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4. BIOS CONFIGURATION

1. INTRODUCTION

1.1. PREFACE

Welcome to use the **6BXD** motherboard. The motherboard is a Dual Pentium® II Processor based PC / AT compatible system with AGP / PCI / ISA Bus, and has been designed to be the fastest PC / AT system. There are some new features allow you to operate the system with just the performance you want.

This manual also explains how to install the motherboard for operation, and how to set up your CMOS CONFIGURATION with BIOS SETUP program.

1.2. KEY FEATURES

❑ Intel Dual Pentium® II Processor based PC / AT compatible mainboard.

❑ Dual Slot 1 on board supports dual Pentium® II processor running at 200-633MHz.

❑ Intel 440BX chipset, Support AGP / SDRAM / Ultra DMA/33 IDE / ACPI features.

❑ Support CPU FAN Failure / Overheat Alarm & auto slow down CPU speed.

❑ Support PS/2 mouse & Keyboard Wake Up function.

❑ Support Intel LDCM® Network Manageability.

❑ Support PCI Audio & Wake on Lan function.

❑ Supports 4xDIMMs using 3.3V EDO or SDRAM DIMM module.

❑ Supports 8 MB - 1 GB EDO / 1GB SDRAM memory on board.

❑ Supports ECC or Non-ECC type DRAM module.

❑ 1xAGP slot, 5xPCI Bus slots, 2xISA Bus slots.

❑ Supports 2 channels Ultra DMA/33 IDE ports for 4 IDE Devices.

❑ Supports 2xCOM (16550), 1xLPT (EPP / ECP), 1x1.44MB Floppy port.

❑ Supports 2xUSB ports, 1xPS/2 Mouse & 1xPS/2 Keyboard ports.

❑ Licensed AWARD BIOS, 2M bits FLASH RAM.

❑ ATX form factor, Double stack I/O connector, 4 layers PCB.

1.3. PERFORMANCE LIST

The following performance data list is the testing results of some popular benchmark testing programs.

These data are just referred by users, and there is no responsibility for different testing data values gotten by users. (The different Hardware & Software configuration will result in different benchmark testing results.)

- CPU   Pentium® II processor
- DRAM   128 MB SDRAM (NEC D4564841G5-A10-9JF)
- CACHE SIZE   512 KB included in CPU
- DISPLAY   GA-601 4MB AGP VGA
- STORAGE   Onboard IDE port (IBM DHEA 38451)
- O.S.   Windows NT™ 4.0
- DRIVER   Display Driver at 1024 x 768 x 256 colors x 75Hz

               Triones Bus Master IDE Driver 3.60K

Processor	Intel Pentium® II	
	333MHz (66 × 5)	350MHz (100 × 3.5)
Winbench98		
CPU mark32	862	944
FPU Winmark	1720	1800
Business Disk	1900	1940
Hi-End Disk	4570	4690
Business Graphics	185	206
Hi-End Graphics	206	230
Winstone98		
Business	33	35.1
Hi-End	38.6	39.3

1.4. BLOCK DIAGRAM

14.318MHz

SLOT 1 (CPU 1)　　　　SLOT 1 (CPU 2)

Host Bus

3.3VEDO/SDRAM
DIMM Sockets

AGP
SLOT

AGP Bus

PAC
82443BX
CHIPSET

DRAM

66/100MHz

33MHz

PCI Bus

66/100MHz

66/100MHz

CLO
CK
G
EN
9148BF-10

66/100MHz

33MHz

14.318MHz

33MHz

48MHz

PCI Bus

CLOCK
GE
N
9179BF-01

66MHz

66/100MHz

PIIX4
CHIPSET

I/O
APIC

USB Bus

USB #1

USB #2

COM Ports

LPT Port

I/

O

83977TF

Floppy Port

PS/2 Keyboard

IDE Bus

8MHz

14.318MHz

ISA Bus

48MHz

PS/2 Mouse

14.318MHz

32.768KHz

1-3

1.5. INTRODUCE THE Pentium^â II Processor

Figure 1:Retention Mechanism & attach Mount

Figure 2:OEM Pentium® II Processor
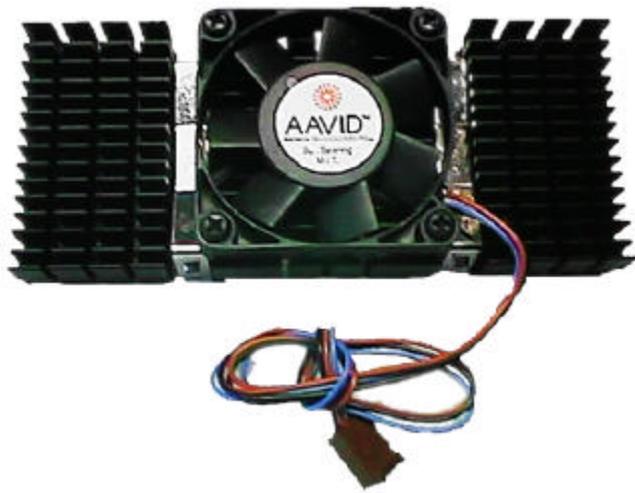
Figure 3:Heatsink / FAN & Heat sink support for OEM Pentium® II Processor
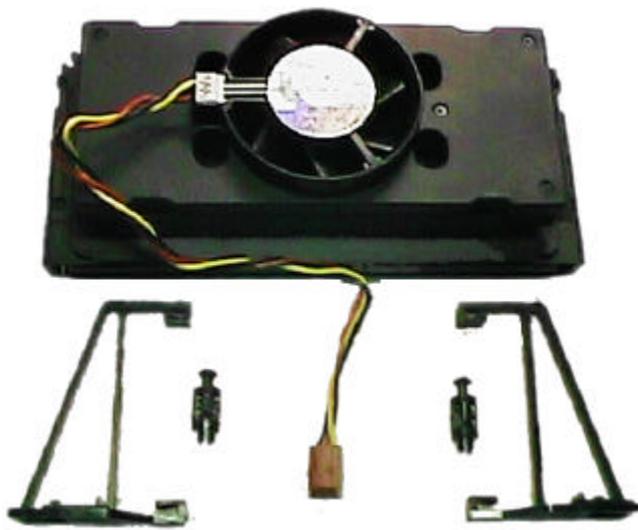
Figure 4:Boxed Pentium® II Processor & Heat sink support

1.6. WHAT IS AGP?

The Accelerated Graphics Port (AGP) is a new port on the Host-To-PCI bridge device that supports an AGP port. The main purpose of the AGP port is to provide fast access to system memory.

The AGP port can be used either as fast PCI port (32-bits at 66MHz vs. 32-bits at 33MHz) or as an AGP port which supports 2x data-rate, a read queue, and side band addressing. When the 2x-data rate is used the port can transmit data at 533Mb/sec (66.6*2*4). The read-queue can be used to pipeline reads – removing the effects of the reads-latency. Side band addressing can be used to transmit the data address on a separate line in order to further speed the transaction.

2.   SPECIFICATION

2.1. HARDWARE

- CPU
  - − Dual Pentium® II processor 200 – 633 MHz.
  - − Dual 242 pins 66/100MHz   slot1 on board.

- PROTECTION
  - − PC Speaker Alarm when detect "CPU FAN Failure" or "CPU Overheat".
  - − Automatically slow down CPU speed when "CPU FAN Failure" or "CPU Overheat".
  - − Intel LDCM® support.
  - − H/W monitor power status (±5V, ±12V, CPU voltage & CMOS battery voltage).

- SPEED
  - − 66 / 100MHz system speed.
  - − 66 MHz AGP bus speed. (133MHz 2*mode)
  - − 33 MHz PCI-Bus speed.
  - − 8 MHz AT bus speed.

- DRAM MEMORY
  - − 4 banks 168 pins DIMM module sockets on board.
  - − Use 8 / 16 / 32 / 64 / 128 / 256 MB 50~60 ns DIMM module DRAM.
  - − 8 M ~ 1 GB DRAM size.
  - − Support 3.3V SDRAM / EDO type DRAM.
  - − Support ECC or Non-ECC type DRAM.

- CACHE MEMORY
  - − 32 KB 1st cache memory included in CPU.
  - − 256KB/512 KB 2nd cache in CPU.
  - − Support DIB speed mode for L2 Cache.

- I/O BUS SLOTS
  - − 1 66 / 133MHz AGP BUS.
  - − 5 33MHz Master / Slave PCI-BUS.
  - − 2 8MHz 16 bits ISA BUS.

- IDE PORTS
  - − 2 Ultra DMA/33 Bus Master IDE channels on board.(Using   IRQ14,15)
  - − Backward Support Mode 3,4 IDE & ATAPI CD -

ROM.

- **I/O PORTS**
  - − Supports 2 16550 COM ports. (Using IRQ4, 3)
  - − Supports 1 EPP/ECP LPT port. (Using IRQ7 or 5 and DMA3)
  - − Supports 1 1.44/2.88 MB Floppy port. (Using DMA2 & IRQ6)
  - − Supports 2 USB ports.
  - − Supports PS/2 Mouse. (Using IRQ12)
  - − Supports PS/2 Keyboard. (Using IRQ1)
- **GREEN FUNCTION**
  - − Suspend mode support.
  - − Green switch, Green LED & ACPI LED support.
  - − IDE & Display power down support.
  - − Monitor all IRQ / DMA / Display / I/O events.
- **BIOS**
  - − 2M Bits FLASH EEPROM.
  - − Supports Plug & Play, DMI, ACPI Function.
- **DIMENSION**
  - − ATX Form Factor, 4 layers PCB.

2.2. SOFTWARE

- **DRIVER**
  - − Intel LDCM® Optional.
  - − Health monitor Utility.
  - − Bus Master IDE Driver.
  - − Suspend to HD utility.
- **BIOS**
  - − Licensed AWARD BIOS.
  - − AT CMOS Setup, BIOS / Chipset Setup, Green Setup, Hard Disk Utility included.
  - − Monitor Health status.
- **O.S.**
  - − Operation with MS-DOS®, Windows®95, WINDOWS™ NT, OS/2, NOVELL and SCO UNIX.

2.3. ENVIRONMENT

- **Ambient Temp.** − 0°C to +50°C (Operating).
- **Relative Hum.** − 0 to +85% (Operating).
- **Altitude** − 0 to 10,000 feet (Operating).
- **Vibration** − 0 to 1,000 Hz.
- **Electricity** − 4.9 V to 5.2 V.

− Max. 20A current at 5V.

3. HARDWARE INSTALLATION

3.1. UNPACKING

The mainboard package should contain the following:

- The **6BXD** mainboard.

- The Retention Mechanism & Attach Mount

- USER'S MANUAL for mainboard.

- Cable set for IDE¡ Bloppy device.

- Diskette or CD for Mainboard Utility Controller.

The mainboard contains sensitive electric components, which can be easily damaged by static electricity, so the mainboard should be left in its original packing until it is installed.

Unpacking and installation should be done on a grounded anti-static mat. The operator should be wearing an anti static wristband, grounded at the same point as the anti-static mat.

Inspect the mainboard carton for obvious damage. Shipping and handling may cause damage to your board. Be sure there are no shipping and handling damages on the board before proceeding.

After opening the mainboard carton, extract the system board and place it only on a grounded anti-static surface component side up. Again inspect the board for damage. Press down on all of the socket IC's to make sure that they are properly seated. Do this only on with the board placed on a firm flat surface.

☀**DO NOT APPLY POWER TO THE BOARD IF IT HAS BEEN DAMAGED.**

You are now ready to install your mainboard. The mounting hole pattern on the mainboard matches the ATX system board. It is assumed that the chassis is designed for a standard ATX mainboard mounting.

Place the chassis on the anti-static mat and remove the cover. Take the clips, stand-off and screws for mounting the system board, and keep them

separate.
3.2. MAINBOARD LAYOUT

≺Figure 3.1≻
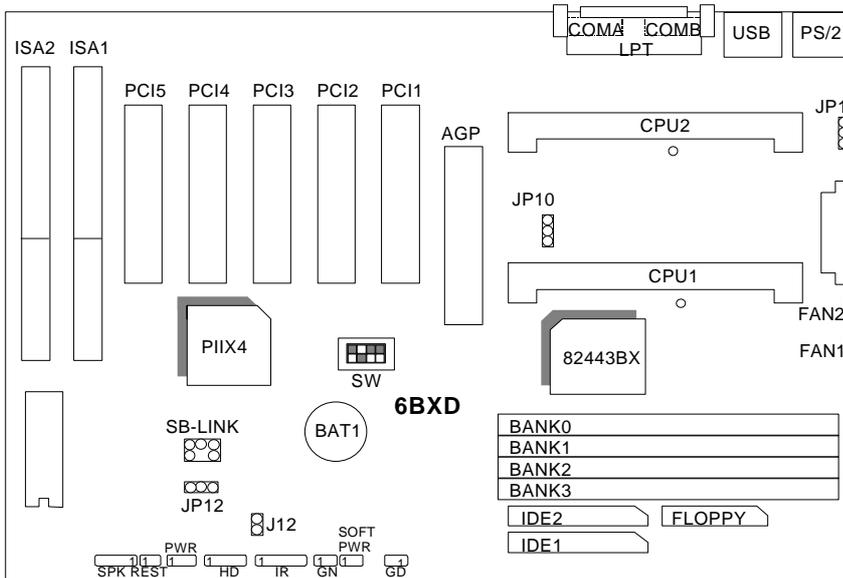
3.3. QUICK REFERENCE FOR JUMPERS & CONNECTORS

♦ I/O Ports Connector	
USB	USB port.
IDE1	For Primary IDE port.
IDE2	For Secondary IDE port.
PS/2	For PS/2 Keyboard / Mouse port.
Floppy	For Floppy port.
COM A	For Serial port1 (COM A).
COM B	For Serial port2 (COM B).
LPT	For LPT port.

♦ CPU1/CPU2: slot1
For Pentium® II processor installed.

◆ FAN1: CPU1 cooling FAN Power Connector	
Pin No.	Function
1	GND.
2	+12V
3	SENSE

◆ FAN2: CPU2 cooling FAN Power Connector	
Pin No.	Function
1	GND.
2	+12V
3	SENSE

◆ SPK : SPEAKER Connector	
Pin No.	Function
1	VCC
2	NC.
3	NC.
4	Output

◆ RST : RESET Switch	
Pin No.	Function
1	RESET Input
2	GND

◆ PWR : POWER ON LED (PW-LED)	
Pin No.	Function
1	LED POWER (+)
2	GND
3	GND

◆ HD : Hard Disk active LED (HD-LED)	
Pin No.	Function
1	LED POWER (+)
2	LED POWER (-)

♦ IR : INFRARED Connector (IR) -- Function Option	
Pin No.	Function
1	IR Data Output
2	GND
3	IR Data Input
4	Signal
5	POWER (+)

♦ GN : GN-SW	
Pin No.	Function
1	CTRL-Signal
2	GND

♦ SOFT PWR: Soft Power Switch	
On – Off	For POWER ON or Suspend IN / OUT.
On 4 sec.	For POWER OFF before VGA Enable or CMOS setup select " delay 4sec." For POWER OFF mode.

♦ GD : GREEN Function active LED (HD-LED)	
Pin No.	Function
1	LED POWER (+)
2	LED POWER (-)

♦ J12 : System After Ac Back	
Pin No.	Function
1	Signal
2	GND

♦ JP1 : Keyboard Power On Selection	
Pin No.	Function
1-2	Enabled Keyboard power on.
2-3	Disabled Keyboard power on.

♦ JP12 : Wake on LAN	
Pin No.	Function
1	+5V SB
2	GND

3	Signal
♦	SB-LINK : For PCI Audio / Sound Card use only
Pin No.	Function
1	Signal
2	GND
3	NC
4	Signal
5	GND
6	Signal

♦ POWER: ATX POWER connector	
Pin No.	Function
3,5,7,13,15-17	GND
4,6,19,20	VCC (+5V)
10	+12V
12	-12V
18	-5V
8	Power Good
9	5V SB (Stand by +5V)
14	PS-ON (Soft ON/OFF)

3.4. DRAM INSTALLATION

The mainboard can be installed with 8 / 16 / 32 / 64 / 128 / 256 MB 168 pins DIMM module DRAM, and the DRAM speed must be 50 or 60 ns for EDO & 67~100 MHz for SDRAM. The DRAM memory system on mainboard consists of bank 0, 1, 2 & bank 3.

Because the 168 pins DIMM module is 64 bits width, using 1 PCS which can match a 64 bits system. The total memory size is 8 MB ~ 1 GB EDO or SDRAM. The DRAM installation position refer to Figure 3.1, and notice the Pin 1 of DIMM module must match with the Pin 1 of DIMM socket. Insert the DRAM DIMM module into the DIMM socket at Vertical angle. If there is a wrong direction of Pin 1, the DRAM DIMM module couldn't be inserted into socket completely.

3.5. CPU SPEED SETUP

The system's speed is fixed to 66.6MHz. The user can change the DIP SWITCH **(SW)** selection to set up the CPU speed for 200 - 633MHz processor. The CPU speed must match with the frequency RATIO. It will cause system hanging up if the frequency RATIO is higher than CPU's.

DIP SWITCH (SW)				FREQ. RATIO	JP10	EXT.CLK. MHz	INT.CLK. MHz	CPU Type
1	**2**	**3**	**4**					
OFF	OFF	ON	ON	3.5	**CLOSE**	66	233	**Pentiumâ II 233 MHz**
ON	ON	OFF	ON	4	**CLOSE**	66	266	**Pentiumâ II 266 MHz**
OFF	ON	OFF	ON	4.5	**CLOSE**	66	300	**Pentiumâ II 300 MHz**
ON	OFF	OFF	ON	5	**CLOSE**	66	333	**Pentiumâ II 333 MHz**
OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	5.5	**CLOSE**	66	366	**Pentiumâ II 366 MHz**
ON	OFF	ON	ON	3	**OPEN**	100	300	**Pentiumâ II 300 MHz**
OFF	OFF	ON	ON	3.5	**OPEN**	100	350	**Pentiumâ II 350 MHz**
ON	ON	OFF	ON	4	**OPEN**	100	400	**Pentiumâ II 400 MHz**
OFF	ON	OFF	ON	4.5	**OPEN**	100	450	**Pentiumâ II 450 MHz**
OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	5.5	**OPEN**	100	550	**Pentiumâ II 550 MHz**

☙**JP10**   (Select the system speed between 66.6MHz and 100MHz)

1-2 Close	1 2 3	**System speed is set to 66MHz** - system always run at 66MHz FSB (Front Side Bus).
All Open	1 2 3	**System speed is set to 100MHz** - system always run at 100MHz FSB (Front Side Bus).
2-3 Close	1 2 3	**Set system speed to Auto** - system speed detect automatically (66/ 100MHz FSB).

☙ **The CPU is a sensitive electric component and it can be easily damaged by static electricity, so users must keep it away from metal surface when the CPU is installed onto mainboard.**

3.6. CMOS RTC & ISA CFG CMOS SRAM

There're RTC & CMOS SRAM on board; they have a power supply from external battery to keep the DATA inviolate & effective. The RTC is a REAL-TIME CLOCK device, which provides the DATE & TIME to system. The CMOS SRAM is used for keeping the information of system configuration, so the system can automatically boot OS. every time. Due to the life-time of Battery internal battery is 5 years, the user can change a new Battery to replace old one after it can not work.

☛ Danger of explosion if battery is incorrectly replaced.

☛ Replace only with the same or equivalent type recommended by the manufacturer.

☛ Dispose of used batteries according to the manufacturer's instructions.

3.7. SPEAKER CONNECTOR INSTALLATION

There is always a speaker in AT system for sound purpose. The 4 - Pins connector **J11** is used to connect speaker.

The speaker can work well in both direction of connector when it is installed to the connector **J11** on mainboard.

3.8. HARDWARE RESET SWITCH CONNECTOR INSTALLATION

The RESET switch on panel provides users with HARDWARE RESET function, which is almost the same as power-on/off.

The system will do a cold start after the RESET switch is pushed and released by user. The RESET switch is a 2 PIN connector and should be installed to **J10** on mainboard.

3.9. POWER LED CONNECTOR INSTALLATION

There are system power LED lamps on the panel of case. The power LED will light on when system is powered-on, which is connected to a 3 PIN connector.

The connector should be connected to **JP7** of mainboard in correct direction.

3.10. IDE & ATAPI DEVICE INSTALLATION

There are two Enhance PCI IDE ports on board, which following ATAPI standard SPEC. Any one IDE port can connected to two ATAPI devices (IDE Hard Disk, CD-ROM & Tape Driver), so total four ATAPI devices can exist in a system.

The **J7** is the active LED port for ATAPI device.

3.12. PERIPHERAL DEVICE INSTALLATION

After the I/O device installation and jumpers setup, the mainboard can be mounted into the case and fixed by screw.

To complete the mainboard installation, the peripheral device could be installed now. The basic system needs a display interface card.

If the PCI - Bus device is to be installed in the system, any one of five PCI - Bus slots can be used.

3.13. KEYBOARD & PS/2 MOUSE INSTALLATION

The main board supports PS/2 connector type keyboard & Mouse **(J3)**.

The BIOS will auto detect whether the PS/2 Mouse is installed or nor & assign IRQ12 for Mouse port if which was installed.

After installing the peripheral device, the user should check everything again, and prepare to power-on the system.

3.14. KEYBOARD SETTING FUNCTION

After booting the O.S., there are some special functions used by keyboard as follows:

"CTRL_ALT_DEL"	− Pressing these keys simultaneously will cause system to Warm Start (Software Reset).