

# REALTEK SINGLE CHIP FAST ETHERNET CONTROLLER AND MC'97 CONTROLLER WITH POWER MANAGEMENT RTL8101L

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## 1. Features:

#### 1.1 Ethernet Controller Features:

- 100 pin LQFP
- Integrated Fast Ethernet MAC, Physical chip and transceiver in one chip
- 10 Mb/s and 100 Mb/s operation
- Supports 10 Mb/s and 100 Mb/s N-way Auto-negotiation operation
- PCI local bus single-chip Fast Ethernet controller
  - ♦ Compliant to PCI Revision 2.2
  - ♦ Supports PCI clock 16.75MHz-40MHz
  - ♦ Supports PCI target fast back-to-back transaction
  - Provides PCI bus master data transfers and PCI memory space or I/O space mapped data transfers of RTL8101L's operational registers
  - ♦ Supports PCI VPD (Vital Product Data)
  - ♦ Supports ACPI, PCI power management
- Supports 25MHz crystal or 25MHz OSC as the internal clock source. The frequency deviation of either crystal or OSC must be within 50 PPM.
- Compliant to PC99/PC2001 standard
- Supports Wake-On-LAN function and remote wake-up (Magic Packet\*, LinkChg and Microsoft® wake-up frame)
- Supports 4 Wake-On-LAN (WOL) signals (active high, active low, positive pulse, and negative pulse)
- Supports auxiliary power-on internal reset, for remote

- wake-up when main power remains off
- Supports auxiliary power auto-detect, and sets the related capability of power management registers in PCI configuration space
- Includes a programmable PCI burst size and early Tx/Rx threshold
- Supports a 32-bit general-purpose timer with the external PCI clock as clock source to generate timer-interrupt
- Contains two large (2Kbyte) independent receive and transmit FIFOs
- Advanced power saving mode when LAN function or wakeup function is not used
- Uses 93C46 (64\*16-bit EEPROM) to store resource configuration, ID parameter, and VPD data
- Supports LED pins for various network activity indications
- Supports loopback capability
- Half/Full duplex capability
- Supports Full Duplex Flow Control (IEEE 802.3x)
- 3.3V power supply, 3.3V and 5V I/O tolerance
- Interface for 128K byte (max) Boot ROM for both EEPROM and Flash Memory.

#### 1.2 MC'97 Controller Features:

- MC'97 compatible digital controller chip
- PCI local bus single-chip Fast Ethernet controller
- 32-bit PCI bus master and PCI v 2.2 compliant
- PCI Bus Power Management Interface Specification v 1.1 compliant
- High performance bus master DMA for data transfer
- AC'97 v 2.2 compliant

- Supports 16-bit modem line (LINE1)
- Full-duplex operation for simultaneous LINE1 transactions
- Low latency GPIO updated
- 8 double-WORD (16 samples) FIFO depth for each bus master of LINE1-OUT/IN
- 3.3V power supply, 3.3V and 5V I/O tolerance



## 2. General Description

The Realtek RTL8101L is a highly integrated and cost-effective single-chip Fast Ethernet controller that provides 32-bit performance, PCI bus master capability, and full compliance with IEEE 802.3u 100Base-TX specifications and IEEE 802.3x Full Duplex Flow Control. It also supports the Advanced Configuration Power management Interface (ACPI), PCI power management for modern operating systems that are capable of Operating System Directed Power Management (OSPM) to achieve the most efficient power management possible. The RTL8101L no longer supports CardBus mode as RTL8139C does.

In addition to the ACPI feature, the RTL8101L also supports remote wake-up (including AMD Magic Packet, LinkChg, and Microsoft® wake-up frame) in both ACPI and APM environments. The RTL8101L is capable of performing an internal reset through the application of auxiliary power. When auxiliary power is applied and the main power remains off, the RTL8101L is ready and waiting for the Magic Packet or Link Change to wake the system up. Also, the LWAKE pin provides 4 different output signals including active high, active low, positive pulse, and negative pulse. The versatility of the RTL8101L LWAKE pin provides motherboards with Wake-On-LAN (WOL) functionality.

The RTL8101L also supports Analog Auto-Power-down, that is, the analog part of the RTL8101L can be shut down temporarily according to user requirements or when the RTL8101L is in a power down state with the wakeup function disabled. In addition, when the analog part is shut down and the IsolateB pin is low (i.e. the main power is off), then both the analog and digital parts stop functioning and the power consumption of the RTL8101L will be negligible. The RTL8101L also supports an auxiliary power auto-detect function, and will auto-configure related bits of their own PCI power management registers in PCI configuration space.

PCI Vital Product Data (VPD) is also supported to provide the information that uniquely identifies hardware (i.e., the OEM brand name of RTL8101L LAN card). The information may consist of part number, serial number, and other detailed information.

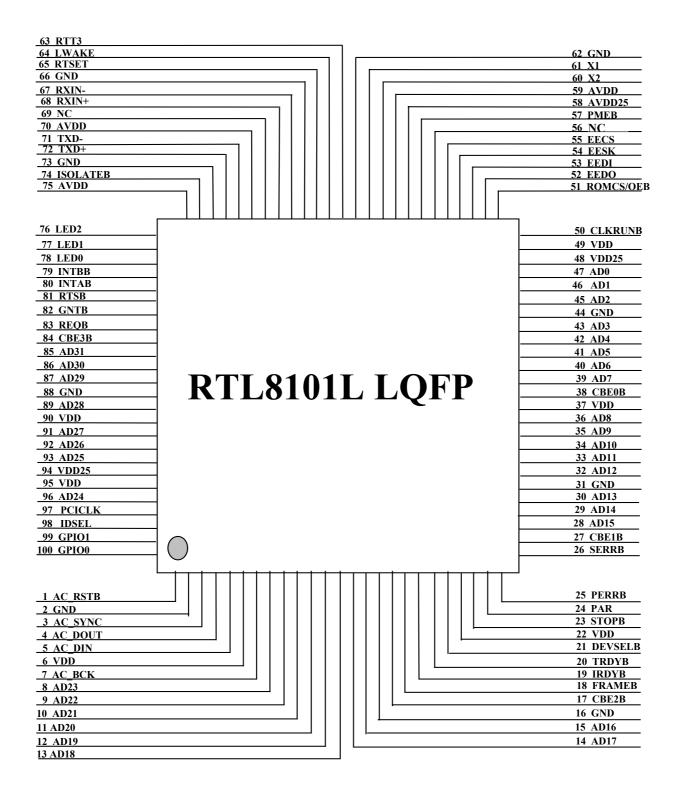
To provide cost down support, the RTL8101L is capable of using a 25MHz crystal or OSC as its internal clock source.

The RTL8101L keeps network maintenance costs low and eliminates usage barriers. It is the easiest way to upgrade a network from 10 to 100Mbps. It also supports full-duplex operation, making 200Mbps bandwidth possible at no additional cost. To improve compatibility with other brands' products, the RTL8101L is also capable of receiving packets with InterFrameGap no less than 40 Bit-Time. The RTL8101L is highly integrated and requires no "glue" logic or external memory.

The RTL8101L includes a PCI and Expansion Memory Share Interface (Realtek patent) for a boot ROM and can be used in diskless workstations, providing maximum network security and ease of management.



# 3. Pin Assignment





# 4. Pin Description

Note that some pins have multiple functions. Refer to the Pin Assignment diagram for a graphical representation.

# 4.1 Power Management/Isolation Interface

| Symbol                 | Type | Pin No | Description  |
|------------------------|------|--------|--|
| PMEB<br>(PME#)         | O/D  | 57     | <b>Power management event:</b> Open drain, active low. Used by the RTL8101L to request a change in its current power management state and/or to indicate that a power management event has occurred.   |
| ISOLATEB<br>(ISOLATE#) | I    | 74     | <b>Isolate pin:</b> Active low. Used to isolate the RTL8101L from the PCI bus. The RTL8101L does not drive its PCI outputs (excluding PME#) and does not sample its PCI input (including RST# and PCICLK) as long as the Isolate pin is asserted.  |
| LWAKE                  | O    | 64     | LAN WAKE-UP signal: This signal is used to inform the motherboard to execute the wake-up process. The motherboard must support Wake-On-LAN (WOL). There are 4 choices of output, including active high, active low, positive pulse, and negative pulse, that may be asserted from the LWAKE pin. Please refer to the LWACT bit in the CONFIG1 register and the LWPTN bit in the CONFIG4 register for the setting of this output signal. The default output is an active high signal. Once a PME event is received, the LWAKE and PMEB assert at the same time when the LWPME (bit4, CONFIG4) is set to 0. If the LWPME is set to 1, the LWAKE asserts only when the PMEB asserts and the ISOLATEB is low. This pin is a 3.3V signaling output pin. |

## 4.2 PCI Interface

| Symbol  | Type  | Pin No                | Description  |
|---------|-------|-----------------------|--|
| AD31-0  | T/S   | 85-87, 89, 91-93, 96, | PCI address and data multiplexed pins. AD31-24 are shared with                 |
|         |       | 8-15, 28-30, 32-36,   | BootROM data pins, while AD16-0 are shared with BootROM address                |
|         |       | 39-43, 45-47          | pins.  |
| C/BE3-0 | T/S   | 84, 17, 27, 38        | PCI bus command and byte enables multiplexed pins.                             |
| CLK     | I     | 97                    | Clock: This PCI Bus clock provides timing for all transactions and bus         |
|         |       |                       | phases, and is input to PCI devices. The rising edge defines the start of      |
|         |       |                       | each phase. The clock frequency ranges from 0 to 33MHz.                        |
| DEVSELB | S/T/S | 21                    | <b>Device select:</b> As a bus master, the RTL8101L samples this signal to     |
|         |       |                       | insure that a PCI target recognizes the destination address for the data       |
|         |       |                       | transfer. As a target, the RTL8101L asserts this signal low when it            |
|         |       |                       | recognizes its target address after FRAMEB is asserted.                        |
| FRAMEB  | S/T/S | 18                    | Cycle frame: As a bus master, this pin indicates the beginning and             |
|         |       |                       | duration of an access. FRAMEB is asserted low to indicate the start of a       |
|         |       |                       | bus transaction. While FRAMEB is asserted, data transfer continues.            |
|         |       |                       | When FRAMEB is deasserted, the transaction is in the final data phase.         |
|         |       |                       | As a target, the device monitors this signal before decoding the address       |
|         |       |                       | to check if the current transaction is addressed to it.                        |
| GNTB    | I     | 82                    | <b>Grant:</b> This signal is asserted low to indicate to the RTL8101L that the |
|         |       |                       | central arbiter has granted ownership of the bus to the RTL8101L. This         |
|         |       |                       | input is used when the RTL8101L is acting as a bus master.                     |
| REQB    | T/S   | 83                    | Request: The RTL8101L will assert this signal low to request the               |
|         |       |                       | ownership of the bus from the central arbiter.                                 |



| IDSEL | I     | 98 | <b>Initialization device select</b> : This pin allows the RTL8101L to identify when configuration read/write transactions are intended for it.   |
|-------|-------|----|--|
| INTAB | O/D   | 80 | <b>INTAB:</b> Used to request an interrupt. It is asserted low when an interrupt condition occurs, as defined by the Interrupt Status, Interrupt Mask and Interrupt Enable registers.  |
| IRDYB | S/T/S | 19 | <b>Initiator ready</b> : This indicates the initiating agent's ability to complete the current data phase of the transaction.  |
|       |       |    | As a bus master, this signal will be asserted low when the RTL8101L is ready to complete the current data phase transaction. This signal is used in conjunction with the TRDYB signal. Data transaction takes place at the rising edge of CLK when both IRDYB and TRDYB are asserted low. As a target, this signal indicates that the master has put data on the bus.  |
| TRDYB | S/T/S | 20 | <b>Target ready:</b> This indicates the target agent's ability to complete the current phase of the transaction.   |
|       |       |    | As a bus master, this signal indicates that the target is ready for the data during write operations and with the data during read operations. As a target, this signal will be asserted low when the (slave) device is ready to complete the current data phase transaction. This signal is used in conjunction with the IRDYB signal. Data transaction takes place at the rising edge of CLK when both IRDYB and TRDYB are asserted low. |
| PAR   | T/S   | 24 | <b>Parity:</b> This signal indicates even parity across AD31-0 and C/BE3-0 including the PAR pin. As a master, PAR is asserted during address and write data phases. As a target, PAR is asserted during read data phases.   |
| PERRB | S/T/S | 25 | Parity error: When the RTL8101L is the bus master and a parity error is detected, the RTL8101L asserts both SERR bit in ISR and Configuration Space command bit 8 (SERRB enable). Next, it completes the current data burst transaction, then stops operation and resets itself. After the host clears the system error, the RTL8101L continues its operation.   |
|       |       |    | When the RTL8101L is the bus target and a parity error is detected, the RTL8101L asserts this PERRB pin low.   |
| SERRB | O/D   | 26 | System error: If an address parity error is detected and Configuration Space Status register bit 15 (detected parity error) is enabled, RTL8101L asserts both SERRB pin low and bit 14 of Status register in Configuration Space.  |
| STOPB | S/T/S | 23 | <b>Stop:</b> Indicates the current target is requesting the master to stop the current transaction.  |
| RSTB  | I     | 81 | <b>Reset:</b> When RSTB is asserted low, the RTL8101L performs internal system hardware reset. RSTB must be held for a minimum of 120 ns.  |

# **4.3 EEPROM Interface**

| Symbol   | Type | Pin No | Description   |
|----------|------|--------|---|
| AUX/EEDI | I/O  | 53     | 1. Aux. Power Detect: This pin is used to notify the RTL8101L of the      |
|          |      |        | existence of Aux. power during initial power-on or a PCI reset.           |
|          |      |        | This pin should be pulled high to the Aux. power via a resistor to detect |
|          |      |        | the Aux. power. Doing so, will enable wakeup support from ACPI D3         |
|          |      |        | cold or APM power-down. If this pin is not pulled high, the RTL8101L      |
|          |      |        | assumes that no Aux. power exists.  |
| EESK     | О    | 54     | 2. The MA2-0 pins are switched to EESK, EEDI, EEDO in 93C46               |
|          |      |        | programming or auto-load mode.  |
| EEDO     | O, I | 52     |   |



| EECS | О | 55 | EEPROM chip select |
|------|---|----|--------------------|

#### **4.4 Power Pins**

| Symbol | Type | Pin No                | Description     |
|--------|------|-----------------------|-----------------|
| VDD    | P    | 6, 22, 37, 49, 90, 95 | +3.3V (Digital) |
| AVDD   | P    | 59, 70, 75            | +3.3V (Analog)  |
| VDD25  | P    | 48, 94                | +2.5V (Digital) |
| AVDD25 | P    | 58                    | +2.5V (Analog)  |
| DGND   | P    | 2, 16, 31, 44, 88     | Digital Ground  |
| AGND   | p    | 62, 66, 73            | Analog Ground   |

## 4.5 LED Interface

| Symbol     | Type | Pin No     |                                  | ]             | Description |            |                 |
|------------|------|------------|----------------------------------|---------------|-------------|------------|-----------------|
| LED0, 1, 2 | О    | 78, 77, 76 | LED pins                         |               |             |            |                 |
|            |      |            | LEDS1-0                          | 00            | 01          | 10         | 11              |
|            |      |            | LED0                             | TX/RX         | TX/RX       | TX         | Link10/<br>ACT  |
|            |      |            | LED1                             | LINK100       | LINK10/100  | LINK10/100 | Link100/<br>ACT |
|            |      |            | LED2                             | LINK10        | FULL        | RX         | Full            |
|            |      |            | During power do                  | own mode, the | LEDs are OF | FF.        |                 |
|            |      |            | If LED1 is pul<br>modem-only mod |               |             |            | 101L runs in    |

## 4.6 Attachment Unit Interface

| Symbol | Type | Pin No | Description   |
|--------|------|--------|---|
| TXD+   | О    | 72     | 100/10BASE-T transmit (Tx) data   |
| TXD-   | О    | 71     | ` '   |
| RXIN+  | I    | 68     | 100/10BASE-T receive (Rx) data  |
| RXIN-  | I    | 67     | , ,   |
| X1     | I    | 61     | 25 MHz crystal/OSC input  |
| X2     | О    | 60     | Crystal feedback output: This output is used in crystal connection only. It |
|        |      |        | must be left open when X1 is driven with an external 25 MHz oscillator.     |

## 4.7 AC-Link Pins

| Symbol  | Type | Pin No | Description  |
|---------|------|--------|--|
| AC_RSTB | О    | 1      | MC'97 Reset: Hardware reset to Codec.                                  |
| AC_SYNC | О    | 3      | MC'97 SYNC: 48Khz fixed rate sample sync to Codec.                     |
| AC_DOUT | O    | 4      | MC'97 Serial Data Out: Serial data output to Codec.                    |
| AC_DIN  | I    | 5      | MC'97 Serial Data In: Serial data input from Codec.                    |
| AC_BCK  | I    | 7      | MC'97 Bit Clock: 12.288Mhz serial data clock generated by Codec.       |
| INTBB   | O/D  | 79     | INTBB is used for function 1 device (Modem) to request an interrupt.   |
| GPIO0   | I/O  | 100    | General Purpose I/O pins: Both can be programmed as input or output by |
| GPIO1   | I/O  | 99     | bit0-1 of PCI GPIO Setup Register.                                     |





## 4.8 Test and Other Pins

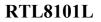
| Symbol    | Type | Pin No | Description  |
|-----------|------|--------|--|
| RTT3      | TEST | 63     | Chip test pin.   |
| RTSET     | I/O  | 65     | This pin must be pulled low by a resistor. Please refer to the application circuit for the correct value.  |
| CLKRUNB   | I/O  | 50     | Clock run: This signal is used by the RTL8101L to request starting (or speeding up) the clock, CLK. CLKRUNB also indicates the clock status. For the RTL8101L, CLKRUNB is an open drain output as well as an input. The RTL8101L requests the central resource to start, speed up, or maintain the interface clock by the assertion of CLKRUNB. For the host system, it is an S/T/S signal. The host system (central resource) is responsible for maintaining CLKRUNB asserted, and for driving it high to the negated (deasserted) state. |
| ROMCS/OEB | О    | 51     | <b>ROM Chip select and output enable:</b> This is the chip select signal and output enable of the Boot PROM.   |
| NC        | -    | 56, 69 | Reserved   |



# 5. Ethernet Controller Register Descriptions

The RTL8101L provides the following set of operational registers mapped into PCI memory space or I/O space.

|                            |            | E             | Ethernet Registers  |
|----------------------------|------------|---------------|---|
| Offset                     | R/W        | Tag           | Description   |
| 0000h                      | R/W        | IDR0          | <b>ID Register 0:</b> ID registers 0-5 are only permitted to read/write by    |
|                            |            |               | 4-byte access. Read access can be byte, word, or double word access.          |
|                            |            |               | The initial value is autoloaded from EEPROM EthernetID field.                 |
| 0001h                      | R/W        | IDR1          | ID Register 1   |
| 0002h                      | R/W        | IDR2          | ID Register 2   |
| 0003h                      | R/W        | IDR3          | ID Register 3   |
| 0004h                      | R/W        | IDR4          | ID Register 4   |
| 0005h                      | R/W        | IDR5          | ID Register 5   |
| 0006h-0007h                | -          | -             | Reserved  |
| 0008h                      | R/W        | MAR0          | <b>Multicast Register 0:</b> The MAR register 0-7 are only permitted to       |
|                            |            |               | read/write by 4-byte access. Read access can be byte, word, or double         |
|                            |            |               | word access. Driver is responsible for initializing these registers.          |
| 0009h                      | R/W        | MAR1          | Multicast Register 1  |
| 000Ah                      | R/W        | MAR2          | Multicast Register 2  |
| 000Bh                      | R/W        | MAR3          | Multicast Register 3  |
| 000Ch                      | R/W        | MAR4          | Multicast Register 4  |
| 000Dh                      | R/W        | MAR5          | Multicast Register 5  |
| 000Eh                      | R/W        | MAR6          | Multicast Register 6  |
| 000Fh                      | R/W        | MAR7          | Multicast Register 7  |
| 0010h-0013h                | R/W        | TSD0          | Transmit Status of Descriptor 0   |
| 0014h-0017h                | R/W        | TSD1          | Transmit Status of Descriptor 1   |
| 0018h-001Bh                | R/W        | TSD2          | Transmit Status of Descriptor 2   |
| 001Ch-001Fh<br>0020h-0023h | R/W<br>R/W | TSD3<br>TSAD0 | Transmit Status of Descriptor 3   |
| 0020h-0023h<br>0024h-0027h | R/W<br>R/W | TSAD0         | Transmit Start Address of Descriptor 0  |
| 0024h-0027h<br>0028h-002Bh | R/W<br>R/W | TSAD1         | Transmit Start Address of Descriptor 1 Transmit Start Address of Descriptor 2 |
| 002Ch-002Fh                | R/W        | TSAD3         | Transmit Start Address of Descriptor 3  |
| 0030h-0033h                | R/W        | RBSTART       | Receive (Rx) Buffer Start Address   |
| 0034h-0035h                | R          | ERBCR         | Early Receive (Rx) Byte Count Register  |
| 0036h                      | R          | ERSR          | Early Rx Status Register  |
| 0037h                      | R/W        | CR            | Command Register  |
| 0038h-0039h                | R/W        | CAPR          | Current Address of Packet Read  |
| 003Ah-003Bh                | R          | CBR           | Current Buffer Address: The initial value is 0000h. It reflects total         |
| 0037 MI 003BII             | IX.        | CDIC          | received byte-count in the Rx buffer.   |
| 003Ch-003Dh                | R/W        | IMR           | Interrupt Mask Register   |
| 003Eh-003Fh                | R/W        | ISR           | Interrupt Status Register   |
| 0040h-0043h                | R/W        | TCR           | Transmit (Tx) Configuration Register  |
| 0044h-0047h                | R/W        | RCR           | Receive (Rx) Configuration Register   |
| 0048h-004Bh                | R/W        | TCTR          | Timer CounT Register: This register contains a 32-bit                         |
|                            |            |               | general-purpose timer. Writing any value to this 32-bit register will         |
|                            |            |               | reset the original timer and begin to count from zero.                        |
| 004Ch-004Fh                | R/W        | MPC           | Missed Packet Counter: Indicates the number of packets discarded              |
|                            |            |               | due to Rx FIFO overflow. It is a 24-bit counter. After s/w reset, MPC is      |
|                            |            |               | cleared. Only the lower 3 bytes are valid.                                    |
| 0.0-51                     |            | 001177        | When written any value, MPC will be reset also.                               |
| 0050h                      | R/W        | 9346CR        | 93C46 Command Register  |





| o value to<br>whenever<br>be set as |
|-------------------------------------|
| whenever                            |
| whenever                            |
| whenever                            |
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| 00D3h       | R/W | LSBCRC7 | LSB of the mask byte of wakeup frame7 within offset 12 to 75 |
|-------------|-----|---------|--|
| 00D4h-00D7h | -   | =       | Reserved.  |
| 00D8h       | R/W | Config5 | Configuration register 5                                     |
| 00D9h-00FFh | -   | -       | Reserved.  |

# 5.1 Receive Status Register in Rx packet header

| Bit  | R/W | Symbol | Description   |
|------|-----|--------|---|
| 15   | R   | MAR    | Multicast Address Received: This bit set to 1 indicates that a multicast          |
|      |     |        | packet is received.   |
| 14   | R   | PAM    | <b>Physical Address Matched:</b> This bit set to 1 indicates that the destination |
|      |     |        | address of this packet matches the value written in ID registers.                 |
| 13   | R   | BAR    | <b>Broadcast Address Received:</b> This bit set to 1 indicates that a broadcast   |
|      |     |        | packet is received. BAR, MAR bit will not be set simultaneously.                  |
| 12-6 | -   | -      | Reserved  |
| 5    | R   | ISE    | <b>Invalid Symbol Error:</b> (100BASE-TX only) This bit set to 1 indicates        |
|      |     |        | that an invalid symbol was encountered during the reception of this packet.       |
| 4    | R   | RUNT   | <b>Runt Packet Received:</b> This bit set to 1 indicates that the received packet |
|      |     |        | length is smaller than 64 bytes (i.e. media header + data + CRC < 64 bytes)       |
| 3    | R   | LONG   | <b>Long Packet:</b> This bit set to 1 indicates that the size of the received     |
|      |     |        | packet exceeds 4k bytes.  |
| 2    | R   | CRC    | CRC Error: When set, indicates that a CRC error occurred on the                   |
|      |     |        | received packet.  |
| 1    | R   | FAE    | Frame Alignment Error: When set, indicates that a frame alignment                 |
|      |     |        | error occurred on this received packet.   |
| 0    | R   | ROK    | <b>Receive OK:</b> When set, indicates that a good packet is received.            |

## 5.2 Transmit Status Register (TSD0-3)

# (Offset 0010h-001Fh, R/W)

The read-only bits (CRS, TABT, OWC, CDH, NCC3-0, TOK, TUN) will be cleared by the RTL8101L when the Transmit Byte Count (bits 12-0) in the corresponding Tx descriptor is written. It is not affected when software writes to these bits. These registers are only permitted to write by double-word access. After a software reset, all bits except OWN bit are reset to "0".

| Bit   | R/W | Symbol    | Description   |
|-------|-----|-----------|---|
| 31    | R   | CRS       | <b>Carrier Sense Lost:</b> This bit is set to 1 when the carrier is lost during |
|       |     |           | transmission of a packet.   |
| 30    | R   | TABT      | <b>Transmit Abort:</b> This bit is set to 1 if the transmission of a packet was |
|       |     |           | aborted. This bit is read only, writing to this bit is not affected.            |
| 29    | R   | OWC       | Out of Window Collision: This bit is set to 1 if the RTL8101L encountered       |
|       |     |           | an "out of window" collision during the transmission of a packet.               |
| 28    | R   | CDH       | CD Heart Beat: The NIC watches for a collision signal (ie, CD                   |
|       |     |           | Heartbeat signal) during the first 6.4us of the interframe gap following a      |
|       |     |           | transmission. This bit is set if the transceiver fails to send this signal.     |
|       |     |           | This bit is cleared in the 100 Mbps mode.                                       |
| 27-24 | R   | NCC3-0    | Number of Collision Count: Indicates the number of collisions                   |
|       |     |           | encountered during the transmission of a packet.                                |
| 23-22 | -   | -         | Reserved  |
| 21-16 | R/W | ERTXTH5-0 | <b>Early Tx Threshold:</b> Specifies the threshold level in the Tx FIFO to      |
|       |     |           | begin the transmission. When the byte count of the data in the Tx FIFO          |
|       |     |           | reaches this level, (or the FIFO contains at least one complete packet) the     |
|       |     |           | RTL8101L will transmit this packet.   |
|       |     |           | 000000 = 8  bytes   |



|      |     |      | These fields count from 000001 to 111111 in unit of 32 bytes.                      |
|------|-----|------|--|
|      |     |      | This threshold must avoid exceeding 2K bytes.                                      |
| 15   | R   | TOK  | <b>Transmit OK:</b> Set to 1 indicates that the transmission of a packet was       |
|      |     |      | completed successfully and no transmit underrun has occurred.                      |
| 14   | R   | TUN  | <b>Transmit FIFO Underrun:</b> Set to 1 if the Tx FIFO was exhausted               |
|      |     |      | during the transmission of a packet. The RTL8101L can re-transfer data             |
|      |     |      | if the Tx FIFO underruns and can also transmit the packet to the wire              |
|      |     |      | successfully even though the Tx FIFO underruns. That is, when                      |
|      |     |      | TSD <tun>=1, TSD<tok>=0 and ISR<tok>=1 (or ISR<ter>=1).</ter></tok></tok></tun>    |
| 13   | R/W | OWN  | <b>OWN:</b> The RTL8101L sets this bit to 1 when the Tx DMA operation of           |
|      |     |      | this descriptor was completed. The driver must set this bit to 0 when the          |
|      |     |      | Transmit Byte Count (bits 0-12) is written. The default value is 1.                |
| 12-0 | R/W | SIZE | <b>Descriptor Size:</b> The total size in bytes of the data in this descriptor. If |
|      |     |      | the packet length is more than 1792 byte (0700h), the Tx queue will be             |
|      |     |      | invalid, i.e. the next descriptor will be written only after the OWN bit of        |
|      |     |      | that long packet's descriptor has been set.  |

# 5.3 ERSR: Early Rx Status Register

# (Offset 0036h, R)

| Bit | R/W | Symbol | Description  |
|-----|-----|--------|--|
| 7-4 | -   | -      | Reserved   |
| 3   | R   | ERGood | <b>Early Rx Good packet:</b> This bit is set whenever a packet is completely received and the packet is good. Writing a 1 to this bit will clear it.   |
| 2   | R   | ERBad  | Early Rx Bad packet: This bit is set whenever a packet is completely received and the packet is bad. Writing a 1 to this bit will clear it.  |
| 1   | R   | EROVW  | <b>Early Rx OverWrite:</b> This bit is set when the RTL8101L's local address pointer is equal to CAPR. In the early mode, this is different from buffer overflow. It happens that the RTL8101L detected an Rx error and wanted to fill another packet data from the beginning address of that error packet. Writing a 1 to this bit will clear it. |
| 0   | R   | EROK   | <b>Early Rx OK:</b> The power-on value is 0. It is set when the Rx byte count of the arriving packet exceeds the Rx threshold. After the whole packet is received, the RTL8101L will set ROK or RER in ISR and clear this bit simultaneously. Setting this bit will invoke a ROK interrupt.  |

# 5.4 Command Register

## (Offset 0037h, R/W)

This register is used for issuing commands to the RTL8101L. These commands are issued by setting the corresponding bits for the function. A global software reset along with individual reset and enable/disable for transmitter and receiver are provided here.

| Bit | R/W | Symbol | Description   |
|-----|-----|--------|---|
| 7-5 | -   | =      | Reserved  |
| 4   | R/W | RST    | <b>Reset:</b> Setting to 1 forces the RTL8101L to a software reset state which disables the transmitter and receiver, reinitializes the FIFOs, resets the system buffer pointer to the initial value (Tx buffer is at TSAD0, Rx buffer is empty). The values of IDR0-5 and MAR0-7 and PCI configuration space will have no changes. This bit is 1 during the reset operation, and is cleared to 0 by the RTL8101L when the reset operation is complete. |



| 3 | R/W | RE   | Receiver Enable: When set to 1, and the receive state machine is idle, the receive machine becomes active. This bit will read back as a 1 whenever the receive state machine is active. After initial power-up, software must insure that the receiver has completely reset before setting this bit.                            |
|---|-----|------|---|
| 2 | R/W | TE   | <b>Transmitter Enable:</b> When set to 1, and the transmit state machine is idle, then the transmit state machine becomes active. This bit will read back as a 1 whenever the transmit state machine is active. After initial power-up, software must insure that the transmitter has completely reset before setting this bit. |
| 1 | -   | -    | Reserved  |
| 0 | R   | BUFE | <b>Buffer Empty:</b> Rx Buffer Empty. There is no packet stored in the Rx buffer ring.  |

## 5.5 Interrupt Mask Register

(Offset 003Ch-003Dh, R/W)

| Bit  | R/W | Symbol      | Description  |
|------|-----|-------------|--|
| 15   | R/W | SERR        | <b>System error Interrupt:</b> 1 => Enable, 0 => Disable.                |
| 14   | R/W | TimeOut     | <b>Time Out Interrupt:</b> 1 => Enable, 0 => Disable.                    |
| 13   | R/W | LenChg      | <b>Cable Length Change Interrupt:</b> 1 => Enable, 0 => Disable.         |
| 12-7 | -   | -           | Reserved   |
| 6    | R/W | FOVW        | <b>Rx FIFO Overflow Interrupt:</b> 1 => Enable, 0 => Disable.            |
| 5    | R/W | PUN/LinkChg | <b>Packet Underrun/Link Change Interrupt:</b> 1 => Enable, 0 => Disable. |
| 4    | R/W | RXOVW       | <b>Rx Buffer Overflow Interrupt:</b> 1 => Enable, 0 => Disable.          |
| 3    | R/W | TER         | <b>Transmit error Interrupt:</b> 1 => Enable, 0 => Disable.              |
| 2    | R/W | TOK         | <b>Transmit OK Interrupt:</b> 1 => Enable, 0 => Disable.                 |
| 1    | R/W | RER         | <b>Receive Error Interrupt:</b> 1 => Enable, 0 => Disable.               |
| 0    | R/W | ROK         | <b>Receive OK Interrupt:</b> 1 => Enable, 0 => Disable.                  |

# 5.6 Interrupt Status Register

## (Offset 003Eh-003Fh, R/W)

This register indicates the source of an interrupt when the INTA pin goes active. Enabling the corresponding bits in the Interrupt Mask Register (IMR) allows bits in this register to produce an interrupt. When an interrupt is active, one of more bits in this register are set to a "1". The interrupt Status Register reflects all current pending interrupts, regardless of the state of the corresponding mask bit in the IMR. Reading the ISR clears all interrupts. Writing to the ISR has no effect.

| Bit    | R/W | Symbol      | Description   |
|--------|-----|-------------|---|
| 15     | R/W | SERR        | <b>System Error:</b> Set to 1 when the RTL8101L signals a system error on     |
|        |     |             | the PCI bus.  |
| 14     | R/W | TimeOut     | <b>Time Out:</b> Set to 1 when the TCTR register reaches to the value of the  |
|        |     |             | TimerInt register.  |
| 13     | R/W | LenChg      | Cable Length Change: Cable length is changed after Receiver is enabled.       |
| 12 - 7 | -   | =           | Reserved  |
| 6      | R/W | FOVW        | <b>Rx FIFO Overflow:</b> Set when an overflow occurs on the Rx status FIFO.   |
| 5      | R/W | PUN/LinkChg | Packet Underrun/Link Change: Set to 1 when CAPR is written but Rx             |
|        |     |             | buffer is empty, or when link status is changed.                              |
| 4      | R/W | RXOVW       | <b>Rx Buffer Overflow:</b> Set when receive (Rx) buffer ring storage          |
|        |     |             | resources have been exhausted.  |
| 3      | R/W | TER         | <b>Transmit (Tx) Error:</b> Indicates that a packet transmission was aborted, |



|   |     |     | due to excessive collisions, according to the TXRR's setting.   |
|---|-----|-----|---|
| 2 | R/W | TOK | <b>Transmit (Tx) OK:</b> Indicates that a packet transmission is completed successfully.  |
| 1 | R/W | RER | <b>Receive (Rx) Error:</b> Indicates that a packet has either CRC error or frame alignment error (FAE). The collided frame will not be recognized as CRC error if the length of this frame is shorter than 16 byte. |
| 0 | R/W | ROK | <b>Receive (Rx) OK:</b> In normal mode, indicates the successful completion of a packet reception. In early mode, indicates that the Rx byte count of the arriving packet exceeds the early Rx threshold.           |

# **5.7 Transmit Configuration Register**

# (Offset 0040h-0043h, R/W)

This register defines the Transmit Configuration for the RTL8101L. It controls such functions as Loopback, Heartbeat, Auto Transmit Padding, programmable Interframe Gap, Fill and Drain Thresholds, and maximum DMA burst size.

| Bit    | R/W | Symbol     |  |  | De   | scriptio  | n              |                                  |   |                   |
|--------|-----|------------|--|--|--|---|----------------|----------------------------------|---|-------------------|
| 31     | -   | -          | Reserved   | Reserved                                   |  |   |                |                                  |   |                   |
| 30-26  | R   | HWVERID_A  | Hardware Versi   | ion ID A                                   | <b>A</b> :   |   |                |                                  |   |                   |
|        |     |            |  | Bit30                                      | Bit29  | Bit28   | Bit27          | Bit26                            |   | Bit22             |
|        |     |            | RTL8139  | 1  | 1  | 0   | 0              | 0                                | 0   | 0                 |
|        |     |            | RTL8139A   | 1  | 1  | 1   | 0              | 0                                | 0   | 0                 |
|        |     |            | RTL8139A-G   | 1  | 1  | 1   | 0              | 1                                | 0   | 0                 |
|        |     |            | RTL8139B   | 1  | 1  | 1   | 1              | 0                                | 0   | 0                 |
|        |     |            | RTL8130  | 1  | 1  | 1   | 1              | 0                                | 0   | 0                 |
|        |     |            | RTL8139C   | 1  | 1  | 1   | 0              | 1                                | 0   | 0                 |
|        |     |            | RTL8100  | 1  | 1  | 1   | 1              | 0                                | 1   | 0                 |
|        |     |            | RTL8100(B)/  | 1  | 1  | 1   | 0              | 1                                | 0   | 1                 |
|        |     |            | 8102   |  |  |   |                |                                  |   |                   |
|        |     |            | RTL8139C+  | 1  | 1  | 1   | 0              | 1                                | 1   | 0                 |
|        |     |            | RTL8101L   | 1  | 1  | 1   | 0              | 1                                | 1   | 1                 |
|        |     |            | Reserved   |  |  | Other   | combin         | nation                           |   |                   |
|        |     |            |  |  |  |   |                | _                                |   |                   |
| 25-24  | R/W | IFG1, 0    | Interframe Gap<br>interframe gap ti<br>100Mbps. The tin<br>and 960ns to 840<br>violate the IEEE<br>The formula for to<br>10 Mbps<br>100 Mbps | me belo<br>me can l<br>ns (1001<br>802.3 s | w the stock the programmed the programmed the state of th | tandard:<br>rammed<br>Note tha<br>gap is:<br>8.4u | 9.6 us from 9. | for 10M<br>6 us to 3<br>lue othe | (16) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18 | 00 ns for 10Mbps) |
| 23-22  | R   | HWVERID B  | Hardware Versi   | ion ID 1                                   | В  |   | `              |                                  |   |                   |
| 21-19  | -   | -          | Reserved   |  |  |   |                |                                  |   |                   |
| 18, 17 | R/W | LBK1, LBK0 | Loopback Test:<br>Loopback test conthe link state.<br>00: normal opera<br>01: Reserved<br>10: Reserved<br>11: Loopback m                     | ndition.<br>ation                          |  |   |                |                                  |   |                   |
| 16     | R/W | CRC        | Append CRC: S end of a packet. S   | Setting to                                 |  |   |                |                                  |   |                   |
| 15-11  | -   | -          | Reserved   |  |  |   |                |                                  |   |                   |
| 15-11  | -   | -          | of a packet.   | etting to                                  | o u meai   | ns that th  | iere is C      | KC app                           | ended a                                     | t the enc         |



| 10-8 | R/W | MXDMA2, 1, 0 | Max DMA Burst Size per Tx DMA Burst: This field sets the maximum size of transmit DMA data bursts according to the following table:  000 = 16 bytes  001 = 32 bytes  010 = 64 bytes  011 = 128 bytes  100 = 256 bytes  101 = 512 bytes  110 = 1024 bytes  111 = 2048 bytes  |
|------|-----|--------------|---|
| 7-4  | R/W | TXRR         | Tx Retry Count: These are used to specify additional transmission retries in multiple of 16(IEEE 802.3 CSMA/CD retry count). If the TXRR is set to 0, the transmitter will re-transmit 16 times before aborting due to excessive collisions. If the TXRR is set to a value greater than 0, the transmitter will re-transmit a number of times equals to the following formula before aborting:  Total retries = 16 + (TXRR * 16)  The TER bit in the ISR register or transmit descriptor will be set when the transmission fails and reaches to this specified retry count. |
| 3-1  | -   | -            | Reserved  |
| 0    | W   | CLRABT       | <b>Clear Abort:</b> Setting this bit to 1 causes the RTL8101L to retransmit the packet at the last transmitted descriptor when this transmission was aborted, Setting this bit is only permitted in the transmit abort state.   |

# 5.8 Receive Configuration Register

## (Offset 0044h-0047h, R/W)

This register is used to set the receive configuration for the RTL8101L. Receive properties such as accepting error packets, runt packets, setting the receive drain threshold etc. are controlled here.

| Bit   | R/W | Symbol         | Description   |
|-------|-----|----------------|---|
| 31-28 | -   | -              | Reserved  |
| 27-24 | R/W | ERTH3, 2, 1, 0 | Early Rx Threshold Bits: These bits are used to select the Rx threshold multiplier of the whole packet that has been transferred to the system buffer in early mode when the frame protocol is under the RTL8101L's definition. $0000 = \text{no early rx threshold}$ $0001 = 1/16$ $0010 = 2/16$ $0011 = 3/16$ $0100 = 4/16$ $0101 = 5/16$ $0110 = 6/16$ $0111 = 7/16$ $1000 = 8/16$ $1001 = 9/16$ $1010 = 10/16$ $1011 = 11/16$ $1110 = 12/16$ $1101 = 13/16$ $1110 = 14/16$ $1111 = 15/16$ |
| 23-18 | -   | -              | Reserved  |
| 17    | R/W | MulERINT       | Multiple Early Interrupt Select: When this bit is set, any received packet invokes early interrupt according to MULINT <misr[11:0]> setting in early mode. When this bit is reset, the packets of familiar protocols (IPX, IP, NDIS, etc) invoke an early interrupt according to RCR<erth[3:0]> setting in early mode. The packets of unfamiliar protocols will invoke an early interrupt according to the setting of MULINT<misr[11:0]>.</misr[11:0]></erth[3:0]></misr[11:0]>               |
| 16    | R/W | RER8           | The RTL8101L receives the error packet whose length is larger than 8 bytes after setting the RER8 bit to 1.   |



**RTL8101L** 

|  | The RTL8101L receives the error packet larger than 64-byte long when the RER8 bit is cleared. The power-on default is zero. If AER or AR is set, the RER will be set when the RTL8101L receives an error packet whose length is larger than 8 bytes. The RER8 is "Don't care " in this situation. |
|--|---|
|--|---|



| 15-13 | R/W | RXFTH2, 1, 0 | Rx FIFO Threshold: Specifies Rx FIFO Threshold level. When the number of the received data bytes from a packet, which is being received into the RTL8101L's Rx FIFO, has reached to this level (or the FIFO has contained a complete packet), the receive PCI bus master function will begin to transfer the data from the FIFO to the host memory. This field sets the threshold level according to the following table:  000 = 16 bytes  001 = 32 bytes  010 = 64 bytes  011 = 128 bytes  100 = 256 bytes  101 = 512 bytes  110 = 1024 bytes  111 = no rx threshold. The RTL8101L begins the transfer of data after   |
|-------|-----|--------------|---|
| 12-11 | R/W | RBLEN1, 0    | having received a whole packet in the FIFO. <b>Rx Buffer Length:</b> This field indicates the size of the Rx ring buffer. $00 = 8k + 16$ byte $01 = 16k + 16$ byte $10 = 32K + 16$ byte $11 = 64K + 16$ byte  |
| 10-8  | R/W | MXDMA2, 1, 0 | Max DMA Burst Size per Rx DMA Burst: This field sets the maximum size of the receive DMA data bursts according to the following table:  000 = 16 bytes  001 = 32 bytes  010 = 64 bytes  011 = 128 bytes  100 = 256 bytes  101 = 512 bytes  110 = 1024 bytes  111 = unlimited  |
| 7     | R/W | WRAP         | When set to 0: The RTL8101L will transfer the rest of the packet data into the beginning of the Rx buffer if this packet has not been completely moved into the Rx buffer and the transfer has arrived at the end of the Rx buffer.  When set to 1: The RTL8101L will keep moving the rest of the packet data into the memory immediately after the end of the Rx buffer, if this packet has not been completely moved into the Rx buffer and the transfer has arrived at the end of the Rx buffer. The software driver must reserve at least 1.5K bytes buffer to accept the remainder of the packet. We assume that the remainder of the packet is X bytes. The next packet will be moved into the memory from the X byte offset at the top of the Rx buffer.  This bit is invalid when Rx buffer is selected to 64K bytes. |
| 6     | -   | _            | Reserved  |
| 5     | R/W | AER          | Accept Error Packet: When set to 1, all packets with CRC error, alignment error, and/or collided fragments will be accepted. When set to 0, all packets with CRC error, alignment error, and/or collided fragments will be rejected.  |
| 4     | R/W | AR           | <b>Accept Runt:</b> This bit allows the receiver to accept packets that are smaller than 64 bytes. The packet must be at least 8 bytes long to be accepted as a runt. Set to 1 to accept runt packets.  |
| 3     | R/W | AB           | Accept Broadcast packets: Set to 1 to accept, 0 to reject.  |
| 2     | R/W | AM           | Accept Multicast packets: Set to 1 to accept, 0 to reject.  |
| 1     | R/W | APM          | Accept Physical Match packets: Set to 1 to accept, 0 to reject.   |
| 0     | R/W | AAP          | Accept All Packets: Set to 1 to accept all packets with a physical  |



|  |  | destination address, 0 to reject. |
|--|--|-----------------------------------|
|--|--|-----------------------------------|

# 5.9 9346CR: 93C46 Command Register (Offset 0050h, R/W)

| Bit | R/W | Symbol |              |   | Description   |  |  |  |
|-----|-----|--------|--------------|---|---|--|--|--|
| 7-6 | R/W | EEM1-0 | Operating    | Mode: T   | These 2 bits select the RTL8101L operating mode.  |  |  |  |
|     |     |        | EEM1         | EEM0  | Operating Mode  |  |  |  |
|     |     |        | 0            | 0   | Normal (RTL8101L network/host communication mode)   |  |  |  |
|     |     |        | 0            | 1   | Auto-load: Entering this mode will make the RTL8101L load the contents of 93C46 like when the RSTB signal is asserted. This auto-load operation will take about 2 ms. After it is completed, the RTL8101L goes back to the normal mode automatically (EEM1 = EEM0 = 0) and all the other registers are reset to default values. |  |  |  |
|     |     |        | 1            | 0   | 93C46 programming: In this mode, both network and host bus master operations are disabled. The 93C46 can be directly accessed via bit3-0 which now reflect the states of EECS, EESK, EEDI, & EEDO pins respectively.  |  |  |  |
|     |     |        | 1            | 1   | Config register write enable: Before writing to CONFIGO, 1, 3, 4 registers, and bit13, 12, 8 of BMCR(offset 62h-63h), the RTL8101L must be placed in this mode. This will prevent RTL8101L's configurations from accidental change.   |  |  |  |
| 4-5 | -   | -      | Reserved     |   |   |  |  |  |
| 3   | R/W | EECS   | These bits 1 | These bits reflect the state of EECS, EESK, EEDI & EEDO pins in |   |  |  |  |
| 2   | R/W | EESK   | auto-load o  | r 93C46   | programming mode.   |  |  |  |
| 1   | R/W | EEDI   |              |   |   |  |  |  |
| 0   | R   | EEDO   |              |   |   |  |  |  |

# 5.10 CONFIG 0: Configuration Register 0

# (Offset 0051h, R/W)

| Bit | R/W | Symbol        | Description    |            |             |                          |
|-----|-----|---------------|----------------|------------|-------------|--------------------------|
| 7   | R   | SCR           | Scrambler Mo   | ode: Alway | s 0.        |                          |
| 6   | R   | PCS           | PCS Mode: A    | lways 0.   |             |                          |
| 5   | R   | T10           | 10 Mbps Mod    | le: Always | 0.          |                          |
| 4-3 | R   | PL1, PL0      | Select 10 Mbr  | s Medium   | Type: Alw   | rays (PL1, PL0) = (1, 0) |
| 2-0 | R   | BS2, BS1, BS0 | Select Boot RO | OM size (A | utoloaded f | rom EEPROM)              |
|     |     |               | BS2            | BS1        | BS0         | Description              |
|     |     |               | 0              | 0          | 0           | No Boot ROM              |
|     |     |               | 0              | 0          | 1           | 8K Boot ROM              |
|     |     |               | 0              | 1          | 0           | 16K Boot ROM             |
|     |     |               | 0              | 1          | 1           | 32K Boot ROM             |
|     |     |               | 1              | 0          | 0           | 64K Boot ROM             |
|     |     |               | 1              | 0          | 1           | 128K Boot ROM            |
|     |     |               | 1              | 1          | 0           | unused                   |
|     |     |               | 1              | 1          | 1           | unused                   |
|     |     |               |                |            |             |                          |

# 5.11 CONFIG 1: Configuration Register 1



# (Offset 0052h, R/W)

| Bit | R/W   | Symbol  | Description  |   |                                 |                         |       |  |
|-----|-------|---------|--|---|---------------------------------|-------------------------|-------|--|
| 7-6 | R/W   | LEDS1-0 | Refer to LED PIN defi  | Refer to LED PIN definition. These bits initial value come from 93C46.              |                                 |                         |       |  |
| 5   | R/W   | DVRLOAD |  | <b>Driver Load:</b> Software may use this bit to make sure that the driver has been |                                 |                         |       |  |
|     | 10/11 | DVKLOND |  |   | ing 0 is 0. When the con        |                         |       |  |
|     |       |         | MEMEN, and BMEN of the PCI configuration space are written, the RTL8101L       |   |                                 |                         |       |  |
|     |       |         | will clear this bit auton  |   |                                 | ,                       |       |  |
| 4   | R/W   | LWACT   |  |   | LWACT bit and LWPT              |                         |       |  |
|     |       |         |  |   | LWAKE pin's output              |                         |       |  |
|     |       |         |  |   | ts, there may be 4 choice       |                         |       |  |
|     |       |         | pulse width is about 15  |   | ve (high) pulse, and negat      | ive (low) pulse. The ou | itput |  |
|     |       |         |  |   | these two bits is 0, i.e., t    | he default outnut sions | al of |  |
|     |       |         | LWAKE pin is an activ  |   |                                 | ne detaute output signe | ai 01 |  |
|     |       |         | LWAKE out  | _   | LWA                             | .CT                     |       |  |
|     |       |         |  |   | 0                               | 1                       |       |  |
|     |       |         | LWPTN  | 0   | Active high*                    | Active low              |       |  |
|     |       |         |  | 1   | Positive pulse                  | Negative pulse          |       |  |
|     |       |         | * Default value  |   |                                 |                         |       |  |
| 3   | R     | MEMMAP  |  |   | rational registers are mappe    | 7 1                     | ice.  |  |
| 2   | R     | IOMAP   | 11 0 1   |   | nal registers are mapped i      | *                       |       |  |
| 1   | R/W   | VPD     | Set to enable Vital Prooffset 40h-7Fh.   | duct  | <b>Data:</b> The VPD data is st | tored in 93C46 from wi  | ithin |  |
| 0   | R/W   | PMEn    | Power Management I   | Cnable  | e:                              |                         |       |  |
|     |       |         |  |   | R register EEM1=EEM0=           |                         |       |  |
|     |       |         |  |   | p bit (bit 4 of the Sta         | tus Register) in the    | PCI   |  |
|     |       |         | Configuration space of   |   |                                 |                         |       |  |
|     |       |         |  |   | gister in the PCI Configur      |                         |       |  |
|     |       |         | space offset 50H.  | D (po   | wer management) registe         | er in the PCI Configura | uion  |  |
|     |       |         | 1  | er mai  | nagement registers in the       | PCI Configuration sr    | nace  |  |
|     |       |         | offset from 52H to 57H   |   | gee registers in the            | or er comiguitation of  | 94.00 |  |
|     |       |         | Let E denote the Next Ptr (power management) register in the PCI Configuration |   |                                 |                         |       |  |
|     |       |         | space offset 51H.  |   |                                 |                         |       |  |
|     |       |         | PMEn Description   | ı   |                                 |                         |       |  |
|     |       |         | 0 A=B=C=E=0,   |   |                                 |                         |       |  |
|     |       |         | 1 A=1, B=50h,  | C=011   | n, D valid, E=0                 |                         |       |  |

# **5.12 Media Status Register**

# (Offset 0058h, R/W)

| Bit | R/W | Symbol            | Description  |                |               |  |  |
|-----|-----|-------------------|--|----------------|---------------|--|--|
| 7   | R/W | TXFCE/<br>LdTXFCE | <b>Tx Flow Control Enable:</b> The flow control is valid in full-duplex mode only. This register's default value comes from 93C46. |                |               |  |  |
|     |     |                   | RTL8101L   | Remote         | TXFCE/LdTXFCE |  |  |
|     |     |                   | ANE = 1  | NWAY FLY mode  | R/O           |  |  |
|     |     |                   | ANE = 1  | NWAY mode only | R/W           |  |  |
|     |     |                   | ANE = 1  | No NWAY        | R/W           |  |  |
|     |     |                   | ANE = 0 &  | =              | R/W           |  |  |
|     |     |                   | full-duplex mode   |                |               |  |  |



|   |     |            | ANE = 0 & - invalid half-duplex mode  |
|---|-----|------------|---|
|   |     |            | NWAY FLY mode: NWAY with flow control capability<br>NWAY mode only: NWAY without flow control capability                                      |
| 6 | R/W | RXFCE      | <b>RX Flow control Enable:</b> The flow control is enabled in full-duplex mode only. The default value comes from 93C46.                      |
| 5 | -   | -          | Reserved  |
| 4 | R   | Aux_Status | Aux. Power present Status:  1: The Aux. Power is present.  0: The Aux. Power is absent.  The value of this bit is fixed after each PCI reset. |
| 3 | R   | SPEED_10   | <b>Speed:</b> Set, when current media is 10 Mbps mode. Reset, when current media is 100 Mbps mode.  |
| 2 | R   | LINKB      | Inverse of Link status. 0 = Link OK. 1 = Link Fail.   |
| 1 | R   | TXPF       | <b>Transmit Pause Flag:</b> Set, when RTL8101L sends pause packet. Reset, when RTL8101L sends a timer done packet.                            |
| 0 | R   | RXPF       | <b>Receive Pause Flag:</b> Set, when RTL8101L is in backoff state because a pause packet was received. Reset, when pause state is clear.      |

# **5.13 CONFIG 3: Configuration Register3**

(Offset 0059h, R/W)

| Bit | R/W | Symbol  | Description   |  |
|-----|-----|---------|---|--|
| 7   | R   | GNTSel  | <ul> <li>Gnt Select: Select the Frame's asserted time after the Grant signal has been asserted. The Frame and Grant are the PCI signals.</li> <li>1: delay one clock from GNT assertion.</li> <li>0: No delay</li> </ul>  |  |
| 6   | R/W | PARM_En | Parameter Enable: (Used in 100Mbps mode only) This set to 0 and the 9346CR register EEM1=EEM0=1 will enable the PHY1_PARM, PHY2_PARM, and TW_PARM registers to be written via software. This set to 1 will allow parameters to be auto-loaded from the 93C46 and disable writing to the PHY1_PARM, PHY2_PARM and TW_PARM registers via software. The PHY1_PARM and PHY2_PARM can be auto-loaded from the EEPROM in this mode. The parameter auto-load process is executed every time the Link is OK in 100Mbps mode.  |  |
| 5   | R/W | Magic   | Magic Packet: This bit is valid when the PWEn bit of the CONFIG1 register is set. The RTL8101L will assert the PMEB signal to wakeup the operating system when the Magic Packet is received.  Once the RTL8101L has been enabled for Magic Packet wakeup and has been put into adequate state, it scans all incoming packets addressed to the node for a specific data sequence, which indicates to the controller that this is a Magic Packet frame. A Magic Packet frame must also meet the basic requirements of:  Destination address + Source address + data + CRC  The destination address may be the node ID of the receiving station or a multicast address, which includes the broadcast address.  The specific sequence consists of 16 duplications of 6 byte ID registers, with no breaks or interrupts. This sequence can be located anywhere within the packet, but must be preceded by a synchronization stream, 6 bytes of FFh. The device will also accept a multicast address, as long as the 16 duplications of the IEEE address match the address of the ID registers. |  |



|     |     |           | If the Node ID is 11h 22h 33h 44h 55h 66h, then the magic frame's          |
|-----|-----|-----------|--|
|     |     |           | format is similar to the following:  |
|     |     |           | Destination address + source address + MISC + FF FF FF FF FF FF FF +       |
|     |     |           | MISC + 11 22 33 44 55 66 + 11 22 33 44 55 66 + 11 22 33 44 55 66 + 11      |
|     |     |           | 22 33 44 55 66 + 11 22 33 44 55 66 + 11 22 33 44 55 66 + 11 22 33 44       |
|     |     |           | 55 66 + 11 22 33 44 55 66 + 11 22 33 44 55 66 + 11 22 33 44 55 66 + 11     |
|     |     |           | 22 33 44 55 66 + 11 22 33 44 55 66 + 11 22 33 44 55 66 + 11 22 33 44       |
|     |     |           | 55 66 + 11 22 33 44 55 66 + 11 22 33 44 55 66 + MISC + CRC                 |
| 4   | R/W | LinkUp    | <b>Link Up:</b> This bit is valid when the PWEn bit of CONFIG1 register is |
|     |     |           | set. The RTL8101L, in adequate power state, will assert the PMEB           |
|     |     |           | signal to wakeup the operating system when the cable connection is         |
|     |     |           | re-established.  |
| 3-1 | -   | -         | Reserved   |
| 2   | R   | CLKRUN_En | CLKRUN Enable:   |
|     |     |           | 1: Enable CLKRUN   |
|     |     |           | 0: Disable CLKRUN  |
| 1   | _   | -         | Reserved   |
| 0   | R   | FBtBEn    | Fast Back to Back Enable: Set to 1 to enable Fast Back to Back.            |

# 5.14 CONFIG 4: Configuration Register4

(Offset 005Ah, R/W)

| Bit | R/W | Symbol        | Description   |  |
|-----|-----|---------------|---|--|
| 7   | R/W | RxFIFOAutoClr | Set to 1, the RTL8101L will clear the Rx FIFO overflow automatically.   |  |
| 6   | R/W | AnaOff        | <ul> <li>Analog Power Off: This bit can not be auto-loaded from EEPROM (93C46).</li> <li>1: Turn off the analog power of the RTL8101L internally.</li> <li>0: Normal working state. This is also power-on default value.</li> </ul>   |  |
| 5   | R/W | LongWF        | Long Wake-up Frame: The initial value comes from EEPROM autoload.  Set to 1: The RTL8101L supports up to 5 wake-up frames, each with 16-bit CRC algorithm for MS Wakeup Frame, the low byte of 16-bit CRC should be placed at the correspondent CRC register, and the high byte of 16-bit CRC should be placed at the correspondent LSBCRC register. The wake-up frame 0 and 1 are the same as above, except that the masked bytes start from offset 0 to 63. The wake-up frame 2 and 3 are merged into one long wake-up frame respectively with masked bytes selected from offset 0 to 127. The wake-up frames 4 and 5, 6 and 7 are merged respectively into another 2 long wake-up frames. Please refer to 7.4 PCI Power Management functions for detailed description. Set to 0: The RTL8101L supports up to 8 wake-up frames, each with masked bytes selected from offset 12 to 75. |  |
| 4   | R/W | LWPME         | LANWAKE vs PMEB: Set to 1: The LWAKE can only be asserted when the PMEB is asserted and the ISOLATEB is low. Set to 0: The LWAKE and PMEB are asserted at the same time.  |  |
| 3   | -   | -             | Reserved  |  |
| 2   | R/W | LWPTN         | <b>LWAKE pattern:</b> Please refer to LWACT bit in CONFIG1 register.  |  |
| 1   | -   | -             | Reserved  |  |
| 0   | R/W | PBWakeup      | Pre-Boot Wakeup: The initial value comes from EEPROM autoload.  1: Pre-Boot Wakeup disabled. (suitable for CardBus and MiniPCI applications)  0: Pre-Boot Wakeup enabled.   |  |



## 5.15 Multiple Interrupt Select Register

#### (Offset 005Ch-005Dh, R/W)

If the received packet data is not a familiar protocol (IPX, IP, NDIS, etc.) to the RTL8101L, RCR<ERTH[3:0]> won't be used to transfer data in early mode. This register will be written to the received data length in order to make an early Rx interrupt for the unfamiliar protocol.

| Bit   | R/W | Symbol   | Description  |  |
|-------|-----|----------|--|--|
| 15-12 | -   | -        | Reserved   |  |
| 11-0  | R/W | MISR11-0 | Multiple Interrupt Select: Indicates that the RTL8101L makes an rx           |  |
|       |     |          | interrupt after RTL8101L has transferred the byte data into the system       |  |
|       |     |          | memory. If the value of these bits is zero, there will be no early interrupt |  |
|       |     |          | as soon as the RTL8101L prepares to execute the first PCI transaction of     |  |
|       |     |          | the received data. Bit1, 0 must be zero.                                     |  |
|       |     |          | The ERTH3-0 bits should not be set to 0 when the multiple interrupt          |  |
|       |     |          | select register is used.   |  |

The above is true when MulERINT=0 (bit17, RCR). When MulERINT=1, any received packet invokes early interrupt according to the MISR[11:0] setting in early mode.

#### 5.16 PCI Revision ID

#### (Offset 005Eh, R)

| Bit | R/W | Symbol      | Description   |
|-----|-----|-------------|---|
| 7-0 | R   | Revision ID | The value in PCI Configuration Space offset 08h is 10h. |

## 5.17 Transmit Status of All Descriptors (TSAD) Register

## (Offset 0060h-0061h, R/W)

| Bit | R/W | Symbol | Description              |
|-----|-----|--------|--------------------------|
| 15  | R   | TOK3   | TOK bit of Descriptor 3  |
| 14  | R   | TOK2   | TOK bit of Descriptor 2  |
| 13  | R   | TOK1   | TOK bit of Descriptor 1  |
| 12  | R   | TOK0   | TOK bit of Descriptor 0  |
| 11  | R   | TUN3   | TUN bit of Descriptor 3  |
| 10  | R   | TUN2   | TUN bit of Descriptor 2  |
| 9   | R   | TUN1   | TUN bit of Descriptor 1  |
| 8   | R   | TUN0   | TUN bit of Descriptor 0  |
| 7   | R   | TABT3  | TABT bit of Descriptor 3 |
| 6   | R   | TABT2  | TABT bit of Descriptor 2 |
| 5   | R   | TABT1  | TABT bit of Descriptor 1 |
| 4   | R   | TABT0  | TABT bit of Descriptor 0 |
| 3   | R   | OWN3   | OWN bit of Descriptor 3  |
| 2   | R   | OWN2   | OWN bit of Descriptor 2  |
| 1   | R   | OWN1   | OWN bit of Descriptor 1  |
| 0   | R   | OWN0   | OWN bit of Descriptor 0  |

## **5.18 Basic Mode Control Register**



(Offset 0062h-0063h, R/W)

| Bit   | Name             | Description/Usage   | <b>Default/Attribute</b> |
|-------|------------------|---|--------------------------|
| 15    | Reset            | This bit sets the status and control registers of the PHY(register                        | 0, RW                    |
|       |                  | 0062-0074H) in a default state. This bit is self-clearing. 1 = software                   |                          |
|       |                  | reset; $0 = normal operation$ .   |                          |
| 14    | -                | Reserved  | -                        |
| 13    | Spd_Set          | This bit sets the network speed. $1 = 100$ Mbps; $0 = 10$ Mbps. This bit's                | 0, RW                    |
|       |                  | initial value comes from 93C46.   |                          |
| 12    | Auto Negotiation | This bit enables/disables the NWay auto-negotiation function.                             | 0, RW                    |
|       | Enable           | Set to 1 to enable auto-negotiation, bit13 will be ignored.                               |                          |
|       | (ANE)            | Set to 0 disables auto-negotiation, bit13 and bit8 will determine the                     |                          |
|       |                  | link speed and the data transfer mode, respectively.                                      |                          |
|       |                  | This bit's initial value comes from 93C46.  |                          |
| 11-10 | -                | Reserved  | -                        |
| 9     | Restart Auto     | This bit allows the NWay auto-negotiation function to be reset.                           | 0, RW                    |
|       | Negotiation      | 1 = re-start auto-negotiation; $0 = normal operation$ .                                   |                          |
| 8     | Duplex Mode      | This bit sets the duplex mode. $1 = \text{full-duplex}$ ; $0 = \text{normal operation}$ . | 0, RW                    |
|       |                  | This bit's initial value comes from 93C46.  |                          |
|       |                  | If bit12 = 1, read = status write = register value.                                       |                          |
|       |                  | If $bit12 = 0$ , read = write = register value.   |                          |
| 7-0   | -                | Reserved  | =                        |

# **5.19 Basic Mode Status Register**

(Offset 0064h-0065h, R)

| Bit  | Name             | Description/Usage   | Default/Attribute |
|------|------------------|---|-------------------|
| 15   | 100Base-T4       | 1 = enable 100Base-T4 support;                                      | 0, RO             |
|      |                  | 0 = suppress 100Base-T4 support.                                    |                   |
| 14   | 100Base_TX_ FD   | 1 = enable 100Base-TX full duplex support;                          | 1, RO             |
|      |                  | 0 = suppress 100Base-TX full duplex support.                        |                   |
| 13   | 100BASE_TX_H     | 1 = enable 100Base-TX half-duplex support;                          | 1, RO             |
|      | D                | 0 = suppress 100Base-TX half-duplex support.                        |                   |
| 12   | 10Base_T_FD      | 1 = enable 10Base-T full duplex support;                            | 1, RO             |
|      |                  | 0 = suppress 10Base-T full duplex support.                          |                   |
| 11   | 10_Base_T_HD     | 1 = enable 10Base-T half-duplex support;                            | 1, RO             |
|      |                  | 0 = suppress 10Base-T half-duplex support.                          |                   |
| 10-6 | -                | Reserved  | -                 |
| 5    | Auto Negotiation | 1 = auto-negotiation process completed;                             | 0, RO             |
|      | Complete         | 0 = auto-negotiation process not completed.                         |                   |
| 4    | Remote Fault     | 1 = remote fault condition detected (cleared on read);              | 0, RO             |
|      |                  | 0 = no remote fault condition detected.                             |                   |
| 3    | Auto Negotiation | 1 = Link had not been experienced fail state.                       | 1, RD             |
|      |                  | 0 = Link had been experienced fail state                            |                   |
| 2    | Link Status      | 1 = valid link established;   | 0, RO             |
|      |                  | 0 = no valid link established.                                      |                   |
| 1    | Jabber Detect    | 1 = jabber condition detected; $0 = no jabber condition detected$ . | 0, RO             |
| 0    | Extended         | 1 = extended register capability;                                   | 1, RO             |
|      | Capability       | 0 = basic register capability only.                                 |                   |

# 5.20 Auto-negotiation Advertisement Register



(Offset 0066h-0067h, R/W)

| Bit   | Name     | Description/Usage   | Default/Attribute |
|-------|----------|---|-------------------|
| 15    | NP       | Next Page bit.  | 0, RO             |
|       |          | 1 = transmitting the protocol specific data page;               |                   |
|       |          | 0 = transmitting the primary capability data page               |                   |
| 14    | ACK      | 1 = acknowledge reception of link partner capability data word. | 0, RO             |
| 13    | RF       | 1 = advertise remote fault detection capability;                | 0, RW             |
|       |          | 0 = do not advertise remote fault detection capability.         |                   |
| 12-11 | -        | Reserved  | =                 |
| 10    | Pause    | 1 = flow control is supported by local node.                    | The default value |
|       |          | 0 = flow control is not supported by local mode.                | comes from        |
|       |          |   | EEPROM, RO        |
| 9     | T4       | 1 = 100Base-T4 is supported by local node;                      | 0, RO             |
|       |          | 0 = 100Base-T4 not supported by local node.                     |                   |
| 8     | TXFD     | 1 = 100Base-TX full duplex is supported by local node;          | 1, RW             |
|       |          | 0 = 100Base-TX full duplex not supported by local node.         |                   |
| 7     | TX       | 1 = 100Base-TX is supported by local node;                      | 1, RW             |
|       |          | 0 = 100Base-TX not supported by local node.                     |                   |
| 6     | 10FD     | 1 = 10Base-T full duplex supported by local node;               | 1, RW             |
|       |          | 0 = 10Base-T full duplex not supported by local node.           |                   |
| 5     | 10       | 1 = 10Base-T is supported by local node;                        | 1, RW             |
|       |          | 0 = 10Base-T not supported by local node.                       |                   |
| 4-0   | Selector | Binary encoded selector supported by this node. Currently only  | <00001>, RW       |
|       |          | CSMA/CD <00001> is specified. No other protocols are supported. |                   |

# 5.21 Auto-Negotiation Link Partner Ability Register

(Offset 0068h-0069h, R)

| Bit   | Name      | Description/Usage  | Default/Attribute |
|-------|-----------|--|-------------------|
| 15    | NP        | Next Page bit.   | 0, RO             |
|       |           | 1 = transmitting the protocol specific data page;                  |                   |
|       |           | 0 = transmitting the primary capability data page                  |                   |
| 14    | ACK       | 1 = link partner acknowledges reception of local node's capability | 0, RO             |
|       |           | data word.   |                   |
| 13    | RF        | 1 = link partner is indicating a remote fault.                     | 0, RO             |
| 12-11 | -         | Reserved   | =                 |
| 10    | Pause     | 1 = Flow control is supported by link partner;                     | 0, RO             |
|       |           | 0 = Flow control is not supported by link partner                  |                   |
| 9     | <b>T4</b> | 1 = 100Base-T4 is supported by link partner;                       | 0, RO             |
|       |           | 0 = 100Base-T4 not supported by link partner                       |                   |
| 8     | TXFD      | 1 = 100Base-TX full duplex is supported by link partner;           | 0, RO             |
|       |           | 0 = 100Base-TX full duplex not supported by link partner           |                   |
| 7     | TX        | 1 = 100Base-TX is supported by link partner;                       | 0, RO             |
|       |           | 0 = 100Base-TX not supported by link partner                       |                   |
| 6     | 10FD      | 1 = 10Base-T full duplex is supported by link partner;             | 0, RO             |
|       |           | 0 = 10Base-T full duplex not supported by link partner             |                   |
| 5     | 10        | 1 = 10Base-T is supported by link partner;                         | 0, RO             |
|       |           | 0 = 10Base-T not supported by link partner                         |                   |
| 4-0   | Selector  | Link Partner's binary encoded node selector. Currently only        | <00000>, RO       |
|       |           | CSMA/CD <00001> is specified.                                      |                   |



# 5.22 Auto-negotiation Expansion Register

#### (Offset 006Ah-006Bh, R)

This register contains additional status for NWay auto-negotiation.

| Bit  | Name        | Description/Usage   | Default/Attribute |
|------|-------------|---|-------------------|
| 15-5 | -           | Reserved. These bits are always set to 0.   | -                 |
| 4    | MLF         | Status indicating if a multiple link fault has occurred.  | 0, RO             |
|      | I D ND ADIE | 1 = fault occurred; 0 = no fault occurred.  | 0. DO             |
| 3    | LP_NP_ABLE  | Status indicating if the link partner supports Next Page negotiation. 1 = supported; 0 = not supported.                           | 0, RO             |
| 2    | NP_ABLE     | This bit indicates if the local node is able to send additional Next Pages.   | 0, RO             |
| 1    | PAGE_RX     | This bit is set when a new Link Code Word Page has been received. The bit is automatically cleared when the auto-negotiation link | 0, RO             |
|      |             | partner's ability register (register 5) is read by management.  |                   |
| 0    | LP_NW_ABLE  | 1 = link partner supports NWay auto-negotiation.  | 0, RO             |

#### **5.23 Disconnect Counter**

## (Offset 006Ch-006Dh, R)

| Bit  | Name | Description/Usage  | Default/Attribute |
|------|------|--|-------------------|
| 15-0 | DCNT | This 16-bit counter increments by 1 for every disconnect event. It   | h'[0000],         |
|      |      | rolls over when becomes full. It is cleared to zero by read command. | R                 |

#### **5.24 False Carrier Sense Counter**

# (Offset 006Eh-006Fh, R)

| Bit  | Name   | Description/Usage   | Default/Attribute |
|------|--------|---|-------------------|
| 15-0 | FCSCNT | This 16-bit counter increments by 1 for each false carrier event. It is | h'[0000],         |
|      |        | cleared to zero by read command.  | R                 |

# 5.25 NWay Test Register

#### (Offset 0070h-0071h, R/W)

| Bit  | Name    | Description/Usage                                       | Default/Attribute |
|------|---------|---|-------------------|
| 15-8 | -       | Reserved  | -                 |
| 7    | NWLPBK  | 1 = set NWay to loopback mode.                          | 0, RW             |
| 6-4  | -       | Reserved  | -                 |
| 3    | ENNWLE  | 1 = LED0 Pin indicates linkpulse                        | 0, RW             |
| 2    | FLAGABD | 1 = Auto-neg experienced ability detect state           | 0, RO             |
| 1    | FLAGPDF | 1 = Auto-neg experienced parallel detection fault state | 0, RO             |
| 0    | FLAGLSC | 1 = Auto-neg experienced link status check state        | 0, RO             |

## 5.26 RX\_ER Counter

## (Offset 0072h-0073h, R)

|   |     |      | • •               |                   |
|---|-----|------|-------------------|-------------------|
| ] | Bit | Name | Description/Usage | Default/Attribute |



| 15-0 | RXERCNT | This 16-bit counter increments by 1 for each valid packet received. | h'[0000], |
|------|---------|---|-----------|
|      |         | It is cleared to zero by a read command.                            | R         |

# **5.27 CS Configuration Register**

(Offset 0074h-0075h, R/W)

| Bit             | Name       | Description/Usage  | Default/Attribute |
|-----------------|------------|--|-------------------|
| 15              | Testfun    | 1 = Auto-neg speeds up internal timer                                | 0,WO              |
| 14-10           | -          | Reserved   | -                 |
| 9               | LD         | Active low TPI link disable signal. When low, TPI still transmits    | 1, RW             |
|                 |            | link pulses and TPI stays in good link state.                        |                   |
| 8               | HEART BEAT | 1 = HEART BEAT enable, 0 = HEART BEAT disable. HEART                 | 1, RW             |
|                 |            | BEAT function is only valid in 10Mbps mode.                          |                   |
| 7               | JBEN       | 1 = enable jabber function. $0 = $ disable jabber function           | 1, RW             |
| 6               | F_LINK_100 | Used to login force good link in 100Mbps for diagnostic purposes. 1  | 1, RW             |
|                 |            | = DISABLE, 0 = ENABLE.   |                   |
| 5               | F_Connect  | Assertion of this bit forces the disconnect function to be bypassed. | 0, RW             |
| 4               | -          | Reserved   | -                 |
| 3               | Con_status | This bit indicates the status of the connection. 1 = valid connected | 0, RO             |
|                 |            | link detected; 0 = disconnected link detected.                       |                   |
| 2 Con_status_En |            | Assertion of this bit configures LED1 pin to indicate connection     | 0, RW             |
|                 |            | status.  |                   |
| 1               | -          | Reserved   | -                 |
| 0               | PASS_SCR   | Bypass Scramble  | 0, RW             |

# 5.28 Config5: Configuration Register 5

# (Offset 00D8h, R/W)

This register, unlike other Config registers, is not protected by 93C46 Command register. I.e. there is no need to enable Config register write prior to writing to Config5.

| Bit | R/W | Symbol      | Description   |
|-----|-----|-------------|---|
| 7   | -   | -           | Reserved  |
| 6   | R/W | BWF         | Broadcast Wakeup Frame:   |
|     |     |             | 1: Enable Broadcast Wakeup Frame with mask bytes of only DID        |
|     |     |             | field = FF FF FF FF FF.   |
|     |     |             | 0: Default value. Disable Broadcast Wakeup Frame with mask bytes    |
|     |     |             | of only DID field = FF FF FF FF FF.                                 |
|     |     |             | The power-on default value of this bit is 0.                        |
| 5   | R/W | MWF         | Multicast Wakeup Frame:   |
|     |     |             | 1: Enable Multicast Wakeup Frame with mask bytes of only DID        |
|     |     |             | field, which is a multicast address.                                |
|     |     |             | 0: Default value. Disable Multicast Wakeup Frame with mask bytes    |
|     |     |             | of only DID field, which is a multicast address.                    |
|     |     |             | The power-on default value of this bit is 0.                        |
| 4   | R/W | UWF         | Unicast Wakeup Frame:   |
|     |     |             | 1: Enable Unicast Wakeup Frame with mask bytes of only DID field,   |
|     |     |             | which is its own physical address.                                  |
|     |     |             | 0: Default value. Disable Unicast Wakeup Frame with mask bytes of   |
|     |     |             | only DID field, which is its own physical address.                  |
|     |     |             | The power-on default value of this bit is 0.                        |
| 3   | R/W | FIFOAddrPtr | FIFO Address Pointer: (Realtek internal use only to test FIFO SRAM) |





|   |     |         | 1: Both Rx and Tx FIFO address pointers are updated in descending way from 1FFh and downwards. The initial FIFO address pointer is 1FFh.  0: (Power-on) default value. Both Rx and Tx FIFO address pointers are updated in ascending way from 0 and upwards. The initial FIFO address pointer is 0.  Note: This bit does not participate in EEPROM auto-load. The FIFO address pointers can not be reset, except initial power-on.  The power-on default value of this bit is 0. |
|---|-----|---------|--|
| 2 | R/W | LDPS    | Link Down Power Saving mode:  1: Disable.  0: Enable. When cable is disconnected (Link Down), the analog part will power down itself (PHY Tx part & part of twister) automatically except PHY Rx part and part of twister to monitor SD signal in case that cable is re-connected and Link should be established again.  |
| 1 | R/W | LANWake | LANWake signal enable/disable:  1: Enable LANWake signal.  0: Disable LANWake signal.  |
| 0 | R/W | PME_STS | PME_Status bit: Always sticky/can be reset by PCI RST# and software.  1: The PME_Status bit can be reset by PCI reset or by software.  0: The PME_Status bit can only be reset by software.  |

Config5 register, offset D8h: (SYM\_ERR register is changed to Config5, the function of SYM\_ERR register is no longer supported by RTL8101L.)

The 3 bits (bit2-0) are auto-loaded from EEPROM Config5 byte to RTL8101L Config5 register.



# 6. MC'97 Controller Register and Descriptor Descriptions

|             | MC'97 Registers |     |   |  |  |
|-------------|-----------------|-----|---|--|--|
| Offset      | R/W             | Tag | Description   |  |  |
| 0000h       | R/W             |     | The Starting Descriptor Index for LINE1-Out                     |  |  |
| 0001h       | R               |     | The Current Descriptor Index for LINE1-Out                      |  |  |
| 0002h       | R/W             |     | The Last Descriptor Index for LINE1-Out                         |  |  |
| 0003h       | R               |     | LINE1-Out DMA Status Register                                   |  |  |
| 0004h-0005h | R/W             |     | LINE1-Out DMA Control Register                                  |  |  |
| 0006h-0007h | R               |     | Residual Samples Count in Current LINE1-Out Descriptor Register |  |  |
| 0008h-000Bh | -               |     | Reserved  |  |  |
| 000Ch-000Fh | R/W             |     | LINE1-Out Descriptor Base Address Register                      |  |  |
| 0010h       | R/W             |     | The Starting Descriptor Index for LINE1-In                      |  |  |
| 0011h       | R               |     | The Current Descriptor Index for LINE1-In                       |  |  |
| 0012h       | R/W             |     | The Last Descriptor Index for LINE1-In                          |  |  |
| 0013h       | R               |     | LINE1-In DMA Status Register                                    |  |  |
| 0014h-0015h | R/W             |     | LINE1-In DMA Control Register                                   |  |  |
| 0016h-0017h | R               |     | Residual Samples Count in Current LINE1-In Descriptor Register  |  |  |
| 0018h-001Bh | -               |     | Reserved  |  |  |
| 001Ch-001Fh | R/W             |     | LINE1-In Descriptor Base Address Register                       |  |  |
| 0020h-0021h | R/W             |     | AC-LINK Control register  |  |  |
| 0022h-0023h | R/W             |     | AC-LINK Status and Index register                               |  |  |
| 0024h-0025h | R/W             |     | AC-LINK Data Port   |  |  |
| 0026h-0027h | R/W             |     | MC97 GPIO Control Register                                      |  |  |
| 0028h-0029h | R               |     | MC97 GPIO Status Register                                       |  |  |
| 002Ah-002Bh | R/W             |     | Interrupt Status Register                                       |  |  |
| 002Ch-002Dh | R/W             |     | PCI GPIO Setup Register (PCIGPIO)                               |  |  |
| 002Eh-002Fh | R/W             |     | PCI GPIO Status Register (PCIGPIOSR)                            |  |  |

# **6.1 The Starting Descriptor Index for LINE-Out**

(Offset 0000h, R/W)

| Bit | R/W | Symbol   | Description   |
|-----|-----|----------|---|
| 7-5 | -   | -        | Reserved  |
| 4-0 | R/W | LO_SDILO | Assign the first descriptor to be run when LINE1-Out bus master starts. |

## **6.2** The Current Descriptor Index for LINE-Out

(Offset 0001h, RO)

| Bit | R/W | Symbol   | Description                                    |
|-----|-----|----------|--|
| 7-5 | -   | -        | Reserved                                       |
| 4-0 | R   | LO_CDILO | Indicates the current descriptor been running. |

# **6.3** The Last Descriptor Index for LINE-Out

(Offset 0002h, R/W)

| I | Bit | R/W | Symbol | Description |
|---|-----|-----|--------|-------------|
|   | 7-5 | -   | =      | Reserved    |



| 4-0 | R | LO_LDILO | Assign the last descriptor to be run. After the last transaction has been |
|-----|---|----------|---|
|     |   |          | completed for this last descriptor, LINE-Out bus master should stop.      |

# **6.4 LINE-Out DMA Status Register**

(Offset 0003h, RO)

| Bit | R/W | Symbol       | Description  |
|-----|-----|--------------|--|
| 7-2 | -   | -            | Reserved   |
| 1   | R   | LO_Curr_Last | Current descriptor is the last descriptor. This bit will be auto cleared     |
| 0   | R   | LO_LH        | The LINE-Out bus master is not active or the last descriptor has finished    |
|     |     |              | transaction. This bit will be auto cleared by H/W when bus master is active. |

# 6.5 LINE-Out DMA Control Register

(Offset 0004h-0005h, R/W)

| Bit   | R/W | Symbol    | Description   |
|-------|-----|-----------|---|
| 15-12 | -   | -         | Reserved  |
| 11-8  | R/W | LO DMA TH | LINE-OUT DMA Threshold Control:   |
|       |     |           | 0,1: When FIFO is empty, DMA will be triggered.                                 |
|       |     |           | 2,3: When sample number in FIFO < 2, DMA will be triggered.                     |
|       |     |           |   |
|       |     |           | E,F: When sample number in FIFO < 14, DMA will be triggered.                    |
|       |     |           | Once LINE1-Out DMA is triggered, DMA will continuously read from                |
|       |     |           | System memory until samples number in FIFO is equal to threshold.               |
| 7     | R/W | LO_RS_DMA | Set to clear all registers (offset at 0000h ~ 0007h) related to DMA, and        |
|       |     |           | output FIFO should be flushed. This bit is auto cleared and should be set       |
|       |     |           | only when DMA is halted.  |
| 6-5   | -   | -         | Reserved  |
| 4     | R/W | FIFOUNIE  | FIFO Under-Run Interrupt Enable:  |
|       |     |           | 1: Enable interrupt caused by FIFO under-run.                                   |
|       |     |           | 0: Disable interrupt caused by FIFO under-run even the 'FIFO_un' is set.        |
| 3     | R/W | LO_CDIE   | <b>Current Descriptor Interrupt Enable:</b>                                     |
|       |     |           | 1: Enable interrupt caused by current descriptor has finished its transaction.  |
|       |     |           | 0: Disable interrupt caused by current descriptor even the 'Curr_End' is set.   |
| 2     | R/W | LO_LDIE   | Last Descriptor Interrupt Enable:   |
|       |     |           | 1: Enable interrupt caused by the last descriptor has finished its transaction. |
|       |     |           | 0: Disable interrupt caused by the last descriptor even the 'Last_End' is set.  |
| 1     | R/W | LO_PDMA   | Pause LINE-Out DMA:   |
|       |     |           | 1: The LINE1-Out DMA is paused. FIFO request to PCI bus is frozen,              |
|       |     |           | residual data in FIFO send to AC-LINK is also froze, whether controller         |
|       |     |           | should continuously send the latest data before FIFO froze depends on           |
|       |     |           | the BU setting for descriptor.  |
|       |     |           | 0: resume DMA   |
| 0     | R/W | LO_Start  | LINE-Out DMA Start/Stop:  |
|       |     |           | 1: Start bus master transaction, and the first descriptor assigned in           |
|       |     |           | "Starting Descriptor Index".  |
|       |     |           | 0: Stop bus master transaction  |

# 6.6 Residual Samples Count in Current LINE-Out Descriptor Register



#### (Offset 0006h - 0007h, R/W)

| Bit  | R/W | Symbol | Description   |
|------|-----|--------|---|
| 15-0 | R   | LO_RSS | The residual samples number should be read in system memory for |
|      |     |        | current descriptor. (sample: a 16-bit word)                     |

## 6.7 LINE-Out Descriptor Base Address Register

#### (Offset 000Ch – 000Fh, R/W)

| Bit  | R/W | Symbol | Description   |
|------|-----|--------|---|
| 31-2 | R/W | LO_DBA | LINE-Out Descriptor Base Address [31:2]                 |
| 1-0  | R   |        | LINE-Out Descriptor Base Address [1:0]. Hardwired to 0. |

#### 6.8 The Starting Descriptor Index for LINE-In

## (Offset 0010h, R/W)

| Bit | R/W | Symbol   | Description   |
|-----|-----|----------|---|
| 7-5 | -   | -        | Reserved  |
| 4-0 | R/W | LI_SDILI | Assign the first descriptor to be run when LINE-In bus master starts. |

#### 6.9 The Current Descriptor Index for LINE-In

#### (Offset 0011h, RO)

| Bit | R/W | Symbol   | Description                                    |
|-----|-----|----------|--|
| 7-5 | -   | -        | Reserved                                       |
| 4-0 | R   | LI_CDILI | Indicates the current descriptor been running. |

# **6.10 The Last Descriptor Index for LINE-In**

### (Offset 0012h, R/W)

| Bit | R/W | Symbol   | Description   |
|-----|-----|----------|---|
| 7-5 | -   | -        | Reserved  |
| 4-0 | R   | LI_LDILI | Assign the last descriptor to be run. After the last transaction has been completed for this last descriptor, LINE-In bus master should stop. |

# **6.11 LINE-In DMA Status Register**

#### (Offset 0013h, RO)

| Bit | R/W | Symbol       | Description  |
|-----|-----|--------------|--|
| 7-2 | -   | -            | Reserved   |
| 1   | R   | LI_Curr_Last | Current descriptor is the last descriptor. This bit will be auto cleared     |
| 0   | R   | LI_LH        | The LINE-In bus master is not active or the last descriptor has finished     |
|     |     |              | transaction. This bit will be auto cleared by H/W when bus master is active. |

## **6.12 LINE-In DMA Control Register**



(Offset 0014h-0015h, R/W)

| Bit   | R/W  | Symbol    | Description  |
|-------|------|-----------|--|
| 15-12 | -    | -         | Reserved   |
| 11-8  | R/W  | LI_DMA_TH | LINE-In DMA Threshold Control:   |
|       |      |           | 0,1: When FIFO is empty, DMA will be triggered.  |
|       |      |           | 2,3: When sample number in FIFO >= 2, DMA will be triggered.   |
|       |      |           |  |
|       |      |           | E,F: When sample number in FIFO >=14, DMA will be triggered.   |
|       |      |           | Once LINE-In DMA is triggered, DMA will continuously read from   |
|       | - /  |           | System memory until samples number in FIFO is equal to threshold.  |
| 7     | R/W  | LI_RS_DMA | Set to clear all registers (offset at 0010h ~ 0017h) related to DMA, and   |
|       |      |           | output FIFO should be flushed. This bit is auto cleared and should be set  |
| 6.5   |      |           | only when DMA is halted.   |
| 6-5   | -    | -         | Reserved   |
| 4     | R/W  | FIFOOVIE  | FIFO Over-Run Interrupt Enable:  |
|       |      |           | 1: Enable interrupt caused by FIFO over-run.   |
| 2     | D/M/ | II CDIE   | 0: Disable interrupt caused by FIFO over-run even the 'FIFO_ov' is set.  |
| 3     | R/W  | LI_CDIE   | Current Descriptor Interrupt Enable:   |
|       |      |           | 1: Enable interrupt caused by current descriptor has finished its transaction.                                     |
|       | D/W  | LLIDIE    | 0: Disable interrupt caused by current descriptor even the 'Curr_End' is set.                                      |
| 2     | R/W  | LI_LDIE   | Last Descriptor Interrupt Enable:  1: Enable interrupt caused by the last descriptor has finished its transaction. |
|       |      |           | 0: Disable interrupt caused by the last descriptor even the 'Last End' is set.                                     |
| 1     | R/W  | LI PDMA   | Pause LINE-In DMA:   |
| 1     | K/ W | LI_FDMA   | 1: The LINE1-In DMA is paused. FIFO send to PCI bus is frozen, data in   |
|       |      |           | FIFO received from AC-LINK is flushed, whether controller should   |
|       |      |           | continuously send the latest data before FIFO froze depends on the BU  |
|       |      |           | setting for descriptor.  |
|       |      |           | 0: resume DMA  |
| 0     | R/W  | LI_Start  | LINE-In DMA Start/Stop:  |
|       |      | ~         | 1: Start bus master transaction, and the first descriptor assigned in  |
|       |      |           | "Starting Descriptor Index".   |
|       |      |           | 0: Stop bus master transaction   |

# 6.13 Residual Samples Count in Current LINE-In Descriptor Register

(Offset 0016h - 0017h, R/W)

| Bit  | R/W | Symbol | Description   |
|------|-----|--------|---|
| 15-0 | R   | LI_RSS | The residual samples number should be read in system memory for |
|      |     |        | current descriptor. (sample: a 16-bit word)                     |

## 6.14 Line-In Descriptor Base Address Register

(Offset 001Ch - 001Fh, R/W)

| Bit  | R/W | Symbol | Description  |
|------|-----|--------|--|
| 31-2 | R/W | LI_DBA | LINE-In Descriptor Base Address [31:2].                |
| 1-0  | R   |        | LINE-In Descriptor Base Address [1:0]. Hardwired to 0. |

<sup>•</sup> The LINE-In Descriptor Base Address (LI\_DBA) points to the starting address of continuous 64 double WORD descriptor's DMA context stored in main memory.



# 6.15 MC'97-Link Control Register

(Offset 0020h-0021h, R/W)

| Bit  | R/W    | Symbol      | Description  |
|------|--------|-------------|--|
| 15-8 | -      | =           | Reserved   |
| 7    | R/W    | MCSDLB      | 1: MC97_SDATAIN source comes from MC97_SDATAOUT.   |
|      |        |             | 0: Normal (MC97_SDATAIN source comes from MC97)  |
| 6    | -      | =           | Reserved   |
| 5    | R/W    | ACLINK_WPE  | AC-LINK Wake-up PME# Enable: <b>0</b> ❷  |
|      |        |             | 1: Enable a PME# when MC'97 issues a wake-up event on MC-LINK.   |
|      |        |             | 0: Disable   |
|      |        |             | If it is disabled, AC-LINK wake-up event doesn't set PME_Status  |
|      |        |             | (PCR4C.15), but AC-LINK wake-up event (ACLINK_WES) is still  |
|      |        |             | indicated in INTSR.4.  |
| 4    | R/W    | ACLINK_WIE  | AC-LINK Wake-up Interrupt Enable: 0  |
|      |        |             | 1: Enable an interrupt when MC'97 issues a wake-up event on AC-LINK.   |
|      |        |             | 0: Disable  If it is disabled AC I INIV walts up event decap't twigger interpunt but   |
|      |        |             | If it is disabled, AC-LINK wake-up event doesn't trigger interrupt, but AC-LINK wake-up event (ACLINK WES) is still indicated in INTSR.4 |
| 3    | R/W    | ACLINK_OFF  | AC-LINK wake-up event (ACLINK_WES) is suit indicated in INTSR.4  AC-LINK Shut Off: ②   |
| 3    | IX/ W  | ACLINK_OFF  | 1: Drive all AC-LINK outputs low if AC97 BITCLK is stopped, also   |
|      |        |             | disable Line-In buffer. It's software's responsibility to set this bit after   |
|      |        |             | power-down MC'97 command to enable AC-LINK wake-up event   |
|      |        |             | function. It means that wake-up functions defined in bit[5:4] and  |
|      |        |             | ACLINK_WES (INTSR.4) will be effective when this bit is set.   |
|      |        |             | 0: Normal operation  |
| 2    | R/W    | ACLINK_WRST | MC'97 Warm Reset:  |
|      |        |             | 1: Writing a '1' to drive AC97_SYNC high at least 1.2us  |
|      |        |             | Writing a '1' to this bit only effective while AC97_BITCLK is stopped.   |
|      |        |             | If software wants to issue a warm reset while AC97_BITCLK is running,  |
|      |        |             | the write is ignored and this bit is unchanged.  |
|      |        |             | 0: No effect (normal)  |
| 1    | R/W    | ACLINK CRST | This bit is auto cleared by hardware after warm reset had been issued.  MC'97 Cold Reset:  |
| 1    | IX/ VV | ACLINK_CKS1 | 1: Writing a '1' to drive AC97 RESET# low at least 1.2 us.   |
|      |        |             | 0: No effect (normal, AC97 RESET# kept as high.)   |
|      |        |             | This bit is auto set by hardware after cold reset had been issued.   |
| 0    | R/W    | GPIE        | GPI Interrupt Enable:  |
|      |        |             | 1: The change on GPI Interrupt Status (AC-LINK status bit-0 of slot-12)  |
|      |        |             | will cause an interrupt on PCI interface.  |
|      |        |             | 0: Interrupt is not generated even GPI Interrupt Status is set.  |

<sup>•</sup> AC-LINK wake-up event: AC97\_SDATAIN is resumed a high while AC-LINK signals are shut off.

# 6.16 MC'97-Link Status and Index Register

(Offset 0022h-0023h, R/W)

| Bit | R/W | Symbol    | Description   |
|-----|-----|-----------|---|
| 15  | R   | ACLINK_BZ | AC-LINK busy:   |
|     |     |           | 1: AC-LINK is busy on a MC'97 register read/write transaction.              |
|     |     |           | 0: No access is in progress   |
|     |     |           | It is set when controller is doing an AC-LINK read/write transaction, it is |
|     |     |           | auto cleared by hardware after the transaction has been finished or         |

<sup>2</sup> Bit 5 and bit 3 are sticky bits preserved by consuming power from Vaux.



|       | 1   | 1          |  |
|-------|-----|------------|--|
|       |     |            | AC-LINK Read Time-Out is set. Software should check this bit before          |
|       |     |            | doing an AC-LINK Read/Write command. Any written data into bit[7:0]          |
|       |     |            | before this bit is cleared by HW will be ignored.                            |
| 14    | R   | MC_RDY     | 1: MC'97 is in ready state. This bit indicates the state of bit-15 in slot-0 |
|       |     |            | of AC97_SDATAIN.   |
|       |     |            | 0: MC'97 is not ready.   |
| 13    | R   | ACLINK_RTO | AC-LINK Read Time-Out:   |
|       |     |            | 1: It is set when MC'97 doesn't response the read command in 4 AC-LINK       |
|       |     |            | frames. This bit is auto cleared by hardware when controller receive data    |
|       |     |            | from MC'97 in 4 frames since the read command has been issued.               |
|       |     |            | 0: MC'97 read completed  |
|       |     |            | Or it is cleared when each time Command Bit (ACLINK_CB) is written.          |
| 12    | R   | ACLINK_RD  | AC-LINK Read Data is Available:  |
|       |     |            | 1: The read data is available  |
|       |     |            | 0: The read data is not available  |
|       |     |            | This bit is set after data has been get from AC-LINK, and is cleared         |
|       |     |            | when each time Command Bit (ACLINK_CB) is written.                           |
|       |     |            | This bit is also set when AC-LINK Read Time-Out is set, software             |
|       |     |            | should ignore the read back data in this case.                               |
| 11-10 | -   | -          | Reserved   |
| 9     | R   | GPIO_BZ,   | GPIO output data status:   |
|       |     |            | 1: Previous data has not been sent yet.                                      |
|       |     |            | 0: Previous data had been sent.  |
|       |     |            | This bit is set by hardware after software writes data into GPIOCR and       |
|       |     |            | the transaction on SDATA-OUT slot-12 has not been finished. It is auto       |
|       |     |            | cleared by hardware after the transaction on SDATA-OUT slot-12 had           |
|       |     |            | been finished.   |
| 8     | R   | GPIO_INT   | GPIO Interrupt: 2  |
|       |     |            | 1: GPIO interrupt  |
|       |     |            | 0: no GPIO interrupt   |
|       |     |            | This bit reflects the state of bit 0 in Slot 12 of SDATA-IN.                 |
| 7     | R/W | ACLINK_CB  | AC-LINK Command Bit:   |
|       |     |            | 1: Read mixer command  |
|       |     |            | 0: Write mixer command   |
| 6-0   | R/W | ACLINK_CIP | AC-LINK Mixer Command Index Port   |

<sup>•</sup>AC-LINK wake-up event: AC97\_SDATAIN is resumed a high while AC-LINK signals are shut off.

#### 6.17 AC-Link Data Port

### (Offset 0024h - 0025h, R/W)

|      |     | <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u> |   |
|------|-----|---|---|
| Bit  | R/W | Symbol  | Description                                 |
| 15-0 | R/W | ACLINK_DP                                     | Write: 16 bits mixer data written to MC'97. |
|      |     |   | Read: 16 bits mixer read from MC'97.        |

<sup>•</sup> The written data should be sent to MC97 when writing to ACLINK\_CB.

#### 6.18 GPIO Control to MC'97

**②**Bit 8 reflect the real time GPIO interrupt status on SDATA-IN from MC97. It is latched from SDATA-IN input slot 12 bit 0 when data is valid.

**②** The read data is effective if ACLINK\_RD=1 (AC-LINK data is available).

<sup>1</sup> It is mapped into different data port, any read from this port always get mixer data from MC97, not written data to MC97.



#### (Offset 0026h - 0027h, R/W)

| ı | Bit  | R/W | Symbol | Description              |
|---|------|-----|--------|--------------------------|
| ı | 15-0 | R/W | GPIOOD | MC97's GPIO output data. |

<sup>•</sup> Bit [15:0] control the GPIO [15:0] output of MC97. Bit 15~0 are sent on SDATA-OUT slot-12 bit 19 to bit 4.

## 6.19 Real Time GPIO Input Data From MC'97

## (Offset 0028h - 0029h, RO)

| Bit  | R/W | Symbol | Description             |
|------|-----|--------|-------------------------|
| 15-0 | R   | GPIOID | MC97's GPIO input data. |

<sup>•</sup> These bits reflect the real time GPIO input status on SDATA-IN from MC97. Bit 15~0 are latched from SDATA-IN input slot 12 bit 19~4 when data is valid.

#### 6.20 Interrupt Status Register

## (Offset 002Ah-002Bh, R/W)

| Bit   | R/W | Symbol       | Description  |
|-------|-----|--------------|--|
| 15    | R/W | SERR_IE      | SERR# Interrupt Enable:  |
|       |     |              | 1: Enable interrupt when RTL8101L signals SERR# on PCI bus                     |
|       |     |              | 0: Disable   |
| 14    | R/W | SERR_IS      | SERR# Interrupt Status:  |
|       |     |              | 1: SERR# interrupt, RTL8101L signals SERR# on PCI bus.                         |
|       |     |              | 0: No SERR# interrupt.   |
|       |     |              | This controller will generate an SERR# interrupt when (SERR_IE=1) &            |
|       |     |              | (SERR# Status=1, Status[14] in configuration space).                           |
|       |     |              | Write a '1' to clear this bit and its interrupt.                               |
| 13-10 | -   | -            | Reserved   |
| 9     | R/W | PCIGPIO1_IS· | PCIGPIO1 Interrupt Status:   |
|       |     |              | 1: PCIGPIO1 interrupt.   |
|       |     |              | 0: No PCIGPIO1 interrupt.  |
|       |     |              | Write 1 to clear this status bit and its interrupt.                            |
| 8     | R/W | PCIGPIO0_IS  | PCIGPIO0 Interrupt Status:   |
|       |     |              | 1: PCIGPIO0 interrupt.   |
|       |     |              | 0: No PCIGPIO0 interrupt.  |
|       |     |              | Write 1 to clear this status bit and its interrupt.                            |
| 7     | R/W | FIFO_ov      | LINE-In's FIFO Over-run:   |
|       |     |              | 1: FIFO error indicates a FIFO over-run. And it will cause an interrupt if     |
|       |     |              | theenable bit in Control Register is set. This bit and its interrupt should    |
|       |     |              | be cleared by written a '1'. The data received after overrun occurs will       |
|       |     |              | not come into FIFO.  |
| 6     | R/W | LI_Curr_End  | Completion of current LINE-In's descriptor:                                    |
|       |     |              | 1: The current descriptor has sent the last sample to system memory. And       |
|       |     |              | it will cause an interrupt if the enable bit in Control Register is set. This  |
|       |     |              | bit and its interrupt should be cleared by written a '1'.                      |
| 5     | R/W | LI_Last_End  | Completion of the last LINE-In's descriptor:                                   |
|       |     |              | 1: The last descriptor has sent the last sample to system memory. And it       |
|       |     |              | will cause an interrupt if the enable bit in Control Register is set. This bit |
|       |     |              | and its interrupt should be cleared by written a '1'.                          |

② Software should check ACSIR.9 (GPIO\_Busy) before writing data. If GPIO\_Busy is set by hardware and bit[15:0] are changed, any pending data will be overwritten.

② These bits are real-time updated according to SDATA-IN slot-12 in every frame.



| 4 | R/W    | ACLINK WES  | AC-LINK Wake-up Event Status:   |
|---|--------|-------------|---|
| 4 | IV/ VV | ACLINK_WES  | 1: AC-LINK wake-up event occurred.  |
|   |        |             | •   |
|   |        |             | 0: No wake-up event.  |
|   |        |             | This bit is set if ACLINK wake-up event is detected. This controller will     |
|   |        |             | generate an interrupt when (ACLINK_WES=1) & (ACLINK_WIE=1).                   |
|   |        |             | Writing a '1' to clear this bit, and its interrupt.                           |
|   |        |             | This bit will not be set when ACLINK Shut-Off (ACCR.3) is 0. Once it          |
|   |        |             | is set by an ACLINK wake-up event, it can only be cleared after               |
|   |        |             | ACLINK Shut-Off is cleared.   |
| 3 | R/W    | FIFO_un     | LINE1-Out FIFO Under-run:   |
|   |        |             | 1: FIFO error indicates a FIFO under-run. And it will cause an interrupt      |
|   |        |             | if the enable bit in LINE1-Out's Control Register is set. This bit and its    |
|   |        |             | interrupt should be cleared by written a '1'.                                 |
| 2 | R/W    | LO Curr End | Completion of current Line1-Out's descriptor:                                 |
|   |        |             | 1: The current LINE1-Out's descriptor has got the last sample from            |
|   |        |             | system memory. And it will cause an interrupt if the enable bit in Control    |
|   |        |             | Register is set. This bit and its interrupt should be cleared by writting a   |
|   |        |             | 1'.   |
| 1 | R/W    | LO_Last_End | Completion of the last LINE1-Out's descriptor:                                |
|   |        |             | 1: The last descriptor has got the last sample from system memory. And        |
|   |        |             | it will cause an interrupt if the enable bit in Control Register is set. This |
|   |        |             | bit and its interrupt should be cleared by writing a '1'.                     |
| 0 | R/W    | GPIS        | MC97 GPIO Interrupt Status:   |
|   |        |             | 1: MC97 GPIO interrupt. The GPIO_INT (ACSIR.8) has ever been set.             |
|   |        |             | 0: No MC97 GPIO interrupt.  |
|   |        |             | This bit is set if GPIO_INT (ACSIR.8) has ever been set. This controller      |
|   |        |             | will generate an interrupt when (GPIS=1) & (GPIE=1).                          |
|   |        |             | Writing a '1' will clear this bit and its interrupt.                          |

<sup>•</sup> Bit 4 is sticky bit preserved by consuming power from Vaux.

# **6.21 PCI GPIO Setup Register**

## (Offset 002Ch-002Dh, R/W)

| (Olliset o. |     | <b>02DII, IU</b> ** <i>)</i> |   |
|-------------|-----|------------------------------|---|
| Bit         | R/W | Symbol                       | Description   |
| 15-10       | -   | -                            | Reserved  |
| 9           | R/W | PCIGPIO1_PEE                 | PCIGPIO1 PME# Event Enable (when PCIGPIO1 is used as input):          |
|             |     | _                            | 00  |
|             |     |                              | 1: Enable   |
|             |     |                              | 0: Disable  |
|             |     |                              | A low to high transaction on PCIGPIO1 will trigger the PCI PME# in D3 |
|             |     |                              | state.  |
| 8           | R/W | PCIGPIO0_PEE                 | PCIGPIO0 PME# Event Enable (when PCIGPIO0 is used as input):          |
|             |     |                              | 00  |
|             |     |                              | 1: Enable   |
|             |     |                              | 0: Disable  |
|             |     |                              | A low to high transaction on PCIGPIO0 will trigger the PCI PME# in D3 |
|             |     |                              | state.  |
| 7-6         | =   | -                            | Reserved  |
| 5           | R/W | PCIGPIO1_IE                  | PCIGPIO1 interrupt Enable (when PCIGPIO1 is used as input):           |
|             |     |                              | 1: Enable   |
|             |     |                              | 0: Disable  |
|             |     |                              | A low to high transaction PCIGPIO1 will trigger the PCI interrupt.    |
| 4           | R/W | PCIGPIO0_IE                  | PCIGPIO0 interrupt Enable (when PCIGPIO0 is used as input):           |

**②** When PCIGPIOx pin is used as input.





|     |     |             | 1: Enable  |
|-----|-----|-------------|--|
|     |     |             | 0: Disable   |
|     |     |             | A low to high transaction PCIGPIO0 will trigger the PCI interrupt. |
| 3-2 | -   | -           | Reserved   |
| 1   | R/W | PCIGPIO1_PC | PCIGPIO1 Primitiveness Control: 2                                  |
|     |     |             | 1: Set PCIGPIO1 as output pin.                                     |
|     |     |             | 0: Set PCIGPIO1 as input pin.                                      |
| 0   | R/W | PCIGPIO0_PC | PCIGPIO0 Primitiveness Control: 2                                  |
|     |     |             | 1: Set PCIGPIO0 as output pin.                                     |
|     |     |             | 0: Set PCIGPIO0 as input pin.                                      |

<sup>•</sup> The PME# only be asserted when RTL8101L is in D3 state.

**②** PCIGPIO[9:8] and PCIGPIO[1:0] are sticky bits like as PME\_Status (PMCSR.15) and PME\_EN (PMCSR.8) be power by Vaux.



## **6.22 PCI GPIO Status Register**

# (Offset 002Eh-002Fh, R/W)

| Bit   | R/W | Symbol        | Description  |
|-------|-----|---------------|--|
| 15-10 | ı   | -             | Reserved   |
| 9     | R/W | PCIGPIO1_PMES | PCIGPIO1 PME# Event Status: 0                            |
|       |     |               | 1: PCIGPIO1 PME# event has been occurred in D3 state.    |
|       |     |               | 0: No PCIGPIO1 PME# event has been occurred in D3 state. |
|       |     |               | Write a 1 to clear this status bit.                      |
| 8     | R/W | PCIGPIO0_PMES | PCIGPIO0 PME# Event Status: 0                            |
|       |     |               | 1: PCIGPIO0 PME# event has been occurred in D3 state.    |
|       |     |               | 0: No PCIGPIO0 PME# event has been occurred in D3 state. |
|       |     |               | Write a 1 to clear this status bit.                      |
| 7-2   | -   | -             | Reserved   |
| 1     | R/W | PCIGPIO1_IOS  | PCIGPIO1 Input/Output Status: ❷                          |
|       |     |               | 1: PCIGPIO1 is driven high by external device (input).   |
|       |     |               | / Drive PCIGPIO1 high (output).                          |
|       |     |               | 0: PCIGPIO1 is driven low by external device (input).    |
|       |     |               | / Drive PCIGPIO1 low (output).                           |
| 0     | R/W | PCIGPIO0_IOS  | PCIGPIO0 Input/Output Status: @                          |
|       |     |               | 1: PCIGPIO0 is driven high by external device (input).   |
|       |     |               | / Drive PCIGPIO0 high (output).                          |
|       |     |               | 0: PCIGPIO0 is driven low by external device (input).    |
|       |     |               | / Drive PCIGPIO0 low (output).                           |

<sup>•</sup> When this pin is used as input.

# 6.23 EEPROM (93C46) Command Register

# (Offset 0030h, R/W)

| Bit | R/W | Symbol |   |         | Description   |  |  |
|-----|-----|--------|---|---------|---|--|--|
| 7-6 | R/W | EEM1-0 | Operating   | Mode: T | These 2 bits select the RTL8101L operating mode.  |  |  |
|     |     |        | EEM1  | EEM0    | Operating Mode  |  |  |
|     |     |        | 0   | 0       | Normal (RTL8101L network/host communication mode)   |  |  |
|     |     |        | 0   | 1       | Auto-load: Entering this mode will make the RTL8101L load the contents of 93C46 like when the RSTB signal is asserted. This auto-load operation will take about 2 ms. After it is completed, the RTL8101L goes back to the normal mode automatically (EEM1 = EEM0 = 0) and all the other registers are reset to default values. |  |  |
|     |     |        | 1   | 0       | 93C46 programming: In this mode, both network and host bus master operations are disabled. The 93C46 can be directly accessed via bit3-0 which now reflect the states of EECS, EESK, EEDI, & EEDO pins respectively.  |  |  |
|     |     |        | 1   | 1       | Config register write enable: Before writing to CONFIGO, 1, 3, 4 registers, and bit13, 12, 8 of BMCR(offset 62h-63h), the RTL8101L must be placed in this mode. This will prevent RTL8101L's configurations from accidental change.   |  |  |
| 4-5 | -   | -      | Reserved  |         |   |  |  |
| 3   | R/W | EECS   | These bits reflect the state of EECS, EESK, EEDI & EEDO pins in |         |   |  |  |
| 2   | R/W | EESK   | auto-load or 93C46 programming mode.                            |         |   |  |  |

**②** PCIGPIOSR[9:8] and PCIGPIOSR[1:0] are sticky bits like as PME\_Status (PMCSR.15) and PME\_EN (PMCSR.8) be power by Vaux.



| 1 | R/W | EEDI |
|---|-----|------|
| 0 | R   | EEDO |

## **6.24 Context For Line-Out Descriptor**

(Offset 0000h-00FFh)

| Memory Address     | Description                             |
|--------------------|---|
| LO_DBA+0000h~0003h | DMA Address for Line-Out Descriptor 00h |
| LO_DBA+0004h~0007h | Buffer Size for Line-Out Descriptor 00h |
| LO_DBA+0008h~000Bh | DMA Address for Line-Out Descriptor 01h |
| LO_DBA+000Ch~000Fh | Buffer Size for Line-Out Descriptor 01h |
| :                  | :                                       |
| :                  | :                                       |
| LO_DBA+00F0h~00F3h | DMA Address for Line-Out Descriptor 1Eh |
| LO_DBA+00F4h~00F7h | Buffer Size for Line-Out Descriptor 1Eh |
| LO_DBA+00F8h~00FBh | DMA Address for Line-Out Descriptor 1Fh |
| LO_DBA+00FCh~00FFh | Buffer Size for Line-Out Descriptor 1Fh |

## **6.25** Context For Line-In Descriptor

(Offset 0000h-00FFh)

| Memory Address         | Description                            |
|------------------------|--|
| LI DBA+0000h~0003h     | DMA Address for Line-In Descriptor 00h |
| <br>LI_DBA+0004h~0007h | Buffer Size for Line-In Descriptor 00h |
| LI_DBA+0008h~000Bh     | DMA Address for Line-In Descriptor 01h |
| LI_DBA+000Ch~000Fh     | Buffer Size for Line-In Descriptor 01h |
| :                      | :                                      |
| :                      | :                                      |
| LI_DBA+00F0h~00F3h     | DMA Address for Line-In Descriptor 1Eh |
| LI_DBA+00F4h~00F7h     | Buffer Size for Line-In Descriptor 1Eh |
| LI_DBA+00F8h~00FBh     | DMA Address for Line-In Descriptor 1Fh |
| LI_DBA+00FCh~00FFh     | Buffer Size for Line-In Descriptor 1Fh |

## 6.26 Descriptor Definition

DMA Address for Line1-Out/In Descriptor X LxDBA+00H~03H:

| 31 |                          | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|----|--------------------------|---|---|---|
|    | DMA Start Address [31:2] |   | 0 | 0 |

Buffer Size for Line1-Out/In Descriptor X LxDBA+04H~07H:

| 31 | 30 | 29 |          | 15 | 14 |               | 1 | 0 |
|----|----|----|----------|----|----|---------------|---|---|
| I  | BU |    | Reserved |    |    | Buffer Length |   | 0 |

#### DMA Start Address [31:0]:

This is the physical start address for descriptor's DMA operation.



<u>I</u>:

When it is set to a 1 by S/W, the controller should issue an interrupt upon completion of this buffer.

#### BU:

If it is set to a 0, the controller should continuously send the last valid data when FIFO is under-run. (Keep the last data, and validates the tag bit for Slot-5 on AC\_DOUT)

If it is set 1, the controller continuously send the last invalid data when FIFO is empty or under-run. (Keep the last data, but invalidates the tag bit for Slot-5 on AC\_DOUT)

(The BU bit is only effective for LINE1-Out master)

#### Buffer Length [14:0]:

The size of data buffer is in number of 16-bit sample. So the maximum number of samples is 32767. A value of 0 means there is no sample transferred into this buffer. To achieve an efficient PCI transaction, the buffer length must be an even number.

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# 7. EEPROM (93C46) Contents

The 93C46 is a 1K-bit EEPROM. Although it is actually addressed by words, its contents are listed below by bytes for convenience. After the valid duration of the RSTB pin or auto-load command in the 9346CR, the RTL8101L performs a series of EEPROM read operations from the 93C46 addresses 00H to 31H.

\* It is suggested to obtain Realtek approval before changing the default settings of the EEPROM.

| Bytes   | Contents    | Description  |
|---------|-------------|--|
| 00h     | 29h         | These 2 bytes contain the ID code word for the RTL8101L. The RTL8101L will load the  |
| 01h     | 81h         | contents of EEPROM into the corresponding location if the ID word (8129h) is right, otherwise, the RTL8101L will not proceed with the EEPROM autoload process.   |
| 02h-05h | -           | Reserved. The RTL8101L no longer supports autoload of Vender ID and Device ID. The default values of VID and DID are hex 10EC and 8139, respectively.  |
| 06h-07h | SVID        | PCI Subsystem Vendor ID, PCI configuration space offset 2Ch-2Dh.   |
| 08h-09h | SMID        | PCI Subsystem ID, PCI configuration space offset 2Eh-2Fh.  |
| 0Ah     | MNGNT       | PCI Minimum Grant Timer, PCI configuration space offset 3Eh.   |
| 0Bh     | MXLAT       | PCI Maximum Latency Timer, PCI configuration space offset 3Fh.   |
| 0Ch     | MSRBMCR     | Bits 7-6 map to bits 7-6 of the Media Status register (MSR); Bits 5, 4, 0 map to bits 13, 12, 8 of the Basic Mode Control register (BMCR); Bits 3-2 are reserved. If the network speed is set to Auto-Detect mode (i.e. Nway mode), then Bit 1=0 means the local RTL8101L supports flow control (IEEE 802.3x). In this case, Bit 10=1 in the Auto-negotiation Advertisement Register (offset 66h-67h), and Bit 1=1 means the local RTL8101L does not support flow control. In this case, Bit 10=0 in Auto-negotiation Advertisement. This is because there are Nway switch hubs which keep sending flow control pause packets for no reason, if the link partner supports Nway flow control. |
| 0Dh     | CONFIG3     | RTL8101L Configuration register 3, operational register offset 59H.  |
| 0Eh-13h | Ethernet ID | Ethernet ID, After auto-load command or hardware reset, RTL8101L loads Ethernet ID to IDR0-IDR5 of RTL8101L's I/O registers.   |
| 14h     | CONFIG0     | RTL8101L Configuration register 0, operational registers offset 51h.   |
| 15h     | CONFIG1     | RTL8101L Configuration register 1, operational registers offset 52h.   |
| 16h-17h | PMC         | Reserved. Do not change this field without Realtek approval. Power Management Capabilities. PCI configuration space address 52h and 53h.   |
| 18h     | PMCSR       | Reserved. Do not change this field without Realtek approval. Power Management Control/Status. PCI configuration space address 55h.   |
| 19h     | CONFIG4     | Reserved. Do not change this field without Realtek approval. RTL8101L Configuration register 4, operational registers offset 5Ah.  |
| 1Ah-1Dh | PHY1_PARM_U | Reserved. Do not change this field without Realtek approval. PHY Parameter 1-U for RTL8101L. Operational registers of the RTL8101L are from 78h to 78h.  |
| 1Eh     | PHY2_PARM_U | Reserved. Do not change this field without Realtek approval. PHY Parameter 2-U for RTL8101L. Operational register of the RTL8101L is 80h.  |



| 1Fh     | CONFIG_5    | Do not change this field without Realtek approval.                                      |
|---------|-------------|---|
|         | _           | Bit7-6: Reserved.   |
|         |             | Bit5-4: Multi-function Select:  |
|         |             | 00b: Ethernet Controller Only   |
|         |             | 01b: MC'97 Controller Only  |
|         |             | 10b: Ethernet+MC'97 Controllers   |
|         |             | 11b:After ver F Ethernet+Auto detect MC'97 Controllers                                  |
|         |             | If 8101L detected MC'97 clock the 8101L set to Multi-function. Otherwise it             |
|         |             | set to Ethernet only. Only detect the MC'97 while power on reset.                       |
|         |             | From A to E version: Ethernet+MC'97 Controllers   |
|         |             | Bit3: Reserved.   |
|         |             | Bit2: Link Down Power Saving mode:  |
|         |             | Set to 1: Disable.  |
|         |             | Set to 0: Enable. When cable is disconnected(Link Down), the analog part will power     |
|         |             | down itself (PHY Tx part & part of twister) automatically except PHY Rx part and        |
|         |             | part of twister to monitor SD signal in case that cable is re-connected and Link should |
|         |             | be established again.   |
|         |             | Bit1: LANWake signal Enable/Disable   |
|         |             | Set to 1: Enable LANWake signal.  |
|         |             | Set to 0: Disable LANWake signal.   |
|         |             | Bit0: PME_Status bit property   |
|         |             | Set to 1: The PME_Status bit can be reset by PCI reset or by software if                |
|         |             | D3cold_support_PME is 0. If D3cold_support_PME=1, the PME_Status bit is a               |
|         |             | sticky bit.   |
|         |             | Set to 0: The PME_Status bit is always a sticky bit and can only be reset by software.  |
| 20h-21h | MC97_VID    | Vendor ID of MC'97 Controller.  |
| 22h-23h | MC97_DID    | Device ID of MC'97 Controller.  |
| 24h-25h | MC97_SVID   | Sub-Vendor ID of MC'97 Controller.  |
| 26h-27h | MC97_SDID   | Sub-Device ID of MC'97 Controller.  |
| 28h-2Bh | PHY1_PARM_T | Reserved. Do not change this field without Realtek approval.                            |
|         |             | PHY Parameter 1-T for RTL8101L. Operational registers of the RTL8101L are from 78h      |
|         |             | to 7Bh.   |
| 2Ch     | PHY2_PARM_T | Reserved. Do not change this field without Realtek approval.                            |
| 2Dh-31h | -           | Reserved.   |
| 32h-33h | CheckSum    | Reserved. Do not change this field without Realtek approval.                            |
|         |             | Checksum of the EEPROM content.   |
| 34h-3Eh | -           | Reserved. Do not change this field without Realtek approval.                            |
| 3Fh     | PXE_Para    | Reserved. Do not change this field without Realtek approval.                            |
|         |             | PXE ROM code parameter.   |
| 40h-7Fh | VPD_Data    | VPD data field. Offset 40h is the start address of the VPD data.                        |



# 7.1 Summary of RTL8101L's EEPROM registers

| Offset     | Name        | Type  | Bit7              | Bit6    | Bit5    | Bit4       | Bit3    | Bit2        | Bit1     | Bit0     |
|------------|-------------|-------|-------------------|---------|---------|------------|---------|-------------|----------|----------|
| 00h-05h    | IDR0 – IDR5 | R/W*  |                   |         |         |            |         |             |          |          |
| 51h        | CONFIG0     | R     |                   | -       | -       | -          | -       | BS2         | BS1      | BS0      |
|            |             | W*    | -                 | -       | -       | -          | -       | -           | -        | -        |
| 52h        | CONFIG1     | R     | LEDS1             | LEDS0   | DVRLOAD | LWACT      | MEMMAP  | IOMAP       | VPD      | PMEN     |
|            |             | W*    | LEDS1             | LEDS0   | DVRLOAD | LWACT      | -       | -           | VPD      | PMEN     |
| 58h        |             | R     | TxFCE             | RxFCE   | -       | 1          | -       | 1           |          |          |
|            | Manning     | W*    | TxFCE             | RxFCE   | -       | -          | -       | -           |          |          |
| 63H        | MSRBMCR     | R     | -                 | -       | Spd_Set | ANE        | -       | -           | -        | FUDUP    |
|            |             | w*    | -                 | -       | Spd_Set | ANE        | -       | -           | -        | FUDUP    |
| 59h        | CONFIG3     | R     | GNTDel            | PARM_EN | Magic   | LinkUp     | -       | -           | -        | FBtBEn   |
|            |             | W*    | -                 | PARM_EN | Magic   | LinkUp     | -       | -           | -        | -        |
| 5Ah        | CONFIG4     | R/W*  | RxFIFO            | AnaOff  | LongWF  | LWPME      | -       | LWPTN       | -        | -        |
|            |             |       | AutoClr           |         |         |            |         |             |          |          |
| 78h-7Bh    |             |       |                   |         |         | 32 bit Rea | d Write |             |          |          |
| 7Ch-7Fh    |             | R/W** | 32 bit Read Write |         |         |            |         |             |          |          |
|            | TW2_PARM    |       | 32 bit Read Write |         |         |            |         |             |          |          |
| 80h        | PHY2_PARM   | R/W** | 8 bit Read Write  |         |         |            |         |             |          |          |
| <u>D8h</u> | CONFIG5     | R/W*  | -                 | -       | -       | -          | -       | <u>LDPS</u> | LANWak   | PME_ST   |
|            |             |       |                   |         |         |            |         |             | <u>e</u> | <u>S</u> |

<sup>\*</sup> The registers marked with type = 'W'' can be written only if bits EEM1=EEM0=1.

# 7.2 Summary of EEPROM Power Management registers

| Configuration Space offset | Name  | Type | Bit7                   | Bit6                 | Bit5   | Bit4     | Bit3   | Bit2 | Bit1    | Bit0     |
|----------------------------|-------|------|------------------------|----------------------|--------|----------|--------|------|---------|----------|
| 52h                        | PMC   | R    | Aux_I_b1               | Aux_I_b0             | DSI    | Reserved | PMECLK |      | Version | n        |
| 53h                        |       | R    | PME_D3 <sub>cold</sub> | PME_D3 <sub>ho</sub> | PME_D2 | PME_D1   | PME_D0 | D2   | D1      | Aux_I_b2 |
| 55h                        | PMCSR | R    | PME_Status             | ı                    | ı      | -        | -      | -    | Ī       | PME_En   |
|                            |       | W    | PME_Status             | -                    | -      | -        | -      | -    | -       | PME_En   |

<sup>\*\*</sup> The registers marked with type =  $W^{**}$  can be written only if bits EEM1=EEM0=1 and CONFIG3<PARM\_EN> = 0.



# 8. PCI Configuration Space Registers

# **8.1 PCI Configuration Space Table**

| No.   | Name        | Type | Bit7   | Bit6   | Bit5   | Bit4   | Bit3   | Bit2   | Bit1   | Bit0   |
|-------|-------------|------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| 00h   | VID         | R    | 1      | 1      | 1      | 0      | 1      | 1      | 0      | 0      |
| 01h   |             | R    | 0      | 0      | 0      | 1      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      |
| 02h   | DID         | R    | 0      | 0      | 1      | 1      | 1      | 0      | 0      | 1      |
| 03h   |             | R    | 1      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 1      |
| 04h   | Command     | R    | 0      | PERRSP | 0      | 0      | -      | BMEN   | MEMEN  | IOEN   |
|       |             | W    | -      | PERRSP | -      | -      | -      | BMEN   | MEMEN  | IOEN   |
| 05h   |             | R    | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | FBTBEN | SERREN |
|       |             | W    | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | SERREN |
| 06h   | Status      | R    | FBBC   | 0      | 0      | NewCap | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      |
| 07h   |             | R    | DPERR  | SSERR  | RMABT  | RTABT  | STABT  | DST1   | DST0   | DPD    |
|       |             | W    | DPERR  | SSERR  | RMABT  | RTABT  | STABT  | -      | -      | DPD    |
| 08h   | Revision ID | R    | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      |
| 09h   | PIFR        | R    | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      |
| 0Ah   | SCR         | R    | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      |
| 0Bh   | BCR         | R    | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 1      | 0      |
| 0Ch   | CLS         | R    | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      |
| 0Dh   | LTR         | R    | LTR7   | LTR6   | LTR5   | LTR4   | LTR3   | LTP2   | LTR1   | LTR0   |
|       |             | W    | LTR7   | LTR6   | LTR5   | LTR4   | LTR3   | LTP2   | LTR1   | LTR0   |
| 0Eh   | HTR         | R    | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      |
| 0Fh   | BIST        | R    | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      |
| 10h   | IOAR        | R    | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | IOIN   |
|       |             | W    | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      |
| 11h   |             | R/W  | IOAR15 | IOAR14 | IOAR13 | IOAR12 | IOAR11 | IOAR10 | IOAR9  | IOAR8  |
| 12h   |             | R/W  | IOAR23 | IOAR22 | IOAR21 | IOAR20 | IOAR19 | IOAR18 | IOAR17 | IOAR16 |
| 13h   |             | R/W  | IOAR31 | IOAR30 | IOAR29 | IOAR28 | IOAR27 | IOAR26 | IOAR25 | IOAR24 |
| 14h   | MEMAR       | R    | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | MEMIN  |
|       |             | W    | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      |
| 15h   |             | R/W  | MEM15  | MEM14  | MEM13  | MEM12  | MEM11  | MEM10  | MEM9   | MEM8   |
| 16h   |             | R/W  | MEM23  | MEM22  | MEM21  | MEM20  | MEM19  | MEM18  | MEM17  | MEM16  |
| 17h   |             | R/W  | MEM31  | MEM30  | MEM29  | MEM28  | MEM27  | MEM26  | MEM25  | MEM24  |
| 18h-2 |             |      |        |        | RESE   | RVED   | •      |        | •      |        |
| Bh    |             |      |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
| 2Ch   | SVID        | R    | SVID7  | SVID6  | SVID5  | SVID4  | SVID3  | SVID2  | SVID1  | SVID0  |
| 2Dh   |             | R    | SVID15 | SVID14 | SVID13 | SVID12 | SVID11 | SVID10 | SVID9  | SVID8  |
| 2Eh   | SMID        | R    | SMID7  | SMID6  | SMID5  | SMID4  | SMID3  | SMID2  | SMID1  | SMID0  |
| 2Fh   |             | R    | SMID15 | SMID14 | SMID13 | SMID12 | SMID11 | SMID10 | SMID9  | SMID8  |
| 30h   | BMAR        | R    | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | BROMEN |
|       |             | W    | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | BROMEN |
| 31h   |             | R    | BMAR15 | BMAR14 | BMAR13 | BMAR12 | BMAR11 | 0      | 0      | 0      |
|       |             | W    | BMAR15 | BMAR14 | BMAR13 | BMAR12 | BMAR11 | -      | -      | -      |
| 32h   |             | R/W  | BMAR23 | BMAR22 | BMAR21 | BMAR20 | BMAR19 | BMAR18 | BMAR17 | BMAR16 |
| 33h   |             | R/W  | BMAR31 | BMAR30 | BMAR29 | BMAR28 | BMAR27 | BMAR26 | BMAR25 | BMAR24 |
| 34h   | Cap_Ptr     | R    | 0      | 1      | 0      | 1      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      |
| 35h-3 |             |      |        | •      | RESE   | RVED   | •      | -      | •      |        |
| Bh    |             |      |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
| 3Ch   | ILR         | R/W  | IRL7   | ILR6   | ILR5   | ILR4   | ILR3   | ILR2   | ILR1   | ILR0   |
| 3Dh   | IPR         | R    | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 1      |



| 3Eh   | MNGNT    | R   | 0                      | 0                     | 1            | 0        | 0      | 0      | 0       | 0        |
|-------|----------|-----|------------------------|-----------------------|--------------|----------|--------|--------|---------|----------|
| -     |          |     |                        |                       | 1            |          |        |        |         | Ţ.       |
| 3Fh   | MXLAT    | R   | 0                      | 0                     | l<br>D D G D | 0        | 0      | 0      | 0       | 0        |
| 40h–4 |          |     |                        |                       | RESE         | RVED     |        |        |         |          |
| Fh    | -        |     | ı                      |                       |              |          |        |        | ı       |          |
| 50h   | PMID     | R   | 0                      | 0                     | 0            | 0        | 0      | 0      | 0       | 1        |
| 51h   | NextPtr  | R   | 0                      | 0                     | 0            | 0        | 0      | 0      | 0       | 0        |
| 52h   | PMC      | R   | Aux_I_b1               | Aux_I_b0              | DSI          | Reserved | PMECLK |        | Version |          |
| 53h   |          | R   | PME_D3 <sub>cold</sub> | PME_D3 <sub>hot</sub> | PME_D2       | PME_D1   | PME_D0 | D2     | D1      | Aux_I_b2 |
| 54h   | PMCSR    | R   | 0                      | 0                     | 0            | 0        | 0      | 0      | Power   | State    |
|       |          | W   | -                      | -                     | ı            | ı        | ı      | ı      | Power   | State    |
| 55h   |          | R   | PME_Status             | -                     | i            | -        | -      | -      | -       | PME_En   |
|       |          | W   | PME_Status             | -                     | -            | -        | -      | -      | -       | PME_En   |
| 56h-5 |          |     |                        |                       | RESE         | RVED     |        |        |         |          |
| Fh    |          |     |                        |                       |              |          |        |        |         |          |
| 60h   | VPDID    | R   | 0                      | 0                     | 0            | 0        | 0      | 0      | 1       | 1        |
| 61h   | NextPtr  | R   | 0                      | 0                     | 0            | 0        | 0      | 0      | 0       | 0        |
| 62h   | Flag VPD | R/W | VPDADDR                | VPDADDR               | VPDADD       | VPDADD   | VPDADD | VPDADD | VPDADD  | VPDADD   |
|       | Address  |     | 7                      | 6                     | R5           | R4       | R3     | R2     | R1      | R0       |
| 63h   |          | R/W | Flag                   | VPDADDR               | VPDADD       | VPDADD   | VPDADD | VPDADD | VPDADD  | VPDADD   |
|       |          |     |                        | 14                    | R13          | R12      | R11    | R10    | R9      | R8       |
| 64h   | VPD Data | R/W | Data7                  | Data6                 | Data5        | Data4    | Data3  | Data2  | Data1   | Data0    |
| 65h   |          | R/W | Data15                 | Data14                | Data13       | Data12   | Data11 | Data10 | Data9   | Data8    |
| 66h   |          | R/W | Data23                 | Data22                | Data21       | Data20   | Data19 | Data18 | Data17  | Data16   |
| 67h   |          | R/W | Data31                 | Data30                | Data29       | Data28   | Data27 | Data26 | Data25  | Data24   |
| 68h-F |          |     | •                      |                       | RESE         | RVED     |        |        |         |          |
| Fh    |          |     |                        |                       |              |          |        |        |         |          |

## 8.2 PCI Configuration Space functions

The PCI configuration space is intended for configuration, initialization, and catastrophic error handling functions. The functions of the RTL8101L's configuration space are described below.

VID: Vendor ID. This field will default to a value of 10ECh which is Realtek Semiconductor's PCI Vendor ID.

DID: Device ID. This field will default to a value of 8139h.

**Command:** The command register is a 16-bit register used to provide coarse control over a device's ability to generate and respond to PCI cycles.

| Bit   | Symbol   | Description   |
|-------|----------|---|
| 15-10 | -        | Reserved  |
| 9     | FBTBEN   | Fast Back-To-Back Enable: Config3 <fbtben>=0:Read as 0. Write operation has no effect. The</fbtben>           |
|       |          | RTL8101L will not generate Fast Back-to-back cycles. When Config3 <fbtben>=1, This read/write</fbtben>        |
|       |          | bit controls whether or not a master can do fast back-to-back transactions to different devices.              |
|       |          | Initialization software will set the bit if all targets are fast back-to-back capable. A value of 1 means the |
|       |          | master is allowed to generate fast back-to-back transaction to different agents. A value of 0 means fast      |
|       |          | back-to-back transactions are only allowed to the same agent. This bit's state after RST# is 0.               |
| 8     | SERREN   | <b>System Error Enable:</b> When set to 1, the RTL8101L asserts the SERRB pin when it detects a parity        |
|       |          | error on the address phase (AD<31:0> and CBEB<3:0> ).   |
| 7     | ADSTEP   | Address/Data Stepping: Read as 0, write operation has no effect. The RTL8101L never make                      |
|       |          | address/data stepping.  |
| 6     | PERRSP   | Parity Error Response: When set to 1, the RTL8101L will assert the PERRB pin on the detection of              |
|       |          | a data parity error when acting as the target, and will sample the PERRB pin as the master. When set to       |
|       |          | 0, any detected parity error is ignored and the RTL8101L continues normal operation.                          |
|       |          | Parity checking is disabled after hardware reset (RSTB).  |
| 5     | VGASNOOP | VGA palette SNOOP: Read as 0, write operation has no effect.  |



| 4 | MWIEN  | Memory Write and Invalidate cycle Enable: Read as 0, write operation has no effect.   |
|---|--------|---|
| 3 | SCYCEN | <b>Special Cycle Enable:</b> Read as 0, write operation has no effect. The RTL8101L ignores all special cycle operation.  |
| 2 | BMEN   | <b>Bus Master Enable:</b> When set to 1, the RTL8101L is capable of acting as a bus master. When set to 0, it is prohibited from acting as a PCI bus master. For the normal operation, this bit must be set by the system BIOS. |
| 1 | MEMEN  | <b>Memory Space Access:</b> When set to 1, the RTL8101L responds to memory space accesses. When set to 0, the RTL8101L ignores memory space accesses.   |
| 0 | IOEN   | <b>I/O Space Access:</b> When set to 1, the RTL8101L responds to IO space access. When set to 0, the RTL8101L ignores I/O space accesses.   |

**Status:** The status register is a 16-bit register used to record status information for PCI bus related events. Reads to this register behave normally. Writes are slightly different in that bits can be reset, but not set.

| Bit  | Symbol | Description  |
|------|--------|--|
| 15   | DPERR  | <b>Detected Parity Error:</b> When set indicates that the RTL8101L detected a parity error, even if parity error handling is disabled in command register PERRSP bit.  |
| 14   | SSERR  | <b>Signaled System Error:</b> When set indicates that the RTL8101L asserted the system error pin, SERRB. Writing a 1 clears this bit to 0.   |
| 13   | RMABT  | <b>Received Master Abort:</b> When set indicates that the RTL8101L terminated a master transaction with master abort. Writing a 1 clears this bit to 0.  |
| 12   | RTABT  | <b>Received Target Abort:</b> When set indicates that the RTL8101L master transaction was terminated due to a target abort. Writing a 1 clears this bit to 0.  |
| 11   | STABT  | <b>Signaled Target Abort:</b> Set to 1 whenever the RTL8101L terminates a transaction with target abort. Writing a 1 clears this bit to 0.   |
| 10-9 | DST1-0 | <b>Device Select Timing:</b> These bits encode the timing of DEVSELB. They are set to 01b (medium), indicating the RTL8101L will assert DEVSELB two clocks after FRAMEB is asserted.   |
| 8    | DPD    | Data Parity error Detected: This bit sets when the following conditions are met:  ** The RTL8101L asserts parity error(PERRB pin) or it senses the assertion of PERRB pin by another device.  ** The RTL8101L operates as a bus master for the operation that caused the error.  ** The Command register PERRSP bit is set.  Writing a 1 clears this bit to 0. |
| 7    | FBBC   | <b>Fast Back-To-Back Capable:</b> Config3 <fbtben>=0, Read as 0, write operation has no effect. Config3<fbtben>=1, Read as 1.</fbtben></fbtben>  |
| 6    | UDF    | <b>User Definable Features Supported:</b> Read as 0, write operation has no effect. The RTL8101L does not support UDF.   |
| 5    | 66MHz  | <b>66 MHz Capable:</b> Read as 0, write operation has no effect. The RTL8101L has no 66MHz capability.   |
| 4    | NewCap | <b>New Capability:</b> Config3 <pmen>=0, Read as 0, write operation has no effect. Config3<pmen>=1, Read as 1.</pmen></pmen>   |
| 0-3  | -      | Reserved   |

#### **RID:** Revision ID Register

The Revision ID register is an 8-bit register that specifies the RTL8101L controller revision number.

#### PIFR: Programming Interface Register

The programming interface register is an 8-bit register that identifies the programming interface of the RTL8101L controller. Because the PCI version 2.1 specification does not define any specific value for network devices, PIFR = 00h.

#### **SCR:** Sub-Class Register

The Sub-class register is an 8-bit register that identifies the function of the RTL8101L. SCR = 00h indicates that the RTL8101L is an Ethernet controller.

#### **BCR:** Base-Class Register

The Base-class register is an 8-bit register that broadly classifies the function of the RTL8101L. BCR = 02h indicates that the RTL8101L is a network controller.

#### **CLS:** Cache Line Size



Reads will return a 0, writes are ignored.

LTR: Latency Timer Register

Specifies, in units of PCI bus clocks, the value of the latency timer of the RTL8101L.

When the RTL8101L asserts FRAMEB, it enables its latency timer to count. If the RTL8101L deasserts FRAMEB prior to count expiration, the content of the latency timer is ignored. Otherwise, after the count expires, the RTL8101L initiates transaction termination as soon as its GNTB is deasserted. Software is able to read or write, and the default value is 00H.

**HTR:** Header Type Register

Reads will return a 0, writes are ignored.

**BIST:** Built-in Self Test

Reads will return a 0, writes are ignored.

**IOAR:** This register specifies the BASE IO address which is required to build an address map during configuration. It also specifies the number of bytes required as well as an indication that it can be mapped into IO space.

| Bit  | Symbol   | Description   |
|------|----------|---|
| 31-8 | IOAR31-8 | <b>BASE IO Address:</b> This is set by software to the Base IO address for the operational register map.      |
| 7-2  | IOSIZE   | <b>Size Indication:</b> Read back as 0. This allows the PCI bridge to determine that the RTL8101L requires    |
|      |          | 256 bytes of IO space.  |
| 1    | -        | Reserved  |
| 0    | IOIN     | <b>IO Space Indicator:</b> Read only. Set to 1 by the RTL8101L to indicate that it is capable of being mapped |
|      |          | into IO space.  |

**MEMAR:** This register specifies the base memory address for memory accesses to the RTL8101L operational registers. This register must be initialized prior to accessing any RTL8101L's register with memory access.

| Bit  | Symbol  | Description  |
|------|---------|--|
| 31-8 | MEM31-8 | <b>Base Memory Address:</b> This is set by software to the base address for the operational register map.      |
| 7-4  | MEMSIZE | <b>Memory Size:</b> These bits return 0, which indicates that the RTL8101L requires 256 bytes of Memory Space. |
| 3    | MEMPF   | <b>Memory Prefetchable:</b> Read only. Set to 0 by the RTL8101L.   |
| 2-1  | MEMLOC  | <b>Memory Location Select:</b> Read only. Set to 0 by the RTL8101L. This indicates that the base register is   |
|      |         | 32-bit wide and can be placed anywhere in the 32-bit memory space.   |
| 0    | MEMIN   | <b>Memory Space Indicator:</b> Read only. Set to 0 by the RTL8101L to indicate that it is capable of being     |
|      |         | mapped into memory space.  |

**SVID:** Subsystem Vendor ID. This field will be set to a value corresponding to PCI Subsystem Vendor ID in the external EEPROM. If there is no EEPROM, this field will default to a value of 10ECh which is Realtek Semiconductor's PCI Subsystem Vendor ID.

**SMID:** Subsystem ID. This field will be set to value corresponding to PCI Subsystem ID in the external EEPROM. If there is no EEPROM, this field will default to a value of 8139h.

**BMAR:** This register specifies the base memory address for memory accesses to the RTL8139C(L) operational registers. This register must be initialized prior to accessing any RTL8139C(L)'s register with memory access.

| Bit   | Symbol    | Description   |  |  |  |  |
|-------|-----------|---|--|--|--|--|
| 31-18 | BMAR31-18 | Boot ROM Base Address   |  |  |  |  |
| 17-11 | ROMSIZE   | These bits indicate how many Boot ROM spaces to be supported.                     |  |  |  |  |
|       |           | The Relationship between Config 0 <bs2:0> and BMAR17-11 is the following:</bs2:0> |  |  |  |  |
|       |           | 32 BS1 BS0 Description  |  |  |  |  |
|       |           | 0 0 0 No Boot ROM, BROMEN=0 (R)   |  |  |  |  |
|       |           | 0 0 1 8K Boot ROM, BROMEN (R/W), BMAR12-11 = 0 (R), BMAR17-13 (R/W)               |  |  |  |  |
|       |           | 0 1 0 16K Boot ROM, BROMEN (R/W), BMAR13-11 = 0 (R), BMAR17-14 (R/W)              |  |  |  |  |
|       |           | 0 1 1 32K Boot ROM, BROMEN (R/W), BMAR14-11 = 0 (R), BMAR17-15 (R/W)              |  |  |  |  |
|       |           | 1 0 0 64K Boot ROM, BROMEN (R/W), BMAR15-11 = 0 (R), BMAR17-16 (R/W)              |  |  |  |  |
|       |           | 1 0 1 128K Boot ROM, BROMEN(R/W), BMAR16-11=0 (R), BMAR17 (R/W)                   |  |  |  |  |
|       |           | 1 1 0 unused  |  |  |  |  |
|       |           | 1 1 1 unused  |  |  |  |  |





| L | 10-1 | =      | Reserved (read back 0)  |
|---|------|--------|---|
|   | 0    | BROMEN | Boot ROM Enable: This is used by the PCI BIOS to enable accesses to Boot ROM. |

#### **ILR:** Interrupt Line Register

The Interrupt Line Register is an 8-bit register used to communicate with the routing of the interrupt. It is written by the POST software to set interrupt line for the RTL8101L.

#### IPR: Interrupt Pin Register

The Interrupt Pin register is an 8-bit register indicating the interrupt pin used by the RTL8101L. The RTL8101L uses INTA interrupt pin. Read only. IPR = 01H.

#### MNGNT: Minimum Grant Timer: Read only

Specifies how long a burst period the RTL8101L needs at 33 MHz clock rate in units of 1/4 microsecond. This field will be set to a value from the external EEPROM. If there is no EEPROM, this field will default to a value of 20h.

#### **MXLAT:** Maximum Latency Timer: Read only

Specifies how often the RTL8101L needs to gain access to the PCI bus in unit of 1/4 microsecond. This field will be set to a value from the external EEPROM. If there is no EEPROM, this field will default to a value of 20h.

#### Cap\_ID: Capability ID: Read only

Read as 01h (PCI bus power management capability ID)

#### Next\_Item\_Ptr: Next Item Pointer: Read only

Read as 00h (Last capability list)

#### **Power Management Capabilities:**

| Bit | Type | Function   |
|-----|------|--|
| 15  | R    | Read as 1 (PME# can be asserted from D3 <sub>cold</sub> ) <b>●</b> |
| 14  | R    | Read as 1 (PME# can be asserted from D3 <sub>hot</sub> )           |
| 13  | R    | Read as 0 (PME# can not be asserted from D2)                       |
| 12  | R    | Read as 0 (PME# can not be asserted from D1)                       |
| 11  | R    | Read as 0 (PME# can not be asserted from <b>D0</b> )               |
| 10  | R    | Read as 0 (Not support <b>D2</b> state)                            |
| 9   | R    | Read as 0 (Not support <b>D1</b> state)                            |
| 8:6 | R    | Read as 010 (consume maximum 100mA from V <sub>aux</sub> )•        |
| 5   | R    | Read as 1 (Device Specific Initialization (DSI) required)          |
| 4   | R    | Read as 0  |
| 3   | R    | Read as 0 (PCI clock is not required for PME# operation)           |
| 2:0 | R    | Read as 010b   |
|     |      | (PCI Power Management Interface Specification Revision 1.1)        |

Once Vaux is not supplied, bit[15] read as 0 to indicates PME# is not supported in D3<sub>(cold)</sub>, and bit[8:6] read as 000b.

#### PMCSR:

| Bit   | Type | Function   |  |  |  |
|-------|------|--|--|--|--|
| 15    | R/W  | PME_Status: 0: Normal 1: PME# asserted                         |  |  |  |
| 14:13 | R    | Data_Scale: Read as 00b  |  |  |  |
| 12:9  | R    | Data_Select: Read as 0000b                                     |  |  |  |
| 8     | R/W  | PME_En: 0: Disable 1: Enable                                   |  |  |  |
| 7:2   | R    | Read as 0  |  |  |  |
| 1:0   | R/W  | PowerState: 00:D0 01:Reserved 10:Reserved 11:D3 <sub>hot</sub> |  |  |  |

<sup>•</sup>Write a "1" to bit 15 will clear it and cause the function to stop asserting PME#. Write a "0" has no effect. Note that bit 15 is independent of bit 8.

- **3**Bit 15 and bit 8 are sticky which means indeterminate after system reset. System OS should clear them after boot. These 2 bits consume power from  $V_{aux}$ . Bits except bit 15/8 consume power from normal power source.
- $oldsymbol{\Theta}$  Because only PCI 2.2 support auxiliary power  $V_{aux}$ , chip designer must pay attention to the interface of PME# related circuit and non-PME# related circuit.

**<sup>2</sup>**Write "01" and "10" to bit 1,0 has no effect to RTL8101L. RTL8101L terminate the cycle normally and discard the data (bit 1,0 only).



# 8.3 The Default Value after Power-on(RSTB asserted)

## **PCI Configuration Space Table**

| No.    | Name            | Type   | Bit7   | Bit6   | Bit5   | Bit4   | Bit3   | Bit2       | Bit1      | Bit0   |
|--------|-----------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|------------|-----------|--------|
| 00h    | VID             | R      | 1      | 1      | 1      | 0      | 1      | 1          | 0         | 0      |
| 01h    | 1 112           | R      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 1      | 0      | 0          | 0         | 0      |
| 02h    | DID             | R      | 0      | 0      | 1      | 1      | 1      | 0          | 0         | 1      |
| 03h    |                 | R      | 1      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0          | 0         | 1      |
| 04h    | Command         | R      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0          | 0         | 0      |
| VIII   | Communa         | W      | -      | PERRSP | -      | -      | -      | BMEN       | MEMEN     | IOEN   |
| 05h    | 1               | R      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0          | 0         | 0      |
| 0511   | -               | W      | -      | -      | -      | _      | -      | -          | -         | SERREN |
| 06h    | Status          | R      | 0      | 0      | 0      | NewCap | 0      | 0          | 0         | 0      |
| 07h    | Status          | R      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0          | 1         | 0      |
| 0711   | -               | W      | DPERR  | SSERR  | RMABT  | RTABT  | STABT  | -          | -         | DPD    |
| 08h    | Revision ID     | R      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0          | 0         | 0      |
| 09h    | PIFR            | R      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0          | 0         | 0      |
| 0Ah    | SCR             | R      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0          | 0         | 0      |
| 0Bh    | BCR             | R      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0          | 1         | 0      |
| 0Ch    | CLS             | R      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0          | 0         | 0      |
| 0Dh    | LTR             | R      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0          | 0         | 0      |
| V = 11 |                 | W      | LTR7   | LTR6   | LTR5   | LTR4   | LTR3   | LTP2       | LTR1      | LTR0   |
| 0Eh    | HTR             | R      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0          | 0         | 0      |
| 0Fh    | BIST            | R      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0          | 0         | 0      |
| 10h    | IOAR            | R      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0          | 0         | 1      |
| 11h    | 1               | R/W    | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0          | 0         | 0      |
| 12h    | 1               | R/W    | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0          | 0         | 0      |
| 13h    | 1               | R/W    | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0          | 0         | 0      |
| 14h    | MEMAR           | R      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0          | 0         | 0      |
| 15h    |                 | R/W    | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0          | 0         | 0      |
| 16h    | 1               | R/W    | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0          | 0         | 0      |
| 17h    | 1               | R/W    | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0          | 0         | 0      |
| 18h    | RESERVED(ALL 0) |        |        |        |        |        |        |            |           |        |
|        |                 |        |        |        |        |        |        |            |           |        |
| 2Bh    |                 |        |        |        |        |        |        |            |           |        |
| 2Ch    | SVID            | R      | 1      | 1      | 1      | 0      | 1      | 1          | 0         | 0      |
| 2Dh    |                 | R      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 1      | 0      | 0          | 0         | 1      |
| 2Eh    | SMID            | R      | 0      | 0      | 1      | 1      | 1      | 0          | 0         | 1      |
| 2Fh    |                 | R      | 1      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0          | 0         | 1      |
| 30h    | BMAR            | R      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0          | 0         | BROMEN |
|        |                 | W      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -          | -         | BROMEN |
| 31h    |                 | R      | BMAR15 | BMAR14 | BMAR13 | BMAR12 | BMAR11 | 0          | 0         | 0      |
|        |                 | W      | BMAR15 | BMAR14 | BMAR13 | BMAR12 | BMAR11 | -          | -         | -      |
| 32h    |                 | R/W    | BMAR23 | BMAR22 | BMAR21 | BMAR20 | BMAR19 | BMAR1      | BMAR1     | BMAR16 |
| 221    |                 | D /337 | DMAD21 | DMADOO | DMADOO | DMADO  | DMADAZ | 8<br>DMAD2 | 7         | DMADAA |
| 33h    |                 | R/W    | BMAR31 | BMAR30 | BMAR29 | BMAR28 | BMAR27 | BMAR2      | BMAR2     | BMAR24 |
| 2.41-  | Con Dt.         | D      | Dtw7   | Dtul   | Dtwf   | D4mA   | D4m2   | 6<br>Dtr2  | 5<br>Dtr1 | DtwO   |
| 34h    | Cap-Ptr         | R      | Ptr7   | Ptr6   | Ptr5   | Ptr4   | Ptr3   | Ptr2       | Ptr1      | Ptr0   |
| 35h    | RESERVED(ALL 0) |        |        |        |        |        |        |            |           |        |
| 3Bh    |                 |        |        |        |        |        |        |            |           |        |
| 3Ch    | ILR             | R/W    | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0          | 0         | 0      |
| JUII   | ILI             | 11/ VV | U      | U      | U      | U      | U      | U          | U         | U      |



| 3Dh | IPR   | R | 0               | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
|-----|-------|---|-----------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 3Eh | MNGNT | R | 0               | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3Fh | MXLAT | R | 0               | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 40h |       |   | RESERVED(ALL 0) |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
|     | -     |   |                 |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| FFh |       |   |                 |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |

### **8.4 PCI Power Management functions**

The RTL8101L is compliant to ACPI (Rev 1.1), PCI Power Management (Rev 1.1), and Device Class Power Management Reference Specification (V1.0a), such as to support an OS Directed Power Management (OSPM) environment. To support this, the RTL8101L provides the following capabilities:

- The RTL8101L can monitor the network for a Wakeup Frame, a Magic Packet, or a Link Change, and notify the system via PME# when such a packet or event arrives. Then, the whole system can be restored to a working state to process the incoming jobs.
- The RTL8101L can be isolated from the PCI bus automatically with the auxiliary power circuit when the PCI bus is in B3 state, i.e. the power on the PCI bus is removed. When the motherboard includes a built-in RTL8101L single-chip fast Ethernet controller, the RTL8101L can be disabled when needed by pulling the isolate pin low to 0V.

When the RTL8101L is in power down mode (D1  $\sim$  D3),

- ♦ The Rx state machine is stopped, and the RTL8101L keeps monitoring the network for wakeup event such Magic Packet, Wakeup Frame, and/or Link Change, in order to wake up the system. When in power down mode, the RTL8101L will not reflect the status of any incoming packet in the ISR register and will not receive any packets into the Rx FIFO.
- ♦ The FIFO status and the packets which are already received into Rx FIFO before entering into power down mode, are kept by the RTL8101L during power down mode
- ◆ The transmission is stopped. The action of PCI bus master mode is stopped as well. The Tx FIFO is kept.
- ♦ After restoration to a D0 state, the PCI bus master mode continues to transfer the data, which is not yet moved into the Tx FIFO from the last break. The packet that was not transmitted completely last time is transmitted again.

D3cold\_support\_PME bit(bit15, PMC register) & Aux\_I\_b2:0 (bit8:6, PMC register) in PCI configuration space. If 9346 D3cold\_support\_PME bit(bit15, PMC) = 1, the above 4 bits depend on the existence of Aux power. If 9346 D3cold\_support\_PME bit(bit15, PMC) = 0, the above 4 bits are all 0's. Ex.:

- 1. If  $9346 D3c\_support\_PME = 1$ ,
  - Aux. power exists, then PMC in PCI config space is the same as 9346 PMC, i.e. if 9346 PMC = C2 F7, then PCI PMC = C2 F7.
  - Aux. power is absent, then PMC in PCI config space is the same as 9346 PMC except the above 4 bits are all 0's. I.e. if 9346 PMC = C2 F7, the PCI PMC = 02 76.
    - \* In this case, if wakeup support is desired when the main power is off, it is suggested that the 9346 PMC be set to: C2 F7 (RT 9346 default value). It is not recommended to set the D0\_support\_PME bit to "1".
- 2. If 9346 D3c support PME = 0,
  - Aux. power exists, then PMC in PCI config space is the same as 9346 PMC. I.e. if 9346 PMC = C2 77, then PCI PMC = C2 77.
  - Aux. power is absent, then PMC in PCI config space is the same as 9346 PMC except the above 4 bits are all 0's. I.e. if 9346 PMC = C2 77, the PCI PMC = 02 76.
    - \* In this case, if wakeup support is not desired when the main power is off, it is suggested that the 9346 PMC to be 02 76. It is not recommended to set the D0 support PME bit to "1".

Link Wakeup occurs only when the following conditions are met:

◆ The LinkUp bit (CONFIG3#4) is set to 1, the PMEn bit (CONFIG1#0) is set to 1, and the RTL8101L is in isolation state, or the PME# can be asserted in current power state.



♦ The Link status is re-established.

Magic Packet Wakeup occurs only when the following conditions are met:

- The destination address of the received Magic Packet matches.
- ♦ The received Magic Packet does not contain a CRC error.
- ♦ The Magic bit (CONFIG3#5) is set to 1, the PMEn bit (CONFIG1#0) is set to 1, and the RTL8101L is in isolation state, or the PME# can be asserted in current power state.
- ◆ The Magic Packet pattern matches, i.e. 6 \* FFh + MISC(can be none)+ 16 \* DID(Destination ID) in any part of a valid (Fast) Ethernet packet.

Wakeup Frame event occurs only when the following conditions are met:

- The destination address of the received Wakeup Frame matches.
- The received Wakeup Frame does not contain a CRC error.
- ◆ The PMEn bit (CONFIG1#0) is set to 1.
- ◆ The 8-bit CRC\* (or 16-bit CRC) of the received Wakeup Frame matches with the 8-bit CRC\* (or 16-bit CRC) of the sample Wakeup Frame pattern received from the local machine's OS.
- ◆ The *last masked byte*\*\* of the received Wakeup Frame matches with the *last masked byte*\*\* of the sample Wakeup Frame pattern provided by the local machine's OS. (In Long Wakeup Frame mode, the last masked byte field is replaced with the high byte of the 16-bit CRC.)

#### • 8-bit CRC:

This 8-bit CRC logic is used to generate an 8-bit CRC from the masked bytes of the received Wakeup Frame packet within offset 12 to 75. Software should calculate the 8-bit Power Management CRC for each specific sample wakeup frame and store the calculated CRC in the corresponding CRC register for the RTL8101L to check if there is Wakeup Frame packet coming in.

#### • 16-bit CRC: (Long Wakeup Frame mode, the mask bytes cover from offset 0 to 127)

Long Wakeup Frame: The RTL8101L also supports 3 long Wakeup Frames. If the range of mask bytes of the sample Wakeup Frame, passed down by the OS to the driver, exceeds the range from offset 12 to 75, the related registers of wakeup frame 2 and 3 can be merged to support one long wakeup frame by setting the LongWF (bit0, CONFIG4). Thus, the range of effective mask bytes extends from offset 0 to 127. The low byte and high byte of calculated 16-bit CRC should be put into register CRC2 and LSBCRC2 respectively. The mask bytes (16 bytes) should be store to register Wakeup2 and Wakeup3. The CRC3 and LSBCRC3 have no meaning in this case and should be reset to 0. long Wakeup Frame pairs, are frames 4 and 5, and frames 6 and 7. The CRC5, CRC7, LSBCRC5, and LSBCRC7 have no meaning in this case and should be reset to 0, if the RTL8101L is set to support long Wakeup Frame. In this case, the RTL8101L support 5 wakeup frames, that are 2 normal wakeup frames and 3 long wakeup frames.

#### \*\* last masked byte:

The last byte of the masked bytes of the received Wakeup Frame packet within offset 12 to 75 (in 8-bit CRC mode) should match with the last byte of the masked bytes of the sample Wakeup Frame provided by the local machine's OS.

The PME# signal is asserted only when the following are met:

- ◆ The PMEn bit (bit0, CONFIG1) is set to 1.
- ◆ The PME En bit (bit8, PMCSR) in PCI Configuration Space is set to 1.
- ◆ The RTL8101L may assert PME# in current power state, or the RTL8101L is in isolation state. Refer to PME Support(bit15-11) of the PMC register in PCI Configuration Space.
- ◆ Magic Packet, LinkUp, or Wakeup Frame has occurred.
  - \* Writing a 1 to the PME\_Status (bit15) of PMCSR register in the PCI Configuration Space will clear this bit and cause the RTL8101L to stop asserting a PME# (if enabled).



When the RTL8101L is in power down mode, ex. D1-D3, the IO, MEM, and Boot ROM space are all disabled. After RST# asserted, the power state must be changed to D0 if the original power state is D3<sub>cold</sub>. There is no hardware enforced delays at RTL8101L's power state. When in ACPI mode, the RTL8101L does not support PME from D0 (owing to the setting of PMC register. This setting comes from EEPROM).

The RTL8101L also supports the LAN WAKE-UP function. The LWAKE pin is used to notify the motherboard to execute the wake-up process whenever the RTL8101L receives a wakeup event, such as Magic Packet.

The LWAKE signal is asserted according the following setting:

- ◆ LWPME bit (bit4, CONFIG4):
  - 0: The LWAKE is asserted whenever there is wakeup event occurs.
  - 1: The LWAKE can only be asserted when the PMEB is asserted and the ISOLATEB is low.
- ◆ Bit1 of DELAY byte(offset 1Fh, EEPROM):
  - 0: LWAKE signal is disabled.
  - 1: LWAKE signal is enabled

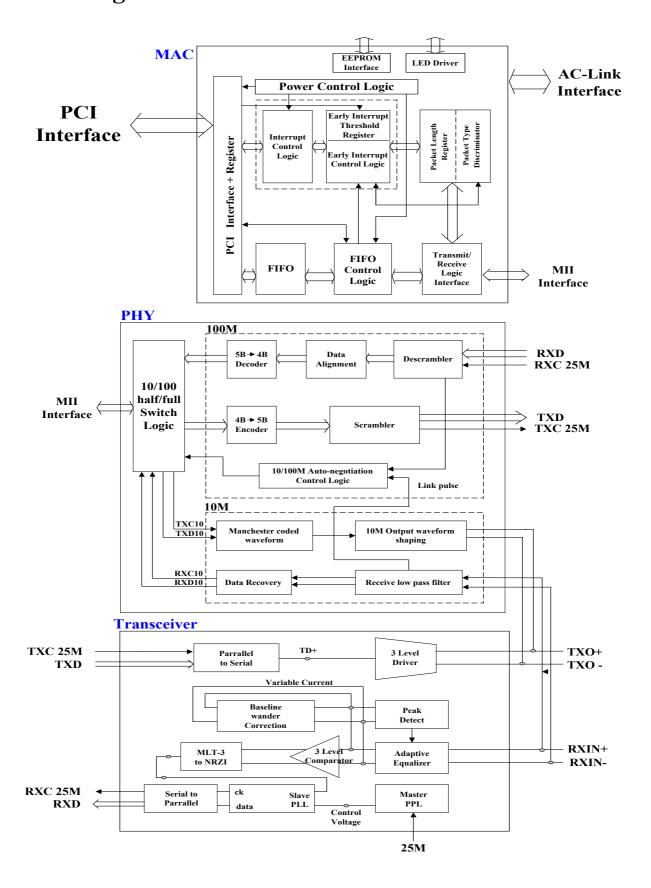
### 8.5 VPD (Vital Product Data)

Bit 31 of the VPD is used to issue VPD read/write commands and is also a flag used to indicate whether the transfer of data between the VPD data register and the 93C46 is completed or not.

- 1. Write VPD register: (write data to 93C46)
  Write the flag bit to a one at the same time the VPD address is written. When the flag bit is set to zero by the RTL8101L, the VPD data (all 4 bytes) has been transferred from the VPD data register to the 93C46.
- 2. Read VPD register: (read data from 93C46)
  Write the flag bit to a zero at the same time the VPD address is written. When the flag bit is set to one by the RTL8101L, the VPD data (all 4 bytes) has been transferred from 93C46 to the VPD data register.



# 9. Block Diagram





## 10. Functional Description

### 10.1 Transmit operation

The host CPU initiates a transmit by storing an entire packet of data in one of the descriptors in the main memory. When the entire packet has been transferred to the Tx buffer, the RTL8101L is instructed to move the data from the Tx buffer to the internal transmit FIFO in PCI bus master mode. When the transmit FIFO contains a complete packet or is filled to the programmed threshold level, the RTL8101L begins packet transmission.

## 10.2 Receive operation

The incoming packet is placed in the RTL8101L's Rx FIFO. Concurrently, the RTL8101L performs address filtering of multicast packets according to its hash algorithms. When the amount of data in the Rx FIFO reaches the level defined in the Receive Configuration Register, the RTL8101L requests the PCI bus to begin transferring the data to the Rx buffer in PCI bus master mode.

## 10.3 Wander Compensation

The 8101L is ANSI TP-PMD compliant and supports input and Base Line Wander (BLW) compensation in 100Base-TX mode. The 8101L does not require external attenuation circuitry at its receive inputs, RD+/-. It accepts TP-PMD compliant waveforms directly, requiring only a  $100\,\Omega$  termination and a 1:1 transformer.

BLW is the change in the average DC content, over time, of an AC coupled digital transmission over a given transmission medium. BLW is a result from the interaction between the low frequency components of a transmitted bit stream and the frequency response of the AC coupling component(s) within the transmission system. If the low frequency content of the digital bit stream goes below the low frequency pole of the AC coupling transformers, then the droop characteristics of the transformers will dominate resulting in potentially serious BLW. If BLW is not compensated, packet loss can occur.

## 10.4 Signal Detect

The 8101L supports signal detect in 100Base-TX mode. Therefore, the reception of normal 10Base-T link pulses and fast link pulses defined by IEEE 802.3u Auto-negotiation by the 100Base-TX receiver do not cause the 8101L to assert signal detect.

The signal detect function of the 8101L is incorporated to meet the specifications mandated by the ANSI FDDI TP-PMD standard as well as the IEEE 802.3 100Base-TX standard for both voltage thresholds and timing parameters.

## 10.5 Line Quality Monitor

The line quality monitor function is available in 100Base-TX mode. It is possible to determine the amount of Equalization being used by accessing certain test registers with the DSP engine. This provides a crude indication of connected cable length. This function allows for a quick and simple verification of the line quality in that any significant deviation from an expected register value (based on a known cable length) would indicate that the signal quality has deviated from the expected nominal case.

## 10.6 Clock Recovery Module

The Clock Recovery Module (CRM) is supported in 100Base-TX mode. The CRM accepts 125Mb/s MLT3 data from the equalizer. The DPLL locks onto the 125Mb/s data stream and extracts a 125MHz recovered clock. The extracted and synchronized clock and data are used as required by the synchronous receive operations.

## 10.7 Loopback Operation

Loopback mode is normally used to verify that the logic operations up to the Ethernet cable function correctly. In loopback mode for 100Mbps, the RTL8101L takes frames from the transmit descriptor and transmits them up to internal Twister logic.



## 10.8 Tx Encapsulation

While operating in 100Base-TX mode, the RTL8101L encapsulates the frames that it transmits according to the 4B/5B code-groups table. The changes of the original packet data are listed as follows:

- 1. The first byte of the preamble in the MAC frame is replaced with the JK symbol pair.
- 2. After the CRC, the TR symbol pair is inserted.

#### 10.9 Collision

If the RTL8101L is not in full-duplex mode, a collision event occurs when the receive input is not idle while the RTL8101L transmits. If the collision was detected during the preamble transmission, the jam pattern is transmitted after completing the preamble (including the JK symbol pair).

### 10.10 Rx Decapsulation

The RTL8101L continuously monitors the network when reception is enabled. When activity is recognized it starts to process the incoming data.

After detecting receive activity on the line, the RTL8101L starts to process the preamble bytes based on the mode of operation.

While operating in 100Base-Tx mode, the RTL8101L expects the frame to start with the symbol pair JK in the first byte of the 8-byte preamble.

The RTL8101L checks the CRC bytes and checks if the packet data ends with the TR symbol pair, if not, the RTL8101L reports an CRC error RSR.

The RTL8101L reports a RSR<CRC> error in any of the following cases:

- 1. In the 100Base-Tx mode, one of the following occur.
- a. An invalid symbol (4B/5B Table) is received in the middle of the frame. RSR<ISE> bit also sets.
- b. The frame does not end with the TR symbol pair.

#### 10.11 Flow Control

The RTL8101L supports IEEE802.3X flow control to improve performance in full-duplex mode. It detects PAUSE packets to achieve flow control task.

#### 10.11.1 Control Frame Transmission

When the RTL8101L detects that its free receive buffer is less than 3K bytes, it sends a **PAUSE packet with pause\_time(=FFFFh)** to inform the source station to stop transmission for the specified period of time. After the driver has processed the packets in the receive buffer and updated the boundary pointer, the RTL8101L sends the other **PAUSE packet with pause\_time(=0000h)** to wake up the source station to restart transmission.

### 10.11.2 Control Frame Reception

The RTL8101L enters a back off state for a specified period of time when it receives a valid **PAUSE packet with pause\_time(=n)**. If the PAUSE packet is received while the RTL8101L is transmitting, the RTL8101L starts to back off after current transmission completes. The RTL8101L is free to transmit the next packets when it receives a valid **PAUSE packet with pause time(=0000h)** or the **backoff timer(=n\*512 bit time)** elapses.

Note: The PAUSE operation cannot be used to inhibit transmission of MAC Control frames (e.g. PAUSE packet). The N-way flow control capability can be disabled, please refer to Section 6, EEPROM (93C46) Contents for a detailed description.



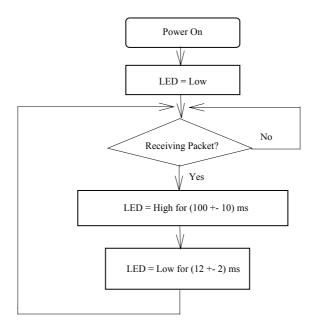
## 10.12 LED Functions

## 10.12.1 10/100 Mbps Link Monitor

The Link Monitor senses the link integrity or if a station is down.

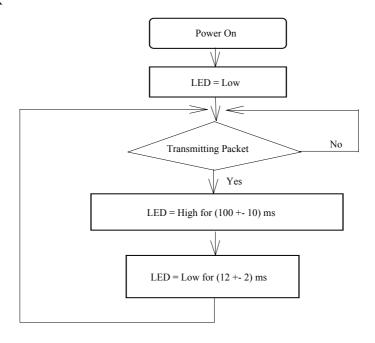
## 10.12.2 LED\_RX

In 10/100 Mbps mode, the LED function is like RTL8139C(L).

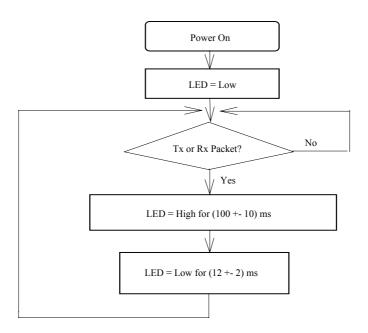




## 10.12.3 LED\_TX

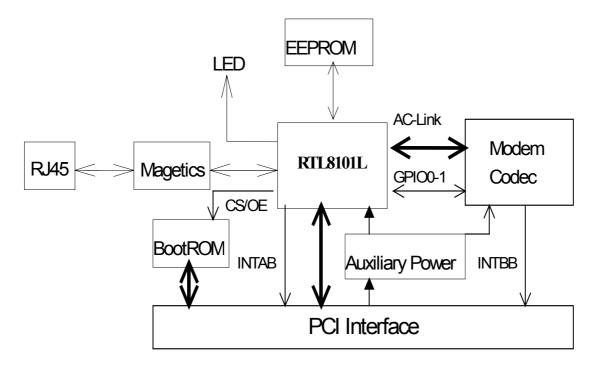


## **10.12.4** LED\_TX+LED\_RX





# 11. Application Diagram





## 12. Electrical Characteristics

# 12.1 Temperature Limit Ratings:

| Parameter             | Minimum | Maximum | Units |  |
|-----------------------|---------|---------|-------|--|
| Storage temperature   | -55     | +125    | °C    |  |
| Operating temperature | 0       | 70      | °C    |  |

## 12.2 DC Characteristics:

Supply voltage Vcc = 3.0V min. to 3.6V max.

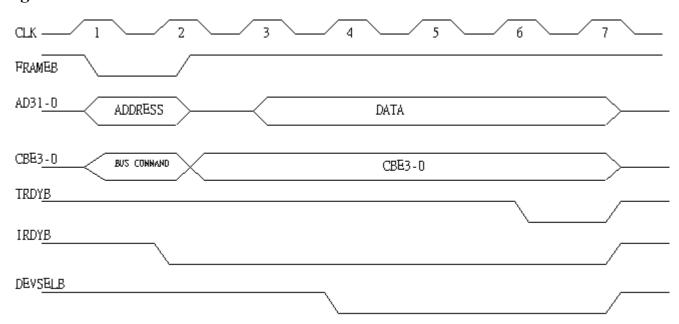
| Symbol            | Parameter                         | Conditions                              | Minimum   | Maximum   | Units |
|-------------------|-----------------------------------|---|-----------|-----------|-------|
| $v_{OH}$          | Minimum High Level Output Voltage | I <sub>OH</sub> = -8mA                  | 0.9 * Vcc | Vcc       | V     |
| $v_{OL}$          | Maximum Low Level Output Voltage  | I <sub>OL</sub> = 8mA                   |           | 0.1 * Vcc | V     |
| $v_{\mathrm{IH}}$ | Minimum High Level Input Voltage  |   | 0.5 * Vcc | Vcc+0.5   | V     |
| $v_{\mathrm{IL}}$ | Maximum Low Level Input Voltage   |   | -0.5      | 0.3 * Vcc | V     |
| $I_{IN}$          | Input Current                     | V <sub>IN=</sub> V <sub>CC</sub> or GND | -1.0      | 1.0       | uA    |
| $I_{OZ}$          | Tri-State Output Leakage Current  | V <sub>OUT</sub> =V <sub>CC or</sub>    | -10       | 10        | uA    |
|                   |                                   | GND                                     |           |           |       |
| $I_{CC}$          | Average Operating Supply Current  | I <sub>OUT=</sub> 0mA,                  |           | 330       | mA    |



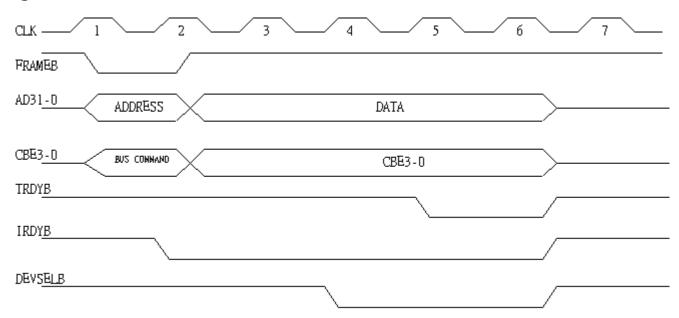
## 12.3 AC Characteristics

## 12.3.1 PCI Bus Operation Timing:

### **Target Read**

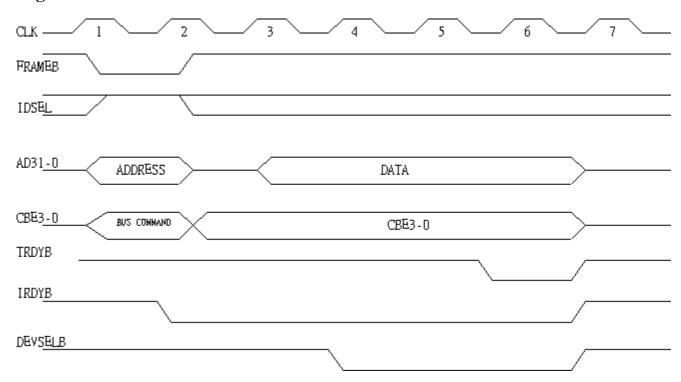


### **Target Write**

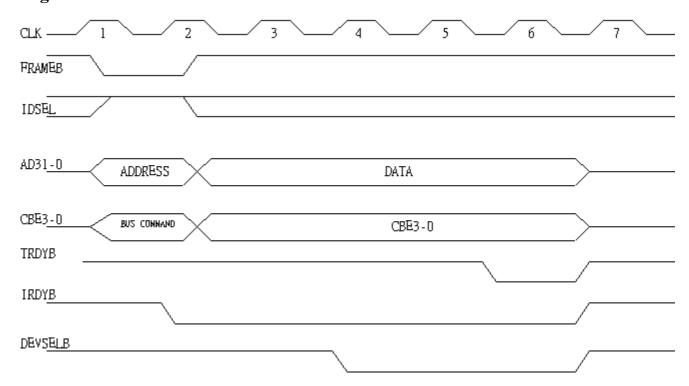




### **Configuration Read**

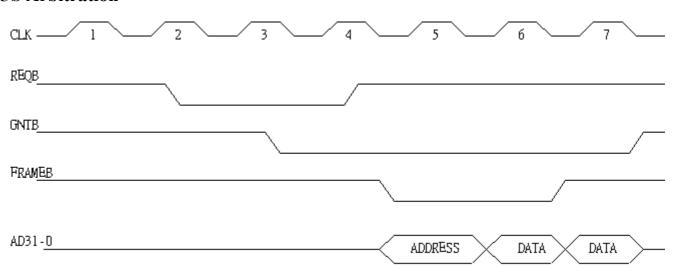


### **Configuration Write**

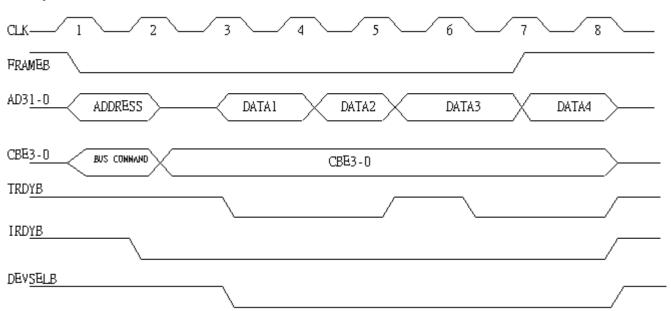




#### **BUS** Arbitration

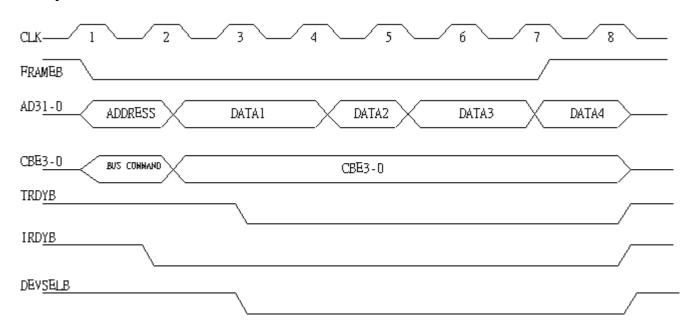


### **Memory Read**

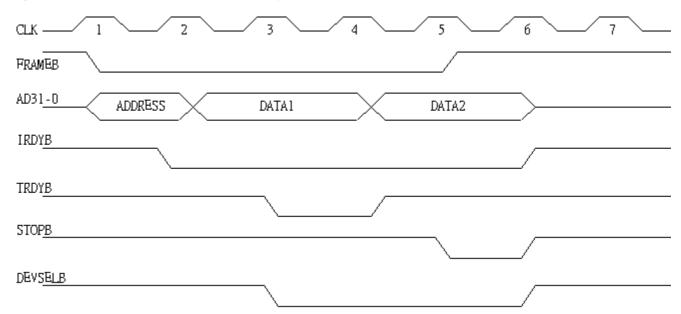




### **Memory Write**

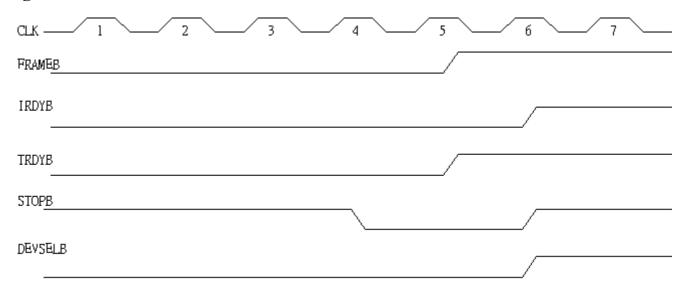


### **Target Initiated Termination - Retry**

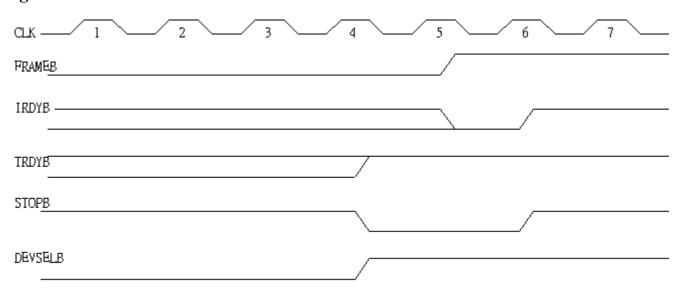




### **Target Initiated Termination - Disconnect**

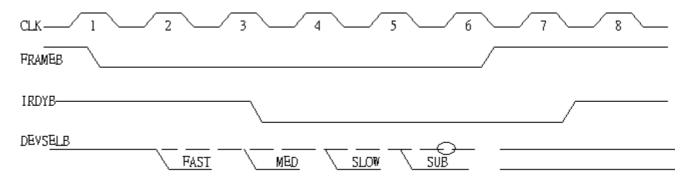


### **Target Initiated Termination - Abort**

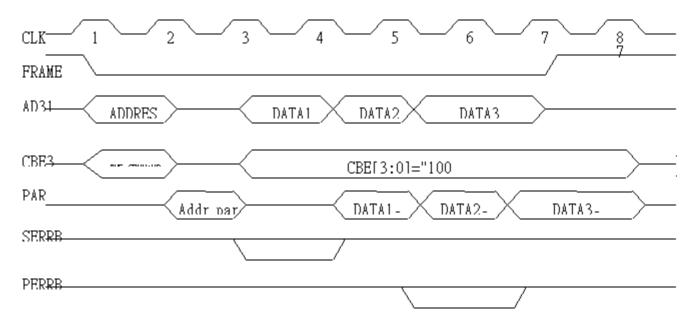




#### **Master Initiated Termination – Abort**

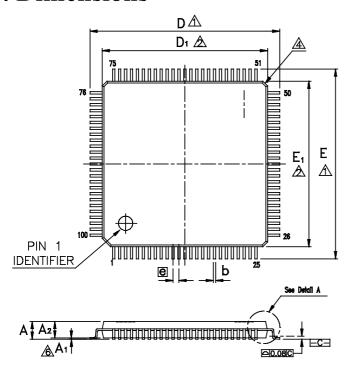


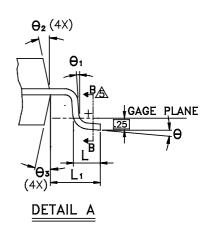
## **Parity Operation - one example**

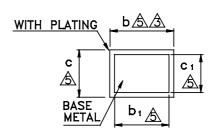




## 13. Dimensions







SECTION B-B

#### Note:

- 1.To be determined at seating plane -c-
- 2.Dimensions  $D_1$  and  $E_1$  do not include mold protrusion.  $D_1$  and  $E_1$  are maximum plastic body size dimensions

including mold mismatch.

- 3.Dimension b does not include dambar protrusion.

  Dambar can not be located on the lower radius of the foot.
- 4.Exact shape of each corner is optional.
- 5. These dimensions apply to the flat section of the lead between 0.10 mm and 0.25 mm from the lead tip.
- 6. A<sub>1</sub> is defined as the distance from the seating plane to the lowest point of the package body.
- 7. Controlling dimension: millimeter.
- 8. Reference document: JEDEC MS-026, BED.

| o. Reference document. VEDEC 1415 020 , BED. |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| TITLE: 100LD LQFP ( 14x14x1.4mm)             |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| PACKAGE OUTLINE DRAWING , FOOTPRINT 2.0mm    |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LEADFRAME MATERIAL:                          |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| APPROVE DOC. NO.                             |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | VERSION                                     | 1  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | PAGE  | OF   |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | DWG NO.                                     | LQ100 - P1   |  |  |  |  |  |
| DATE   |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| REALTEK SEMICONDUCTOR CORP.                  |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | TLE: 100LD LQF<br>OUTLINE DRAV<br>LEADFRAME | TLE: 100LD LQFP ( 14x14x1.  OUTLINE DRAWING , FOOT  LEADFRAME MATERIAL  DOC. NO.  VERSION  PAGE  DWG NO.  DATE |  |  |  |  |  |

| Symbol           | Din    | nensio    | n in  | Dimension in |           |      |  |
|------------------|--------|-----------|-------|--------------|-----------|------|--|
|                  |        | inch      |       | mm           |           |      |  |
|                  | Min    | Nom       | Max   | Min          | Nom       | Max  |  |
| A                | -      | -         | 0.067 | -            | -         | 1.70 |  |
| $\mathbf{A}_{1}$ | 0.000  | 0.004     | 0.008 | 0.00         | 0.1       | 0.20 |  |
| <b>A</b> 2       | 0.051  | 0.055     | 0.059 | 1.30         | 1.40      | 1.50 |  |
| В                | 0.006  | 0.009     | 0.011 | 0.15         | 0.22      | 0.29 |  |
| b <sub>1</sub>   | 0.006  | 0.008     | 0.010 | 0.15         | 0.20      | 0.25 |  |
| C                | 0.004  | -         | 0.008 | 0.09         | -         | 0.20 |  |
| C1               | 0.004  | -         | 0.006 | 0.09         | -         | 0.16 |  |
| D                | 0.0    | 630 BS    | SC    | 16.00 BSC    |           |      |  |
| $\mathbf{D}_1$   | 0.:    | 0.551 BSC |       |              | 14.00 BSC |      |  |
| E                | 0.0    | 630 BS    | SC    | 16           | .00 BS    | SC   |  |
| $\mathbf{E_1}$   | 0.:    | 551 BS    | SC    | 14.00 BSC    |           |      |  |
| е                | 0.0    | 020 B     | SC    | 0.50 BSC     |           |      |  |
| L                | 0.016  | 0.024     | 0.031 | 0.40         | 0.60      | 0.80 |  |
| L <sub>1</sub>   |        | 039 RI    | ΕF    | 1.00 REF     |           |      |  |
| θ                |        | 3.5°      | 9°    |              | 3.5°      | 9°   |  |
| <i>θ</i> 1       | 0 °    | -         | -     | 0 °          | -         | -    |  |
| θ 2              | 12°TYP |           |       | 12°TYP       |           |      |  |
| $\theta$ 3       | 12°TYP |           |       | 12°TYP       |           |      |  |



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