Features" to get slowest and safer setting.



Load Turbo Defaults

The "Load Turbo Defaults" option gives better performance than "Load Setup Defaults". It is provided for the convenience of power user who wants to push the motherboard to get better performance. Turbo setting does not go though all the detail reliability and compatibility test, it is tested only with limited configuration and loading (for example, a system that contains only a VGA card and one DIMM/RIMM). Use Turbo setting only when you fully understand the items in Chipset Setup menu.



Set Password

Password prevents unauthorized use of your computer. If you set a password, the system prompts for the correct password before boot or access to Setup.

To set a password:

- 1. At the prompt, type your password. Your password can be up to 8 alphanumeric characters. When you type the characters, they appear as asterisks on the password screen box.
- 2. After typing the password, press.
- 3. At the next prompt, re-type your password and press again to confirm the new password. After the password entry, the screen automatically reverts to the main screen.

To disable the password, press "**Enter**" when being prompted to enter the password. The screen displays a message confirming that the password has been disabled.

Save & Exit Setup

This function automatically saves all CMOS values before leaving Setup.

Exit without Saving

Use this function to exit Setup without saving the CMOS value changes. Do not use this option if you want to save the new configuration.

Load EEPROM Defaults

Except "Load Setup Default" and "Load Turbo Default", you may also use "Save EEPROM Default" to save your own settings into EEPROM, and reload by using this item.

Save EEPROM Defaults

You may use this item to save your own settings into EEPROM. Then, if the data in CMOS is lost or you forget the previous settings, you may use "Load EEPROM Default" to reload.

Credits

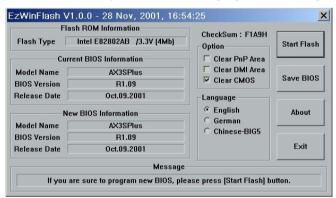
List of all excellent AOpen's R&D join the research and development of this motherboard.

5.4 BIOS Upgrade under Windows environment



With outstanding R&D ability of AOpen, we now bring you a whole new BIOS Flash wizard ---- EzWinFlash. With an eye to convenience for users, EzWinFlash combines the BIOS binary code and flash module together, so the only thing you have to do is just clicking on the utility you downloaded from web and let it help you complete the flash process automatically. EzWinFlash detects your motherboard and checks the BIOS version cleverly to prevent your system from any possible failure. Moreover, EzWinFlash has been taken into consideration to go with any windows platform you might be using, no matter if you're using Windows 95/98, 98SE/ME, NT4.0/2000, or Windows XP.

In the meanwhile, in order to provide a much more user-friendly operating environment, AOpen EzWinFlash is natively designed to have multi-language function to provide easier way for user in changing BIOS setting.



Caution: You are taking a risk of BIOS flash failure when you update your system. If your motherboard is working stable, and there are no major bugs to be fixed by a latter BIOS revision, we recommend that you DO NOT upgrade your BIOS. If you intent on upgrade PLEASE MAKE SURE you get the right BIOS revision for your motherboard model so as to avoid any possible failure.

Note: The model name on this BIOS picture is for reference only. It may not be the same model with your motherboard.





You may accomplish BIOS upgrade procedure with EzWinFlash according to following steps, and it's STRONGLY RECOMMENDED to close all applications before you start the upgrades.

Download the latest version of BIOS package zip file from AOpen official web site. (Ex: http://english.aopen.com.tw/)

Unzip the downloaded BIOS package (ex: WSGMAXII102.ZIP) with WinZip (http://www.winzip.com) in Windows environment.

Save the unzipped files into a folder, for example, WSGMAXII102.EXE & WSGMAXII102.BIN.

Double click WSGMAXII102.EXE; EzWinFlash will detect the model name and BIOS version of your motherboard. If you collect wrong BIOS, you will not be allowed to proceed with the flash steps.

You may select a preferred language in main menu, then click [Start Flash] to begin the BIOS upgrade procedure.

EzWinFlash will complete all the process automatically, and a dialogue box will pop up to ask you to restart Windows. Click [YES] to reboot Windows.

Press at POST to enter BIOS setup screen; choose "Load Setup Defaults", then "Save & Exit Setup". Done!

It is strongly recommended NOT to turn off the power or run any applications during FLASH PROCESS.

Warning: The new BIOS upgrade will permanently replace your original BIOS setting when flashing. You may need to reconfigure the BIOS setting before your system goes back to work as normal.

5.5 Vivid BIOS technology



Have you been fed up with the conservative and immutable POST screen? Let's rule out the tradition idea that POST screen are stiff and frigid, and let AOpen show you the newly developed VividBIOS to experience the lively vivid colorful POST screen!

Unlike earlier graphic POST screen which could occupy the whole screen and mask text information during POST, AOpen VividBIOS deals with graphics and texts separately, and makes them running simultaneously during POST. With this innovative design, VividBIOS now brings you a beautiful and sleek 256 colors screen without missing any important information shown on POST screen.

In addition, the limited space of BIOS ROM is another big issue. When all of the traditional BIOS can only show space-consuming and uncompressed Bitmap, AOpen has considerately tuned the BIOS to next generation, to recognize the smaller-sized GIF format and even dynamic-showing GIF animation.



Vivid BIOS shares the same fundamental technology with Open JukeBox CD Player, you may use the same EzSkin utility to change your VividBIOS screen or to download your favorite Open JukeBox skin. If you see this little logo shown beside your model name on the motherboard download page, http://english.aopen.com.tw/tech/ezskin/vivid.htm, it is assured that your motherboard supports this innovative feature!

Chapter 6 Installing Drivers



You may think that installing drivers and utilities would be a repeated task of going through those installation wizards and steps-by-steps. Now, you will be surprised with how "Ez" EzInstall could do. Without wizards or steps, all you have to do is to do one click and then it's done. Click and done. Yes. EzInstall makes installation easy and even foolproof!

After putting in the CD, you will be prompted with AOpen welcome page and our branches information.

First, click on the install driver ICON at left side for necessary drivers.

Second, click on the install utility ICON at left side for preferred utilities.

Practically, it's done. But you may also browse CD contents, Readme to get more information or just exit the CD installation.



6.1 Installing Drivers

As you may see from the Installing driver page, EzInstall had picked up necessary for your motherboard. All you have to do is just click on the "GO", and no more steps afterward, of all listed drivers, grey checks indicate necessary drivers; you cannot click them off. Red checks can be disabled if you don't want to install them now.



Press the icon will prompt the "Install Driver" page. You may also press "Back" to return to the Main page.







Once clicking "GO", EzInstall will run the installing procedure automatically, and prompt a reboot dialog (Some drivers or utilities may skip the reboot part).

6.2 Installing Utilities

Installing Utilities is virtually the same as installing drivers. AOpen provides you many friendly and powerful utilities to manage your system. You may find lots of fabulous utilities listed there, and all you have to do is to click on the "GO", then it will install the utilities to your system right away without complicated steps.

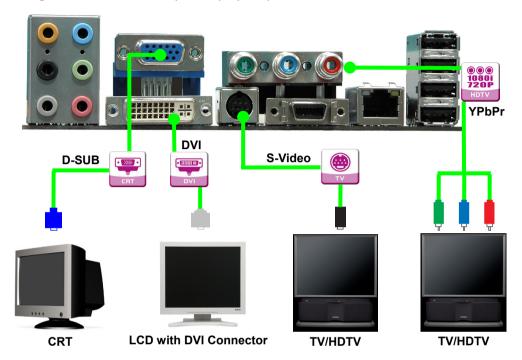


Press the icon will prompt the "Install Utilities" page for your selection. You may also press "Back" to get back to the Main page.



6.3 Display output behavior

AOpen provides newest innovation with high definition display output. Below diagram will show the way of display output.



FAQ

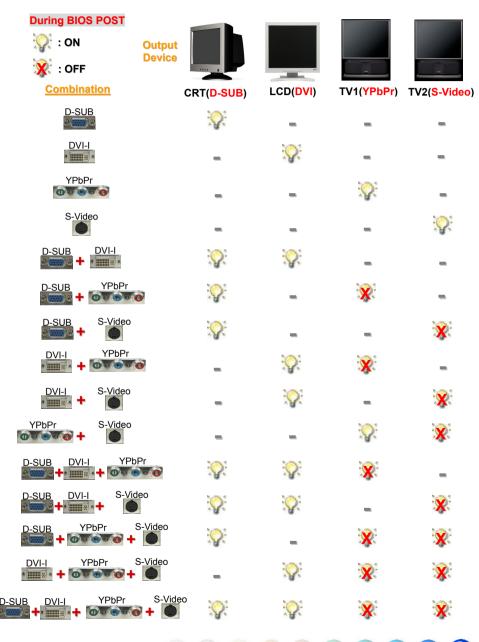
- (1) Intel Drive just supports "Dual Monitor Mode" and "Single Monitor Mode".
- (2) When running in Dual Monitor mode and playing Media Player, there is only an output device can work. If want to support both output devices, please change "Dual Monitor Mode" to "Extended Mode"
- (3) If you pull out the primary device under Dual Monitor Mode and reboot, the secondary device's screen will be dark. You can use hotkey to set the primary device.

Hot Key List	Output Device as Primary		
Ctrl + Alt + F1 Ctrl + Alt + F2	D-SUB TV (set as primary)		
Ctrl + Alt + F4	DVI		

(5) When plug Geforce FX5200 PCI VGA card, the system will be crashed. It results from Intel Driver will conflict with this card.

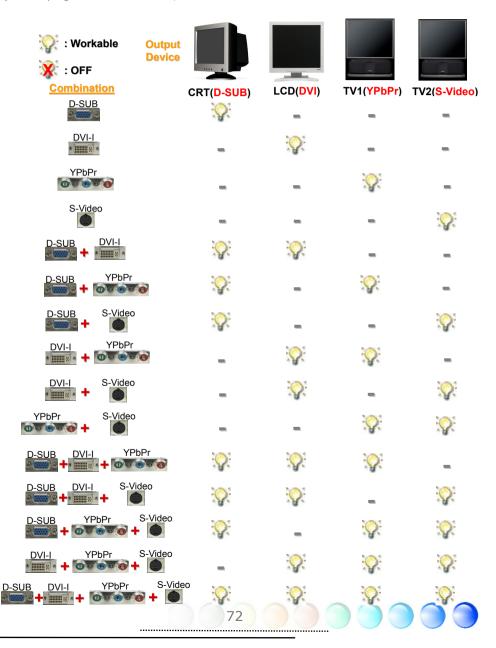
Display output behavior

Below table will show the behavior of display output. Please use Intel VGA Driver 14.11.00.4277 later.



Note:

- (1) Driver only support two devices to output in dual mode. The mean it can work with another one besides selecting both of TV to output (refer to Note2).
- (2) Driver only supports one TV to output. When select both of TV in dual mode, primary will be workable and secondary will be dark.
- (3) When plug YPbPr and S-Video, driver will set YPbPr as TV1 and S-Video as TV2.



Chapter 7 Troubleshooting



Start

Turn off the power and unplug the AC power cable, then remove all of the add-on cards and cables including VGA, IDE, FDD, COM1, COM2, printer and other external devices.

Clear CMOS and then plug the ATX Power cord. (For P4 system, please connect the 4-pin (+12V) cord before ATX cord is connected.

Install VGA card*1, connect monitor and keyboard.

Turn on the power and check if the power supply, power fan and CPU fan work properly.

Check if there is display

Yes

Press Del to enter BIOS setup, and choose "Load Setup Default". (For AMD user, please make sure you set the right CPU frequency in BIOS) Save the changes you make in BIOS and reboot the system.

Turn off the system again and re-connect the IDE cable. Check if the system can reboot successfully.

Reinstall operating system such as Windows 2000 or Windows XP.

End

*1 The VGA card is not necessary to be installed if your

monitor is connected to the onboard VGA port.

*2 If you connect to the onboard VGA port and no screen displays, then your onboard VGA device might have problem.

Perhaps your memory is not compatible with the system, or either your VGA card*2 or monitor is out of order.

No

The problem maybe caused by power supply/motherboard failure. Please contact your reseller or your distributor for repairing.

The problem maybe caused by the IDE cables or HDD itself.

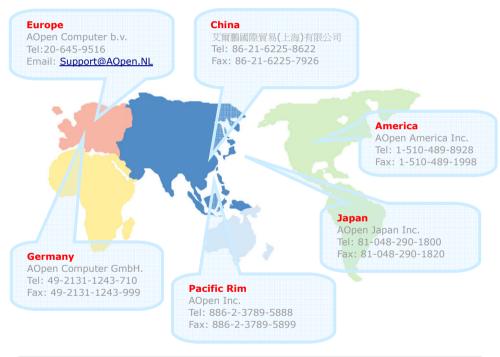
Chapter 8 Technical Support

Dear Customer.

Thanks for choosing AOpen products. We invite you to register at http://www.aopen.com to become a Gold Member of Club AOpen so as to ensure quality service in the future. In order to maintain the best service to every customer of us, we recommend you to follow the procedures below and seek help from our branches according to the region you buy the product. With your help, we can then continue to provide efficient and the best quality service to every customer.

Thanks very much for your understanding!

AOpen Technical Supporting Team



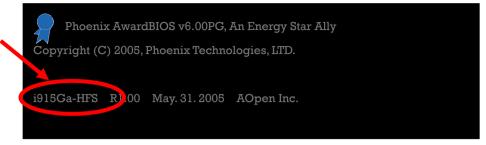
Europe Email: Support@AOpen.NL

Pacific Rim: http://www.aopen.com.tw/tech/default.htm China: http://www.aopen.com.cn/tech/default.htm http://www.aopencom.de/tech/default.htm Germany: http://usa.aopen.com/tech/default.htm America:

Japan: http://aopen.jp/tech/index.html

Model Name and BIOS Version

Model name and BIOS version can be found on upper left corner of first boot screen (POST screen). For example:



i915Ga-HFS is model name of motherboard; R1.00 is BIOS version

Register Your Motherboard

Thanks for choosing AOpen product, please register this motherboard at http://club.aopen.com.tw/productreg/ to become a Gold member of Club AOpen, and to ensure high service quality and priority from AOpen. You will also have a chance to play slot machine game to win prize from AOpen. Please prepare the following information before you start: Model Name, Part Number (P/N), Serial Number (S/N) and Purchase Date. The Part Number and Serial number are printed on bar code label. You can find this bar code label on the outside packing or on component side of PCB. For example:



P/N: 91.88110.201 is part number, S/N: 91949378KN73 is serial number.

Phoenix-Award BIOS ERROR Message		
Beep Sound	Message	
1 short(Beep)	System booting is normally.	
1 long - 1 short(Beep)	DRAM ERROR	
1 long - 2 short(Beep)	Display card or monitor connected error	
1 long - 3 short(Beep)	Keyboard Error	
Long(Beep) continuous	DRAM hasn't inset correctly.	



Technical Support



Online Manual: To download manual, please log on and then select your preferred language. Under "Type" directory, choose "Manuals" to go to our manual database. You can also find the manual and EIG in AOpen Bonus Pack. http://download.aopen.com.tw/downloads

Test Report: We recommend you to choose board/card/device from the compatibility test reports for assembling your PC. It may prevent incompatibility problems. http://english.aopen.com.tw/tech/report/default.htm

FAQ: Here we list problems that users often encounter and FAQ (Frequently Asked Questions). You may select your preferred language after log on, and may be able to find a solution to your problem. http://club.aopen.com.tw/fag/

Download Software: After log on and having language selected, you may get the latest updated BIOS/utility and drivers you need under "Type" directory. In most case, newer versions of drivers and BIOS have solved earlier bugs or compatibility problems. http://download.aopen.com.tw/downloads

eForum: AOpen eForum is provided to discuss our products with other users, in which your problem probably had been discussed before or will be answered. After log on, you may select your preferred language under "Multi-language". http://club.aopen.com.tw/forum

Contact Us: Please prepare detail system configuration and error symptom before contacting us. The part number, serial number and BIOS version are also very helpful.

Contact Distributors/Resellers: We sell our products through resellers and integrators. They should know your system configuration very well and should be able to solve your problem efficiently and provide important reference for you.