

G31P Neo2 Series

MS-7392 (V2.X) Mainboard



G52-73921XB

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Revision History

Revision	Revision History	Date
V2.1	First release	June 2008

Technical Support

If a problem arises with your system and no solution can be obtained from the user's manual, please contact your place of purchase or local distributor. Alternatively, please try the following help resources for further guidance.

Visit the MSI website for FAQ, technical guide, BIOS updates, driver updates, and other information: http://global.msi.com.tw/index.php? func=service

Contact our technical staff at: http://ocss.msi.com.tw

Safety Instructions

- 1. Always read the safety instructions carefully.
- 2. Keep this User's Manual for future reference.
- 3. Keep this equipment away from humidity.
- 4. Lay this equipment on a reliable flat surface before setting it up.
- 5. The openings on the enclosure are for air convection hence protects the equipment from overheating. DO NOT COVER THE OPENINGS.
- 6. Make sure the voltage of the power source and adjust properly 110/220V before connecting the equipment to the power inlet.
- 7. Place the power cord such a way that people can not step on it. Do not place anything over the power cord.
- 8. Always Unplug the Power Cord before inserting any add-on card or module.
- 9. All cautions and warnings on the equipment should be noted.
- 10. Never pour any liquid into the opening that could damage or cause electrical shock.
- 11. If any of the following situations arises, get the equipment checked by service personnel:
 - † The power cord or plug is damaged.
 - † Liquid has penetrated into the equipment.
 - † The equipment has been exposed to moisture.
 - † The equipment does not work well or you can not get it work according to User's Manual.
 - † The equipment has dropped and damaged.
 - † The equipment has obvious sign of breakage.
- 12. DONOT LEAVE THIS EQUIPMENT INAN ENVIRONMENT UNCONDITIONED, STOR-AGE TEMPERATURE ABOVE 60°C (140°F), IT MAY DAMAGE THE EQUIPMENT.



CAUTION: Danger of explosion if battery is incorrectly replaced. Replace only with the same or equivalent type recommended by the manufacturer.

警告使用者:

。這是甲類的資訊產品,在居住的環境中使用時,可能會造成無線電干擾, 在這種情況下,使用者會被要求採取某些適當的對策。



廢電池請回收

For better environmental protection, waste batteries should be collected separately for recycling or special disposal.

FCC-B Radio Frequency Interference Statement

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part



15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the measures listed below.

- † Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- † Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- † Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- † Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/television technician for help.

Notice 1

The changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

Notice 2

Shielded interface cables and A.C. power cord, if any, must be used in order to comply with the emission limits.

VOIR LANOTICE D'INSTALLATION AVANT DE RACCORDER AU RESEAU.



This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

(1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and

(2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

WEEE (Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment) Statement



ENGLISH

To protect the global environment and as an environmentalist, MSI must remind you that...

Under the European Union ("EU") Directive on Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment, Directive 2002/96/EC, which takes effect on August 13, 2005, products of "electrical and electronic equipment" cannot be discarded as municipal waste anymore and manufacturers of covered electronic equipment will be obligated to take back such products at the end of their useful life. MSI will comply with the product take back requirements at the end of life of MSI-branded products that are sold into the EU. You can return these products to local collection points.

DEUTSCH

Hinweis von MSI zur Erhaltung und Schutz unserer Umwelt

Gemäß der Richtlinie 2002/96/EG über Elektro- und Elektronik-Altgeräte dürfen Elektro- und Elektronik-Altgeräte nicht mehr als kommunale Abfälle entsorgt werden. MSI hat europaweit verschiedene Sammel- und Recyclingunternehmen beauftragt, die in die Europäische Union in Verkehr gebrachten Produkte, am Ende seines Lebenszyklus zurückzunehmen. Bitte entsorgen Sie dieses Produkt zum gegebenen Zeitpunkt ausschliesslich an einer lokalen Altgerätesammelstelle in Ihrer Nähe.

FRANÇAIS

En tant qu'écologiste et afin de protéger l'environnement, MSI tient à rappeler ceci...

Au sujet de la directive européenne (EU) relative aux déchets des équipement électriques et électroniques, directive 2002/96/EC, prenant effet le 13 août 2005, que les produits électriques et électroniques ne peuvent être déposés dans les décharges ou tout simplement mis à la poubelle. Les fabricants de ces équipements seront obligés de récupérer certains produits en fin de vie. MSI prendra en compte cette exigence relative au retour des produits en fin de vie au sein de la communauté européenne. Par conséquent vous pouvez retourner localement ces matériels dans les points de collecte.

РУССКИЙ

Компания MSI предпринимает активные действия по защите окружающей среды, поэтому напоминаем вам, что....

В соответствии с директивой Европейского Союза (ЕС) по предотвращению загрязнения окружающей среды использованным электрическим и электронным оборудованием (директива WEEE 2002/96/ЕС), вступающей в силу 13 августа 2005 года, паделия, относящиеся к электрическому и электронному оборудованню, не могут рассматриваться как бытовой мусор, поэтому производители вышенеречисленного электронного оборудования обязаны принимать его для переработки по окончании срока службы. MSI обязуется соблюдать требования по приему продукции, проданной под маркой MSI на территории ЕС, в переработку по окончании срока службы. Вы можете вернуть эти изделия в специализированные пункты приема.

ESPAÑOL

MSI como empresa comprometida con la protección del medio ambiente, recomienda:

Bajo la directiva 2002/96/EC de la Unión Europea en materia de desechos y/o equipos electrónicos, con fecha de rigor desde el 13 de agosto de 2005, los productos clasificados como "eléctricos y equipos electrónicos" no pueden ser depositados en los contenedores habituales de su municipio, los fabricantes de equipos electrónicos, están obligados a hacerse cargo de dichos productos al termino de su período de vida. MSI estará comprometido con los términos de recogida de sus productos vendidos en la Unión Europea al final de su periodo de vida. Usted debe depositar estos productos en el punto limpio establecido por el ayuntamiento de su localidad o entregar a una empresa autorizada para la recogida de estos residuos.

NEDERLANDS

Om het milieu te beschermen, wil MSI u eraan herinneren dat....

De richtlijn van de Europese Unie (EU) met betrekking tot Vervuiling van Electrische en Electronische producten (2002/96/EC), die op 13 Augustus 2005 in zal gaan kunnen niet meer beschouwd worden als vervuiling.

Fabrikanten van dit soort producten worden verplicht om producten retour te nemen aan het eind van hun levenscyclus. MSI zal overeenkomstig de richtlijn handelen voor de producten die de merknaam MSI dragen en verkocht zijn in de EU. Deze goederen kunnen geretourneerd worden op lokale inzamelingspunten.

SRPSKI

Da bi zaštitili prirodnu sredinu, i kao preduzeće koje vodi računa o okolini i prirodnoj sredini, MSI mora da vas podesti da...

Po Direktivi Evropske unije ("EU") o odbačenoj ekektronskoj i električnoj opremi, Direktiva 2002/96/EC, koja stupa na snagu od 13. Avgusta 2005, proizvodi koji spadaju pod "elektronsku i električnu opremu" ne mogu više biti odbačeni kao običan otpad i proizvođači ove opreme biće prinuđeni da uzmu natrag ove proizvode na kraju njihovog uobičajenog veka trajanja. MSI će poštovati zahtev o preuzimanju ovakvih proizvoda kojima je istekao vek trajanja, koji imaju MSI oznaku i koji su prodati u EU. Ove proizvode možete vratiti na lokalnim mestima za prikupljanje.

POLSKI

Aby chronić nasze środowisko naturalne oraz jako firma dbająca o ekologię, MSI przypomina, że...

Zgodnie z Dyrektywą Unii Europejskiej ("UE") dotyczącą odpadów produktów elektrycznych i elektronicznych (Dyrektywa 2002/96/EC), która wchodzi w życie 13 sierpnia 2005, tzw. "produkty oraz wyposażenie elektryczne i elektroniczne " nie mogą być traktowane jako śmieci komunalne, tak więc producenci tych produktów będą zobowiązani do odbierania ich w momencie gdy produkt jest wycofywany z użycia. MSI wypelni wymagania UE, przyjmując produkty (sprzedawane na terenie Unii Europejskiej) wycofywane z użycia. Produkty MSI będzie można zwracać w wyznaczonych punktach zbiorczych.

TÜRKÇE

Çevreci özelliğiyle bilinen MSI dünyada çevreyi korumak için hatırlatır:

Avrupa Birliği (AB) Kararnamesi Elektrik ve Elektronik Malzeme Atığı, 2002/96/EC Kararnamesi altında 13 Ağustos 2005 tarihinden itibaren geçerli olmak üzere, elektrikli ve elektronik malzemeler diğer atıklar gibi çöpe atılamayacak ve bu elektonik cihazların üreticileri, cihazların kullanım süreleri bittikten sonra ürünleri geri toplamakla yükümlü olacaktır. Avrupa Birliği'ne satılan MSI markalı ürünlerin kullanım süreleri bittiğinde MSI ürünlerin geri alınması isteği ile işbirliği içerisinde olacaktır. Ürünlerinizi yerel toplama noktalarına bırakabilirsiniz.

ČESKY

Záleží nám na ochraně životního prostředí - společnost MSI upozorňuje...

Podle směrnice Evropské unie ("EU") o likvidaci elektrických a elektronických výrobků 2002/96/EC platné od 13. srpna 2005 je zakázáno likvidovat "elektrické a elektronické výrobky" v běžném komunálním odpadu a výrobci elektronických výrobků, na které se tato směrnice vztahuje, budou povinni odebírat takové výrobky zpět po skončení jejich životnosti. Společnost MSI splní požadavky na odebírání výrobků značky MSI, prodávaných v zemích EU, po skončení jejich životnosti. Tyto výrobky můžete odevzdat v místních sběrnách.

MAGYAR

Annak érdekében, hogy környezetünket megvédjük, illetve környezetvédőként fellépve az MSI emlékezteti Önt, hogy ...

Az Európai Unió ("EU") 2005. augusztus 13-án hatályba lépő, az elektromos és elektronikus berendezések hulladékairól szóló 2002/96/EK irányelve szerint az elektromos és elektronikus berendezések többé nem kezelhetőek lakossági hulladékként, és az ilyen elektronikus berendezések gyártói kötelessé válnak az ilyen termékek visszavételére azok hasznos élettartama végén. Az MSI betartja a termékvisszavétellel kapcsolatos követelményeket az MSI márkanév alatt az EU-n belül értékesített termékek esetében, azok élettartamának végén. Az ilyen termékeket a legközelebbi gyűjtőbelyre viheti.

ITALIANO

Per proteggere l'ambiente, MSI, da sempre amica della natura, ti ricorda che....

In base alla Direttiva dell'Unione Europea (EU) sullo Smaltimento dei Materiali Elettrici ed Elettronici, Direttiva 2002/96/EC in vigore dal 13 Agosto 2005, prodotti appartenenti alla categoria dei Materiali Elettrici ed Elettronici non possono più essere eliminati come rifiuti municipali: i produttori di detti materiali saranno obbligati a ritirare ogni prodotto alla fine del suo ciclo di vita. MSI si adeguerà a tale Direttiva ritirando tutti i prodotti marchiati MSI che sono stati venduti all'interno dell'Unione Europea alla fine del loro ciclo di vita. È possibile portare i prodotti nel più vicino punto di raccolta.

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Chapter 1 Getting Started

Thank you for choosing the G31P Neo2 Series (MS-7392 V2.X) ATX mainboard. The G31P Neo2 Series mainboards are based on Intel[®] P31/G31 & ICH7R/ ICH7 chipsets for optimal system efficiency. Designed to fit the advanced Intel[®] Core[™]2 Quad, Core[™]2 Duo, Pentium[®] E2XXX and Celeron[®] 4XX processor, the G31P Neo2 Series deliver a high performance and professional desktop platform solution.



Mainboard Specifications

Processor Support

Intel[®] Core[™]2 Quad, Core[™]2 Duo, Pentium[®] E2XXX and Celeron[®]
 4XX processor in the LGA775 package

(For the latest information about CPU, please visit *http://global.msi. com.tw/index.php?func=cpuform*)

Supported FSB

- 1333/ 1066/ 800 MHz

Chipset

- North Bridge: Intel® P31/G31 chipset

- South Bridge: Intel® ICH7R/ ICH7 chipset

Memory Support

- DDR2 800/ 667 SDRAM (4GB Max)

- 4 DDR2 DIMMs (240pin/ 1.8V)

(For more information on compatible components, please visit http://global.msi.com.tw/index.php?func=testreport)

LAN

- Supports PCI Express LAN 10/ 100/ 1000 Fast Ethernet by Realtek® RTL8111C/ RTL8111B (Optional)

IEEE 1394 (Optional)

- Chip integrated by VIA® VT6308P
- Transfer rate is up to 400 Mbps

Audio

- Chip integrated by Realtek® ALC888
- Flexible 8-channel audio with jack sensing
- Compliant with Azalia 1.0 Spec
- Meet Microsoft Windows Vista Premium Spec

IDE

- 1 IDE port by Intel® ICH7R/ ICH7
- Supports Ultra DMA 66/ 100 mode
- Supports PIO and Bus Master operation mode

SATA

- 4 SATA II ports by Intel® ICH7R/ ICH7
- Supports four SATA devices
- Supports storage and data transfers at up to 3Gb/s

RAID

- Supports RAID 0/ 1/ 0+1/ 5 mode by Intel® ICH7R

Floppy

- 1 floppy port
- Supports 1 FDD with 360KB, 720KB, 1.2MB, 1.44MB and 2.88MB

Connectors

Back panel

- 1 PS/2 mouse port
- 1 PS/2 keyboard port
- 1 parallel port
- 1 serial port
- 1 LAN jack
- 4 USB ports
- 6 audio jacks

On-Board Pinheaders

- 2 USB pinheaders
- 1 CD-in pinheader
- 1 S/PDIF-out pinheader
- 1 front panel audio pinheader
- 1 chassis intrusion switch pinheader
- 1 1394 pinheader (Optional)
- 1 JTPM module connector

Slots

- 1 PCI Express x16 slot
- 2 PCI Express x1 slots
- 3 PCI slots (support 3.3V/ 5V PCI bus Interface)

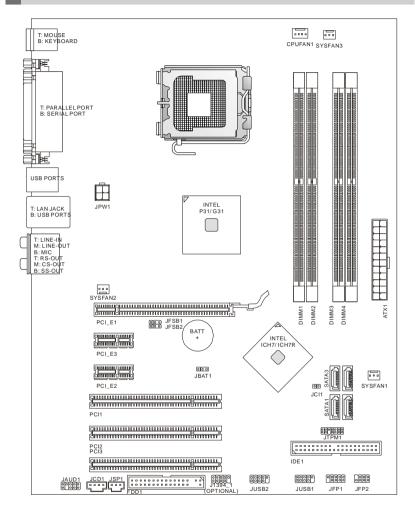
Form Factor

- ATX (30.5cm X 23.6cm)

Mounting

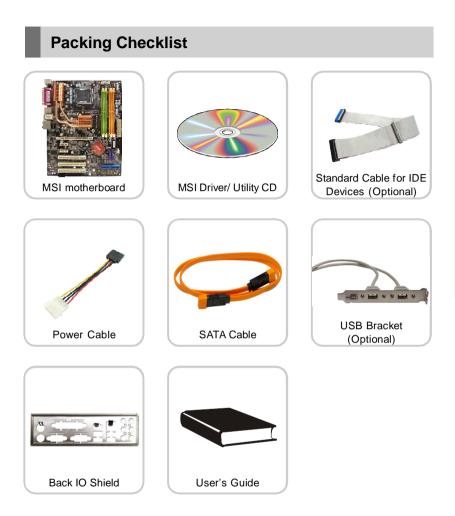
- 6 mounting holes

Mainboard Layout



G31P Neo2 Series (MS-7392 V2.X) ATX Mainboard

Getting Started



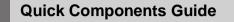
* The pictures are for reference only and may vary from the packing contents of the product you purchased.

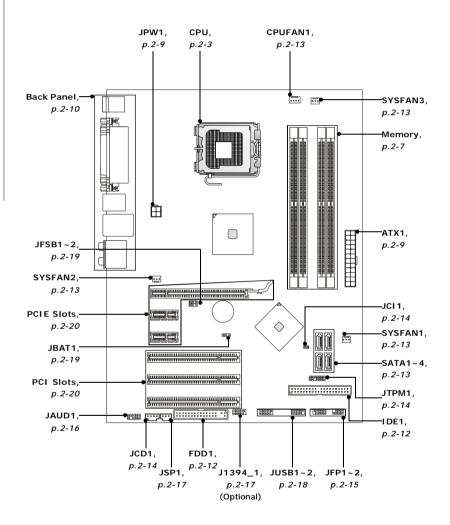
Chapter 2 Hardware Setup

This chapter provides you with the information about hardware setup procedures. While doing the installation, be careful in holding the components and follow the installation procedures. For some components, if you install in the wrong orientation, the components will not work properly.

Use a grounded wrist strap before handling computer components. Static electricity may damage the components.







CPU (Central Processing Unit)

This mainboard supports Intel[®] processor in LGA 775 package. When you are installing the CPU, make sure to install the cooler to prevent overheating. If you do not have the CPU cooler, consult your dealer before turning on the computer.

(For the latest information about CPU, please visit http://global.msi.com.tw/index.php?func=cpuform)



Overheating

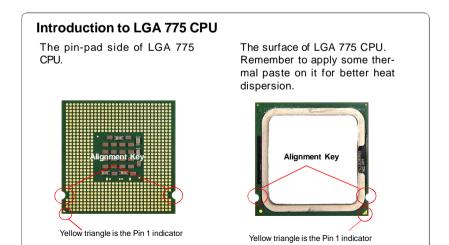
Overheating will seriously damage the CPU and system. Always make sure the cooling fan can work properly to protect the CPU from overheating. Make sure that you apply an even layer of thermal paste (or thermal tape) between the CPU and the heatsink to enhance heat dissipation.

Replaceing the CPU

While replacing the CPU, always turn off the ATX power supply or unplug the power supply's power cord from the grounded outlet first to ensure the safety of CPU.

Overclocking

This mainboard is designed to support overclocking. However, please make sure your components are able to tolerate such abnormal setting, while doing overclocking. Any attempt to operate beyond product specifications is not recommended. We do not guarantee the damages or risks caused by inadequate operation or beyond product specifications.



CPU & Cooler Installation

When you are installing the CPU, **make sure the CPU has a cooler attached on the top to prevent overheating.** Meanwhile, do not forget to apply some thermal paste on CPU before installing the heat sink/cooler fan for better heat dispersion. Follow the steps below to install the CPU & cooler correctly. Wrong installation will cause the damage of your CPU & mainboard.

 The CPU socket has a plastic cap on it to protect the contact from damage. Before you install the CPU, always cover it to protect the socket pin.



3. The pins of socket reveal.





2. Remove the cap from lever hinge side (as the arrow shows).



4. Open the load lever.



- 1. Confirm if your CPU cooler is firmly installed before turning on your system.
- 2. Do not touch the CPU socket pins to avoid damaging.
- 3. The availability of the CPU land side cover depends on your CPU packing.

Hardware Setup

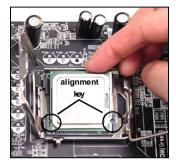
5. Lift the load lever up and open the load plate.



7. Visually inspect if the CPU is seated well into the socket. If not, take out the CPU with pure vertical motion and reinstall.



 After confirming the CPU direction for correct mating, put down the CPU in the socket housing frame. Be sure to grasp on the edge of the CPU base. Note that the alignment keys are matched.



8. Cover the load plate onto the package.



9. Press down the load lever lightly onto the load plate, and then secure the lever with the hook under retention tab.



 Press the four hooks down to fasten the cooler. Then rotate the locking switch (refer to the correct direction marked on it) to lock the hooks.



Important

 Align the holes on the mainboard with the heatsink. Push down the cooler until its four clips get wedged into the holes of the mainboard.



 Turn over the mainboard to confirm that the clip-ends are correctly inserted.

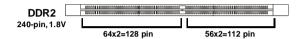


- 1. Read the CPU status in BIOS (Chapter 3).
- 2. Whenever CPU is not installed, always protect your CPU socket pin with the plastic cap covered (shown in Figure 1) to avoid damaging.
- 3. Mainboard photos shown in this section are for demonstration of the CPU/ cooler installation only. The appearance of your mainboard may vary depending on the model you purchase.

Memory

These DIMM slots are used for installing memory modules.

(For more information on compatible components, please visit *http://global.msi.com. tw/index.php?func=testreport*)



Single-Channel: All DIMMs in GREEN Dual-Channel: Channel A in GREEN; Channel B in ORANGE

Due to chipset limitations, to enable dual channel mode or single channel mode, installing memory modules should refer to the following table.

Memory Installation Combination (SS : single side, DS : double side, X : none installed memory)

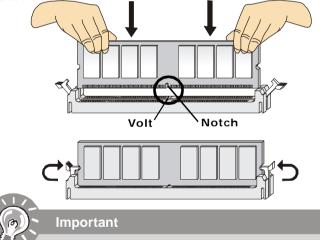
		DIMM1	DIMM2	DIMM3	DIMM4
	Combination1	DS/SS	х	DS/SS	х
	Combination2	DS/SS	Х	Х	DS/SS
Dual Channel Mode	Combination3	Х	DS/SS	DS/SS	Х
	Combination4	Х	DS/SS	Х	DS/SS
	Combination5	SS	SS	SS	SS
		1	1	1	I
	Combination1	DS/SS	Х	х	Х
	Combination2	x	DS/SS	x	х
	Combination3	Х	Х	DS/SS	Х
	Combination4	х	х	х	DS/SS
Single Channel Mode	Combination5	SS	SS	х	Х
Single Channel Mode	Combination6	Х	Х	SS	SS
	Combination7	SS	SS	DS/SS	Х
	Combination8	SS	SS	х	DS/SS
	Combination9	DS/SS	х	SS	SS
	Combination10	Х	DS/SS	SS	SS

Installing Memory Modules

- 1. The memory module has only one notch on the center and will only fit in the right orientation.
- Insert the memory module vertically into the DIMM slot. Then push it in until the golden finger on the memory module is deeply inserted in the DIMM slot. The plastic clip at each side of the DIMM slot will automatically close when the memory module is properly seated.



- Manually check if the memory module has been locked in place by the DIMM slo
- 3. Manually check if the memory module has been locked in place by the DIMM slot clips at the sides.



- DDR2 memory modules are not interchangeable with DDR and the DDR2 standard is not backwards compatible. You should always install DDR2 memory modules in the DDR2 DIMM slots.
- In Dual-Channel mode, make sure that you install memory modules of the same type and density in different channel DIMM slots.
- To enable successful system boot-up, always insert the memory modules into the DIMM1 first.
- Due to the chipset resource deployment, the system density will only be detected up to 3+GB (not full 4GB) when each DIMM is installed with a 1GB memory module.

Power Supply

ATX 24-Pin Power Connector: ATX1

This connector allows you to connect an ATX 24-pin power supply. To connect the ATX 24-pin power supply, make sure the plug of the power supply is inserted in the proper orientation and the pins are aligned. Then push down the power supply firmly into the connector. You may use the 20-pin ATX power supply as you like. If you'd like to use the 20-pin ATX power supply, please plug your power supply along with pin 1 & pin 13 (refer to the image at the right hand). There is also a foolproof design on pin 11, 12, 23 & 24 to avoid wrong installation.



	12			24
		┝		
ATX1		\vdash	\vdash	
			\vdash	_
	1			13

PIN	SIGNAL	PIN	SIGNAL
1	+3.3V	13	+3.3V
2	+3.3V	14	-12V
3	GND	15	GND
4	+5V	16	PS-ON#
5	GND	17	GND
6	+5V	18	GND
7	GND	19	GND
8	PWROK	20	Res
9	5VSB	21	+5V
10	+12V	22	+5V
11	+12V	23	+5V
12	+3.3V	24	GND

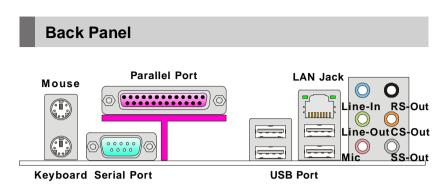
ATX 12V Power Connector: JPW1

This 12V power connector JPW1 is used to provide power to the CPU.

	Pin	Definition
3 4	PIN	SIGNAL
1 2	1	GND
	2	GND
JPW1	3	12V
	4	12V

Important

- 1. Make sure that all the connectors are connected to proper ATX power supplies to ensure stable operation of the mainboard.
- 2. Power supply of 350 watts (and above) is highly recommended for system stability.



Mouse/Keyboard

The standard PS/2[®] mouse/keyboard DIN connector is for a PS/2[®] mouse/keyboard.

Parallel Port

A parallel port is a standard printer port that supports Enhanced Parallel Port (EPP) and Extended Capabilities Parallel Port (ECP) mode.

Serial Port

The serial port is a 16550A high speed communications port that sends/ receives 16 bytes FIFOs. You can attach a serial mouse or other serial devices directly to the connector.

USB Port

The USB (Universal Serial Bus) port is for attaching USB devices such as keyboard, mouse, or other USB-compatible devices.

LAN Jack

The standard RJ-45 LAN jack is for connection to the Local Area Network (LAN). You can connect a network cable to it.

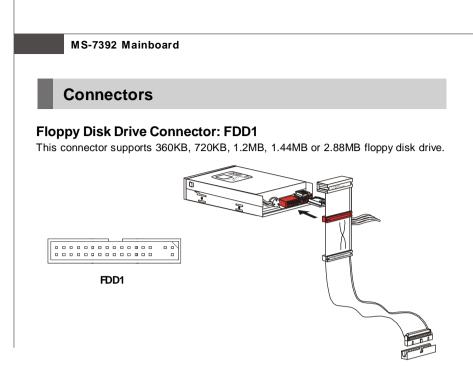


LED	Color	LED State	condition	
		Off	LAN link is not established.	
Left	Yellow	On (steady state)	LAN link is established.	
		On (brighter & pulsing)	The computer is communicating with another computer on the LAN.	
	Green	Off	10 Mbit/sec data rate is selected.	
Right		On	100 Mbit/sec data rate is selected.	
	Orange	On	1000 Mbit/sec data rate is selected.	

Audio Ports

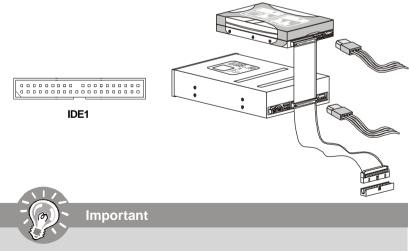
These audio connectors are used for audio devices. You can differentiate the color of the audio jacks for different audio sound effects.

- Line-In (Blue) Line In, is used for external CD player, tapeplayer or other audio devices.
- Line-Out (Green) Line Out, is a connector for speakers or headphones.
- Mic (Pink) Mic, is a connector for microphones.
- **RS-Out (Black)** Rear-Surround Out in 4/ 5.1/ 7.1 channel mode.
- **CS-Out (Orange)** Center/ Subwoofer Out in 5.1/7.1 channel mode.
- SS-Out (Gray) Side-Surround Out 7.1 channel mode.



IDE Connector: IDE1

This connector supports IDE hard disk drives, optical disk drives and other IDE devices.

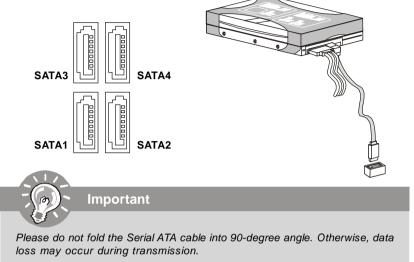


If you install two IDE devices on the same cable, you must configure the drives separately to master / slave mode by setting jumpers. Refer to IDE device's documentation supplied by the vendors for jumper setting instructions.

Hardware Setup

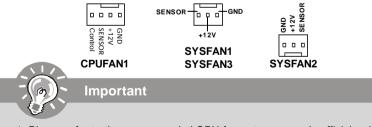
Serial ATA Connector: SATA1/ SATA2/ SATA3/ SATA4

This connector is a high-speed Serial ATA interface port. Each connector can connect to one Serial ATA device.



Fan Power Connectors: CPUFAN1/SYSFAN1/SYSFAN2/SYSFAN3

The fan power connectors support system cooling fan with +12V. When connecting the wire to the connectors, always note that the red wire is the positive and should be connected to the +12V; the black wire is Ground and should be connected to GND. If the mainboard has a System Hardware Monitor chipset on-board, you must use a specially designed fan with speed sensor to take advantage of the CPU fan control.



- 1. Please refer to the recommended CPU fans at processor's official website or consult the vendors for proper CPU cooling fan.
- 2. Fan cooler set with 3 or 4 pins power connector are both available for CPUFAN1.
- 3. CPUFAN1 supports fan control. You can setup it in H/W Monitor of BIOS Setup. You can install Dual Core Center utility that will automatically control the CPU fan speed according to the actual CPU temperature.

Chassis Intrusion Switch Connector: JCI1

This connector connects to a 2-pin chassis switch. If the chassis is opened, the switch will be short. The system will record this status and show a warning message on the screen. To clear the warning, you must enter the BIOS utility and clear the record.



CD-In Connector: JCD1

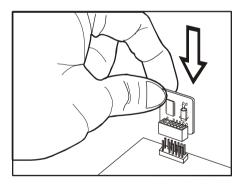
This connector is provided for external audio input.



TPM Module connector: JTPM1

This connector connects to a TPM (Trusted Platform Module) module. Please refer to the TPM security platform manual for more details and usages.

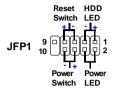
¹³ 14 JTPM1



1						
	Pin	Signal	Description	Pin	Signal	Description
	1	LCLK	LPCclock	2	3V dual/3V_STB	3V dual or 3V standby power
	3	LRST#	LPC reset	4	VCC3	3.3V power
	5	LAD0	LPC address & data pin0	6	SIRQ	Serial IRQ
	7	LAD1	LPC address & data pin1	8	VCC5	5Vpower
	9	LAD2	LPC address & data pin2	10	KEY	Nopin
	11	LAD3	LPC address & data pin3	12	GND	Ground
	13	LFRAME#	LPCFrame	14	GND	Ground

Front Panel Connectors: JFP1/ JFP2

These connectors are for electrical connection to the front panel switches and LEDs. The JFP1 is compliant with Intel[®] Front Panel I/O Connectivity Design Guide.



JFP1 Pin Definition

PIN	SIGNAL	DESCRIPTION
1	HD_LED +	Hard disk LED pull-up
2	FPPWR/SLP	MSG LED pull-up
3	HD_LED -	Hard disk active LED
4	FPPWR/SLP	MSG LED pull-up
5	RST_SW -	Reset Switch low reference pull-down to GND
6	PWR_SW-	Power Switch high reference pull-down to GND
7	RST_SW+	Reset Switch high reference pull-up
8	PWR_SW+	Power Switch low reference pull-up
9	RSVD_DNU	Reserved. Do not use.



JFP2 Pin Definition

PIN	SIGNAL	DESCRIPTION
1	GND	Ground
2	SPK-	Speaker-
3	SLED	SuspendLED
4	BUZ+	Buzzer+
5	PLED	PowerLED
6	BUZ-	Buzzer-
7	NC	Noconnection
8	SPK+	Speaker+

Front Panel Audio Connector: JAUD1

This connector allows you to connect the front panel audio and is compliant with Intel® Front Panel I/O Connectivity Design Guide.



PIN	SIGNAL	DESCRIPTION
1	MIC_L	Microphone - Left channel
2	GND	Ground
3	MIC_R	Microphone - Right channel
4	PRESENCE#	Active low signal-signals BIOS that a High Definition Audio dongle
		is connected to the analog header. PRESENCE#=0 when a High Definition Audio dongle is connected
5	LINE out_R	Analog Port - Right channel
6	MIC_JD	Jack detection return from front panel microphone JACK1
7	Front_JD	Jack detection sense line from the High Definition Audio CODEC jack detection resistor network
8	NC	No control
9	LINE out_L	Analog Port - Left channel
10	LINEout_JD	Jack detection return from front panel JACK2

HD Audio Pin Definition

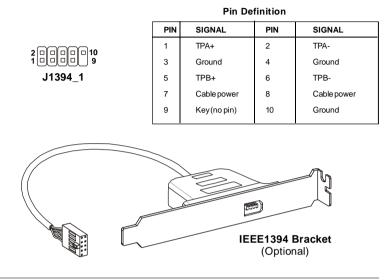
AC'97 Audio Pin Definition

PIN	SIGNAL	DESCRIPTION
1	MIC	Microphone input signal
2	GND	Ground
3	MIC_PWR	Microphone power
4	NC	No Control
5	LINE out_R	Right channel audio signal to front panel
6	NC	No Control
7	NC	No Control
8	Key	No pin
9	LINE out_L	Left channel audio signal to front panel
10	NC	No Control

Hardware Setup

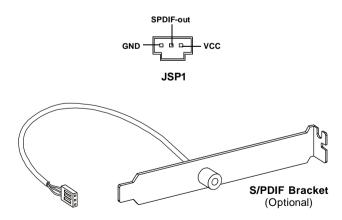
IEEE1394 Connector: J1394_1 (Optional)

This connector allows you to connect the IEEE1394 device via an optional IEEE1394 bracket.



S/PDIF-Out Connector: JSP1

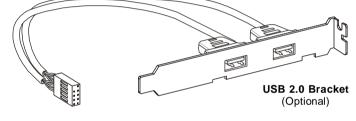
This connector is used to connect S/PDIF (Sony & Philips Digital Interconnect Format) interface for digital audio transmission.



Front USB Connector: JUSB1/ JUSB2

This connector, compliant with Intel[®] I/O Connectivity Design Guide, is ideal for connecting high-speed USB interface peripherals such as USB HDD, digital cameras, MP3 players, printers, modems and the like.

	Pin Definition			
	PIN	SIGNAL	PIN	SIGNAL
	1	VCC	2	VCC
	3	USB0-	4	USB1-
JUSB1	5	USB0+	6	USB1+
JUSB2	7	GND	8	GND
	9	Key (no pin)	10	USBOC
			•	



Important

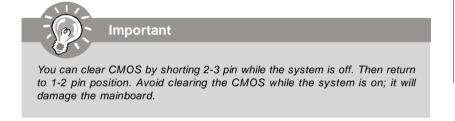
Note that the pins of VCC and GND must be connected correctly to avoid possible damage.

Jumpers

Clear CMOS Jumper: JBAT1

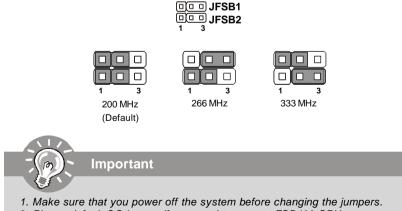
There is a CMOS RAM onboard that has a power supply from an external battery to keep the data of system configuration. With the CMOS RAM, the system can automatically boot OS every time it is turned on. If you want to clear the system configuration, set the jumper to clear data.





Hardware Overclock FSB Jumpers: JFSB1/ JFSB2

You can overclock the FSB to increase the processor frequency by changing the jumpers JFSB1 and JFSB2. Follow the instructions below to set the FSB.



2. Please default OC jumper if you need to support FSB400 CPU.



Slots

PCI (Peripheral Component Interconnect) Express Slot

The PCI Express slot supports the PCI Express interface expansion card. The PCI Express x 16 supports up to 4.0 GB/s transfer rate. The PCI Express x 1 supports up to 250 MB/s transfer rate.



PCI Express x16 Slot

PCI Express x1 Slot

PCI (Peripheral Component Interconnect) Slot

The PCI slot supports LAN card, SCSI card, USB card, and other add-on cards that comply with PCI specifications.

32-bit PCI Slot

Important

When adding or removing expansion cards, make sure that you unplug the power supply first. Meanwhile, read the documentation for the expansion card to configure any necessary hardware or software settings for the expansion card, such as jumpers, switches or BIOS configuration.

PCI Interrupt Request Routing

The IRQ, acronym of interrupt request line and pronounced I-R-Q, are hardware lines over which devices can send interrupt signals to the microprocessor. The PCI IRQ pins are typically connected to the PCI bus pins as follows:

	Order 1	Order 2	Order 3	Order 4
PCI Slot 1	INT A#	INT B#	INT C#	INTD#
PCI Slot 2	INT B#	INT C#	INTD#	INTA#
PCI Slot 3	INT C#	INT D#	INT A#	INT B#

Chapter 3 BIOS Setup

This chapter provides information on the BIOS Setup program and allows you to configure the system for optimum use.

You may need to run the Setup program when:

- ² An error message appears on the screen during the system booting up, and requests you to run SETUP.
- ² You want to change the default settings for customized features.



Entering Setup

Power on the computer and the system will start POST (Power On Self Test) process. When the message below appears on the screen, press key to enter Setup.

Press DEL to enter SETUP

If the message disappears before you respond and you still wish to enter Setup, restart the system by turning it OFF and On or pressing the RESET button. You may also restart the system by simultaneously pressing <Ctrl>, <Alt>, and <Delete> keys.

Important

- The items under each BIOS category described in this chapter are under continuous update for better system performance. Therefore, the description may be slightly different from the latest BIOS and should be held for reference only.
- 2. Upon boot-up, the 1st line appearing after the memory count is the BIOS version. It is usually in the format:

A7392IMS V2.0 071307 where:

1st digit refers to BIOS maker as A = AMI, W = AWARD, and P = PHOENIX.

2nd - 5th digit refers to the model number. 6th digit refers to the chipset as I = Intel, N = nVidia, and V = VIA. 7th - 8th digit refers to the customer as MS = all standard customers. V2.0 refers to the BIOS version.

071307 refers to the date this BIOS was released.

Control Keys

<↑>	Move to the previous item
<↓>	Move to the next item
<←>	Move to the item in the left hand
<→>	Move to the item in the right hand
<enter></enter>	Select the item
<esc></esc>	Jumps to the Exit menu or returns to the main menu from a
	submenu
<+/PU>	Increase the numeric value or make changes
<-/PD>	Decrease the numeric value or make changes
<f6></f6>	Load Optimized Defaults
<f10></f10>	Save all the CMOS changes and exit

Getting Help

After entering the Setup menu, the first menu you will see is the Main Menu.

Main Menu

The main menu lists the setup functions you can make changes to. You can use the arrow keys ($\uparrow\downarrow$) to select the item. The on-line description of the highlighted setup function is displayed at the bottom of the screen.

Sub-Menu

If you find a right pointer symbol (as shown in the right view) appears to the left of certain fields that means a sub-menu can be launched from this field. A sub-menu contains additional options for a field parameter. You can use arrow keys ($\uparrow\downarrow$) to highlight the field and

►	Primary	IDE	Master
	Primaru	TDE	Slave

- ► Secondary IDE Master
- ▹ Secondary IDE Slave

press <Enter> to call up the sub-menu. Then you can use the control keys to enter values and move from field to field within a sub-menu. If you want to return to the main menu, just press the <Esc >.

General Help <F1>

The BIOS setup program provides a General Help screen. You can call up this screen from any menu by simply pressing <F1>. The Help screen lists the appropriate keys to use and the possible selections for the highlighted item. Press <Esc> to exit the Help screen.



► Standard CMOS Features

Use this menu for basic system configurations, such as time, date etc.

Advanced BIOS Features

Use this menu to setup the items of AMI® special enhanced features.

Integrated Peripherals

Use this menu to specify your settings for integrated peripherals.

Power Management Setup

Use this menu to specify your settings for power management.

PNP/PCI Configurations

This entry appears if your system supports PnP/PCI.

H/W Monitor

This entry shows your PC health status.

Frequency/Voltage Control

Use this menu to specify your settings for frequency/voltage control and overclocking.

Load Fail-Safe Defaults

Use this menu to load the default values set by the BIOS vendor for stable system performance.

► Load Optimized Defaults

Use this menu to load the default values set by the mainboard manufacturer specifically for optimal performance of the mainboard.

► BIOS Setting Password

Use this menu to set the password for BIOS.

Save & Exit Setup

Save changes to CMOS and exit setup.

► Exit Without Saving

Abandon all changes and exit setup.

Standard CMOS Features

The items in Standard CMOS Features Menu includes some basic setup items. Use the arrow keys to highlight the item and then use the <PgUp> or <PgDn> keys to select the value you want in each item.

	righ <mark>t (C) 1985-2005, Am</mark> er Standard CMOS Features	ican Megatrends, Inc.		
Date (MM:DD:YY) : Time (MH:MM:SS) : > IDE Primary Master > IDE Primary Slave > SATA 1 > SATA 2 > SATA 3 > SATA 3 > SATA 4 Floppy A > System Information	LFri 07/13/2007) [13:16:50] [Not Detected] [Not Detected] [Not Detected] [Not Detected] [Not Detected] [Hard Disk] [1.44 HB] [Press Enter]	Help Lten Use [ENTER], [TAB] or [SHIFT-TAB] to select a field. Use [+] or [-] to configure system Date.		
14↔÷:Move Enter:Select +/-/:Ualue F10:Save ESC:Exit F1:General Help F6:Load Optimized Defaults				

► Date (MM:DD:YY)

This allows you to set the system to the date that you want (usually the current date). The format is <day><month> <date> <year>.

Day of the week, from Sun to Sat, determined by
BIOS. Read-only.
The month from Jan. through Dec.
The date from 1 to 31 can be keyed by numeric function keys.
The year can be adjusted by users.

► Time (HH:MM:SS)

This allows you to set the system time that you want (usually the current time). The time format is <hour> <minute> <second>.

► IDE Primary Master/Slave, SATA1~4

Press <Enter> to enter the sub-menu, and the following screen appears.

CMOS Set	CMOS Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 1985-2005, American Megatrends, Inc. SATA3			
SATAB			Help Item	
Device Vendor Size	:Hard Disk :HDS728080PLA380 :82.36B		Disabled: Disables LDA Mode. Auto: Enables LBA	
LBA/Large DMA Mode Hard Disk	Mode S.H.A.R.T.	<mark>[Auto]</mark> [Aulu] [Auto]	 Mode if the device supports it and the device is not already Formatted with LUA Mode disabled. 	

Device / Vender / Size

It will showing the device information that you connected to the SATA connector.

► LBA/Large Mode

This allows you to enable or disable the LBA Mode. Setting to Auto enables LBA mode if the device supports it and the devices is not already formatted with LBA mode disabled.

► DMA Mode

Select DMA Mode.

► Hard Disk S.M.A.R.T.

This allows you to activate the S.M.A.R.T. (Self-Monitoring Analysis & Reporting Technology) capability for the hard disks. S.M.A.R.T is a utility that monitors your disk status to predict hard disk failure. This gives you an opportunity to move data from a hard disk that is going to fail to a safe place before the hard disk becomes offline.



IDE Primary Master/Slave and Serial-ATA 1/2/3/4 are appearing when you connect the HD devices to the IDE/ SATA connector on the mainboard.

Floppy A

This item allows you to set the type of floppy drives installed.

► System Information

Press <Enter> to enter the sub-menu, and the following screen appears.

CMOS Setup Utility - C	opyright (C) 1985-2005, Amer System Information	ican Megatrends, Inc.	
CPU Frequency BIOS Version Physical Memory Usage Memory	U4.0B14 100B2007 1024MB 1024MB 41 KB	Help Item	
14↔:Move Enter:Select +/-/:Ualue F10:Save ESC:Exit F1:General Help F6:Load Optimized Defaults			

This sub-menu shows the CPU information, BIOS version and memory status of your system (read only).

Advanced BIOS Features

CHOS Setup Utility - Copyr f	right (C) 1985-2005, A Advanced BIOS Features	
Hoot Sector Protection Full Screen Logo Display Quick Booting Boot up Num-Lock LED IOAPIC Function MPS Table Worsion • CPU Feature • Chipset Feature • Boot Sequence • Trusted Computing	Disabled Enabled (Enabled) (On) Enabled (1 4) (Press Enter) (Press Enter) (Press Enter) (Press Enter) (Press Enter)	Help Item Enable/Disable Boot Sector Virus Protection.
	+/-/:Value F10:Save bad Uptimized Defaults	ESC:Exit F1:General Help

Boot Sector Protection

This function protects the BIOS from accidental corruption by unauthorized users or computer viruses. When enabled, the BIOS' data cannot be changed when attempting to update the BIOS with a Flash utility. To successfully update the BIOS, you'll need to disable this Flash BIOS Protection function.

You should enable this function at all times. The only time when you need to disable it is when you want to update the BIOS. After updating the BIOS, you should immediately re-enable it to protect it against viruses.

Full Screen LOGO Display

This item enables you to show the company logo on the bootup screen. Settings are:

[Enabled] Shows a still image (logo) on the full screen at boot.

[Disabled] Shows the POST messages at boot.

Quick Booting

Setting the item to [Enabled] allows the system to boot within 10 seconds since it will skip some check items.

Boot Up Num-Lock LED

This setting is to set the Num Lock status when the system is powered on. Setting to [On] will turn on the Num Lock key when the system is powered on. Setting to [Off] will allow users to use the arrow keys on the numeric keypad.

► IOAPIC Function

This field is used to enable or disable the APIC (Advanced Programmable Interrupt Controller). Due to compliance with PC2001 design guide, the system is able to run in APIC mode. Enabling APIC mode will expand available IRQ resources for the system.

MPS Table Version

This field allows you to select which MPS (Multi-Processor Specification) version to be used for the operating system. You need to select the MPS version supported by your operating system. To find out which version to use, consult the vendor of your operating system.

► CPU Feature

Press <Enter> to enter the sub-menu and the following screen appears:

CMOS Setup Utility - Copyrig	ht (C) 1985-2005, Amer CPU Feature	ican Megatrends, Inc.
Hyper-Threading Function	[Enabled]	Help Item
Execute Bit Support Set Limit CPUID MaxVal to 3	(Disabled) (Disabled)	Enabled for Winodws XP and Linux4(US optimiz-

Execute Bit Support

Intel's Execute Disable Bit functionality can prevent certain classes of malicious "buffer overflow" attacks when combined with a supporting operating system. This functionality allows the processor to classify areas in memory by where application code can execute and where it cannot. When a malicious worm attempts to insert code in the buffer, the processor disables code execution, preventing damage or worm propagation.

Set Limit CPUID MaxVal to 3

The Max CPUID Value Limit is designed to limit the listed speed of the processor to older operating systems.

Hyper-Threading Technology

The processor uses Hyper-Threading technology to increase transaction rates and reduces end-user response times. The technology treats the two cores inside the processor as two logical processors that can execute instructions simultaneously. In this way, the system performance is highly improved. If you disable the function, the processor will use only one core to execute the instructions. *Please disable this item if your operating system doesn't support HT Function, or unreliability and instability may occur.*

Chipset Feature

Press <Enter> to enter the sub-menu and the following screen appears:

CMOS Setup	Utility - Copyright	(C)	1985-2005,	American	Megatrends,	Inc.
Chipset Feature						
HPET		Dis	abledl		Help Item	n

► HPET

The HPET (High Precision Event Timers) is a component that is part of the chipset. You can to enable it, and will provide you with the means to get to it via the various ACPI methods.

Boot Sequence

Press <Enter> to enter the sub-menu and the following screen appears:

CMOS Setup Utility - Copyri	ght (C) 1985-2005, Amer Boot Sequence	ican Megatrends, Inc.
1st Boot Device 2nd Boot Device	[USB:aigo_Storag] [CD/DUD:PS-ATAPI]	Help Item
3rd Boot Device Boot From Other Device	[SATA:3S-Maxtor] [Yes]	Specifies the boot sequence from the available devices.

▶ 1st/ 2nd/ 3rd Boot Device

The items allow you to set the first/ second boot device where BIOS attempts to load the disk operating system.

Boot From Other Device

Setting the option to [Yes] allows the system to try to boot from other device. if the system fails to boot from the 1st/ 2nd/ 3rd boot device.

Trusted Computing

Press <Enter> to enter the sub-menu and the following screen appears:

CMOS Setup Utility - Copyrigh Ti	n <mark>t (C) 1985-2005, Am</mark> rusted Computing	erican Megatrends, Inc.
Trusted Computing		Help Item
TCG/TPM_SUPPORT	[Yes]	Emable/Disable TPM TCG (TPM 1.1/1.2) supp
Execute TPM Command	[Don't change]	in BIOS
Clearing the TPM	IPress Enterl	A second cost a sec
IPM Enable/Disable Status	[No State]	
IPM Owner Status	[Nu State]	

► TCG/TPM SUPPORT

This item allows you to set the TCG (Trusted Computing Group) / TPM (TrustedPlatform Module) support function. Setting options are: [Yes] and [No].

Excute TPM Command

This item allows you to enable or disable the TPM security chip. Setting options are: [Don't change], [Disabled] and [Enabled].

Clearing the TPM

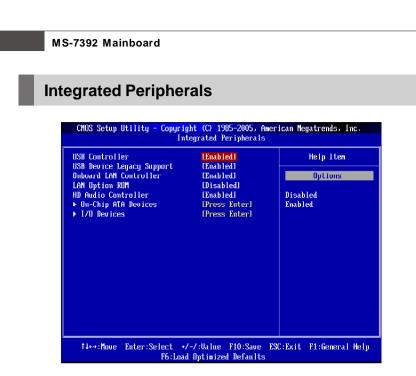
This item allows you to clear the user information saved in the TPM securitychip. When you press <Enter>, a warning message will appear to ask if you want to clear the user information in the security chip. Use the left / right arrowkey to select between [OK] and [Cancel], then press <Enter> to confirm your choice.

► TPM Enable/Disable Status

This item is not configurable.

► TPM Owner Status

This item is not configurable.



USB Controller

This setting allows you to enable/disable the onboard USB controller.

► USB Device Legacy Support

Select [Enabled] if you need to use a USB-interfaced device in the operating system.

Onboard LAN Controller

This item is used to enable/disable the onboard LAN controller.

LAN Option ROM

This item is used to decide whether to invoke the Boot ROM of the LAN controller.

► HD Audio Controller

This setting is used to enable/disable the onboard audio controller.

On-Chip ATA Devices

Press <Enter> to enter the sub-menu and the following screen appears:

CMOS Setup Utility - Copyr	ight (C) 1985-2005, An Dn-Chip ATA Devices	merican Megatrends, Inc.
On-Chip IDE Controller PCI IDE RusMaster On-Chip SATA Controller RAID mode	Enabled] Disabled] Enabled] LIDEJ	Help Item Options IDE RNID AHCI

► On-Chip IDE Controller

These items allow users to enable or disable the IDE controller.

PCI IDE BusMaster

This item allows you to enable/ disable BIOS to used PCI busmastering for reading/ writing to IDE drives.

On-Chip SATA Controller

These items allow users to enable or disable the SATA controller.

► RAID mode

This item is used to enable/disable the RAID function for SATA devices.

I/O Device

Press <Enter> to enter the sub-menu and the following screen appears:

CMOS Setup Utility - Cop	yright (C) 1985-2005, Ame I/O Devices	erican Megatrends, Inc.
COM Port 1 Parallel Port	<mark>[3F8/IRQ4]</mark> [378]	Help Item
Parallel Port Mode	LSTOJ [Bi-Direction]	Allows BIOS to Select

COM Port 1

Select an address and corresponding interrupt for the first serial port.

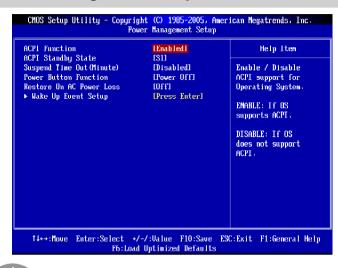
Parallel Port

This item allows you to set parallel port.

► Parallel Port Mode

This item allows you to select the parallel port mode.

Power Management Setup



Important

S3-related functions described in this section are available only when your BIOS supports S3 sleep mode.

ACPI Function

This item is to activate the ACPI (Advanced Configuration and Power Management Interface) Function. If your operating system is ACPI-aware, such as Windows 2000/XP, select [Enabled].

► ACPI Standby State

This item specifies the power saving modes for ACPI function. If your operating system supports ACPI, such as Windows 2000/ XP, you can choose to enter the Standby mode in S1(POS) or S3(STR) fashion through the setting of this field. Settings are:

- [S1] The S1 sleep mode is a low power state. In this state, no system context is lost (CPU or chipset) and hardware maintains all system context.
- [S3] The S3 sleep mode is a lower power state where the in formation of system configuration and open applications/files is saved to main memory that remains powered while most other hardware components turn off to save energy. The information stored in memory will be used to restore the system when a "wake up" event occurs.

Suspend Time Out (Minute)

If system activity is not detected for the length of time specified in this field, all devices except CPU will be shut off.

Power Button Function

This feature sets the function of the power button (for DOS). Settings are:

[PowerOn/Off] The power button functions as normal power off button. [Suspend] When you press the power button, the computer enters the suspend/sleep mode, but if the button is pressed for more than four seconds, the computer is turned off.

Restore On AC Power Loss

This item specifies whether your system will reboot after a power failure or interrupt occurs. Settings are:

[Off]	Always leaves the computer in the power off state.
[On]	Always leaves the computer in the power on state.
[Last State]	Restores the system to the status before power failure
	or interrupt occurred.

Wake Up Event Setup

Press <Enter> and the following sub-menu appears.

CMOS Setup Utility - Copyright Wake	(C) 1985-2005, Amer: Up Event Setup	ican Megatrends, Inc.
Resume From S3 By USB Device Resume From S3 By PS/2 Reyboard Resume From 33 By PS/2 House Resume By PCI Device (PME#) Resume By PCI-E Device Resume By RTC Alarm	<mark>(Disabled)</mark> (Disabled) (Disabled) (Enabled) (Enabled) (Disabled)	Help Iten Enable/Disable USB Device Wakeup From SJ.

▶ Resume From S3 By USB Device

The item allows the activity of the USB device to wake up the system from S3 (Suspend to RAM) sleep state.

Resume From S3 By PS/2 Keyboard

This setting determines whether the system will be awakened from what power saving modes when input signal of the PS/2 keyboard is detected.

Resume From S3 By PS/2 Mouse

This setting determines whether the system will be awakened from what power saving modes when input signal of the PS/2 mouse is detected.

Resume by PCI Device (PME#)

When set to [Enabled], the feature allows your system to be awakened from the power saving modes through any event on PME (Power Management Event).

► Resume by PCI-E Device

When set to [Enabled], the feature allows your system to be awakened from the power saving modes through any event on PCIE device.

Resume by RTC Alarm

The field is used to enable or disable the feature of booting up the system on a scheduled time/date.

PNP/PCI Configurations

This section describes configuring the PCI bus system and PnP (Plug & Play) feature. PCI, or **P**eripheral **C**omponent Interconnect, is a system which allows I/O devices to operate at speeds nearing the speed the CPU itself uses when communicating with its special components. This section covers some very technical items and it is strongly recommended that only experienced users should make any changes to the default settings.

CMOS Setup Utility - Copyrig Pnl	ght (C) 1985-2005, Am P/PCI Configurations	merican Megatrends, Inc.
Primary Graphic's Adapter	LPCLE->PCL1	Help Item
PCI Latency Timer	[64] [Auto]	2-1
PCI Slot1 IRQ PCI Slot2 IRQ	[Auto]	Select which graphics controller to use as
PCI Slot3 IRQ	[Auto]	the primary boot
▶ IRQ Resource Setup	[Press Enter]	device.
14⇔:Move Enter:Select +/ F6:Loar	/-/:Value F10:Save d Uptimized Defaults	ESC:Exit F1:General Help

Primary Graphic's Adapter

This setting specifies which graphics card is your primary graphics adapter.

► PCI Latency Timer

This item controls how long each PCI device can hold the bus before another takes over. When set to higher values, every PCI device can conduct transactions for a longer time and thus improve the effective PCI bandwidth. For better PCI performance, you should set the item to higher values.

PCI Slot 1/ 2/ 3 IRQ

These items specify the IRQ line for each PCI slot.

► IRQ Resource Setup

Press <Enter> to enter the sub-menu and the following screen appears.

CMOS Setup Utility	- Copyright (C) 1985-2005, Ame IRQ Resource Setup	rican Megatrends, Inc.
IRQ3	[Available]	Help Item
IRQ4 IRQ5	[Available] [Available]	Available: Specified
1KU7 1R09	lAvailableJ [Available]	IKU is available to be used by PCI/PnP
1RQ10	[Available]	dev ices.
IRQ11 IRQ14	[Available] [Available]	Reserved: Specified IRQ is reserved for
IRQ15	[Available]	use by Legacy ISA

▶ IRQ 3/4/5/7/9/10/11/14/15

These items specify the bus where the specified IRQ line is used.

The settings determine if AMIBIOS should remove an IRQ from the pool of available IRQs passed to devices that are configurable by the system BIOS. The available IRQ pool is determined by reading the ESCD NVRAM. If more IRQs must be removed from the IRQ pool, the end user can use these settings to reserve the IRQ by assigning an [Reserved] setting to it. Onboard I/O is configured by AMIBIOS. All IRQs used by onboard I/O are configured as [Available]. If all IRQs are set to [Reserved], and IRQ 14/15 are allocated to the onboard PCI IDE, IRQ 9 will still be available for PCI and PnP devices.

Important

IRQ (Interrupt Request) lines are system resources allocated to I/O devices. When an I/O device needs to gain attention of the operating system, it signals this by causing an IRQ to occur. After receiving the signal, when the operating system is ready, the system will interrupt itself and perform the service required by the I/O device.

H/W Monitor

CPU Smart Fan Target		
CPU Min.FAN speed(%) SYS FAN1 Control	[55°C] [62 .5%] [100%]	Options
PC He	alth Status	Disabled Enabled - Reset
CPU Temperature	: 24°C/75°F	NCOC L
System Temperature		
	: 3916 RPM	
SYS FAN 1 Speed SYS FAN 2 Speed	: O RPM : O RPM	
CPU Vcore	: 1.264 U	
3.30	: 3.248 U	
50	: 5.003 U	
120	: 12.408 U	

Chassis Intrusion

The field enables or disables the feature of recording the chassis intrusion status and issuing a warning message if the chassis is once opened. To clear the warning message, set the field to [Reset]. The setting of the field will automatically return to [Enabled] later.

CPU Smart FAN Target

The mainboard provides the Smart Fan function which can control the CPU fan speed automatically depending on the current temperature to keep it with in a specific range. You can select a fan target value here. If the current CPU fan temperature reaches to the target value, the smart fan function will be activated. It provides several sections to speed up for cooling down automaticlly.

► CPU Min.FAN Speed (%)

This field is used to set the minimum CPU fan speed.

SYS FAN1 Control

The field allows you to determine whether the system fan connected to SYSFAN1 will work or not when the system is turned on.

PC Health Status

► CPU/ System Temperature, CPU FAN/ SYS FAN1/ 2 Speed, CPU Vcore, 3.3V, 5V, 12V

These items display the current status of all of the monitored hardware devices/ components such as CPU voltage, temperatures and all fans' speeds.

Frequency/Voltage Control

Current CPU Frequency	2.13GHz (266x8)	Help Item
urrent DRAM Frequency	800MHz	Options
.O.T. Control	[Disabled]	A SHALL AND
ntel EIST	[Enabled]	Private 17.
idjust CPU FSB Frequency	[266]	Sergeant 3%
djusted CPU Frequency	[2133]	Captain 52 Colonel 72
Advance DRAM Configuration	[Press Enter]	General 10%
SB/Memory Ratio	[Auto]	Commander 15%
idjusted DDR Memory Frequency	[800]	Disabled
djust PCI-E Frequency	[100]	
auto Disable DIMM/PCI Frequency	[Enabled]	
PU Voltage	[1.25000]	
1emory Voltage	[1.90]	
1B Voltage	[1.250]	
JTI FSB Voltage	[1.200]	
SB I/O Power	[1.5]	
SB Core Power	[1.05]	
Spread Spectrum	[Enabled]	

Important

Change these settings only if you are familiar with the chipset.

Current CPU / DRAM Frequency

These items show the current clocks of CPU and Memory speed. Read-only.

D.O.T Control

D.O.T. (Dynamic Overclocking Technology) is the automatic overclocking function, included in the MSITM's newly developed CoreCellTM Technology. It is designed to detect the load balance of CPU while running programs, and to adjust the best CPU frequency automatically. When the motherboard detects CPU is running programs, it will speed up CPU automatically to make the program run smoothly and faster. When the CPU is temporarily suspending or staying in the low load balance, it will restore the default settings instead. Usually the Dynamic Overclocking Technology will be powered only when users' PC need to run huge amount of data like 3D games or the video process, and the CPU frequency need to be boosted up to enhance the overall performance. Settings are:

[Disabled]	Disable Dynamic Overclocking.
[Private]	1st level of overclocking, increasing the frequency by 1%.
[Sergeant]	2nd level of overclocking, increasing the frequency by 3%.

[Captain] [Colonel] [General] [Commander] 3rd level of overclocking, increasing the frequency by 5%. 4th level of overclocking, increasing the frequency by 7%. 5th level of overclocking, increasing the frequency by 10%. 6th level of overclocking, increasing the frequency by 15%.



Even though the Dynamic Overclocking Technology is more stable than manual overclocking, basically, it is still risky. We suggest user to make sure that your CPU can afford to overclocking regularly first. If you find the PC appears to be unstable or reboot incidentally, it's better to disable the Dynamic Overclocking or to lower the level of overclocking options. By the way, if you need to conduct overclocking manually, you also need to disable the Dynamic OverClocking first.

Intel EIST

The Enhanced Intel SpeedStep technology allows you to set the performance level of the microprocessor whether the computer is running on battery or AC power. This field will appear after you installed the CPU which support speedstep technology.

Adjust CPU FSB Frequency

This item allows you to select the CPU Front Side Bus clock frequency (in MHz).

Adjusted CPU Frequency

It shows the adjusted CPU frequency. Read-only.

Advance DRAM Configuration

Press <Enter> to enter the sub-menu and the following screen appears.

CMOS Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 1985-2005, American Megatrends, Inc. Advance DRAM Configuration		
Configure DRAM Tining by SPD DRAM CASH Latency DRAM RASH to CASH Delay DRAM RASH Precharge DRAM RASH Activate to Prechar DRAM TRC DRAM TWR DRAM TWR DRAM TWR DRAM TRCD DRAM TRCD	16 DRAM Clocks1	Help Iten Options Enabled Disabled

Configuration DRAM Timing by SPD

Setting to [Enabled] enables DRAM CAS# Latency automatically to be determined by BIOS based on the configurations on the SPD (Serial Presence Detect) EEPROM on the DRAM module.

► DRAM CAS# Latency

When the **Configuration DRAM Timing by SPD** sets to [Disabled], the field is adjustable. This controls the CAS latency, which determines the timing delay (in clock cycles) before SDRAM starts a read command after receiving it.

► DRAM RAS# to CAS# Delay

When the **Configuration DRAM Timing by SPD** sets to [Disabled], the field is adjustable. When DRAM is refreshed, both rows and columns are addressed separately. This setup item allows you to determine the timing of the transition from RAS (row address strobe) to CAS (column address strobe). The less the clock cycles, the faster the DRAM performance.

► DRAM RAS# Precharge

When the **Configuration DRAM Timing by SPD** sets to [Disabled], this field is adjustable. This setting controls the number of cycles for Row Address Strobe (RAS) to be allowed to precharge. If insufficient time is allowed for the RAS to accumulate its charge before DRAM refresh, refresh may be incomplete and DRAM may fail to retain data. This item applies only when synchronous DRAM is installed in the system.

DRAM RAS# Activate to Prechar

When the **Configuration DRAM Timing by SPD** sets to [Disabled], this field is adjustable. This item controls the number of cycles for Row Address Strobe (RAS) to be allowed to precharge. If insufficient time is allowed for the RAS to accumulate its charge before DRAM refresh, refresh may be incomplete and DRAM may fail to retain data. This item applies only when synchronous DRAM is installed in the system.

DRAM TRFC

When the **Configuration DRAM Timing by SPD** sets to [Disabled], the field is adjustable. This setting determines the time RFC takes to read from and write to a memory cell.

DRAM TWR

When the **Configuration DRAM Timing by SPD** sets to [Disabled], the field is adjustable. Minimum time interval between end of write data burst and the start of a precharge command. Allows sense amplifiers to restore data to cells.

DRAM TWTR

When the **Configuration DRAM Timing by SPD** sets to [Disabled], the field is adjustable. Minimum time interval between the end of write data burst and the start of a column-read command. It allows I/O gating to overdrive sense amplifiers before read command starts.

DRAM TRRD

When the **Configuration DRAM Timing by SPD** sets to [Disabled], the field is adjustable. Specifies the active-to-active delay of different banks. Time interval between a read and a precharge command.

DRAM TRTP

When the **Configuration DRAM Timing by SPD** sets to [Disabled], the field is adjustable. Time interval between a read and a precharge command.

► FSB/Memory Ratio

This item will allow you to adjust the FSB/Ratio of the memory.

Adjusted DDR Memory Frequency

It shows the adjusted DDR memory frequency. Read-only.

Adjust PCI-E Frequency

This field allows you to select the PCIE frequency (in MHz).

Auto Disable DIMM/PCI Frequency

When set to [Enabled], the system will remove (turn off) clocks from empty DIMM and PCI slots to minimize the electromagnetic interference (EMI).

CPU Voltage

This item allows you to increase the CPU voltage.

Memory Voltage

Adjusting the memory voltage can increase the memory speed.

NB Voltage

Adjust the North Bridge chipset voltage.

► VTT FSB Voltage

This item allows you to set the FSB VTT voltage.

SB I/O Power

Adjust the South Bridge I/O voltage.

SB Core Power

Adjust the South Bridge core voltage.

Spread Spectrum

When the motherboard's clock generator pulses, the extreme values (spikes) of the pulses create EMI (Electromagnetic Interference). The Spread Spectrum function reduces the EMI generated by modulating the pulses so that the spikes of the pulses are reduced to flatter curves. If you do not have any EMI problem, leave the setting at Disabled for optimal system stability and performance. But if you are plagued by EMI, set to Enabled for EMI reduction. Remember to disable Spread Spectrum if you are overclocking because even a slight jitter can introduce a temporary boost in clock speed which may just cause your overclocked processor to lock up.



- 1. If you do not have any EMI problem, leave the setting at [Disabled] for optimal system stability and performance. But if you are plagued by EMI, select the value of Spread Spectrum for EMI reduction.
- 2. The greater the Spread Spectrum value is, the greater the EMI is reduced, and the system will become less stable. For the most suitable Spread Spectrum value, please consult your local EMI regulation.
- 3. Remember to disable Spread Spectrum if you are overclocking because even a slight jitter can introduce a temporary boost in clock speed which may just cause your overclocked processor to lock up.

Load Fail-Safe/Optimized Defaults

The two options on the main menu allow users to restore all of the BIOS settings to the default Fail-Safe or Optimized values. The Optimized Defaults are the default values set by the mainboard manufacturer specifically for optimal performance of the mainboard. The Fail-Safe Defaults are the default values set by the BIOS vendor for stable system performance.

When you select Load Fail-Safe Defaults, a message as below appears:



Pressing OK loads the BIOS default values for the most stable, minimal system performance.

When you select Load Optimized Defaults, a message as below appears:



Pressing OK loads the default factory settings for optimal system performance.

BIOS Setting Password

When you select this function, a message as below will appear on the screen:



Type the password, up to six characters in length, and press <Enter>. The password typed now will replace any previously set password from CMOS memory. You will be prompted to confirm the password. Retype the password and press <Enter>. You may also press <Esc> to abort the selection and not enter a password.

To clear a set password, just press <Enter> when you are prompted to enter the password. A message will show up confirming the password will be disabled. Once the password is disabled, the system will boot and you can enter Setup without entering any password.

When a password has been set, you will be prompted to enter it every time you try to enter Setup. This prevents an unauthorized person from changing any part of your system configuration.

Appendix A Dual Core Center

Dual CoreCenter, the most useful and powerful utility that MSI has spent much research and efforts to develop, helps users to monitor or configure the hardware status of MSI Mainboard & MSI Graphics card in windows, such as CPU/GPU clock, voltage, fan speed and temperature.

Before you install the Dual CoreCenter, please make sure the system has meet the following requirements:

- 1. Intel Pentium4 / Celeron, AMD Athlon XP/ Sempron or compatible CPU with PCI Express slot.
- 2. 256MB system memory.
- 3. CD-ROM drive for software installation.
- 4. Operation system: Windows XP.
- 5. DotNet Frame Work 2.0



Activating Dual Core Center

Once you have your Dual Core Center installed (locate the setup source file in the setup CD accompanying with your mainboard, path: **Utility --> MSI Utility --> Dual Core Center**), it will have an icon 😥 in the system tray, a short cut icon on the desktop, and a short cut path in your "Start-up" menu. You may double-click on each icon to enable Dual Core Center.



short-cut path in the start-up menu (path: Start-->Programs-->MSI--> DualCoreCenter-->DualCoreCenter)

Dual Core Center

Main

Before using this utility, we have to remind you: only when installing the MSI V044 (V044 has to install with the version 8.26 or newer driver)/ V046 or V060 graphics card can activate the full function of this utility. If you install a graphics card of other brand, only hardware status of the MSI mainboard would be available.



Introduction:

Click each button appearing above to enter sub-menu to make further configuration or to execute the function.

MВ

Click MB button to read current CPU temperature, FSB and CPU clock of mainboard will show below.

VGA

Click VGA button to read current GPU temperature, GPU clock and memory clock of graphics card will show below.

<u>DOT</u>

Click DOT button to enable or disable the Dynamic Overclocking Technology.

AV/ Game/ Office/ Silence/ Cool

MSI provides five common settings for different environments. The settings had been set to optimal values to reach better performance in each environment. Click the button you need.

Important Before clicking the AV/ Game/ Office/ Silence or Cool button, select Smooth mode or Sharp mode to decide whether you want the system to reach the optimal values smoothly or quickly. Sharp mode Smooth mode

<u>Clock</u>

In this sub-menu, you can adjust and monitor the clocks of MB and graphics card.

<u>Voltage</u>

In this sub-menu, you can adjust and monitor the voltages of MB and graphics card.

FAN Speed

In this sub-menu, you can adjust and monitor the fan speeds of MB and graphics card.

<u>Temperature</u>

In this sub-menu, you can monitor the temperatures of MB and graphics card.

User Profile

In this sub-menu, you can set the values of clock, voltage and fan speed by your need and save them in a profile. You can save 3 profiles for further use.

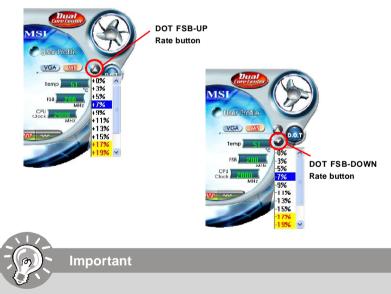


Click on the icon 💽 , the clock, voltage, fan, and temperature buttons will appear beside the icon.



DOT (Dynamic OverClocking)

Dynamic Overclocking Technology is an automatic overclocking function, included in the MSI[™]'s newly developed Dual CoreCenter Technology. It is designed to detect the loading of CPU/ GPU while running programs, and to over-clock automatically. When the motherboard detects that the loading of CPU is exceed the default threshold for a time, it will speed up the CPU and fan automatically to make the system run smoother and faster. When the graphics card detects that the loading of GPU, memory, fan and voltage automatically to make the system run smoother and faster. When the graphics card detects that the loading of GPU is exceed the default threshold for a time, it will speed up the GPU, memory, fan and voltage automatically to make the system run smoother and faster. When the CPU/ GPU is temporarily suspending or staying in low loading balance, it will restore the default settings instead. Usually the Dynamic Overclocking Technology will be powered only when users' PC runs huge amount of data, like 3D games or video process, and the motherboard/ graphicd card need to be boosted up to enhance the overall performance. There will be several selections when you click the DOT rate button (include increase rate and decrease rate buttons), to select the DOT level, then you have to click the DOT button is to apply the DOT function.



Even though the Dynamic Overclocking Technology is more stable than manual overclocking, basically, it is still risky. We suggest user to make sure that your CPU can afford to overclock regularly first. If you find the PC appears to be unstable or reboot incidentally, it's better to lower the level of overclocking options. By the way, if you need to conduct overclocking manually, please do not to apply the DOT function.

Clock

In the **Clock** sub-menu, you can see clock status (including FSB/ CPU clock of mainboard and GPU/ memory clock of graphics card) of your system. And you can select desired value for overclocking. There will be several items for you to select for overclocking after you click **example** button. You can click the plus sign button **e** to decrease the clock, or click the minus sign button **e** to decrease the clock. And finally, click the Apply button to apply the values adjusted. If you do not want to apply the adjustments, click the Cancel button to cancel. Or click the Default button to restore the default values.



On the underside, it shows the graphs of the clocks. Only the curves of the item which the button is lit up with red color will be shown.



Voltage

In the **Voltage** sub-menu, you can see voltage status (including Vcore, memory, GPU voltage... etc.) of your system, and you can select desired value for overclocking. It will show several items to select for overclocking after you click the **Voltage** button. You can click the plus sign button to increase the voltage, or click the minus sign button to decrease. And finally, click the Apply button to apply the adjustments. If you do not want to apply the adjustments, click the Cancel button to cancel. Or click the Default button to restore the default values.



On the underside, it shows the graphs of the voltages. Only the curves of the item which the button is lit up with red color will be shown.

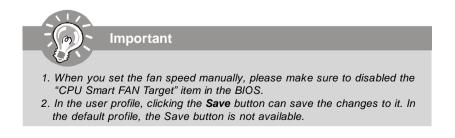


FAN Speed

In the **FAN Speed** sub-menu, you can read fan status of your system. Select higher speed for better cooling effect. There are several sections for you to change the fan speed to a section after clicking button. Click the plus sign button to increase the fan speed to a section, or click the minus sign button to decrease. Or click the Default button to restore the default values.



On the underside, it shows the graphs of the fan speed. Only the curves of the item which the button is lit up with red color will be shown.



Temperature

In the Temperature sub-menu, you can see temperature status of your system.

	Motherboard Temperature
Master Slave	• CPU 37 °C
e gru <u>38 NA.</u> c	• System 32 °C
Muster Slove Board 33 NA. °C	• NB NA. °C
	PS NA. °C
GPU 110	
Board	
(°c)	CPU 110 System

On the underside, it shows the graphs of the temperatures. Only the curves of the item which the button is lit up with red color will be shown.

User Profile

In the **User Profile** sub-menu, click the setting button that besides the user profile bar, and the next screen will appear.

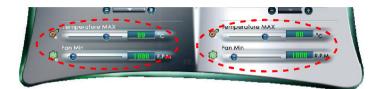


Here you can define the clock/ fan speed/ voltage by your need, click the button to choose a value quickly, or click the plus () / minus sign () button to increase/ decrease the value.

User	Profile 1
Jock Master Slave	Motherboard
GPU 350 NA. MHz	FSB 200 MHz
O O Master Slave	
Memory 800 NA. MHz	CPU Sect. 6 R.P.M.
0 0	• NB NA. RP.M
GPU sect. 6 NA. R.P.M	0 0
	& Voliceo
Stoltage Master Slave	Vcore 10.00 V v
GPU 1.3500 NA. V	DDR DDR V
Master Slave	00
Memory 2.0210 NA. V	PCI-E NA. V
. Temperature MAX	Temperature MAX
Fon Min	Fon Min
	TOOD NA SW

Use the draw bar to set the max system temperature. When the system temperature exceeds the threshold you defined, the system will pop up a warning message and shut down the system.

Use the draw bar to set the minimal fan speed. When the fan speed is lower than the threshold you defined, the system will pop up a warning message.



After setting all values you need, you can change the user profile name in the box then click the save button in to save all changes in a profile.



Finally, you can choose the user profile by click the button in the left side and click the Apply button to load the user profile.



Appendix B Realtek ALC888 Audio

The Realtek ALC888 provides 10-channel DAC that simultaneously supports 7.1 sound playback and 2 channels of independent stereo sound output (multiple streaming) through the Front-Out-Left and Front-Out-Right channels.



Installing the Realtek HD Audio Driver

You need to install the driver for Realtek ALC888 codec to function properly before you can get access to 2-, 4-, 6-, 8- channel or 7.1+2 channel audio operations. Follow the procedures described below to install the drivers for different operating systems.

Installation for Windows 2000/XP

For Windows[®] 2000, you must install Windows[®] 2000 Service Pack4 or later before installing the driver. For Windows[®] XP, you must install Windows[®] XP Service Pack1 or later before installing the driver.

The following illustrations are based on Windows[®] XP environment and could look slightly different if you install the drivers in different operating systems.

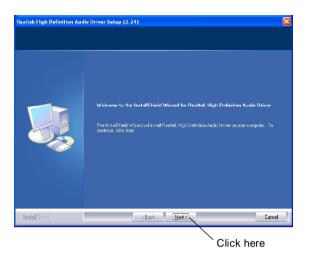
- 1. Insert the application CD into the CD-ROM drive. The setup screen will automatically appear.
- 2. Click Realtek HD Audio Driver.



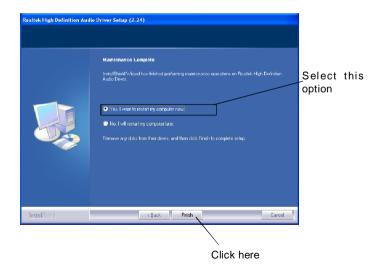
Important

The **HD Audio Configuration** (1) software utility is under continuous update to enhance audio applications. Hence, the program screens shown here in this section may be slightly different from the latest software utility and shall be held for reference only.

3. Click Next to install the Realtek High Definition Audio Driver.



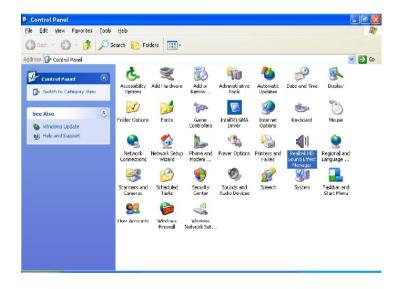
4. Click Finish to restart the system.



Software Configuration

After installing the audio driver, you are able to use the 2-, 4-, 6- or 8- channel audio feature now. Click the audio icon if from the system tray at the lower-right corner of the screen to activate the HD Audio Configuration. It is also available to enable the audio driver by clicking the Azalia HD Sound Effect Manager from the Control Panel.





Realtek ALC888 Audio

Sound Effect

Here you can select a sound effect you like from the Environment list.



Environment Simulation

You will be able to enjoy different sound experience by pulling down the arrow, several kinds of sound effect will be shown for selection. Realtek HD Audio Sound Manager also provides five popular settings "Stone Corridor", "Bathroom", "Sewer pipe", "Arena" and "Audio Corridor" for quick enjoyment.

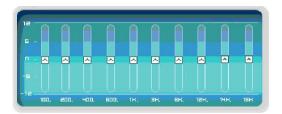
You may choose the provided sound effects, and the equalizer will adjust automatically. If you like, you may also load an equalizer setting or make an new equalizer setting to save as an new one by using the "Load EQ Setting" and "Save Preset" button, click "Reset EQ Setting" button to use the default value, or click "Delete EQ Setting" button to remove a preset EQ setting.

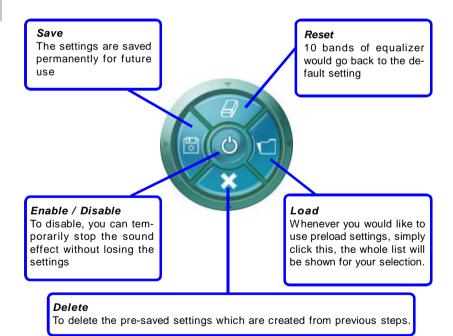
There are also other pre-set equalizer models for you to choose by clicking "Others" under the **Equalizer** part.

Equalizer Selection

Equalizer frees users from default settings; users may create their owned preferred settings by utilizing this tool.

10 bands of equalizer, ranging from 100Hz to 16KHz.





Frequently Used Equalizer Setting

Realtek recognizes the needs that you might have. By leveraging our long experience at audio field, Realtek HD Audio Sound Manager provides you certain optimized equalizer settings that are frequently used for your quick enjoyment.

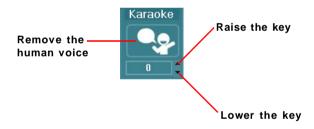
[How to Use It]

Other than the buttons "Pop" "Live" "Club" & "Rock" shown on the page, to pull down the arrow in "Others", you will find more optimized settings available to you.

Karaoke Mode

Karaoke mode brings Karaoke fun back home. Simply using the music you usually play, Karaoke mode can help you eliminate the vocal of the song or adjust the key to accommodate your range.

- 1.Vocal Cancellation: Single click on "Voice Cancellation", the vocal of the song would be eliminated, while the background music is still in place, and you can be that singer!
- 2.Key Adjustment: Using "Up / Down Arrow" to find a key which better fits your vocal range.



Mixer

In the **Mixer** part, you may adjust the volumes of the rear and front panels individually. **1. Adjust Volume**

You can adjust the volume of the speakers that you pluged in front or rear panel.



Important

Before set up, please make sure the playback devices are well plugged in the jacks on the rear or front panel.

2. Multi-Stream Function

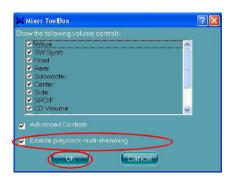
ALC888 supports an outstanding feature called Multi-Stream, which means you may play different audio sources simultaneously and let them output respectively from the indicated real panel or front panel. This feature is very helpful when 2 people are using the same computer together for different purposes.

Click the <u>s</u> button and the Mixer **ToolBox** menu will appear. Then check the **Enable playback multi-streaming** and click **OK** to save the setup.



You have to plug the device into the jacks on the rear and front panel first before enable the multi-stream function.

Realtek ALC888 Audio



When you are playing the first audio source (for example: use Windows Media Player to play DVD/VCD), the output will be played from the rear panel, which is the default setting.

Then you **must** to select the **Realtek HD Audio 2nd output** from the scroll list **first**, and use a different program to play the second audio source (for example: use Winamp to play MP3 files). You will find that the second audio source (MP3 music) will come out from the Line-Out audio jack of Front Panel.



3. Playback control



Mute

You may choose to mute single or multiple volume controls or to completely mute sound output.

Tool

- Show the following volume controls

This is to let you freely decide which volume control items to be displayed.

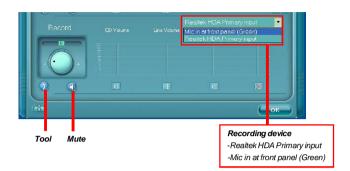
- Advanced controls
- Enable playback multi-streaming

With this function, you will be able to have an audio chat with your friends via headphone (stream 1 from front panel) while still have music (stream 2 from back panel) in play. At any given period, you can have maximum 2 streams operating simultaneously.

Mixer ToolBox	? 🗙		
Show the following volume controls:			
☑ Wave ▲ ☑ SW Synth ■ ☑ Front ■ ☑ Rear ■ ☑ Subwoofer ■ ☑ Side ■ ☑ Side ■			
CD Volume			
 Advanced Controls Enable playback multi streaming 			
Ок Сапсе			

Realtek ALC888 Audio

4. Recording control



Mute

You may choose to mute single or multiple volume controls or to completely mute sound input.

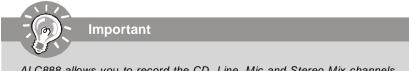
Tool

- Show the following volume controls

This is to let you freely decide which volume control items to be displayed.

- Enable recording multi-streaming





ALC888 allows you to record the CD, Line, Mic and Stereo Mix channels simultaneously, frees you from mixing efforts. At any given period, you may choose 1 of the following 4 channels to record.

Audio I/O

In this tab, you can easily configure your multi-channel audio function and speakers. You can choose a desired multi-channel operation here.

- a. Headphone for the common headphone
- b. 2CH Speaker for Stereo-Speaker Output
- c. 4CH Speaker for 4-Speaker Output
- d. 6CH Speaker for 5.1-Speaker Output
- e. 8CH Speaker for 7.1-Speaker Output



Speaker Configuration:

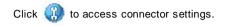
1. Plug the speakers in the corresponding jack.

2. Dialogue "connected device" will pop up for your selection. Please select the device you have plugged in.

- If the device is being plugged into the correct jack, you will be able to find the icon beside the jack changed to the one that is same as your device.
- If not correct, Realtek HD Audio Manager will guide you to plug the device into the correct jack.

Realtek ALC888 Audio

Connector Settings





Disable front panel jack detection (option)

Jack detection function only works with HD audio front panel.

Mute rear panel output when front headphone plugged in.

Enable auto popup dialogue, when device has been plugged in

Once this item checked, the dialog "Connected device" would automatically pop up when device plugged in.

S/PDIF (optional, for HDMI graphics card only)

Short for Sony/Philips Digital Interface, a standard audio file transfer format. S/PDIF allows the transfer of digital audio signals from one device to another without having to be converted first to an analog format. Maintaining the viability of a digital signal prevents the quality of the signal from degrading when it is converted to analog.



Output Sampling Rate

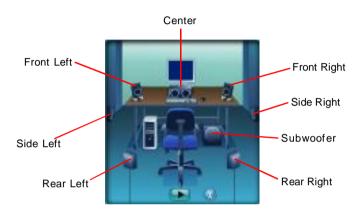
44.1KHz: This is recommend while playing CD.48KHz: This is recommended while playing DVD or Dolby.96KHz: This is recommended while playing DVD-Audio.192KHz: This is recommended while playing High quality Audio.

Output Source

No S/PDIF out: There will no S/PDIF out. Output digital audio source: The digital audio format (such as .wav, .mp3, .midi etc) will come out through S/PDIF-Out.

Test Speakers

You can select the speaker by clicking it to test its functionality. The one you select will light up and make testing sound. If any speaker fails to make sound, then check whether the cable is inserted firmly to the connector or replace the bad speakers with good ones. Or you may click the **auto test** button to test the sounds of each speaker automatically.



Microphone

In this tab you may set the function of the microphone. Select the **Noise Suppres**sion to remove the possible noise during recording, or select **Acoustic Echo Cancellation** to cancel the acoustic echo druing recording.

Acoustic Echo Cancellation prevents playback sound from being recorded by microphone together with your sound. For example, you might have chance to use VOIP function through Internet with your friends. The voice of your friend will come out from speakers (playback). However, the voice of your friend might also be recorded into your microphone then go back to your friend through Internet. In that case, your friend will hear his/her own voice again. With AEC(Acoustic Echo Cancellation) enabled at your side, your friend can enjoy the benefit with less echo.



3D Audio Demo

In this tab you may adjust your 3D positional audio before playing 3D audio applications like gaming. You may also select different environment to choose the most suitable environment you like.



Information

In this tab it provides some information about this HD Audio Configuration utility, including Audio Driver Version, DirectX Version, Audio Controller & Audio Codec. You may also select the language of this utility by choosing from the **Language** list.



Also there is a selection Show icon in system tray. Switch it on and an icon i

will show in the system tray. Right-click on the icon and the **Audio Accessories** dialogue box will appear which provides several multimedia features for you to take advantage of.

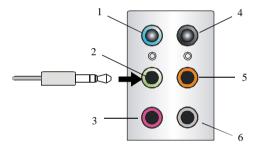


Hardware Setup

Connecting the Speakers

When you have set the Multi-Channel Audio Function mode properly in the software utility, connect your speakers to the correct phone jacks in accordance with the setting in software utility.

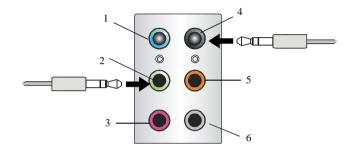
n 2-Channel Mode for Stereo-Speaker Output



2-Channel Analog Audio Output

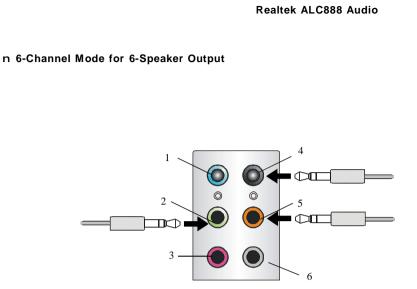
- 1 Line In
- 2 Line Out (Front channels)
- 3 MIC
- 4 No function
- 5 No function
- 6 No function

n 4-Channel Mode for 4-Speaker Output



4-Channel Analog Audio Output

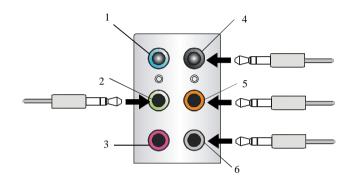
- 1 Line In
- 2 Line Out (Front channels)
- 3 MIC
- 4 Line Out (Rear channels)
- 5 No function
- 6 No function



6-Channel Analog Audio Output

- 1 Line In
- 2 Line Out (Front channels)
- 3 MIC
- 4 Line Out (*Rear channels*)
- 5 Line Out (Center and Subwoofer channel)
- 6 No function

n 8-Channel Mode for 8-Speaker Output



8-Channel Analog Audio Output

- 1 Line In
- 2 Line Out (Front channels)
- 3 MIC
- 4 Line Out (*Rear channels*)
- 5 Line Out (Center and Subwoofer channel)
- 6 Line Out (Side channels)



To enable 7.1 channel audio-out function on Vista operating system, you have to install the Realtek Audio Driver. Or, the mainboard will support 5.1 channel audio-out only.

Appendix C Intel ICH7R SATA RAID

The ICH7R provides a hybrid solution that combines four independent SATAII ports for support of up to four Serial ATAII (Serial ATAII RAID) drives.

It offers RAID level 0 (Striping), RAID level 1 (Mirroring and Duplexing), RAID level 5 (Block Interleaved Distributed Parity), RAID level 10 (A Stripe of Mirrors) and Intel[®] Martix Storage Technology.



ICH7R Introduction

The ICH7R provides a hybrid solution that combines four independent SATAII ports for support of up to four Serial ATAII (Serial ATAII RAID) drives.

Serial ATAII (SATAII) is the latest generation of the ATA interface. SATA hard drives deliver blistering transfer speeds up to 300MB/sec. Serial ATA uses long, thin cables, making it easier to connect your drive and improving the airflow inside your PC. The most outstanding features are:

- 1. Supports 300MB/s transfers with CRC error checking.
- 2. Supports Hot-plug-n-play feature.
- 3. Data handling optimizations including tagged command queuing, elevator seek and packet chain command.

Intel[®] ICH7R offers RAID level 0 (Striping), RAID level 1 (Mirroring and Duplexing), RAID level 5 (Block Interleaved Distributed Parity), RAID level 10 (A Stripe of Mirrors) and Intel[®] Martix Storage Technology.

RAID 0 breaks the data into blocks which are written to separate hard drives. Spreading the hard drive I/O load across independent channels greatly improves I/O performance. RAID 1 provides data redundancy by mirroring data between the hard drives and provides enhanced read performance. RAID 5 Provides data striping at the byte level and also stripe error correction information. This results in excellent performance and good fault tolerance. Level 5 is one of the most popular implementations of RAID. RAID 10 Not one of the original RAID levels, multiple RAID 1 mirrors are created, and a RAID 0 stripe is created over these. Intel Matrix RAID Technology is the advanced ability for two RAID volumes to share the combined space of two hard drives being used in unison.



The least number of hard drives for RAID 0, RAID 1 or Matrix mode is 2. The least number of hard drives for RAID 10 mode is 4. And the maximum number of hard drives for RAID 5 mode is 3.

All the information/volumes listed in your system might differ from the illustrations in this appendix.

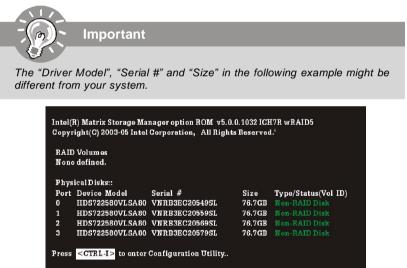
BIOS Configuration

The Intel Matrix Storage Manager Option ROM should be integrated with the system BIOS on all motherboards with a supported Intel chipset. The Intel Matrix Stroage Manager Option ROM is the Intel RAID implementation and provides BIOS and DOS disk services. Please use <Ctrl> + <l> keys to enter the "Intel(R) RAID for Serial ATA" status screen, which should appear early in system boot-up, during the POST (Power-On Self Test). Also, you need to enable the RAID function in BIOS to create, delete and reset RAID volumes.

Using the Intel Matrix Stroage Manager Option ROM

1. Creating, Deleting and Resetting RAID Volumes:

The Serial ATA RAID volume may be configured using the RAID Configuration utility stored within the Intel RAID Option ROM. During the Power-On Self Test (POST), the following message will appear for a few seconds:



After the above message shows, press <Ctrl> and <I> keys simultaneously to enter the RAID Configuration Utility.



The following procedure is only available with a newly-built system or if you are reinstalling your OS. It should not be used to migrate an existing system to RAID.

After pressing the <Ctrl> and <I> keys simultaneously, the following window will appear:

Intel(R) Matrix Storage Manager option ROM v5.0.0.1032 ICH7R wRAID5 Copyright(C) 2003-05 Intel Corporation. All Rights Reserved. [MAIN MENU] 1. Create RAID Volume 2. Delate RAID Volume 3. Reset Disk to Non-RAID 4. Exit				
DAVE		DISK/VOLUME II	VFORMATION]=	
) Volumes:: e defined.			
110110	s der med.			
Phys	sical Disks::			
	Device Model	Serial #	Size	Type/Status(Vol ID)
0	HDS722580VLSA80	VNRB3EC20549SL	76.7GB	Non-RAID Disk
1	HDS722580VLSA80	VNRB3EC20559SL	76.7GB	Non-RAID Disk
2	HDS722580VLSA80	VNRB3EC20569SL	76.7GB	
3	HDS722580VLSA80	VNRB3EC20579SL	76.7GB	Non-RAID Disk
[↑↓]Change [ESC]-Previous Menu [ENTER]-Select				

(1) Create RAID Volume

- 1. Select option 1 "Create RAID Volume" and press <Enter> key. The following screen appears. Then in the **Name** field, specify a RAID Volume name and then press the <TAB> or <Enter> key to go to the next field.
- 2. Use the arrow keys to select the RAID level best suited to your usage model in **RAID Level**.

Intel(R) Matrix Storage Manager option ROM v5.0.0.1032 ICH7R wRAID5			
Copyright(C) 2003-05 Intel Corporation. All Rights Reserved.			
[CREATE VOLUME MENU]			
Name: Volume0			
RAID Level: RAID5(Parity)			
Disks: Select Disks			
Strip Size: 128KB			
Capacity: 0.0 GB			
Create Volume			
[HELP]			
[HELP] Choose the RAID level best suited to your usage model.			
Choose the RAID level best suited to your usage model.			
Choose the RAID level best suited to your usage model. RAID0 - Data striped across multiple physical drives for performance.			
Choose the RAID level best suited to your usage model. RAID0 - Data striped across multiple physical drives for performance. RAID1 - Data mirrored across multiple physical drives for redundancy.			
Choose the RAID level best suited to your usage model. RAID0 - Data striped across multiple physical drives for performance. RAID1 - Data mirrored across multiple physical drives for redundancy.			
Choose the RAID level best suited to your usage model. RAID0 - Data striped across multiple physical drives for performance. RAID1 - Data mirrored across multiple physical drives for redundancy. RAID10 - Striped volume whose segments are RAID 1 volumes. Requires four hard drives. Functionally equivalent to RAID0+1. RAID5 - Data and parity striped across three or more physical drives			
Choose the RAID level best suited to your usage model. RAID0 - Data striped across multiple physical drives for performance. RAID1 - Data mirrored across multiple physical drives for redundancy. RAID10 - Striped volume whose segments are RAID1 volumes. Requires four hard drives. Functionally equivalent to RAID0+1.			
Choose the RAID level best suited to your usage model. RAID0 - Data striped across multiple physical drives for performance. RAID1 - Data mirrored across multiple physical drives for redundancy. RAID10 - Striped volume whose segments are RAID 1 volumes. Requires four hard drives. Functionally equivalent to RAID0+1. RAID5 - Data and parity striped across three or more physical drives			
Choose the RAID level best suited to your usage model. RAID0 - Data striped across multiple physical drives for performance. RAID1 - Data mirrored across multiple physical drives for redundancy. RAID10 - Striped volume whose segments are RAID 1 volumes. Requires four hard drives. Functionally equivalent to RAID0+1. RAID5 - Data and parity striped across three or more physical drives			

3. In the **Disk** field, press <Enter> key and the following screen appears. Use <Space> key to select the disks you want to create for the RAID volume, then click <Enter> key to finish selection.

Intel(R) Matrix Storage Manager option ROM v5.0.0.1032 ICH7R wRAID5 Copyright(C) 2003-05 Intel Corporation. AllRightsReserved. CREATE VOLUME MENU]				
N RAID L	ame: Volume0 evel: RAID5(Parity) [SELECT DISK	s 1		_
			S155-19-1	
Port Drive Model	Serial #	Size	Status	
0 HDS722580VLSA80	VNRB3EC20549SL	76.7GB	Non-RAID Disk	
1 HDS722580VLSA80	VNRB3EC20559SL	76.7GB	Non-RAID Disk	
2 HDS722580VLSA80	VNRB3EC20569SL	76.7GB	Non RAID Disk	
3 HDS722580VLSA80	VNRB3EC20579SL	76.7GB	Non RAID Dick	
Select 3 to 4 disks to use in creating the volume.				
[↑↓]-Previous/Next	[SPACE]-Selects	[ENTER]-	Selection Complet	
[↑↓]Change [TAB]-Next [ESC]-Prev	ious Menu	[ENTER]-Select	

- 4. Then select the strip value for the RAID array by using the "upper arrow" or "down arrow" keys to scroll through the available values, and pressing the <Enter> key to select and advance to the next field. The available values range from 4KB to 128 KB in power of 2 increments. The strip value should be chosen based on the planned drive usage. Here are some typical values: RAID0 – 128KB RAID10 – 128KB RAID5 – 64KB
- 5. Then select the capacity of the volume in the **Capacity** field. The default value is the maximum volume capacity of the selected disks.

Intel(R) Matrix Storage Manager option ROM v5.0.0.1032 ICH7R wRAID5 Copyright(C) 2003-05 Intel Corporation. All Rights Reserved.		
[CREATE VOLUME MENU] Name: Volume0 RAIDS(Partly) Disks: Select Disks Strip Size: 64KB Capacity: 228.0 GB Create Volume		
[HELP] Enter the volume capacity. The default value indicates the maximum volume capacity using the selected disks. If less than the maximum capacity is chosen, creation of a second volume is needed to utilize the remaining space.		
[↑↓]Change [TAB]-Next [ESC]-Previous Menu [ENTER]-Select		



Important

Since you want to create two volumes (Intel Matrix RAID Technology), this default size (maximum) needs to be reduced. Type in a new size for the first volume. As an example: if you want the first volume to span the first half of the two disks, re-type the size to be half of what is shown by default. The second volume, when created, will automatically span the remainder of two hard drives.

6. Then the following screen appears for you to confirm if you are sure to create the RAID volume. Press <Y> to continue.



7. Then the following screen appears to indicate that the creation is finished.

Intel(R) Matrix Storage Manager option ROM v5.0.0.1032 ICH7R wRAID5 Copyright(C) 2003-05 Intel Corporation. All Rights Reserved. [MAIN MENU] I. Greate RAID Volume 2. Delete RAID Volume 3. Reset Disk to Non-RAID 4. Exit						
[DISK/VOLUME INFORMATION] RAID Volumes:: ID Name Level Strip Size Status Bootable 0 Volume0 RAID5(Parity) 64KB 228.0GB Normal Yes Physical Disks:: Port Device Model Serial # Size Type/Status(Vol ID)						
0 1 2 3	HDS722580VLSA80 HDS722580VLSA80 HDS722580VLSA80 HDS722580VLSA80 HDS722580VLSA80	VNRB3EC20559SL		76.7GB 76.7GB 76.7GB 76.7GB	Member Dis Member Dis	k(0) k(0) k(0)
	[†↓]Change	[ESC]-Pr	evious I	Menu	[ENTER]-S	Select

(2) Delete RAID Volume

Important

Here you can delete the RAID volume, but please be noted that all data on RAID drives will be lost.

If your system currently boots to RAID and you delete the RAID volume in the Intel RAID Option ROM, your system will become unbootable.

Select option 2 **Delete RAID Volume** from the main menu window and press <Enter> key to select a RAID volume for deletion. Then press <Delete> key to delete the selected RAID volume. The following screen appears.



Press <Y> key to accept the volume deletion.

(3) Reset Disks to Non-RAID

Select option 3 **Reset Disks to Non-RAID** and press <Enter> to delete the RAID volume and remove any RAID structures from the drives. The following screen appears:



Press <Y> key to accept the selection.



 Possible reasons to 'Reset Disks to Non-RAID' could include issues such as incompatible RAID configurations or a failed volume or failed disk.

Installing Software

Install Driver in Windows XP / 2000

† New Windows XP / 2000 Installation

The following details the installation of the drivers while installing Windows XP / 2000.

- Start the installation: Boot from the CD-ROM. Press F6 when the message "Press F6 if you need to install third party SCSI or RAID driver" appears.
- When the Windows XP Setup window is generated, press S to specify an Additional Device(s).
- 3. Insert the driver diskette *Intel IAA RAID XP Driver For ICH7R (NH82801GR)* into drive A: and press <Enter>.



Please follow the instruction below to make an "Intel IAA RAID XP Driver For ICH7R (NH82801GR)" for yourself.

- 1. Insert the MSI CD into the CD-ROM drive.
- 2. Click the "Browse CD" on the Setup screen.
- 4. The driver disk for ICH7R RAID controller is done.
- Choose the driver Intel(R) 82801GR SATA RAID Controller from the dropdown list that appears on Windows XP Setup screen, and press the <Enter> key.
- Press <Enter> to continue with installation or if you need to specify any additional devices to be installed, do so at this time. Once all devices are specified, press <Enter> to continue with installation.
- From the Windows XP/2000 Setup screen, press the <Enter> key. Setup will
 now load all device files and then continue the Windows XP/2000 installation.

† Existing Windows XP/2000 Driver Installation

- 1. Insert the MSI CD into the CD-ROM drive.
- 2. The CD will auto-run and the setup screen will appear.
- 3. Under the Driver tab, click on Intel IAA RAID Edition.
- 4. The drivers will be automatically installed.

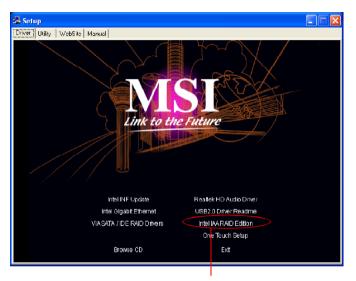
† Confirming Windows XP/2000 Driver Installation

- 1. From Windows XP/2000, open the **Control Panel** from **My Computer** followed by the System icon.
- 2. Choose the Hardware tab, then click the Device Manager tab.
- Click the "+" in front of the SCSI and RAID Controllers hardware type. The driver Intel(R) NH82801GR SATAII RAID Controller should appear.

Installation of Intel Matrix Storage Console

The Intel Application Accelerator RAID Edition driver may be used to operate the hard drive from which the system is booting or a hard drive that contains important data. For this reason, you cannot remove or un-install this driver from the system after installation; however, you will have the ability to un-install all other non-driver components.

Insert the MSI CD and click on the Intel IAA RAID Edition to install the software.



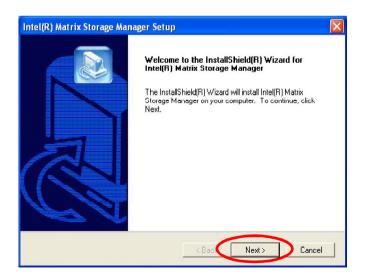
Click on this item

Intel ICH7R SATA RAID

Intel[®] Matrix Storage Manager 5.0

The InstallShield Wizard will begin automatically for installation showed as following:

Click on the Next button to proceed the installation in the welcoming window.



The window shows the components to be installed. Click **Next** button to continue.

Intel(R) Matrix Storage Manager Setup	X
Warning! Please read the following information:	
The driver about to be installed may be used to operate the hard drive from which the system is booting or a hard drive that contains important data. For this reason, you cannot remove or un-install this driver from the system after installation; however, you will have the ability to un-install all other non-driver components. The following non-driver components can be un-installed: Intel(R) Matrix Storage Console Help Documentation Start Menu Shortcuts System Tray Icon Service	
InstallShield	Cancel

After reading the license agreement in the following window, click **Yes** button to continue.

Intel(R) Matrix Storage Manager Setup	
License Agreement Please read the following license agreement carefully.	
Press the PAGE DOWN key to see the rest of the agreement.	
NTEL SOFTWARE LICENSE AGREEMENT (0EM / IHV / ISV Distribution & Single User)	^
IMPORTANT - READ BEFORE COPYING, INSTALLING OR USING. Do not use or load this software and any associated materials (collectively, the "Software") until you have carefully read the following terms and conditions. By loading or using the Software, you agree to the terms of this Agreement. If you do not wish to so agree, do not install or use the Software.	
Please Also Note:	~
Do you accept all the terms of the preceding License Agreement? If you choose No, the setup will close. To install Intel(R) Matrix Storage Manager, you must accept this agreement	
InstallShield Kack Yes No	

Intel ICH7R SATA RAID

Select the folder in which you want the program to be installed in the following window, and click **Next** button to start installation.

Intel(R) Matrix Storage Manager Setup	X
Choose Destination Location Select folder where Setup will install files.	
Setup will install Intel(R) Matrix Storage Manager in the following folder.	
To install to this folder, click Next. To install to a different folder, click Browse and select another folder.	
Destination Folder C:\Program Files\Intel\Intel Matrix Storage Manager Browse	
< Back Next > Cancel	

Select a program folder in the following window where you want Setup to add the program icon.

Intel(R) Matrix Storage Manager Setup	×
Select Program Folder Please select a program folder.	
Setup will add program icons to the Program Folder listed below. You may type a new folder name, or select one from the existing folders list. Click Next to continue. Program Folders: Intel[F] Matrix Storage Manager Existing Folders: Administrative Tools Games Snaglt 6 Startup	
InstallShield Cancel	

The following window appears to show the Intel Application Accelerator RAID Edition Setup installation status.

Intel(R) Matrix Storage Manager Setup	
Setup Status	
Intel(R) Matrix Storage Manager Setup is performing the requested operations.	
Installing:	
19%	
InstallShield	
	Cancel

Once the installation is complete, the following window appears.



RAID Migration Instructions

The Intel Matrix Storage Console offers the flexibility to upgrade from a single Serial ATA (SATA) hard drive to RAID configuration when an additional SATA hard drive is added to the system. This process will create a new RAID volume from an existing disk. However, several important steps must be followed at the time the system is first configured in order to take advantage of RAID when upgrading to a second SATA hard drive:

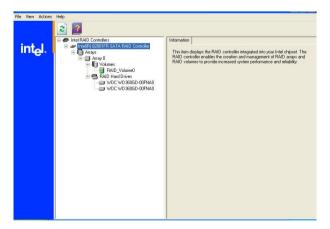
- BIOS must be configured for RAID before installing Windows XP on the single SATA hard drive. Refer to On Chip SATA Setting for properly setting of the BIOS.
- Install the Intel Application Accelerator RAID Driver during Windows Setup. Refer to Installing Software for instructions on installing the driver during Windows Setup.
- 3. Install the Intel Matrix Storage Console after the operating system is installed.

To create a volume from an existing disk, complete the following steps:

Important

A **Create from Existing Disk** operation will delete all existing data from the added disk and the data cannot be recovered. It is critical to backup all important data on the added disk before proceeding. However, during the migration process, the data on the source disk is preserved.

After the Intel Matrix Storage Console has been successfully installed and the system has rebooted, click on the Intel Application Accelerator shortcut link (Start --> All Programs --> Intel Matrix Storage Manager --> Intel Matrix Storage Console) and the following window will appear:

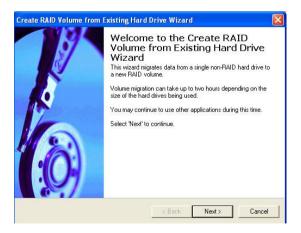


Create RAID Volume from Existing Disk

To create a RAID volume from an existing disk, choose Action --> Create RAID Volume from Existing Hard Drive.

			الحالجا
File View	Actions Help		
	Create RAID Volume Create RAID Volume from Existing Hard Drive		
inţ		Information Parameter Usage Device Para Device Para Councer Send ATA Transfer Mode Send MATA Transfer Mode Send Mathematic Send Mathematic Send Ata Transfer Mode Send Ata Transfer Sen	Value Nor-Nat 0 <td< td=""></td<>

The **Create RAID Volume from Existing Hard Drive Wizard** pops up to lead you for the following procedure. Click **Next** to continue.



Intel ICH7R SATA RAID

(1) Step 1: Configure Volume

Here you can configure the new RAID volume by entering the volume name, selecting the RAID level and strip size.

Configure Volume You can configure the new RAID level and strip size be	RAID volume by entering a name and by selectin low.	ng the
Volume Name		
RAID_Volume0		
The name is limited to 16 English a	lpha-numeric characters.	
HAID Level		
RAID 0	•	
RAID 0	•	
RAID 0	-	
RAID 0 Strip Size 128 KB 4 KB		
RAID 0 Strip Size 128 KB 4 KB 8 KB 16 KB		
Strip Size 128 KB 4 KB 8 KB		

† RAID Volume Name:

A desired RAID volume name needs to be typed in where the 'RAID_Volume1' text currently appears above. The RAID volume name has a maximum limit of 16 characters. The RAID volume name must also be in English alphanumeric ASCII characters.

† RAID Level:

Select the desired RAID level:

ect the desired RAID level	I.
RAID 0 (Performance) –	A volume optimized for performance will allow you to access your data more quickly.
RAID 1 (Redundancy) –	A volume optimized for data redundancy will provide you with a realtime duplicate copy of your data. Note: Only half of the available volume space will be avail- able for data storage.
RAID 5 (Useful) –	RAID 5 can be used on three or more disks, with zero or more spare-disks. The resulting RAID-5 device size will be (N-1)*S, where N is the how many drive, S is the size of the smallest drive in the array. If one of the disks fail, all data are still intact. It can rebuild the disk from the parity information. If spare disks are available, re- construction will begin immediately after the device failure. If two disks fail simultaneously, all data are lost. RAID-5 can survive one disk failure, but not two or more. Both read and write performance usually increase, but can be hard to predict how much. Reads are similar to RAID-0 reads, writes can be either rather

expensive (requiring read-in prior to write, in order to be able to calculate the correct parity information), or similar to RAID-1 writes. The write efficiency depends heavily on the amount of memory in the machine, and the usage pattern of the array. Heavily scattered writes are bound to be more expensive.

RAID 10 (Mirrored Stripes) - A RAID 1 array of two RAID 0 arrays.

† Strip Sizes:

Select the desired strip size setting. As indicated, the optimal setting is 128KB. Selecting any other option may result in performance degradation. Even though 128KB is the recommended setting for most users, you should choose the strip size value which is best suited to your specific RAID usage model. The most typical strip size settings are:

4KB: For specialized usage models requiring 4KB strips

8KB: For specialized usage models requiring 8KB strips

16KB: Best for sequential transfers

32KB: Good for sequential transfers

64KB: Good general purpose strip size

128KB: Best performance for most desktops and workstations

(2) Select the source disk

Then select the source disk that you wish to use and then click "--->" to move it to the **Selected** field. Then click **Next** to continue.

It is very important to note which disk is the source disk (the one containing all of the information to be migrated) and which one is the target disk. On a RAID Ready system, this can be determined by making a note during POST of which port (e.g. Port 0 or Port 1) the single disk is attached to.

You can also use the Intel Application Accelerator RAID Edition utility before the second disk is installed to verify the Port and serial number of the drive that contains all the data.

Create RAID Volume from Existing Ha Select Source Hard Drive The data on the hard drive you select of RAID volume.	ard Drive Wizard
Available Port 0. WDC WD35050-00FNA0 - 4 Port 1: WDC WD35050-00FNA0 - 5	Selected
	< Back Next > Cancel

(3) Select Member Hard Drive(s)

Then select the member disk (the target disk) that you wish to use and then click "-----" to move it to the **Selected** field. Then click **Next** to continue.

Please note that the existing data on the selected hard drive(s) will be deleted permanently. Do not forget to back up all the important data before continuing.

eate RAID Volume from Existing Har	rd Drive Wizard
Select Member Hard Drive(s) Once the new RAID volume is created, i any member hard drive(s).	it will span the source hard drive as well as
Available Port 1: WDC WD 360GD-00FNA0 - 5	Selected
VARNING: Existing data on the selected hard on portant data before continuing.	drive(s) will be permanently deleted. Back up all
	Kext Next Cancel

Select Member Hard Drive(s, Once the new RAID volume i any member hard drive(s).) s created, it will span the source hard drive as well as
	Port 1: WDC WD360GD-00FNA0 - 3
VAHNINU: Existing data on the sele aportant data before continuing.	scted hard drive(s) will be permanently deleted. Back up all
	< Back Next > Cancel

(4) Specify Volume Size

Specify the amount of available array space to be used by the new RAID volume. You may enter the amount in the space or use the slider to specify. It is recommended you use 100% of the available space for the optimized usage. For RAID 0 volume, if you do not specify 100% of the hard drive space, the rest hard drive space will be worked as RAID 1 volume, which is the new technology called Intel Matrix RAID. Then click **Next** to continue.

Create RAID Volume from Existin	g Hard Drive Wizard 🛛 🛛 🛛 🛛
Specify Volume Size Use the fields or the slider below t be used by the new RAID volume	io specify the amount of available array space to 2.
Maximum Volume Size (GB):	69
Minimum Volume Size (GB):	34.5
Percentage of Available Space:	100
Volume Size (GB):	69
For RAID 0 volumes, you must choose al second volume in order to utilize the rema	
	< Back Next > Cancel

(5) Start Creating RAID Volume from Existing Hard Drive Wizard

Before you continue the procedure of RAID volume creation from existing hard drive, read the dialogue box below carefully. Please note that once you click **Finish**, the existing data on the selected hard drive(s) will be deleted permanently and this operation cannot be undone. It is critical that you backup all important data before selecting **Finish** to start the migration process.



(6) Start Migration

The migration process may take up to two hours to complete depending on the size of the disks being used and the strip size selected. A dialogue window will appear stating that the migration process may take considerable time to complete, meanwhile a popup dialogue at the taskbar will also show the migration status. While you can still continue using your computer during the migration process, once the migration process starts, it cannot be stopped. If the migration process gets interrupted and your system is rebooted for any reason, it will pick up the migration process where it left off. You will be provided with an estimated completion time (the remaining time will depend on your system) once the migration process starts.

	2% of RAID_Volume0 Migration Completed	
	volume capacity. To reopen this dialog at any point during the migration, night-click on the migrating volume in the Intelf[] Stroag Utility and select Show Migration Progress.	
	2% Complete - Time Remaining: 17 min 58 sec	
	A RAID Migration in Program	New Sector
🦉 create10 - F	Paint 🖸 1% of RAID_Volume0	7:56 PM

The following screen appears if the migration process is completed successfully. Then you have to reboot your system to use the full capacity of the new volume.

ingradio	n Status 📄
?	The RAID volume was created from an existing hard drive successfully. The system will need to be rebooted to use the full capacity of the new volume. Do you want to reboot the system now? Yes No

Degraded RAID Array

A RAID 1, RAID 5 or RAID 10 volume is reported as degraded when one of its hard drive members fails or is temporarily disconnected, and data mirroring is lost. As a result, the system can only utilize theremaining functional hard drive member. To reestablish data mirroring and restore data redundancy, refer to the procedure below that corresponds to the current situation.

Missing Hard Drive Member

- 1. Make sure the system is powered off.
- 2. Reconnect the hard drive.
- 3. Reboot the system to Windows; the rebuild will occur automatically.

Failed Hard Drive Member

- 1. Make sure the system is powered off.
- 2. Replace the failed hard drive with a new one that is of equal or greater capacity.
- 3. Reboot the system to Intel RAID Option ROM by press <Ctrl> and <I> keys simultaneously during the Power-On Self Test (POST).

RAII) Volumes				
ID	Name	Level	Strip	Size	Status
0	Volume0	RAID5(Parity)	64KB	76.7GB	Degraded
Phys	ical Disks::				
Port	Device Model	Serial #		Size	Type/Status(Vol ID)
0	HDS722580VLSA80	VNRB3EC20549	SL	76.7GB	
1	HDS722580VLSA80	VNRB3EC20559	SL	76.7GB	
2	HDS722580VLSA80	VNRB3EC20569	SL	76.7GB	Non-RAID Disk

4. Select the port of the destination disk for rebuilding, and then press ENTER.

		DE GRADED VO ume and disk availal a rebuild. Rebuild o	ble for rebuilding	g detected. Selecting	
		rt of the destination			=
RAI		Drive Model	Serial # VNRB3EC20579	Size	-
ID					
0			TER]-Select	[ESC]-Exit	
0 Phy Port	Device Model	Serial #	Size	Type/Status(Vol ID)	
0 Phy Port	Device Model HDS722580VLSA80	Serial # VNRB3EC20549SL	Size 76.7GB	Type/Status(Vol ID) Member Disk(0)	
0 Phy Port 0 1	Device Model HD \$722580VL\$A80 HD \$722580VL\$A80	Serial # VNRB3EC20549SL VNRB3EC20559SL	Size 76.7GB 76.7GB	Type/Status(Vol ID) Member Disk (0) Mombor Dick (0)	
0 Phy Port 0 1 2 3	Device Model HDS722580VLSA80	Serial # VNRB3EC20549SL VNRB3EC20559SL	Size 76.7GB	Type/Status(Vol ID) Member Disk(0)	

- 5. Exit Intel RAID Option ROM, and then reboot to Windows system.
- 6. When prompted to rebuild the RAID volume, click 'Yes'.
- 7. The Intel(R) Storage Utility will be launched. Right-click the new hard drive and select 'Rebuild to this Disk'. The 'Rebuild Wizard' will be launched which will guide you through the process of rebuilding to the new hard drive.

📌 Intel(R) Matrix Storage Console 📃 🗖	\mathbf{X}
File View Actions Help	
Intel RAID Controllers Intel RAID Controlle	