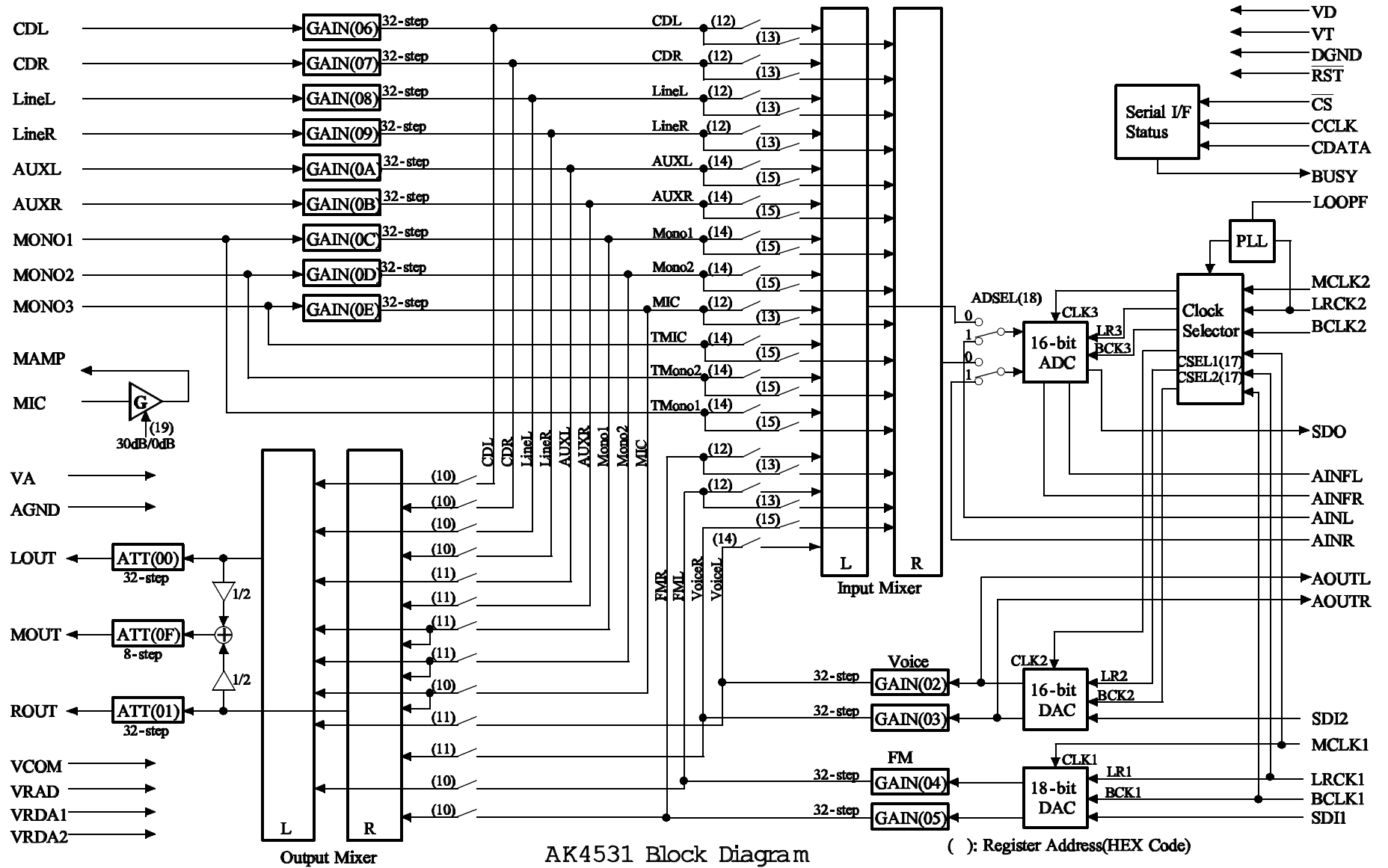


General Description

The AK4531A is a two channel 16bit AUDIO Hi-Fi CODEC (ADC and DAC) with a sampling rate of 4kHz to 50kHz and includes a 2 channel 18bit DAC designed to work together with an extra sound source. Each converter can also operate by independent sampling rates. Its internal recording and playback mixer has 5 channel stereo and 3 channel mono with L/R, R/L, L/L and R/R switching. The AK4531A also has an internal 30dB microphone amplifier. Its master clock is 256 times of f_s and an internal PLL can also automatically generates 256 f_s for master clock from f_s . The sampling ADC has an enhanced dual bit delta sigma modulator. Both the 16bit and 18bit DAC have low outband noise and high jitter tolerance due to a switched capacitor filter(SCF) and a continuous time filter(CTF). The AK4531A corresponds to a 3.3V digital interface, performing with a low power dissipation of 315mW. The package is a low profile 44pin LQFP.

Features

- 2ch Audio CODEC with low outband noise DAC
- 2ch 18bit Extra Audio DAC
- Standard Serial Interface for CODEC & DAC
- CODEC & DAC Dynamic Range: 87dB
- High Jitter Tolerance
- 5ch stereo & 3ch mono recording mixer
with L/R, R/L, L/L and R/R switching
- 5ch stereo & 3ch mono playback mixer
- Input PGA with 32levels & 2dB step
- 30dB microphone amplifier
- 3-wire Serial Interface for Mixer Control
- Sampling Rate: 4kHz ~ 50kHz
- Independent Sampling Rates for Each Converter
- Master Clock: 256 f_s
- On chip PLL for deriving 256 f_s master clock from f_s clock
- Corresponding to a 3.3V digital interface
- Low Power Dissipation: 315mW
- Low Profile Package: 44pin LQFP
- AK4531 Pin Compatible



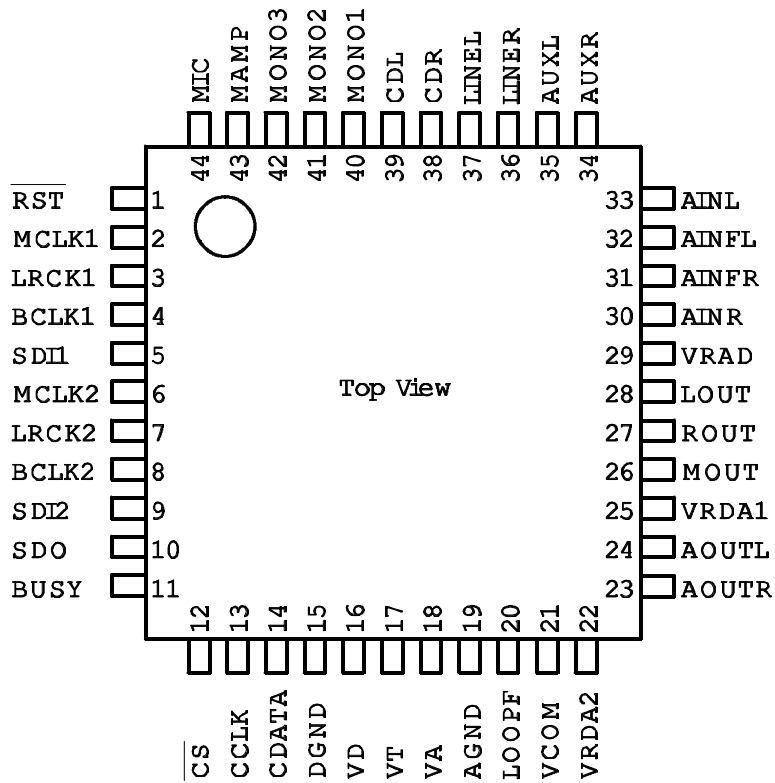
AK4531 Block Diagram

(): Register Address(HEX Code)

Ordering Guide

AK4531A-VQ	-10 ~ +70	44pin LQFP(0.8mm pitch)
AKD4531	Evaluation Board	

Pin Layout



PIN/FUNCTION			
No.	Pin Name	I/O	Function
Analog Inputs/Outputs : 16pin			
39	CDL	I	Lch #1 Line Level Input Pin
38	CDR	I	Rch #1 Line Level Input Pin
37	LineL	I	Lch #2 Line Level Input Pin
36	LineR	I	Rch #2 Line Level Input Pin
35	AUXL	I	Lch #3 Line Level Input Pin
34	AUXR	I	Rch #3 Line Level Input Pin
40	MONO1	I	Mono #1 Input Pin
41	MONO2	I	Mono #2 Input Pin
44	MIC	I	MIC Input Pin
28	LOUT	O	Lch Line Level Output Pin
27	ROUT	O	Rch Line Level Output Pin
26	MOUT	O	Mono Output Pin
33	AINL	I	Lch ADC Input Pin
30	AINR	I	Rch ADC Input Pin
24	AOUTL	O	Lch DAC Output Pin
23	AOUTR	O	Rch DAC Output Pin
Serial Audio Interface : 9pin			
2	MCLK1	I	Extra DAC Master Clock
3	LRCK1	I	Extra DAC L/R Clock
4	BCLK1	I	Extra DAC Bit Clock
5	SDI1	I	Extra Data Input
6	MCLK2	I	CODEC Master Clock
7	LRCK2	I	CODEC L/R Clock
8	BCLK2	I	CODEC Bit Clock
9	SDI2	I	CODEC-DAC Data Input
10	SDO	O	CODEC-ADC Data Output
Serial Control Data Interface : 3pin			
12	CS	I	Chip Select
13	CCLK	I	Control Interface Clock
14	CDATA	I	Control Data

No.	Pin Name	I/O	Function
Miscellaneous : 11pin			
1	$\overline{\text{RST}}$	I	Reset Pin
11	BUSY	O	Status Output
29	VRAD	O	ADC Voltage Reference Pin Connected to AGND with 0.1uF and 4.7uF capacitors.
25	VRDA1	O	CODEC-DAC Voltage Reference Pin Connected to AGND with 0.1uF and 4.7uF capacitors.
22	VRDA2	O	Extra-DAC Voltage Reference Pin Connected to AGND with 0.1uF and 4.7uF capacitors.
21	VCOM	O	Voltage Common Output Pin Connected to AGND with 0.1uF and 4.7uF capacitors.
43	MAMP	O	MIC Amp Output Pin Connected to MONO3 with 1uF capacitor.
42	MONO3	I	MONO #3 Input Pin
32	AINFL	O	Lch Antialias Filter Pin Connected to AGND with 1.0nF capacitor.
31	AINFR	O	Rch Antialias Filter Pin Connected to AGND with 1.0nF capacitor.
20	LOOPF	O	Loop Filter Pin Connected to AGND with 0.1uF capacitor.
Power Supplies : 5pin			
18	VA	-	Analog Power Supply Pin, 5V
19	AGND	-	Analog Ground Pin
16	VD	-	Digital Power Supply Pin, 5V
17	VT	-	Output Buffer Power Supply Pin, 3.3V
15	DGND	-	Digital Ground Pin

Note:

No load current may be taken from the VCOM, VRAD, VRDA1, VRDA2 pins for the external circuits.
All digital input pins except pull-down pins should not be left floating.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

(AGND,DGND=0V; Note 1)

Parameter	Symbol	min	max	Units
Power Supplies: Analog	VA	-0.3	6.0	V
Digital (Note 2)	VD	-0.3	6.0/VA+0.3	V
Output Buffer	VT	-0.3	VD	V
Input Current, Any Pin Except Supplies	IIN	-	± 10	mA
Analog Input Voltage (Note 2)	VINA	-0.3	6.0/VA+0.3	V
Digital Input Voltage (Note 2)	VIND	-0.3	6.0/VA+0.3	V
Ambient Temperature (power applied)	Ta	-10	70	
Storage Temperature	Tstg	-65	150	

Note: 1. All voltages with respect to ground.

2. Max value is higher voltage of 6.0V or VA+0.3V.

WARNING: Operation at or beyond these limits may result in permanent damage to the device.

Normal operation is not guaranteed at these extremes.

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

(AGND,DGND=0V; Note 1)

Parameter	Symbol	min	typ	max	Units
Power Supplies: Analog	VA	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
Digital	VD	4.5	5.0	VA	V
Output Buffer	VT	3.0	3.3	VD	V

Note: 1. All voltages with respect to ground.

ANALOG CHARACTERISTICS

(Ta=25 ; VA,VD=5.0V; VT=3.3V; fs=44.1kHz; Signal Frequency=1kHz;

CSEL2,1="1,1", MCLK=256fs, BCLK=64fs, LRCK=fs

The same clocks are supplied to CODEC-ADC, CODEC-DAC & Extra-DAC.

Measurement frequency=10Hz ~ 20kHz; unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	min	typ	max	Units
CODEC-ADC: Measured via AINL/AINR				
Resolution			16	Bits
S/(N+D) (-0.5dB Input)	74	82		dB
S/N (A-Weighted)	83	88		dB
Dynamic Range (-60dB Input, A-Weighted)	83	88		dB
Interchannel Isolation (Note 3)	70	78		dB
Interchannel Gain Mismatch		0.1	0.3	dB
Gain Drift		100		ppm/
Offset Error (Note 4)		± 1	-	LSB
Input Voltage	2.60	2.88	3.16	Vpp
Input Resistance	45	75	105	k
Power Supply Rejection		50		dB
CODEC-DAC: Measured via AOUTL/AOUTR				
Resolution			16	Bits
S/(N+D)	74	83		dB
S/N (A-Weighted)	83	88		dB
Dynamic Range (-60dB Input, A-Weighted)	83	88		dB
Interchannel Isolation (Note 3)	80	90		dB
Interchannel Gain Mismatch		0.1	0.5	dB
Gain Drift		100		ppm/
Output Voltage	2.60	2.88	3.16	Vpp
Load Resistance	10			k
Out-of-Band Noise (BW 100kHz)		-83		dB
Power Supply Rejection		50		dB
Extra-DAC: Reference data				
Resolution			18	Bits
S/(N+D)		83		dB
S/N (A-Weighted)		88		dB
Dynamic Range (-60dB Input, A-Weighted)		88		dB
Interchannel Isolation (Note 3)		90		dB
Interchannel Gain Mismatch		0.1		dB
Gain Drift		100		ppm/
Output Voltage		2.88		Vpp
Power Supply Rejection		50		dB

Note: 3. Crosstalk between channels on the same A/D or D/A.

4. Internal HPF removes offset.

Parameter	min	typ	max	Units
Mic Amp				
Gain	28	30	32	dB
Input Resistance	30	50	80	k
Mixer Input				
Input Resistance (CD,Line,AUX)	30	50	80	k
Input Resistance (MONO1,MONO2,MONO3)	10	-	80	k
Mixer Gain Control: 32 steps				
Step Size	0	2		dB
Gain Control Range	-50		12	dB
Line Output: LOUT/ROUT/MOUT				
Load Resistance	5			k
Master Volume: 32 steps				
Step Size	0	2		dB
Attenuation Control Range	-62		0	dB
Mono Volume: 8 steps				
Step Size	0	4		dB
Attenuation Control Range	-28		0	dB
Power Supplies				
Power Supply Current				
Normal Operation ($\overline{\text{PD}}$ bit="1")				
VA		50	75	mA
VD+VT		13	20	mA
Power-Down-Mode ($\overline{\text{PD}}$ bit="0")				
VA		10		uA
VD+VT		10		uA
Power Dissipation				
Normal Operation				
		315	475	mW
Power-Down-Mode				
		100		uW

FILTER CHARACTERISTICS

(Ta=25 ; VA,VD=5.0V ± 10%; VT=3.0 ~ 5.5V; fs=44.1kHz)

Parameter	Symbol	min	typ	max	Units
CODEC-ADC Digital Filter(Decimation LPF):					
Passband ± 0.1dB (Note 5)	PB	0		16.5	kHz
-0.5dB		0		19.0	kHz
-1.2dB		0		20.0	kHz
-6.7dB		0		22.05	kHz
Stopband	SB	26.0			kHz
Passband Ripple	PR			± 0.1	dB
Stopband Attenuation	SA	68			dB
Group Delay Distortion	GD			0	us
Group Delay (Note 6)	GD		16.1		1/fs
CODEC-ADC Digital Filter(HPF):					
Frequency Response -3dB (Note 5)	FR		6.85		Hz
-0.5dB			19.6		Hz
-0.1dB			44.9		Hz
CODEC-DAC Digital Filter:					
Passband ± 0.1dB (Note 5)	PB	0		18.0	kHz
-6.0dB		0		22.05	kHz
Stopband	SB	26.1			kHz
Passband Ripple	PR			± 0.1	dB
Stopband Attenuation	SA	65			dB
Group Delay (Note 6)	GD		14.4		1/fs
CODEC-DAC Digital Filter+Analog Filter:					
Frequency Response 0 ~ 20.0kHz	FR		± 1.0		dB
Extra-DAC Digital Filter:					
Passband ± 0.1dB (Note 5)	PB	0		18.0	kHz
-6.0dB		0		22.05	kHz
Stopband	SB	26.0			kHz
Passband Ripple	PR			± 0.02	dB
Stopband Attenuation	SA	57			dB
Group Delay (Note 6)	GD		14.4		1/fs
Extra-DAC Digital Filter+Analog Filter:					
Frequency Response 0 ~ 20.0kHz	FR		± 1.0		dB

Notes: 5. The Passband and stopband frequencies scale with fs.

6. The calculating delay time which occurred by digital filtering. This time is from the input of analog signal to setting the 16bit data of both channels to the output register for ADC.

For DAC, this time is from setting the 16/18bit data of both channels on input register to the output of analog signal.

DIGITAL CHARACTERISTICS

(Ta=25 ; VA,VD=5.0V ± 10%; VT=3.0 ~ 5.5V)

Parameter	Symbol	min	typ	max	Units
High-Level Input Voltage	VIH	2.0	-	-	V
Low-Level Input Voltage	VIL	-	-	0.8	V
High-Level Output Voltage (Iout=-80uA)	VOH	VT-0.4	-	-	V
Low-Level Output Voltage (Iout=80uA)	VOL	-	-	0.4	V
Input Leakage Current	Iin	-	-	± 10	uA

SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

(Ta=25 ; VA,VD=5.0V ± 10%; VT=3.0 ~ 5.5V; CL = 20pF)

Parameter	Symbol	min	typ	max	Unit
Master Clock Timing (Note 7)	fCLK	1.024	11.2896	12.800	MHz
Pulse Width Low	tCLKL	31.25			ns
Pulse Width High	tCLKH	31.25			ns
LRCK Frequency (Note 8)	fs	4	44.1	50	kHz
Duty Cycle		45		55	%
Serial Interface Timing (Note 9)					
BCLK Period	tBCK	312.5			ns
BCLK Pulse Width Low	tBCKL	100			ns
Pulse Width High	tBCKH	100			ns
LRCK Edge to BCLK " " (Note 10)	tLRB	50			ns
BCLK " " to LRCK Edge (Note 10)	tBLR	50			ns
SDI Hold Time	tSDH	50			ns
SDI Setup Time	tSDS	50			ns
LRCK to SDO(MSB)	tLRS			70	ns
BCLK " " to SDO	tBSD			70	ns
Control Interface Timing					
CCLK Period	tCCK	200			ns
CCLK Pulse Width Low	tCCKL	80			ns
Pulse Width High	tCCKH	80			ns
CDATA Hold Time	tCDS	50			ns
CDATA Setup Time	tCDH	50			ns
CS High Level Time	tCSW	150			ns
CS " " to CCLK " "	tCSS	50			ns
CCLK " " to CS " "	tCSH	50			ns
Reset Timing					
RST Pulse Width	tRTW	150			ns
RST " " to SDO delay (Note 11)	tRSD		516		1/fs

Notes: 7. Master clock means MCLK1 and MCLK2.

8. LRCK means LRCK1 and LRCK2.

If the duty of LRCK changes larger than 5% from 50%, the AK4531A is reset by the internal phase detecting circuit automatically. Extra-DAC should operate at fs 16kHz for practical use.

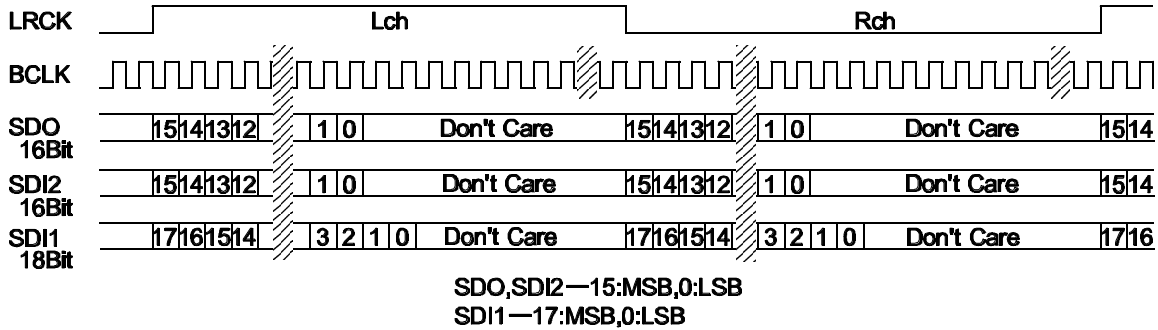
9. Timing relation is specified between LRCK1 and BCLK1, or LRCK2 and BCLK2.

10. BCLK rising edge must not occur at the same time as LRCK edge.

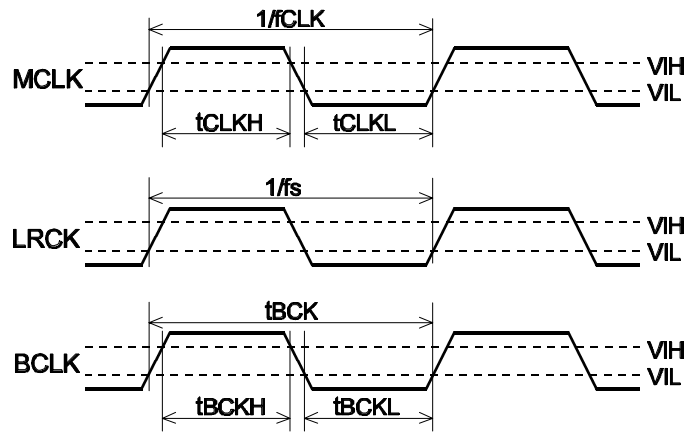
11. These cycles are the number of LRCK rising from RST rising.

Audio Data Formats

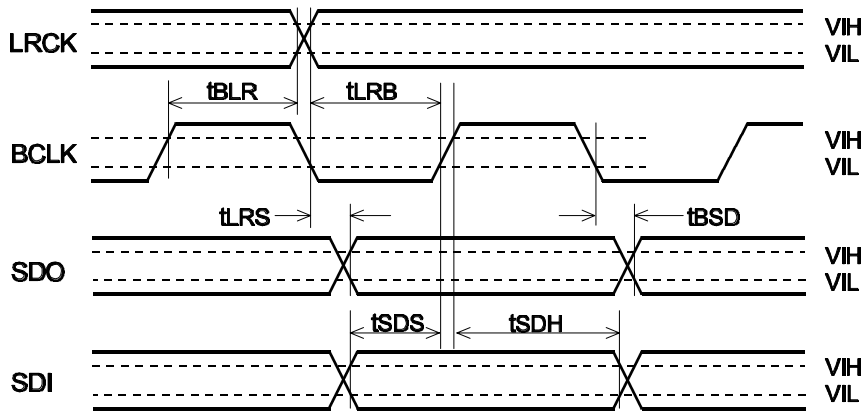
The data format of CODEC-ADC/DAC is MSB first & MSB justified with 16bit. The BCLK needs 32fs or more than 32fs cycles. The data format of Extra-DAC is MSB first & MSB justified with 18bit. In this case, BCLK needs 36fs or more than 36fs cycles.



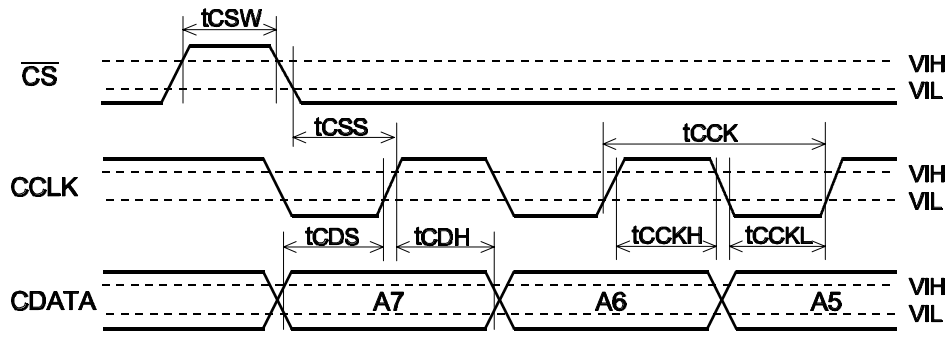
Timing Diagram



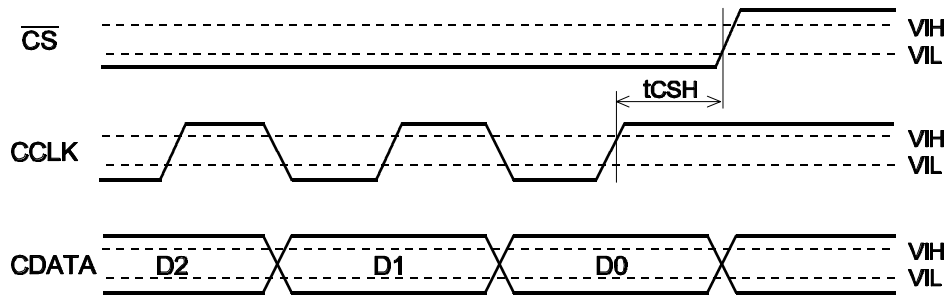
Clock Timing



Serial Audio Interface Timing



Control Data Interface Timing 1



Control Data Interface Timing 2



Reset Timing

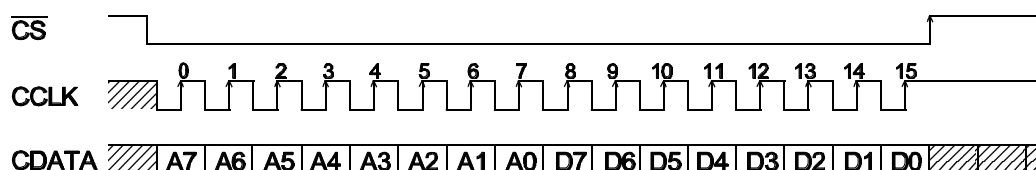
OPERATION OVERVIEW

1. Control Register Map

Addr	Register Name	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
00	Master Volume Lch	MUTE			ATT4	ATT3	ATT2	ATT1	ATT0
01	Master Volume Rch	MUTE			ATT4	ATT3	ATT2	ATT1	ATT0
02	Voice Volume Lch	MUTE			GAI4	GAI3	GAI2	GAI1	GAI0
03	Voice Volume Rch	MUTE			GAI4	GAI3	GAI2	GAI1	GAI0
04	FM Volume Lch	MUTE			GAI4	GAI3	GAI2	GAI1	GAI0
05	FM Volume Rch	MUTE			GAI4	GAI3	GAI2	GAI1	GAI0
06	CD Audio Volume Lch	MUTE			GAI4	GAI3	GAI2	GAI1	GAI0
07	CD Audio Volume Rch	MUTE			GAI4	GAI3	GAI2	GAI1	GAI0
08	Line Volume Lch	MUTE			GAI4	GAI3	GAI2	GAI1	GAI0
09	Line Volume Rch	MUTE			GAI4	GAI3	GAI2	GAI1	GAI0
0A	AUX Volume Lch	MUTE			GAI4	GAI3	GAI2	GAI1	GAI0
0B	AUX Volume Rch	MUTE			GAI4	GAI3	GAI2	GAI1	GAI0
0C	Mono1 volume	MUTE			GAI4	GAI3	GAI2	GAI1	GAI0
0D	Mono2 volume	MUTE			GAI4	GAI3	GAI2	GAI1	GAI0
0E	MIC volume	MUTE			GAI4	GAI3	GAI2	GAI1	GAI0
0F	Mono-out Volume	MUTE					ATT2	ATT1	ATT0
10	Output Mixer SW 1		FML	FMR	LineL	LineR	CDL	CDR	MIC
11	Output Mixer SW 2			AUXL	AUXR	VoiceL	VoiceR	Mono2	Mono1
12	Lch Input Mixer SW 1		FML	FMR	LineL	LineR	CDL	CDR	MIC
13	Rch Input Mixer SW 1		FML	FMR	LineL	LineR	CDL	CDR	MIC
14	Lch Input Mixer SW 2	TMIC	TMono1	TMono2	AUXL	AUXR	VoiceL	Mono2	Mono1
15	Rch Input Mixer SW 2	TMIC	TMono1	TMono2	AUXL	AUXR	VoiceR	Mono2	Mono1
16	Reset & Power Down							PD	RST
17	Clock Select							CSEL2	CSEL1
18	AD Input Select								ADSEL
19	MIC Amp Gain								MGAIN

Notes. ATT* is data bits for the attenuation level.

GAI* is data bits for the gain level.

2. WRITE Timing of Control Register

A7-A0: Address

D7-D0: Control Data

3. Control Register Definitions

Addr	Register Name	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
00	Master Volume Lch	MUTE			ATT4	ATT3	ATT2	ATT1	ATT0
01	Master Volume Rch	MUTE			ATT4	ATT3	ATT2	ATT1	ATT0

MUTE 1:Mute.

ATT4:0 32 levels with 2dB step
 00000: 0dB
 11111: -62dB

Initial "1000 0000" (Mute & 0dB).

Addr	Register Name	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
02	Voice Volume Lch	MUTE			GAI4	GAI3	GAI2	GAI1	GAI0
03	Voice Volume Rch	MUTE			GAI4	GAI3	GAI2	GAI1	GAI0
04	FM Volume Lch	MUTE			GAI4	GAI3	GAI2	GAI1	GAI0
05	FM Volume Rch	MUTE			GAI4	GAI3	GAI2	GAI1	GAI0
06	CD Audio Volume Lch	MUTE			GAI4	GAI3	GAI2	GAI1	GAI0
07	CD Audio Volume Rch	MUTE			GAI4	GAI3	GAI2	GAI1	GAI0
08	Line Volume Lch	MUTE			GAI4	GAI3	GAI2	GAI1	GAI0
09	Line Volume Rch	MUTE			GAI4	GAI3	GAI2	GAI1	GAI0
0A	AUX Volume Lch	MUTE			GAI4	GAI3	GAI2	GAI1	GAI0
0B	AUX Volume Rch	MUTE			GAI4	GAI3	GAI2	GAI1	GAI0
0C	Mono1 volume	MUTE			GAI4	GAI3	GAI2	GAI1	GAI0
0D	Mono2 volume	MUTE			GAI4	GAI3	GAI2	GAI1	GAI0
0E	MIC volume	MUTE			GAI4	GAI3	GAI2	GAI1	GAI0

MUTE 1: Mute.

GAI4:0 32 levels with 2dB step
 00000: +12dB
 00110: 0dB
 11111: -50dB

Initial "1000 0110" (Mute & 0dB).

Addr	Register Name	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
0F	Mono-out Volume	MUTE					ATT2	ATT1	ATT0

MUTE 1:Mute.

ATT2:0 8 levels with 4dB step
 000: 0dB
 111: -28dB

Initial "1000 0000" (Mute & 0dB).

Addr	Register Name	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
10	Output Mixer SW 1		FML	FMR	LineL	LineR	CDL	CDR	MIC
11	Output Mixer SW 2			AUXL	AUXR	VoiceL	VoiceR	Mono2	Mono1
12	Lch Input Mixer SW 1		FML	FMR	LineL	LineR	CDL	CDR	MIC
13	Rch Input Mixer SW 1		FML	FMR	LineL	LineR	CDL	CDR	MIC
14	Lch Input Mixer SW 2	TMIC	TMono1	TMono2	AUXL	AUXR	VoiceL	Mono2	Mono1
15	Rch Input Mixer SW 2	TMIC	TMono1	TMono2	AUXL	AUXR	VoiceR	Mono2	Mono1

ON/OFF of Mixer Switches

- 0: OFF
- 1: ON

Initial "0000 0000" (All OFF).

Addr	Register Name	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
16	Reset & Power Down							\overline{PD}	\overline{RST}
17	Clock Select							CSEL2	CSEL1
18	AD Input Select								ADSEL
19	MIC Amp Gain								MGAIN

\overline{RST} initializes the contents of all registers. When \overline{RST} pin goes "L", this register becomes "1".
 1: Normal Operation
 0: Initialize

\overline{PD} Enables the power down. When \overline{RST} pin goes "L", this register becomes "1".
 1: Normal Operation
 0: Power down

CSEL2,1 Selects the clocks for codec in two systems (-MCLK1,LRCK1,BCLK1; -MCLK2,LRCK2,BCLK2). The clocks for Extra-DAC always connect to system . The following is the clock select table. Please refer to the block diagram about each signal name. The initial state is "1,1".

Clock Select		CODEC-ADC			CODEC-DAC		
CSEL2	CSEL1	CLK3	LR3	BCK3	CLK2	LR2	BCK2
0	0	PLL	LRCK2	BCLK2	PLL	LRCK2	BCLK2
0	1	MCLK1	LRCK1	BCLK1	PLL	LRCK2	BCLK2
1	0	MCLK2	LRCK2	BCLK2	MCLK2	LRCK2	BCLK2
1	1	MCLK1	LRCK1	BCLK1	MCLK1	LRCK1	BCLK1

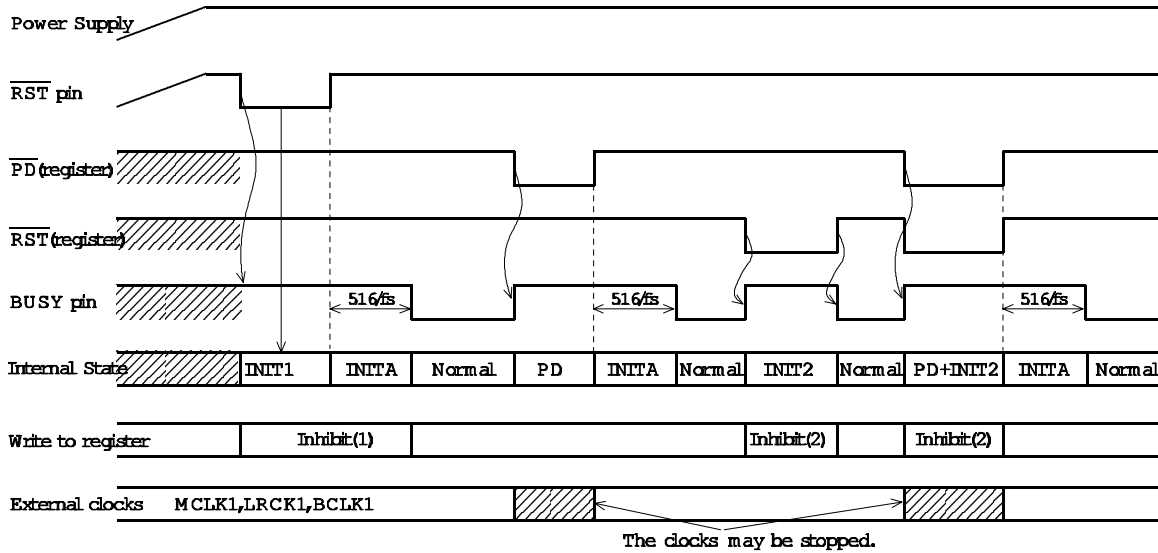
* In the PLL mode, the master clock(256fs) is supplied by the PLL circuit based on LRCK2.

ADSEL Selects the input source to ADC. The initial state is "0".
 0: output from Input Mixer
 1: AINL/AINR inputs

MGAIN Selects the gain of MIC amp. The initial state is "0".
 0: 0dB
 1: 30dB

4. Explanation of each sequence

4.1. Reset & Power down



- INIT1: Initializing all registers.
- INIT2: Initializing all registers except for \overline{PD} , \overline{RST} registers.
- INITA: Initializing the analog section. Initializing period is 516/fs.
- PD: Power down state. All analog outputs are floating. The contents of all registers are hold.
- Inhibit(1): Inhibits writing to all registers.
- Inhibit(2): Inhibits writing to all registers except for \overline{PD} , \overline{RST} registers.
- The AK4531A operates by the external clocks(MCLK1,LRCK1,BCLK1) during initializing the analog section.

Figure 1. Reset & Power Down Sequence

4.2. \overline{RST} pin operation

"H": Normal operation

"L": Initializing mode 1 (INIT1 in Figure 1)

- Initializing all registers.
- Inhibits writing to all registers.
- BUSY output goes "H".
- The initialization of the analog section starts from "L" of \overline{RST} pin.
- SDO pin stays "L" and BUSY pin holds "H" during the initializing period of 516/fs.

4.3. \overline{RST} register operation

"1": Normal Operation

"0": Initializing mode 2 (INIT2 in Figure 1)

- Initializing all registers except for \overline{PD} , \overline{RST} registers.
- Inhibits writing to all registers except for \overline{PD} , \overline{RST} registers.
- BUSY output goes "H".
- \overline{RST} register goes "1" when \overline{RST} pin goes "L".
- The analog section is not initialized.

4.4. $\overline{\text{PD}}$ register operation

"1": Normal Operation

"0": Power down

- The contents of all registers are hold.
- $\overline{\text{BUSY}}$ output goes "H".
- $\overline{\text{PD}}$ register goes "1" when $\overline{\text{RST}}$ pin goes "L".
- All analog outputs($\overline{\text{LOUT}}$, $\overline{\text{ROUT}}$, $\overline{\text{MOUT}}$, $\overline{\text{AOUTL}}$, $\overline{\text{AOUTR}}$, $\overline{\text{MAMP}}$) go floating.
- The initialization of the analog section starts when $\overline{\text{PD}}$ register returns to "1".
- $\overline{\text{SDO}}$ pin stays "L" and $\overline{\text{BUSY}}$ pin holds "H" during the initializing period of 516/fs.

4.5. $\overline{\text{BUSY}}$ output pin operation

$\overline{\text{BUSY}}$ output goes "H" in the following cases.

- $\overline{\text{RST}}$ pin="L"
- During initializing the analog section.
- $\overline{\text{RST}}$ register="0"
- $\overline{\text{PD}}$ register="0"
- During PLL unlock. But this is valid only when PLL clock is selected by CSEL registers. i.e. CSEL2,1=(0,0) or (0,1).

4.6. $\overline{\text{SDO}}$ output pin operation

$\overline{\text{SDO}}$ output is the 16bit data of ADC and goes "L"(0000H) in the following cases.

- $\overline{\text{RST}}$ pin="L"
- During initializing the analog section.
- $\overline{\text{RST}}$ register="0"
- $\overline{\text{PD}}$ register="0"
- During PLL unlock. But this is valid only when PLL clock is selected as ADC clock by CSEL registers. i.e. CSEL2,1=(0,0).

4.7. CODEC-DAC analog output pins($\overline{\text{AOUTL}}$, $\overline{\text{AOUTR}}$) operation

These outputs are muted internally and VCOM voltage is output in the following cases.

- $\overline{\text{RST}}$ pin="L"
- During initializing the analog section.
- $\overline{\text{RST}}$ register="0"
- During PLL unlock. But this is valid only when PLL clock is selected as ADC clock by CSEL registers. i.e. CSEL2,1=(0,0) or (0,1).

These outputs are floating in the following case.

- $\overline{\text{PD}}$ register="0"

4.8. Extra-DAC analog outputs operation

It is impossible to observe externally due to the internal signal.

These outputs are muted internally and VCOM voltage is output in the following cases.

- $\overline{\text{RST}}$ pin="L"
- During initializing the analog section.
- $\overline{\text{RST}}$ register="0"

These outputs are floating in the following case.

- $\overline{\text{PD}}$ register="0"

5. System clock

The external clocks which are required to operate the AK4531A are MCLK, LRCK, BCLK except for PLL mode. MCLK should be synchronized with LRCK but the phase is free of care. As the AK4531A includes the phase detect circuit for LRCK, the AK4531A is reset automatically when the synchronization is out of phase by changing the clock frequencies. Therefore, the reset is not required except only upon power-up.

All external clocks should always be present whenever the AK4531A is in normal operation mode. If these clocks are not provided, the AK4531A may draw excess current and do not possibly operate properly because the device utilizes dynamic refreshed logic internally. If the external clocks are not present, the AK4531A should be in the power-down mode.

6. PLL lock speed

The AK4531A has a PLL to generate the CODEC master clock. The lock in time from 4kHz to 50kHz is about 100ms.

7. Digital High Pass Filter

The ADC of the AK4531A has a digital high pass filter for DC offset cancel. The cut-off frequency of the HPF is 6.85Hz at $f_s=44.1\text{kHz}$ and the frequency response at 20Hz is -0.5dB. It also scales with sampling rate(fs).

SYSTEM DESIGN

Figure 2,3 show the system connection diagram. An evaluation board is available which demonstrates the optimum layout, power supply arrangements and measurement results.

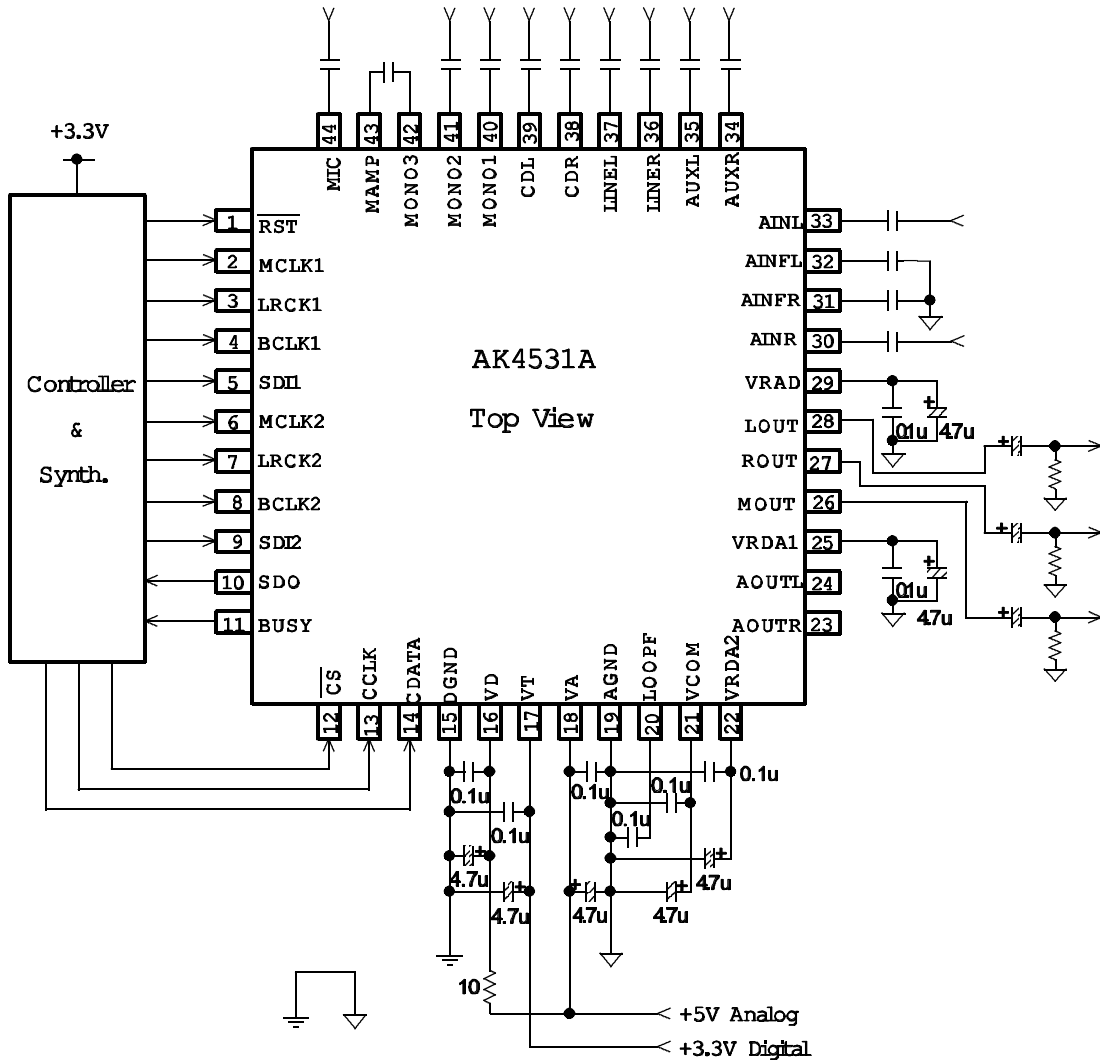


Figure 2. Typical Connection Diagram(VT=3.3V)

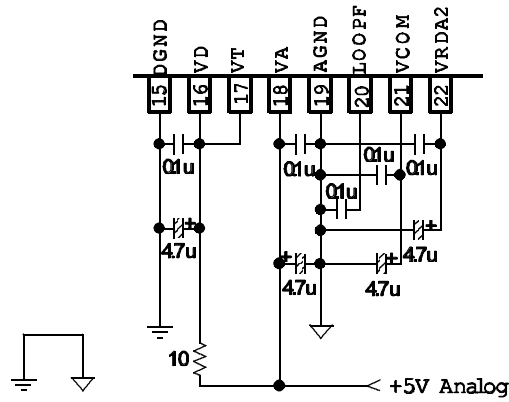


Figure 3. Typical Connection Diagram (VT=5V)

1. Grounding and Power Supply Decoupling

The AK4531A requires careful attention to power supply and grounding arrangements. VD should be supplied from analog power supply. Analog ground and digital ground should be connected together near to where the supplies are brought onto the printed circuit board. Decoupling capacitors should be as near to the AK4531A as possible, with the small value ceramic capacitor being the nearest.

2. On-chip voltage reference

The on-chip voltage references are output on the VRAD,VRDA1,VRDA2 and VCOM pins for decoupling. The VRAD,VRDA1,VRDA2 pins are used as the reference of A/D and D/A conversion. The VCOM is a signal ground of this chip. An electrolytic capacitor less than 10uF in parallel with a 0.1uF ceramic capacitor attached to these pins eliminates the effects of high frequency noise. Especially, the small value ceramic capacitors should be as near to the AK4531A as possible. No load current may be drawn from the VRAD,VRDA1,VRDA2 and VCOM pins. All signals, especially clocks, should be kept away from the VRAD,VRDA1,VRDA2 and VCOM pins in order to avoid unwanted coupling into the modulators.

3. Analog Inputs

The mixer inputs and the ADC input are single-ended and internally biased to the VCOM voltage with 50k (typ) resistance. The input signal range is typically 2.88Vpp(1Vrms). Figure 4 is an example for 2Vrms line-level input circuit. The ADC output data format is 2's complement. The AK4531A accepts input voltages from AGND to VA. The output code is 7FFFH for input above a positive full scale and 8000H for input below a negative full scale. The ideal code is 0000H with no input signal. The DC offset is cancelled by the internal HPF.

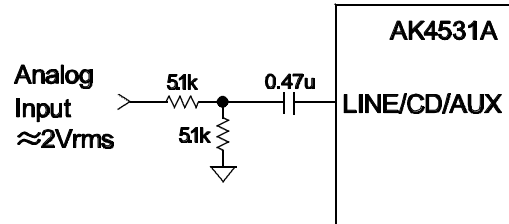


Figure 4. 2Vrms Line level Input

The AK4531A samples the analog inputs at 64fs. The digital filter rejects all noise higher than the stop band. However, the filter will not reject frequencies right around 64fs (and multiples of 64fs). Most audio signals do not have significant energy at 64fs.

4. Analog Outputs

The analog outputs are also single-ended and centered around the VCOM voltage. The output signal range is typically 2.80Vpp(1Vrms). The DAC input data format is 2's complement. The output voltage is a positive full scale for 7FFFH and a negative full scale for 8000H in the case of CODEC-DAC. The ideal output is VCOM voltage for 0000H. The internal switched-capacitor filter and continuous-time filter almost remove the noise generated by the delta-sigma modulator of DAC beyond the audio passband, especially low sampling rate. In case of CODEC-DAC, the noise floor level is almost constant and the audible noise level is -83dB(typ) at 8kHz sampling. However, Extra-DAC should be operated at $f_s = 16\text{kHz}$.

5. Other information

5.1. Clock change

The clock change should be done after muting the DAC output by the master volume to avoid the click noise by out-of-synchronization.

5.2. Offset on mixer inputs

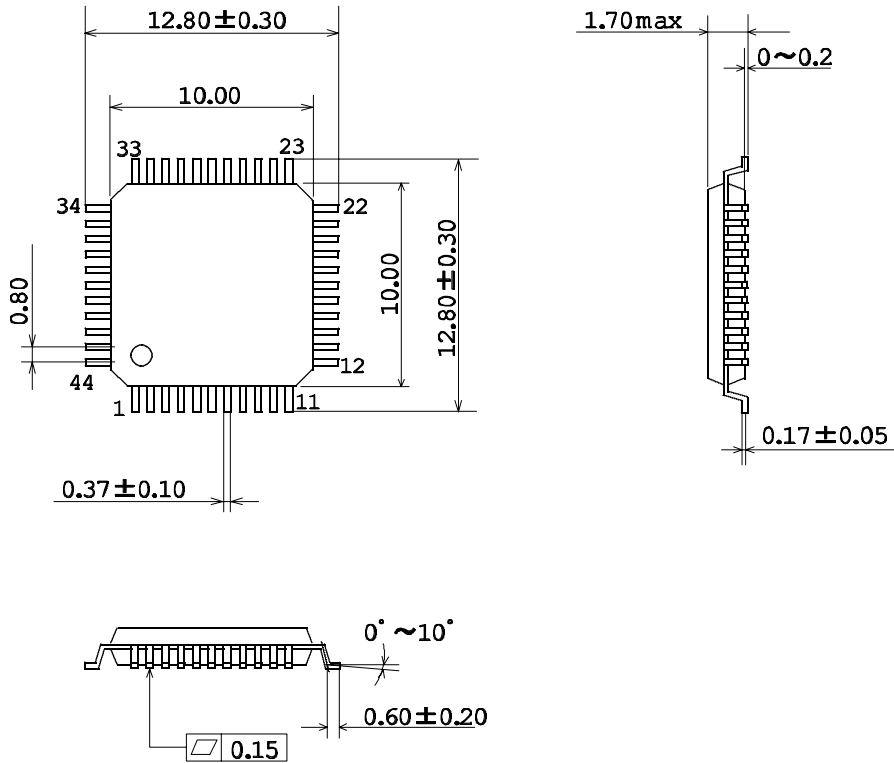
When the mixer gain is set to +12dB, the output has pretty large offset even if the inputs are no signal. Therefore, large click noise may occur when the gain level is changed quickly.

5.3. Click noise on the analog outputs.

The click noise of about -50dB occurs from the analog outputs (LOUT, ROUT, MOUT, AOUT) at the power on/off or the transition of $\overline{\text{PD}}$ register. The analog outputs should be muted externally if the click noise influences system application.

PACKAGE

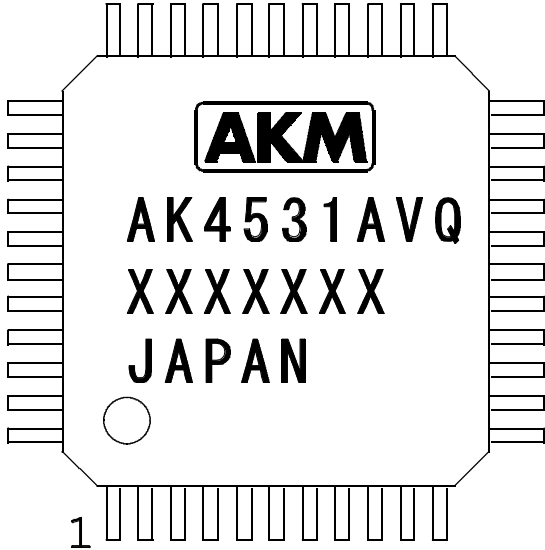
44pin LQFP (Unit: mm)



Package & Lead frame material

Package molding compound :	Epoxy
Lead frame material :	Cu
Lead frame surface treatment:	Solder plate

MARKING



- 1) Pin #1 indication
- 2) Date Code : XXXXXXXX(7 digits)
- 3) Marketing Code : AK4531A-VQ
- 4) Country of Origin
- 5) Asahi Kasei Logo