

# P45 Neo3/ G45 Neo3 P43 Neo3 Series

# MS-7514 (v1.X) Mainboard



G52-75141X1

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# **Revision History**

Revision	<b>Revision History</b>	Date
V1.0	First release for PCB 1.X	April 2008

# **Technical Support**

If a problem arises with your system and no solution can be obtained from the user's manual, please contact your place of purchase or local distributor. Alternatively, please try the following help resources for further guidance.

- Visit the MSI website for FAQ, technical guide, BIOS updates, driver updates, and other information: <u>http://global.msi.com.tw/index.php?</u> func=service
- Contact our technical staff at: http://ocss.msi.com.tw

# Safety Instructions

- 1. Always read the safety instructions carefully.
- 2. Keep this User's Manual for future reference.
- 3. Keep this equipment away from humidity.
- 4. Lay this equipment on a reliable flat surface before setting it up.
- 5. The openings on the enclosure are for air convection hence protects the equipment from overheating. DO NOT COVER THE OPENINGS.
- 6. Make sure the voltage of the power source and adjust properly 110/220V before connecting the equipment to the power inlet.
- 7. Place the power cord such a way that people can not step on it. Do not place anything over the power cord.
- 8. Always Unplug the Power Cord before inserting any add-on card or module.
- 9. All cautions and warnings on the equipment should be noted.
- 10. Never pour any liquid into the opening that could damage or cause electrical shock.
- 11. If any of the following situations arises, get the equipment checked by a service personnel:
  - † The power cord or plug is damaged.
  - † Liquid has penetrated into the equipment.
  - † The equipment has been exposed to moisture.
  - † The equipment has not work well or you can not get it work according to User's Manual.
  - † The equipment has dropped and damaged.
  - † The equipment has obvious sign of breakage.
- 12. DONOT LEAVE THIS EQUIPMENT INAN ENVIRONMENT UNCONDITIONED, STOR-AGE TEMPERATURE ABOVE 60°C (140°F), IT MAY DAMAGE THE EQUIPMENT.



**CAUTION:** Danger of explosion if battery is incorrectly replaced. Replace only with the same or equivalent type recommended by the manufacturer.

●警告使用者:

這是甲類的資訊產品,在居住的環境中使用時,可能會造成無線電干擾, 在這種情況下,使用者會被要求採取某些適當的對策。



廢電池清回收

For better environmental protection, waste batteries should be collected separately for recycling or special disposal.

# FCC-B Radio Frequency Interference Statement

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part



15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the measures listed below.

- † Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- † Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- † Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- † Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/television technician for help.

#### Notice 1

The changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

#### Notice 2

Shielded interface cables and A.C. power cord, if any, must be used in order to comply with the emission limits.

VOIR LANOTICE D'INSTALLATION AVANT DE RACCORDER AU RESEAU.



This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and
- (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

# WEEE (Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment) Statement



### ENGLISH

To unseed the risk of end range of and as an end party of all MSI and remind you that.

Under the European Union ("EU") Directive on Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment, Directive 2002/44/65, which takes effect on August 35, 2005, products of "electronic and electronic equipment" causal be divertised as municipal work anymore and manufactures of concreditional electronic equipment? causal be name back such products on the such of these useful life. Med will samply with the product fatte track requirements at the end of Mit of MSI-brandet products that are sold into the EU. You can return these products to local collection points.

## DEUTSCH

#### Himneis von MSI auf Frinklung und Schutz urseiner Himselt.

Consil der Richtlinie 2002/76/EC über Etchino und Etchinonik-Allgeräte dürfen Elektro- und teleimanik-Allgeräte mehr nich nicht als Bommunele Albfälle entwargt werden. Mos hat europaweis verschledene Sammel- und Recyclingunkernehmen besoffragt, die in die Europäinele Union in Verkehr gebrachten Produkte, um Ende seines behenze bie auräckeunehmen. Bier ausargen die diese Produktezum gegebenen Zeupank: unsechlustich an einer Bekalen Aliguräusammelstöhe in Ihrer Nahe.

#### FRANÇAIS

#### Ku tent qu'évologiète et d'ai de pritiéger l'en contrenant, '104 tiets à rappeter Assa :

Au sujet de la directive cumpérane (EU) sulative aux déchets des équipement électriques et électroniques, directive 2002/Vor64', prenaix effet le 3A sour 2005, que - les produits electriques et électroniques ne pouvent étu dépués deux les décherges un tout simplement mie à la poubeile. Les fabricants de ces équipements acrant obligés de récaperer certains protoits en fin des c. Mbi prenduis en sumple ceux estgence relative du relatir des produits en fin de vie du sein de la communicaté caropéenne. Par conséquent vous pouvez retainner localement ces matériels dans les points de collects.

# РУССКИЙ

каланана MSI пру јаријана је застаријат, је је окој на попростору за прет сјуда, је о тоу на акира је ј 838, 970...

В соот всях нало с апрак, полой Варанскахан и Горай (КС) на правление со данеские и каралеские и каралеские и каралеские собрание собрание собрание и каралеские и каралеские собрание собрание собрание и каралеские и каралеские собрание собрание

#### ESPAÑOL

VISI consi empresa comprometicia con la protesción del media ambiente, recomienda:

Bajo la direccia a 2002/20/EC do la Unión Europeu en anateria de desectos y/o equipas electronicos, con fecha de ragon desde el 13 de agosto de 2005, los praductos elasiticados camo "electricas y equipos electronicos" no geochen ser depositados en los cantracederes leibituales de su manicipio, los fabricantes de equipos efectrónicos, están obligadas a lacerte cargo de Elebas productos el terminas de se pariodo de oblas. El 15 estado comprometido con los términos de recegida de sus productos e cadidos en la Unión Europeo al final de su geochen ser depositados en las términos de recegida de sos productos e cadidos en la Unión Europeo al final de su genode de vela. Estad debe deposator estos productos en organizadores en el pueto de su la contente de su lorsitividad e entreger a an comprese substituentes de recegida de esta conservidados.

## NEDERLANDS

On hel utilieure beschermen, uit MSI u eraan beetrneren Jai....

Du richthijn van de Lanopest Unit (EU) and betrekking tot vervalking (an Electrische en Electronische producten (1942-96-20), die op 13 Augustus Zühl im zuß gaan vannen niet meer beschauwei worden als vervuiling.

Fabrikanten van dit soon, producten wat des verplicht om producten tetat, te teerten aan het eind van het. Kwensegelijs, MSI zal overeenkomsig de ticklijn handelen voor de producten die de nerkansen MSI dragen en verbeens zijn in de RAT. Bleze geederen konnen gerekommeerd werden op lekale maanelingsponten.

# SRPSKI

ita bezaitatin pri telnetoredinato kao predmesia kaje cultiratura a akonato prirodataj sezzino. Nel atora da cas podesti da...

Po Obrestini koropske amje (\*21\*\*) e odbačenoj ekokrovskoj i otoktričnej oprom, burektiva 2002/Mr24 , koja stupa na arazit od 10. Argasta 2015. produsodi koji spadaju pod "riktiretska i vitkirična opretna" ne orazit i kr bili attanizm kat ottean orpad i prato odaci ore apretne luže primelem da atma romega se protisode na kraju njikovog odbičajumaj vitka trujanju. MSI če poštovali zakov o preazimanje orakom pretavota kojima je astekao vek trajanja, koji mieja MSI ernaku i koja su predati u 24. Ove preizvade morete vratni na jedelnom mieština za prikupljanje.

### POLSKI

. Shy chroned nerve Snetowhile nacarative area jaloo Larma (bająca a elialugyę, SISI przyparana, Jz.,

Zewlaic z Dyrektywą Unii Darepojskiej (\* UE\*) (kotyczącą odzadów produktów claktrycznych i elektrowieznych (Dyrekzywa 2002/96/46 % kraza webodzi w zwew (A swepnia 2005, szw. "produkty oraz wypasazene elektryczne z elektromiczae \* nie mogą być traktowane jako śnineci komonałne. Tak więc producenci tych produktów będą zobewiązani do udbierzania jeh w moratencje gdy pradukt jest wyrafywany z wżycia. MSI wypelni wymagania 1 F. przysjeptjąc produkty (sporoduktor po tyrnin i mii Epistycjaki j) wyrafywany z użycia. MSI wypelni wymagania 1 F. przysjeptjąc produkty (sporoduktor po tyrnin i mii Epistycjaki j) wyrafywany z użycia. Posłając błist iednie uniem zwaraty w wyrateczonych punktach chiorczych.

# TÜRKÇE

Qeseeri Geeligiyle hilaers MiSt dahy ada gesreyi Karumak için harristar:

Arraya Birligi (AB) Karamamosi Elektrik ve Elektronik Maloome Angi, 2032/76.DC Karamamosi aluada 15 Agustos 2005 tambiaden määren gegeritalmait dizere, elektrikit ve elektronik maizemeler diger anktar giht göpe utduansystyk ve ha elektonik vihazbarm diveksileet, vihazbarm kollantos soveleet latitekteo sonra diranleet geri teptamakta yökömtä otoentut. Avrapa Birligi'ne santan 40% markali örönderinis kollantos söreteri höttöjinde 1981 iromiterin geri aluanas istegi jär isteligi igerisinde, ulkesakta. Erönderinisi yeert teplipma gostalpepta

# ČESKY

Záleží stanas schouež živors ha previtoli s spaležnost Most apazentuje...

Podle sněmice Europské unie ("EU") o likultací oklitrických a olektronických výrobká 2002. J6EC platné od 13. srpna 2005 je zakazane hlendova: "olektroko a olektronicke vyrobky" v hožněm komunálním odpodu a 1 jerobi elektronických výrobůň na které nr lato vrečenice v duhuje, budou projení adebli at talové výrobky zpět guskončení jejich žiransova. Společní ne Milopini pažadatky na odchiranstvy robla změcky ti si, prodávaných 1 zemich EU, po skončení jejich žiranské Tyto výrobky můžete oktualat v mistních sběradebl.

# MAGYAR

Annak endekében, kuga lalany szasánkai megyedjíst, dírene tilany szeredeken telepte az Misternékéreve finy. hogy …

Az kurayar Unió ("6.1–1) 2003, angusatus (3-án hatályika leye, az elektromas es elektromsus berendezesek hulladálaáráf -záló 2002/96/EK inányulau szerint az oluktroman és elektromikas termenkvések töltké mete Lezelletnek talasolga hattatkellent, – az típen elektromikas terenlezetet gyaralt kineleseé rátrak az típen ternökek töszarételére azok haszana éktitariatna végén. Az Mál butastja a ternékvisszavétellel kapcsuksos köretelmenyeket az MM markanási alatt az 10-in belül ertekestett termekete esetében, azak élettariamának négén áz ilyen termékuket a legközeletti gyűjtélnelyes rábett

## ITALIANO

Per proleggene l'ambience, MSI, da arrappe notico della notaria, l'inforda che....

In lasse alla Barettina dell'Unione Europea (EU) sallo Stadtimento dei Masteriali Electrici ed Electronei, (Incuma 2002/96/8.6) a vigore dal 14 Agonto 2005, prodota apparteneva alla categoria dei Materiali Metaret ed Electronici nun persone più conce eliminati conce rifiuti manicipati: i produttori di detti motoriali marano obtigatta marare agni gradotta alla tine de succieto di cha. MM si adegnera a ta e Daretti artificanti nun in produtti marare agni gradotta alla tine dei succieto di cha. MM si adegnera a ta e Daretti artificanti nun i produtti marare agni di conce stati combre di interno della Unione Europea alla fine dei loro cicle di vita È gesande portare a prodotta nel più vicino panto di raccotta.

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# Chapter 1 Getting Started

Thank you for choosing the P45 Neo3/ G45 Neo3/ P43 Neo3 Series (MS-7514 v1.X) ATX mainboard. The P45 Neo3/ G45 Neo3/ P43 Neo3 Series mainboards are based on Intel® P45/ G45/ P43 & ICH10/ ICH10R chipsets for optimal system efficiency. Designed to fit the advanced **Core 2 Extreme, Core 2 Quad, Core 2 Duo, Pentium Dual-Core** and **Celeron Dual-Core** LGA775 processor, the P45 Neo3/ G45 Neo3/ P43 Neo3 Series deliver a high performance and professional desktop platform solution.



# **Mainboard Specifications**

#### **Processor Support**

- Intel <sup>®</sup> Core 2 Extreme, Core 2 Quad, Core 2 Duo, Pentium Dual-
Core and Celeron Dual-Core processors in the LGA775 package
- Intel <sup>®</sup> next generation 45 nm Multi-core CPU
*/Earth a later that and an all and ODU all and a statut

\*(For the latest information about CPU, please visit http://global.msi.com.tw/index.php?func=cpuform)

#### Supported FSB

- 1600\*(OC)/ 1333/ 1066/ 800 MHz

#### Chipset

- North Bridge: Intel® P45/ G45/ P43 chipset
- South Bridge: Intel® ICH10/ ICH10R chipset

#### Memory Support

- 4 DDR2 DIMMs support DDR2 1066\*\*(OC)/ 800/ 667 SDRAM (240pin / 1.8V / 16GB Max)

(\*\*For more information on compatible components, please visit http://global.msi.com.tw/index.php?func=testreport)

#### LAN

- Supports PCIE LAN 10/100/1000 Fast Ethernet by Realtek 8111C

#### Audio

- Chip integrated by Realtek® ALC888
- Flexible 8-channel audio with jack sensing
- Compliant with Azalia 1.0 Spec
- Meet Microsoft Vista Premium spec

#### IDE

- 1 IDE port by JMicron JMB 363
- Supports Ultra DMA 66/100/133 mode
- Supports PIO, Bus Master operation mode

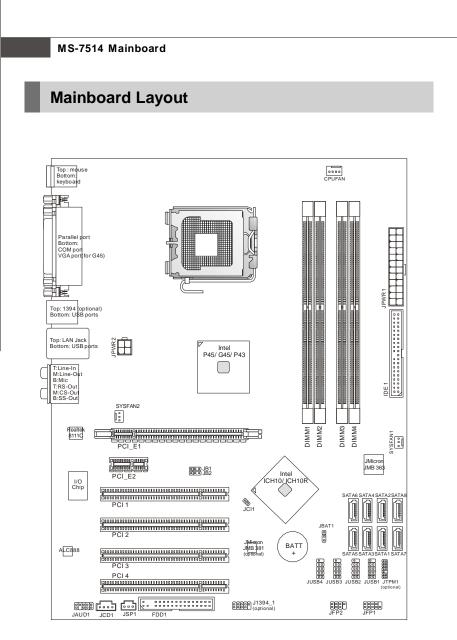
#### SATA

- 6 SATAII ports by ICH10/ ICH10R (SATA1~6)
- 2 SATAII ports by JMicron JMB363 (SATA7~8)
- Supports storage and data transfers at up to 3 Gb/s

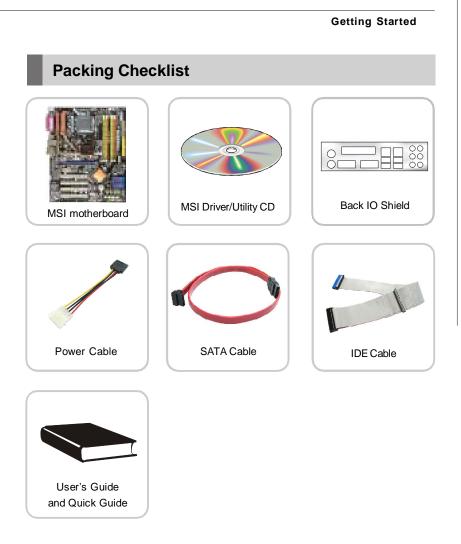
#### RAID

- SATA1~6 support RAID 0/ 1/ 5/ 10/ JBOD mode by ICH10R
- SATA7 & SATA8 support RAID 0/ RAID1/ JBOD by JMicron JMB363

1394 (optional)
- Supports 1394 by JMicron JMB381
FDD
- 1 floppy port - Supports 1 FDD with 360KB, 720KB, 1.2MB, 1.44MB and 2.88MB
Connectors
<ul> <li>Back panel <ul> <li>1 PS/2 mouse port</li> <li>1 PS/2 keyboard port</li> <li>1 Paralle port</li> <li>1 Serial port</li> <li>1 VGA port (for G45 only)</li> <li>4 USB 2.0 Ports</li> <li>1 LAN jack (10/100/1000)</li> <li>6 flexible audio jacks</li> <li>1 1394 port (optional)</li> </ul> </li> <li>On-Board Pinheaders / Connectors <ul> <li>4 USB 2.0 pinheaders</li> <li>1 204 pinheaders</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<ul> <li>1 1394 pinheader (optional)</li> <li>1 chassis intrusion connector</li> <li>1 SPDIF-out pinheader</li> <li>1 CD-in connector</li> <li>1 front audio pinheader</li> <li>1 TPM Module connector (optional)</li> <li>2 Hardware Overclock FSB jumpers (JB1 &amp; JB2)</li> </ul>
TPM (optional)
- Supports TPM
Slots
<ul> <li>1 PCI Express x16 slot, support up to PCI Express 2.0 x16 speed</li> <li>1 PCI Express x1 slot</li> <li>4 PCI slots, support 3.3V/ 5V PCI bus Interface</li> </ul>
Form Factor
- ATX (30.5cm X 24.5cm)
Mounting
- 9 mounting holes



P45 Neo3/ G45 Neo3/ P43 Neo3 Series (MS-7514 v1.X) ATX Mainboard



 $^{\ast}$  The pictures are for reference only and may vary from the packing contents of the product you purchased.

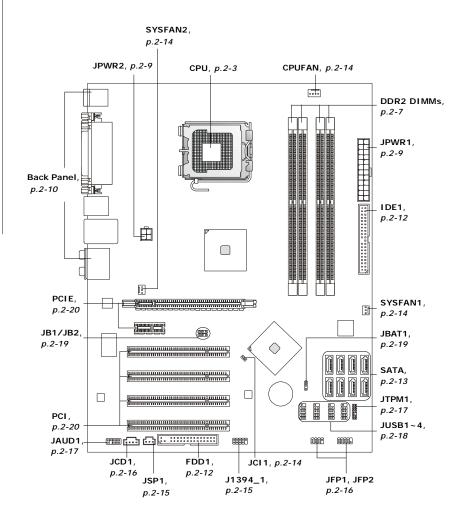
# Chapter 2 Hardware Setup

This chapter provides you with the information about hardware setup procedures. While doing the installation, be careful in holding the components and follow the installation procedures. For some components, if you install in the wrong orientation, the components will not work properly.

Use a grounded wrist strap before handling computer components. Static electricity may damage the components.



# Quick Components Guide



# **CPU (Central Processing Unit)**

When you are installing the CPU, make sure to install the cooler to prevent overheating. If you do not have the CPU cooler, consult your dealer before turning on the computer.

For the latest information about CPU, please visit http://global.msi.com.tw/index.php? func=cpuform



#### Overheating

Overheating will seriously damage the CPU and system. Always make sure the cooling fan can work properly to protect the CPU from overheating. Make sure that you apply an even layer of thermal paste (or thermal tape) between the CPU and the heatsink to enhance heat dissipation.

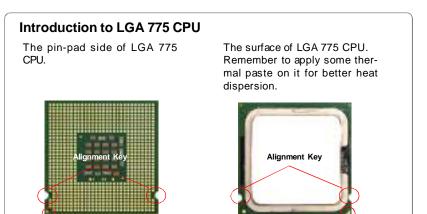
#### Replacing the CPU

Yellow triangle is the Pin 1 indicator

While replacing the CPU, always turn off the ATX power supply or unplug the power supply's power cord from the grounded outlet first to ensure the safety of CPU.

#### Overclocking

This mainboard is designed to support overclocking. However, please make sure your components are able to tolerate such abnormal setting, while doing overclocking. Any attempt to operate beyond product specifications is not recommended. We do not guarantee the damages or risks caused by inadequate operation or beyond product specifications.

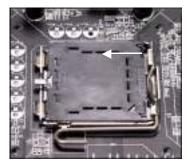


Yellow triangle is the Pin 1 indicator

# **CPU & Cooler Installation**

When you are installing the CPU, **make sure the CPU has a cooler attached on the top to prevent overheating**. Meanwhile, do not forget to apply some thermal paste on CPU before installing the heat sink/cooler fan for better heat dispersion. Follow the steps below to install the CPU & cooler correctly. Wrong installation will cause the damage of your CPU & mainboard.

 The CPU socket has a plastic cap on it to protect the contact from damage. Before you install the CPU, always cover it to protect the socket pin.



3. The pins of socket reveal.

2. Remove the cap from lever hinge side (as the arrow shows).



4. Open the load lever.



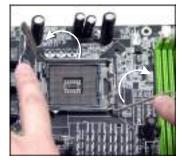
Important



- 1. Confirm if your CPU cooler is firmly installed before turning on your system.
- 2. Do not touch the CPU socket pins to avoid damaging.
- 3. The availability of the CPU land side cover depends on your CPU packing.

#### Hardware Setup

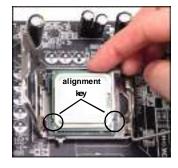
5. Lift the load lever up and open the load plate.



7. Visually inspect if the CPU is seated well into the socket. If not, take out the CPU with pure vertical motion and reinstall.



 After confirming the CPU direction for correct mating, put down the CPU in the socket housing frame. Be sure to grasp on the edge of the CPU base. Note that the alignment keys are matched.



8. Cover the load plate onto the package.



9. Press down the load lever lightly onto the load plate, and then secure the lever with the hook under retention tab.

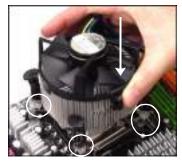


- Press the four hooks down to fasten the cooler. Then rotate the locking switch (refer to the correct direction marked on it) to lock the hooks.
  - Ocking switch

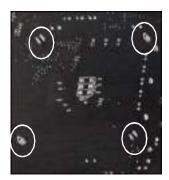
# Important

- 1. Read the CPU status in BIOS (Chapter 3).
- 2. Whenever CPU is not installed, always protect your CPU socket pin with the plastic cap covered (shown in Figure 1) to avoid damaging.
- 3. Mainboard photos shown in this section are for demonstration of the CPU/ cooler installation only. The appearance of your mainboard may vary depending on the model you purchase.

 Align the holes on the mainboard with the heatsink. Push down the cooler until its four clips get wedged into the holes of the mainboard.



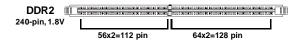
12. Turn over the mainboard to confirm that the clip-ends are correctly inserted.



# Memory

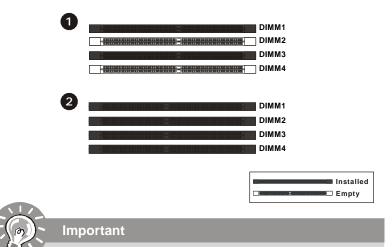
These DIMM slots are used for installing memory modules.

For more information on compatible components, please visit *http://global.msi.com. tw/index.php?func=testreport* 



# **Dual-Channel Memory Population Rules**

In Dual-Channel mode, the memory modules can transmit and receive data with two data bus lines simultaneously. Enabling Dual-Channel mode can enhance the system performance. Please refer to the following illustrations for population rules under Dual-Channel mode.



- DDR2 memory modules are not interchangeable with DDR and the DDR2 standard is not backwards compatible. You should always install DDR2 memory modules in the DDR2 DIMM slots.
- In Dual-Channel mode, make sure that you install memory modules of **the same type and density** in different channel DIMM slots.
- To enable successful system boot-up, always insert the memory modules into the **DIMM1 first**.
- Due to the chipset resource deployment, the system density will only be detected up to 15+GB (not full 8GB) when each DIMM is installed with a 4GB memory module.

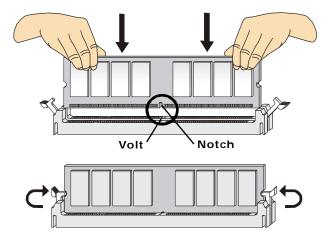
## **Installing Memory Modules**

- 1. The memory module has only one notch on the center and will only fit in the right orientation.
- Insert the memory module vertically into the DIMM slot. Then push it in until the golden finger on the memory module is deeply inserted in the DIMM slot. The plastic clip at each side of the DIMM slot will automatically close when the memory module is properly seated.



You can barely see the golden finger if the memory module is properly inserted in the DIMM slot.

3. Manually check if the memory module has been locked in place by the DIMM slot clips at the sides.



# **Power Supply**

# ATX 24-Pin Power Connector: JPWR1

This connector allows you to connect an ATX 24-pin power supply. To connect the ATX 24-pin power supply, make sure the plug of the power supply is inserted in the proper orientation and the pins are aligned. Then push down the power supply firmly into the connector.

You may use the 20-pin ATX power supply as you like. If you'd like to use the 20-pin ATX power supply, please plug your power supply along with pin 1 & pin 13 (refer to the image at the right hand).



	12 24	PIN	SIGNAL	PIN	SIGNAL
		1	+3.3V	13	+3.3V
		2	+3.3V	14	-12V
		3	GND	15	GND
	I I I	4	+5V	16	PS-ON#
JPWR1		5	GND	17	GND
		6	+5V	18	GND
	<b>r</b>    -	7	GND	19	GND
		8	PWROK	20	Res
	₽₽₩	9	5VSB	21	+5V
		10	+12V	22	+5V
	1 13	11	+12V	23	+5V
		12	+3.3V	24	GND

Pin Definition

# ATX 4-pin Power Connector: JPWR2

This power connector is used to provide power to the CPU.



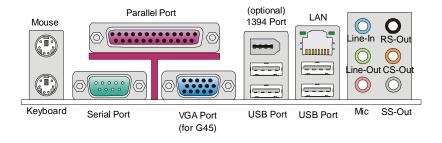
#### Pin Definition

SIGNAL
GND
GND
12V
12V

# Important

- 1. Make sure that all the connectors are connected to proper ATX power supplies to ensure stable operation of the mainboard.
- 2. Power supply of 400 watts (and above) is highly recommended for system stability.

# **Back Panel**



#### Mouse/Keyboard

The standard PS/2<sup>®</sup> mouse/keyboard DIN connector is for a PS/2<sup>®</sup> mouse/keyboard.

#### Parallel Port

A parallel port is a standard printer port that supports Enhanced Parallel Port (EPP) and Extended Capabilities Parallel Port (ECP) mode.

#### Serial Port

The serial port is a 16550A high speed communications port that sends/ receives 16 bytes FIFOs. You can attach a serial mouse or other serial devices directly to the connector.

#### ► VGA Port (for G45)

The DB15-pin female connector is provided for monitor.

#### 1394 Port (optional)

The IEEE1394 port on the back panel provides connection to IEEE1394 devices.

#### USB Port

The USB (Universal Serial Bus) port is for attaching USB devices such as keyboard, mouse, or other USB-compatible devices.

#### ► LAN

The standard RJ-45 LAN jack is for connection Yellow to the Local Area Network (LAN). You can connect a network cable to it.

Green / Orange

LED	Color	LED State	Condition		
		Off	LAN link is not established.		
Left	Yellow	On (steady state)	LAN link is established.		
		On (brighter & pulsing)	The computer is communicating with another computer on the LAN.		
	Green	Off	10 Mbit/sec data rate is selected.		
Right		On	100 Mbit/sec data rate is selected.		
	Orange	On	1000 Mbit/sec data rate is selected.		

#### Audio Ports

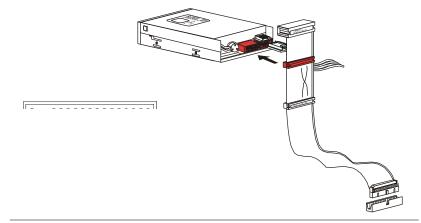
These audio connectors are used for audio devices. It is easy to differentiate between audio effects according to the color of audio jacks.

- Line-In (Blue) Line In is used for external CD player, tapeplayer or other audio devices.
- Line-Out (Green) Line Out, is a connector for speakers or headphones.
- Mic (Pink) Mic, is a connector for microphones.
- **RS-Out (Black)** Rear-Surround Out in 4/ 5.1/ 7.1 channel mode.
- **CS-Out (Orange)** Center/ Subwoofer Out in 5.1/7.1 channel mode.
- **SS-Out (Gray)** Side-Surround Out 7.1 channel mode.

# Connectors

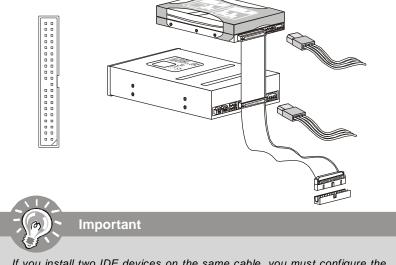
# Floppy Disk Drive Connector: FDD1

This connector supports 360KB, 720KB, 1.2MB, 1.44MB or 2.88MB floppy disk drive.



## IDE Connector: IDE1

This connector supports IDE hard disk drives, optical disk drives and other IDE devices.

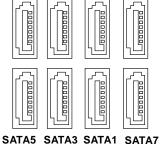


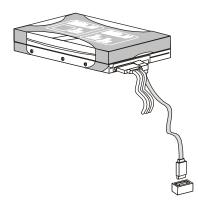
If you install two IDE devices on the same cable, you must configure the drives separately to master / slave mode by setting jumpers. Refer to IDE device's documentation supplied by the vendors for jumper setting instructions.

## Serial ATA Connector: SATA1~8

This connector is a high-speed Serial ATA interface port. Each connector can connect to one Serial ATA device.

# SATA6 SATA4 SATA2 SATA8





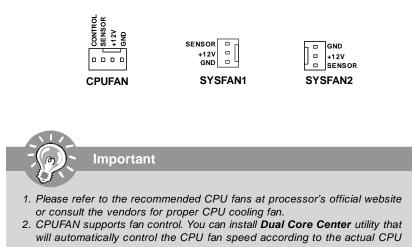
# Important

- 1. Please do not fold the Serial ATA cable into 90-degree angle. Otherwise, data loss may occur during transmission.
- 2. SATA1~6 controlled by ICH10R/ ICH10, and the ICH10R supports RAID 0/ 1/ 0+1/ 5 mode.
- 3. SATA7~8 controlled by JMB 363 and they support RAID 0/ 1 mode.



# Fan Power Connectors: CPUFAN, SYSFAN1~2

The fan power connectors support system cooling fan with +12V. When connecting the wire to the connectors, always note that the red wire is the positive and should be connected to the +12V; the black wire is Ground and should be connected to GND. If the mainboard has a System Hardware Monitor chipset on-board, you must use a specially designed fan with speed sensor to take advantage of the CPU fan control.



temperature. 3. Fan cooler set with 3 or 4 pins power connector are both available for CPUFAN.

## **Chassis Intrusion Connector: JCI1**

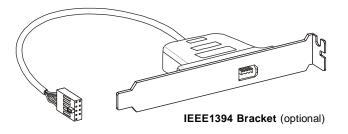
This connector connects to the chassis intrusion switch cable. If the chassis is opened, the chassis intrusion mechanism will be activated. The system will record this status and show a warning message on the screen. To clear the warning, you must enter the BIOS utility and clear the record.

CINTRU I 1 GND 2 JCI1

# IEEE1394 Connector: J1394\_1 (optional)

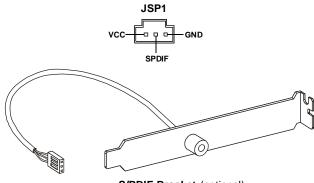
This connector allows you to connect the IEEE1394 device via an optional IEEE1394 bracket.

		Pin Definition			
	PIN	SIGNAL	PIN	SIGNAL	
20000010	1	TPA+	2	TPA-	
100009	3	Ground	4	Ground	
J1394_1	5	TPB+	6	TPB-	
	7	Cablepower	8	Cablepower	
	9	Key (no pin)	10	Ground	



# S/PDIF-Out Connector: JSP1

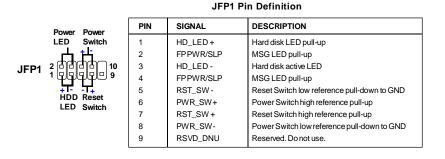
This connector is used to connect S/PDIF (Sony & Philips Digital Interconnect Format) interface for digital audio transmission.

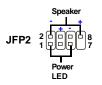


S/PDIF Bracket (optional)

### Front Panel Connectors: JFP1, JFP2

These connectors are for electrical connection to the front panel switches and LEDs. The JFP1 is compliant with Intel<sup>®</sup> Front Panel I/O Connectivity Design Guide.





#### JFP2 Pin Definition

PIN	SIGNAL	DESCRIPTION	
1	GND	Ground	
2	SPK-	Speaker-	
3	SLED	SuspendLED	
4	BUZ+	Buzzer+	
5	PLED	PowerLED	
6	BUZ-	Buzzer-	
7	NC	Noconnection	
8	SPK+	Speaker+	

#### **CD-In Connector: JCD1**

This connector is provided for external audio input.



# Front Panel Audio Connector: JAUD1

This connector allows you to connect the front panel audio and is compliant with Intel<sup>®</sup> Front Panel I/O Connectivity Design Guide.



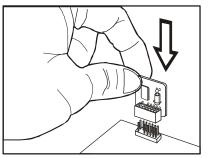
#### HD Audio Pin Definition

PIN	SIGNAL	DESCRIPTION	
1	MIC_L	Microphone - Left channel	
2	GND	Ground	
3	MIC_R	Microphone - Right channel	
4	NC		
5	LINE out_R	Analog Port - Right channel	
6	MIC_JD	Jack detection return from front panel microphone JACK1	
7	Front_JD	Jack detection sense line from the High Definition Audio CODEC	
		jack detection resistor network	
8	NC	No control	
9	LINE out_L	Analog Port - Left channel	
10	LINEout_JD	Jack detection return from front panel JACK2	

# **TPM Module Connector: JTPM1 (optinoal)**

This connector connects to a TPM (Trusted Platform Module) module (optional). Please refer to the TPM security platform manual for more details and usages.





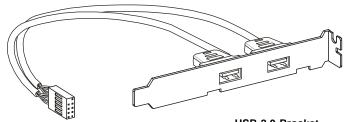
	Pin	Signal	Description	Pin	Signal	Description
	1	LCLK	LPCclock	2	3V_STB	3Vstandbypower
	3	LRST#	LPC reset	4	VCC3	3.3Vpower
	5	LAD0	LPC address & data pin0	6	SIRQ	Serial IRQ
	7	LAD1	LPC address & data pin1	8	VCC5	5Vpower
	9	LAD2	LPC address & data pin2	10	KEY	Nopin
	11	LAD3	LPC address & data pin3	12	GND	Ground
	13	LFRAME#	LPCFrame	14	GND	Ground
- 1						

### Front USB Connector: JUSB1~4

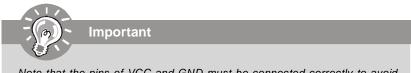
These connectors, compliant with Intel<sup>®</sup> I/O Connectivity Design Guide, is ideal for connecting high-speed USB interface peripherals such as **USB HDD**, **digital cameras**, **MP3 players**, **printers**, **modems and the like**.

10 9	PIN	SIGNAL	PIN	SIGNAL	
	1	VCC	2	VCC	
	3	USB0-	4	USB1-	
2001	5	USB0+	6	USB1+	
	7	GND	8	GND	
JUSB1~4	9	Key (no pin)	10	NC	

Pin Definition



USB 2.0 Bracket (optional)

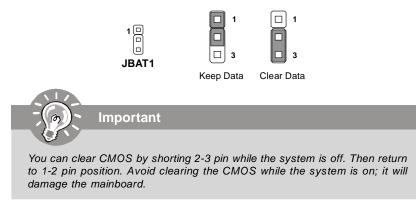


Note that the pins of VCC and GND must be connected correctly to avoid possible damage.

# Jumpers

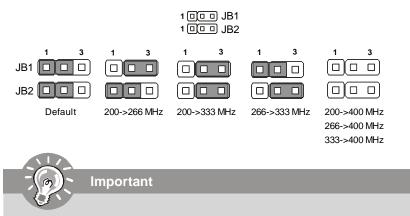
# **Clear CMOS Jumper: JBAT1**

There is a CMOS RAM onboard that has a power supply from an external battery to keep the data of system configuration. With the CMOS RAM, the system can automatically boot OS every time it is turned on. If you want to clear the system configuration, set the jumper to clear data.

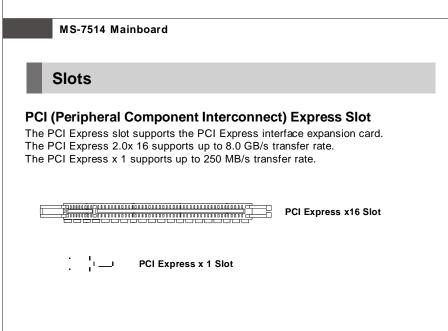


## Hardware Overclock FSB Jumpers: JB1, JB2

You can overclock the FSB to increase the processor frequency by changing the jumpers JB1 and JB2. Follow the instructions below to set the FSB.

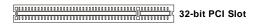


- 1. Make sure that you power off the system before changing the jumpers.
- 2. Overclocking may cause instability or crash during boot, then please restore the jumpers to default.



# PCI (Peripheral Component Interconnect) Slot

The PCI slot supports LAN card, SCSI card, USB card, and other add-on cards that comply with PCI specifications.





When adding or removing expansion cards, make sure that you unplug the power supply first. Meanwhile, read the documentation for the expansion card to configure any necessary hardware or software settings for the expansion card, such as jumpers, switches or BIOS configuration.

# **PCI Interrupt Request Routing**

The IRQ, acronym of interrupt request line and pronounced I-R-Q, are hardware lines over which devices can send interrupt signals to the microprocessor. The PCI IRQ pins are typically connected to the PCI bus pins as follows:

	Order 1	Order 2	Order 3	Order 4
PCI Slot 1	INTA#	INT B#	INT C#	INTD#
PCI Slot 2	INT E#	INT F#	INTG#	INT H#
PCI Slot 3	INT F#	INTG#	INT H#	INT E#
PCI Slot 4	INTG#	INT H#	INT E#	INT F#

#### **BIOS Setup**

# Chapter 3 BIOS Setup

This chapter provides information on the BIOS Setup program and allows you to configure the system for optimum use.

You may need to run the Setup program when:

- <sup>2</sup> An error message appears on the screen during the system booting up, and requests you to run SETUP.
- <sup>2</sup> You want to change the default settings for customized features.



# **Entering Setup**

Power on the computer and the system will start POST (Power On Self Test) process. When the message below appears on the screen, press <DEL> key to enter Setup.

# Press DEL to enter SETUP

If the message disappears before you respond and you still wish to enter Setup, restart the system by turning it OFF and On or pressing the RESET button. You may also restart the system by simultaneously pressing <Ctrl>, <Alt>, and <Delete> keys.

Important

- The items under each BIOS category described in this chapter are under continuous update for better system performance. Therefore, the description may be slightly different from the latest BIOS and should be held for reference only.
- 2. Upon boot-up, the 1st line appearing after the memory count is the BIOS version. It is usually in the format:

A7514IMS V1.0 040108 where:

1st digit refers to BIOS maker as A = AMI, W = AWARD, and P = PHOENIX. 2nd - 5th digit refers to the model number. 6th digit refers to the chipset as I = Intel, N = nVidia, and V = VIA. 7th - 8th digit refers to the customer as MS = all standard customers. V1.0 refers to the BIOS version. 040108 refers to the date this BIOS was released.

## **Control Keys**

<↑>	Move to the previous item
<↓>	Move to the next item
<⇔>	Move to the item in the left hand
<→>	Move to the item in the right hand
<enter></enter>	Select the item
<esc></esc>	Jumps to the Exit menu or returns to the main menu from a
	submenu
<+/PU>	Increase the numeric value or make changes
<-/PD>	Decrease the numeric value or make changes
<f6></f6>	Load Optimized Defaults
<f10></f10>	Save all the CMOS changes and exit

# **Getting Help**

After entering the Setup menu, the first menu you will see is the Main Menu.

#### Main Menu

The main menu lists the setup functions you can make changes to. You can use the arrow keys (  $\uparrow\downarrow$ ) to select the item. The on-line description of the highlighted setup function is displayed at the bottom of the screen.

#### Sub-Menu

If you find a right pointer symbol (as shown in the right view) appears to the left of certain fields that means a sub-menu can be launched from this field. A sub-menu contains additional options for a field parameter. You can use arrow keys ( $\uparrow\downarrow$ ) to highlight the field and press <Enter> to call up the



sub-menu. Then you can use the control keys to enter values and move from field to field within a sub-menu. If you want to return to the main menu, just press the <Esc >.

# General Help <F1>

The BIOS setup program provides a General Help screen. You can call up this screen from any menu by simply pressing <F1>. The Help screen lists the appropriate keys to use and the possible selections for the highlighted item. Press <Esc> to exit the Help screen.



#### Standard CMOS Features

Use this menu for basic system configurations, such as time, date etc.

#### Advanced BIOS Features

Use this menu to setup the items of AMI® special enhanced features.

#### Integrated Peripherals

Use this menu to specify your settings for integrated peripherals.

#### Power Management Setup

Use this menu to specify your settings for power management.

#### H/W Monitor

This entry shows your PC health status.

#### BIOS Setting Password

Use this menu to set the password for BIOS.

#### Cell Menu

Use this menu to specify your settings for frequency/voltage control and overclocking.

#### USER SETTINGS

Use this menu to save/ load your settings to/ from CMOS for BIOS.

### ► Load Fail-Safe Defaults

Use this menu to load the default values set by the BIOS vendor for stable system performance.

#### Load Optimized Defaults

Use this menu to load the default values set by the mainboard manufacturer specifically for optimal performance of the mainboard.

#### Save & Exit Setup

Save changes to CMOS and exit setup.

#### Exit Without Saving

Abandon all changes and exit setup.

# **Standard CMOS Features**

The items in Standard CMOS Features Menu includes some basic setup items. Use the arrow keys to highlight the item and then use the <PgUp> or <PgDn> keys to select the value you want in each item.

Date (MM:DD:YY) :	lWed 04/30/20081	Help Item
Time (HH:MM:SS) :	[00:06:04]	
		Use [ENTER], [TAB]
▶ IDE Master	[Not Detected]	or [SHIFT-TAB] to
► IDE Slave	[Not Detected]	select a field.
SATA 1	[Not Detected]	
▶ Sata 2	[Not Detected]	Use [+] or [-] to
▶ Sata 3	[Not Detected]	configure system Date
► SATA 4	[Not Detected]	
▶ SATA 5	[Not Detected]	
► SATA 6	[Not Detected]	
► SATA 7	INot Detected	
▶ Sata 8	[Not Detected]	
Floppy Drive A	[Not Installed]	
Halt On	[All Errors]	
▶ System Information	IPress Enterl	
▶ System Information	Press Enterl	

#### ► Date (MM:DD:YY)

This allows you to set the system to the date that you want (usually the current date). The format is <day><month> <date> <year>.

Day of the week, from Sun to Sat, determined by
BIOS. Read-only.
The month from Jan. to Dec.
The date from 1 to 31 can be keyed by numeric function keys.
The year can be adjusted by users.

#### ► Time (HH:MM:SS)

This allows you to set the system time that you want (usually the current time). The time format is <hour> <minute> <second>.

#### ▶ IDE Master/ Slave, SATA1~8

Press <Enter> to enter the sub-menu, and the following screen appears.

CMOS Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 1985-2005, American Megatrends, Inc. SATA3			
SATA3			Help Item
Device Vendor Size	:Hard Disk :HDS728080PLA380 :82.368		Disabled: Disables LBA Mode. Auto: Enables LBA Mode if the device
LBA/Larg DMA Mode Hard Dis		<mark>[Auto]</mark> [Auto] [Auto]	<ul> <li>node if the device</li> <li>supports it and the</li> <li>device is not already</li> <li>formatted with LDA</li> <li>Mode disabled.</li> </ul>

#### Device / Vendor / Size

It will showing the device information that you connected to the SATA connector.

#### ► LBA/Large Mode

This allows you to enable or disable the LBA Mode. Setting to Auto enables LBA mode if the device supports it and the devices is not already formatted with LBA mode disabled.

#### DMA Mode

Select DMA Mode.

#### ► Hard Disk S.M.A.R.T.

This allows you to activate the S.M.A.R.T. (Self-Monitoring Analysis & Reporting Technology) capability for the hard disks. S.M.A.R.T is a utility that monitors your disk status to predict hard disk failure. This gives you an opportunity to move data from a hard disk that is going to fail to a safe place before the hard disk becomes offline.



*IDE Master/ Slave, SATA 1~8* are appearing when you connect the HD devices to the IDE/ SATA connectors on the mainboard.

#### Floppy Drive A

This item allows you to set the type of floppy drives installed. Available options: [Not install], [360KB, [1.2MB], [720KB], [1.44MB], [2.88MB].

#### Halt On

The setting determines whether the system will stop if an error is detected at boot. When the system stops for the errors preset, it will halt on for 15 seconds and then automatically resume its operation. Available options are:

[All Errors]	The system stops when any error is detected.
[No Errors]	The system doesn't stop for any detected error.
[All, But Keyboard]	The system doesn't stop for a keyboard error.
[All, But Diskette]	The system doesn't stop for a disk error.
[All, But Disk/Key]	The system doesn't stop for either a disk or a key-
	board error.

### System Information

Press <Enter> to enter the sub-menu, and the following screen appears.

CMOS Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 1905-2005, A System Information	mer <mark>ican Megatrends, Inc.</mark>
Intel(R) Core(TM)2 Duo CPU E6550 0 2.33GHz CPUID/MicroCode 06FB/86 CPU Frequency 2.33GHz (333x7) BIOS Version VI.0823 04302000 Physical Menory 512MB Cache Size 4096 KB	Help Item
14↔:Move Enter:Select +/-/:Value F10:Save F5:Memory-Z F8:Fail-Safe Defaults	ESC:Exit F1:General Help F6:Optimized Defaults

This sub-menu shows the CPU information, BIOS version and memory status of your system (read only).

# **Advanced BIOS Features**

Pail Screen Logn Display Guide Norting Boot as New Lock LED 10021C Function NY: Table Version Primary Graphic's Adaptor Pril Latona, Time • CRI Fasture • CRI Fasture • CRI Fasture • CRI Fasture • CRI Sequence • Tracted Cosporting	Dinabio0 Hosbio0 Ibol Ensbiell UCID UCID Here: Ester1 Here: Ester1 Here: Ester1 Res: Ester1 Res: Ester1 Res: Ester1	Help-Hom
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#### ► Full Screen Logo Display

This item enables this system to show the company logo on the bootup screen. Settings are:

[Enabled] [Disabled]

Shows a still image (logo) on the full screen at boot. Shows the POST messages at boot.

#### Quick Booting

Setting the item to [Enabled] allows the system to boot within 10 seconds since it will skip some check items.

#### Boot Up Num-Lock LED

This setting is to set the Num Lock status when the system is powered on. Setting to [On] will turn on the Num Lock key when the system is powered on. Setting to [Off] will allow users to use the arrow keys on the numeric keypad.

#### ► IOAPIC Function

This field is used to enable or disable the APIC (Advanced Programmable Interrupt Controller). Due to compliance with PC2001 design guide, the system is able to run in APIC mode. Enabling APIC mode will expand available IRQ resources for the system.

#### MPS Table Version

This field allows you to select which MPS (Multi-Processor Specification) version to be used for the operating system. You need to select the MPS version supported by your operating system. To find out which version to use, consult the vendor of your operating system.

#### ▶ Primary Graphic's Adapter

This setting specifies which graphic card is your primary graphics adapter.

#### ► PCI Latency Timer

This item controls how long each PCI device can hold the bus before another takes over. When set to higher values, every PCI device can conduct transactions for a longer time and thus improve the effective PCI bandwidth. For better PCI performance, you should set the item to higher values.

#### CPU Feature

Press <Enter> to enter the sub-menu and the following screen appears:

ONS Setup It Lists - Courtesht 40 1985-2085, Avertican Resistends, Inc. ON Feature		
Decate Bit Support Set Limit (MED Bodis) in 3	Disabled Disabled	Help Iten Wen disabled, Force Dar XX feature flag in

#### Execute Bit Support

Intel's Execute Disable Bit functionality can prevent certain classes of malicious "buffer overflow" attacks when combined with a supporting operating system. This functionality allows the processor to classify areas in memory by where application code can execute and where it cannot. When a malicious worm attempts to insert code in the buffer, the processor disables code execution, preventing damage or worm propagation.

#### ► Set Limit CPUID MaxVal to 3

The Max CPUID Value Limit is designed limit the listed speed of the processor to older operating systems.

#### Chipset Feature

Press <Enter> to enter the sub-menu and the following screen appears:



#### ► HPET

The HPET (High Precision Event Timers) is a component that is part of the chipset. You can enable it, and it will provide you with the means to get to it via the various ACPI methods.

#### Boot Sequence

Press <Enter> to enter the sub-menu and the following screen appears:

CHUS Setting Of 1111g - Copyort	ght CO 1905-2005, Amer Boot Sequence	Ican Rejatrends, Inc.
1st Boot Device 2nd Boot Device	List PLOPE DRL 1058: Netac Unital	Help Itm
Boot From Diller Device	Trest	Specifies the boot

#### ▶ 1st/ 2nd Boot Device

The items allow you to set the first/ second boot device where BIOS attempts to load the disk operating system.

#### ► Boot From Other Device

Setting the option to [Yes] allows the system to try to boot from other device, if the system fails to boot from 1st/ 2nd boot device.

#### Trusted Computing

Press <Enter> to enter the sub-menu and the following screen appears:

CNCC Setup 01/11/19 - Copur Iol Th	nt 00 1905-2005, Am united Competing	orican Nogalacendo, Inc.
Trusted Cogniting		Hilp:Itan
TOUTH SUPERT Execute 1970 Convent Closer by The TM TM Each Collocable Status TM Base: Status	Den't changed Den't changed Decos Enters Dis Dilated Dio Stated	Enclote/Disable 114 105 (124) 1.1/1.25 sugge in 8005

#### ► TCG/TPM SUPPORT

Setting the option to [Yes] enables TPM (Trusted Platform Module) to the system.

#### **Execute TPM Command**

Setting the option to [Enable] allows the system to execute TPM Command.

#### ► Clearing the TPM

Press Enter to clear the TPM status.

#### ► TPM Enable/Disable status, TPM Owner Status

These items show the status of TPM (read only).



#### ► USB Controller

This setting allows you to enable/disable the onboard USB controller.

#### USB Device Legacy Support

Select [Enabled] if you need to use a USB-interfaced device in the operating system.

#### Onboard LAN Controller

This item is used to enable/disable the onboard 1st LAN controller.

#### LAN Option ROM

This item is used to decide whether to invoke the Boot ROM of the LAN controller.

#### Onboard IEEE1394 Controller

This item allows you to enable/disable the onboard IEEE1394 controller.

#### JMicron 363 ATA Controller

This item allows you to enable/disable the JMicron controller.

#### ► HD Audio Controller

This setting is used to enable/disable the onboard audio controller.

#### On-Chip ATA Devices

Press <Enter> to enter the sub-menu and the following screen appears:

CNUS Setas Utility - Cosuri O	cht 00 1905-2005, Aw n-Chip Min Devices	erican Negatrends, Inc.
201 IDE Busflaster De Chip Siffi Control lor	Disabled Exchini	Help Iten
RilD Role	Different Sarlan 1	DISHBLED: Use if this channel on card door

#### ► PCI IDE BusMaster

This item allows you to enable/ disable BIOS to used PCI busmastering for reading/ writing to IDE drives.

#### On-Chip SATA Controller

These items allow users to enable or disable the SATA controller.

#### RAID Mode

This item allows you to configure SATA RAID mode. Setting options: [RAID], [AHCI] or [IDE].

#### ► AHCI Configuration

When the "RAID Mode" sets to [AHCI], this field is available. Press <Enter> to enter the sub-menu and the following screen appears:

- CNUS Setap DH11Hu Councight UC 1905-2005, Awerican Meditrends, Inc. 7HCl Configuration		
000 Settings		Help Iten
HRI CD/040 Boot Time out		Some Shife CD/DUD in
+ 6003 Port1 + 6003 Port2	Dot Detected) Dot Detected)	ARCI mole need to with ready longer.

#### ► AHCI CD/DVD Boot Time out

Select the waiting time for the AHCI CD/ DVD when booting.

#### AHCI Port 1~6

Press <Enter> to enter the sub-menu and the following screen appears:

DNS Selap Utility - Copyright 03 1905-2005, American Repairments, Inc. HCI Parti		
ANCI Pre-L1		Help Itan
Decine (Ref. Detected		Select the type of device connected
NRI Het 1 Net Disk S.R.A.R.1	District Longblood	to the system.

#### AHCI Port 1~6

Select the type of device.

#### ► Hard Disk S.M.A.R.T.

This allows you to activate the S.M.A.R.T. (Self-Monitoring Analysis & Reporting Technology) capability for the hard disks. S.M.A.R.T is a utility that monitors your disk status to predict hard disk failure. This gives you an opportunity to move data from a hard disk that is going to fail to a safe place before the hard disk becomes offline.

#### I/O Device

Press <Enter> to enter the sub-menu and the following screen appears:

CHUS Setan Of ITHU - Con	Elebt 100 1985-2005, Anex 170 Devices	Itan fleastrends, Inc.
Off Port 1 Parallel Port	I STOVINGAL	Help Iten
Parallel Port Hode	Di-Directionali	Allows 9003 to Select Sectal Partil Base

#### COM Port 1

Select an address and corresponding interrupt for the first serial port.

#### Parallel Port

There is a built-in parallel port on the on-board Super I/O chipset that provides Standard, ECP, and EPP features. It has the following options:

[Disabled]

[3BC]	Line Printer port 0
[278]	Line Printer port 2
[378]	Line Printer port 1

#### ► Parallel Port Mode

 [Normal]
 Standard Parallel Port

 [EPP]
 Enhanced Parallel Port

 [ECP]
 Extended Capability Port

 [ECP+EPP]
 Extended Capability Port + Enhanced Parallel Port

 [Bi-Directional]
 Extended Capability Port + Enhanced Parallel Port

To operate the onboard parallel port as Standard Parallel Port only, choose [Normal]. To operate the onboard parallel port in the EPP mode simultaneously, choose [EPP]. By choosing [ECP], the onboard parallel port will operate in ECP mode only. Choosing [ECP + EPP] will allow the onboard parallel port to support both the ECP and EPP modes simultaneously.

# **Power Management Setup**



Important

S3-related functions described in this section are available only when your BIOS supports S3 sleep mode.

#### ACPI Function

This item is to activate the ACPI (Advanced Configuration and Power Management Interface) Function. If your operating system is ACPI-aware, such as Windows 2000/ XP, select [Enabled].

#### ► ACPI Standby State

This item specifies the power saving modes for ACPI function. If your operating system supports ACPI, such as Windows 2000/ XP, you can choose to enter the Standby mode in S1(POS) or S3(STR) fashion through the setting of this field. Settings are:

- [S1] The S1 sleep mode is a low power state. In this state, no system context is lost (CPU or chipset) and hardware maintains all system context.
- [S3] The S3 sleep mode is a lower power state where the in formation of system configuration and open applications/files is saved to main memory that remains powered while most other hardware components turn off to save energy. The information stored in memory will be used to restore the system when a "wake up" event occurs.

#### ► Power Button Function

This feature sets the function of the power button. Settings are:

[Power On/ Off] The power button functions as normal power off button.
 [Suspend] When you press the power button, the computer enters the suspend/sleep mode, but if the button is pressed for more than four seconds, the computer is turned off.

#### Restore On AC Power Loss

This item specifies whether your system will reboot after a power failure or interrupt occurs. Settings are:

[Off]	Always leaves the computer in the power off state.
[On]	Always leaves the computer in the power on state.
[Last State]	Restores the system to the status before power failure
	or interrupt occurred.

#### ► Wake Up Event Setup

Press <Enter> and the following sub-menu appears.

- CNUS Setup Utilitu - CourteNt. 00 1905-2005, American Reputrends, Tr Union Up Event Setup		
Nake Up Event By Resource From 23 By 1881 Devicer	Disabled)	Help Iten
tesure From 33 By PS/2 Keyboard	Disabled	Options
Research From 33 By 45/2 Number	Bischied) Bischied	
Resame By PLI Novice (PTER) Resame By PCI-8 Device	(Bushles)	BILS CS
Resume by RIC Alarm	Dinabled	100

#### ► Wake Up Event By

Setting to [BIOS] activates the following fields, and use the following fields to set the wake up events. Setting to [OS], the wake up events will be defined by OS.

#### Resume From S3 By USB Device

The item allows the activity of the USB device to wake up the system from S3 (Suspend to RAM) sleep state.

#### ► Resume From S3 By PS/2 Keyboard

This setting determines whether the system will be awakened from what power saving modes when input signal of the PS/2 keyboard is detected.

#### Resume From S3 By PS/2 Mouse

This setting determines whether the system will be awakened from what power saving modes when input signal of the PS/2 mouse is detected.

#### Resume By PCI Device (PME#)

When set to [Enabled], the feature allows your system to be awakened from the power saving modes through any event on PME (Power Management Event).

### ► Resume By PCI-E Device

When set to [Enabled], the feature allows your system to be awakened from the power saving modes through any event on PCIE device.

### ▶ Resume By RTC Alarm

The field is used to enable or disable the feature of booting up the system on a scheduled time/date.

# **H/W Monitor**

Cheesie Intronion	Dissipation	Hilg-Jian
CHI Smert fan Tanget 213 FMH 1 Control 253 FMH 2 Control	10 (sabiel) 11 (sa) 11 (sa)	Oussis Intrasion fun
IC No.111 CPU Temperation Sectors Temperation CPU Frei Speed SEST Frei T. Speed CPU Unors 3. 20 0.0 5.2 50 120	1 21-41-00 	

#### ► Chassis Intrusion

The field enables or disables the feature of recording the chassis intrusion status and issuing a warning message if the chassis is once opened. To clear the warning message, set the field to [Reset]. The setting of the field will automatically return to [Enabled] later.

#### CPU Smart FAN Target

The mainboard provides the Smart Fan function which can control the CPU fan speed automatically depending on the current temperature to keep it with in a specific range. You can enable a fan target value here. If the current CPU fan temperature reaches to the target value, the smart fan function will be activated. It provides several sections to speed up for cooling down automatically.

#### SYS FAN1/2 Control

This item allows users to select how percentage of speed for the SYS FAN1/2.

#### PC Health Status

# ► CPU/ System Temperature, CPU FAN/ SYS FAN Speed, CPU Vcore, 3. 3V, 5V, 12V

These items display the current status of all of the monitored hardware devices/ components such as CPU voltage, temperatures and all fans' speeds.

# **BIOS Setting Password**

When you select this function, a message as below will appear on the screen:



Type the password, up to six characters in length, and press <Enter>. The password typed now will replace any previously set password from CMOS memory. You will be prompted to confirm the password. Retype the password and press <Enter>. You may also press <Esc> to abort the selection and not enter a password.

To clear a set password, just press <Enter> when you are prompted to enter the password. A message will show up confirming the password will be disabled. Once the password is disabled, the system will boot and you can enter Setup without entering any password.

When a password has been set, you will be prompted to enter it every time you try to enter Setup. This prevents an unauthorized person from changing any part of your system configuration.

# Cell Menu

arrent CBI Frequency accept MAR Frequency	2.130Hz (2008) 4 100PHz	Hilp Iton
8.0.1. Content Intel E13 Algest CVI 538 Pressurey, 1963 Algestal CVI Despersoy, 1964	101:seb1ed1 Urreb1ed0 12660 1270:11	Private 12 Seguent 32 Seguent 52
<ul> <li>Novance SRM Configuration REPORT Ratio</li> <li>Adjusted DRM Programmy Physics</li> </ul>	Threes Eater) Distol 1000	Colonet 77 General 107 Consumber 157 Disabled
neto Disable DOPVICI lingung	18mahi m5	
CPU Voltage 00 DBMH Voltage 00 NB Voltage 00 UTT PSB Voltage 00 CTT PSB Voltage 00	fractual fractual fractual fractual fractual fractual	
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Important

Change these settings only if you are familiar with the chipset.

#### Current CPU / DRAM Frequency

These items show the current clocks of CPU and Memory speed. Read-only.

#### D.O.T. Control

D.O.T. (Dynamic Overclocking Technology) is an automatic overclocking function, included in the MSI<sup>™</sup>'s newly developed Dual CoreCell<sup>™</sup> Technology. It is designed to detect the load balance of CPU while running programs, and to adjust the best frequency automatically. When the mainboard detects system is running programs, it will speed up automatically to make the program run smoothly and faster. When the system is temporarily suspending or staying in the low load balance, it will restore the default settings instead. Usually the Dynamic Overclocking Technology will be powered only when users' PC need to run huge amount of data like 3D games or the video process, and the CPU and PCIE frequency need to be boosted up to enhance the overall performance.



Important

Even though the Dynamic Overclocking Technology is more stable than manual overclocking, basically, it is still risky. We suggest user to make sure that your CPU / memory modules can afford to overclocking regularly first. If you find the PC appears to be unstable or reboot incidentally, it's better to disable the Dynamic Overclocking or to lower the level of overclocking options. By the way, if you need to conduct overclocking manually, you also need to disable the Dynamic OverClocking first.

#### Intel EIST

The Enhanced Intel SpeedStep technology allows you to set the performance level of the microprocessor whether the computer is running on battery or AC power. This field will appear after you installed the CPU which support speedstep technology.

#### Adjust CPU FSB Frequency (MHz)

This item allows you to set the CPU FSB frequency (in MHz). This item will disappear after you set the

#### Adjusted CPU FSB Frequency (MHz)

It shows the adjusted CPU frequency (FSB x Ratio). Read-only.

#### Advance DRAM Configuration

Press <Enter> to enter the sub-menu and the following screen appears.

CRUS Setting Ot 111 to Copur lahr Advance	t do 1905-2005. Aw 2004 Configuration	
Configurer 0005 Timing by SIO + NOVER 2	Indal Press fated	Help Har
- PERMIT A	Intes Liten	

#### ► Configure DRAM Timing by SPD

Setting to [Auto] enables DRAM CAS# Latency automatically to be determined by BIOS based on the configurations on the SPD (Serial Presence Detect) EEPROM on the DRAM module.

#### MEMORY-Z

Press <Enter> to enter the sub-menu and the following screen appears.

ING Seing Dilling – Coggripht IC 1965-2005, Ameri Neturi-2	om Negatrends, Inc.
• WMRI Recory 30 Information - Invest Enterl	Help Iten

#### DIMM1~4 Memory SPD Infromation

Press <Enter> to enter the sub-menu and the following screen appears.

CR05 Setup Diffity - Copyright 03 1905-200 DIMI Neway SP0 Info	
Billitti Reserve S20 Inframe Line           Denny, Toper, 2002, 2000ff           Roming Toper, 2002, 2000ff           Part & Roslew 200           Derio I, Roslew 200           Rowery OS, Latency Support 4.5           20000, COLD, DIFC2, See           REDRE, TS20, 12, Solve SCD0           REDRE, TS21, 15, Solve SCD0           REDRE, TS32, 15, Solve SCD0	Holp Hor

#### ► DIMM1~4 Memory SPD Infromation

These items display the current status of the current DIMM Memory speed information such as memory type, max bandwidth, manufacture, part number, serial number, SDRAM cycle time, DRAM TCL, DRAM TRCD, DRAM TRP, DRAM TRAS, DRAM TRFC, DRAM TWR, DRAM TWTR, DRAM TRRD and DRAM TRTP. They are read only.

#### ► FSB/DRAM Ratio

This item will allow you to adjust the ratio of FSB to memory.

#### Adjusted DRAM Frequency (MHz)

It shows the adjusted DDR Memory frequency. Read-only.

#### Auto Disable DRAM/PCI Frequency

When set to [Enabled], the system will remove (turn off) clocks from empty DIMM and PCI slots to minimize the electromagnetic interference (EMI).

# ► CPU Voltage (V) / DRAM Voltage (V) / NB Voltage (V) / VTT FSB Voltage(V) / SB Voltage (V)

These items are used to asjust the voltage of CPU, Memory, FSB and chipset.

#### Spread Spectrum

When the mainboard's clock generator pulses, the extreme values (spikes) of the pulses create EMI (Electromagnetic Interference). The Spread Spectrum function reduces the EMI generated by modulating the pulses so that the spikes of the pulses are reduced to flatter curves. If you do not have any EMI problem, leave the setting at Disabled for optimal system stability and performance. But if you are plagued by EMI, set to Enabled for EMI reduction. Remember to disable Spread Spectrum if you are overclocking because even a slight jitter can introduce a temporary boost in clock speed which may just cause your overclocked processor to lock up.



# Important

- 1. If you do not have any EMI problem, leave the setting at [Disabled] for optimal system stability and performance. But if you are plagued by EMI, select the value of Spread Spectrum for EMI reduction.
- 2. The greater the Spread Spectrum value is, the greater the EMI is reduced, and the system will become less stable. For the most suitable Spread Spectrum value, please consult your local EMI regulation.
- 3. Remember to disable Spread Spectrum if you are overclocking because even a slight jitter can introduce a temporary boost in clock speed which may just cause your overclocked processor to lock up.

CHCS Series Chilling - C	ourlaht 00 1905-2005 Aw 1928 SETTING	a lon Noklaanin Da
Same Settings 1 Even Settings 1	Dates Robert	Hilp Iton
Sove Settings 2 Ined Settings 2	iPress Debei iPress Tobeil	See Correct SERF Settings to shore

#### ► Save Settings 1/ 2

These items are used to save the settings set by yourself to CMOS.

### ► Load Settings 1/ 2

These items are available after you save your settings in **Save Settings 1/ 2** items , and are used to load the settings from CMOS.

# Load Fail-Safe/ Optimized Defaults

The two options on the main menu allow users to restore all of the BIOS settings to the default Fail-Safe or Optimized values. The Optimized Defaults are the default values set by the mainboard manufacturer specifically for optimal performance of the mainboard. The Fail-Safe Defaults are the default values set by the BIOS vendor for stable system performance.

When you select Load Fail-Safe Defaults, a message as below appears:



Selecting Ok and pressing *Enter* loads the BIOS default values for the most stable, minimal system performance.

When you select Load Optimized Defaults, a message as below appears:



Selecting Ok and pressing *Enter* loads the default factory settings for optimal system performance.



The Realtek ALC888 provides 10-channel DAC that simultaneously supports 7.1 sound playback and 2 channels of independent stereo sound output (multiple streaming) through the Front-Out-Left and Front-Out-Right channels.



# Installing the Realtek HD Audio Driver

You need to install the HD audio driver for Realtek ALC888 codec to function properly before you can get access to 2-, 4-, 6-, 8- channel or 7.1+2 channel audio operations. Follow the procedures described below to install the drivers for different operating systems.

## Installation for Windows XP/ Vista

For Windows<sup>®</sup> XP, you must install Windows<sup>®</sup> XP Service Pack1 or later before installing the driver.

The following illustrations are based on Windows<sup>®</sup> XP environment and could look slightly different if you install the drivers in different operating systems.

1. Insert the application CD into the CD-ROM drive. The setup screen will automatically appear.

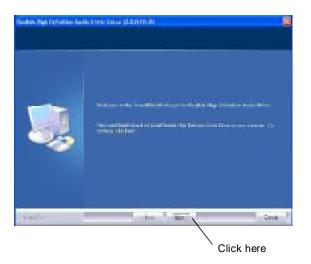


2. Click Realtek HD Audio Driver.



The **HD Audio Configuration** software utility is under continuous update to enhance audio applications. Hence, the program screens shown here in this section may be slightly different from the latest software utility and shall be held for reference only.

3. Click Next to install the Realtek High Definition Audio Driver.



4. Click Finish to restart the system.



# **Software Configuration**

After installing the audio driver, you are able to use the 2-, 4-, 6- or 8- channel audio feature now. Click the audio icon i from the system tray at the lower-right corner of the screen to activate the HD Audio Configuration. It is also available to enable the HD Audio Configuration by clicking the Realtek HD Audio Manager from the Control Panel.





#### Realtek ALC888 Audio

### Sound Effect

Here you can select a sound effect you like from the Environment list.



#### **Environment Simulation**

You will be able to enjoy different sound experience by pulling down the arrow, several kinds of sound effect will be shown for selection. Realtek HD Audio Sound Manager also provides five popular settings "Stone Corridor", "Bathroom", "Sewer pipe", "Arena" and "Audio Corridor" for quick enjoyment.

You may choose the provided sound effects, and the equalizer will adjust automatically. If you like, you may also load an equalizer setting or make an new equalizer setting to save as an new one by using the "Load EQ Setting" and "Save Preset" button, click "Reset EQ Setting" button to use the default value, or click "Delete EQ Setting" button to remove a preset EQ setting.

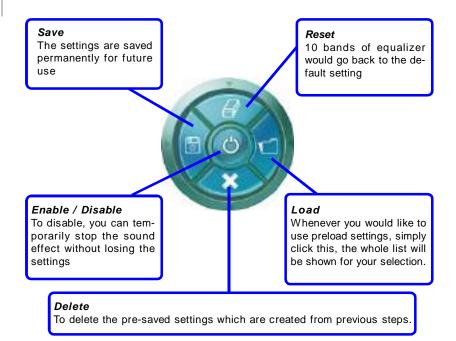
There are also other pre-set equalizer models for you to choose by clicking "Others" under the **Equalizer** part.

#### Equalizer Selection

Equalizer frees users from default settings; users may create their owned preferred settings by utilizing this tool.

10 bands of equalizer, ranging from 100Hz to 16KHz.





#### Frequently Used Equalizer Setting

Realtek recognizes the needs that you might have. By leveraging our long experience at audio field, Realtek HD Audio Sound Manager provides you certain optimized equalizer settings that are frequently used for your quick enjoyment.

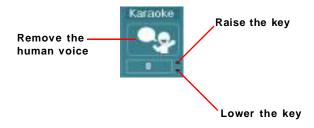
#### [How to Use It]

Other than the buttons "Pop" "Live" "Club" & "Rock" shown on the page, to pull down the arrow in "Others", you will find more optimized settings available to you.

#### Karaoke Mode

Karaoke mode brings Karaoke fun back home. Simply using the music you usually play, Karaoke mode can help you eliminate the vocal of the song or adjust the key to accommodate your range.

- 1.Vocal Cancellation: Single click on "Voice Cancellation", the vocal of the song would be eliminated, while the background music is still in place, and you can be that singer!
- 2.Key Adjustment: Using "Up / Down Arrow" to find a key which better fits your vocal range.



### Mixer

In the Mixer part, you may adjust the volumes of the rear and front panels individually.

#### 1. Adjust Volume

You can adjust the volume of the speakers that you plugged in front or rear panel by select the **Realtek HD Audio rear output** or **Realtek HD Audio front output** items.



Important

Before set up, please make sure the playback devices are well plugged in the jacks on the rear or front panel. The **Realtek HD Audio front output** item will appear after you plugging the speakers into the jacks on the front panel.

#### 2. Multi-Stream Function

ALC888 supports an outstanding feature called Multi-Stream, which means you may play different audio sources simultaneously and let them output respectively from the indicated real panel or front panel. This feature is very helpful when 2 people are using the same computer together for different purposes.

Click the study button and the Mixer **ToolBox** menu will appear. Then check the **Enable playback multi-streaming** and click **OK** to save the setup.



the panel before enable the multi-stream function.

#### Realtek ALC888 Audio



When you are playing the first audio source (for example: use Windows Media Player to play DVD/VCD), the output will be played from the rear panel, which is the default setting.

Then you **must** to select the **Realtek HD Audio front output** from the scroll list **first**, and use a different program to play the second audio source (for example: use Winamp to play MP3 files). You will find that the second audio source (MP3 music) will come out from the Line-Out audio jack of Front Panel.



#### 3. Playback control



#### Mute

You may choose to mute single or multiple volume controls or to completely mute sound output.

#### Tool

- Show the following volume controls

This is to let you freely decide which volume control items to be displayed.

- Advanced controls

- Enable playback multi-streaming

With this function, you will be able to have an audio chat with your friends via headphone (stream 1 from front panel) while still have music (stream 2 from back panel) in play. At any given period, you can have maximum 2 streams operating simultaneously.



#### Realtek ALC888 Audio

#### 4. Recording control



#### Mute

You may choose to mute single or multiple volume controls or to completely mute sound input.

#### Tool

- Show the following volume controls

This is to let you freely decide which volume control items to be displayed.

- Enable recording multi-streaming





ALC888 allows you to record the CD, Line, Mic and Stereo Mix channels simultaneously, frees you from mixing efforts. At any given period, you may choose 1 of the following 4 channels to record.

### Audio I/O

In this tab, you can easily configure your multi-channel audio function and speakers. You can choose a desired multi-channel operation here.

- a. Headphone for the common headphone
- b. 2CH Speaker for Stereo-Speaker Output
- c. 4CH Speaker for 4-Speaker Output
- d. 6CH Speaker for 5.1-Speaker Output
- e. 8CH Speaker for 7.1-Speaker Output



#### Speaker Configuration:

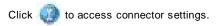
1. Plug the speakers in the corresponding jack.

2. Dialogue "connected device" will pop up for your selection. Please select the device you have plugged in.

- If the device is being plugged into the correct jack, you will be able to find the icon beside the jack changed to the one that is same as your device.
- If not correct, Realtek HD Audio Manager will guide you to plug the device into the correct jack.

#### Realtek ALC888 Audio

#### **Connector Settings**





#### Disable front panel jack detection (option)

Find no function on front panel jacks? Please check if front jacks on your system are so-called AC'97 jacks. If so, please check this item to disable front panel jack detection.

#### Mute rear panel output when front headphone plugged in.

#### Enable auto popup dialogue, when device has been plugged in

Once this item checked, the dialog "Connected device" would automatically pop up when device plugged in.

#### S/PDIF

Short for Sony/Philips Digital Interface, a standard audio file transfer format. S/PDIF allows the transfer of digital audio signals from one device to another without having to be converted first to an analog format. Maintaining the viability of a digital signal prevents the quality of the signal from degrading when it is converted to analog.

12 SP010 Settings	8
Lutput Sampling Hate	
(C) (441) (1-He)     (C) (40) (1-He)     (C) (40) (1-He)     (C) (1-He)	
Cutius Street	
👰 Na SIPDE aupul	
Output digital audio source	

#### **Output Sampling Rate**

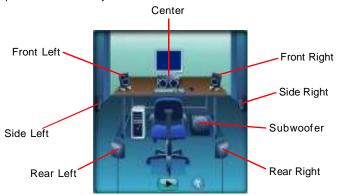
44.1KHz: This is recommend while playing CD.48KHz: This is recommended while playing DVD or Dolby.96KHz: This is recommended while playing DVD-Audio.192KHz: This is recommended while playing High quality Audio.

#### **Output Source**

Output digital audio source: The digital audio format (such as .wav, .mp3,.midi etc) will come out through S/PDIF-Out.

#### **Test Speakers**

You can select the speaker by clicking it to test its functionality. The one you select will light up and make testing sound. If any speaker fails to make sound, then check whether the cable is inserted firmly to the connector or replace the bad speakers with good ones. Or you may click the **auto test** button to test the sounds of each speaker automatically.



### Microphone

In this tab you may set the function of the microphone. Select the **Noise Suppres**sion to remove the possible noise during recording, or select **Acoustic Echo Can**cellation to cancel the acoustic echo during recording.

Acoustic Echo Cancellation prevents playback sound from being recorded by microphone together with your sound. For example, you might have chance to use VOIP function through Internet with your friends. The voice of your friend will come out from speakers (playback). However, the voice of your friend might also be recorded into your microphone then go back to your friend through Internet. In that case, your friend will hear his/her own voice again. With AEC(Acoustic Echo Cancellation) enabled at your side, your friend can enjoy the benefit with less echo.



### **3D Audio Demo**

In this tab you may adjust your 3D positional audio before playing 3D audio applications like gaming. You may also select different environment to choose the most suitable environment you like.



#### Information

In this tab it provides some information about this HD Audio Configuration utility, including Audio Driver Version, DirectX Version, Audio Controller & Audio Codec. You may also select the language of this utility by choosing from the **Language** list.

Information	
i transcer	
Auto Driver Version	\$ 10:045907
Descriptiversam:	Direct/Site
Added Constanting	-0.Midt
AutoCoort	ALCON
Lorgenari	Aoto -
O Shewicon negatimeters	

Also there is a selection **Show icon in system tray**. Switch it on and an icon **(1)** will show in the system tray. Right-click on the icon and the **Audio Accessories** dialogue box will appear which provides several multimedia features for you to take advantage of.

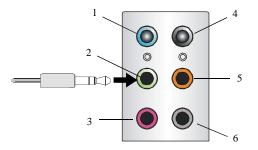


# Hardware Setup

#### Connecting the Speakers

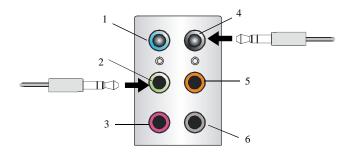
When you have set the Multi-Channel Audio Function mode properly in the software utility, connect your speakers to the correct phone jacks in accordance with the setting in software utility.

#### n 2-Channel Mode for Stereo-Speaker Output

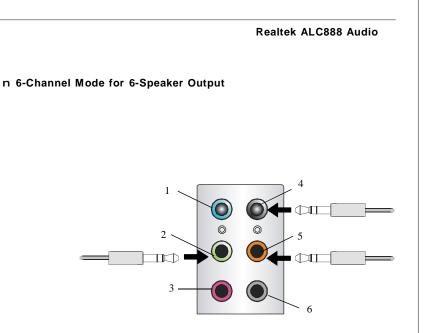


- 1 Line In
- 2 Line Out (Front channels)
- 3 MIC
- 4 No function
- 5 No function
- 6 No function

n 4-Channel Mode for 4-Speaker Output

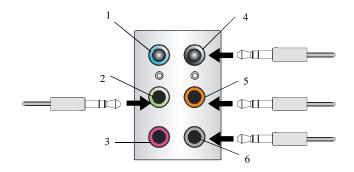


- 1 Line In
- 2 Line Out (Front channels)
- 3 MIC
- 4 Line Out (Rear channels)
- 5 No function
- 6 No function



- 1 Line In
- 2 Line Out (Front channels)
- 3 MIC
- 4 Line Out (Rear channels)
- 5 Line Out (Center and Subwoofer channel)
- 6 No function

#### n 8-Channel Mode for 8-Speaker Output



- 1 Line In
- 2 Line Out (Front channels)
- 3 MIC
- 4 Line Out (Rear channels)
- 5 Line Out (Center and Subwoofer channel)
- 6 Line Out (Side channels)



To enable 7.1 channel audio-out function on Vista operating system, you have to install the Realtek Audio Driver. Or, the mainboard will support 5.1 channel audio-out only.

# Appendix B Dual Core Center

Dual CoreCenter, the most useful and powerful utility that MSI has spent much research and efforts to develop, helps users to monitor or configure the hardware status of MSI Mainboard & MSI Graphics card in windows, such as CPU/GPU clock, voltage, fan speed and temperature. The appearance in this appendix are for reference only. The available functions will different depend on the devices you installed.

Before you install the Dual CoreCenter, please make sure the system has meet the following requirements:

- 1. Intel Pentium4 / Celeron, AMD Athlon XP/ Sempron or compatible CPU with PCI Express slot.
- 2. 256MB system memory.
- 3. CD-ROM drive for software installation.
- 4. Operation system: Windows XP.
- 5. DotNet Frame Work 2.0



# **Activating Dual Core Center**

Once you have your Dual Core Center installed (locate the setup source file in the setup CD accompanying with your mainboard, path: **Utility --> MSI Utility --> Dual Core Center**), it will have an icon in the system tray, a short cut icon on the desktop, and a short cut path in your "Start-up" menu. You may double-click on each icon to enable Dual Core Center.



short-cut path in the start-up menu (path: Start-->Programs-->MSI--> DualCoreCenter-->DualCoreCenter)

#### **Dual Core Center**

# Main

Before using this utility, we have to remind you: only when installing the MSI V044 (V044 has to install with the version 8.26 or newer driver)/ V046 or V060 graphics card can activate the full function of this utility. If you install a graphics card of other brand, only hardware status of the MSI mainboard would be available.



### Introduction:

Click each button appearing above to enter sub-menu to make further configuration or to execute the function.

#### <u>M B</u>

Click MB button to read current CPU temperature, FSB and CPU clock of mainboard will show below.

#### VGA

Click VGA button to read current GPU temperature, GPU clock and memory clock of graphics card will show below.

### <u>DOT</u>

Click DOT button to enable or disable the Dynamic Overclocking Technology.

#### AV/ Game/ Office/ Silence/ Cool

MSI provides five common settings for different environments. The settings had been set to optimal values to reach better performance in each environment. Click the button you need.

Important Before clicking the AV/ Game/ Office/ Silence or Cool button, select Smooth mode or Sharp mode to decide whether you want the system to reach the optimal values smoothly or quickly. Sharp mode Smooth mode

### <u>Clock</u>

In this sub-menu, you can adjust and monitor the clocks of MB and graphics card.

### Voltage

In this sub-menu, you can adjust and monitor the voltages of MB and graphics card.

### FAN Speed

In this sub-menu, you can adjust and monitor the fan speeds of MB and graphics card.

# <u>Temperature</u>

In this sub-menu, you can monitor the temperatures of MB and graphics card.

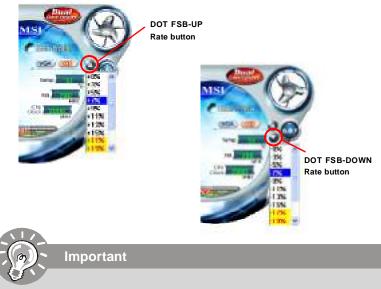
#### User Profile

In this sub-menu, you can set the values of clock, voltage and fan speed by your need and save them in a profile. You can save 3 profiles for further use.



# DOT (Dynamic OverClocking)

Dynamic Overclocking Technology is an automatic overclocking function, included in the MSI<sup>TM</sup>'s newly developed Dual CoreCenter Technology. It is designed to detect the loading of CPU/ GPU while running programs, and to over-clock automatically. When the motherboard detects that the loading of CPU is exceed the default threshold for a time, it will speed up the CPU and fan automatically to make the system run smoother and faster. When the graphics card detects that the loading of GPU, memory, fan and voltage automatically to make the system run smoother and faster. When the graphics card detects that the loading of GPU is exceed the default threshold for a time, it will speed up the GPU, memory, fan and voltage automatically to make the system run smoother and faster. When the CPU/ GPU is temporarily suspending or staying in low loading balance, it will restore the default settings instead. Usually the Dynamic Overclocking Technology will be powered only when users' PC runs huge amount of data, like 3D games or video process, and the motherboard/ graphicd card need to be boosted up to enhance the overall performance. There will be several selections when you click the DOT rate button (include increase rate and decrease rate buttons), to select the DOT level, then you have to click the DOT button is to apply the DOT function.



Even though the Dynamic Overclocking Technology is more stable than manual overclocking, basically, it is still risky. We suggest user to make sure that your CPU can afford to overclock regularly first. If you find the PC appears to be unstable or reboot incidentally, it's better to lower the level of overclocking options. By the way, if you need to conduct overclocking manually, please do not to apply the DOT function.

# Clock

In the **Clock** sub-menu, you can see clock status (including FSB/ CPU clock of mainboard and GPU/ memory clock of graphics card) of your system. And you can select desired value for overclocking. There will be several items for you to select for overclocking after you click **Example** button. You can click the plus sign button **(e)** to increase the clock, or click the minus sign button **(e)** to decrease the clock. And finally, click the Apply button to apply the values adjusted. If you do not want to apply the adjustments, click the Cancel button to cancel. Or click the Default button to restore the default values.



On the underside, it shows the graphs of the clocks. Only the curves of the item which the button is lit up with red color will be shown.



# Voltage

In the **Voltage** sub-menu, you can see voltage status (including Vcore, memory, GPU voltage... etc.) of your system, and you can select desired value for overclocking. It will show several items to select for overclocking after you click the **Voltage** button. You can click the plus sign button to increase the voltage, or click the minus sign button to decrease. And finally, click the Apply button to apply the adjustments. If you do not want to apply the adjustments, click the Cancel button to cancel. Or click the Default button to restore the default values.



On the underside, it shows the graphs of the voltages. Only the curves of the item which the button is lit up with red color will be shown.



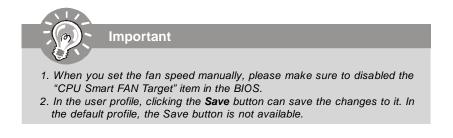
default profile, the Save button is not available.

# **FAN Speed**

In the **FAN Speed** sub-menu, you can read fan status of your system. Select higher speed for better cooling effect. There are several sections for you to change the fan speed to a section after clicking button. Click the plus sign button to increase the fan speed to a section, or click the minus sign button to decrease. Or click the Default button to restore the default values.



On the underside, it shows the graphs of the fan speed. Only the curves of the item which the button is lit up with red color will be shown.



#### **Dual Core Center**

# Temperature

In the Temperature sub-menu, you can see temperature status of your system.



On the underside, it shows the graphs of the temperatures. Only the curves of the item which the button is lit up with red color will be shown.

# **User Profile**

In the **User Profile** sub-menu, click the setting button that besides the user profile bar, and the next screen will appear.

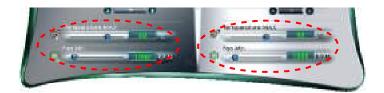


Here you can define the clock/ fan speed/ voltage by your need, click the **button** to choose a value quickly, or click the plus •/ minus sign • button to increase/ decrease the value.

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Use the draw bar to set the max system temperature. When the system temperature exceeds the threshold you defined, the system will pop up a warning message and shut down the system.

Use the draw bar to set the minimal fan speed. When the fan speed is lower than the threshold you defined, the system will pop up a warning message.

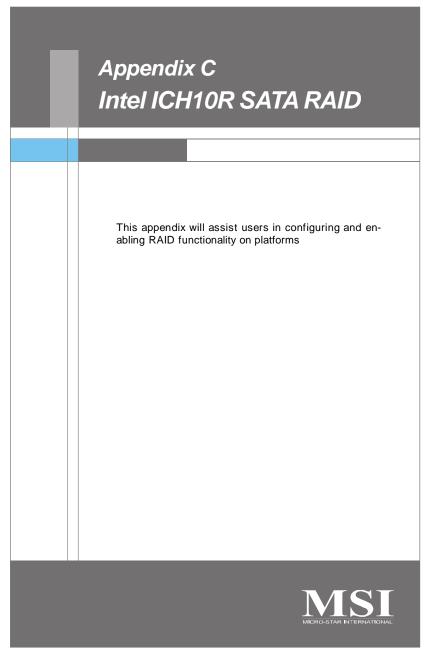


After setting all values you need, you can change the user profile name in the box then click the save button in to save all changes in a profile.



Finally, you can choose the user profile by click the button in the left side and click the Apply button to load the user profile.





# **ICH10R Introduction**

The ICH10R provides a hybrid solution that combines 6 independent SATAII ports for support of up to 6 Serial ATAII (Serial ATAII RAID) drives.

Serial ATAII (SATAII) is the latest generation of the ATA interface. SATA hard drives deliver blistering transfer speeds up to 3Gb/s. Serial ATA uses long, thin cables, making it easier to connect your drive and improving the airflow inside your PC. The most outstanding features are:

- 1. Supports 3Gb/s transfers with CRC error checking.
- 2. Supports Hot-plug-n-play feature.
- 3. Data handling optimizations including tagged command queuing, elevator seek and packet chain command.

Intel<sup>®</sup> ICH10R offers RAID level 0 (Striping), RAID level 1 (Mirroring and Duplexing), RAID level 5 (Block Interleaved Distributed Parity), RAID level 10 (A Stripe of Mirrors) , Intel<sup>®</sup> Martix Storage Technology and Intel<sup>®</sup> Rapid Recover Technology.

RAID 0 breaks the data into blocks which are written to separate hard drives. Spreading the hard drive I/O load across independent channels greatly improves I/O performance.

RAID 1 provides data redundancy by mirroring data between the hard drives and provides enhanced read performance.

RAID 5 Provides data striping at the byte level and also stripe error correction information. This results in excellent performance and good fault tolerance. Level 5 is one of the most popular implementations of RAID.

RAID 10 Not one of the original RAID levels, multiple RAID 1 mirrors are created, and a RAID 0 stripe is created over these.

Intel Matrix RAID Technology is the advanced ability for two RAID volumes to share the combined space of two hard drives being used in unison.

Intel Rapid Recover Technology utilizes RAID 1 functionality to copy data from a designated Master drive to a designated Recovery drive. The size of the Mater drive must be less than or equal to the size of the Recovery drive. When a Recovery volume is created, complete capacity of the Master drive will be used as the Master volume. Only one Recovery Volume can exist on a system. There are 2 methods of updating the data on the Master to the Recovery drive. They are Continuous Update Policy and On Request Update Policy.



The least number of hard drives for RAID 0, RAID 1, Recovery or Matrix mode is 2. The least number of hard drives for RAID 10 mode is 4. And the least number of hard drives for RAID 5 mode is 3.

All the information/ volumes/ pictures listed in your system might differ from the illustrations in this appendix.

# **BIOS Configuration**

The Intel Matrix Storage Manager Option ROM should be integrated with the system BIOS on all motherboards with a supported Intel chipset. The Intel Matrix Stroage Manager Option ROM is the Intel RAID implementation and provides BIOS and DOS disk services. Please use <Ctrl> + <l> keys to enter the "Intel(R) RAID for Serial ATA" status screen, which should appear early in system boot-up, during the POST (Power-On Self Test). Also, you need to enable the RAID function in BIOS to create, delete and reset RAID volumes.

### Using the Intel Matrix Stroage Manager Option ROM

#### 1. Creating, Deleting and Resetting RAID Volumes:

The Serial ATA RAID volume may be configured using the RAID Configuration utility stored within the Intel RAID Option ROM. During the Power-On Self Test (POST), the following message will appear for a few seconds:

• Important

The "Driver Model", "Serial #" and "Size" in the following example might be different from your system.

Intel(R)[Matrix Storage Manager option ROM v8.5.0.1013[CH10R =RAID3 Geograph1(C+2013-05 Intel Corporation: A: Kights Reserved			
RAT Volumes None defined.			
Physical Disks::			
Port Device Miste.	Secul #	512.8	Type/Status(Vol 1D)
0 HDS722580VLSA80	VNRB3EC20549SL	76.7GB	Non-RAID Disk
1 HDS722580VLSA80	VNRB3EC20559SL	76.7GB	Non-RAID Disk
2 HDS722580VLSA80	VNRB3EC20569SL	76.7GB	Non-RAID Disk
3 HDS722580VLSA80	VNRB3EC20579SL	76.7GB	Non-RAID Disk
Press SC 101.45 to pater t	o Miguration ashty		

After the above message shows, press <Ctrl> and <l> keys simultaneously to enter the RAID Configuration Utility.



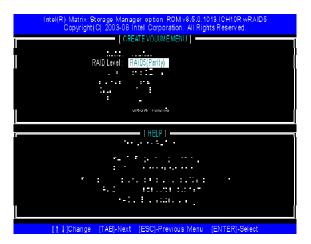
The following procedure is only available with a newly-built system or if you are reinstalling your OS. It should not be used to migrate an existing system to RAID.

After pressing the <Ctrl> and <I> keys simultaneously, the following window will appear:

		torage Manager option (C) 2003-08 Intel Corp	oration. All Rigi	
		[ MAIN MI RAID Volume AUD Volume	3. Reset Dis	sks to Non- RAID Malume Optione
		5. Exi		
Ì	RAID Volumes::	[ DISK/VOLUME IN	FORMATION ] =	✤ = Data is Encrypted
ĺ	Note Volumes.			
ĺ	110 C 1			
	0 HDS722580VLSA80	VNRB3EC20549SL	76.7GB	Non-RAID Disk
	1 HDS722580VLSA80 2 HDS722580VLSA80	VN RB3EC 20559SL VN RB3EC 20569SL	76.7GB 76.7GB	Non-RAID Disk Non-RAID Disk
	3 HDS722580VLSA80	VNRB3EC20579SL	70.7GB	Non-RAID Disk
	[↑↓]-Sele	ct [ESC]-Exit	(ENTER	R]-Select Menu

#### (1) Create RAID Volume

- 1. Select option 1 "Create RAID Volume" and press <Enter> key. The following screen appears. Then in the **Name** field, specify a RAID Volume name and then press the <TAB> or <Enter> key to go to the next field.
- 2. Use the arrow keys to select the RAID level best suited to your usage model in **RAID Level**.



 In the **Disk** field, press <Enter> key and the following screen appears. Use <Space> key to select the disks you want to create for the RAID volume, then click <Enter> key to finish selection.



4. Then select the strip value for the RAID array by using the "upper arrow" or "down arrow" keys to scroll through the available values, and pressing the <Enter> key to select and advance to the next field. The available values range from 4KB to 128 KB in power of 2 increments. The strip value should be chosen based on the planned drive usage. Here are some typical values: RAID0 – 128KB RAID10 – 64KB

RAID5 – 64KB

5. Then select the capacity of the volume in the **Capacity** field. The default value is the maximum volume capacity of the selected disks.

Intel(R) Matrix. Storage Manager option. ROM v8.5.0.1013 ICH10R wRAID Copyright(C) 2003-08 Intel Corporation. All Rights Reserved.	
CREATE VOLUMEMENU	
Capacity: 228.0 GB	
Create Volume	
[HELP]	
The transformer of the second tests	
roname on ano 30	
[ ] ] Change [TAB]-Next [ESC]-Previous Menu [ENTER]-Select	



### Important

Since you want to create two volumes (Intel Matrix RAID Technology), this default size (maximum) needs to be reduced. Type in a new size for the first volume. As an example: if you want the first volume to span the first half of the two disks, re-type the size to be half of what is shown by default. The second volume, when created, will automatically span the remainder of two hard drives.

6. Then the following screen appears for you to confirm if you are sure to create the RAID volume. Press <Y> to continue.



[↑↓]Change [TAB]-Next [ESC]-Previous Menu [ENTER]-Select

7. Then the following screen appears to indicate that the creation is finished.

Intel(R) Matrix S Copyright	(C) 2003-08 lint		tion. All Rig		
Creste RAID Volume     3. Reset Disksto Non RAID					
		Exit			
RAID Volumes::	==== ( DISK/VOL	LUME INFOR	(MATION ] =		is Encrypted
0 VolumeO	RAID5(Parity)	64KB	228.0GB	Normal	Yes
0 HDS722580VLSA80 1 HDS722580VLSA80 2 HDS722580VLSA80 2 HDS722580VLSA80	VN RB3EC 20559	ISL ISL	76.7GB 76.7GB 76.7GB 76.7GB 76.7GB	Member Di Member Di	sk(0) sk(0) sk(0)
[†↓]Change	[ESC]	-Previous I	Menu	[ENTER]-	Select

#### (2) Delete RAID Volume

Important

Here you can delete the RAID volume, but please be noted that all data on RAID drives will be lost.

If your system currently boots to RAID and you delete the RAID volume in the Intel RAID Option ROM, your system will become unbootable.

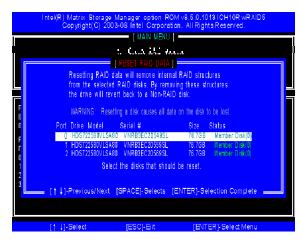
Select option 2 **Delete RAID Volume** from the main menu window and press <Enter> key to select a RAID volume for deletion. Then press <Delete> key to delete the selected RAID volume. The following screen appears.



Press <Y> key to accept the volume deletion.

#### (3) Reset Disks to Non-RAID

Select option 3 **Reset Disks to Non-RAID** and press <Enter> to delete the RAID volume and remove any RAID structures from the drives. The following screen appears:



Press <Y> key to accept the selection.



2. Possible reasons to 'Reset Disks to Non-RAID' could include issues such as incompatible RAID configurations or a failed volume or failed disk.

### Intel ICH10R SATA RAID

### (4) Recovery Volume Options

Select option 4 **Recovery Volume Options** and press <Enter> to change recovery volume mode. The following screen appears:

Intel(R) Matrix Storage Manager option ROM v8.5.0.1013 ICH10R wRAID5 Copyright(C) 2003-08 Intel Corporation, All Rights Reserved.
RECOVERY VOLUME OPTIONS
1. Enable Only Recovery Disk
a markin olah Markan Kak
[ HELP ]
<ul> <li>Mount Record States and States to the</li> </ul>
111 N 11 N
27 A Comparison of the second seco
e de la serie de la construcción de
[† ] ]Change [TAB]-Next [ESC]-Previous Menu [ENTER]-Select

Recovery mode will change from Continuous Update to On-Request after you enable Only Recovery Disk or Only Master Disk.

# **Installing Driver**

### Install Driver in Windows Vista / XP / 2000

#### † New Windows Vista / XP / 2000 Installation

The following details the installation of the drivers while installing Windows XP / 2000.

- When you start installing Windows XP and older operating systems, you may encounter a message stating, "Setup could not determine the type of one or more mass storage devices installed in your system". If this is the case, then you are already in the right place and are ready to supply the driver. If this is not the case, then press F6 when prompted at the beginning of Windows setup.
- 2. Press the "S" key to select "Specify Additional Device".
- You should be prompted to insert a floppy disk containing the Intel<sup>®</sup> RAID driver into the A: drive.

Note: For Windows Vista you can use Floppy, CD/DVD or USB.



Please follow the instruction below to make an "Intel<sup>®</sup> RAID Driver" for yourself.

- 1. Insert the MSI CD into the CD-ROM drive.
- 2. Click the "Browse CD" on the Setup screen.
- 3. Copy all the contents in \\IDE\Intel\ICH10R\Floppy to a formatted floppy diskette.
- 4. The driver diskette for Intel® ICH10R RAID Controller is done.
- 4. For Windows Vista:

During the Operating system installation, after selecting the location to install Vista click on "Load Driver" button to install a third party SCSI or RAID driver.

- 5. When prompted, insert the floppy disk or media (Floppy, CD/DVD or USB) you created in step 3 and press Enter.
- You should be shown a list of available SCSI Adapters. This list should include "Intel(R) 82801HEM SATA RAID Controller(ICH8M-E)" when the system is in RAID mode and "Intel(R) 82801HEM SATA AHCI Controller(ICH8M-E)" or "Intel(R) 82801HBM SATA AHCI Controller(ICH8M)" when the system is in AHCI mode.
- 7. Select the appropriate Intel RAID controller and press ENTER.
- 8. The next screen should confirm that you have selected the Intel<sup>®</sup> RAID controller. Press ENTER again to continue.
- 9. You have successfully installed the Intel<sup>®</sup> Matrix Storage Manager driver, and Windows setup should continue.
- 10. Leave the disk in the floppy drive until the system reboots itself. Windows setup will need to copy the files from the floppy again after the RAID volume is formatted, and Windows setup starts copying files.

#### † Existing Windows Vista/XP/2000 Driver Installation

- 1. Insert the MSI CD into the CD-ROM drive.
- 2. The CD will auto-run and the setup screen will appear.
- 3. Under the Driver tab, click on Intel IAA RAID Edition.
- 4. The drivers will be automatically installed.

#### † Confirming Windows Vista/XP/2000 Driver Installation

- 1. From Windows Vista/XP/2000, open the **Control Panel** from **My Computer** followed by the System icon.
- 2. Choose the Hardware tab, then click the Device Manager tab.
- 3. Click the "+" in front of the SCSI and RAID Controllers hardware type. The driver Intel(R) ICH10R SATA RAID Controller should appear.

# **Installing Software**

### Install Intel Matrix Storage Console

The Intel Application Accelerator RAID Edition driver may be used to operate the hard drive from which the system is booting or a hard drive that contains important data. For this reason, you cannot remove or un-install this driver from the system after installation; however, you will have the ability to un-install all other non-driver components.

Insert the MSI CD and click on the Intel IAA RAID Editor to install the software.



Click on this item

#### Intel ICH10R SATA RAID

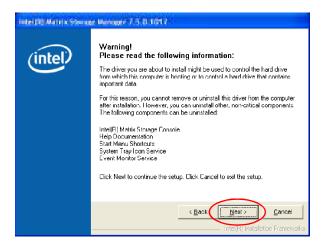
The InstallShield Wizard will begin automatically for installation showed as following:



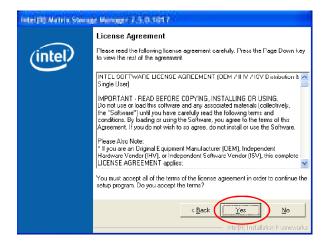
Click on the Next button to proceed the installation in the welcoming window.



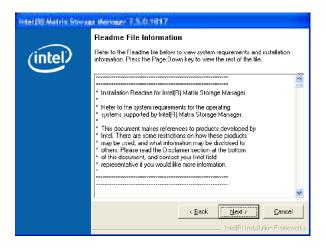
The window shows the components to be installed. Click Next button to continue.



After reading the license agreement in the following window, click **Yes** button to continue.



The following window appears to show the Readme File Information. It shows the system requirements and installation information.



Once the installation is complete, the following window appears.



## **RAID Migration Instructions**

The Intel Matrix Storage Console offers the flexibility to upgrade from a single Serial ATA (SATA) hard drive to RAID configuration when an additional SATA hard drive is added to the system. This process will create a new RAID volume from an existing disk. However, several important steps must be followed at the time the system is first configured in order to take advantage of RAID when upgrading to a second SATA hard drive:

- BIOS must be configured for RAID before installing Windows on the single SATA hard drive. Refer to **On-Chip ATA Devices** for properly setting of the BIOS.
- Install the Intel Application Accelerator RAID Driver during Windows Setup. Refer to Installing Software for instructions on installing the driver during Windows Setup.
- 3. Install the Intel Matrix Storage Console after the operating system is installed.

To create a volume from an existing disk, complete the following steps:

Important

A **Create from Existing Disk** operation will delete all existing data from the added disk and the data cannot be recovered. It is critical to backup all important data on the added disk before proceeding. However, during the migration process, the data on the source disk is preserved.

After the Intel Matrix Storage Console has been successfully installed and the system has rebooted, click on the Intel Application Accelerator shortcut link (Start --> All Programs --> Intel Matrix Storage Manager --> Intel Matrix Storage Console) and the following window will appear:

A provide star in the spectrum.	
Ele Yew Heb	
Yow hard drive and volume status	
Inter	View hard drive and volume status Ainaid drive: and volume status United drive: and volume status United drives and volume status United drives and volume status System functioning normaly:

#### Create RAID Volume from Existing Disk

To create a RAID volume from an existing disk, choose Action --> Create RAID Volume from Existing Hard Drive.

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Filing and Rev Devices Filing and Rev Devices Filing Transfer (Transfer (Transf	A360 5540	Funeration Uniter Social Device Protionation Control Lead II Di Transfer House House Second Reaction House H	vides trus-Scott humilians trus-Scott humilians trus-

The **Create RAID Volume from Existing Hard Drive Wizard** pops up to lead you for the following procedure. Click **Next** to continue.



#### (1) Configure Volume

Here you can configure the new RAID volume by entering the volume name, selecting the RAID level and strip size.

You can configure RAID level and stri		e by entering a name and by selecting the	
Volume Notes			
Volume 2000			
Do rouse in instead to 101	tratich debumments	cherches.	
NAD Caref			
14.0.9	*		
04.0.9	8		

#### t **RAID Volume Name:**

A desired RAID volume name needs to be typed in where the 'RAID\_Volume1' text currently appears above. The RAID volume name has a maximum limit of 16 characters. The RAID volume name must also be in English alphanumeric ASCII characters.

#### **RAID Level:** t

Sele

RAID 0 (Performance) - A volu	me optimized for performance will allow you to
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	your data more quickly.
you wi Only h	me optimized for data redundancy will provide th a realtime duplicate copy of your data. Note: alf of the available volume space will be avail- r data storage.
or mor will be size of fail, all the par constr failure. RAID- more. increas	5 can be used on three or more disks, with zero e spare-disks. The resulting RAID-5 device size (N-1)*S, where N is the how many drive, S is the the smallest drive in the array. If one of the disks data are still intact. It can rebuild the disk from ity information. If spare disks are available, re- uction will begin immediately after the device If two disks fail simultaneously, all data are lost. 5 can survive one disk failure, but not two or Both read and write performance usually e, but can be hard to predict how much. Reads hilar to RAID-0 reads, writes can be either rather

expensive (requiring read-in prior to write, in order to be able to calculate the correct parity information), or similar to RAID-1 writes. The write efficiency depends heavily on the amount of memory in the machine, and the usage pattern of the array. Heavily scattered writes are bound to be more expensive.

RAID 10 (Mirrored Stripes) - A RAID 1 array of two RAID 0 arrays.

#### † Strip Sizes:

Select the desired strip size setting. As indicated, the optimal setting is 128KB. Selecting any other option may result in performance degradation. Even though 128KB is the recommended setting for most users, you should choose the strip size value which is best suited to your specific RAID usage model. The most typical strip size settings are:

4KB: For specialized usage models requiring 4KB strips

8KB: For specialized usage models requiring 8KB strips

16KB: Best for sequential transfers

32KB: Good for sequential transfers

64KB: Good general purpose strip size

128KB: Best performance for most desktops and workstations

#### (2) Select the source disk

Then select the source disk that you wish to use and then click "--->" to move it to the **Selected** field. Then click **Next** to continue.

It is very important to note which disk is the source disk (the one containing all of the information to be migrated) and which one is the target disk. On a RAID Ready system, this can be determined by making a note during POST of which port the single disk is attached to.

You can also use the Intel Application Accelerator RAID Edition utility before the second disk is installed to verify the Port and serial number of the drive that contains all the data.

to della	( ) desired	
Ref 137229(81438) See		
Port2 H05722200LSAID Smill Par3 H05722254LSAID Smill		
C		

#### (3) Select Member Hard Drive(s)

Then select the member disk (the target disk) that you wish to use and then click "----" to move it to the **Selected** field. Then click **Next** to continue.

Please note that the existing data on the selected hard drive(s) will be deleted permanently. Do not forget to back up all the important data before continuing.

1 to 3 member hard	l drive(s).	vill span the source hard drive a	
	000000	Selected	
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#### (4) Specify Volume Size

Specify the amount of available array space to be used by the new RAID volume. You may enter the amount in the space or use the slider to specify. It is recommended you use 100% of the available space for the optimized usage. For RAID 0 volume, if you do not specify 100% of the hard drive space, the rest hard drive space will be worked as RAID 1 volume, which is the new technology called Intel Matrix RAID. Then click **Next** to continue.

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Use the fields or the slider below to be used by the new RAID volume	specify the amount of available array	space to
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Harmone Volumer Seen 2003	1943	
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	tper per	Lenot

#### (5) Start Creating RAID Volume from Existing Hard Drive Wizard

Before you continue the procedure of RAID volume creation from existing hard drive, read the dialogue box below carefully. Please note that once you click **Finish**, the existing data on the selected hard drive(s) will be deleted permanently and this operation cannot be undone. It is critical that you backup all important data before selecting **Finish** to start the migration process.



#### (6) Start Migration

The migration process may take up to two hours to complete depending on the size of the disks being used and the strip size selected. A dialogue window will appear stating that the migration process may take considerable time to complete, meanwhile a popup dialogue at the taskbar will also show the migration status. While you can still continue using your computer during the migration process, once the migration process starts, it cannot be stopped. If the migration process gets interrupted and your system is rebooted for any reason, it will pick up the migration process where it left off. You will be provided with an estimated completion time (the remaining time will depend on your system) once the migration process starts.

0% of Volume_00000 Migration Completed	
Migration is in progress. When nigration is complete, pound meet to relocat your system to use the entire votime opposition. To reopen this dialog at any point during the migration, light-click on the migrating volume while in the Advanced Made with the line (Midrato Concole and select Show Migratori Progress	<b>1</b>
O'L Complete - Time Remaining 1 fo 32 min	57 asc

The following screen appears if the migration process is completed successfully. Then you have to reboot your system to use the full capacity of the new volume.

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Mignetic	en Malun	
\$	The regration was completed successfully. The sectors will need to be existented to use the full capacity of the new vertices.  Compare work to calculate the system way?	
	1051 in Values, 2000 Microse Long-Mod	

## **Recovery Volume Creation**

A recovery volume can be created using either Basic mode or Advanced mode in the Intel Matrix Storage Console.

#### **Recovery Volume in Basic Mode Creation**

Important

Creating a recovery volume will permanently delete any existing data on the drive selected as the recovery drive. Back up all important data before beginning these steps.

This option may or may not be available depending on your system configuration. If you do not see the option listed, refer to Recovery Volume Creation in Advanced Mode.

To create a recovery volume in Basic mode, use the following steps:

(1) Open the Intel Matrix Storage Console. (Start --> All Programs --> Intel Matrix Storage Manager --> Intel Matrix Storage Console)

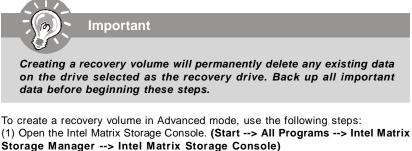
(2) Select Protect data using IntelR Rapid Recover Technology.

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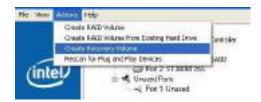
(3) Select Yes to confirm volume creation.

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Creating a stoovery solari	e will defete all data on the second physic. Are you also you want its montaue?

# MS-7514 Mainboard Recovery Volume in Advanced Mode Creation



- (2) Select Advanced Mode in the View menu.
- (3) Select Create Recovery Volume in the Actions menu.



(4) Select Next to continue.



(5) Modify the recovery volume name if you wish.

#### Intel ICH10R SATA RAID

(6) Select a hard drive to be used as the master hard drive for the recovery volume.

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Confirm Tolume Som The master drive wil		ter Drive For the recovery volume,	
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 $\left( 7\right)$  Select a hard drive to be used as the recovery hard drive for the recovery volume.

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Port 2: ST30005745 Parameter System Hand Drive Partition Stop	- Senart SMI 20157 - 74 5 58 Senart SMI 20157 - 74 5 58 Webs No	1
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Port 2: ST30005745 Parameter System Hand Drive Partition Stop	- Senart SMI 20037 - 74 5-60 Senart SMI 20037 - 74 5-60 Webs No. No. Partition Found	



(9) Select Finish to begin recovery volume creation.



## **Degraded RAID Array**

A RAID 1, RAID 5 or RAID 10 volume is reported as degraded when one of its hard drive members fails or is temporarily disconnected, and data mirroring is lost. As a result, the system can only utilize theremaining functional hard drive member. To reestablish data mirroring and restore data redundancy, refer to the procedure below that corresponds to the current situation.

#### **Missing Hard Drive Member**

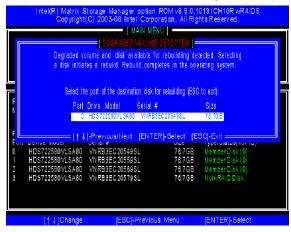
- 1. Make sure the system is powered off.
- 2. Reconnect the hard drive.
- 3. Reboot the system to Windows; the rebuild will occur automatically.

#### **Failed Hard Drive Member**

- 1. Make sure the system is powered off.
- 2. Replace the failed hard drive with a new one that is of equal or greater capacity.
- 3. Reboot the system to Intel RAID Option ROM by press <Ctrl> and <I> keys simultaneously during the Power-On Self Test (POST).

	Volumes	Leve		<b>0</b>	0:	<b>01</b> - 1	Bootable
	Name Volume0		10(RAID0+1)	Strip 64 KB	Size	Status Degraded	Bootable Yes
						begraaca	
Phys	ical Disks::						
Port	Device Mode		Serial #		Size	Type/Sta	atus(Vol ID)
0	HDS722580V	LSA80	VNRB3EC208	549SL	76.7G	B Member	r Disk (0)
1	HDS722580V	LSA80	VNRB3EC205	59SL	76.7G	B Member	Diek (0)
7	HDS722580V	SA80	VNRB3EC205	569SL	76.7G	B Member	Disk (0)
23	HDS722580V		VNRB3EC20		76.7G		

4. Select the port of the destination disk for rebuilding, and then press ENTER.



- 5. Exit Intel RAID Option ROM, and then reboot to Windows system.
- 6. When prompted to rebuild the RAID volume, click 'Yes'.
- 7. The Intel(R) Storage Utility will be launched. Right-click the new hard drive and select 'Rebuild to this Disk'. The 'Rebuild Wizard' will be launched which will guide you through the process of rebuilding to the new hard drive.

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# Appendix D JMicron RAID Introduction

This appendix will assist users in configuring and enabling RAID functionality on platforms The JMicron RAID solution supports RAID level 0 (striping), RAID level 1 (mirroring), RAID level 10 (striping and mirroring) and JBOD (Concatenate).



## Introduction

JMicron JMB363 offers RAID level 0 (Striping), RAID level 1 (Mirroring and Duplexing), RAID level 10 (A Stripe of Mirrors) and JBOD (Concatenate).

RAID 0 breaks the data into blocks which are written to separate hard drives. Spreading the hard drive I/O load across independent channels greatly improves I/O performance. RAID 1 provides data redundancy by mirroring data between the hard drives and provides enhanced read performance. RAID 10 Not one of the original RAID levels, multiple RAID 1 mirrors are created, and a RAID 0 stripe is created over these. JBOD provides a method for combining drives of different sizes into one large disk.

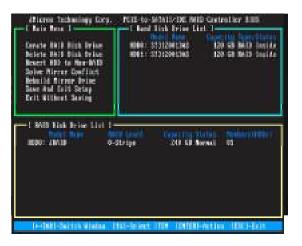
Important

The least number of hard drives for RAID 0, RAID 1 or JBOD mode is 2. The least number of hard drives for RAID 10 mode is 4. All the information/ volumes/ pictures listed in your system might differ from the illustrations in this appendix. And this mainboard supports RAID 0/ RAID 1 or JBOD mode only.

## **JMicron RAID BIOS Utility**

Be sure to set **RAID** mode for the *JMicron 36x ATA Controller* in BIOS before configuring the JMicron BIOS utility. After that, save the configuration and exit. During boot up (POST), press CTRL+J to enter the JMicron BIOS RAID utility.

The RAID Utility menu screen will be displayed. A brief description of each section is presented below.



#### Main Menu

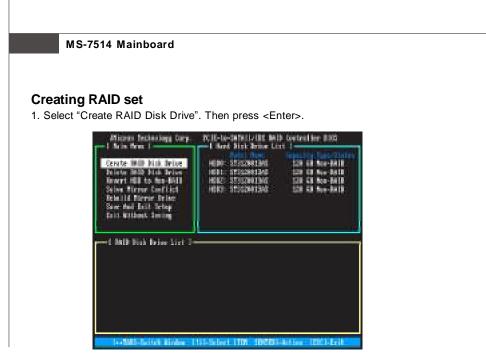
Create RAID Disk Drive - Create a new legacy RAID set. Delete RAID Disk Drive - Delete a legacy RAID set. Revert HDD to Non-RAID - Revert an existed-RAID HDD to non-RAID. Solve Mirror Conflict - Sovle a mirror conflict. Rebuild Mirror Drive - Rebuild data, when RAID 1 or RAID 10 data mirroring is lost. Save And Exit Setup - Save all settings and exit the BIOS utility. Exit Without Saving - Exit the BIOS utility without any saving.

#### Hard Disk Driver List

The menu shows the model number and capacities of the drives physically attached to the SATAII & PATA ports.

#### **RAID Disk Driver List**

The menu shows the current configuration of RAID set.



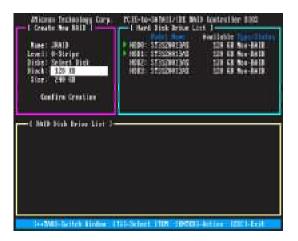
2. Then in the **Name** field, specify a RAID set name and then press the <Enter> to go to the next field.

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3. Choose a 0-Striped, a 1-Mirror, or a JBOD-Concatenate combination set and then press <Enter> to go to the next step.

- Minness Backeology Corp. I Greate New Ball I Level 1 - Stripe L
- 4. In the **Hard Disk Disk List** menu, use <Space> key to select the disks you want to create for the RAID set, then click <Enter> key to finish selection.

5. Then select the block value (stripe value) for the RAID array by using the "upper arrow" or "down arrow" keys to scroll through the available values, and pressing the <Enter> key to select and advance to the next field. The available values range from 4KB to 128 KB. The default and typical value for RAID 0 is 128KB. (This field only available for RAID 0 mode.)



- Then select the capacity of the RAID set in the Size field. The default value is the maximum capacity of the selected disks. Then press <Enter> to the Confirm Creation field.
- 7. The Creation field will display a message to ask you to confirm the creation. Then press <Y> key to proceed with the RAID set creation.

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8. Then the following screen appears to indicate that the creation is finished.

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en i 340 bin brier Lief J- BDA: Jinty 4-5	Biripe. 200 CB Ra	ener för for trättel

9. Go to the Save And Exit Setup field and press <Enter>, a message will display to ask you to confirm the setup. Then press <Y> key to save the setting and exit the BIOS utility.

## **Deleting RAID set**

1. Select "Delete RAID Disk Drive". Then press <Enter>.

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- 2. In the RAID Disk Driver List menu, use <Space> key to select the RAID set you want to delete. Then press <Del> key.
- 3. Press "Y" to accept the deletion when a deletion message is appeared.

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S MD-Gritek I	linter 1111 Schet 1101 10501-	Antileer 12001-Erit

#### **Revert HDD to non-RAID**

Select **Revert HDD to non-RAID** and press <Enter>. In the Hard Disk Driver List menu use <Space> key to select the disks you want to revert then click <Enter> key. The following screen appears, press <Y> key to remove any RAID structures from the drives.

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Important

- 1. You will lose all data on the RAID drives and any internal RAID structures when you perform this operation.
- 2. Possible reasons to 'Revert HDD to non-RAID' could include issues such as incompatible RAID configurations or a failed volume or failed disk.

### **Solving a Mirror Conflict**

A Mirror conflict occurs when both disks in a RAID 1 (Mirror) configuration are unplugged from the system in turn, then plugged in again. Since both disks contain exactly the same data, the system will be unable to determine which of the two is the source drive. This option allows you to set the source drive and rebuild the Mirror drive according to the contents of the source drive.

#### To solving a Mirror conflict:

Select **Solving a Mirror Conflict** and press <Enter>. In the Hard Disk Driver List menu use <Space> key to select the disks you want to set as source drive. Using the <TAB>, move to the RAID Disk Drive List menu and highlight the RAID set that you want to rebuild. Press <Del> to begin rebuilding the Mirror configuration.

A status bar at the bottom of the screen shows the progress of the rebuilding.

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#### **Rebuilding a Mirror drive**

When one of the disk in a RAID 1 (Mirror) configuration is unplugged from the system, then plugged in again, a dialogue box appears to ask you to rebuild the Mirror drive. Press <Y> to confirm; otherwise, press <N>.

This option allows you to rebuild the Mirror drive later and synchronize the data between two hard disks.

#### To rebuild a Mirror drive:

Select **Rebuild Mirror Drive** and press <Enter>. Using the <TAB>, move to the RAID Disk Drive List menu and highlight the RAID set that you want to rebuild. Press <Del> to begin rebuilding the Mirror configuration.

A status bar at the bottom of the screen shows the progress of the rebuilding.

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#### **JMicron RAID**

## **Installing Driver**

#### Install Driver in Windows Vista / XP

#### † New Windows Vista / XP Installation

For Windows XP:.

- When you start installing Windows XP and older operating systems, you may encounter a message stating, "Setup could not determine the type of one or more mass storage devices installed in your system". If this is the case, then you are already in the right place and are ready to supply the driver. If this is not the case, then press F6 when prompted at the beginning of Windows setup.
- 2. Press the "S" key to select "Specify Additional Device".
- 3. You should be prompted to insert a floppy disk containing the JMicron RAID driver into the A: drive.



Please follow the instruction below to make an "JMicron RAID Driver" for yourself.

- 1. Insert the MSI CD into the CD-ROM drive.
- 2. Click the "Browse CD" on the Setup screen.
- Copy all the contents in the for XP: \\IDE\JMicron\Floppy32 (for 32-bit OS) or Floppy64 (for 64-bit OS) to a formatted floppy disk. for Vista: \\IDE\JMicron\Floppy32 (for 32-bit OS) or Floppy64 (for 64bit OS) to a medium (floppy disk/ CD/DVD or USB).
- 4. The driver diskette for JMicron RAID Controller is done.
- 4. When prompted, insert the floppy disk you created in step 3 and press Enter.
- 5. You should be shown a list of available SCSI Adapters.
- 6. Select the appropriate JMicron RAID controller and press ENTER.
- 7. The next screen should confirm that you have selected the JMicron RAID controller. Press ENTER again to continue.
- 8. You have successfully installed the JMicron RAID driver, and Windows setup should continue.
- 9. Leave the disk in the floppy drive until the system reboots itself. Windows setup will need to copy the files from the floppy again after the RAID volume is formatted, and Windows setup starts copying files.

#### For Windows Vista:

After selecting the location to install Windows Vista, please click on the "Load Driver" button to install the RAID driver. Please refer the **Important** notice above to make a RAID Driver medium. And then, follow the instructions to complete the RAID drive installation and the Windows Vista installation.

#### † Existing Windows Vista/XP Driver Installation

- 1. Insert the MSI CD into the CD-ROM drive.
- 2. The CD will auto-run and the setup screen will appear.
- 3. Under the Driver tab, click on JMicron JMB363 Drivers.
- 4. The drivers will be automatically installed.

#### † Confirming Windows Vista/XP Driver Installation

- 1. From Windows Vista/XP, open the **Control Panel** from **My Computer** followed by the System icon.
- 2. Choose the Hardware tab, then click the Device Manager tab.
- 3. Click the "+" in front of the SCSI and RAID Controllers hardware type. The driver *JMicron JMB36X Controller* should appear.

## **JMicron RAID Configurer**

There is an application called JMRaidTool which helps you perform the following tasks of JMicron RAID.

- Viewing RAID Array Configurations View an array configuration (mirrored, striped)
- Creating RAID Arrays
- Deleting a RAID Array
- Rebuilding RAID Arrays
- Solving Mirror Conflict

#### **View RAID Array Configurations**

Left-click the "Show Disks" button and the information of all hard disks will display on the right side of the window.



Left-click the name of the disk array and the information of all hard disks of the selected disk array will display on the right side of the window. The information of the disk array will also display on the lower-left part of the window.



#### Create RAID

JMRaidTool supports the creation of RAID 0, 1, 0+1 and JBOD.

- 1. Left-click the "Create Raid" button.
- 2. A CREATE RAID WIZARD dialogue will display on the screen, following the description of every step to complete the creation.



### **Create RAID from Existing Disk**

You can combine the Existing Disk (Source disk may content OS and Data) with other HD (must be larger than source Disk) to be RAID. The data on Source Disk will be reserved. After RAID is built, system will need to reboot.

- 1. Left-Click the "Create RAID from Existing Disk" icon on the toolbar.
- 2. A "CREATING RAID FROM EXISTING DISK" wizard dialogue will display on the screen, following the description of every step to complete the creation.



#### **Remove RAID**

There are two ways you can choose to remove RAID.

#### Way 1

1. Right-click the name of the disk array you want to delete and the "Remove" menu will appear. Select the "Remove Raid" of the pop-up menu.



2. A warning message appears to remind you that the data will be lost. Press the "Yes" button if you really want to delete the disk array.



#### Way2

- 1. Left-Click the "Remove Raid" icon on the toolbar.
- 2. A "REMOVE RAID" wizard dialogue will display on the screen, following the description of every step to complete the deletion.



#### **Rebuild RAID**

RAID 1, 0+1 can be rebuilt while RAID 0, JBOD cannot be rebuilt. There are two ways you can choose to rebuild RAID.

#### Way 1

1. Right-click the name of the disk array you want to rebuild and the "Rebuild" menu will appear.



2. Select "Rebuild Raid".

3. A "REBUILD RAID WIZARD" dialogue will display on the screen, following the description of every step to complete the rebuilding.



#### Way 2

1. If the disk array needs to rebuild then the rebuild button will be enabling on the toolbar.



- 2. Left-Click the "Rebuild Raid" button on the toolbar.
- 3. A "REBUILD RAID WIZARD" dialogue will display on the screen, following the description of every step to complete the rebuilding.



#### **Solve Mirror Conflict**

If the conflict occurs, it will show the "REBUILDING RAID WIZARD" dialogue to ask you if you want to rebuild RAID, following the description of every step to rebuild the RAID.

