TS-AAP12 Intel Pentium II, III Series USER/S MANUAL



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CHAPTER 1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Package Contents

This motherboard package contains the following items. If you discover any damaged or missing items, please contact your retailer.

- 1 TS-AAP12 Motherboard
- 2 CD-ROM
- 3 One FDD cable, one IDE cable
- 4 User's Manual

1.2 Specifications and Features

• CPU

- Support Intel Pentium II 233MHz~450MHz
- Support Intel Pentium III 450MHz~533MHz

• Chipset

- VIA 693/596A AGPset(100MHZ Ultra DMA 33)
- VIA 693A/596B AGPset (133MHZ Ultra DMA 66)

DRAM Memory

- Support Synchronous DRAM
- 3pcs of 168-pin DIMM module sockets on board
- 8~768 MB memory size
- 8/16/32/64/128/256MB SDRAM DIMM
- Support ECC

• I/O BUS Slot

- 1 AGP slot
- 5 Master / Slave PCI-BUS slots (PCI 2.1 compliant)
- 2 ISA BUS slots (one PCI/ISA shared)

• I/O Functions

- Support PIO Mode 3,4 ATAPI devices and Ultra DMA/33
- Support 2 high speed UART 16550 COM Ports
- Support EPP/ECP LPT Port

- Support 1.44/2.88 MB floppy drive
- Support PS/2 mouse and PS/2 keyboard
- Support IrDA port
- Support 2 Universal Serial Bus Ports
- Support Creative® SB-LInk™

Award BIOS

- Support Plug-and-Play, PC98
- Support ACPI, DMI, Green Feature

Wake Up Features

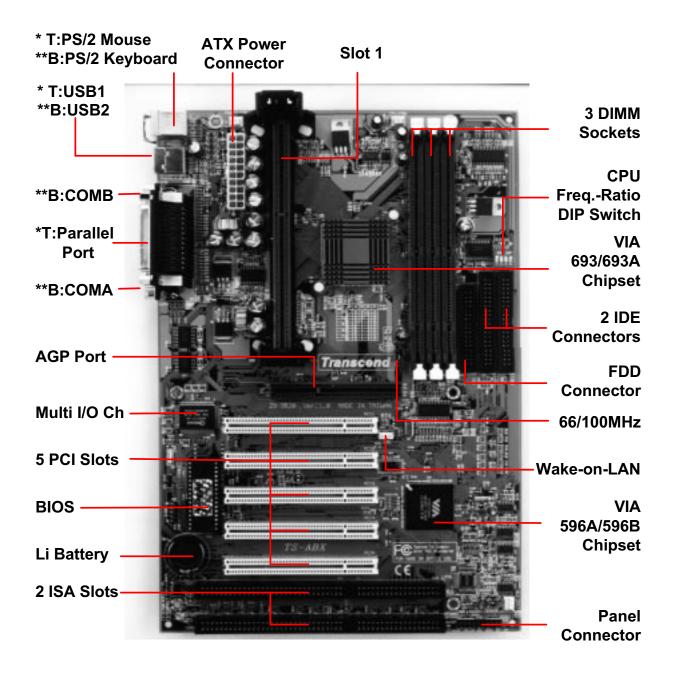
- PS/2 mouse and keyboard Wake Up
- Support Wake-on-LAN function
- Remote Ring Wake Up

PCB Dimensions

- ATX form factor, 4-layer PCB, 20.4cm x 30.5cm (8inch x 12inch)

CHAPTER 2 HARDWARE INSTALLATION

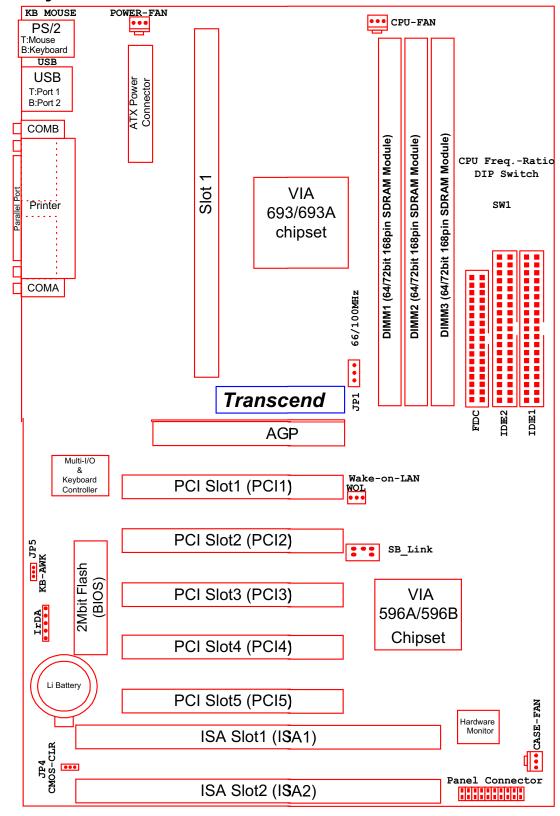
2.1 Transcend TS-AAP12 Motherboard



*T:Top

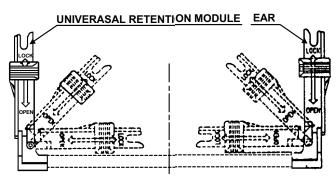
**B:Bottom

2.2 Layout of Transcend TS-AAP12 Motherboard

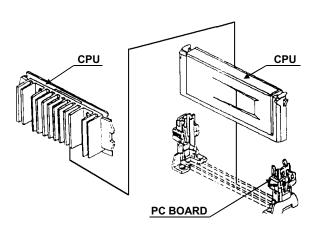


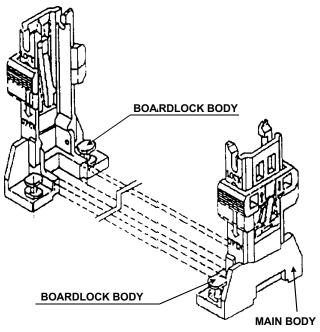
2.3 CPU Installation

•UNIVERSAL RETENTION MODULE (URM) INSTALLION



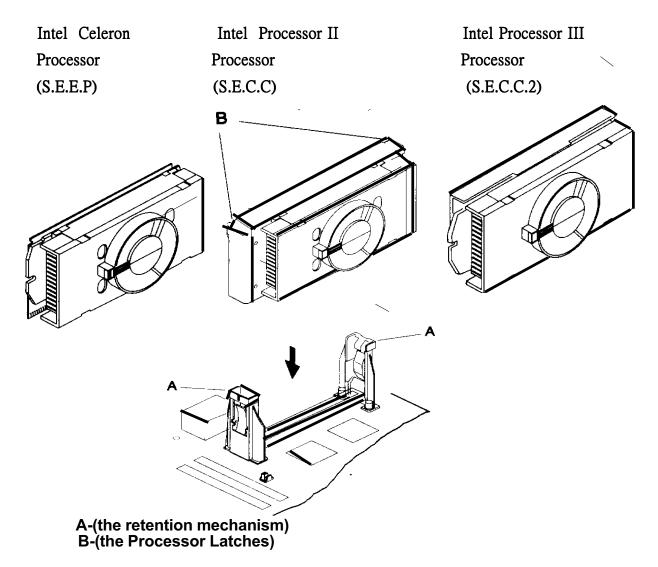
- Before installing the UNIVERASAL RETENTION MODULE, pull the supporting EARs 90° outward until you hear a "Click" and both EARs sit upright in the notches of the main body.
- Insert the BOARDLOCK BODY into the MAIN BODY. Then turn the BOARDLOCK BODY clockwise until it can be turned no more (there is a stopper device on the MAIN BODY). Then the BOARDLOCK BODR is secured on the MAIN BODY.
- 3. Push the BOARDLOCK PINs all the way down. The PINs automatically turn to an angle and lock inside the BOARDLOCK BODYs. Then pull the PIN back up to the stopper in order for the BOARDLOCK BODY to be easily inserted into the PC BOARD. For the ease in installation, BOARDLOCK BODYs should be inserted into the UNIVERSAL RETENTION MODULE before it is installed onto the PC BOARD. Then you only need to push the BOARDLOCK PINs all the way down and the MODULE would be set up tightly on the PC BOARD.





4. When the UNIVERSAL RETENTION MODULE is installed on the PC BOARD, move the SLIDER to the LOCK position to lock in the CPU. To remove the CPU, push the SLIDER down to the OPEN position to unlock it.

•The Intel Processor Type



Note: The retention mechanism must support your specific Processor

Some retention mechanism may not support all processor. Contact your
motherboard manufacture or refer to your motherboard documentation
if you have any question

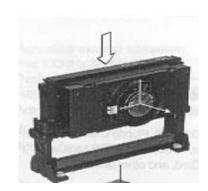
IF the Intel Pentium II Processor is S.E.C.C package only. push the Processor latches [B] In completely to install.

•The Intel Processor Installion

Setp1:

Slide the Processor into the URM Assembly and insert it in Slot1, while making sure that the heat sink assembly is facing towards the chipset, as shown in the figure .press down firmly on the cpu until it is fully seated in the Slot1 connector

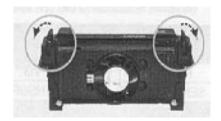
Important: The Slot1 connector is directionally keyed and the processor will not go in unless it is properly oriented. Do Not apply excessive force when installing the cpu



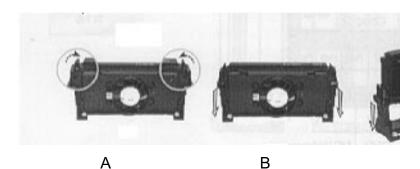
Step2: Lock the cpu in the URM Lock the Processor into the URM by pushing the top-right and left latches in the outward position as shown in the illustration

Step3: How to Remove the Processor

- (A) unlock the cpu by pushing the top-right and left latches inward
- (B) Push both slides on the URM right and left branches downward
- (C) remove the Processor by pulling it upward while holding the two slides in the down position

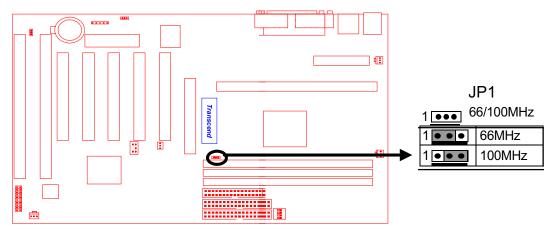


C



2.4 66/100MHz System Configuration

The jumper 1 (JP1) allows you to set FSB (Front Side Bus) to be 66 or 100MHz configuration. When you set FSB to 66MHz, you can select the system bus frequency from 66MHz to 83.3MHz through "CPU Host Clock (CPU/PCI)" of "Chipset Features Setup" in BIOS (Please refer to page 26). When you set FSB to 100MHz, you can select the system bus frequency from 100MHz to 150MHz through "CPU Host/PCI Clock (CPU/PCI)" of "Chipset Features Setup" in BIOS (Please refer to page 26).



TS-AAP12 66/100MHz FSB Configuration Jumper

2.5 CPU Internal Frequency Ratio Setting

The switch 1 (SW1) is designated for adjusting the CPU internal frequency ratio. The frequency ratio is defined as the table shown below. The internal frequency can be calculated by the following formula:

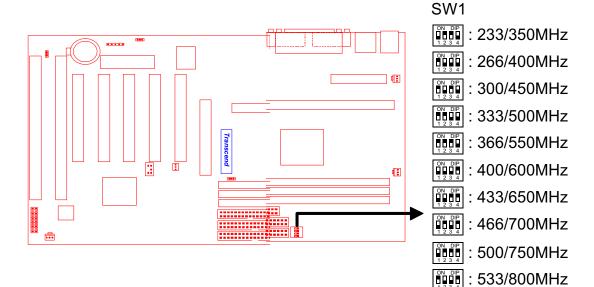
CPU internal frequency = frequency ratio x system bus frequency *

* System bus frequency is set in "CPU Host /PCI Clock (CPU/PCI)" of "Chipset Features Setup" in BIOS (Please refer to page 28).

NOTE: Because Intel has locked the frequency ratio for new CPUs, setting SW1 to adjust the frequency ratio is useless. However, it is effective for old version CPUs.

CPU Internal				SV	V1	
Frequency	JP1	FreqRatio	1	2	3	4
233/350MHz	66/100MHz	x 3.5	0	Х	Х	0
266/400MHz	66/100MHz	x 4.0	Х	0	0	0
300/450MHz	66/100MHz	x 4.5	Х	0	X	0
333/500MHz	66/100MHz	x 5.0	Х	Х	0	0
366/550MHz	66/100MHz	x 5.5	Х	X	Х	0
400/600MHz	66/100MHz	x 6.0	0	0	0	Х
433/650MHz	66/100MHz	x 6.5	0	0	Х	Х
466/700MHz	66/100MHz	x 7.0	0	Х	0	Х
500/750MHz	66/100MHz	x 7.5	0	Х	Х	Х
533/800MHz	66/100MHz	x 8.0	Х	0	0	Х

O: ON X: OFF



TS-AAP12 CPU Freq - Ratio DIP Switch Setting

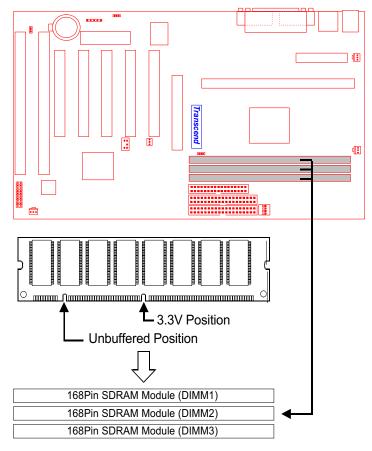
2.6 Memory Configuration

This motherboard must be installed with DIMM (Dual Inline Memory Module). The DIMMs must be 3.3 Volt synchronous DRAM modules. It also supports ECC (Error Checking and Correcting).

IMPORTANT: Memory speed setup is required through "Auto Configuration" in BIOS Chipset Features Setup.

Install memory in any combination as follows:

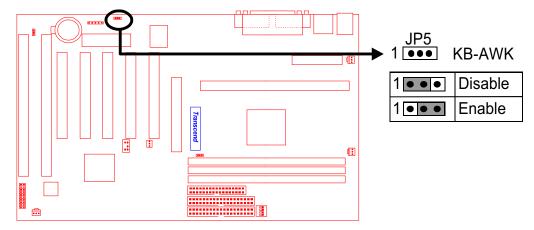
DIMM Location	168-pin DIMM
DIMM1	SDRAM 8,16, 32, 64,128, 256MBytes
DIMM2	SDRAM 8,16, 32, 64,128, 256MBytes
DIMM3	SDRAM 8,16, 32, 64,128, 256MBytes
Total Memory	768MBytes (max.)



TS-AAP12 168Pin DIMM Sockets

2.7 Keyboard Wake Up (3-pin KB-AWK)

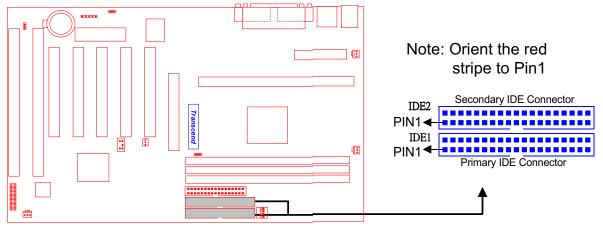
This function disables or enables you to use the keyboard to power up the system. Set this jumper to "Enable" if you wish to use your keyboard to power up your computer.



TS-AAP12 Keyboard Wake Up

2.8 Primary / Secondary IDE Connectors (Two 40-pin IDE)

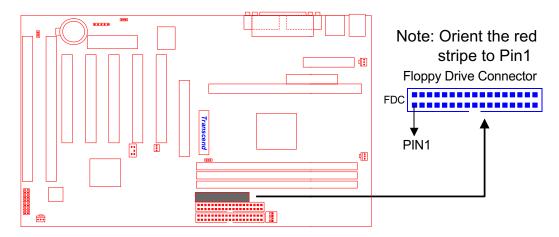
This mainboard supports two 40-pin IDE connectors marked as IDE1(primary IDE channel) and IDE2 (secondary IDE channel). Each channel supports two IDE devices that make total of four devices. In order to work together, two devices on each channel must be set differently to master and slave mode, either one can be hard disk or CDROM. The setting as master or slave mode depends on the jumper on your IDE devices. Please refer to their manual accordingly. Connect your first IDE hard disk to master mode of the primary channel.



TS-AAP12 IDE Connectors

2.9 Floppy Disk Drive Connector (34-pin FDC)

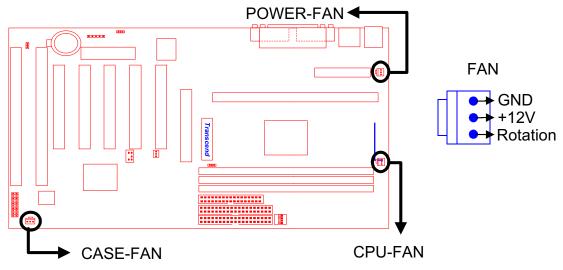
This connector supports the provided floppy disk drive ribbon cable. After connecting the single end to the board, connect the two plugs on the other end to the floppy drives.



TS-AAP12 Floppy Disk Drive Connector

2.10 Fan Power Connectors

There are three fan power connectors on the mainboard: CPU-FAN, POWER-FAN, and CASE-FAN. Each connector provides +12V power. Make sure it is in the right orientation, or it may cause damages. These connectors support cooling fans of 500 mA (6W) or less.

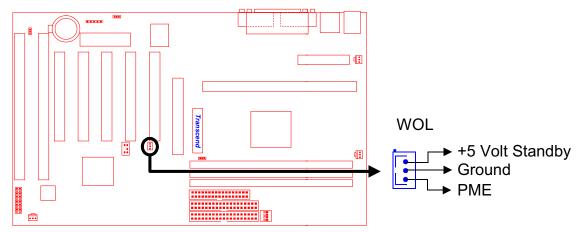


TS-APP12 Power Connectors

2.11 Wake-on-LAN Connector (3-pin WOL)

This connector connects to LAN cards with a Wake-on-LAN output. The system can be powered up when a wakeup packet or signal is received from the LAN card.

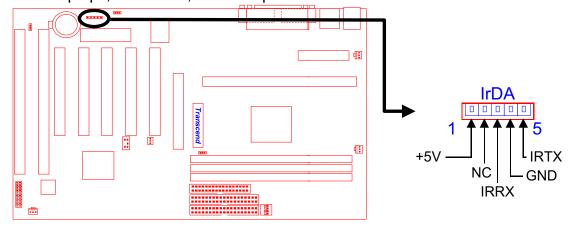
NOTE: This function requires that the Wake-on-LAN Power Up Control is set to "Enabled" and that your system has an ATX power supply with at least 720mA +5V standby power.



TS-AAP12 Wake-on-LAN Connector

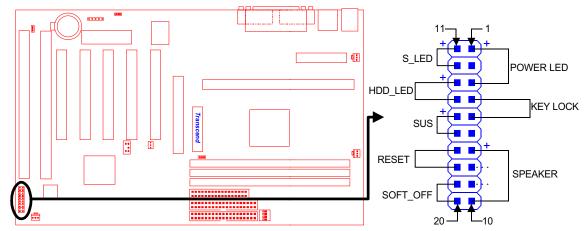
2.12 IrDA-Compliant Infrared Module Connector (5-pin IrDA)

The IrDA connector can be configured to support wireless infrared module. With this module and application software such as Laplink or Win95 Direct Cable Connection, user can transfer files to or from laptops, notebooks, PDA and printers.



TS-AAP12 IrDA Connector

2.13 Panel Connectors



TS-AAP12 Panel Connectors

Power LED Lead (3-pin KEYLOCK)

This 3-pin connector attaches to the power LED.

Pin1: +5V Pin2: NC Pin3: GND

Keylock Lead (2-pin KEYLOCK)

Use the keylock to enable or disable the keyboard.

Pin4: KEYLOCK

Pin5: GND

Speaker Lead (4-pin SPEAKER)

This 4-pin connector connects to the case-mounted speaker.

Pin7: +5V Pin8: GND Pin9: NC Pin10: SPK

Suspend Mode LED Lead (2-pin S_LED)

The S_LED will light when the suspend mode works.

Pin11: +5V Pin12: GND

Harddisk LED Lead (2-pin HDD_LED)

This 2-pin connector connects to LED of harddisk. The LED lights when a HDD is active.

Pin13: +5V Pin14: GND

Suspend Switch Lead (2-pin SUS)

This allows the user to manually place the system into the suspend mode or "Green" mode where system activities will be instantly decreased to save electricity and expand the life of certain components when the system is not in use.

Pin15 & Pin16

Reset Switch Lead (2-pin RESET)

This 2-pin connector connects to the case-mounted reset switch for rebooting your computer without having to turn off your power switch.

Pin17 & Pin18

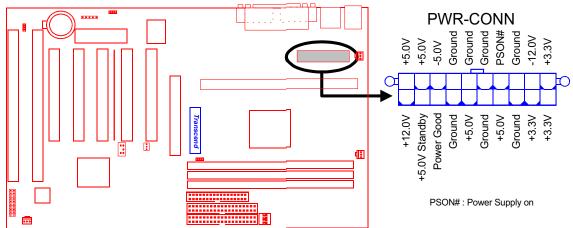
Software Power-Off Lead (2-pin SOFT_OFF)

Attach the SOFT_OFF Switch of the panel to this connector.

Pin19 & Pin20

2.14 Power Connector (20-pin PWR-CONN)

Make sure to plug the ATX power supply connector to the right direction. The pin definition is shown below. Make sure that your ATX power supply can support at least 720mA on the standby lead.



TS-AAP12 Power Connectors

2.15 External Connectors

There are 5 kinds of external connectors on the motherboard.

1. PS/2 Mouse Connector (6-pin MOUSE)

The onboard PS/2 mouse connector is a 6-pin Mini-Din connector marked "MOUSE" The view angle of drawing shown here is from back panel of the housing.

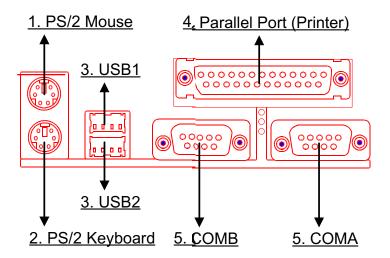
2. PS/2 Keyboard Connector (6-pin KB)

The onboard PS/2 keyboard connector is a 6-pin Mini-Din connector marked "KB". The view angle of drawing shown here is from back panel of the housing.

- 3. Universal Serial BUS USB Ports 1 & 2 (Two 4-pin USBs)

 You can attach USB devices to the USB connector. The motherboard contains two USB connectors, which are marked as "USB".
- 4. Parallel Port Connector (25-pin PRN)
 The onboard printer connector is a 25-pin D-type connector marked "PRN". The view angle of drawing shown here is from back panel of the housing.
- 5. Serial Port Connectors (Two 9-pin COMA/COMB)

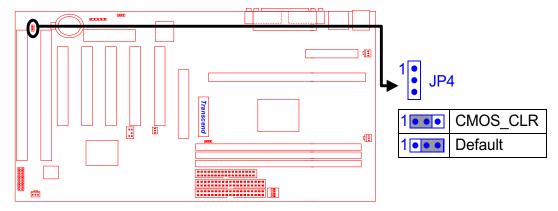
The onboard serial connectors are 9-pin D-type connectors on the back panel of motherboard. The serial port1 connector is marked as "COMA" and the serial port2 connector is marked as "COMB".



TS-AAP12 External Connectors

2.16 Clear CMOS Jumper (3-pin JP4)

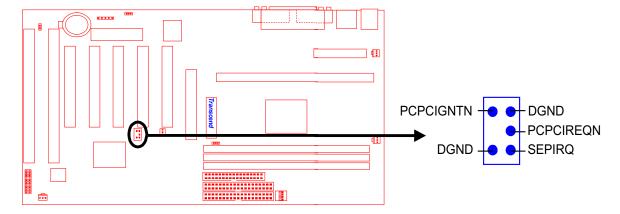
To clear the CMOS data, you should turn off your computer power and short the pin1 and pin2 of JP4.



TS-AAP12 Clear CMOS Jumper

2.17 SB-Link Connector

SB-Link connector is used only for Creative® PCI sound cards. If your sound card supports this function, attach the SB-Link cable to this connector.



TS-AAP12 SB-Link Connector

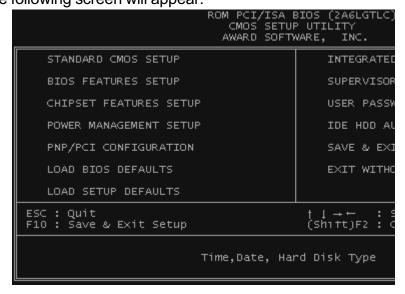
CHAPTER 3 BIOS SETUP

3.1 BIOS Setup

Award BIOS has a built-in Setup program that allows users to modify the basic system configuration. This information is stored in CMOS RAM. So it can retain the Setup information when the power is turned off. When the battery of CMOS fails, it will cause the data lost. When it happens, you should set up your configuration parameters again after replacing the battery.

3.2 The Main Menu

As you turn on or reboot the system, the BIOS is immediately activated. It will read the system configuration information, and check the system through Power On Self Test (POST). During the POST process, press the [Del] key, and you can enter the Award BIOS configuration system. The following screen will appear.



In the Award BIOS system, you can use the arrows ($\uparrow \downarrow \rightarrow \leftarrow$) to highlight the item, and press the [Enter] key to enter the sub-menu. The following keys help you navigate in Setup.

- [Esc] Main Menu: Quit and not save changes into CMOS RAM
 Other pages: Exit current page and return to Main Menu
- [PgUp] Increase the numeric value or make changes
- [PgDn] Decrease the numeric value or make changes
 - [+] Increase the numeric value or make changes
 - [] Decrease the numeric value or make changes

[F10]

[F1]	General help	o, only for Status Page Setup Menu and Option Page Setup Menu				
[F2]	Change color from total 16 colors					
	[F2]	to select color forward				
	[Shift + F2]	to select color backward				
[F3]	Calendar, only for Status Page Setup Menu					
[F5]	Restore the previous CMOS value from CMOS, only for Option Page Setup Menu					
[F6]	Load the def	ault CMOS RAM value from BIOS default table, only for Option Page				
	Setup Menu					
[F7]	Load the def	ault				

The Following is a brief summary of each setup category.

Save all the CMOS changes, only for Main Menu

STANDARD CMOS SETUP

Options in the original PC AT-compatible BIOS

• BIOS FEATURES SETUP

Award enhanced BIOS options

CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP

Available options specific to your system Chipset

POWER MANAGEMENT SETUP

Advanced Power Management (APM) options

PnP/PCI CONFIGURATION

Plug and Play standard and PCI Local Bus configuration options

• LOAD BIOS DEFAULTS

BIOS defaults are factory settings for the most stable, minimal-performance system operations.

LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS

Setup defaults are factory settings for optimal-performance system operations.

• INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS

I/O subsystems that depend on the integrated peripherals controller in your system

SUPERVISOR / USER PASSWORD

Change, set, or disable a password. In some BIOS versions that allow separate user and supervisor passwords, only the supervisor password permits access to Setup. The user password generally allows only power-on access.

IDE HDD AUTO DETECTION

Automatically detect and configure IDE hard disk parameters.

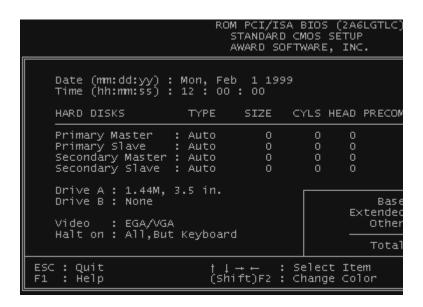
SAVE & EXIT SETUP

Save settings in nonvolatile CMOS RAM and exit Setup.

EXIT WITHOUT SAVING

Abandon all changes and exit Setup.

3.3 Standard CMOS Setup



Date (mm:dd:yy) / Time (hh:mm:ss)

Highlight the items and use PageUp/PageDown to change the value of Date/Time.

Primary Master / Primary Slave / Secondary Master / Secondary Slave

This mainboard can support four IDE devices. We recommend that you select type "AUTO" for all drives. The BIOS can automatically detect the specifications and optimal operating mode of almost all IDE hard drives. When you select type "AUTO" for a hard drive, the BIOS detects its specifications during POST while the system boots. If you do not want to select drive type "AUTO", other methods of selecting the drive type are also available.

- 1. Match the specifications of your installed IDE hard drive(s) with the preprogrammed values for drive type 1 through 45.
- 2. Select "USER" and enter values into each drive parameter field.
- 3. Use the "IDE HDD AUTO DETECTION" function in Main Menu.

Here are the brief explanation of drive specifications.

- * TYPE: The BIOS contains a table of pre-defined drive types. Each defined drive type has a specified number of cylinders, number of heads, write precompensation factor, landing zone, and number of sectors. Drives whose specifications do not accommodate any pre-defined type are classified as type "USER".
- * SIZE: Disk drive capacity (approximately). Note that this size is usually slightly greater than the size of a formatted disk given by a disk-checking program.
- * CYLS: Number of cylinders
- * HEAD : Number of heads
- * PRECOMP: Write precompensation cylinder
- * LANDZ : Landing zone
- * SECTOR: Number of sectors
- * MODE: AUTO, NORMAL, LARGE, or LBA
 - AUTO: The BIOS automatically determines the optimal mode.
 - NORMAL: Maximum number of cylinders, heads, and sectors supported are 1024, 16, and 63 respectively.
 - LARGE: For drives that do not support LBA and have more than 1024 cylinders.
 - LBA (Logical Block Addressing): During drive access, the IDE controller transforms
 the data address described by sector, head, and cylinder number into a physical
 block address. This will significantly improve data transfer rates for drives with
 greater than 1024 cylinders.

Drive A / Drive B

Select the correct specifications for the diskette drive(s) installed in the computer.

- None: No diskette drive installed
- 360K, 5.25 in: 5-1/4 inch PC-type standard drive; 360 kilobyte capacity
- 1.2M, 5.25 in: 5-1/4 inch AT-type high-density drive; 1.2 megabyte capacity
- 720K, 3.5 in: 3-1/2 inch double-sided drive; 720 kilobyte capacity
- 1.44M, 3.5 in: 3-1/2 inch double-sided drive; 1.44 megabyte capacity
- 2.88M, 3.5 in: 3-1/2 inch double-sided drive; 2.88 megabyte capacity

Video

Select the type of primary video subsystem in your computer. The BIOS usually detects the correct video type automatically. The BIOS supports a secondary video subsystem, but do not select it in this Setup.

- EGA/VGA: Enhanced Graphics Adapter/Video Graphics Array. For EGA, VGA, SEGA, SVGA or PGA monitor adapters.
- CGA 40: Color Graphics Adapter, powers up in 40-column mode
- CGA 80 : Color Graphics Adapter, powers up in 80-column mode
- MONO: Monochrome adapter, includes high resolution monochrome adapters

Halt On

During the Power On Self Test (POST), the computer stops if the BIOS detects a hardware error. You can set the BIOS to ignore certain errors during POST and continue the boot-up process. The followings are the selections.

- No Errors : POST does not stop for any error.
- All Errors: If the BIOS detects any non-fatal error, POST stops and prompts you to take corrective action.
- All, But Keyboard: If the BIOS detects any non-fatal error except keyboard, POST stops and prompts you to take corrective action.
- All, But Diskette: If the BIOS detects any non-fatal error except floppy disk drive, POST stops and prompts you to take corrective action.
- All, But Disk / Key: If the BIOS detects any non-fatal error except floppy disk drive or keyboard, POST stops and prompts you to take corrective action.

3.4 BIOS Features Setup

This "BIOS FEATURES SETUP" option allows you to improve your system performance and set up system features according to your preference.

```
M PCI/ISA BIOS (2A6
BIOS FEATURES SETUP
                                               AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.
                                                Disabled
                                                                   Video BIOS
Virus Warning
                                                 Enabled.
                                                                   C8000-CBFFF
CPU Internal Cache
                                                Enabled
Enabled
                                                                   CC000-CFFFF
External Cache
CPU L2 Cache ECC Checking
Quick Power On Self Test
                                                                   D0000-D3FFF
                                                Enabled.
                                                                   D4000-D7FFF
                                                A,C,SCSI
Disabled
Boot Sequence
                                                                   D8000-DBFFF
Swap Floppy Drive
Boot up Floppy Seek
Boot Up NumLock Status
                                                                   DC000-DFFFF
                                                 Enabled.
Gate A20 Option
Typematic Rate Setting
Typematic Rate (Chars/Sec)
Typematic Delay (Msec)
Security Option
PCI/VGA Palette Snoop
                                                Disabled
                                                 250
                                                Setup
Disabled
OS Select for DRAM > 64MB
HDD S.M.A.R.T Capability
Report No FDD For WIN 95
                                                NoN-OS2
                                                                             Ouit
                                                                   F1
F5
                                                Disabled
                                                                          : Help
: Old Va
                                                 Yes
                                                                   F6
F7
                                                                             Load B
```

Virus Warning

When the function is enabled, you will receive a warning message if a program (specifically, a virus) attempts to write to the boot sector or the partition table of the hard disk drive. You should then run an anti-virus program. Keep in mind that this feature protects the boot sector only, not the entire hard drive.

NOTE: Many disk diagnostic programs that access the boot sector table can trigger the virus warning message. If you plan to run such a program, we recommend that you first disable the virus warning.

CPU Internal Cache / External Cache

Cache memory is additional memory that is much faster than conventional DRAM (system memory). CPUs from 486-type or up contain internal cache memory. Most, but not all, modern PCs have additional (external) cache memory. When the CPU requests data, the system transfers the requested data from the main DRAM into cache memory for even faster access by the CPU. The External Cache field may not appear if your system does not have external cache memory.

• CPU L2 Cache ECC Checking

Select "Enabled" to make sure the data accuracy.

Quick Power On Self Test

Select "Enabled" to reduce the amount of time required to run the Power On Self Test (POST). A quick POST skips certain steps. We recommend that you normally disable quick POST. It's better to find a problem during POST than to lose data during your work.

Boot Sequence

The original IBM PCs load the DOS operating system from drive A (floppy disk). So, IBM PC-compatible systems are designed to search for an operating system first on drive A, and then on drive C (hard disk). However, the BIOS now offers 11 different boot sequence options. In addition to the traditional drives A and C, options include IDE hard drives D, E, and F; plus a SCSI hard drive, a LS/ZIP drive and a CD-ROM drive.

Swap Floppy Drive

This field is effective only in systems with two floppy drives. Selecting "Enabled" assigns physical drive B to logical drive A, and physical drive A to logical drive B.

Boot Up Floppy Seek

While enabled, the BIOS will seek drive A once.

Boot Up NumLock Status

Toggle between On and Off to control the state of the NumLock key when the system boots. When toggled On, the numeric keypad generates numbers instead of controlling cursor operations.

Gate A20 Option

Choose "Fast" (default) or "Normal". "Fast" allows RAM access above 1MB to use the fast gate A20 line.

Typematic Rate Setting

When this function is disabled, the following two items (Typematic Rate and Typematic Delay) are irrelevant. Keystrokes repeat at a rate determined by the keyboard controller in your system. When this function is enabled, you can select a typematic rate and typematic delay

• Typematic Rate (Chars / Sec)

When the typematic rate setting is enabled, you can select a typematic rate (the rate at which character repeats) when you hold down a key of 6, 8, 10,12, 15, 20, 24 or 30 characters per second.

• Typematic Delay (Msec)

When the typematic delay setting is enabled, you can select a typematic delay (the delay before key strokes begin to repeat) of 250, 500, 750 or 1000 milliseconds.

Security Option

If you have set a password, select whether the password is required while the system boots, or only when you enter "Setup".

PCI/VGA Palette Snoop

This function is used to prevent conflict when a MPEG card or some capture cards use the same palette address. Enable this to make the cards work normally.

• OS Select for DRAM > 64MB

Select "OS2" only if you are running OS/2 operating system with greater than 64 MB of RAM on your system.

• HDD S.M.A.R.T capability

S.M.A.R.T. (Self-Monitoring Analysis and Reporting)

If your hard disk supports this function, select "Enabled".

• Report No FDD For WIN95

Select "Yes" to report when there is no floppy disk drive under win95 operating system.

Video BIOS Shadow

Software that resides in a read-only memory (ROM) chip on a device is called firmware. The Award BIOS permits shadowing of firmware such as the system BIOS, video BIOS, and similar operating instructions that come with some expansion peripherals, such as a SCSI adapter. Shadowing copies firmware from ROM into system RAM, where the CPU can read it through the 64-bit DRAM bus. Firmware not shadowed must be read by the system through the 8-bit or 16-bit X-bus. Shadowing improves the performance of the system BIOS and similar ROM firmware for expansion peripherals, but it also reduces the amount of high memory (640KB to 1MB) available for loading device drivers, etc. Enable shadowing into each section of memory separately. Many system designers hardwire shadowing of the system BIOS and eliminate a System BIOS Shadow option. Video BIOS shadows into memory area C0000-C7FFF. The remaining areas shown on the "BIOS Features Setup" screen may be occupied by other expansion card firmware. If an expansion peripheral in your system contains ROM-based firmware, you need to know the address range the ROM occupies to shadow it into the correct area of RAM.

3.5 Chipset Features Setup

This option will change the values of the chipset registers and the system setting will alter. Do not change any values if you are not familiar with the chipset.

```
OM PCI/ISA BIOS (2A69KTLC)
CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP
AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.
                                   SDRAM 10ns
Bank 2/3 Timing
Bank 4/5 Timing
SDRAM Cycle Length
DRAM Clock
                                  SDRAM 10ns
                                                         CPU Warning
                                   SDRAM 10ns
                                                        Current CPŪ
                                                                    CPU
                                                        Current
                                                         Current Power
                                  HOST CLK
Memory Around Write
Read Around Write
                                  Disabled
                                                         Current Case
                                  Disabled
                                                          vcore :
Concurrent PCI/Host :
System BIOS Cacheable :
                                  Disabled
                                  Disabled
Video RAM Cacheable
                                  Disabled
                                  Disabled
AGP Aperture
AGP-2X Mode
                                  Enabled
                                                                 old Val
                                                        F6
                                                                 Load BIC
                                                                 Load
```

• Bank 0/1, 2/3, 4/5, DRAM Timing

The DRAM timing of Bank 0/1, 2/3, 4/5, in this field is set by the system board

manufacturer, depending on whether the board has fast paged DRAMs or EDO (extended data output) DRAMs.

The Choice: Normal, Medium, Fast, Turbo, FP/EDO 60ns, FP/EDO 70ns

DRAM Clock

Host CLK is Default, Can choose 66MHz

Memory Hole

In order to improve performance, certain space in memory can be reserved for ISA cards. This memory must be mapped into the memory space below 16 MB.

Enabled: Memory hole supported. Disabled: Memory hole not supported.

Read Around Write

DRAM optimization feature: If a memory read is addressed to a location whose latest write is being held in a buffer before being written to memory, the read is satisfied through the buffer contents, and the read is not sent to the DRAM

The choice: Enabled, Disabled.

Concurrent PCI/Host

When disable, CPU bus will be occupied during the entire PCI operation period.

The choice: Enabled, Disabled

System BIOS Cacheable

Select Enabled allows caching of the System BIOS Cacheable, resulting in better system performance. However, if any program writes to this memory area, a system error may result.

Video RAM Cacheable

Select Enabled allows caching of the video RAM, resulting in better system performance.

• AGP Aperture Size (MB)

Select the size of the Accelerated Graphics Port (AGP) aperture. The aperture is a portion

of the PCI memory address range dedicated for graphics memory address space. Host cycles that hit the aperture range are forwarded to the AGP without any translation. See www.agpforum.org for AGP information.

AGP-2X Mode

Select Enabled can support AGP-2X mode.

CPU Host/PCI Clock (CPU/PCI)

This function allows you to set FSB frequency of the CPU and the speed of PCI bus. When JP2 is set to 66MHz, then default FSB is 66MHz, and there are several options under 100MHz available. When JP2 is set to 100MHz, then default FSB is 100MHz, and there are also several options above 100MHz available for you to choose.

CPU Warning Temperature

Enable this item to protect the CPU from overheating.

Current CPU Temperature

This item shows the CPU Temperature.

• Current Power FAN Speed

This item will show the fan speed of power by RPM.

Current CPU FAN Speed

This item will show the fan speed of CPU by RPM.

Current CASE FAN Speed

This item will show the fan speed of case by RPM.

VCORE

This item will show the CPU working Voltage

VTT

This item will show the GTL Bus Voltage.

3.6 Power Management Setup

The Power Management Setup allows you to configure your system to save energy most effectively while operating in a manner consistent with your own style of computer use.

```
POWER MANAGEMENT SETUP
                                   AWARD SOFTWARE,
                            Enabled
ACPI funtcion
                                                  Primary INTE
                            User Define
                                                        (com 2
(com 1
(LPT 2
(Flopp
Power Management
                                                  IRQ3
PM Control by APM
Video Off After
                                                  IRQ4
                             Suspend
                                                  IRQ5
Video Off After
                             V/H<sup>°</sup>SYNC+Blank
MODEM Use IRQ
                            Delay 4 Sec
Disable
Soft-off by PWR-BTTN
HDD Power Down
Doze Mode
                            Disable
                                                  IRQ10 (Rese
Suspend Mode
                            Disable
            PM Event
                            LPT/COM
HDD & FDD Up
                                                  IRQ15 (Reser
DMA/Master
                            OFF
LAN Wake Up
Ring Wake Up
                            Disabled
                                                         Help
Old Va
                            Disabled
                                                  F5
                                                  F6
                                                         Load
```

ACPI function

This item allows you to enable/disable the Advanced Configuration and Power Management (ACPI).

The choice: Enabled, Disabled.

Power Management

This category allows you to select the type (or degree) of power saving and is directly related to the following modes.

There are three selections for Power Management. Three of which have fixed mode settings.

1. Min. Power Saving : Minimum power management mode. Inactivity peroid is definded as below.

Doze Mode = 1 hr. Suspend Mode = 1 hr. HDD Power Down = 15 min.

2. Max. Power Saving: Maximum power management mode. Inactivity period is defined as below.

Doze Mode = 1 min. Suspend Mode = 1 min . HDD Power Down = 1 min..

3. User Defined : Allow you to set each mode individually. Select time-out period for each mode shown above.

• PM Control by APM

When enabled, an Advanced Power Management device will be activated to enhance the Max. Power Saving mode and stop the CPU internal clock.

If the Max. Power Saving is not enabled, this will be preset to "No".

Video Off After

Select the power-saving modes during which the monitor goes blank.

Doze: Monitor remains "on" during Doze modes.

Suspend: Monitor blanked when system enters Suspend mode.

N/A: It is default. When system enters power-saving mode, it does not do the video off action.

Video Off Method

Determine the manner in which the montor is blanked.

-V/H SYNC+BLANK: System turns off vertical and horizontal synchronization and ports

and writes blanks to the video buffer.

-DPMS: Select this option if your monitor supports the Display Power

Management Signaling (DPMS) standard of the Video Electronics Standards Associatoin (VESA). Use the software supplied for your

video subsystem to select video power management values.

- Blank Screen: System only writes blanks to the video buffer.

Modem Use IRQ

You can select one of the following interrupt resources for modem use: 3.4.5.7.9.10.11. There are three Green PC power saving functions. They are user-configurable only

during User Defined Power Management mode.

• Soft-Off by PWR-BTTN

When set to "Instant-off", the ATX switch can be used as a normal system power off button. When set to "Delay 4 seconds", you need to hold the ATX switch for more than 4 seconds if you want to power off system.

HDD Power Down

When enabled and after the set time of system inactivity(1 to 15 minutes), the hard disk drive will be powered down while all other devices remain active

Doze Mode

After the selected period of system inactivity (1 minute to 1 hour), the CPU clock runs at slower speed while all other devices still operate at full speed.

Suspend Mode

After the selected period of system inactivity (1 minute to 1 hour), all devices except the CPU shut off.

PM events

PM events are I/O events whose occurrence can prevent the system from entering a power saving mode or can awaken the system from such a mode. In effect, the system remains alert for anything which occurs to a device which is configured as On even when the system is in a power down.

VGA

When set to On (default), any event occurring at a VGA port will awaken a system which has been powered down.

LPT & COM

When set to On (default), any event occurring at a COM(serial)/LPT (printer) port will awaken a system which has been powered down.

HDD & FDD

When set to On (default), any event occurring at a hard or floppy drive port will awaken a system which has been powered down.

DMA/Master

When set to On (default), any event occurring at will awaken a system which has been powered down.

LAN Wake Up

This allows you to remotely power up your system through your network by sending a wake up frame or signal.

• Ring Wake Up

This allows either setting of "Enabled" or "Disabled" for powering up the computer when the modem receives a call and the computer is in the soft-off mode.

NOTE: This feature requires the network interface and an ATX power supply with at least 720mA +5 V standby power.

• Time Wake Up

This item can power on your computer at the time you selected.

• Primary INTR

This item can set IRQ for device

IRQ[3-15], NMI

Primary IDE 0
Primary IDE 1
Secondary IDE0
Secondary IDE1
Floppy Disk
Serial Port

Parallel port

To enable or disable the detection of IRQ 3 -15 or NMI interrupt events for powering down state transition.

These items enable or disable the detection of IDE, floppy, serial and parallel port activities for powering down state transition. Actually it detects the read/write to/from I/O ports.

3.7 PnP/PCI Configuration Setup

This section describes configuring the PCI bus system. PCI (Personal Computer Interconnect) is a system which allows I/O devices to operate at speeds nearing the speed that CPU itself uses when communicating with its own special components. This section covers some very technical items and it is strongly recommended that only experienced users can make some changes.

```
OM PCI/ISA BIOS (2A69)
PNP/PCI CONFIGURATION
AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.
PNP OS Installed
                                                 CPU to PCI Wr
Resources Controlled By :
Reset Configuration Data :
                                 Manual
                                                 PCI
                                                      Dynamic
                                  Disabled
                                                 PCI Master
                                                  PCI Delay Tra
         Assigned to:
                                                          Access.
                                                      Master
         Assigned
         Assigned
                                     PnP
                                                      Master
         Assigned
                                    PnP
                                     PnP
                                                 PCI IRQ Active
         Assigned
                                     PnP
        Assigned
                                                 Assign IRQ For
         Assigned
                                     PnP
         Assigned
         Assigned
         Assigned
         Assigned
         Assigned
                                     PnF
                                                         нelр
                                     PnF
         Assigned
                                                        old Valu
                                     PnP
         Assigned to :
                               'ISA
                                                         Load BIG
         Assigned
```

PNP OS Installed

This field allows you to use a Plug-and-Play (PnP) operating system to configure the PCI bus slots instead of using the BIOS. Thus interrupts may be reassigned by the OS when "Yes" is selected. When a non-PnP OS is installed in order to prevent reassigning of interrupt settings, select the default setting of "No".

Resource Controlled by

The Award Plug and Play BIOS can automatically configure all the boot and Plug and Play (PnP) compatible devices. If you select "Auto", all the interrupt request (IRQ) and DMA assignment fields disappear, as the BIOS automatically assigns them.

The choice: Auto and Manual.

Reset Configuration Data

Normally, you leave this field "Disabled". Select "Enabled" to reset Extended System Configuration Data (ESCD) when you exit "Setup", if you have installed a new add-on and the system reconfiguration has caused such a serious conflict that the operating system cannot boot.

• IRQ-n Assigned to

When resources are controlled manually, assign each system interrupt as one of the following types, depending on the type of device using the interrupt.

- Legacy ISA Devices, requiring a specific interrupt (such as IRQ4 for serial port1), compliant with the original PC AT bus specification.

- PCI/ISA PnP devices, whether designed for PCI or ISA bus architecture, compliant with the Plug and Play standard. AT bus specification,
- PCI/ISA PnP devices, whether designed for PCI or ISA bus architecture, compliant with the Plug and Play standard.

DMA n Assigned to

When resources are controlled manually, assign each system DMA channel as one of the following types, depending on the type of device using the DMA.- Legacy ISA Devices, requiring a specific DMA channel, compliant with the original PC

CPU to PCI Write Buffer

When Enabled, up to four Dword of data can be written to the PCI bus without interrupting the CPU. When disabled, a write buffer is not used and the CPU read cycle will not be completed until the PCI bus signals that it is ready to the data.

PCI Dynamic Bursting

When Enabled, every write transaction goes to the write buffer. Burstable transactions then burst on the PCI bus and nonburstable transactions

PCI Master 0 WS Write

When Enabled, writes to the PCI bus are executed with zero wait states.

PCI Delay Transaction

The chipset has an embedded 32-bit posted write buffer to support delay transactions cycles. Select Enabled to support compliance with PCI specification version 2.1. The choice: Enabled, Disabled.

PCI #2 Access #1 Retry

This item allows you enable/disable the PCI #2 Access #1 Retry.

The choice: Enabled, Disabled.

AGP Master 1 WS Write

This implements a single delay when writing to the AGP Bus. By default, two-wait states are used by the system, allowing for greater stability.

The choice: Enabled, Disabled.

AGP Master 1 WS Read

This implements a single delay when reading to the AGP Bus. By default, two-wait states are used by the system, allowing for greater stability.

The choice: Enabled, Disabled.

PCI IRQ Activated by

This sets the method by which the PCI bus recognizes the IRQ service is Being requested by a device. Under all circumstances, you should retain the default configuration unless advised otherwise by your system's manufacturer

The choice: Level(default) and Edge

Assign IRQ For VGA

Name the interrupt request (IRQ) line assigned to the VGA on your system. Activity of the selected IRQ always awakens the system.

3.8 Integrated Peripherals

This option will load the default BIOS values. Choose the option and the following message appears.

```
OM PCI/ISA BIOS (2A6LG
INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS
                                       AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.
                                                        Onboard Seria
OnChip IDE Channel
                                 Enabled
                                 Enabled
Disabled
                                                        UART Mode Sele
OnChip IDE Channel
IDE Prefetch Node
IDE HDD Block Mode
                                 Disabled
Primary Master
                          PIO:
                                                        Onboard Paral
                                 Auto
Primary Slave PIO:
Secondary Master PIO:
Secondary Slave PIO:
Primary Master UDMA:
                                                         Parallel Port
                                Auto
                                                        ECP Mode Use D
                                 Auto
                                                        EPP Mode Selec
                                 Auto
                                 Disable
Primary Slave
                        UDMA: Disable
Secondary Master UDMA: Disable
Secondary Slave UDMA: Disable
Init Display First : PCI
                                    : PCI Slot
POWER ON Function
                                 : BUTTON ONLY
                                                        ESC
                                                        F1
F5
                                                                 Help
KBC Input Clock
Onboard FDC Controller
                                    : 8MHz
                                                                 Old Valu
                                                                 Load BIG
                                       Enabled
                                                        F6
Onboard Serial Port 1
                                    : 3F8/IRQ4
```

• On Chip IDE Channel 0/1

Select Enabled to activate the first and/or second IDE interface. Select Disabled to deactivate an interface, if you install a primary and/or secondary add-in IDE interface. The choice: Enabled, Disabled.

IDE Prefetch Mode

The onboard IDE drive interfaces supports IDE prefetching, for faster drive accesses. If you install a primary and/or secondary add-in IDE interface, set this field to Disabled if the interface does not support prefetching.

IDE HDD Block Mode

The item means HDD access uses over one cycle method for improving HDD performance. If the HDD supports this function, choose" Enabled".

Primary/Secondary Master/Slave PIO

The four IDE PIO (Programmed Input/Output) fields let you set a PIO mode (0-4) for each of the four IDE devices that the onboard IDE interface supports. Modes 0 through 4 provide successively increased performance. In "Auto" mode, the system automatically determines the best mode for each device.

• Primary/Secondary Master/Slave UDMA

Ultra DMA/33 implementation is possible only if your IDE hard drive can support and the operating environment includes a DMA driver (Windows 95 OSR2 or a third-party IDE bus master driver). If your hard disk drive and your system software can both support Ultra DMA/33, select "Auto" to enable BIOS support.

Init Display First

This item allows you to decide to activate PCI Slot or AGP first.

Power On Function

- 1 Button only: Power on only by pushing button on the case (Default).
- 2 Keyboard 98: You can power on system by pushing Power-On key of keyboard 98.
- 3 Password : Power on only if you key in correct password.

4 - Hot KEY: You can choose either of followings as hot key to power on the system.

A.[CTRL] + [F1] ~[CTR]L +[F12] B. Mouse [Left] C. Mouse [Right]

KBC Input Clock

1 - 6MHz 2 - 8MHz 3 - 12MHzà Default 4 - 16MHz

Set the frequency for the keyboard controller input clock.

Onboard FDC Controller

You can use this function to enable or disable Onboard FDC controller

Onboard Serial Port 1

Select an address and the corresponding interrupt for each of the first and second serial ports

The Choice: 3F8/IRQ4, 2F8/IRQ3, 3E8/IRQ4, 2F8/IRQ3, Disabled, Auto.

Onboard Serial Port 2

The second serial port shares resources (address and IRQ) with IrDA.

• UART Mode Select

Normal: Normal operation

IrDA: IrDA compliant serial infrared port

ASKIR: Amplitude shift keyed infrared port

Onboard Parallel Port

Select a logical LPT port name and matching address for the physical parallel (printer) port.

The choice: 378H/IRQ7, 278H/IRQ5, 3BCH/IRQ7, Disabled.

Parallel Port Mode

This field allows you to set the operation mode of the parallel port. The setting "Normal", allows normal-speed operation but in one direction only; "EPP" allows bidirectional parallel port operation at maximum speed; "ECP" allows the parallel port to operate in bidirectional mode and at a speed faster than the maximum data transfer rate; "ECP+EPP" allows normal speed operation in a two-way mode.

ECP Mode Use DMA

This selection is available only if you select "ECP" or "ECP+EPP" in the Parallel Port Mode. Select either DMA Channel 1, 3, or Disable.

EPP Mode Select

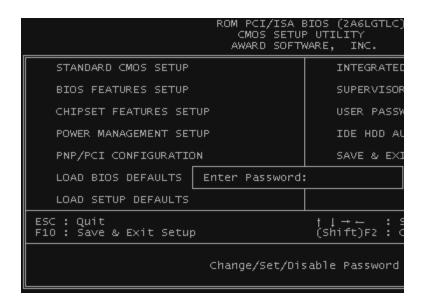
There are two versions of 1.7 and 1.9 available for EPP Mode. While setting version, check if the device connected to the parallel port needs the specified version or not. If not, it's recommended to select the version of 1.9.

OnChip USB

Select "Enabled" if you have a USB keyboard or any device.

3.9 Supervisor Password

This option will set the password to prevent others from making changes to your system.



Password prevents unauthorized use of your computer. If you set a password, the system prompts for the correct password before you boot or access to "Setup"

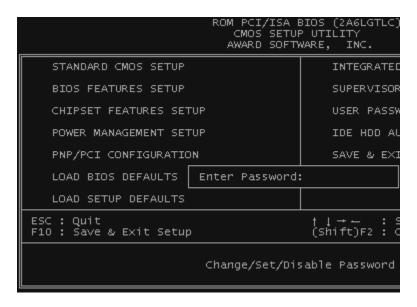
To set a password:

- 1. At the prompt, type your password. Your password can be up to 8 alphanumeric characters. When you type the characters, they appear as asterisks on the password screen box.
- 2. After typing the password, press [Enter] key.
- 3. At the next prompt, re-type your password and press [Enter] key again to confirm the new password. After the password entry, the screen automatically reverts to the main screen.

To disable the password, press [Enter] key when prompted to enter the password. The screen displays a message confirming that the password has been disabled.

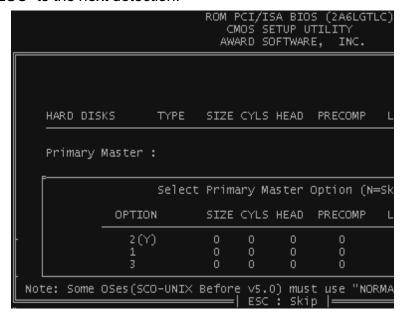
3.10 User Password

This option will set the password to prevent others from making changes to your system when accessed by POWER ON. This operation is same as SUPERVISOR PASSWORD.



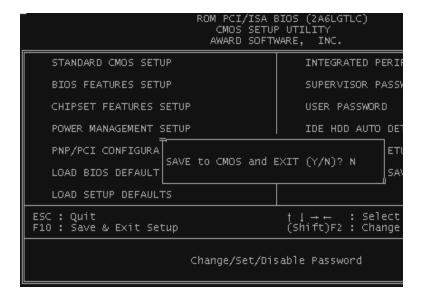
3.11 IDE HDD Auto Detection

Use the BIOS utility to detect the HDD type automatically. Press "Y" to accept, "N" to reject, and "ESC" to the next detection.



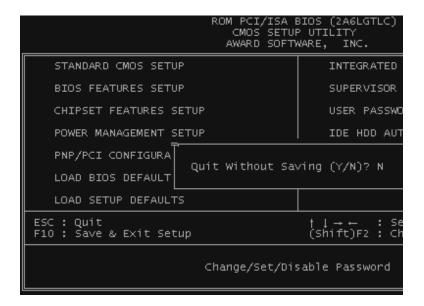
3.12 Save & Exit Setup

Save the setting and exit the BIOS utility.



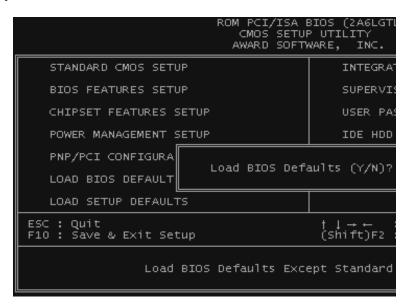
3.13 Exit Without Saving

Abort the current change and exit the BIOS utility.



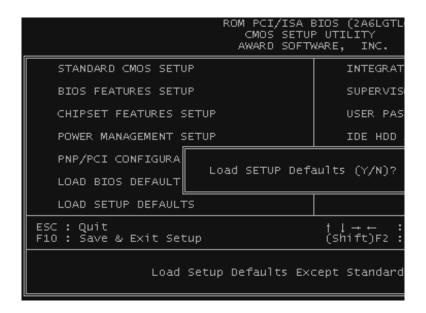
3.14 Load BIOS Defaults

NOTE: This option allows you to load the troubleshooting default values permanently stored in the BIOS ROM. These default settings are non-optimal and disable all high performance features.



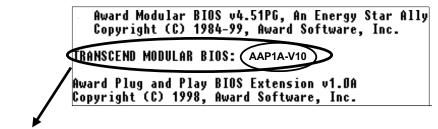
3.15 Load Setup Defaults

This option allows you to load the default values to the system configuration fields. These default values are the optimized configuration settings for the system.



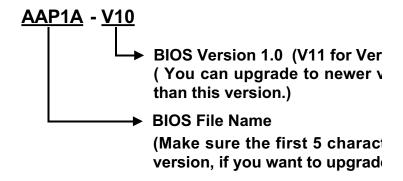
4.1 How to Check Your BIOS File Name and Version

Please turn on PC first, the screen will display as follows:



TRANSCEND MODULAR BIOS: AAP1A-V10

You can see a description shows at the third line.



4.2 Download Correct BIOS File from Web

Please enter Transcend Internet web: http://www.transcendusa.com.

Choose BIOS upgrade environment.

The BIOS file name consists of 5 characters. Check the exact BIOS to download. Your BIOS file name must absolutely match the one shown on our web. Then download the suitable version to your disk.

Warning: Your system could be damaged, if a ware accidently used. If you are not sure what choose, please contact us at techsupport

4.3 How to Update Your Motherboard BIOS

Please follow these 5 steps listed below to update your BIOS.

Step 1: Make a record of your original or existing BIOS Setup parameters.

- Press [Del] during the Power On Self Test to enter BIOS Setup Program when you start your system.
- Write down the value of each parameter in order to re-configure your system after BIOS updating.

Step 2: Make a System Disk

- Put a clean 3.5" disk in Drive A

MS-DOS: Key in **FORMAT A:/S** and press [Enter].

Windows O/S: Select the icon of [My Computer]

Click [3.5" Floppy (A:)]

Select [File/Format] from Command Bar

Under Format 3.5 Floppy (A:) Menu select

Format type = Full item and

Other Options = Copy system files

Click [Start] button

Step 3: Download the updated BIOS EXE file from the web site to a floppy disk.

(Ref 4.1 and 4.2)

- Step 4: Execute the download file to decompress it.
- Step 5: Please read the file of Readme.TXT carefully, and follow the instructions step by step.

 Then you can finish the BIOS update.

IRQ[3-7, 9-15], NMI

Primary IDE 0

Primary IDE 1

Secondary IDE0

Secondary IDE1

Floppy Disk

Serial Port

Parallel port

To enable or disable the detection of IRQ 3-7, IRQ 9-15 or NMI interrupt events for powering down state transition.

These items enable or disable the detection of IDE, floppy, serial and parallel port activities for powering down state transition. Actually it detects the read/write to/from I/O ports.

3.7 PnP/PCI Configuration Setup

This section describes configuring the PCI bus system. PCI (Personal Computer Interconnect) is a system which allows I/O devices to operate at speeds nearing the speed that CPU itself uses when communicating with its own special components. This section covers some very technical items and it is strongly recommended that only experienced users can make some changes.

```
ROM PCI/ISA BIOS (2A69KTLP)
PNP/PCI CONFIGURATION
AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.

PNP OS Installed : No Resources Controlled By : Manual Reset Configuration Data : Disabled PCI 2 Use IRQ No. : Auto PCI 4 Us
```

PNP OS Installed

This field allows you to use a Plug-and-Play (PnP) operating system to configure the PCI bus slots instead of using the BIOS. Thus interrupts may be reassigned by the OS when "Yes" is selected. When a non-PnP OS is installed in order to prevent reassigning of interrupt settings, select the default setting of "No".

Resource Controlled by

The Award Plug and Play BIOS can automatically configure all the boot and Plug and Play (PnP) compatible devices. If you select "Auto", all the interrupt request (IRQ) and DMA assignment fields disappear, as the BIOS automatically assigns them.

The choice: Auto and Manual.

Reset Configuration Data

Normally, you leave this field "Disabled". Select "Enabled" to reset Extended System Configuration Data (ESCD) when you exit "Setup", if you have installed a new add-on and the system reconfiguration has caused such a serious conflict that the operating system cannot boot.

IRQ-n Assigned to

When resources are controlled manually, assign each system interrupt as one of the following types, depending on the type of device using the interrupt.

- Legacy ISA Devices, requiring a specific interrupt (such as IRQ4 for serial port1), compliant with the original PC AT bus specification.
- PCI/ISA PnP devices, whether designed for PCI or ISA bus architecture, compliant with the Plug and Play standard.

DMA n Assigned to

When resources are controlled manually, assign each system DMA channel as one of the following types, depending on the type of device using the DMA.

- Legacy ISA Devices, requiring a specific DMA channel, compliant with the original PC AT bus specification,
- PCI/ISA PnP devices, whether designed for PCI or ISA bus architecture, compliant with the Plug and Play standard.

• PCI 1,2,3,4 Use IRQ No.

These fields set how IRQ use is determined for each PCI slot. The default setting for each field is "Auto", which uses auto-routing to determine IRQ used. The other options are manual settings of NA, 5, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12, 14 or 15 for each slot.

Used MEM Base Addr

This field allows you to set the base address and block size of a legacy ISA card that uses any memory segment within the C800H and DFFFH address range. If you have more than one legacy ISA card in your system that requires to use this address range, you can increase the block size to either 8K, 16K, 32K or 64K.

3.8 Integrated Peripherals

This option will load the default BIOS values. Choose the option and the following message appears.

• IDE HDD Block Mode

The item means HDD access uses over one cycle method for improving HDD performance. If the HDD supports this function, choose" Enabled".

• IDE Primary/Secondary Master/Slave PIO

The four IDE PIO (Programmed Input/Output) fields let you set a PIO mode (0-4) for each of the four IDE devices that the onboard IDE interface supports. Modes 0 through 4 provide successively increased performance. In "Auto" mode, the system automatically determines the best mode for each device.

• IDE Primary/Secondary Master/Slave Ultra DMA

Ultra DMA/33 implementation is possible only if your IDE hard drive can support and the operating environment includes a DMA driver (Windows 95 OSR2 or a third-party IDE bus master driver). If your hard disk drive and your system software can both support Ultra DMA/33, select "Auto" to enable BIOS support.

• On Chip IDE Primary / Secondary PCI IDE

The chipset contains a PCI IDE interface which supports two IDE channels. Select "Enabled" to activate the first and/or second IDE interface. Select "Disabled" to deactivate an interface, if you install a primary and/or secondary add-in IDE interface.

• USB Keyboard Support

Select "Enabled" if you have a USB keyboard.

Init Display First

This item allows you to decide to activate PCI Slot or AGP first.

POWER ON Function

- 1 Button only: Power on only by pushing button on the case (Default).
- 2 Keyboard 98: You can power on system by pushing Power-On key of keyboard 98.
- 3 Password : Power on only if you key in correct password.
- 4 Hot KEY: You can choose either of followings as hot key to power on the system.
 - A. CTRL + F1 ~ CTRL + F10
 - B. Mouse Left
 - C. Mouse Right

• KBC Input Clock

- 1 6MHz
- 2 8MHz
- 3 12MHz→ Default
- 4 16MHz

Set the frequency for the keyboard controller input clock.

Onboard FDC Controller

You can use this function to enable or disable Onboard FDC controller.

Onboard Serial Port 1

Select an address and the corresponding interrupt for each of the first and second serial ports.

The Choice: 3F8/IRQ4, 2F8/IRQ3, 3E8/IRQ4, 2F8/IRQ3, Disabled, Auto.

Onboard Serial Port 2

The second serial port shares resources (address and IRQ) with IrDA.

• UART Mode Select

Normal: Normal operation

IrDA: IrDA compliant serial infrared port ASKIR: Amplitude shift keyed infrared port

Onboard Parallel Port

Select a logical LPT port name and matching address for the physical parallel (printer) port. The choice: 378H/IRQ7, 278H/IRQ5, 3BCH/IRQ7, Disabled.

Parallel Port Mode

This field allows you to set the operation mode of the parallel port. The setting "Normal", allows normal-speed operation but in one direction only; "EPP" allows bidirectional parallel port operation at maximum speed; "ECP" allows the parallel port to operate in bidirectional mode and at a speed faster than the maximum data transfer rate; "ECP+EPP" allows normal speed operation in a two-way mode.

3.9 Supervisor Password

This option will set the password to prevent others from making changes to your system.



Password prevents unauthorized use of your computer. If you set a password, the system prompts for the correct password before you boot or access to "Setup"

To set a password:

- 1. At the prompt, type your password. Your password can be up to 8 alphanumeric characters. When you type the characters, they appear as asterisks on the password screen box.
- 2. After typing the password, press [Enter] key.
- 3. At the next prompt, re-type your password and press [Enter] key again to confirm the new password. After the password entry, the screen automatically reverts to the main screen.

To disable the password, press [Enter] key when prompted to enter the password. The screen displays a message confirming that the password has been disabled.

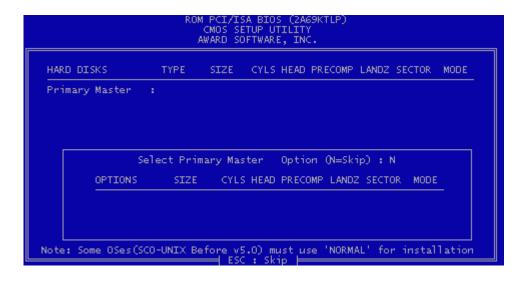
3.10 User Password

This option will set the password to prevent others from making changes to your system when accessed by POWER ON. This operation is same as SUPERVISOR PASSWORD.



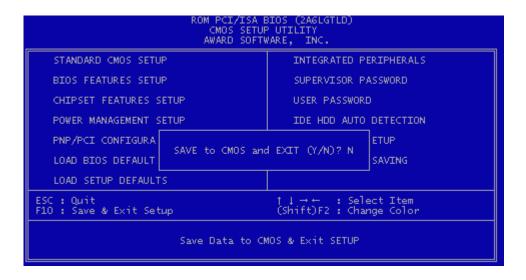
3.11 IDE HDD Auto Detection

Use the BIOS utility to detect the HDD type automatically. Press "Y" to accept, "N" to reject, and "ESC" to the next detection.



3.12 Save & Exit Setup

Save the setting and exit the BIOS utility.



3.13 Exit Without Saving

Abort the current change and exit the BIOS utility.



3.14 Load BIOS Defaults

NOTE: This option allows you to load the troubleshooting default values permanently stored in the BIOS ROM. These default settings are non-optimal and disable all high performance features.



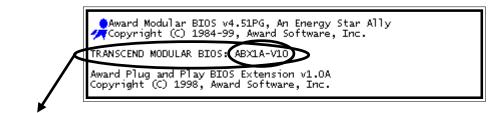
3.15 Load Setup Defaults

This option allows you to load the default values to the system configuration fields. These default values are the optimized configuration settings for the system.



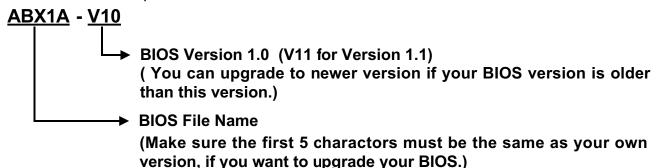
4.1 How to Check Your BIOS File Name and Version

Please turn on PC first, the screen will display as follows:



TRANSCEND MODULAR BIOS: ABX1A-V10

You can see a description shows at the third line.



4.2 Download Correct BIOS File from Web

Please enter Transcend Internet web : http://www.transcendusa.com.

Choose BIOS upgrade environment.

The BIOS file name consists of 5 characters. Check the exact BIOS to download. Your BIOS file name must absolutely match the one shown on our web. Then download the suitable version to your disk.

Warning: Your system could be damaged, if a wrong BIOS version is accidently used. If you are not sure what version you should choose, please contact us at techsupport@transcend.com.tw

4.3 How to Update Your Motherboard BIOS

Please follow these 5 steps listed below to update your BIOS.

Step 1: Make a record of your original or existing BIOS Setup parameters.

- Press [Del] during the Power On Self Test to enter BIOS Setup Program when you start your system.
- Write down the value of each parameter in order to re-configure your system after BIOS updating.

Step 2: Make a System Disk

- Put a clean 3.5" disk in Drive A

MS-DOS: Key in **FORMAT A:/S** and press [Enter].

Windows O/S: Select the icon of [My Computer]

Click [3.5" Floppy (A:)]

Select [File/Format] from Command Bar

Under Format 3.5 Floppy (A:) Menu select

Format type = Full item and

Other Options = Copy system files

Click [Start] button

Step 3: Download the updated BIOS EXE file from the web site to a floppy disk.

(Ref 4.1 and 4.2)

Step 4: Execute the download file to decompress it.

Step 5: Please read the file of Readme.TXT carefully, and follow the instructions step by step.

Then you can finish the BIOS update.