

FCC Compliance Statement:

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with limits for a Class B digital device. pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in residential installations. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy, and if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause interference to radio or television equipment reception, which can be

determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- -Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna
- -Move the equipment away from the receiver
- -Plug the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected
- -Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/television technician for additional suggestions

You are cautioned that any change or modifications to the equipment not expressly approve by the party responsible for compliance could void Your authority to operate such equipment.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subjected to the following two conditions 1) this device may not cause harmful interference and 2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Declaration of Conformity

We, Manufacturer/Importer (full address)

G.B.T. Technology Träding GMbH Ausschlager Weg 41, 1F, 20537 Hamburg, Germany

declare that the product (description of the apparatus, system, installation to which it refers)

Mother Board

GA-6CXC7

is in conformity with

(reference to the specification under which conformity is declared) in accordance with 89/336 EEC-EMC Directive

□ EN 55011	Limits and methods of measurement of radio disturbance characteristics of industrial, scientific and medical (ISM high frequency equipment	☐ EN 61000-3-2* ☑ EN60555-2	Disturbances in supply systems caused by household appliances and similar electrical equipment "Harmonics"
☐ EN55013	Limits and methods of measurement of radio disturbance characteristics of broadcast receivers and associated equipment	☐ EN61000-3-3* ☑ EN60555-3	Disturbances in supply systems caused by household appliances and similar electrical equipment "Voltage fluctuations"
□EN 55014	Limits and methods of measurement of radio disturbance characteristics of household electrical appliances,	☑ EN 50081-1	Generic emission standard Part 1: Residual, commercial and light industry
	portable tools and similar electrical apparatus	☑ EN 50082-1	Generic immunity standard Part 1: Residual, commercial and light industry
□ EN 55015	Limits and methods of measurement of radio disturbance characteristics of fluorescent lamps and luminaries	☐ EN 55081-2	Generic emission standard Part 2: Industrial environment
□ EN 55020	Immunity from radio interference of broadcast receivers and associated equipment	☐ EN 55082-2	Generic immunity standard Part 2: Industrial environment
⊠ EN 55022	Limits and methods of measurement of radio disturbance characteristics of information technology equipment	☐ ENV 55104	Immunity requirements for household appliances tools and similar apparatus
☐ DIN VDE 0855 ☐ part 10 ☐ part 12	Cabled distribution systems; Equipment for receiving and/or distribution from sound and television signals		EMC requirements for uninterruptible power systems (UPS)
☑ CE marking		(EC conformity	marking)
	The manufacturer also declares to with the actual required safety states	the conformity of above m	nentioned product
□ EN 60065	Safety requirements for mains operated electronic and related apparatus for household and similar general use	□ EN 60950	Safety for information technology equipmen including electrical business equipment
☐ EN 60335	Safety of household and similar electrical appliances	☐ EN 50091-1	General and Safety requirements for uninterruptible power systems (UPS)
	Manuf	acturer/Importer	5
			Signature <u>Rex Lin</u>
	(Stamp) Date: N	Mar. 04, 2000	Name : Rex Lin

6CXC7 Series 100 /133 MHz Pentium II/ !!! Socket 370 Processor Motherboard

USER'S MANUAL

How This Manual Is Organized

This manual is divided into the following sections:

1) Revision List	Manual revision information
2) Item Checklist	Product item list
3) Features	Product information & specification
4) Hardware Setup	Instructions on setting up the motherboard
5) Performance & Block Diagram	Product performance & block diagram
6) Suspend to RAM & Dual BIOS	Instructions STR installation & Dual BIOS
7) Four Speaker & SPDIF	Four Speaker & SPDIF introduction
8) BIOS Setup	Instructions on setting up the BIOS software
9) Appendix	General reference

Table Of Content

Revision History	P.1
Item Checklist	P.2
Summary of Features	P.3
6CXC7 Series Motherboard Layout	P.5
Page Index for CPU Speed Setup / Connectors / Panel and Jumper Definition	P.8
Performance List	P.30
Block Diagram	P.31
Suspend to RAM Installation	P.32
Dual BIOS Introduction (Optional)	P.38
Four Speaker & SPDIF Introduction (Optional)	P.45
Memory Installation	P.50
Page Index for BIOS Setup	P.51
Appendix	P.80

6CXC7 Series Motherboard

Revision	n History	
Revision	Revision Note	Date
1.1	Initial release of the 6CXC7 Series motherboard user's manual.	Mar.2000

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Mar. 14, 2000 Taipei, Taiwan, R.O.C

Item Checklist

- ☑ The 6CXC7 Series Motherboard
- ☑ Cable for IDE / Floppy device
- ☑ CD (IUCD) for motherboard utilities
- ☐ Internal COM B Cable (Optional)
- ☐ Internal USB Cable (Optional)
- □ Cable for SCSI device
- ☑ 6CXC7 Series User's Manual

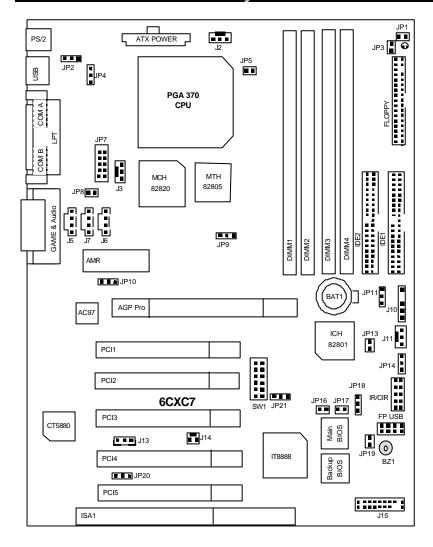
Summary Of Features

Form factor	30.5 cm x 22 cm ATX size form factor, 4 layers PCB.
Motherboard	6CXC7 series includes 6CXC7, 6CXC7-1
CPU	100/133 MHz Pentium II/!!! Socket 370 Processor
	2nd cache in CPU (Depend on CPU)
Chipset	82820 HOST / AGP / RDRAM Controller
	82801AA(ICH) I/O Controller Hub
	82805AA(MTH) Memory Translator Hub
Clock Generator	Supports 100 / 133MHz
	122/142/150/159 MHz clocks (reserved)
Memory	 4 168-pin DIMM Sockets Support 4 banks.
	(DIMM4 is optional)
I/O Control	ITE IT8712 LPC
Slots	1 AMR (Audio Modem Riser) slot
	 1 Universal AGP Pro slot 1X/2X/4X 1.5V/3.3V /12V
	device support
	5 32-bit Master PCI Bus slots
	1 16-bit ISA Bus slot (Optional for 6CXC7)
On-Board IDE	An IDE controller on the Intel [®] 82801AA PCI chipset
	provides IDE HDD/ CD-ROM with PIO, Bus Master
	(Ultra DMA33/ATA66) operation modes
	Can connect up to four IDE devices
On-Board	1 Floppy port supports 2 FDD with 360K, 720K,1.2M,
Peripherals	1.44M and 2.88M bytes
	1 Parallel ports supports SPP/EPP/ECP mode
	2 Serial ports (COM A & COM B)
	4 USB ports (Front USB port optional for 6CXC7)
	1 IrDA connector for IR/CIR (Optional)
Hardware Monitor	CPU/Power Supply/System Fan Revolution detect
(Optional)	CPU Fan Control Control Control
	System Voltage Detect
	CPU Overheat Warning Chassis Interview Patent
	Chassis Intrusion Detect Display Actual Current Voltage
DCI to ICA Dridge	Display Actual Current Voltage ITE8888
PCI to ISA Bridge	To be continued.

To be continued...

On-Board Sound	 Creative CT5880 sound (Optional for 6CXC7) AC' 97 CODEC Line In/Line Out/Mic In/AUX In/CD In/TEL/Game Port SPDIF and Four Speaker(Optional for 6CXC7) 		
PS/2 Connector	2 Connector • PS/2 [®] Keyboard interface and PS/2 [®] Mouse interface		
BIOS	Licensed AMI BIOS, 4M bit FWHSupport Dual BIOS(Optional for 6CXC7)		
Additional Features	 Internal/External Modern wake up STR (Suspend-To-RAM) Wake On LAN PS/2 Keyboard password power on PS/2 Mouse power on System after AC back Poly fuse for keyboard, USB, game port overcurrent protection USB KB/MS wake up from S3 		

6CXC7 Series Motherboard Layout



Page Index for CPU Speed Setup/Connectors/Panel and Jumper Definition	Page
CPU Speed Setup	P.8
Connectors	P.10
Game & Audio Port	P.10
COM A / COM B / LPT Port	P.10
CN2:USB Connector	P.11
PS/2 Keyboard & PS/2 Mouse Connector	P.11
J3 (CPU FAN)	P.12
J2 (Power FAN)	P.12
J11 (System FAN)	P.13
ATX Power	P.13
Floppy Port	P.14
IDE (Primary/ Secondary) Port	P.14
J12:IR/CIR[Optional]	P.15
CN9: USB Connector (Front)[Optional]	P.15
JP3 (STR LED Connector)& LED1(DIMM LED)	P.16
J5 (AUX_IN)	P.16
J7 (CD Audio Line In)	P.17
J6 (TEL)	P.17
J13 (Wake On LAN)	P.18
J14 (Ring Power On)	P.18
J10 (External SMBUS Device Connector)	P.19
Panel and Jumper Definition	P.20
J15 (2x11 pins jumper)	P.20
JP4 (Back) (USB Device Wake up Selection)	P.21
JP2 (PS/2 Keyboard Power On)	P.21
JP1 (STR Selection)	P.22
JP8 (Case Open)	P.22
JP20 (Onboard Sound Function Selection) [Optional]	P.23
JP17 (Top Block Lock) [Optional]	P.23
JP11 (Clear CMOS Function) [Optional]	P.24
JP18 (Safe mode/Recovery/Normal)	P.24
JP13 (Timeout Reboot Function) [Optional]	P.25
JP14 (Front) (USB Device Wake Up Selection) [Optional]	P.25

6CXC7 Series Motherboard

JP7 (Over Voltage CPU Speed Up) [Optional]	P.26
JP16 (FWH Write Protection) [Optional]	P.26
JP19 (Internal Buzzer Connector) [Optional]	P.27
JP10 (AMR Select) [Optional]	P.27
JP9 (Over Clock Voltage Control) [Optional]	P.28
JP5 (FORCE Cyrix 133) [Optional]	P.28
BAT 1(Battery)	P.29

CPU Speed Setup

The system bus frequency can be switched at 100MHz and 133MHz by adjusting SW 1/JP21. The CPU Frequency is control by BIOS.

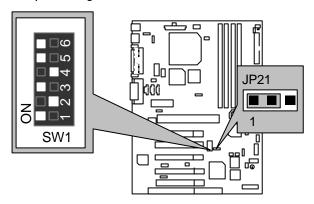
SW1/JP21 Select the System Speed at 100MHz and 133MHz.

CPU CLK	SDRAM	AGP CLK	JP21	SW1					
CFU CLK	CLK	AGF CLK	JFZI	1	2	3	4	5	6
100/133 AUTO	100	66.6	1-2		х		х		
103	103	68.67	2-3	Χ					
105	105	70.00	2-3	Χ				Χ	
100.3	100.3	66.87	2-3	Χ			Χ		
100.9	100.9	67.27	2-3	Χ			Χ	Х	
107	107	71.33	2-3	Χ		Χ			
109	109	72.66	2-3	Χ		Χ		Х	
112	112	74.67	2-3	Χ		Χ	Χ		
114	114	76.00	2-3	Χ		Χ	Χ	Х	
116.1	116.1	77.40	2-3	Χ	Χ				
118	118	78.67	2-3	Χ	Χ			Х	
133.3	133.3	66.65	1-2	Χ	Χ		Χ		
120	120	80.00	2-3	Χ	Χ		Χ	Х	
122	122	81.33	2-3	Χ	Χ	Χ			
125	125	83.40	2-3	Χ	Χ	Χ		Х	
128	128	85.47	2-3	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ		
130	130	86.67	2-3	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	
133.0	99.75	66.50	2-3	Χ					Χ
133.9	100.425	66.95	2-3	Χ				Χ	Χ
138.0	103.5	69.00	2-3	Х			Χ		Х
142.0	106.5	71.00	2-3	Х			Χ	Х	Х
146.0	109.5	73.00	2-3	Х		Χ			Χ
150.0	112.5	75.00	2-3	Х		Х		Х	Х
153.0	114.75	76.50	2-3	Х		Х	Х		Х
156.0	117	78.00	2-3	Х		Х	Х	Х	Х

SDRAM CPU CLK AC		AGP CLK	JP21	SW1					
OI O OLIK	CLK	AOI OLK	31 21	1	2	3	4	5	6
159.1	119.325	79.55	2-3	Х	Х				Χ
162.0	121.5	81.00	2-3	Х	Х			Х	Х
165.0	123.75	82.50	2-3	Х	Х		Χ		Х
168.0	126	84.00	2-3	Х	Х		Х	Х	Х
171.0	128.25	85.50	2-3	Х	Х	Х			Х
174.0	130.5	87.00	2-3	Х	Х	Х		Х	Х
177.0	132.75	88.50	2-3	Х	Х	Х	Х		Х
180.0	135	90.00	2-3	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х

(O: ON / X : OFF)

For Auto Jumper Setting:

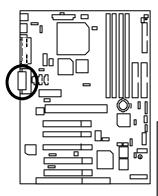


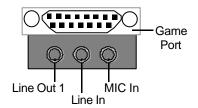
★ Note:

- 1. If you use 100/133 MHz CPU, We recommend you to setup your system speed to "Auto" value.
- 2. We don't recommend you to set up your system speed to 122, 142, 150,159 MHz because these frequencies are not the standard specifications for CPU, Chipset and most of the peripherals. Whether your system can run under 122, 142, 150,159 MHz properly will depend on your hardware configurations: CPU, SDRAM, Cards, etc. **If you want to set up your system speed to 122, 142, 150,159 MHz, you must change the Jumper JP9 from 2-3 close to 1-2 close.

Connectors

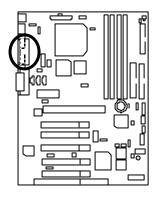
Game & Audio Port

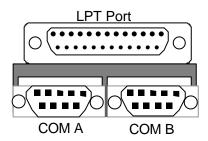




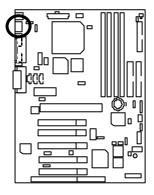
Line Out 1: Line Out or SPDIF (The SPDIF output is capable of providing digital audio to external speakers or compressed AC3 data to an external Dolby digital decoder). In general, Line Out 1 is normally Line Out, when it output digital signal, it will be change to SPDIF Out automatically (see page 47 for more information). Line In: In general, Line In is normally Line In. When you select "Four Speaker" in Creative application (see page 45 for more information), Line In will be change to Line Out 2, then you can plug 2 pairs stereo speaker into Line Out 1 and Line In simultaneously.

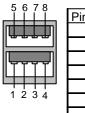
COM A / COM B / LPT Port





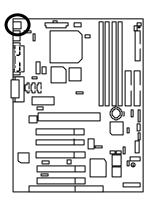
CN2 : USB (Back) Connector (Optional)

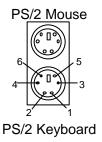




Pin No.	Definition
1	USB V0
2	USB D0-
3	USB D0+
4	GND
5	USB V1
6	USB D1-
7	USB D1+
8	GND

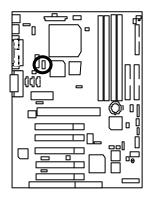
PS/2 Keyboard & PS/2 Mouse Connector

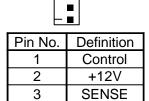




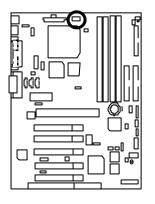
PS/2 Mouse/ Keyboard		
Pin No.	Definition	
1	Data	
2	NC	
3	GND	
4	VCC(+5V)	
5	Clock	
6	NC	

J3: CPU FAN





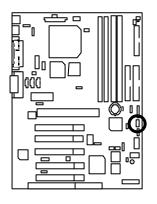
J2: Power FAN





Pin No.	Definition
1	Control
2	+12V
3	SENSE

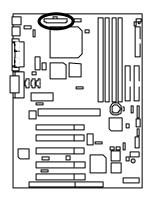
J11 : System FAN





Pin No.	Definition
1	Control
2	+12V
3	SENSE

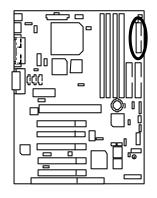
ATX Power

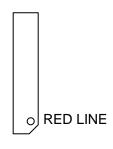




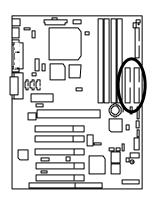
Pin No.	Definition
3,5,7,13,15-17	GND
1,2,11	3.3V
4,6,19,20	VCC
10	+12V
12	-12V
18	-5V
8	Power Good
9	5V SB stand by+5V
14	PS-ON(Soft On/Off)

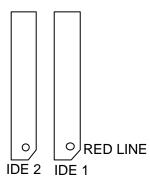
Floppy Port



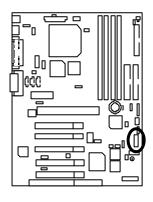


$\label{local_primary} \mbox{IDE1(Primary) , IDE2 (Secondary) Port}$





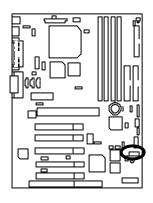
J12:IR/CIR (Optional)





Pin No.	Definition
1	VCC
2	NC
3	IRRX
4	GND
5	IRTX
6	NC
7	CIRRX
8	VCC
9	NC
10	NC

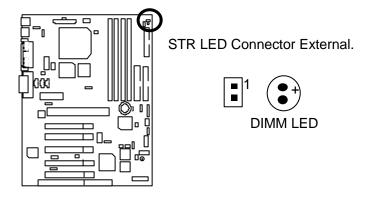
CN9: USB Connector (Front) (Optional)



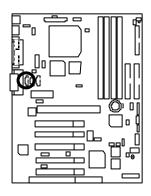


Pin No.	Definition
1	VCC
2	USB D0-
3	USB D0+
4	GND
5	VCC
6	USB D1-
7	USB D1+
8	GND

JP3: STR LED Connector & LED1: DIMM LED



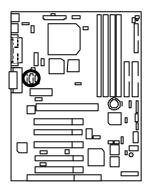
J5: AUX IN





Pin No.	Definition
1	AUX-L
2	GND
3	GND
4	AUX-R

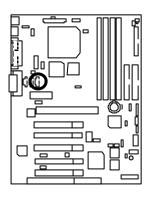
J7 : CD Audio Line In





Pin No.	Definition
1	CD-L
2	GND
3	GND
4	CD-R

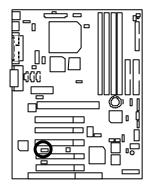
J6: TEL(The connector is for internal modem card with voice connector)





Pin No.	Definition
1	Signal-In
2	GND
3	GND
4	Signal-Out

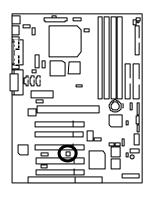
J13: Wake on LAN





Pin No.	Definition
1	+5V SB
2	GND
3	Signal

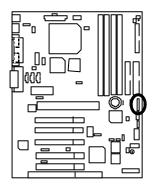
J14: Ring Power On





Pin No.	Definition
1	Signal
2	GND

J10: External SMBUS Device Connector

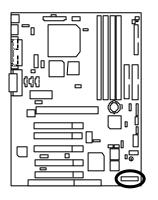


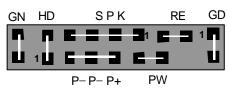


Pin No.	Definition
1	SMB CLK
2	NC
3	GND
4	SMB DATA
5	+5V

Panel And Jumper Definition

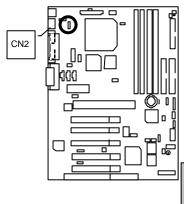
J15: For 2X11 Pins Jumper





	•
GN (Green Switch)	Open: Normal Operation
	Close: Entering Green Mode
GD (Green LED)	Pin 1: LED anode(+)
	Pin 2: LED cathode(–)
HD (IDE Hard Disk Active LED)	Pin 1: LED anode(+)
	Pin 2: LED cathode(—)
SPK (Speaker Connector)	Pin 1: VCC(+)
	Pin 2- Pin 3: NC
	Pin 4: Data(–)
RE (Reset Switch)	Open: Normal Operation
	Close: Reset Hardware System
P+P-P-(Power LED)	Pin 1: LED anode(+)
	Pin 2: LED cathode(–)
	Pin 3: LED cathode(–)
PW (Soft Power Connector)	Open: Normal Operation
	Close: Power On/Off

JP4 : (Back) USB Device Wake up Selection (USB Connector → CN2)

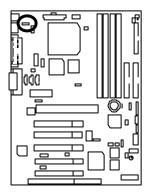


1	
Pin No.	Definition
1-2 close	(Back)USB Device Wakeup Enabled
2-3 close	(Back)USB Device Wakeup Disabled (Default)

(If you want to use "USB KB/MS Wake up from S3" function, you have to set the BIOS setting "USB KB/MS Wake up from S3" enabled, and the jumper "JP4&JP14 "enabled)

*(Power on the computer and as soon as memory counting starts, piess . You will enter BIOS Setup. Select the item "POWER MANAGEMENT SETUP", then select "USB KB/MS Wake up from \$3". Remember to save the setting by pressing "ESC" and choose the "SAVE & EXIT SETUP" option.)

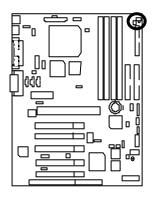
JP2: PS/2 Keyboard Power On





Pin No.	Definition
1-2 close	PS/2 Keyboard Power on Enabled
	Power on Enabled
2-3 close	PS/2 Keyboard
	Power on Disabled
	(Default)

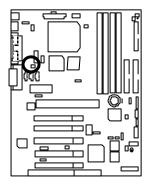
JP1: STR Selection





Pin No.	Definition
open	STR Disabled
	(Default)
close	STR Enabled

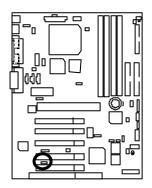
JP8 : Case Open





Pin No.	Definition
1	Signal
2	GND

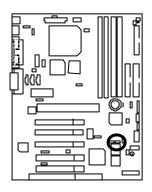
JP20 : Onboard Sound Function Selection (Optional)





Pin No.	Definition
1-2 close	Onboard Sound
	Enable(Default)
2-3 close	Onboard Sound
	Disable

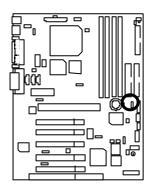
JP17 : Top Block Lock(Optional)





_		
	Pin No.	Definition
	close	Top Block Unlock
		(Default)
	open	Top Block lock

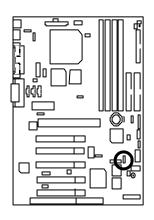
JP11 : Clear CMOS Function(Optional)





Pin No.	Definition
1-2 close	Clear CMOS
2-3 close	Normal (Default)

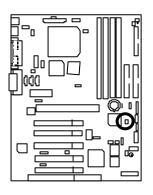
JP18: Safe mode / Recovery / Normal





Pin No.	Definition
1-2close	Normal(Default)
2-3close	Safe mode
1-2-3open	Recovery

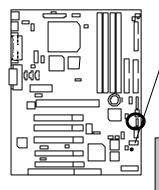
JP13: Timeout Reboot Function(Optional)





Pin No.	Definition
open	Timeout reboot
close	No Reboot on timeout
	(Default)

JP14 : (Front)USB Device Wake up Selection (Optional) (USB Port → CN9)



CN9 1

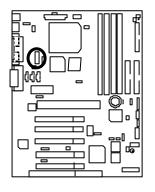
Pin No.	Definition
1-2 close	(Front)USB Device Wake Up
2-3 close	Normal (Default)

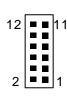
(If you want to use "USB KB/MS Wake up from S3" function, you have to set the BIOS setting "USB KB/MS Wake up from S3" enabled, and the jumper "JP4&JP14" enabled).

*(Power on the computer and as soon as memory counting starts, press . You will enter BIOS Setup. Select the item "POWER MANAGEMENT SETUP", then select "USB KB/MS Wake up from \$3". Remember to save the setting by pressing "ESC" and choose the "SAVE & EXIT SETUP" option.)

JP7 : Over Voltage CPU Speed Up (Magic Booster) (Optional)

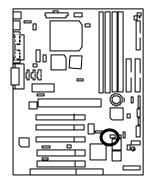
(When JP7 set "3-4" close, CPU Voltage is rising 10%)

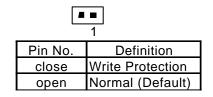




Pin No.	Definition	
1-2	Normal	
close	(Default)	
	(Delault)	
3-4	10%	
close	1070	
5-6	20%	
close	20%	
7-8	30%	
close	30%	
9-10	40%	
close	40%	
11-12	50%	
close	30%	

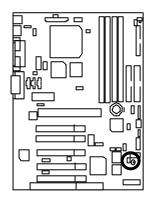
JP16: FWH Write Protection(Optional)





● Please Set Jumper JP16 to "Open" to enabled BIOS Write Function when you update new BIOS or new device

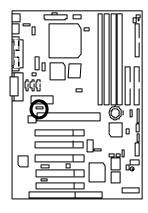
JP19: Internal Buzzer Connector(Optional)





Pin No.	Definition
open	Internal Buzzer
	Disable
close	Internal Buzzer
	Enable (Default)

JP10: AMR Select (Optional)





	Definition		
Pin No.	(Onboard CDOEC)	AMR Card	
1-2close	Primary	Secondary	
2-3close	AC' 97 Disabled (Disabled Onboard CODEC)	Primary	

Note:

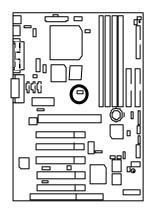
6CXC/

If M/B has hardware audio (CT5880), your modern riser has been set to "Primary" automatically. No Jumper JP10 for 6CXC7

6CXC7-1:

JP10: 1-2 close: If you use software audio(onboard CODEC only), your modern riser must be "Secondary". JP10: 2-3 close: If you don't use onboard software audio, your audio/modern riser must be "Primary". Mainboard's software audio will be disabled.

JP9: Over Clock Voltage Control (Optional)



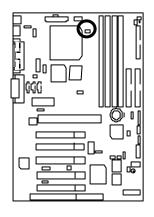


Pin No.	Definition
1-2close	Over Clock
2-3close	Normal(Default)

Note:

We don't recommend you to set up this function, because "over clock voltage" enhancement will hurt the chipset (MCH and MTH).

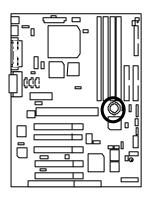
JP5: FORCE Cyrix 133(Optional)





Pin No.	Definition
Close	FORCE Cyrix 133
Open	Normal

BAT1: Battery





▶ Danger of explosion if battery is incorrectly replaced.
 ▶ Replace only with the same or equivalent type recommended by the manufacturer.
 ▶ Dispose of used batteries according to the manufacturer.

according to the manufacturer's instructions.

Performance List

The following performance data list is the testing results of some popular benchmark testing programs.

These data are just referred by users, and there is no responsibility for different testing data values gotten by users. (The different Hardware & Software configuration will result in different benchmark testing results.)

• CPU Pentium® !!! 733MHz processor

• DRAM (128x2)MB SDRAM (SEC KOREA 925 KM48S8030CT-GA)

• CACHE SIZE 128 KB included in CPU

• DISPLAY GA-660+ AGP Card

• STORAGE Onboard IDE (IBM ATA 66 DJNA-371800)

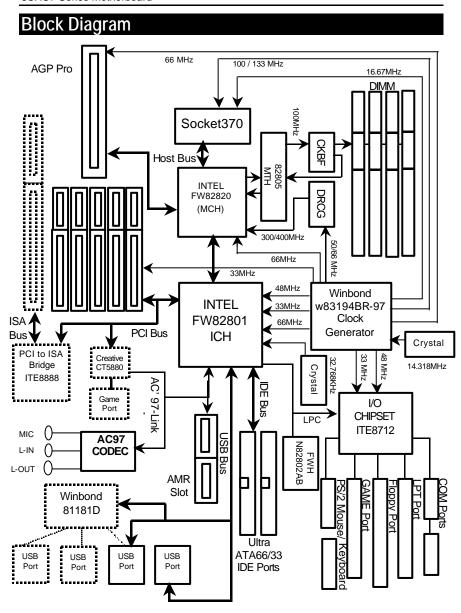
O.S. Windows NT™4.0 SPK6

• DRIVER Display Driver at 1024 x 768 x 16bit colors x 75Hz.

Intel Ultra ATA Storage Driver V5.0.012i (Engineering

Sample)

Processor	Intel Pentium [®] !!!	
1 10000001	733MHz (133 x 5.5)	
Winbench99		
CPU mark99	63	
FPU Winmark 99	3890	
Business Disk Winmark 99	4940	
Hi-End Disk Winmark 99	11100	
Business Graphics Winmark 99	356	
Hi-End Graphics Winmark 99	691	
Winstone99		
Business Winstone99	39.1	
Hi-End Winstone99	41.1	



Suspend To RAM Installation

Suspend to RAM Installation

A.1 Introduce STR function:

Suspend-to-RAM (STR) is a Windows 98 ACPI sleep mode function. When recovering from STR (S3) sleep mode, the system is able, in just a few seconds, to retrieve the last "state" of the system before it went to sleep and recover to that state. The "state" is stored in memory (RAM) before the system goes to sleep. During STR sleep mode, your system uses only enough energy to maintain critical information and system functions, primarily the system state and the ability to recognize various "wake up" triggers or signals, respectively.

A.2 STR function Installation

Please use the following steps to complete the STR function installation.

Step-By-Step Setup

Step 1:

To utilize the STR function, the system must be in Windows 98 ACPI mode.

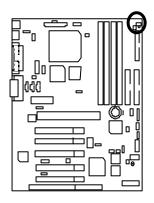
Putting Windows 98 into ACPI mode is fairly easy.

Setup with Windows 98 CD:

- A. Insert the Windows 98 CD into your CD-ROM drive, select Start, and then Run.
- B. Type (without quotes) "D:\setup /p j" in the window provided. Hit the enter key or click OK. FIn Windows 98 second edition version, all the bios version dated 12/01/99 or later are ACPI compatible. Just type" D:\Setup", the operating system will be installed as ACPI mode.
- C. After setup completes, remove the CD, and reboot your system

(This manual assumes that your CD-ROM device drive letter is D:).

Step 2: (If you want to use STR Function, please set jumper JP1 (Closed.)





Pin No.	Definition
open	STR Disabled
close	STR Enabled

Step 3:

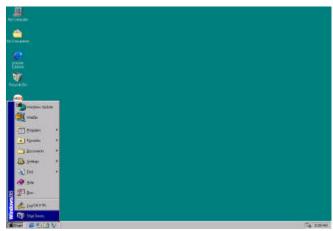
Power on the computer and as soon as memory counting starts, press . You will enter BIOS Setup. Select the item "POWER MANAGEMENT SETUP", then select "ACPI Sleep Type: S3/STR". Remember to save the settings by pressing "ESC" and choose the "SAVE & EXIT SETUP" option.

Congratulation! You have completed the installation and now can use the STR function.

A.3 How to put your system into STR mode?

There are two ways to accomplish this:

- 1. Choose the "Stand by" item in the "Shut Down Windows" area.
 - A. Press the "Start" button and then select "Shut Down"



B. Choose the "Stand by" item and press "OK"

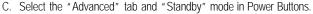


- 2. Define the system "power on" button to initiate STR sleep mode:
 - A. Double click "My Computer" and then "Control Panel"



B. Double click the " Power Management" item.







Step 4:

Restart your computer to complete setup.

Now when you want to enter STR sleep mode, just momentarily press the "Power on" button.

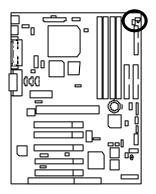
A.4 How to recover from the STR sleep mode?

There are seven ways to "wake up" the system:

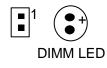
- Press the "Power On" button.
- 2. Use the "PS/2 Keyboard Power On" function.
- 3. Use the "PS/2 Mouse Power On" function.
- 4. Use the "Resume by Alarm" function.
- 5. Use the "Modem Ring On" function.
- 6. Use the "Wake On LAN" function.
- 7. Use the "USB Device Wake Up" function.

A.5 Notices:

- In order for STR to function properly, several hardware and software requirements must be satisfied:
 - A. Your ATX power supply must comply with the ATX 2.01 specification (provide more than
 - 720 mA 5V Stand-By current).
 - B. Your SDRAM must be PC-100 compliant.
- Jumper JP3 is provided to connect to the STR LED in your system chassis. [Your chassis may not provide this feature.] The STR LED will be illuminated when your system is in STR sleep mode.



STR LED Connector External.



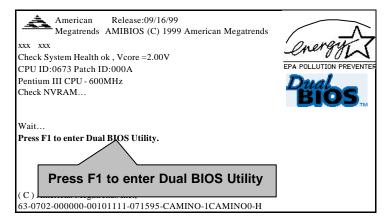
Dual BIOS Introduction (Optional)

A. What is Dual BIOS Technology?

Dual BIOS means that there are two system BIOS (ROM) on the motherboard, one is the Main BIOS and the other is Backup BIOS. Under the normal circumstances, the system works on the Main BIOS. If the Main BIOS is corrupted or damaged, the Backup BIOS can take over while the system is powered on. This means that your PC will still be able to run stably as if nothing has happened in your BIOS.

B. How to use Dual BIOS?

a. Boot Screen



b. AMI Dual BIOS Flash ROM Programming Utility

AMI Dual BIOS Flash ROM Programming Utility

 Boot From......
 Main BIOS

 Main ROM Type......
 Intel N82802AB

 Backup ROM Type.....
 Intel N82802AB

Wide Range Protection Disable
Boot From Main BIOS
Auto Recovery Enable
Halt On Error Disable
Copy Main ROM Data to Backup
Load Default Settings
Save Settings to CMOS

PgDn/PgUp:Modify(Enter:Run) ↑↓:Move ESC:Reset F10:Power Off

c. Dual BIOS Item explanation:

BIOS will auto detect:

Boot From: Main BIOS

Main ROM Type : Intel N82802AB Backup ROM Type : Intel N82802AB

Wide Range Protection: Disable(Default), Enable

Status 1:

If any failure (ex. Update ESCD failure, checksum error or reset...) occurs in the Main BIOS , just before the Operating System is loaded and after the power is on, and that the Wide Range Protection is set to "Enable", the PC will boot from Backup BIOS automatically.

Status 2:

If the ROM BIOS on peripherals cards(ex. SCSI Cards, LAN Cards,...) emits signals to request restart of the system after the user make any alteration on it, the boot up BIOS will not be changed to the Backup BIOS.

Boot From: Main BIOS (Default), Backup BIOS

Status 1:

The user can set to boot from main BIOS or Backup BIOS.

Auto Recovery: Enabled(Default), Disabled

When one of the Main BIOS or Backup BIOS occurs checksum failure, the working BIOS will automatically recover the BIOS of checksum failure.

(In the Power Management Setup of the BIOS Setting, if ACPI Suspend Type is set to Suspend to RAM, the Auto Recovery will be set to Enable automatically.)

(If you want to enter the BIOS setting, please press "Del" key when the boot screen appears.)

Halt On Error : Disable(Default), Enable

If the BIOS occurs a checksum error or the Main BIOS occurs a WIDE RANGE PROTECTION error and Halt On BIOS Defects set to Enable, the PC will show messages on the boot screen, and the system will pause and wait for the user's instruction.

If Auto Recovery : Disable, it will show <or the other key to continue.>
If Auto Recovery :Enable, it will show <or the other key to Auto Recover.>

Copy Main ROM Data to Backup

Backup message:

Are you sure to copy BIOS? [Enter] to continue or [Esc] to abort ...

The means that the Main BIOS works normally and could automatically recover the Backup BIOS. Or the means that the Backup BIOS works normally and could automatically recover the Main BIOS.

(This auto recovery utility is set by system automatically and can't be changed by user.)

6CXC7 Series Motherboard



DualBIOS[™] Technology FAQ

GIGABYTE Technology is pleased to introduce DualBIOS technology, a hot spare for your system BIOS. This newest "Value-added" feature, in a long series of innovations from GIGABYTE, is available on GA-6CXC7 motherboard. Future GIGABYTE motherboards will also incorporate this innovation.

What's DualBIOS™?

On GIGABYTE motherboards with DualBIOS there are physically two BIOS chips. For simplicity we'll call one your "Main BIOS" and the other is your "Backup" BIOS (your "hot spare"). If your Main BIOS fails, the Backup BIOS almost automatically takes over on your next system boot. Almost automatically and with virtually zero down time! Whether the problem is a failure in flashing your BIOS or a virus or a catastrophic failure of the Main BIOS chip, the result is the same - the Backup BIOS backs you up, almost automatically.

I. Q: What is DualBIOS™ technology?

Answer:

DualBIOS technology is a patented technology from Giga-Byte Technology. The concept of this technology is based on the redundancy and fault tolerance theory. DualBIOS $^{\text{TM}}$ technology simply means there are two system BIOSes (ROM) integrated onto the motherboard. One is a main BIOS, and the other is a backup BIOS. The mainboard will operate normally with the main BIOS, however, if the main BIOS is corrupt or damaged for various reasons, the backup BIOS will be automatically used when the system powered-On. Your PC will operate as before the main BIOS was damaged, and is completely transparent to the user.

II. Q: Why does anyone need a motherboard with DualBIOS $^{\text{TM}}$ technology? Answer:

In today's systems there are more and more BIOS failures. The most common reasons are virus attacks, BIOS upgrade failures, and/or deterioration of the BIOS (ROM) chip itself.

- 1. New computer viruses are being found that attack and destroy the system BIOS. They may corrupt your BIOS code, causing your PC to be unstable or even not boot normally.
- 2. BIOS data will be corrupted if a power loss/surge occurs, or if a user resets the system, or if the power button is pressed during the process of performing a system BIOS upgrade.
- If a user mistakenly updates their mainboard with the incorrect BIOS file, then the system may not be able to boot correctly. This may cause the PC system hang in operation or during boot.
- 4. A flash ROM's life cycle is limited according to electronic characteristics. The modern PC utilizes the Plug and Play BIOS, and is updated regularly. If a user changes peripherals often, there is a slight chance of damage to the flash ROM.

With Giga-Byte Technology's patented DualBIOS™ technology you can reduce the possibility of hangs during system boot up, and/or loss BIOS data due to above reasons. This new technology will eliminate valuable system down time and costly repair bills cause by BIOS failures

III. Q: How does DualBIOS™ technology work?

Answer:

- DualBIOS™ technology provides a wide range of protection during the boot up procedure. It
 protects your BIOS during system POST, ESCD update, and even all the way to PNP
 detection/assignment.
- 2. DualBIOS™ provides automatic recovery for the BIOS. When the first BIOS used during boot up does not complete or if a BIOS checksum error occurs, boot-up is still possible. In the DualBIOS™ utility, the "Auto Recovery" option will guarantee that if either the main BIOS or backup BIOS is corrupted, the DualBIOS™ technology will use the good BIOS and correct the wrong BIOS automatically.
- 3. DualBIOS™ provides manual recovery for the BIOS. DualBIOS™ technology contains a built in flash utility, which can flash your system BIOS from backup to main and/or visa versa. There is no need for an OS-dependent flash utility program.
- 4. DualBIOS™ contains a one-way flash utility. The built-in one-way flash utility will ensure that the corrupt BIOS is not mistaken as the good BIOS during recovery and that the correct BIOS (main vs. backup) will be flashed. This will prevent the good BIOS from being flashed.

IV. Q: Who Needs DualBIOS™ technology?

Answer:

1. Every user should have DualBIOS™ technology due to the advancement of computer viruses.

Everyday, there are new BIOS-type viruses discovered that will destroy your system BIOS. Most commercial products on the market do not have solutions to guard against this type of virus intrusion. The DualBIOSTM technology will provide a state-of-the-art solution to protect your PC:

Case I.) Vicious computer viruses may wipe out your entire system BIOS. With a conventional single system BIOS PC, the PC will not be functional until it is sent for repairs. Case II.) If the "Auto Recovery" option is enabled in the DualBIOSTM utility, and if a virus corrupts your system BIOS, the backup BIOS will automatically reboot the system and correct the main BIOS.

Case III.) A user may override booting from the main system BIOS. The DualBIOS™ utility may be entered to manually change the boot sequence to boot from the backup BIOS.

- 2. During or after a BIOS upgrade, if DuaIBIOS™ detects that the main BIOS is corrupt, the backup BIOS will take over the boot-up process automatically. Moreover, it will verify the main and backup BIOS checksums when booting-up. DualBIOS™ technology examines the checksum of the main and backup BIOS while the system is powered on to guarantee your BIOS operates properly.
- 3. Power Users will have the advantage of having two BIOS versions on their mainboard. The benefit is being able to select either version BIOS to suit the performance system needs.
- 4. Flexibility for high-end desktop PCs and workstation/servers. In the DualBIOS™ utility, the option can be set, "Halt On When BIOS Defects," to be enabled to halt your system with a warning message that the main BIOS has been corrupted. Most workstation/servers require constant operation to guarantee services have not been interrupted. In this situation, the "Halt On When BIOS Defects" message may be disabled to avoid system pauses during normal booting.

Four Speaker & SPDIF Introduction (Optional)

Four Speaker Introduction

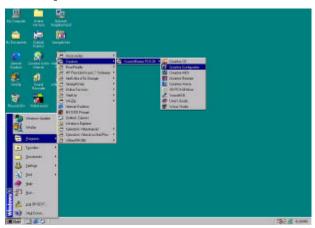
A. What is Four Speaker?

The Creative CT5880 audio chip can support 4 speaker output, if you select "Four speaker" out.

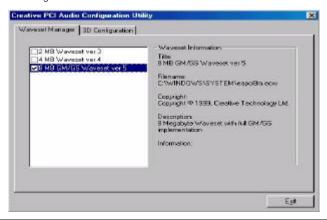
Line in will be change to another line out.

B. How to use Four Speaker?

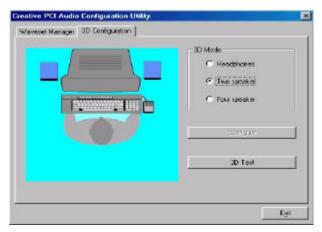
a. Press the "Start" button and then select "Creative" → "Sound Blaster PCI128"
 → "Creative Configurator".



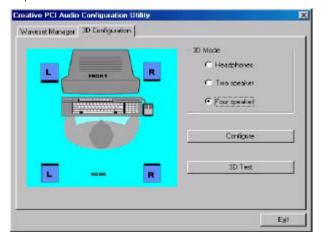
b. Click "3D Configurator" item.



c. Two speaker (Default)



d. Click "Four speaker" item.



C. Four Speaker Application

The four speaker function will only support in application software that use Microsoft DirectX and Creative EAX. For example, the game titles, software DVD player and MP3 player. Those software support Microsoft DirectX, so they can support four speaker output.

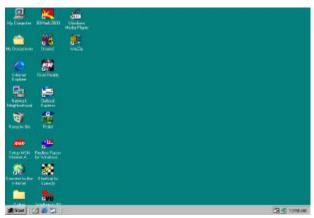
SPDIF Introduction

A. What is SPDIF?

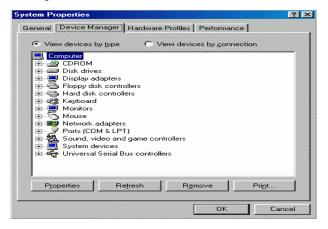
The SPDIF output is capable of providing digital audio to external speakers or compressed AC3 data to an external Dolby digital decoder.

B. How to use SPDIF?

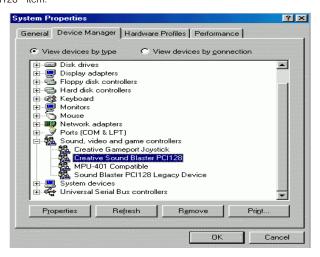
a. Press your mouse right button in "My Computer" and then select the "Properties" item.



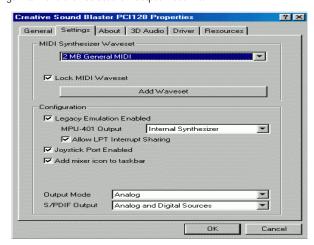
b. Click "Device Manager" item.



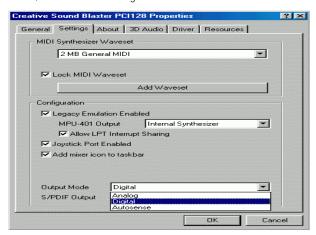
c. Press "Sound, video and game controllers" item and then select the "Creative Sound Blaster PCI128" item.



d. Press "Settings" item and then select the "Output Mode" item.



e. Click "Digital" item, Line Out will be change to SPDIF Out.



f. Recommend you to select "Autosense", it will auto detect the audio jack you plug in to Line Out is mono or stereo, and then change to SPDIF Out or Speaker out automatically.

Memory Installation

The motherboard has 4 dual inline memory module (DIMM) sockets. The BIOS will automatically detects memory type and size. To install the memory module, just push it vertically into the DIMM Slot .The DIMM module can only fit in one direction due to the two notch. Memory size can vary between sockets.

Note: The Intel® Chipset (82805AA MTH) support 64Mbit and 128Mbit SDRAMS with the following DRAM Configuration.

SDRAM configurations:

Technology	Configuration	# of Row Address Bits	# of Col Address Bits	# of Bank Address Bits	Page Size
64 Mbit	8M x 8	12	9	2	4 KB
64 Mbit	4M x 16	12	8	2	2KB
128 Mbit	32M x 4	12	11	2	16KB
128 Mbit	16M x 8	12	10	2	8KB

Install memory in any combination table:

Location	168-pin SDRAM DIMM Modules	Note
DIMM1	Single – Sided	
DIIVIIVI	Double – Sided	DIMM4 must be empty
DIMM2	Single – Sided	
DIIVIIVIZ	Double – Sided	DIMM3 must be empty
DIMM3	Single – Sided	
	Double – Sided	DIMM2 must be empty
DIMM4	Single – Sided	
	Double – Sided	DIMM1 must be empty
Total System	Memory (Max 1GB)	

Supports 32 / 64 / 128 / 256 / 512 MB SDRAM DIMM Modules .At the time this User's Manual was written, 512MB DIMM's are only available as Double-sided registered memory (128MB cells).

6CXC7 Series Motherboard

G→ Page Index for BIOS Setup	Page
The Main Menu	P.53
Standard CMOS Setup	P.55
BIOS Features Setup	P.58
Chipset Features Setup	P.60
Power Management Setup	P.62
PNP/ PCI Configuration	P.66
Load BIOS Defaults	P.68
Load Setup Defaults	P.69
Integrated Peripherals	P.70
Hardware Monitor Setup	P.74
Supervisor / User Password F	
IDE HDD Auto Detection	
Save & Exit Setup	
Exit Without Saving	P.79

BIOS Setup

BIOS Setup is an overview of the BIOS Setup Program. The program that allows users to modify the basic system configuration. This type of information is stored in battery-backed CMOS RAM so that it retains the Setup information when the power is turned off.

ENTERING SETUP

Power On the computer and press immediately will allow you to enter Setup. If the message disappears before you respond and you still wish to enter Setup, restart the system to try again by turning it OFF then ON or pressing the "RESET" bottom on the system case. You may also restart by simultaneously press <Ctrl> - <Alt> - keys.

CONTROL KEYS

<^>>	Move to previous item
<↓>	Move to next item
<←>	Move to the item in the left hand
<->>	Move to the item in the right hand
<esc></esc>	Main Menu - Quit and not save changes into CMOS
	Status Page Setup Menu and Option Page Setup Menu - Exit current page and return to Main Menu
<+/ PgUp>	Increase the numeric value or make changes
<-/ PgDn>	Decrease the numeric value or make changes
<f1></f1>	General help, only for Status Page Setup Menu and Option Page Setup Menu
<f2></f2>	Reserved
<f3></f3>	Reserved
<f4></f4>	Reserved
<f5></f5>	Restore the previous CMOS value from CMOS, only for Option Page Setup Menu
<f6></f6>	Load the default CMOS value from BIOS default table, only for Option Page Setup Menu
<f7></f7>	Load the Setup Defaults
<f8></f8>	Reserved
<f9></f9>	Reserved
<f10></f10>	Save all the CMOS changes, only for Main Menu

GETTING HELP

Main Menu

The on-line description of the highlighted setup function is displayed at the bottom of the screen.

Status Page Setup Menu / Option Page Setup Menu

Press F1 to pop up a small help window that describes the appropriate keys to use and the possible selections for the highlighted item. To exit the Help Window press <Esc>.

The Main Menu

Once you enter AMI BIOS CMOS Setup Utility, the Main Menu (Figure 1) will appear on the screen. The Main Menu allows you to select from nine setup functions and two exit choices. Use arrow keys to select among the items and press <Enter> to accept or enter the sub-menu.

AMIBIOS SIMPLE SETUP UTILITY – VERSION 1.21 (C) 1999 American Megatrends, Inc. All Rights Reserved		
STANDARD CMOS SETUP	INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS	
BIOS FEATURES SETUP	HARDWARE MONITOR SETUP	
CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP	SUPERVISOR PASSWORD	
POWER MANAGEMENT SETUP	USER PASSWORD	
PNP / PCI CONFIGURATION	IDE HDD AUTO DETECTION	
LOAD BIOS DEFAULTS	SAVE & EXIT SETUP	
LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS	EXIT WITHOUT SAVING	
ESC: Quit ↑↓→ ← : Select Item (Shift)F2 : Change Color F5: Old Values F6: Load BIOS Defaults F7: Load Setup Defaults F10:Save & Exit		
Time, Date , Hard Disk Type		

Figure 1: Main Menu

Standard CMOS Setup

This setup page includes all the items in standard compatible BIOS.

BIOS Features Setup

This setup page includes all the items of AMI special enhanced features.

Chipset Features Setup

This setup page includes all the items of chipset special features.

Power Management Setup

This setup page includes all the items of Green function features.

PnP/PCI Configuration

This setup page includes all the configurations of PCI & PnP ISA resources.

Load BIOS Defaults

BIOS Defaults indicates the value of the system parameters which the system would be in safe configuration.

Load Setup Defaults

Setup Defaults indicates the value of the system parameters which the system would be in best performance configuration.

Integrated Peripherals

This setup page includes all onboard peripherals.

• Hardware Monitor Setup

This setup page is the System auto detect Temperature, voltage, fan, speed.

Supervisor password

Change, set, or disable password. It allows you to limit access to the system and Setup, or just to Setup.

User password

Change, set, or disable password. It allows you to limit access to the system.

IDF HDD auto detection

Automatically configure hard disk parameters.

Save & Exit Setup

Save CMOS value settings to CMOS and exit setup.

Exit Without Saving

Abandon all CMOS value changes and exit setup.

Standard CMOS Setup

The items in Standard CMOS Setup Menu (Figure 2) are divided into 10 categories. Each category includes no, one or more than one setup items. Use the arrows to highlight the item and then use the <PgUp> or <PgUp> beys to select the value you want in each item.

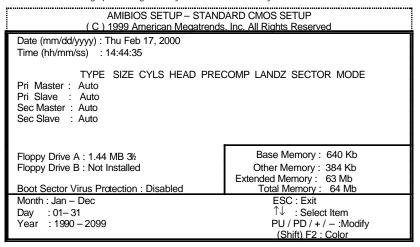


Figure 2: Standard CMOS Setup

Date

The date format is <Week>, <Month> <Day> <Year>.

Week	The week, from Sun to Sat, determined by the BIOS and is display-only
Month	
	The month, Jan. Through Dec.
Day	The day, from 1 to 31 (or the maximum allowed in the month)
Year	The year, from 1990 through 2099

Time

The times format in <hour> <minute> <second>. The time is calculated base on the 24-hour military-time clock. For example, 1 p.m. is 13:00:00.

Primary Master, Slave / Secondary Master, Slave

The category identifies the types of hard disk from drive C to F that has been installed in the computer. There are two types: auto type, and user definable type. User type is user-definable; Auto type which will automatically detect HDD type.

Note that the specifications of your drive must match with the drive table. The hard disk will not work properly if you enter improper information for this category.

If you select User Type, related information will be asked to enter to the following items. Enter the information directly from the keyboard and press <Enter>. Such information should be provided in the documentation form your hard disk vendor or the system manufacturer.

CYLS.	Number of cylinders
HEADS	number of heads
PRECOMP	write precomp
LANDZONE	Landing zone
SECTORS	number of sectors

If a hard disk has not been installed select NONE and press <Enter>.

Floppy Drive A type / Drive B

The category identifies the types of floppy disk drive A or drive B that has been installed in the computer.

None	No floppy drive installed.
360K, 5.25 in.	5.25 inch PC-type standard drive; 360K byte capacity.
1.2M, 5.25 in.	5.25 inch AT-type high-density drive; 1.2M byte capacity (3.5 inch
	when 3 Mode is Enabled).
720K, 3.5 in.	3.5 inch double-sided drive; 720K byte capacity.
1.44M, 3.5 in.	3.5 inch double-sided drive; 1.44M byte capacity.
2.88M, 3.5 in.	3.5 inch double-sided drive; 2.88M byte capacity.

Boot Sector Virus Protection

If it is set to enable, the category will flash on the screen when there is any attempt to write to the boot sector or partition table of the hard disk drive. The system will halt and the following error message will appear in the mean time. You can run anti-virus program to locate the problem.

Enabled	Activate automatically when the system boots up causing a warning message to appear when anything attempts to access the boot sector or hard disk partition table
Disabled	No warning message to appear when anything attempts to access the boot sector or hard disk partition table (Default Value)

Memory

The category is display-only which is determined by POST (Power On Self Test) of the BIOS.

Base Memory

The POST of the BIOS will determine the amount of base (or conventional) memory installed in the system.

The value of the base memory is typically 512 K for systems with 512 K memory installed on the motherboard, or 640 K for systems with 640 K or more memory installed on the motherboard.

Other Memory

This refers to the memory located in the 640 K to 1024 K address space. This is memory that can be used for different applications.

DOS uses this area to load device drivers to keep as much base memory free for application programs. Most use for this area is Shadow RAM.

Extended Memory

The BIOS determines how much extended memory is present during the POST. This is the amount of memory located above 1 MB in the CPU's memory address map.

BIOS Features Setup

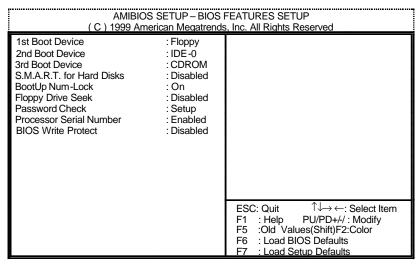


Figure 3: BIOS Features Setup

1st / 2nd / 3rd Boot Device

Floppy	Boot Device by Floppy.
LS/ZIP A:	Boot Device by LS/ZIP A:.
CDROM	Boot Device by CDROM.
SCSI	Boot Device by SCSI.
NETWORK	Boot Device by NETWORK.
IDE-0~IDE-3	Boot Device by IDE-0~IDE-3.
Disabled	Boot Device by Disabled.
ATAPI ZIP C:	Boot Device by ATAPI ZIP C:.

S.M.A.R.T. for Hard Disks

Enabled	Enabled S.M.A.R.T. Hard for Disks.
Disabled	Disabled S.M.A.R.T. Hard for Disks. (Default Value)

Boot Up Num-Lock

On	Keypad is number keys. (Default Value)
Off	Keypad is arrow keys.

• Floppy Drive Seek

During POST, BIOS will determine if the floppy disk drive installed is 40 or 80 tracks. 360 type is 40 tracks while 720, 1.2 and 1.44 are all 80 tracks.

Enabled	BIOS searches for floppy disk drive to determine if it is 40 or 80 tracks. Note that BIOS can not tell from 720, 1.2 or 1.44 drive type as they are all 80 tracks.
Disabled	BIOS will not search for the type of floppy disk drive by track number. Note that there will not be any warning message if the drive installed is 360. (Default Value)

Password Check

Setup	Set Password Check to Setup. (Default Value)
Always	Set Password Check to Always.

Processor Serial Number

Disabled	Disabled Processor Serial Number.
Enabled	Enabled Processor Serial Number. (Default Value)

BIOS Write Protect

Enabled	Enabled BIOS Write Protect.
Disabled	Disabled BIOS Write Protect. (Default Value)

Chipset Features Setup

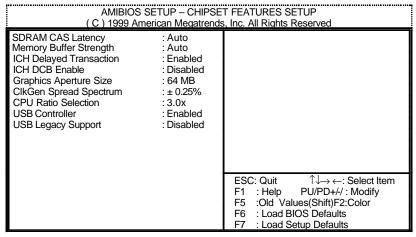


Figure 4: Chipset Features Setup

SDRAM CAS Latency

Auto	Set SDRAM CAS Latency is Auto. (Default Value)
3 SCLKs	Set SDRAM CAS Latency is 3 SCLKS.
2 SCLKs	Set SDRAM CAS Latency is 2 SCLKS.

Memory Buffer Strength

Auto	Set Memory Buffer Strength is Auto. (Default Value)
X2	Set Memory Buffer Strength is X2.
X1	Set Memory Buffer Strength is X1.

ICH Delayed Transaction

Disabled	Disabled ICH Delayed Transaction.	
Enabled	Enabled ICH Delayed Transaction.	(Default Value)

ICH DCB Enable

Disabled	Disable ICH DCB. (Default Value)
Enabled	Enable ICH DCB.

• Graphics Aperture Size

4 MB	Display Graphics Aperture Size is 4MB.
8 MB	Display Graphics Aperture Size is 8MB.
16 MB	Display Graphics Aperture Size is 16MB.
32 MB	Display Graphics Aperture Size is 32MB.
64 MB	Display Graphics Aperture Size is 64MB. (Default Value)
128 MB	Display Graphics Aperture Size is 128MB.
256 MB	Display Graphics Aperture Size is 256MB.

ClkGen Spread Spectrum

Disabled	Spread Spectrum Disabled.
± 0.25%	Set Spread Spectrum 0. 25%(Center Spread). (Default Value)
± 0.5%	Set Spread Spectrum 0. 5%(Center Spread).

CPU Ratio Selection

3.0x/3.5x/4.0x/4.5x/5.0x/5.5x/6.0x/6.5x/7.0x/7.5x/8.0x

USB Controller

Disabled	Disable USB Controller function.
Enabled	Enable USB Controller function. (Default Value)

USB Legacy Support

USB Legacy Support can be set when USB Function is Enabled.

Disabled	Disable USB Legacy Support. (Default Value)
Keyb+ Mouse	USB Keyboard and Mouse Support.
Keyboard	USB Keyboard Support.

Power Management Setup

AMIBIOS SETUP – POWER MANAGEMENT SETUP (C) 1999 American Megatrends, Inc. All Rights Reserved			
ACPI Sleep Type USB KB/MS Wakeup From S3 HDD Power Down Suspend Mode K/B & PS/2 Mouse Access FDC/LPT/COM Ports Access Pri. Master IDE Access Pri. Slave IDE Access Sec. Master IDE Access Sec. Slave IDE Access PIRQ[A] IRQ Active PIRQ[B] IRQ Active PIRQ[D] IRQ Active PIRQ[D] IRQ Active Soft-Off by Power Button	: Disabled : Disabled : Monitor	RTC Alarm Date : Every Day RTC Alarm Hour : 00 RTC Alarm Minute : 00 RTC Alarm Second : 00	
System After AC Back Modem Use IRQ ModemRingOn / WakeOnLan PME Event Wake Up Resume by Alarm	: Soft-Off : 4 : Enabled : Enabled : Disabled	ESC: Quit ↑↓→ ←: Select Item F1 : Help PU/PD+/-/: Modify F5 :Old Values(Shift)F2:Color F6 : Load BIOS Defaults F7 : Load Setup Defaults	

Figure 5: Power Management Setup

ACPI Sleep Type

S1/POS	Set ACPI Sleep Type is S1/POS. (Default value)
S3/STR	Set ACPI Sleep Type is S3/STR.

USB KB/MS Wakeup From S3

USB KB/MS Wakeup From S3 can be set when ACPI Sleep Type set to S3/STR.

Enabled	Enabled USB KB/MS Wakeup From S3.
Disabled	Disabled USB KB/MS Wakeup From S3. (Default value)

HDD Power Down

Disabled	Disabled HDD Power Down mode function. (Default value)
Suspend	Set HDD Power Down to Suspend.
Stand By	Set HDD Power Down to Stand By.

• Suspend Mode (Minute)

Disabled	Disabled Suspend Mode Function. (Default Value)
1	Enabled Suspend Mode after 1min.
2	Enabled Suspend Mode after 2min.
4	Enabled Suspend Mode after 4min.
8	Enabled Suspend Mode after 8min.
10	Enabled Suspend Mode after 10min.
20	Enabled Suspend Mode after 20min.
30	Enabled Suspend Mode after 30min.
40	Enabled Suspend Mode after 40min.
50	Enabled Suspend Mode after 50min.
60	Enabled Suspend Mode after 60min.

• K/B & PS/2 Mouse Access

Monitor	Monitor Keyboard & PS/2 Mouse Access. (Default Value)
Ignore	Ignore Keyboard & PS/2 Mouse Access.

FDC/LPT/COM Ports Access

Monitor	Monitor FDC/LPT/COM Ports Access. (Default Value)
Ignore	Ignore FDC/LPT/COM Ports Access.

Pri. Master IDE Access

Monitor	Monitor Primary Master IDE Access. (Default Value)
Ignore	Ignore Primary Master IDE Access.

Pri. slave IDE Access

Monitor	Monitor Primary slave IDE Access.
Ignore	Ignore Primary slave IDE Access. (Default Value)

Sec. Master IDE Access

Monitor	Monitor Secondary Master IDE Access. (Default Value)
Ignore	Ignore Secondary Master IDE Access.

Sec. slave IDE Access

Monitor	Monitor Secondary slave IDE Access.
Ignore	Ignore Secondary slav e IDE Access. (Default Value)

PIRQ[A] IRQ Active

Monitor	Monitor PIRQ[A] IRQ Active.
Ignore	Ignore PIRQ[A] IRQ Active. (Default Value)

PIRQ[B] IRQ Active

Monitor	Monitor PIRQ[B] IRQ Active.
Ignore	Ignore PIRQ[B] IRQ Active. (Default Value)

PIRQ[C] IRQ Active

Monitor	Monitor PIRQ[C] IRQ Active.
Ignore	Ignore PIRQ[C] IRQ Active. (Default Value)

PIRQ[D] IRQ Active

Monitor	Monitor PIRQ[D] IRQ Active.
Ignore	Ignore PIRQ[D] IRQ Active. (Default Value)

• Soft-off by Power Button

Instant-off	Soft switch ON/OFF for POWER ON/OFF. (Default Value)
Delay 4 Sec.	Soft switch ON 4sec. for POWER OFF.

System After AC Back Function

Memory	This function depends on computer status.
Soft-Off	Set System Soft-Off Status. (Default value)
Full-On	Set System Full-On Status.

MODEM Use IRQ

3, 4 (Default Value) 5, 7, N/A

• ModemRingOn / WakeOnLan

Disabled	Disabled Modem Ring On / Wake On Lan.
Enabled	Enabled Modem Ring On / Wake On Lan. (Default Value)

6CXC7 Series Motherboard

• PME Event Wake Up

Disabled	Disabled PME Event Wake Up.
Enabled	Enabled PME Event Wake Up. (Default Value)

• Resume by Alarm

You can set "Resume by Alarm" item to Enabled and key in date/time to power on system.

Disabled	Disabled this function. (Default Value)
Enabled	Enabled alarm function to POWER ON system.

If the "RTC by Alarm" is Enabled.

RTC Alarm Date :	Every Day,1~31
RTC Alarm Hour:	0~23
RTC Alarm Minute :	0~59
RTC Alarm Second :	0~59

PNP/PCI Configuration

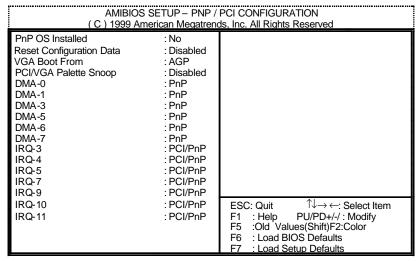


Figure 6: PNP/ PCI Configuration

PNP OS Installed

Yes	Enable PNP OS Installed function.
No	Disable PNP OS Installed function. (Default Value)

Reset Configuration Data

Disabled	Disabled this function. (Default Value)
Enabled	Enabled Reset Configuration Data function.

VGA Boot From

AGP	Set VGA Boot From AGP. (Default Value)
PCI	Set VGA Boot From PCI.

PCI/VGA Palette Snoop

Enabled	For having Video Card on ISA Bus and VGA Card on PCI Bus.
Disabled	For VGA Card only. (Default Value)

6CXC7 Series Motherboard

• DMA (0,1,3,5,6,7)

ISA/EISA	The resource is used by Legacy ISA device.
PnP	The resource is used by PnP device.

• IRQ (3,4,5,7,9,10,11)

ISA/EISA	The resource is used by Legacy ISA device.
PCI/PnP	The resource is used by PCI/ PnP device.

Load BIOS Defaults

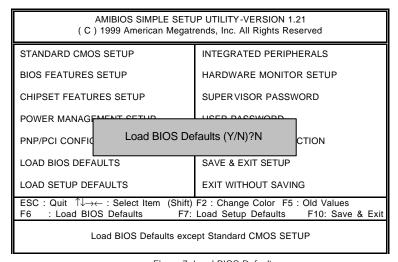


Figure 7: Load BIOS Defaults

Load BIOS Defaults

To load BIOS defaults value to CMOS, enter "Y". If not, enter "N".

Load Setup Defaults

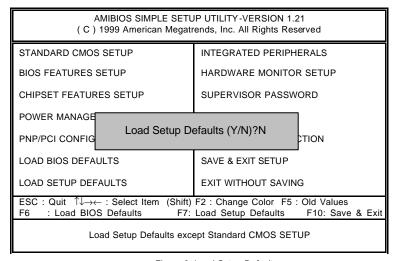


Figure 8: Load Setup Defaults

Load SETUP Defaults

To load SETUP defaults value to CMOS, enter "Y". If not, enter "N".

Integrated Peripherals

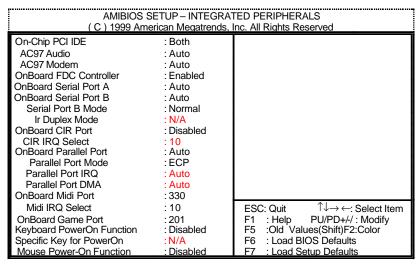


Figure 9: Integrated Peripherals

On-Chip PCI IDE

Disabled	Disabled On-Chip PCI IDE.
Both	Set On-Chip PCI IDE is Both. (Default Value)
Primary	Set On-Chip PCI IDE is Primary.
Secondary	Set On-Chip PCI IDE is Secondary.

AC' 97 Audio

Auto	Auto Detect AC' 97 Audio. (Default Value)
Disabled	Disabled AC' 97 Audio.

AC' 97 Modem

Auto	Auto Detect AC' 97 Modem. (Default Value)
Disabled	Disabled AC' 97 Modem.

• OnBoard FDC Controller

Auto	Set OnBoard FDC Controller is Auto.
Disabled	Disabled OnBoard FDC Controller.
Enabled	Enabled OnBoard FDC Controller. (Default Value)

OnBoard Serial Port A

Auto	BIOS will automatically setup the port A address. (Default Value)
3F8/COM1	Enable OnBoard Serial port A and address is 3F8.
2F8/COM2	Enable OnBoard Serial port A and address is 2F8.
3E8/COM3	Enable OnBoard Serial port A and address is 3E8.
2E8/COM4	Enable OnBoard Serial port A and address is 2E8.
Disabled	Disable OnBoard Serial port A.

OnBoard Serial Port B

Auto	BIOS will automatically setup the port B address. (Default Value)
3F8/COM1	Enable OnBoard Serial port B and address is 3F8.
2F8/COM2	Enable OnBoard Serial port B and address is 2F8.
3E8/COM3	Enable OnBoard Serial port B and address is 3E8.
2E8/COM4	Enable OnBoard Serial port B and address is 2E8.
Disabled	Disable OnBoard Serial port B.

Serial Port B Mode

(This item allows you to determine which Serial Port B Mode of onboard I/O chip)

Normal	Set onboard I/O chip Serial Port B to Normal Mode. (Default Value)
IrDA	Set onboard I/O chip Serial Port B to IrDA Mode.
ASKIR	Set onboard I/O chip Serial Port B to ASKIR Mode.

IR Duplex Mode

N/A	Disabled this function. (Default Value)
Half Duplex	IR Function Duplex Half.
Full Duplex	IR Function Duplex Full.

OnBoard CIR port

Disabled	Disabled OnBoard CIR port. (Default Value)
2E0	Set OnBoard CIR port is 2E0.
3E0	Set OnBoard CIR port is 3E0.

CIR IRQ Select

IRQ 3 / 4 / 9 / 10 (Default Value) / 11

OnBoard Parallel port

378	Enable OnBoard LPT port and address is 378.
278	Enable OnBoard LPT port and address is 278.
3BC	Enable OnBoard LPT port and address is 3BC.
Auto	Set OnBoard LPT port is Auto. (Default Value)
Disabled	Disable OnBoard LPT port.

Parallel Port Mode

EPP	Using Parallel port as Enhanced Parallel Port.
ECP	Using Parallel port as Extended Capabilities Port. (Default Value)
Normal	Normal Operation.

Parallel Port IRQ

7	Set Parallel Port IRQ is 7.
5	Set Parallel Port IRQ is 5.
Auto	Set Parallel Port IRO is Auto. (Default Value)

Parallel Port DMA

3	Set Parallel Port DMA is 3.
1	Set Parallel Port DMA is 1.
0	Set Parallel Port DMA is 0.
Auto	Set Parallel Port DMA is Auto. (Default Value)

OnBoard Midi Port

Disabled	Disabled OnBoard Midi Port.
300	Set OnBoard Midi Port is 300.
330	Set OnBoard Midi Port is 330. (Default Value)

Midi IRQ Select

IRQ 9 / 5 / 7/ 10 (Default Value)

OnBoard Game Port

Disabled	Disabled OnBoard Game Port.
201	Set OnBoard Game Port is 201. (Default Value)
209	Set OnBoard Game Port is 209.

Keyboard Power On Function

Disabled	Disable this function. (Default Value)
Password	Set password key to power on by keyboard.
Power Key	Set "Power key" to power on the system.

Specific Key for Power On

N/A	Disable this function. (Default Value)
Password ←	Enter from 1 to 5 characters to set the Keyboard Power On Password.

Mouse Power- On Function

Disabled	Disable this function. (Default Value)
Enabled	Enabled Mouse power on function.

Hardware Monitor Setup

AMIBIOS SETUP – HARDWARE MONITOR SETUP (C) 1999 American Megatrends, Inc. All Rights Reserved		
Case Status Current CPU Temp. Current System Temp. Current CPU Fan Speed Current System Fan Speed	: No : No : Closed : 35°C/95°F : 33°C/91°F : 5273 RPM	+5V SB :+4.972V
Vio +5.000V +12.000V -12.000V Battery	: +3.344V : +5.080V : +11.840V : -11.885V : +2.976V	ESC: Quit ↑↓→ ←: Select Item F1 : Help PU/PD+/-/: Modify F5 :Old Values(Shift)F2:Color F6 : Load BIOS Defaults F7 : Load Setup Defaults

Figure 10: Hardware Monitor Setup

ACPI Shutdown Temp.

(This function will be effective only for the operating systems that support ACPI Function.)

Disabled	Normal Operation.
60°C / 140°F	Monitor CPU Temp. at 60°C / 140°F, if Temp. > 60°C / 140°F system will automatically power off .
65°C / 149°F	Monitor CPU Temp. at 65°C / 149°F, if Temp. > 65°C / 149°F system will automatically power off .
70°C / 158°F	Monitor CPU Temp. at 70°C / 158°F, if Temp. > 70°C / 158°F system will automatically power off .
75°C / 167°F	Monitor CPU Temp. at 75°C / 167°F, if Temp. > 75°C / 167°F system will automatically power off. (Default Value)

CPU Temp. Alarm

60°C / 140°F	Monitor CPU Temp. at 60°C / 140°F.
65°C / 149°F	Monitor CPU Temp. at 65°C / 149°F.
70°C / 158°F	Monitor CPU Temp. at 70°C / 158°F. (Default Value)
75°C / 167°F	Monitor CPU Temp. at 75°C / 167°F.
Disabled	Disabled this function.

Fan Fail Alarm

CPU / Power / System

No	Fan Fail Alarm Function Disabled. (Default Value)
Yes	Fan Fail Alarm Function Enabled.

Reset Case Open Status

· Case Opened

If the case is closed, "Case Opened" will show "No". If the case have been opened, "Case Opened" will show "Yes". If you want to reset "Case Opened" value, set "Reset Case Open Status" to "Yes" and save CMOS, your computer will restart.

• Current CPU Tempe.

Detect CPU Temp. automatically.

• Current System Tempe.

Detect System Temp. automatically.

Current CPU FAN / System FAN / Power FAN Speed (RPM)

Detect Fan speed status automatically.

• Current CPU VID / Vcore / Vtt / Vio / ±12V / +5V / Battery / +5VSB

Detect system's voltage status automatically.

Supervisor / User Password

When you select this function, the following message will appear at the center of the screen to assist you in creating a password.

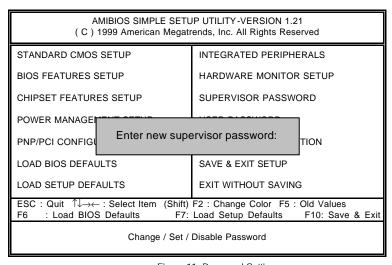


Figure 11: Password Setting

Type the password, up to eight characters, and press <Enter>. The password typed now will clear the previously entered password from CMOS memory. You will be asked to confirm the password. Type the password again and press <Enter>.

To disable password, just press <Enter> when you are prompted to enter password. A message "PASSWORD DISABLED" will appear to confirm the password being disabled. Once the password is disabled, the system will boot and you can enter Setup freely.

If you select Always at Password Check in BIOS Features Setup Menu, you will be prompted for the password every time the system is rebooted or any time you try to enter Setup Menu. If you select Setup at Password Check in BIOS Features Setup Menu, you will be prompted only when you try to enter Setup.

IDE HDD Auto Detection

AMIBIOS SETUP - STANDARD CMOS SETUP (C) 1999 American Megatrends, Inc. All Rights Reserved Date (mm/dd/yyyy): Tue Jan 18, 2000 Time (hh/mm/ss) : 10:36:24 TYPE SIZE CYLS HEAD PRECOMP LANDZ SECTOR MODE Pri Master : Auto Pri Slave : Auto Sec Master : Auto Sec Slave : Auto Floppy Drive A: 1.44 MB 3 1/2 Base Memory : 640 kb Floppy Driver B: Not Installed Other Memory : 384 kb Extended Memory: 31mb Boot Sector Virus Protection: Disabled Total Memory : 32mb Month: Jan - Dec ESC: Exit ↑↓ : Select Item Dav: 01 - 31 Year: 1990 - 2099 /PD/+/- : Modify Shift)F2 : Color

Figure 12: IDE HDD Auto Detection

Type "Y" will accept the H.D.D. parameter reported by BIOS.

Type "N" will keep the old H.D.D. parameter setup. If the hard disk cylinder number is over 1024, then the user can select LBA mode or LARGER mode for DOS partition larger than 528 MB.

Save & Exit Setup

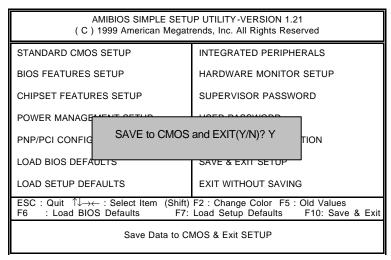


Figure 13: Save & Exit Setup

Type "Y" will guit the Setup Utility and save the user setup value to RTC CMOS.

Type "N" will return to Setup Utility.

Exit Without Saving

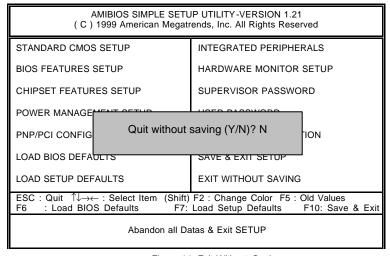


Figure 14: Exit Without Saving

Type "Y" will quit the Setup Utility and save the user setup value to RTC CMOS.

Type "N" will return to Setup Utility.

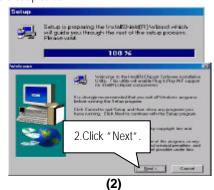
Appendix

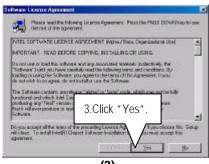
Appendix A: Intel 820 Chipset Driver Installation

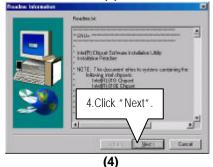
A. Windows 9x INF Update Utility

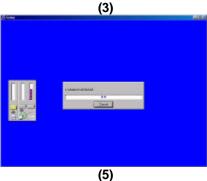
Insert the support CD that came with your motherboard into your CD-ROM drive or double-click the CD drive icon in **My Computer** to bring up the setup screen.







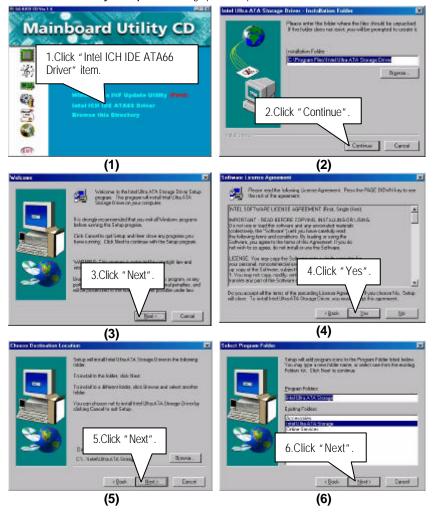




80

B. Intel ICH IDE ATA66 Driver Installation

Insert the support CD that came with your motherboard into your CD-ROM drive or double-click the CD drive icon in **My Computer** to bring up the setup screen.

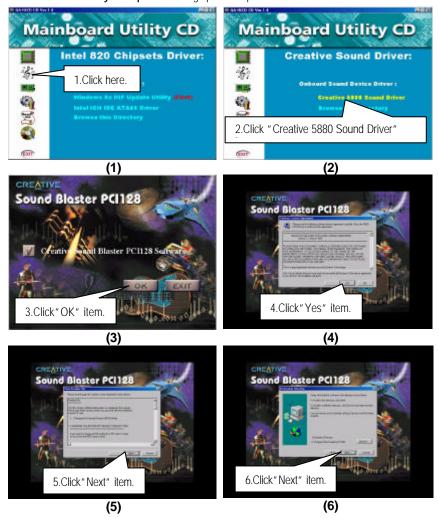


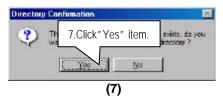
Appendix



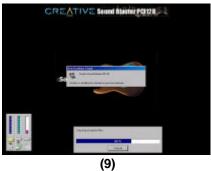
Appendix B: Creative Sound Driver Installation

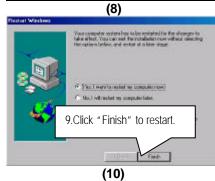
Insert the support CD that came with your motherboard into your CD-ROM drive or double-click the CD drive icon in **My Computer** to bring up the setup screen.











Appendix C: BIOS Flash Procedure

BIOS update procedure:

- ✓ Please check your BIOS vendor (AMI or AWARD) on the motherboard.
- ✓ It is recommended you copy the AWDFlash.exe or AMIFlash.exe in driver CD (D:\>Utility\BIOSFlash) and the BIOS binary files into the directory you made in your hard disk. 【i.e:C:\>Utility\(C:\>Utility\ denotes the driver and the directory where you put the flash utilities and BIOS file in.)】
- Restart your computer into MS-DOS mode or command prompt only for Win95/98, go into the directory where the new BIOS file are located use the utility AWDFlash.exe or AMIFlash.exe to update the BIOS.
- ✓ Type the following command once you have enter the directory where all the files are located
 - C:\utility\ AWDFlash or AMIFlash <filename of the BIOS binary file intended for flashing>
- ✓ Once the process is finished, reboot the system
- ◆ Note: Please download the newest BIOS from our website (www.gigabyte.com.tw) or contact your local dealer for the file.

Appendix D: Acronyms

Acor.	Meaning
ACPI	Advanced Configuration and Power Interface
POST	Power-On Self Test
LAN	Local Area Network
ECP	Extended Capabilities Port
APM	Advanced Power Management
DMA	Direct Memory Access
MHz	Megahertz
ESCD	Extended System Configuration Data
CPU	Central Processing Unit
SMP	Symmetric Multi-Processing
USB	Universal Serial Bus
OS	Operating System
ECC	Error Checking and Correcting
IDE	Integrated Dual Channel Enhanced
SCI	Special Circumstance Instructions
LBA	Logical Block Addressing
EMC	Electromagnetic Compatibility
BIOS	Basic Input / Output System
SMI	System Management Interrupt
IRQ	Interrupt Request
NIC	Network Interface Card
A.G.P.	Accelerated Graphics Port
S.E.C.C.	Single Edge Contact Cartridge
LED	Light Emitting Diode
EPP	Enhanced Parallel Port
CMOS	Complementary Metal Oxide Semiconductor
I/O	Input / Output
ESD	Electrostatic Discharge
OEM	Original Equipment Manufacturer
SRAM	Static Random Access Memory
VID	Voltage ID
DMI	Desktop Management Interface
MIDI	Musical Interface Digital Interface
IOAPIC	Input Output Advanced Programmable Input Controller
DIMM	Dual Inline Memory Module
DRAM	Dynamic Random Access Memory
PAC	PCI A.G.P. Controller
AMR	Audio Modem Riser

To be continued...

6CXC7 Series Motherboard

Acor.	Meaning
PCI	Peripheral Component Interconnect
RIMM	Rambus in-line Memory Module
DRM	Dual Retention Mechanism
ISA	Industry Standard Architecture
MTH	Memory Translator Hub
CRIMM	Continuity RIMM